SENATE BILL NO. 40

INTRODUCED BY HALLIGAN

IN THE SENATE

	IN THE SENATE
JANUARY 5, 1987	INTRODUCED AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY.
JANUARY 14, 1987	COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL DO PASS AS AMENDED. REPORT ADOPTED.
JANUARY 15, 1987	PRINTING REPORT.
	ON MOTION, TAKEN FROM SECOND READING AND REREFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY.
JANUARY 21, 1987	COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL DO PASS AS AMENDED. REPORT ADOPTED.
JANUARY 22, 1987	PRINTING REPORT.
JANUARY 24, 1987	ON MOTION, CONSIDERATION PASSED FOR THE DAY.
JANUARY 26, 1987	ON MOTION, CONSIDERATION PASSED FOR THE DAY.
JANUARY 29, 1987	SECOND READING, DO PASS.
JANUARY 30, 1987	ENGROSSING REPORT.
JANUARY 31, 1987	THIRD READING, PASSED. AYES, 46; NOES, 1.
	TRANSMITTED TO HOUSE.
	IN THE HOUSE
FEBRUARY 4, 1987	INTRODUCED AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY.

COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL BE CONCURRED IN. REPORT ADOPTED.

MARCH 13, 1987

MARCH 16, 1987

SECOND READING, CONCURRED IN.

MARCH 17, 1987

THIRD READING, CONCURRED IN. AYES, 92; NOES, 4.

RETURNED TO SENATE.

IN THE SENATE

MARCH 18, 1987

RECEIVED FROM HOUSE.

SENT TO ENROLLING.

1		SENATE BILL N	0. 40
2	INTRODUCED BY	HALLIGAN	

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT AMENDING THE CRIME

- 5 VICTIMS COMPENSATION ACT OF MONTANA TO PERMIT CERTAIN
- 6 RELATIVES OF A VICTIM KILLED AS A RESULT OF CRIMINALLY
- 7 INJURIOUS CONDUCT TO BE REIMBURSED FOR MENTAL HEALTH
- 8 TREATMENT; AND AMENDING SECTION 53-9-128, MCA."

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 53-9-128, MCA, is amended to read:

"53-9-128. Compensation benefits. (1) A claimant is entitled to weekly compensation benefits when the claimant has a total actual loss of wages due to injury as a result of criminally injurious conduct. During the time the claimant seeks such weekly benefits, the claimant, as a result of such injury, must have no reasonable prospect of being regularly employed in the normal labor market. The weekly benefit amount is 66 2/3% of the wages received at the time of the criminally injurious conduct, subject to a maximum of \$125. Weekly compensation payments shall be made at the end of each 2-week period. No weekly compensation payments may be paid for the first week after the criminally injurious conduct occurred, but if total actual loss of wages continues for 1 week, weekly compensation payments



- shall be paid from the date the wage loss began. Weekly compensation payments shall continue until the claimant has a reasonable prospect of being regularly employed in the normal labor market.
- 5 (2) The claimant is entitled to be reimbursed for 6 reasonable services by a physician or surgeon, reasonable 7 hospital services and medicines, and such other treatment as 8 may be approved by the division for the injuries suffered 9 due to criminally injurious conduct.
 - (3) (a) The dependents of a victim who is killed as a result of criminally injurious conduct are entitled to receive, in a gross single amount payable to all dependents, weekly benefits amounting to 66 2/3% of the wages received at the time of the criminally injurious conduct causing the death, subject to a maximum of \$125 per week. Weekly compensation payments shall be made at the end of each 2-week period.
 - (b) Benefits under subsection (3)(a) of this section shall be paid to the spouse for the benefit of the spouse and other dependents unless the division determines that other payment arrangements should be made. If a spouse dies or remarries, benefits under subsection (3)(a) shall cease to be paid to the spouse but shall continue to be paid to the other dependents so long as their dependent status continues.
 - INTRODUCED BILL SB40

(4) Reasonable funeral and burial expenses of the victim, not exceeding \$1,100, shall be paid if all other collateral sources have properly paid such expenses but have not covered all such expenses.

