## SENATE BILL NO. 279

INTRODUCED BY KEATING, GAGE, JACOBSON, NEUMAN, SIMON, FRITZ, BRADLEY, COBB

BY REQUEST OF THE LEGISLATIVE AUDIT COMMITTEE

IN THE SENATE

- FEBRUARY 3, 1987 INTRODUCED AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON STATE ADMINISTRATION.
- FEBRUARY 19, 1987 COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL DO PASS AS AMENDED. REPORT ADOPTED.
- FEBRUARY 20, 1987 PRINTING REPORT.
- FEBRUARY 21, 1987 SECOND READING, DO PASS.
- FEBRUARY 22, 1987 ENGROSSING REPORT.
- FEBRUARY 23, 1987 THIRD READING, PASSED. AYES, 49; NOES, 0.

TRANSMITTED TO HOUSE.

- IN THE HOUSE
- FEBRUARY 24, 1987 INTRODUCED AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON STATE ADMINISTRATION.
- MARCH 11, 1987 COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL BE CONCURRED IN. REPORT ADOPTED.

MARCH 14, 1987 SECOND READING, CONCURRED IN.

ON MOTION, REREFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS.

- MARCH 23, 1987 COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL BE CONCURRED IN. REPORT ADOPTED.
- MARCH 28, 1987 SECOND READING, CONCURRED IN.
- MARCH 30, 1987 THIRD READING, CONCURRED IN. AYES, 98; NOES, 0.

RETURNED TO SENATE.

IN THE SENATE

| MARCH | 31, 1987 | RECEIVED FROM HOUSE.   |
|-------|----------|--|
|       |          | SENT TO ENROLLING.   |
| APRIL | 2, 1987  | SIGNED BY PRESIDENT.   |
|       |          | IN THE HOUSE   |
| APRIL | 2, 1987  | SIGNED BY SPEAKER.   |
|       |          | IN THE SENATE  |
| APRIL | 2, 1987  | DELIVERED TO GOVERNOR.   |
| APRIL | 7, 1987  | RETURNED FROM GOVERNOR WITH<br>RECOMMENDED AMENDMENTS.               |
| APRIL | 9, 1987  | SECOND READING, GOVERNOR'S RECOM-<br>MENDED AMENDMENTS CONCURRED IN. |
| APRIL | 10, 1987 | THIRD READING, GOVERNOR'S RECOM-<br>MENDED AMENDMENTS CONCURRED IN.  |
|       |          | IN THE HOUSE   |
| APRIL | 15, 1987 | SECOND READING, GOVERNOR'S RECOM-<br>MENDED AMENDMENTS CONCURRED IN. |
| APRIL | 16, 1987 | THIRD READING, GOVERNOR'S RECOM-<br>MENDED AMENDMENTS CONCURRED IN.  |
|       |          | RETURNED TO SENATE.  |
|       |          | IN THE SENATE  |
| APRIL | 16, 1987 | RECEIVED FROM HOUSE.   |
|       |          | SENT TO ENROLLING.   |

1 INTRODUCED BY Realing the Jacobson Munan 2 BY REQUEST OF THE LEGISLATIVE AUDIT COMMITTEE 3 Cilla -Bredle 4 5 A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROVIDING FOR SECURITY OF DATA AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES; ESTABLISHING 6 7 THE RESPONSIBILITIES OF STATE AGENCIES, THE BOARD OF 8 REGENTS . THE SUPREME COURT, AND THE DEPARTMENT OF 9 ADMINISTRATION; AND AMENDING SECTION 2-15-102, MCA." 10

WHEREAS, data and information collected and maintained by state government are assets which require protection; and WHEREAS, the increasing use of information technology in state government requires a systematic risk-management approach to minimize increased security threats to data and information technology resources; and

WHEREAS, it is desirable to create a greater awareness
regarding the importance of security of state government
data and information technology resources; and

20 WHEREAS, a recent audit of mainframe computer security
21 indicated a lack of security over data processing equipment
22 and procedures.

23

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
 Section 1. Section 2-15-102, MCA, is amended to read:

25

"2-15-102. Definitions. As used in this chapter, the
 following definitions apply:

3 (1) "Executive branch" means the executive branch of
4 state government referred to in the Montana constitution,
5 Articles III and VI.

6 (2) "Agency" means an office, position, commission,
7 committee, board, department, council, division, bureau,
8 section, or any other entity or instrumentality of the
9 executive branch of state government.

(3) "Unit" means an internal subdivision of an agency,
created by law or by administrative action, including a
division, bureau, section, or department, and an agency
allocated to a department for administrative purposes only
by this chapter.

15 (4) "Data and information technology resources" means
16 data processing mainframe, microcomputer hardware,
17 peripherals, software, service supplies, personnel, facility
18 resources, maintenance, training, or other related
19 resources.
20 (4)(5) "Department" means a principal functional and

administrative entity, created by this chapter within the executive branch of state government; is one of the 20 principal departments permitted under the constitution; and includes its units.

(5)(6) "Department head" means a director, commission,

INTRODUCED BILL 5B 279

#### LC 0872/01

board, commissioner, or constitutional officer in charge of
 a department created by this chapter.

3 (6)(7) "Director" means a department head specifically
4 referred to as a director in this chapter, and does not mean
5 a commission, board, commissioner, or constitutional
6 officer.

