#### SENATE BILL NO. 111

#### INTRODUCED BY HALLIGAN, HARP, WALLIN, M. WILLIAMS, JACOBSON, ECK, GOULD, GILBERT, BULGER, SANDS, REGAN, SCHYE, HAGER

IN THE SENATE

- JANUARY 15, 1987 INTRODUCED AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC HEALTH, WELFARE & SAFETY.
- FEBRUARY 10, 1987 COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL DO PASS AS AMENDED. REPORT ADOPTED.
- FEBRUARY 11, 1987 PRINTING REPORT.
- FEBRUARY 13, 1987 SECOND READING, DO PASS AS AMENDED.

STATEMENT OF INTENT ADOPTED.

FEBRUARY 14, 1987 ENGROSSING REPORT.

#### FEBRUARY 16, 1987 THIRD READING, PASSED. AYES, 30; NOES, 20.

TRANSMITTED TO HOUSE.

IN THE HOUSE

- FEBRUARY 18, 1987 INTRODUCED AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON HUMAN SERVICES & AGING.
- MARCH 21, 1987 COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL BE CONCURRED IN. REPORT ADOPTED.
- MARCH 27, 1987 SECOND READING, CONCURRED IN AS AMENDED.
- MARCH 30, 1987 THIRD READING, CONCURRED IN. AYES, 56; NOES, 42.

RETURNED TO SENATE WITH AMENDMENTS.

## IN THE SENATE

APRIL 2, 1987

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RECEIVED FROM HOUSE.

SECOND READING, AMENDMENTS CONCURRED IN.

APRIL 3, 1987

THIRD READING, AMENDMENTS CONCURRED IN.

SENT TO ENROLLING.

LC 0516/01

8

Ta BILL NO. 111 1 INTRODUCED BY 2 int 3 "AN ACT REQUIRING USE OF A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: 4 SEATBELTS BY OCCUPANTS OF A MOTOR VEHICLE; PROVIDING A 1 1/07 5 6 PENALTY; PROVIDING FOR CONTINUING EDUCATION CONCERNING THE 7 BENEFITS OF WEARING SEATBELTS; AND PROVIDING FOR THE ADMISSIBILITY OF EVIDENCE IN CIVIL LITIGATION." 8

9

10 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Short title. [Sections 1 through 6] may be cited as the "Montana Seatbelt Use Act".

Section 2. Definitions. As used in [sections 1through 6], the following definitions apply:

15 (1) "Department" means the department of justice.

16 (2) "Highway" means the entire width between the
17 boundary lines of each publicly maintained way when any part
18 thereof is open to public use for vehicular travel.

(3) "Motor vehicle" means a vehicle propelled by its
own power and designed primarily to transport persons or
property upon the highways of the state.

(4) "Occupants" means the driver and passengers in amotor vehicle.

24 (5) "Seatbelt" means a system using a lap belt, a
25 shoulder belt, or other belt or combination of belts

ontana Legislative Counci

installed in a motor vehicle to restrain occupants, which
 system conforms to federal motor vehicle safety standards.
 Section 3. Seatbelt use required -- exceptions.
 (1) No driver may operate a motor vehicle upon a highway of
 the state of Montana unless each occupant of a designated
 seating position is wearing a properly adjusted and fastened
 seatbelt.

(2) The provisions of this section do not apply to:

9 (a) an occupant of a motor vehicle who possesses a 10 written statement from a licensed physician that he is 11 unable to wear a seatbelt for medical reasons;

12 (b) an occupant of a motor vehicle in which all
13 seatbelts are being used by other occupants;

14 (c) an operator of a motorcycle as defined in 61-1-105

15 or a motor-driven cycle as defined in 61-1-106;

16 (d) an occupant of a vehicle licensed as special 17 mobile equipment as defined in 61-1-104;

18 (e) children subject to the provisions of 61-9-420; or

(f) an occupant who makes frequent stops with a motor
vehicle in his official job duties and who may be exempted
by the department.

22 (3) The department may adopt rules to implement 23 (2)(f).

24 Section 4. Penalty. A driver who violates [section 3]
25 is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of \$25. A

## -2- INTRODUCED BILL SB ///

#### LC 0516/01

conviction for a violation of [section 3] may not be counted
 as a moving violation for purposes of suspending a driver's
 license under 61-11-203(2)(1).