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- (5) Compensation payable to a victim and all of the victim's dependents in cases of the victim's death, because of injuries suffered due to an act of criminally injurious conduct may not exceed \$25,000 in the aggregate.
- 9 (6) Compensation benefits are not payable for pain and 10 suffering, inconvenience, physical impairment, or nonbodily 11 damage.
 - (7) (a) A person who has suffered injury as a result of criminally injurious conduct and as a result of such injury has no reasonable prospect of being regularly employed in the normal labor market, who was employable but was not employed at the time of such injury, may in the discretion of the division be awarded weekly compensation benefits in an amount determined by the division not to exceed \$100 per week. Weekly compensation payments shall continue until the claimant has a reasonable prospect of being regularly employed in the normal labor market or for a shorter period as determined by the division. The claimant shall be awarded benefits as provided in subsection (2) of this section.
 - (b) The dependents of a victim who is killed as a

- result of criminally injurious conduct and who was employable but not employed at the time of death may in the discretion of the division be awarded, in a gross single amount payable to all dependents, a sum not to exceed \$100 per week which shall be payable in the manner and for the period provided by subsection (3)(b) of this section or for such shorter period as determined by the division. The claimant shall be awarded benefits as provided in subsection
- 10 (c) Compensation payable to a victim or a victim's 11 dependents under this subsection may not exceed \$20,000, and 12 the limitations of subsection (6) apply to compensation 13 under this subsection (7).
- 14 (8) Amounts payable as weekly compensation may not be 15 commuted to a lump sum and may not be paid less frequently 16 than every 2 weeks.
- 17 (9) (a) Subject to the limitations in subsection

 18 (9)(b), the spouse, parent, child, brother, or sister of a

 19 victim who is killed as a result of criminally injurious

 20 conduct is entitled to reimbursement for mental health

 21 treatment received as a result of the victim's death.
- 22 (b) Total payments made under subsection (9)(a) may
 23 not exceed \$1,000 for each person or \$5,000 for a family.
 24 Payments must terminate 1 year after a claim is filed under

25 53-9-125."

(4) of this section.

STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

Form BD-15

In compliance with a written request, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for SB040, as introduced.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

An Act amending Section 53-9-128, MCA, the Crime Victims' Compensation Act of Montana to permit certain relatives of a victim killed as a result of criminally injurious conduct to be reimbursed for mental health treatment.

ASSUMPTIONS:

- 1. There will be twenty (20) qualifying claims (homicides) per year.
- 2. There will be 1.5 qualifying claimants per victim @ \$1,000 per claimant.
- 3. No additional FTE's to administer the program will be required.
- 4. There will be no collateral sources which means: no other forms of insurance or other form benefit available to reimburse the qualifying claimant for mental health expenses. (Section 53-9-103, MCA)
- 5. Development of forms to be used in administering the change will cost \$60.00.

FISCAL IMPACT:

Expenditures:	FY	<u>88</u>	<u>FY89</u>		
	Existing Law	New Law	Existing Law	New Law	
Contracted Services	\$ 0	\$ 60	\$ 0	\$ 60	
Benefit & Claims		30,000		_30,000	
Total		\$30,060		\$30,060	

Expenditures will be paid from State Special Revenue Fund.

Revenues:

N/A

EFFECT ON COUNTY OR OTHER LOCAL REVENUE OR EXPENDITURES:

N/A

LONG-RANGE EFFECTS OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

N/A

TECHNICAL OR MECHANICAL DEFECTS IN PROPOSED LEGISLATION OR CONFLICTS WITH EXISTING LEGISLATION: N/A

DAVID L. HUNTER, WUDGET DIRECTOR

Office of Budget and Program Planning

MIKE HALLIGAN, PRIMARY SPONSOR

Fiscal Note for SB040, as introduced.

MCA."

RE-REFERRED AND APPROVED BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

2	INICODCED BI GALLIGAN
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4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT AMENDING THE CRIME
5	VICTIMS COMPENSATION ACT OF MONTANA TO PERMIT CERTAIN
6	RELATIVES OF A VICTIM KILLED AS A RESULT OF CRIMINALLY
7	INJURIOUS CONDUCT OR CERTAIN RELATIVES OF A MINOR VICTIM OF
8	A SEXUAL CRIME OR-HIS-IMMEDIATE-FAMILY TO BE REIMBURSED FOR
9	MENTAL HEALTH TREATMENT: AND AMENDING SECTION 53-9-128,

