# HOUSE BILL NO. 795

INTRODUCED BY GILBERT, RAMIREZ, IVERSON, SPAETH, MENKE, WEEDING, KOLSTAD, ABRAMS

# IN THE HOUSE

FEBRUARY 17	',	1987	INT	RODUCED	AND	REFERRED	ΤO	COMMITTEE
			ON	NATURAL	RESC	DURCES.		

MARCH 13, 1987 COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL DO PASS AS AMENDED. REPORT ADOPTED.

STATEMENT OF INTENT ADOPTED.

MARCH 14, 1987 PRINTING REPORT.

÷.,

- MARCH 16, 1987 SECOND READING, DO PASS.
- MARCH 17, 1987 ENGROSSING REPORT.

THIRD READING, PASSED. AYES, 91; NOES, 5.

TRANSMITTED TO SENATE.

- IN THE SENATE
- MARCH 18, 1987 INTRODUCED AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON TAXATION.
- MARCH 27, 1987 COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL BE CONCURRED IN. REPORT ADOPTED.

MARCH 30, 1987 ON MOTION, CONSIDERATION PASSED FOR THE DAY.

> ON MOTION, TAKEN FROM SECOND READING AND REREFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON FINANCE & CLAIMS.

APRIL 3, 1987 COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL BE CONCURRED IN. REPORT ADOPTED.

APRIL 6, 1987 SECOND READING, CONCURRED IN.

APRIL 7, 1987

. .

THIRD READING, CONCURRED IN. AYES, 50; NOES, 0.

RETURNED TO HOUSE.

IN THE HOUSE

APRIL 8, 1987

,

RECEIVED FROM SENATE.

SENT TO ENROLLING.

LC 0809/01

INTRODUCED BY Tilbert Rammer Jurson Tporce 1 2 A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO GENERALLY REVISE THE 4 OIL AND GAS CONSERVATION LAWS TO INCORPORATE REGULATION OF 5 II INJECTION WELLS AS DEFINED BY THE FEDERAL 6 CLASS 7 ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY; ESTABLISHING AN INJECTION 8 WELL OPERATING FEE: APPROPRIATING FUNDS: AMENDING SECTIONS 82-11-101, 82-11-111, 82-11-123, 82-11-141, 82-11-142, 9 10 82-11-147, AND 82-11-148, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE." 11 12 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA: 13 Section 1. Section 82-11-101, MCA, is amended to read: 14 15 "82-11-101. Definitions. As used in this chapter, 16 unless the context requires otherwise, the following 17 definitions apply: (1) "Administrator" means the administrator of the 18 19 division of oil and gas conservation. (2) "Board" 20 means the board of oil and gas 21 conservation provided for in 2-15-3303. 22 (3) "Class II injection well" means a well, as defined 23 by the federal environmental protection agency or any 24 successor agency, that injects fluids: 25 (a) that have been brought to the surface in



1 connection with oil or natural gas production;

2 (b) for purposes of enhancing the ultimate recovery of
3 oil or natural gas; or

. . .

4

(c) for purposes of storing liquid hydrocarbons.

5 (2)(4) "Department" means the department of natural
6 resources and conservation provided for in Title 2, chapter
7 15, part 33.

8 (3)(5) "Determinations" means those decisions
9 delegated to the state by or under authority of the Natural
10 Gas Policy Act of 1978 or any successor or similar
11 legislation relating to oil and gas.

12 (6) "Enhanced recovery" means the increased recovery from a pool achieved by artificial means or by the 13 14 application of energy extrinsic to the pool; such artificial means or application includes pressuring, cycling, pressure 15 16 maintenance, or injection into the pool of any substance or 17 form of energy as is contemplated in secondary recovery and tertiary programs but does not include the injection in a 18 19 well of a substance or form of energy for the sole purpose 20 of aiding in the lifting of fluids in the well or 21 stimulating of the reservoir at or near the well by mechanical, chemical, thermal, or explosive means. 22

23 (5)(7) "Field" means the general area underlaid by one
24 or more pools.