7 (7)(8) "Advisory capacity" means furnishing advice,
8 gathering information, making recommendations, and
9 performing such other activities as may be necessary to
10 comply with federal funding requirements and does not mean
11 administering a program or function or setting policy.

12 (8)(9) "Function" means a duty, power, or program,
13 exercised by or assigned to an agency, whether or not
14 specifically provided for by law.

15 (9)(10) "Quasi-judicial function" means an adjudicatory 16 function exercised by an agency, involving the exercise of 17 judgment and discretion in making determinations in controversies. The term includes but is not limited to the 18 functions of interpreting, applying, and enforcing existing 19 rules and laws; granting or denying privileges, rights, or 20 21 benefits; issuing, suspending, or revoking licenses, 22 permits, and certificates; determining rights and interests 23 of adverse parties; evaluating and passing on facts; awarding compensation; fixing prices; ordering action or 24 25 abatement of action; adopting procedural rules; holding

hearings; and any other act necessary to the performance of
 a quasi-judicial function.

3 (10)(11) "Quasi-legislative function" generally means
4 making or having the power to make rules or set rates and
5 all other acts connected with or essential to the proper
6 exercise of a quasi-legislative function."

7 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 2. Responsibilities of 8 departments. Each department head is responsible for 9 assuring an adequate level of security for all data and 10 information technology resources within his department and 11 shall:

12 (1) develop and annually update written internal 13 policies and procedures to assure security of data and 14 information technology resources. The internal policies and 15 procedures are confidential information and exempt from 16 public inspection, except that such information must be 17 available to the legislative auditor in performing his 18 postauditing duties.

(2) designate an information security manager to
administer the department's security program for data and
information technology resources;

(3) conduct and annually update a risk analysis to
 determine security threats to data and information
 technology resources. The risk-analysis information is
 confidential and exempt from public inspection, except that

such information must be available to the legislative
 auditor in performing his postauditing duties.

3 (4) implement appropriate cost-effective safeguards to
4 reduce, eliminate, or recover from the identified risks to
5 data and information technology resources;

6 (5) ensure that annual internal evaluations of the 7 security program for data and information technology 8 resources are conducted. The results of such internal 9 evaluations are confidential and exempt from public 10 inspection, except that such information must be available 11 to the legislative auditor in performing his postauditing 12 duties.

13 (6) include appropriate security requirements, as
14 determined by the department, in the written specifications
15 for the department's solicitation of data and information
16 technology resources;

(7) maintain an information technology plan, including
a general description of the existing security program and
future plans for assuring security of data and information
technology resources; and

(8) certify annually to 21 the department of administration that the security program for data and 22 23 information technology resources conforms with the standards 24 and guidelines developed by the department of 25 administration. A department that is unable to certify its conformance shall give written notice to the department of
 administration, stating the deficiencies and the reasons for
 nonconformance.

4 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 3. Responsibilities of 5 department of administration. The department of 6 administration is responsible for providing centralized 7 management and coordination of state policies for security 8 of data and information technology resources and shall:

9 (1) establish and maintain the minimum security 10 standards, rules, and regulations to implement [section 2], 11 including the physical security of central and backup 12 computer facilities consistent with these standards;

(2) establish guidelines to assist agencies in
identifying electronic data processing personnel occupying
positions of special trust or responsibility or sensitive
locations;

17 (3) establish rules and regulations for the exchange
18 of data between data centers or departments by hardwired or
19 nondedicated telecommunications to ensure that exchanges do
20 not jeopardize data security and confidentiality;

21 (4) coordinate and provide for a training program 22 regarding security of data and information technology 23 resources to serve governmental technical and managerial 24 needs;

25 (5) include appropriate security requirements in the

-5-

LC 0872/01

-6-

#### LC 0872/01

LC 0872/01

specifications for solicitation of state contracts for
 procuring data and information technology resources; and
 (6) upon request, provide technical and managerial

4 assistance relating to the security program.

5 NEW SECTION. Section 4. Responsibilities of board of 6 regents. The board of regents is responsible for assuring an adequate level of security for data and information 7 8 technology resources, as defined in 2-15-102, within the 9 university system. state In carrying out this 10 responsibility, the board of regents shall, at a minimum, address the responsibilities prescribed in [section 2]. 11

12 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 5. Responsibilities of supreme 13 court. The supreme court is responsible for assuring an 14 adequate level of security for data and information 15 technology resources, as defined in 2-15-102, within the 16 judicial branch. In carrying out this responsibility, the 17 supreme court shall, at a minimum:

18 (1) address the responsibilities prescribed in 19 [section 2]; and

20 (2) develop written minimum standards and guidelines
21 for the judicial branch to follow in developing its security
22 program.

23 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 6. Codification instructions.
24 (1) Sections 2 and 3 are intended to be codified as an
25 integral part of Title 2, chapter 15, part 10, and the

provisions of Title 2, chapter 15, part 10, apply to sections 2 and 3.

3 (2) Section 4 is intended to be codified as an
4 integral part of Title 2, chapter 15, part 15, and the
5 provisions of Title 2, chapter 15, part 15, apply to section
6 4.