4 Section 5. Education program. The highway traffic 5 safety division of the department shall continue its program 6 for public information and education concerning the benefits 7 of wearing seatbelts and include within such program the 8 requirements of (section 3) and the penalty specified in 9 [section 4].

Section 6. Evidence admissible without presumption of 10 negligence. Evidence of compliance or failure to comply with 11 12 [sections 1 through 6] is admissible in any civil action for 13 personal injury or property damage resulting from the use or operation of a motor vehicle, but failure to comply with 14 [sections 1 through 6] does not alone constitute negligence. 15 16 Section 7. Codification instruction. Sections 1 through 6 are intended to be codified as an integral chapter 17 18 of Title 61.

19 Section 8. Severability. If a part of this act is 20 invalid, all valid parts that are severable from the invalid 21 part remain in effect. If a part of this act is invalid in 22 one or more of its applications, the part remains in effect 23 in all valid applications that are severable from the 24 invalid applications.

-End-

-3-

### STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

#### Form BD-15

In compliance with a written request, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for SB111, as introduced.

#### DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

A bill requiring the use of seatbelts by occupants of a motor vehicle; providing a penalty; providing for continuing education concerning the benefit of wearing seatbelts; and providing for the admissability of evidence in civil litigation.

### ASSUMPTIONS:

- 1. Safety belts are 50% effective in reducing deaths and injuries.
- 2. Deaths due to automotive accidents will decrease by 44 at a usage rate of 50%.
- 3. Injuries due to automotive accidents will decrease by 700 at a 50% seat belt usage level.
- 4. The annual number of citations issued will be 3,348.
- 5. Existing law enforcement personnel state and local will be used.

#### FISCAL IMPACT:

Revenues:	FY88	FY89
State General	\$14,843	\$22,264
Driver Education Fund	6,510	9,765
Crime Victims Fund	4,687	7,031
County Funds	17,366	26,040
City Funds	12,394	18,600
Total	\$55,800	\$83,700

#### LONG-RANGE EFFECTS OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

The long-range effects of SB111 will depend upon the safety belt usage rates attained within the motoring public but would be expected to be quite significant.

DAVID L. HUNTER, BUDGET DIRECTOR Office of Budget and Program Planning

DATE 2 - 4-HALLIGAN. PRIMARY SPONSOR

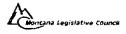
Fiscal Note for SB111, as introduced.

#### SB 0111/02

APPROVED BY COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC HEALTH, WELFARE & SAFETY

1	SENATE BILL NO. 111	1
2	INTRODUCED BY HALLIGAN, HARP, WALLIN, M. WILLIAMS,	2
3	JACOBSON, ECK, GOULD, GILBERT, BULGER, SANDS,	3
4	REGAN, SCHYE, HAGER	4
5		5
6	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REQUIRING USE OF	6
7	SEATBELTS BY OCCUPANTS OF A MOTOR VEHICLE; PROVIDING A	7
8	PENALTY EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 1988; PROVIDING FOR CONTINUING	8
9	EDUCATION CONCERNING THE BENEFITS OF WEARING SEATBELTS; AND	9
10	PROVIDING FOR THE ADMISSIBILITY OF EVIDENCE IN CIVIL	10
11	LITIGATION."	11
12		12
13	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:	13
14	Section 1. Short title. [Sections 1 through 6] may be	14
15	cited as the "Montana Seatbelt Use Act".	15
16	Section 2. Definitions. As used in [sections 1	16
17	through 6], the following definitions apply:	17
18	(1) "Department" means the department of justice.	18
19	(2) "Highway" means the entire width between the	19
20	boundary lines of each publicly maintained way when any part	20
21	thereof is open to public use for vehicular travel.	21
22	(3) "Motor vehicle" means a vehicle propelled by its	22
23	own power and designed primarily to transport persons or	23
24	property upon the highways of the state.	24

25 (4) "Occupants" means the driver and passengers in a



motor vehicle.
(5) "Seatbelt" means a system using a lap belt, a
shoulder belt, or other belt or combination of belts
installed in a motor vehicle to restrain occupants, which
system conforms to federal motor vehicle safety standards.
Section 3. Seatbelt use required -- exceptions.
(1) No driver may operate a motor vehicle upon a highway of
the state of Montana unless each occupant of a designated
seating position is wearing a properly adjusted and fastened
seatbelt.
(2) The provisions of this section do not apply to:

12 (a) an occupant of a motor vehicle who possesses a
13 written statement from a licensed physician that he is
14 unable to wear a seatbelt for medical reasons;

(b) an occupant of a motor vehicle in which allseatbelts are being used by other occupants;

17 (c) an operator of a motorcycle as defined in 61-1-105

18 or a motor-driven cycle as defined in 61-1-106;

19 (d) an occupant of a vehicle licensed as special
20 mobile equipment as defined in 61-1-104;

(e) children subject to the provisions of 61-9-420; or

(f) an occupant who makes frequent stops with a motor
vehicle in his official job duties and who may be exempted
by the department.