25 +6+(8) "Gas" means all natural gases and all other



1 fluid hydrocarbons as produced at the wellhead and not
2 defined as oil in subsection (7) (9) of this section.

3 (7)(9) "Oil" means crude petroleum oil and other 4 hydrocarbons regardless of gravity which are produced at the 5 wellhead in liquid form by ordinary production methods and 6 which are not the result of condensation of gas before or 7 after it leaves the reservoir.

8 (8)(10) "Owner" means the person who has the right to
9 drill into and produce from a pool and to appropriate the
10 oil or gas he produces therefrom either for himself or
11 others or for himself and others, and the term includes all
12 persons holding such authority by or through him.

13 (9)(11) "Person" means any natural person, corporation,
14 association, partnership, receiver, trustee, executor,
15 administrator, guardian, fiduciary, or other representative
16 of any kind and includes any agency or instrumentality of
17 the state or any governmental subdivision thereof.

(12) "Pollution" means contamination or other 18 19 alteration of the physical, chemical, or biological 20 properties of any state waters that exceeds that permitted 21 by standards adopted by the board, including but not limited to the disposal, discharge, seepage, drainage, infiltration, 22 23 flow, or injection of any liquid, gaseous, solid, or other substance into any state waters that will or is likely to 24 create a nuisance or render the waters harmful, detrimental, 25

1 or injurious to public health, recreation, safety, welfare, 2 livestock, wild animals, birds, fish, or other wildlife. A disposal, discharge, seepage, drainage, infiltration, flow, 3 4 or injection of fluid that is authorized under a rule, 5 permit, or order of the board is not pollution under this 6 chapter. 7 tt0;(13) "Pool" means an underground reservoir 8 containing a common accumulation of oil or gas or both; each 9 zone of a structure which is completely separated from any other zone in the same structure is a pool, as that term is 10 11 used in this chapter. 12 (14) "Producer" means the owner of a well or wells 13 capable of producing oil or gas or both. 14 (15) "State waters" means any body of water, either 15 surface or underground. 16 (12)(16) "Waste" means: 17 (a) physical waste, as that term is generally 18 understood in the oil and gas industry; 19 (b) the inefficient, excessive, or improper use of or

20 the unnecessary dissipation of reservoir energy;

(c) the location, spacing, drilling, equipping,
operating, or producing of any oil or gas well or wells in a
manner which causes or tends to cause reduction in the
quantity of oil or gas ultimately recoverable from a pool
under prudent and proper operations or which causes or tends

-4-

to cause unnecessary or excessive surface loss or
 destruction of oil or gas; and

3 (d) the inefficient storing of oil or gas. (The 4 production of oil or gas from any pool or by any well to the 5 full extent that the well or pool can be produced in 6 accordance with methods designed to result in maximum 7 ultimate recovery, as determined by the board, is not waste 8 within the meaning of this definition.)"

9 Section 2. Section 82-11-111, MCA, is amended to read:
10 "82-11-111. Powers and duties of board. (1) The board
11 shall make such investigations as it considers proper to
12 determine whether waste exists or is imminent or whether
13 other facts exist which justify any action by the board
14 under the authority granted by this chapter with respect
15 thereto.

16 (2) Subject to the administrative control of the17 department under 2-15-121, the board shall:

18 (a) require measures to be taken to prevent 19 contamination of or damage to surrounding land or 20 underground strata caused by drilling operations and 21 production, including but not limited to regulating the 22 disposal or injection of salt water and <u>disposal of</u> oil 23 field wastes;

(b) classify wells as oil or gas wells or class II
 injection wells for purposes material to the interpretation

1 or enforcement of this chapter;

2 (c) adopt and enforce rules and orders to effectuate3 the purposes and the intent of this chapter.