7 (3) Section 5 is intended to be codified as an
8 integral part of Title 3, chapter 2, part 6, and the
9 provisions of Title 3, chapter 2, part 6, apply to section
10 5.

-End-

## STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

## Form BD-15

In compliance with a written request, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for SB279, as introduced.

## DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

An act providing for security of data and information technology resources; establishing the responsibilities of state agencies, the Board of Regents, the supreme court, and the Department of Administration; and amending section 2-15-102, MCA.

### ASSUMPTIONS:

Section 2. Establishing the responsibilities of departments.

- 1. Department of Natural Resources and Conservation funds remaining in building fund will cover the expenses of installation of a halon fire suppression system in the computer room and installation of a backup city water cooling system for the computer room air conditioner when the heat pump is not functioning.
- 2. There may be software, hardware or other as yet unknown resources needed to implement safeguards necessary to comply with an effective security program. The full extent of the resources needed will not be known until the risk analysis required by the bill has been completed.
- 3. Departments will be relying on Department of Administration for assistance.
- 4. Security recommendations made by the legislative auditor would correspond with those recommended by the Department of Administration.
- Section 3. Establishing the responsibilities of the Department of Administration in setting rules, standards and agency training provisions.
- 1. Accommodation of bill requirements assumed to be completed in FY88, maintenance and revision of guidelines to continue in subsequent years.
- 2. Training program costs of \$12,840 for FY88 and \$5,860 for subsequent years assumes providing two security seminars annually; one addressing managerial security awareness, one emphasizing technical considerations for state agency personnel.
- 3. The costs shown are the additional costs needed to implement this legislation which expands the Department's security responsibilities.

Section 4. Establishing responsibilities of Board of Regents.

- 1. The campuses are currently doing some of the proposed activities outlined in the bill and can absorb internally some of the things they are currently not doing.
- 2. In order to fully address the areas that cannot be absorbed internally, 2 FTE's will have to be added to the University System.

DAVID L. HUNTER, DUDGET DIRECTOR Office of Budget and Program Planning

DATE PRIMARY SPONSOR

Fiscal Note for SB279, as introduced.

Fiscal Note Request, SB279, as introduced.

Form BD-15

Page 2

## Section 5. Establishing responsibilities of supreme court.

1. There is no current staff available to establish and maintain written standards and guidelines. An FTE will need to be added.

NOTE: The information compiled in this fiscal note does not cover every agency. The larger agencies are represented, but some smaller agencies are not, due to the timing allowed for in processing fiscal notes.

| FISCAL IMPACT:                      | FY88      | FY89                                  |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------------|
| Additional Cost:                    |           | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| General Fund                        | \$ 79,461 | \$ 28,206                             |
| Earmarked Special Revenue Fund      | 47,676    | 13,450                                |
| Federal and Private Special Revenue | 235,200   | 84,000                                |
| Capitol Project Fund                | . 0       | 0                                     |
| Proprietary Fund                    | 75,389    | 41,308                                |
| Current Unrestricted                | 45,000    | 45,000                                |
| Long-Range Building                 | 8,500     | 0                                     |
| Pension Trust                       | 2,964     | 700                                   |
| TOTAL                               | \$494,190 | \$212,664                             |

Funding for these costs are not currently in agency budgets.

## LONG-RANGE EFFECTS OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

1. A maintenance of effort will need to be maintained in future years to allow for security in this area, due to changes in the field of data processing.

SB 279

# TECHNICAL OR MECHANICAL DEFECTS IN PROPOSED LEGISLATION OR CONFLICTS WITH EXISTING LEGISLATION: N/A

#### 50th Legislature

#### SB 0279/02

#### SB 0279/02

#### APPROVED BY COMMITTEE ON STATE ADMINISTRATION

| 1 | SENATE BILL NO. 279  |
|---|--|
| 2 | INTRODUCED BY KEATING, GAGE, JACOBSON, NEUMAN,             |
| 3 | SIMON, FRITZ, BRADLEY, COBB                                |
| 4 | BY REQUEST OF THE LEGISLATIVE AUDIT COMMITTEE              |
| 5 |  |
| 6 | A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROVIDING FOR SECURITY |
| 7 | OF DATA AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES; ESTABLISHING |
| 8 | THE RESPONSIBILITIES OF STATE AGENCIES, THE BOARD OF       |
| 0 |  |

10 ADMINISTRATION; AND AMENDING SECTION 2-15-102, MCA."

11

12 WHEREAS, data and information collected and maintained 13 by state government are assets which require protection; and 14 WHEREAS, the increasing use of information technology 15 in state government requires a systematic risk-management 16 approach to minimize increased security threats to data and 17 information technology resources; and

18 WHEREAS, it is desirable to create a greater awareness
19 regarding the importance of security of state government
20 data and information technology resources; and

21 WHEREAS, a recent audit of mainframe computer security 22 indicated a lack of security over data processing equipment 23 and procedures.

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25 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

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Section 1. Section 2-15-102, MCA, is amended to read:
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8 committee, board, department, council, division, bureau,
9 section, or any other entity or instrumentality of the
10 executive branch of state government.

(3) "Unit" means an internal subdivision of an agency,
created by law or by administrative action, including a
division, bureau, section, or department, and an agency
allocated to a department for administrative purposes only
by this chapter.