25 (3) The department may adopt rules to implement

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SB 111

SECOND READING

#### SB 0111/02

1 (2)(f).

2 (4) THE DEPARTMENT OR ITS AGENT MAY NOT REQUIRE A 3 DRIVER WHO MAY BE IN VIOLATION OF [SECTION 3] TO STOP EXCEPT 4 UPON REASONABLE CAUSE TO BELIEVE THAT HE HAS VIOLATED 5 ANOTHER TRAFFIC REGULATION OR THAT HIS VEHICLE IS UNSAFE OR 6 NOT EQUIPPED AS REQUIRED BY LAW.

7 Section 4. Penalty. A driver who violates [section 3]
8 is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of \$25 \$20.
9 A conviction for a violation of [section 3] may not be
10 counted as a moving violation for purposes of suspending a
11 driver's license under 61-11-203(2)(1).

12 Section 5. Education program. The highway traffic 13 safety division of the department shall continue its program 14 for public information and education concerning the benefits 15 of wearing seatbelts and include within such program the 16 requirements of [section 3] and the penalty specified in 17 [section 4].

18 Section 6. Evidence <u>NOT</u> admissible without-presumption 19 of--negligence. Evidence of compliance or failure to comply 20 with [sections-1-through-6 <u>SECTION 3</u>] is <u>NOT</u> admissible in 21 any civil action for personal injury or property damage 22 resulting from the use or operation of a motor vehicle, but 23 <u>AND</u> failure to comply with [sections-1-through-6 <u>SECTION 3</u>] 24 does not alone constitute negligence.

25 Section 7. Codification instruction. Sections 1

-3-

SB 111

through 6 are intended to be codified as an integral chapter
 of Title 61.

3 Section 8. Severability. If a part of this act is 4 invalid, all valid parts that are severable from the invalid 5 part remain in effect. If a part of this act is invalid in 6 one or more of its applications, the part remains in effect 7 in all valid applications that are severable from the 8 invalid applications. 9 SECTION 9. EFFECTIVE DATE SECTION 4 IS EFFECTIVE.

9 <u>SECTION 9. EFFECTIVE DATE. SECTION 4 IS EFFECTIVE</u>
 10 JANUARY 1, 1988.

-End-

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SB 0111/si

#### STATEMENT OF INTENT SENATE BILL 111

4 A statement of intent is required for this bill because 5 section 3(3) grants to the department of justice general 6 rulemaking authority to analyze and exempt from wearing 7 seatbelts those occupants who make frequent stops with a 8 motor vehicle in their official job duties.