4 (3) The board shall determine and prescribe what 5 producing wells shall be defined as "stripper wells" and 6 what wells shall be defined as "wildcat wells" and make such 7 orders as in its judgment are required to protect those 8 wells and provide that stripper wells may be produced to 9 capacity if it is considered necessary in the interest of 10 conservation to do so.

(4) With respect to any pool from which gas was being 11 12 produced by a gas well on or prior to April 1, 1953, this chapter does not authorize the board to limit or restrain 13 14 the rate (daily or otherwise) of production of gas from that pool by any well then or thereafter drilled and producing 15 from that pool to less than the rate at which the well can 16 be produced without adversely affecting the quantity of gas 17 18 ultimately recoverable by the well.

19 (5) The board has exclusive jurisdiction over all
20 class II injection wells and all pits and ponds in relation
21 to those injection wells. The board may:
22 (a) issue, suspend, revoke, modify, or deny permits to
23 operate class II injection wells, consistent with rules made

24 by it;

25 (b) examine plans and other information needed to

-5-

LC 0809/01

-6-

	should be issued or require
2 changes in plans as a condition	on to the issuance of a permit;
3 (c) clearly specify in	n a permit any limitations
4 imposed as to the volume and	l characteristics of the fluids
5 to be injected and the operation	ion of the well;
6 (d) authorize its staff	to enter upon any public or
7 private property at reasonable	e times to:
8 (i) investigate condit:	ions relating to violations of
9 permit conditions;	
10 (ii) have access to and	copy records required under
<pre>11 this chapter;</pre>	
12 (iii) inspect monitoring	equipment or methods; and
13 (iv) sample fluids which	ch the operator is required to
14 sample; and	
15 <u>(e) adopt standards fo</u>	or the design, construction,
16 testing, and operation of clas	ss II injection wells."
17 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 3.	Confidentiality of records.
18 (1) Any information that is fu	irnished to the board or the
19 board's staff or that is o	obtained by either of them is a
20 matter of public record and op	pen to public use. However, any
21 information unique to the owne	er or operator that would, if
22 disclosed, reveal methods	or processes entitled to
23 protection as trade secrets	a must be maintained as

25 (2) If an owner or operator disagrees with a

1 determination by the board that certain material will not be 2 maintained as confidential, the owner or operator may file a 3 declaratory judgment action in a court of competent 4 jurisdiction to establish the existence of a trade secret if 5 he wishes such information to enjoy confidential status. The 6 department must be served in any such action and may 7 intervene as a party.

8 (3) Any information not intended to be public when
9 submitted to the board or the board's staff must be
10 submitted in writing and clearly marked as confidential.

11 (4) Data describing physical and chemical 12 characteristics of a liquid, gaseous, solid, or other 13 substance injected or discharged into state waters may not 14 be considered confidential.

15 (5) The board may use any information in compiling or 16 publishing analyses or summaries relating to water pollution 17 if such analyses or summaries do not identify the owner or 18 operator or reveal any information that is otherwise made 19 confidential by this section.

Section 4. Section 82-11-123, MCA, is amended to read:
"82-11-123. Requirements for oil and gas operations.
Subject to the administrative control of the department
under 2-15-121, the board shall require:
(1) identification of ownership of oil or gas wells,

24 (1) identification of ownership of oil or gas wells,
25 producing properties, and tanks;

1 (2) the making and filing of acceptable well logs, 2 including bottom-hole temperatures, to facilitate the 3 discovery of potential geothermal energy sources, reports on 4 well locations, and the filing of directional surveys, if 5 made; however, logs of exploratory or wildcat wells need not 6 be filed for a period of 6 months following completion of 7 those wells;