SENATE BILL NO. 40

THEODITORS OF MALLICAN

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 53-9-128, MCA, is amended to read:
"53-9-128. Compensation benefits. (1) A claimant is
entitled to weekly compensation benefits when the claimant
has a total actual loss of wages due to injury as a result
of criminally injurious conduct. During the time the
claimant seeks such weekly benefits, the claimant, as a
result of such injury, must have no reasonable prospect of
being regularly employed in the normal labor market. The
weekly benefit amount is 66 2/3% of the wages received at
the time of the criminally injurious conduct, subject to a
maximum of \$125. Weekly compensation payments shall be made
at the end of each 2-week period. No weekly compensation
payments may be paid for the first week after the criminally

- injurious conduct occurred, but if total actual loss of wages continues for 1 week, weekly compensation payments shall be paid from the date the wage loss began. Weekly compensation payments shall continue until the claimant has a reasonable prospect of being regularly employed in the normal labor market.
 - (2) The claimant is entitled to be reimbursed for reasonable services by a physician or surgeon, reasonable hospital services and medicines, and such other treatment as may be approved by the division for the injuries suffered due to criminally injurious conduct.
 - (3) (a) The dependents of a victim who is killed as a result of criminally injurious conduct are entitled to receive, in a gross single amount payable to all dependents, weekly benefits amounting to 66 2/3% of the wages received at the time of the criminally injurious conduct causing the death, subject to a maximum of \$125 per week. Weekly compensation payments shall be made at the end of each 2-week period.
 - (b) Benefits under subsection (3)(a) of this section shall be paid to the spouse for the benefit of the spouse and other dependents unless the division determines that other payment arrangements should be made. If a spouse dies or remarries, benefits under subsection (3)(a) shall cease to be paid to the spouse but shall continue to be paid to

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the other dependents so long as their dependent status continues.

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- (4) Reasonable funeral and burial expenses of the victim, not exceeding \$1,100, shall be paid if all other collateral sources have properly paid such expenses but have not covered all such expenses.
- (5) Compensation payable to a victim and all of the victim's dependents in cases of the victim's death, because of injuries suffered due to an act of criminally injurious conduct may not exceed \$25,000 in the aggregate.
- 11 (6) Compensation benefits are not payable for pain and 12 suffering, inconvenience, physical impairment, or nonbodily 13 damage.
 - (7) (a) A person who has suffered injury as a result of criminally injurious conduct and as a result of such injury has no reasonable prospect of being regularly employed in the normal labor market, who was employable but was not employed at the time of such injury, may in the discretion of the division be awarded weekly compensation benefits in an amount determined by the division not to exceed \$100 per week. Weekly compensation payments shall continue until the claimant has a reasonable prospect of being regularly employed in the normal labor market or for a shorter period as determined by the division. The claimant shall be awarded benefits as provided in subsection (2) of

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1 this section.

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- (b) The dependents of a victim who is killed as a result of criminally injurious conduct and who was employable but not employed at the time of death may in the discretion of the division be awarded, in a gross single amount payable to all dependents, a sum not to exceed \$100 per week which shall be payable in the manner and for the period provided by subsection (3)(b) of this section or for such shorter period as determined by the division. The claimant shall be awarded benefits as provided in subsection (4) of this section.
- 12 (c) Compensation payable to a victim or a victim's
 13 dependents under this subsection may not exceed \$20,000, and
 14 the limitations of subsection (6) apply to compensation
 15 under this subsection (7).
- 16 (8) Amounts payable as weekly compensation may not be 17 commuted to a lump sum and may not be paid less frequently 18 than every 2 weeks.
- 19 (9) (a) Subject to the limitations in subsection
 20 (9)(b) (9)(C), the spouse, parent, child, brother, or sister
 21 of a victim who is killed as a result of criminally
 22 injurious conduct is entitled to reimbursement for mental
 23 health treatment received as a result of the victim's death.
 - (8) SUBJECT TO THE LIMITATIONS IN SUBSECTION (9)(C), A
 MINOR-WHO-IS-A-VICTIM-OF-A-SEXUAL-CRIME-POR-WHICH--A-PERSON

T	HAS-BEEN-CHARGEB-AND-WHO-IS-NOT-ENTITHEB-TO-RECEIVE-SERVICES
2	UNDER-TITLE-41,-CHAPTER-3,-GR THE PARENT, BROTHER, OR SISTER
3	OF SHEH A MINOR WHO IS A VICTIM OF A SEXUAL CRIME FOR WHICH
4	A PERSON HAS BEEN CHARGED AND WHO IS NOT ENTITLED TO RECEIVE
5	SERVICES UNDER TITLE 41, CHAPTER 3, IS ENTITLED TO
6	REIMBURSEMENT FOR MENTAL HEALTH TREATMENT RECEIVED AS A
7	RESULT OF THE CRIME.
8	<pre>fb}(C) Total payments made under subsection</pre>
9	SUBSECTIONS (9)(a) AND (9)(B) may not exceed \$1,000 \$500 for
10	each person or \$5,000 \$1,500 for a family. Payments must
11	terminate l year after a claim is filed under 53-9-125."