16 (4) . "Data and information technology resources" means processing mainframe, microcomputer hardware, 17 data 18 peripherals, software, service--supplies SPECIAL FORMS. personnel, facility resources, maintenance, training, 19 ELECTRONICALLY STORED DATA, or other related resources. 20 21 (4)(5) "Department" means a principal functional and 22 administrative entity, created by this chapter within the executive branch of state government; is one of the 20 23

24 principal departments permitted under the constitution; and 25 includes its units.

-2-

SECOND READING

(5)(6) "Department head" means a director, commission,
 board, commissioner, or constitutional officer in charge of
 a department created by this chapter.

4 (6)(7) "Director" means a department head specifically
5 referred to as a director in this chapter, and does not mean
6 a commission, board, commissioner, or constitutional
7 officer.

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15 specifically provided for by law.

16 **+9+(10)** "Quasi-judicial function" means an adjudicate... 17 function exercised by an agency, involving the exercise of 18 judgment and discretion in making determinations in controversies. The term includes but is not limited to the 19 20 functions of interpreting, applying, and enforcing existing rules and laws; granting or denying privileges, rights, or 21 22 benefits; issuing, suspending, or revoking licenses, permits, and certificates; determining rights and interests 23 adverse parties; evaluating and passing on facts; 24 of awarding compensation; fixing prices; ordering action or 25

- 3 -

SB 279

abatement of action; adopting procedural rules; holding
 hearings; and any other act necessary to the performance of
 a quasi-judicial function.

4 (10)(11) "Quasi-legislative function" generally means
5 making or having the power to make rules or set rates and
6 all other acts connected with or essential to the proper
7 exercise of a quasi-legislative function."

8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 2. Responsibilities of 9 departments. Each department head is responsible for 10 assuring an adequate level of security for all data and 11 information technology resources within his department and 12 shall:

(1) develop and annually-update MAINTAIN written internal policies and procedures to assure security of data and information technology resources. The internal policies and procedures are confidential information and exempt from public inspection, except that such information must be available to the legislative auditor in performing his postauditing duties.

(2) designate an information security manager to
administer the department's security program for data and
information technology resources;

(3)--conduct-and-annually-update--a--risk--analysis--to
 determine---security---threats---to---data--and--information
 technology--resources---The--risk-analysis--information---is

-4-

confidential--and-exempt-from-public-inspection;-except-that
 such--information--must--be--available--to--the--legislative
 auditor-in-performing-his-postauditing-duties;

4 (4)(3) implement appropriate cost-effective safeguards
5 to reduce, eliminate, or recover from the-identified-risks
6 IDENTIFIED THREATS to data and information technology
7 resources;

B (5)(4) ensure that-annual internal evaluations of the 9 security program for data and information technology 10 resources are conducted. The results of such internal 11 evaluations are confidential and exempt from public 12 inspection, except that such information must be available 13 to the legislative auditor in performing his postauditing 14 duties.

15 (6)(5) include appropriate security requirements, as determined by the department, in the written specifications for the department's solicitation of data and information technology resources; AND

19 (7)(6) maintain an information technology plan,
 20 including a general description of the existing security
 21 program and future plans for assuring security of data and
 22 information technology resources; and.

23 (8)--certify---annually----to----the---department--of
 24 administration--that--the--security--program--for--data--and
 25 information-technology-resources-conforms-with-the-standards

-5-

SB 279

1 and----guidelines----developed----by---the---department---of 2 administration-A-department-that-is-unable-to--certify--its 3 conformance--shall--give-written-notice-to-the-department-of 4 administration-stating-the-deficiencies-and-the-reasons-for 5 nonconformance-

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19 (3) establish rules--and--regulations STANDARDS AND 20 POLICIES for the exchange of data between data centers or 21 departments by hardwired or nondedicated telecommunications 22 to ensure that exchanges do not jeopardize data security and 23 confidentiality;

24 (4) coordinate and provide for a training program25 regarding security of data and information technology

-6- SB 279

1 resources to serve governmental technical and managerial
2 needs;

3 (5) include appropriate security requirements in the 4 specifications for solicitation of state contracts for 5 procuring data and information technology resources; and

6 (6) upon request, provide technical and managerial
7 assistance relating to the security program.

8 NEW SECTION. Section 4. Responsibilities of board of 9 regents. The board of regents is responsible for assuring an adequate level of security for data and information 10 technology resources, as defined in 2-15-102, within the 11 university system. In carrying out this 12 state 13 responsibility, the board of regents shall, at a minimum, address the responsibilities prescribed in [section 2]. 14

15 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 5. Responsibilities of supreme 16 court. The supreme court is responsible for assuring an 17 adequate level of security for data and information 18 technology resources, as defined in 2-15-102, within the 19 judicial branch. In carrying out this responsibility, the 20 supreme court shall, at a minimum:

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22 [section 2]; and

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24 for the judicial branch to follow in developing its security
25 program.

SB 0279/02

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 (1) Sections 2 and 3 are intended to be codified as an
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6 (2) Section 4 is intended to be codified as an 7 integral part of Title 2, chapter 15, part 15, and the 8 provisions of Title 2, chapter 15, part 15, apply to section 9 4.

10 (3) Section 5 is intended to be codified as an 11 integral part of Title 3, chapter 2, part 6, and the 12 provisions of Title 3, chapter 2, part 6, apply to section 13 5.