(3) the drilling, casing, producing, and plugging of 8 wells and class II injection wells in such manner as to 9 prevent the escape of oil or gas out of one stratum into 10 another, the intrusion of water into oil or gas stratum, 11 blowouts, cavings, seepages, and fires and the pollution of 12 fresh water supplies by oil, gas, salt, or brackish water; 13 (4) the restoration of surface lands to their previous 14 grade and productive capability after a well is plugged or a 15 seismographic shot hole has been utilized and necessary 16 measures to prevent adverse hydrological effects from such 17 well or hole, unless the surface owner agrees in writing, 18 with the approval of the board or its representatives, to a 19 different plan of restoration; 20

(5) the furnishing of a reasonable bond with good and
sufficient surety, conditioned for performance of the duty
to properly plug each dry or abandoned well;

(6) proper gauging or other measuring of oil and gas
 produced and saved to determine the quantity and quality

1 thereof; and

(7) that every person who produces, transports, or 2 3 stores oil or gas or injects or disposes of salt water in 4 this state shall make available within this state for a period of 5 years complete and accurate records of the 5 quantities thereof, which records shall be available for 6 examination by the board or its employees at all reasonable 7 times, and that that person file with the board such reports 8 as it may prescribe with respect to quantities, 9 10 transportations, and storages of the oil or gas or salt water; and 11 (8) the installation, use, and maintenance of 12 monitoring equipment or methods in the operation of class II 13 injection wells." 14 Section 5. Section 82-11-141, MCA, is amended to read: 15 "82-11-141. Administrative procedure. (1) Unless 16 17 otherwise provided, the Montana Administrative Procedure Act applies to this chapter. 18 19 (2) An order or amendment thereof, except in an emergency, may not be made by the board without a public 20 hearing upon at least 10 days' notice. The public hearing 21 shall be held at such time and place as may be prescribed by 22 23 the board, and any interested person is entitled to be 24 heard. 25 (3) When an emergency requiring immediate action is

LC 0809/01

-9-

1 found to exist, the board may issue an emergency order 2 without advance notice or hearing which shall be effective 3 upon promulgation. An emergency order may not remain in 4 effect more-than-15-days beyond the next regular meeting of 5 the board.

(4) If notice is required by the chapter and the 6 7 Montana Administrative Procedure Act does not apply, the notice shall be made by publication in one or more issues of 8 9 a newspaper in general circulation in Helena and a newspaper 10 of general circulation in the county where the land or some 11 part thereon is situated, and the board may also cause 12 publication to be made in a trade journal or bulletin of 13 general circulation in the oil and gas industry in the 14 state.

(5) Proof of service by publication under subsection
(4) shall be made by the affidavit of the printer or
publisher of the newspaper, trade journal, or bulletin in
which the notice is published or by a foreman or principal
clerk of the newspaper, bulletin, or trade journal.

(6) Except as provided otherwise in this chapter, the board may act upon its own motion or upon the petition of an interested person. On the filing of a petition concerning a matter within the jurisdiction of the board, the board shall promptly fix a date for a hearing thereon and shall cause notice of the hearing to be given. The hearing shall be held without undue delay after the filing of the petition. The
 board shall enter its order within 30 days after the
 hearing."

Section 6. Section 82-11-142, MCA, is amended to read: 4 "82-11-142, Subpoena power -- civil actions. (1) If 5 6 the Montana Administrative Procedure Act does not apply, the 7 board may subpoena witnesses, administer oaths, and require the production of records, books, and documents for я 9 examination at any hearing or investigation conducted by it. Witnesses subpoenaed under this subsection shall be paid the 10 11 same per diem and mileage as is provided to be paid to witnesses attending the district courts of this state. 12

13 (2) This chapter, a suit by or against the board, a violation charged or asserted against a person under this 14 15 chapter, or a rule or order issued under this chapter does not impair, abridge, or delay a cause of action for damages 16 or other civil remedy which a person may have or assert 17 against a person violating this chapter or a rule or order 18 19 issued under it. A person so aggrieved by the violation may 20 sue for and recover such damages or relief as he otherwise 21 may be entitled to receive.