-End-

STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

Form BD-15

In compliance with a written request, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for SB040, on second reading.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

An act amending the Crime Victim's Compensation Act of Montana, to permit certain relatives of a crime victim killed as a result of criminally injurious conduct or certain relatives of a minor victim of a sexual crime to be reimbursed for mental health treatment.

ASSUMPTIONS:

- 1. There will be twenty (20) qualifying homicide claims and ninety-one (91) qualifying sexual assault claims for the immediate families of crime victims. There will be 1.5 qualifying claimants per victim.
- 2. No additional FTE's to administer the program will be required.
- 3. There will be no collateral sources for families of homicide victims and rarely any collateral sources for minor sexual assault victims' families which means: no other forms of insurance or other benefits available to reimburse the qualifying claimant for mental health expenses. (Section 53-9-103,MCA).
- 4. Development of forms to be used in administering the change will cost \$60.

FISCAL IMPACT:

Expenditures:	FY88				FY89			
	Curren	t Law	Pro	posed Law	Curre	nt Law	Prop	osed Law
Contracted Services	\$	0	\$	60	\$	0	\$	60
Benefits & Claims								
Homicides - Family Members		0		15,000		0		15,000
Sexual Assault - Family Members		0		68,250		0		68,250
TOTAL	\$	0	\$	83,310	\$	0	\$	83,310

Expenses will be paid from State Special Revenue Fund.

Revenues:

None.

EFFECT ON COUNTY OR OTHER LOCAL REVENUE OR EXPENDITURES:

None.

LONG-RANGE EFFECTS OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

None.

TECHNICAL OR MECHANICAL DEFECTS IN PROPOSED LEGISLATION OR CONFLICTS WITH EXISTING LEGISLATION:

None.

AVID L. HUNTER, BUDGET DIRECTOR

Office of Budget and Program Planning

MIKE HALLIGAN, PRIMARY SPONSOR

Fiscal Note for SB040, on second reading

5B 40 #Z

50th Legislature

SB 0040/03

L	SENATE BIL	NO. 40
2	INTRODUCED BY	HALLIGAN

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT AMENDING THE CRIME VICTIMS COMPENSATION ACT OF MONTANA TO PERMIT CERTAIN RELATIVES OF A VICTIM KILLED AS A RESULT OF CRIMINALLY INJURIOUS CONDUCT OR CERTAIN RELATIVES OF A MINOR VICTIM OF A SEXUAL CRIME OR-HIS-IMMEDIATE-FAMILY TO BE REIMBURSED FOR MENTAL HEALTH TREATMENT; AND AMENDING SECTION 53-9-128, MCA."

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 53-9-128, MCA, is amended to read:

"53-9-128. Compensation benefits. (1) A claimant is
entitled to weekly compensation benefits when the claimant
has a total actual loss of wages due to injury as a result
of criminally injurious conduct. During the time the
claimant seeks such weekly benefits, the claimant, as a
result of such injury, must have no reasonable prospect of
being regularly employed in the normal labor market. The
weekly benefit amount is 66 2/3% of the wages received at
the time of the criminally injurious conduct, subject to a
maximum of \$125. Weekly compensation payments shall be made
at the end of each 2-week period. No weekly compensation
payments may be paid for the first week after the criminally

Montana Legislative Council

injurious conduct occurred, but if total actual loss of wages continues for 1 week, weekly compensation payments shall be paid from the date the wage loss began. Weekly compensation payments shall continue until the claimant has a reasonable prospect of being regularly employed in the normal labor market.