-End-

-7-

-8-

#### 50th Legislature

#### SB 0279/02

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- 2 -

SB 279

SB 0279/02

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-3-

SB 279

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-4-

SB 0279/02

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 information-technology-resources-conforms-with-the-standards

1 and----guidelines----developed----by---the---department---of 2 administration--A-department-that-is-unable-to--certify--its 3 conformance--shall--give-written-notice-to-the-department-of 4 administration-stating-the-deficiencies-and-the-reasons-for 5 nonconformance-

6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 3. Responsibilities of 7 department of administration. The department of 8 administration is responsible for providing centralized 9 management and coordination of state policies for security 10 of data and information technology resources and shall:

11 (1) establish and maintain the minimum security standards7--rules7-and-regulations AND POLICIES to implement 12 [section 2], including the physical security of central and 13 14 backup computer facilities consistent with these standards; 15 (2) establish quidelines to assist agencies in 16 identifying electronic data processing personnel occupying positions of special trust or responsibility or sensitive 17 locations; 18

(3) establish rules--and--regulations <u>STANDARDS AND</u>
<u>POLICIES</u> for the exchange of data between data centers or
departments by hardwired or nondedicated telecommunications
to ensure that exchanges do not jeopardize data security and
confidentiality;

24 (4) coordinate and provide for a training program25 regarding security of data and information technology

-5-

SB 279

-6-

SB 279

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resources to serve governmental technical and managerial
 needs;

3 (5) include appropriate security requirements in the
4 specifications for solicitation of state contracts for
5 procuring data and information technology resources; and

6 (6) upon request, provide technical and managerial
7 assistance relating to the security program.

NEW SECTION. Section 4. Responsibilities of board of 8 regents. The board of regents is responsible for assuring an 9 10 adequate level of security for data and information technology resources, as defined in 2-15-102, within the 11 12 state university system. In carrying out this 13 responsibility, the board of regents shall, at a minimum, 14 address the responsibilities prescribed in [section 2].

NEW SECTION. Section 5. Responsibilities of supreme court. The supreme court is responsible for assuring an adequate level of security for data and information technology resources, as defined in 2-15-102, within the judicial branch. In carrying out this responsibility, the supreme court shall, at a minimum:

21 (1) address the responsibilities prescribed in 22 [section 2]; and

23 (2) develop written minimum standards and guidelines
24 for the judicial branch to follow in developing its security
25 program.

-7-

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 6. Codification instructions. (1) Sections 2 and 3 are intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 2, chapter 15, part 10, and the provisions of Title 2, chapter 15, part 10, apply to sections 2 and 3.

6 (2) Section 4 is intended to be codified as an 7 integral part of Title 2, chapter 15, part 15, and the 8 provisions of Title 2, chapter 15, part 15, apply to section 9 4.

10 (3) Section 5 is intended to be codified as an 11 integral part of Title 3, chapter 2, part 6, and the 12 provisions of Title 3, chapter 2, part 6, apply to section 13 5.

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and procedures.

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| 1  | SENATE BILL NO. 279  |
|----|--|
| 2  | INTRODUCED BY KEATING, GAGE, JACOBSON, NEUMAN,               |
| 3  | SIMON, FRITZ, BRADLEY, COBB                                  |
| 4  | BY REQUEST OF THE LEGISLATIVE AUDIT COMMITTEE                |
| 5  |  |
| 6  | A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROVIDING FOR SECURITY   |
| 7  | OF DATA AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES; ESTABLISHING   |
| 8  | THE RESPONSIBILITIES OF STATE AGENCIES, THE BOARD OF         |
| 9  | REGENTS, THE SUPREME COURT, AND THE DEPARTMENT OF            |
| 10 | ADMINISTRATION; AND AMENDING SECTION 2-15-102, MCA."         |
| 11 |  |
| 12 | WHEREAS, data and information collected and maintained       |
| 13 | by state government are assets which require protection; and |
| 14 | WHEREAS, the increasing use of information technology        |
| 15 | in state government requires a systematic risk-management    |
| 16 | approach to minimize increased security threats to data and  |
| 17 | information technology resources; and                        |
| 18 | WHEREAS, it is desirable to create a greater awareness       |
| 19 | regarding the importance of security of state government     |
| 20 | data and information technology resources; and               |
| 21 | WHEREAS, a recent audit of mainframe computer security       |
| 22 | indicated a lack of security over data processing equipment  |

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 2-15-102, MCA, is amended to read:
 "2-15-102. Definitions. As used in this chapter, the
 following definitions apply:

4 (1) "Executive branch" means the executive branch of 5 state government referred to in the Montana constitution, 6 Articles III and VI.

7 (2) "Agency" means an office, position, commission
8 committee, board, department, council, division, bureau,
9 section, or any other entity or instrumentality of the
10 executive branch of state government.

(3) "Unit" means an internal subdivision of an agency,
created by law or by administrative action, including a
division, bureau, section, or department, and an agency
allocated to a department for administrative purposes only
by this chapter.

16 (4) • "Data and information technology resources" means
17 data processing mainframe, microcomputer hardware,
18 peripherals, software, service--supplies SPECIAL PORMS,
19 personnel, facility resources, maintenance, training,
20 ELECTRONICALLY STORED DATA, or other related resources.
21 (4)(5) "Department" means a principal functional and

administrative entity, created by this chapter within the executive branch of state government; is one of the 20 principal departments permitted under the constitution; and includes its units.