(3) A person, association, corporation, or agency of
the state or federal government may apply to the board
protesting a violation or a threatened violation of this
chapter. The board shall make an investigation and make a

#### -12-

written report to the person, association, corporation, or 1 agency that made the protest. If a violation is established 2 by the investigation of the board, the board shall take 3 appropriate enforcement action. If the board fails to take 4 appropriate enforcement action or to bring suit to enjoin a 5 violation-or threatened violation of this chapter or a rule 6 7 or order of the board within 10 days after receipt of written request to do so by a person who is or will be R adversely affected by-the-violation, the person making the 9 request may bring the suit in his own behalf to restrain the 10 violation-or threatened violation in a court in which the 11 12 board might have brought suit. The board shall be made a party defendant in the suit in addition to the person 13 violating--or threatening to violate this chapter or a rule 14 15 or order of the board, and the action shall proceed and injunctive relief may be granted without bond in the same 16 17 manner as if suit had been brought by the board.

+3+(4) If a person fails or refuses to comply with the 18 19 subpoena issued by the board or if a witness refuses to testify as to any material matter regarding which he may be 20 21 interrogated, any district court in the state, upon good cause shown by the application of the board, may issue a 22 warrant of attachment for the person and, if after hearing 23 the court finds his failure or refusal to be unjustified, 24 25 compel him to comply with the subpoena and to attend before

the board and produce any subpoenaed records, books, and 1 2 documents for examination and to give his testimony. The court may punish for contempt as in the case of disobedience to a like subpoena issued by the court or for refusal to testify therein." NEW SECTION. Section 7. Prohibited activity. (1) No 6

7 person may:

3

4

5

8 (a) cause pollution of any state waters or place or cause to be placed any liquid, gaseous, solid, or other 9 10 substance in a location where the substance is likely to 11 cause pollution of any state waters;

12 (b) violate any provision set forth in a permit or stipulation, including but not limited to limitations and 13 14 conditions contained in it;

(c) violate an order issued pursuant to this chapter; 15 16 OT.

17 (d) violate a provision of this chapter.

18 (2) No person may drill, construct, convert, or operate a class II injection well or drill an oil or gas 19 well or stratigraphic test well or core hole as described 20 under 82-11-134 without a valid permit or order from the 21 22 board.

23 NEW SECTION. Section 8. Legal assistance. When 24 requested by the board, the attorney general or the county attorneys within their respective counties shall perform 25

-14-

legal services and conduct legal proceedings necessary to
 carry out the purposes of this chapter. The board may also
 employ legal counsel to enforce this chapter and to conduct
 proceedings under it.

NEW SECTION. Section 9. Emergencies -- notice and 5 6 hearing. (1) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this 7 chapter, if the administrator or a board member finds that a 8 person is committing or about to commit an act in violation 9 of this chapter or any order or rule issued under it which, 10 if it occurs or continues, will cause substantial pollution, 11 the administrator under order of the board or the board 12 member is authorized to order the person to stop, avoid, or 13 moderate the act, including immediate closure or shutdown of 14 any well. This authority is limited to acts the harmful 15 effects of which will not be remedied immediately after the 16 commission or cessation of the act or will represent an 17 immediate threat to public health, safety, or welfare.

18 (2) When any emergency requiring immediate action is 19 found pursuant to subsection (1), the board is authorized to 20 issue an emergency order without notice or hearing, which is 21 effective upon issuance as provided in 82-11-141(3).

(3) The board may have written notice served,
personally or by mail, on the alleged violator or his agent.
The notice must state the provision alleged to be violated,
the facts alleged to constitute the violation, the nature of

-15-

corrective action the board requires, and the time within
 which the action is to be taken. For the purposes of this
 section, service by mail is complete on the date of mailing.
 (4) The notice must indicate that the order is an
 emergency order.

6 (5) Pursuant to 82-11-141(3), the board may consider
7 the emergency order at its next regular meeting, without
8 compliance with the notice requirements of this chapter if
9 they cannot be accomplished within the time available, and
10 enter a second emergency order.