- (2) The claimant is entitled to be reimbursed for reasonable services by a physician or surgeon, reasonable hospital services and medicines, and such other treatment as may be approved by the division for the injuries suffered due to criminally injurious conduct.
- (3) (a) The dependents of a victim who is killed as a result of criminally injurious conduct are entitled to receive, in a gross single amount payable to all dependents, weekly benefits amounting to 66 2/3% of the wages received at the time of the criminally injurious conduct causing the death, subject to a maximum of \$125 per week. Weekly compensation payments shall be made at the end of each 2-week period.
- (b) Benefits under subsection (3)(a) of this section shall be paid to the spouse for the benefit of the spouse and other dependents unless the division determines that other payment arrangements should be made. If a spouse dies or remarries, benefits under subsection (3)(a) shall cease to be paid to the spouse but shall continue to be paid to

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the other dependents so long as their dependent status continues.

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- (4) Reasonable funeral and burial expenses of the victim, not exceeding \$1,100, shall be paid if all other collateral sources have properly paid such expenses but have not covered all such expenses.
- (5) Compensation payable to a victim and all of the victim's dependents in cases of the victim's death, because of injuries suffered due to an act of criminally injurious conduct may not exceed \$25,000 in the aggregate.
- (6) Compensation benefits are not payable for pain and suffering, inconvenience, physical impairment, or nonbodily damage.
 - (7) (a) A person who has suffered injury as a result of criminally injurious conduct and as a result of such injury has no reasonable prospect of being regularly employed in the normal labor market, who was employable but was not employed at the time of such injury, may in the discretion of the division be awarded weekly compensation benefits in an amount determined by the division not to exceed \$100 per week. Weekly compensation payments shall continue until the claimant has a reasonable prospect of being regularly employed in the normal labor market or for a shorter period as determined by the division. The claimant shall be awarded benefits as provided in subsection {2} of

1 this section.

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- (b) The dependents of a victim who is killed as a result of criminally injurious conduct and who was employable but not employed at the time of death may in the discretion of the division be awarded, in a gross single amount payable to all dependents, a sum not to exceed \$100 per week which shall be payable in the manner and for the period provided by subsection (3)(b) of this section or for such shorter period as determined by the division. The claimant shall be awarded benefits as provided in subsection (4) of this section.
- (c) Compensation payable to a victim or a victim's dependents under this subsection may not exceed \$20,000, and the limitations of subsection (6) apply to compensation under this subsection (7).
- (8) Amounts payable as weekly compensation may not be commuted to a lump sum and may not be paid less frequently than every 2 weeks.
- (9) (a) Subject to the limitations in subsection type (9)(C), the spouse, parent, child, brother, or sister of a victim who is killed as a result of criminally injurious conduct is entitled to reimbursement for mental health treatment received as a result of the victim's death.
- (B) SUBJECT TO THE LIMITATIONS IN SUBSECTION (9)(C), A

 MINOR-WHO-IS-A-VICTIM-OP-A-SEXUAL-CRIMB-POR-WHICH--A-PERSON

-4-

-3- SB 40

SB 40

1	HAS-BEEN-CHARGED-AND-WHO-IS-NOT-ENTITUDED-TO-RECEIVE-SERVICE
2	UNDER-TITLE-417-CHAPTER-37-OR THE PARENT, BROTHER, OR SISTE
3	OF SHEH A MINOR WHO IS A VICTIM OF A SEXUAL CRIME FOR WHIC
4	A PERSON HAS BEEN CHARGED AND WHO IS NOT ENTITLED TO RECEIV
5	SERVICES UNDER TITLE 41, CHAPTER 3, IS ENTITLED T
6	REIMBURSEMENT FOR MENTAL HEALTH TREATMENT RECEIVED AS
7	RESULT OF THE CRIME.
8	<pre>tb)(C) Total payments made under subsection</pre>
9	SUBSECTIONS (9)(a) AND (9)(B) may not exceed \$1,000 \$500 fo
0	each person or \$5,000 \$1,500 for a family. Payments mus
1	terminate 1 year after a claim is filed under 53-9-125."
	-End-

SB 40

50th Legislature

SB 0040/03

SENATE BILL	NO.	40

INTRODUCED BY HALLIGAN

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT AMENDING THE CRIME VICTIMS COMPENSATION ACT OF MONTANA TO PERMIT CERTAIN RELATIVES OF A VICTIM KILLED AS A RESULT OF CRIMINALLY INJURIOUS CONDUCT OR CERTAIN RELATIVES OF A MINOR VICTIM OF A SEXUAL CRIME OR-HIS-IMMEDIATE-PAMILY TO BE REIMBURSED FOR MENTAL HEALTH TREATMENT; AND AMENDING SECTION 53-9-128, MCA."