-2-

ana Legislative Council

REFERENCE BILL

t5t(6) "Department head" means a director, commission,
 board, commissioner, or constitutional officer in charge of
 a department created by this chapter.

4 t6?(7) "Director" means a department head specifically
5 referred to as a director in this chapter, and does not mean
6 a commission, board, commissioner, or constitutional
7 officer.

677(8) "Advisory capacity" means furnishing advice,
 gathering information, making recommendations, and
 performing such other activities as may be necessary to
 comply with federal funding requirements and does not mean
 administering a program or function or setting policy.

13 t0)(9) "Function" means a duty, power, or program,
14 exercised by or assigned to an agency, whether or not
15 specifically provided for by law.

16 f97(10) "Quasi-judicial function" means an adjudicator, 17 function exercised by an agency, involving the exercise of 18 judgment and discretion in making determinations in 19 controversies. The term includes but is not limited to the functions of interpreting, applying, and enforcing existing 20 rules and laws; granting or denying privileges, rights, or 21 22 benefits; issuing, suspending, or revoking licenses, permits, and certificates; determining rights and interests 23 24 adverse parties; evaluating and passing on facts; of 25 awarding compensation; fixing prices; ordering action or abatement of action; adopting procedural rules; holding
 hearings; and any other act necessary to the performance of
 a quasi-judicial function.

4 (10)(11) "Quasi-legislative function" generally means
5 making or having the power to make rules or set rates and
6 all other acts connected with or essential to the proper
7 exercise of a quasi-legislative function."

8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 2. Responsibilities of 9 departments. Each department head is responsible for 10 assuring an adequate level of security for all data and 11 information technology resources within his department and 12 shall:

13 (1) develop and annually--update MAINTAIN written 14 internal policies and procedures to assure security of data 15 and information technology resources. The internal policies 16 and procedures are confidential information and exempt from 17 public inspection, except that such information must be 18 available to the legislative auditor in performing his 19 postauditing duties.

(2) designate an information security manager to
 administer the department's security program for data and
 information technology resources;

23 †37--conduct-mnd-annually-update--m--risk--analysis--to
24 determine---security---threats---to---data--mnd--information
25 technology--resources---The--risk-analysis--information---is

-4-

-3-

SB 279

confidential--and-exempt-from-public-inspection;-except-that
 such--information--must--be--available--to--the--legislative
 auditor-in-performing-his-postauditing-duties;

4 (4)(3) implement appropriate cost-effective safeguards
5 to reduce, eliminate, or recover from the-identified-risks
6 IDENTIFIED THREATS to data and information technology
7 resources;

8 (5)(4) ensure that-annual internal evaluations of the 9 security program for data and information technology 10 resources are conducted. The results of such internal 11 evaluations are confidential and exempt from public 12 inspection, except that such information must be available 13 to the legislative auditor in performing his postauditing 14 duties.

15 (6)(5) include appropriate security requirements, as
16 determined by the department, in the written specifications
17 for the department's solicitation of data and information
18 technology resources; AND

19 (7)(6) maintain an information technology plan,
 20 including a general description of the existing security
 21 program and future plans for assuring security of data and
 22 information technology resources;-and.

23 (0)--certify---annually----to----the---department--of
 administration--that--the--security--program--for--data--and
 information-technology-resources-conforms-with-the-standards

-5-

SB 279

1 and----guidelines----developed----by---the---department---of 2 administration-A-department-that-is-unable-to--certify--its 3 conformance--shall--give-written-notice-to-the-department-of 4 administration-stating-the-deficiencies-and-the-reasons-for 5 nonconformance-

6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 3. Responsibilities of 7 department of administration. The department of 8 administration is responsible for providing centralized 9 management and coordination of state policies for security 10 of data and information technology resources and shall:

(1) establish and maintain the minimum security 11 standards,--rules, and regulations AND POLICIES to implement 12 [section 2], including the physical security of central and 13 backup computer facilities consistent with these standards: 14 (2) establish guidelines to assist agencies in 15 16 identifying electronic data processing personnel occupying positions of special trust or responsibility or sensitive 17 18 locations:

(3) establish rules-and-regulations <u>STANDARDS AND</u>
<u>POLICIES</u> for the exchange of data between data centers or
departments by hardwired or nondedicated telecommunications
to ensure that exchanges do not jeopardize data security and
confidentiality;

24 (4) coordinate and provide for a training program
 25 regarding security of data and information technology

-6-

SB 279

SB 0279/02

1 resources to serve governmental technical and managerial 2 needs;

3 (5) include appropriate security requirements in the
4 specifications for solicitation of state contracts for
5 procuring data and information technology resources; and

6 (6) upon request, provide technical and managerial
7 assistance relating to the security program.

8 NEW SECTION. Section 4. Responsibilities of board of 9 regents. The board of regents is responsible for assuring an adequate level of security for data and information 10 11 technology resources, as defined in 2-15-102, within the 12 state university system. In carrying out this 13 responsibility, the board of regents shall, at a minimum, 14 address the responsibilities prescribed in [section 2].