Montana Legislative Council

THIRD READING

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		,	
1	SENATE BILL NO. 111	1	motor vehicle.
2	INTRODUCED BY HALLIGAN, HARP, WALLIN, M. WILLIAMS,	2	(5) "Seatbelt" means a system using a lap belt, a
3	JACOBSON, ECK, GOULD, GILBERT, BULGER, SANDS,	3	shoulder belt, or other belt or combination of belts
4	REGAN, SCHYE, HAGER	4	installed in a motor vehicle to restrain occupants, which
5		5	system conforms to federal motor vehicle safety standards.
6	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REQUIRING USE OF	6	Section 3. Seatbelt use required exceptions.
7	SEATBELTS BY OCCUPANTS OF A MOTOR VEHICLE; PROVIDING A	7	(1) No driver may operate a motor vehicle upon a highway of
8	PENALTY EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 1988; PROVIDING FOR CONTINUING	8	the state of Montana unless each occupant of a designated
9	EDUCATION CONCERNING THE BENEFITS OF WEARING SEATBELTS; AND	9	seating position is wearing a properly adjusted and fastened
10	PROVIDING POR-THE-ADMISSIBILITYOF THAT EVIDENCE IS NOT	10	seatbelt.
11	ADMISSIBLE IN CIVIL LITIGATION."	11	(2) The provisions of this section do not apply to:
12		12	(a) an occupant of a motor vehicle who possesses a
13	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:	13	written statement from a licensed physician that he is
14	Section 1. Short title. [Sections 1 through 6] may be	14	unable to wear a seatbelt for medical reasons;
15	cited as the "Montana Seatbelt Use Act".	15	(b) an occupant of a motor vehicle in which all
16	Section 2. Definitions. As used in [sections 1	16	seatbelts are being used by other occupants;
17	through 6], the following definitions apply:	17	(c) an operator of a motorcycle as defined in 61-1-105
18	(1) "Department" means the department of justice,	18	or a motor-driven cycle as defined in 61-1-106;
19	(2) "Highway" means the entire Width between the	19	(d) an occupant of a vehicle licensed as special
20	boundary lines of each publicly maintained way when any part	20	mobile equipment as defined in 61-1-104;
21	thereof is open to public use for vehicular travel.	21	(e) children subject to the provisions of 61-9-420; or
22	(3) "Motor vehicle" means a vehicle propelled by its	22	(f) an occupant who makes frequent stops with a motor
23	own power and designed primarily to transport persons or	23	vehicle in his official job duties and who may be exempted
24	property upon the highways of the state.	24	by the department.
25	(4) "Occupants" means the driver and passengers in a	25	(3) The department may adopt rules to implement



-2- · SB 111

SB 111

2 (4) THE DEPARTMENT OR ITS AGENT MAY NOT REQUIRE A 3 DRIVER WHO MAY BE IN VIOLATION OF [SECTION 3] TO STOP EXCEPT 4 UPON REASONABLE CAUSE TO BELIEVE THAT HE HAS /IOLATED 5 ANOTHER TRAFFIC REGULATION OR THAT HIS VEHICLE IS UNSAFE OR 6 NOT EQUIPPED AS REQUIRED BY LAW.

7 Section 4. Penalty. A driver who violates [section 3]
8 is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of \$25 \$20.
9 A conviction for a violation of [section 3] may not be
10 counted as a moving violation for purposes of suspending a
11 driver's license under 61-11-203(2)(1).

12 Section 5. Education program. The highway traffic 13 safety division of the department shall continue its program 14 for public information and education concerning the benefits 15 of wearing seatbelts and include within such program the 16 requirements of [section 3] and the penalty specified in 17 [section 4].

18 Section 6. Evidence NOT admissible without-presumption 19 of--negligence. Evidence of compliance or failure to comply 20 with [sections-1-through-6 SECTION 3] is NOT admissible in 21 any civil action for personal injury or property damage 22 resulting from the use or operation of a motor vehicle, but 23 <u>AND</u> failure to comply with [sections-1-through-6 SECTION 3] 24 does not alone constitute negligence.

25 Section 7. Codification instruction. Sections 1

-3-

through 6 are intended to be codified as an integral chapter

2 of Title 61.

1

3 Section 8. Severability. If a part of this act is 4 invalid, all valid parts that are severable from the invalid 5 part remain in effect. If a part of this act is invalid in 6 one or more of its applications, the part remains in effect 7 in all valid applications that are severable from the 8 invalid applications.

## 9 <u>SECTION 9. EFFECTIVE DATE. SECTION 4 IS EFFECTIVE</u> 10 JANUARY 1, 1988.

-End-

-4-

## STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

Form BD-15	ł.
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In compliance with a written request, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for SB111, third reading copy.

#### DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

A bill requiring the use of seatbelts by occupants of a motor vehicle; providing a penalty; providing for continuing education concerning the benefit of wearing seatbelts; and providing for the admissability of evidence in civil litigation.

#### **ASSUMPTIONS:**

- 1. Safety belts are 50% effective in reducing deaths and injuries.
- 2. Deaths due to automotive accidents will decrease by 44 at a usage rate of 50%.
- 3. Injuries due to automotive accidents will decrease by 700 at a 50% seat belt usage level.
- 4. The annual number of citations issued will be 3,348.
- 5. Existing law enforcement personnel state and local will be used.
- 6. Effective for only six months of FY88.

## FISCAL IMPACT:

## Expenditures:

Expenditures for Medicaid and Workers' Compensation claims related to vehicle accidents are substantial. Currently Medicaid claims for auto accidents exceed \$900,000 per year. To the extent seat belt usage prevents injury to eligible persons, state expenditures will be reduced.