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 53-9-128, MCA, is amended to read:

"53-9-128. Compensation benefits. (1) A claimant is
entitled to weekly compensation benefits when the claimant
has a total actual loss of wages due to injury as a result
of criminally injurious conduct. During the time the
claimant seeks such weekly benefits, the claimant, as a
result of such injury, must have no reasonable prospect of
being regularly employed in the normal labor market. The
weekly benefit amount is 66 2/3% of the wages received at
the time of the criminally injurious conduct, subject to a
maximum of \$125. Weekly compensation payments shall be made
at the end of each 2-week period. No weekly compensation
payments may be paid for the first week after the criminally

- injurious conduct occurred, but if total actual loss of wages continues for 1 week, weekly compensation payments shall be paid from the date the wage loss began. Weekly compensation payments shall continue until the claimant has a reasonable prospect of being regularly employed in the normal labor market.
- (2) The claimant is entitled to be reimbursed for reasonable services by a physician or surgeon, reasonable hospital services and medicines, and such other treatment as may be approved by the division for the injuries suffered due to criminally injurious conduct.
- (3) (a) The dependents of a victim who is killed as a result of criminally injurious conduct are entitled to receive, in a gross single amount payable to all dependents, weekly benefits amounting to 66 2/3% of the wages received at the time of the criminally injurious conduct causing the death, subject to a maximum of \$125 per week. Weekly compensation payments shall be made at the end of each 2-week period.
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the other dependents so long as their dependent status continues.

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- (4) Reasonable funeral and burial expenses of the victim, not exceeding \$1,100, shall be paid if all other collateral sources have properly paid such expenses but have not covered all such expenses.
- (5) Compensation payable to a victim and all of the victim's dependents in cases of the victim's death, because of injuries suffered due to an act of criminally injurious conduct may not exceed \$25,000 in the aggregate.
- (6) Compensation benefits are not payable for pain and suffering, inconvenience, physical impairment, or nonbodily damage.
- (7) (a) A person who has suffered injury as a result of criminally injurious conduct and as a result of such injury has no reasonable prospect of being regularly employed in the normal labor market, who was employable but was not employed at the time of such injury, may in the discretion of the division be awarded weekly compensation benefits in an amount determined by the division not to exceed \$100 per week. Weekly compensation payments shall continue until the claimant has a reasonable prospect of being regularly employed in the normal labor market or for a shorter period as determined by the division. The claimant shall be awarded benefits as provided in subsection (2) of

1 this section.

- (b) The dependents of a victim who is killed as a result of criminally injurious conduct and who was employable but not employed at the time of death may in the discretion of the division be awarded, in a gross single amount payable to all dependents, a sum not to exceed \$100 per week which shall be payable in the manner and for the period provided by subsection (3)(b) of this section or for such shorter period as determined by the division. The claimant shall be awarded benefits as provided in subsection (4) of this section.
- (c) Compensation payable to a victim or a victim's dependents under this subsection may not exceed \$20,000, and the limitations of subsection (6) apply to compensation under this subsection (7).
- (8) Amounts payable as weekly compensation may not be commuted to a lump sum and may not be paid less frequently than every 2 weeks.
- (9) (a) Subject to the limitations in subsection to the limitation to th
- (B) SUBJECT TO THE LIMITATIONS IN SUBSECTION (9)(C), A
 MINOR-WHO-IS-A-VICTIM-OP-A-SENUAL-CRIME-POR-WHICH--A-PERSON

SB 0040/03

2	UNDER-TITLE-417-CHAPTER-37-OR THE PARENT, BROTHER, OR SISTER
3	OF SUCH A MINOR WHO IS A VICTIM OF A SEXUAL CRIME FOR WHICH
4	A PERSON HAS BEEN CHARGED AND WHO IS NOT ENTITLED TO RECEIVE
5	SERVICES UNDER TITLE 41, CHAPTER 3, IS ENTITLED TO
6	REIMBURSEMENT FOR MENTAL HEALTH TREATMENT RECEIVED AS
7	RESULT OF THE CRIME.
В	<pre>fb)(C) Total payments made under subsection</pre>
9	SUBSECTIONS (9)(a) AND (9)(B) may not exceed \$1,000 \$500 fo
0	each person or \$5,000 \$1,500 for a family. Payments mus
1	terminate 1 year after a claim is filed under 53-9-125."

HAS-BEEN-CHARGED-AND-WHO-IS-NOT-ENTITLED-TO-RECEIVE-SERVICES

-End-