15 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 5. Responsibilities of supreme 16 court. The supreme court is responsible for assuring an 17 adequate level of security for data and information 18 technology resources, as defined in 2-15-102, within the 19 judicial branch. In carrying out this responsibility, the 20 supreme court shall, at a minimum:

21 (1) address the responsibilities prescribed in
22 [section 2]; and

23 (2) develop written minimum standards and guidelines
24 for the judicial branch to follow in developing its security
25 program.

-7-

NEW SECTION.Section 6. Codificationinstructions.(1) Sections 2 and 3 are intended to be codified as anintegral part of Title 2, chapter 15, part 10, and theprovisions of Title 2, chapter 15, part 10, apply tosections 2 and 3.

6 (2) Section 4 is intended to be codified as an 7 integral part of Title 2, chapter 15, part 15, and the 8 provisions of Title 2, chapter 15, part 15, apply to section 9 4.

10 (3) Section 5 is intended to be codified as an
11 integral part of Title 3, chapter 2, part 6, and the
12 provisions of Title 3, chapter 2, part 6, apply to section
13 5.

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-8-

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| 1  | SENATE BILL NO. 279  | 1  | Section 1. Section 2-15-102, MCA, is amended to read:           |
|----|--|----|---|
| 2  | INTRODUCED BY KEATING, GAGE, JACOBSON, NEUMAN,               | 2  | "2-15-102. Definitions. As used in this chapter, the            |
| 3  | SIMON, FRITZ, BRADLEY, COBB                                  | 3  | following definitions apply:                                    |
| 4  | BY REQUEST OF THE LEGISLATIVE AUDIT COMMITTEE                | 4  | (1) "Executive branch" means the executive branch of            |
| 5  |  | 5  | state government referred to in the Montana constitution,       |
| 6  | A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROVIDING FOR SECURITY   | 6  | Articles III and VI.  |
| 7  | OF DATA AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES; ESTABLISHING   | 7  | (2) "Agency" means an office, position, commission,             |
| 8  | THE RESPONSIBILITIES OF STATE AGENCIES, THE BOARD OF         | 8  | committee, board, department, council, division, bureau,        |
| 9  | REGENTS, THE SUPREME COURT, AND THE DEPARTMENT OF            | 9  | section, or any other entity or instrumentality of the          |
| 10 | ADMINISTRATION; AND AMENDING SECTION 2-15-102, MCA."         | 10 | executive branch of state government.                           |
| 11 |  | 11 | (3) "Unit" means an internal subdivision of an agency,          |
| 12 | WHEREAS, data and information collected and maintained       | 12 | created by law or by administrative action, including a         |
| 13 | by state government are assets which require protection; and | 13 | division, bureau, section, or department, and an agency         |
| 14 | WHEREAS, the increasing use of information technology        | 14 | allocated to a department for administrative purposes only      |
| 15 | in state government requires a systematic risk-management    | 15 | by this chapter.  |
| 16 | approach to minimize increased security threats to data and  | 16 | (4) "Data and information technology resources" means           |
| 17 | information technology resources; and                        | 17 | data processing mainframe, microcomputer hardware,              |
| 18 | WHEREAS, it is desirable to create a greater awareness       | 18 | peripherals, software, servicesupplies SPECIAL FORMS,           |
| 19 | regarding the importance of security of state government     | 19 | personnel, facility resources, maintenance, training,           |
| 20 | data and information technology resources; and               | 20 | ELECTRONICALLY STORED DATA, or other related resources.         |
| 21 | WHEREAS, a recent audit of mainframe computer security       | 21 | <pre>(4)(5) "Department" means a principal functional and</pre> |
| 22 | indicated a lack of security over data processing equipment  | 22 | administrative entity, created by this chapter within the       |
| 23 | and procedures.  | 23 | executive branch of state government; is one of the 20          |
| 24 |  | 24 | principal departments permitted under the constitution; and     |
| 25 | BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:    | 25 | includes its units.   |
|    |  |    |   |

Montana Legislative Council

-2-SB 279 REFERENCE BILL: INCLUDES GOVERNOR'S AMENDMENTS DATED 4-5-57

(5)(6) "Department head" means a director, commission,
 board, commissioner, or constitutional officer in charge of
 a department created by this chapter.

4 (6)(7) "Director" means a department head specifically
5 referred to as a director in this chapter, and does not mean
6 a commission, board, commissioner, or constitutional
7 officer.

8 (7)(8) "Advisory capacity" means furnishing advice, 9 gathering information, making recommendations, and 10 performing such other activities as may be necessary to 11 comply with federal funding requirements and does not mean 12 administering a program or function or setting policy.

13 (8)(9) "Function" means a duty, power, or program,
14 exercised by or assigned to an agency, whether or not
15 specifically provided for by law.

(9)(10) "Quasi-judicial function" means an adjudicatory 16 17 function exercised by an agency, involving the exercise of 18 judgment and discretion in making determinations in controversies. The term includes but is not limited to the 19 20 functions of interpreting, applying, and enforcing existing rules and laws; granting or denying privileges, rights, or 21 benefits; issuing, suspending, or revoking licenses, 22 permits, and certificates; determining rights and interests 23 of adverse parties; evaluating and passing on facts; 24 awarding compensation; fixing prices; ordering action or 25

-3-

SB 279

abatement of action; adopting procedural rules; holding
 hearings; and any other act necessary to the performance of
 a guasi-judicial function.