Revenues:	FY88	FY89
State General Fund	\$ 8,906	\$ 17,811
Driver Education Fund	3,906	7,812
Crime Victims Fund	2,812	5,625
County Funds	10,416	20,832
City Funds	7,440	14,880
TOTAL	\$ 33,480	\$ 66,960

### LONG-RANGE EFFECTS OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

The long-range economic effects of SB111 will depend upon the safety belt usage rates attained within the motoring public but would be expected to be quite significant.

DATE

DAVID L. HUNTER, BUDGET DIRECTOR Office of Budget and Program Planning

DATE 3-11-8 HALLIGAN, BRIMARY SPONSOR Fiscal Note for SB111, third reading copy.

#### 50th Legislature

#### SB 0111/si

because general wearing

1	STATEMENT OF INTENT
2	SENATE BILL 111
3	
4	A statement of intent is required for this bill
5	section 3(3) grants to the department of justice
6	rulemaking authority to analyze and exempt from

7 seatbelts those occupants who make frequent stops with a

8 motor vehicle in their official job duties.

Nontana Legislative Council

CORRECTED REFERENCE BILL S&-III \*

1	SENATE BILL NO. 111	1	motor vehicle.
2	INTRODUCED BY HALLIGAN, HARP, WALLIN, M. WILLIAMS,	2	(5) "Seatbelt" means a system using a lap belt, a
3	JACOBSON, ECK, GOULD, GILBERT, BULGER, SANDS,	3	shoulder belt, or other belt or combination of belts
4	REGAN, SCHYE, HAGER	4	installed in a motor vehicle to restrain occupants, which
5	<i>,</i>	5	system conforms to federal motor vehicle safety standards.
6	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REQUIRING USE OF	6	Section 3. Seatbelt use required exceptions.
7	SEATBELTS BY OCCUPANTS OF A MOTOR VEHICLE; PROVIDING A	7	(1) No driver may operate a motor vehicle upon a highway of
8	PENALTY EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 1988; PROVIDING FOR CONTINUING	8	the state of Montana unless each occupant of a designated
9	EDUCATION CONCERNING THE BENEFITS OF WEARING SEATBELTS; AND	9	seating position is wearing a properly adjusted and fastened
10	PROVIDING POR-THE-ADMISSIBILITYOF THAT EVIDENCE IS NOT	10	seatbelt.
11	ADMISSIBLE IN CIVIL LITIGATION."	11	(2) The provisions of this section do not apply to:
12		12	(a) an occupant of a motor vehicle who possesses a
13	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:	13	written statement from a licensed physician that he is
14	Section 1. Short title. [Sections 1 through 6] may be	14	unable to wear a seatbelt for medical reasons;
15	cited as the "Montana Seatbelt Use Act".	15	(b) an occupant of a motor vehicle in which all
16	Section 2. Definitions. As used in [sections 1	16	seatbelts are being used by other occupants;
17	through 6], the following definitions apply:	17	(c) an operator of a motorcycle as defined in 61-1-105
18	(1) "Department" means the department of justice.	18	or a motor-driven cycle as defined in 61-1-106;
19	(2) "Highway" means the entire width between the	19	(d) an occupant of a vehicle licensed as special
20	boundary lines of each publicly maintained way when any part	20	mobile equipment as defined in 61-1-104;
21	thereof is open to public use for vehicular travel.	21	(e) children subject to the provisions of 61-9-420; or
22	(3) "Motor vehicle" means a vehicle propelled by its	22	(f) an occupant who makes frequent stops with a motor
23	own power and designed primarily to transport persons or	23	vehicle in his official job duties and who may be exempted
24	property upon the highways of the state.	24	by the department.
25	(4) "Occupants" means the driver and passengers in a	25	(3) The department may adopt rules to implement
	Contenta Legislative Council		-2- SB 111