(6) Upon issuing an order under subsection (2), the 11 board may fix a place and time for a hearing, not later than 12 5 days thereafter unless the person to whom the order is 13 directed requests a later time. The board may deny a request 14 for a later time if it finds that the person to whom the 15 order is directed is not complying with the order. If the 16 board considers it practicable, the hearing must be held in 17 the county where the violation is alleged to have occurred. 16 As soon as practicable after the hearing, the board shall 19 affirm, modify, or set aside the order. 20

21 (7) If the order of the board is affirmed, it must be 22 accompanied by a statement specifying the date or dates by 23 which a violation must cease and may prescribe timetables 24 for necessary action in preventing, abating, or controlling 25 the pollution. An action for review of the order of the

board may be initiated in the manner specified in 82-11-144.
 The initiation of such an action or taking of an appeal may
 not stay the effectiveness of the order unless the court
 finds that the board did not have reasonable cause to issue
 an order under this section.

6 Section 10. Section 82-11-147, MCA, is amended to 7 read:

8 "82-11-147. Violations. (1) Whenever---it---appears
9 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, if the
10 board finds upon receipt of evidence:

(a) that a person is violating or threatening to 11 12 violate this chapter or a rule or order of the board, the board shall may bring suit against that person in the 13 14 district court of any county where the violation occurs or is threatened to restrain the person from continuing the 15 16 violation or from carrying out the threat of violation; or (b) that a person is violating this chapter or a rule 17 18 or order of the board in a manner for which the board is authorized to institute proceedings pursuant to [section 19 20 11], the board may issue an order either assessing a civil penalty in the amount prescribed in [section 11], up to a 21 22 maximum administrative penalty of \$125,000, or requiring 23 compliance with this chapter or a rule or order, or both. 24 (2) In the a suit under (1)(a), the court may grant to the board, without bond or other undertaking, such 25

prohibitory and mandatory injunctions as the facts may
 warrant, including temporary restraining orders."

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 11. Civil penalties. (1) A
person is guilty of a misdemeanor and is subject to a civil
penalty of at least \$5,000 if that person violates any rule
or order of the board or a provision of this chapter. Each
day of violation constitutes a separate violation.

8 (2) Action under this section does not bar enforcement
9 of this chapter or of rules or orders issued under it by
10 injunction or other appropriate remedy.

11 (3) The board, or the attorney general upon request of 12 the board, shall institute and maintain any enforcement 13 proceedings in the name of the state.

14 Section 12. Section 82-11-148, MCA, is amended to 15 read:

"82-11-148. Penalties Criminal penalties. A person is 16 17 guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be subject to a fine of 18 not more than  $95_7000$  \$10,000 per day of violation or imprisonment in a county jail for a term not exceeding 6 19 months or to both the fine and imprisonment if that person 20 willfully violates any lawful rule or order of the board or 21 22 if that person, for the purpose of evading this chapter or any rule or order of the board, knowingly and willfully: 23 24 (1) makes or causes to be made a false entry or

25 statement in a report required by this chapter or by a rule

or order of the board or a false entry in a record, account,
 or memorandum required by this chapter or by a rule or
 order;

4 (2) omits or causes to be omitted from the record, 5 account, or memorandum full, true, and correct entries as 6 required by this chapter or by a rule or order; or

7 (3) removes from this state or destroys, mutilates,8 alters, or falsifies the record, account, or memorandum."

9 NEW SECTION. Section 13. Class II injection well 10 operating fee. (1) For the purpose of providing funds for 11 defraying the expenses of operating and enforcing the class 12 II injection well regulatory program, as defined by the federal environmental protection agency or any successor 13 14 agency, each operator of a class II injection well shall pay an annual operating fee not to exceed \$300 per injection 15 16 well.