4 (10)(11) "Quasi-legislative function" generally means
5 making or having the power to make rules or set rates and
6 all other acts connected with or essential to the proper
7 exercise of a quasi-legislative function."

8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 2. Responsibilities of 9 departments. Each department head is responsible for 10 assuring an adequate level of security for all data and 11 information technology resources within his department and 12 shall:

13 (1) develop and annually-update <u>MAINTAIN</u> written 14 internal policies and procedures to assure security of data 15 and information technology resources. The internal policies 16 and procedures are confidential information and exempt from 17 public inspection, except that such information must be 18 available to the legislative auditor in performing his 19 postauditing duties.

(2) designate an information security manager to
 administer the department's security program for data and
 information technology resources;

23 (3)--conduct-and-annually-update--a--risk--analysis--to
 24 determine---security---threats---to---data--and--information
 25 technology--resources---The--risk-analysis--information---is

-4-

1 confidential--and-exempt-from-public-inspection7-except-that
2 such--information--must--be--available--to--the--legislative
3 auditor-in-performing-his-postauditing-duties;

4 (4)(3) implement appropriate cost-effective safeguards
5 to reduce, eliminate, or recover from the-identified-risks
6 <u>IDENTIFIED THREATS</u> to data and information technology
7 resources;

8 (57(4) ensure that-annual internal evaluations of the 9 security program for data and information technology 10 resources are conducted. The results of such internal 11 evaluations are confidential and exempt from public 12 inspection, except that such information must be available 13 to the legislative auditor in performing his postauditing 14 duties.

15 (6)(5) include appropriate security requirements, as 16 determined by the department, in the written specifications 17 for the department's solicitation of data and information 18 technology resources; AND

19 (7)(6) maintain an information technology plan,
 20 including a general description of the existing security
 21 program and future plans for assuring security of data and
 22 information technology resources;-and.

23 (0)--certify---annually----to----the---department--of
 administration--that--the--security--program--for--data--and
 information-technology-resources-conforms-with-the-standards

and----guidelines----developed----by---the---department---of
 administration-A-department-that-is-unable-to--certify--its
 conformance--shall--give-written-notice-to-the-department-of
 administration-stating-the-deficiencies-and-the-reasons-for
 nonconformance-

6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 3. Responsibilities of
7 department of administration. The department of
8 administration is responsible for providing centralized
9 management and coordination of state policies for security
10 of data and information technology resources and shall:

11 (1) establish and maintain the minimum security 12 standards7-rules7-and-regulations AND POLICIES to implement 13 [section 2], including the physical security of central and 14 backup computer facilities consistent with these standards; 15 (2) establish guidelines to assist agencies in 16 identifying electronic data processing personnel occupying positions of special trust or responsibility or sensitive 17 locations: 18

(3) establish rules--and--regulations <u>STANDARDS AND</u>
<u>POLICIES</u> for the exchange of data between data centers or
departments by hardwired or nondedicated telecommunications
to ensure that exchanges do not jeopardize data security and
confidentiality;

24 (4) coordinate and provide for a training program25 regarding security of data and information technology

-5-

SB 279

SB 0279/03

-6-

SB 279

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1 resources to serve governmental technical and managerial 2 needs;

3 (5) include appropriate security requirements in the
4 specifications for solicitation of state contracts for
5 procuring data and information technology resources; and
6 (6) upon request, provide technical and managerial

7 assistance relating to the security program.

8 NEW SECTION. Section 4. Responsibilities of board of regents. The board of regents is responsible for assuring an 9 adequate level of security for data and information 10 technology resources, as defined in 2-15-102, within the 11 university system. In carrying out this 12 state responsibility, the board of regents shall, at a minimum, 13 address the responsibilities prescribed in [section 2]. 14

NEW SECTION. Section 5. Responsibilities of supreme court. The supreme court is responsible for assuring an adequate level of security for data and information technology resources, as defined in 2-15-102, within the judicial branch. In carrying out this responsibility, the supreme court shall, at a minimum:

21 (1) address the responsibilities prescribed in 22 [section 2]; and

(2) develop written minimum standards and guidelines
for the judicial branch to follow in developing its security
program.

-7-

NEW SECTION. Section 6. Codification instructions. (1) SECTION 2 IS INTENDED TO BE CODIFIED AS AN INTEGRAL PART OF TITLE 2, CHAPTER 15, PART 1, AND THE PROVISIONS OF TITLE 2, CHAPTER 15, PART 1, APPLY TO SECTION 2. (11)(2) Sections-2-and SECTION 3 are IS intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 2, chapter 15 17, part

7  $\pm \theta$  5, and the provisions of Title 2, chapter  $\pm 5$  17, part  $\pm \theta$ 8 5, apply to sections-2-and SECTION 3.

9 (2)(3) Section 4 is intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 2, chapter 15, part 15, and the provisions of Title 2, chapter 15, part 15, apply to section 4.

13 (3)(4) Section 5 is intended to be codified as an
14 integral part of Title 3, chapter 2, part 6, and the
15 provisions of Title 3, chapter 2, part 6, apply to section
16 5.

-End-

SB 0279/03

-8-