1	(2)(f).	1	[sec
2	(4) THE DEPARTMENT OR ITS AGENT MAY NOT REQUIRE A	2	
3	DRIVER WHO MAY BE IN VIOLATION OF [SECTION 3] TO STOP EXCEPT	3	of-n
4	UPON REASONABLE CAUSE TO BELIEVE THAT HE HAS VIOLATED	4	with
5	ANOTHER TRAFFIC REGULATION OR THAT HIS VEHICLE IS UNSAFE OR	5	any
6	NOT EQUIPPED AS REQUIRED BY LAW.	6	resu
7	Section 4. Penalty NO RECORD PERMITTED. (1) A	7	AND
8	driver who violates [section 3] is-guilty-of-a-mid iemeanor	8	does
9	punishable-by-a-fine-of WILL BE FINED \$25 \$20, BUT THE	9	
10	VIOLATION IS NOT A MISDEMEANOR PURSUANT TO 45-2-101,	10	thro
11	46-18-236, 61-8-104, OR 61-8-711. A conviction-for-a	11	of T
12	violation of [section 3] may not be counted as a moving	12	
13	violation for purposes of suspending a driver's license	13	inva
14	under 61-11-203(2)(1). BOND FOR THIS OFFENSE IS \$20, AND NO	14	part
15	JAIL SENTENCE MAY BE IMPOSED.	15	one
16	(2) NO VIOLATION OF (SECTION 3] MAY BE RECORDED OR	16	in
17	CHARGED AGAINST THE DRIVER'S RECORD OF A PERSON VIOLATING	17	inva
18	[SECTION 3], AND NO INSURANCE COMPANY SHALL HOLD A VIOLATION	18	
19	OF [SECTION 3] AGAINST THE INSURED, AND THERE MAY BE NO	19	JANU
20	INCREASE IN PREMIUMS DUE TO A VIOLATION OF [SECTION 3].		
21	Section 5. Education program. The highway traffic		
22	safety division of the department shall continue its program		
23	for public information and education concerning the benefits		
24	of wearing seatbelts and include within such program the		
25	requirements of (section 3) and the penalty specified in		

tion 4].

Section 6. Evidence NOT admissible without-presumption eqligence. Evidence of compliance or failure to comply [sections--1-through-6 SECTION 3] is NOT admissible in civil action for personal injury or property damage lting from the use or operation of a motor vehicle, but failure to comply with [sections-1-through-6 SECTION 3] not alone constitute negligence. Section 7. Codification instruction. Sections 1 ough 6 are intended to be codified as an integral chapter itle 61. Section 8. Severability. If a part of this act is alid, all valid parts that are severable from the invalid remain in effect. If a part of this act is invalid in or more of its applications, the part remains in effect

all valid applications that are severable from the lid applications.

SECTION 9. EFFECTIVE DATE. SECTION 4 IS EFFECTIVE

ARY 1, 1988.

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SB 0111/04

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SB 111

-4-

SB 111

## STANDING COMMITTEE REPORT

HC	DUSE				-		MARCH	21,	19_87
Mr. Speaker:	We, the c	ommitt	ee on .	HUMAN	SERVICES	AND	AGING		
report	SENATE	BILL	NO.	111					······································
∐ do pass ∐ do not pas	SS			be concurre be not conc				as amer stateme	ided nt of intent attached
					REP.	E B I	BUDD GOI	JLD,	Chairman

REQUIRE USE OF SEATBELTS BY OCCUPANTS OF A MOTOR VEHICLE

REP. HARP WILL CARRY THIS BILL IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

<u>THIRD</u> reading copy (<u>BLUE</u>) color

# **COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE AMENDMENT**

# HOUSE

3-24-87 DATE 16:00 TIME

MR. CHAIRMAN: I MOVE TO AMEND \_\_\_\_\_ SB\_111\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_ reading copy ( <u>blue</u>) as follows: Color

1) Page 3, line 7.
Following: "Penalty"
Insert: "--no record permitted"
Following: "."
Insert: "(1)"

2) Page 3, line 8. Strike: "is" through "fine of" Insert: "will be fined" Following: " \$20 " Insert: ", but the violation is not a misdemeanor pursuant to 45-2-101, 46-18-236, 61-8-104, or 61-8-711"

3) Page 3, line 9. Strike: "conviction for a"

4) Page 3, line 11.
Following: "61-11-203 (2) (1)."
Insert: "Bond for this offense is \$20 and no jail sentence may
be imposed."

5) Page 3, following line 11. Insert: "(2) No violation of [section 3] may be recorded or charged against the driver's record of a person violating [section 3], and no insurance company shall hold a violation of [section 3] against the insured, and there may be no increase in premiums due to a violation of [section 3]."

Rep. Sands

REJECT

ADOPT

3241600T.CW