17 (2) The department shall collect the operating fee at such time as the board may prescribe by rule. All money 18 19 collected under this section must be forwarded to the state 20 treasurer for deposit in the state special revenue fund and 21 must be used for the purpose prescribed in subsection (1). 22 (3) The board shall, by rule adopted pursuant to the 23 provisions of the Montana Administrative Procedure Act, fix the amount of the fee described in subsection (1) and may 24 25 from time to time reduce or increase the amount thereof as

the expenses chargeable against the state special revenue
 fund may require. However, the assessment fixed by the board
 may not exceed the limits prescribed in subsection (1). The
 amount of the fee must be expressed in dollars.

5 <u>NEW\_SECTION.</u> Section 14. Appropriation. There is 6 appropriated from the state special revenue fund to the 7 board of oil and gas conservation \$45,000 for fiscal year 8 1988 and \$280,000 for fiscal year 1989 for purposes of 9 administering this act.

10 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 15. Extension of authority. Any existing authority of the board of oil and gas conservation and the department of revenue to make rules on the subject of the provisions of this act is extended to the provisions of this act.

NEW SECTION. Section 16. Codification instruction.
Sections 3, 7 through 9, 11, and 13 are intended to be
codified as an integral part of Title 82, chapter 11, part
1, and the provisions of Title 82, chapter 11, part 1, apply
to sections 3, 7 through 9, 11, and 13.

20 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 17. Effective date. This act is
21 effective on passage and approval.

-End-

# STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE Form BD-15

In compliance with a written request, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for HB795, as introduced.

# DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

An Act to generally revise the oil and gas conservation laws to incorporate regulation of class II injection wells as defined by the federal Environmental Protection Agency; establishing an injection well operating fee; appropriating funds; and providing an immediate effective date.

# ASSUMPTIONS:

- 1. Revenue estimates are based on the user fee proposed in the bill; approximately 1300 disposal/injection wells would be subject to the user fee.
- 2. The expenditures estimated for administration of the program by the Board of Oil and Gas Conservation are based on a staff of one professional position, two full-time field inspector positions, and a secretarial support position. Equipment is also required for FY89.
- 3. Program costs for FY88 are based on the estimated increased operational expenses during the period of negotiation with EPA for state primacy. Program cost for FY89 is based on a full self-supported program.
- 4. Some EPA grant monies are available to primacy states, however, future funding and level of funding is unknown.
- 5. The UIC program is estimated to require about 30 to 35% additional funding above the Board's current level funding. The proposed fee system appears adequate to self-fund the program.

FISCAL IMPACT	:				FY88	_					FY89		
		Curren	t Law	Pro	posed Law	Di	fference	Curren	nt Law	Pro	posed Law	Di	fference
Expenditures:													
Personal Serv	ices	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	102,600	\$	102,600
Operating Exp	enses		0		45,000		45,000		0		130,400		130,400
Equipment			0		0		0		0	-	47,000		47,000
	TOTAL	\$	0	\$	45,000	\$	45,000	\$	0	\$	280,000	\$	280,000
Revenue:													
A		\$	0	\$	45,000	\$	45,000	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
В			· 0		0		0		0 -		225,000		225,000
С			0		0		0		0		<u>55,000</u>		55,000
	TOTAL	\$	0	\$	45,000	\$	45,000	\$	Ō	\$	280,000	\$	280,000

A = 750	active injection	wells X \$60 each
		wells X \$300 each
hacksim c = 550	inagtive injectio	on wells X \$100 each
(), () /	11 +	alaulan
David ho	Hun en I	DATE 2/24/87

DAVID L. HUNTER, BUDGET DIRECTOR / Office of Budget and Program Planning

DATE 2-25-87 BOB GILBERT, PRIMARY SPONSOR

Fiscal Note for \_\_\_\_\_ HB795, as introduced.

#### 50th Legislature

-

#### HB 0795/si

#### APPROVED BY COMM. ON NATURAL RESOURCES

1	STATEMENT OF INTENT
2	HOUSE BILL 795
3	House Natural Resources Committee
4	

5 It is the intent of the legislature that the board of oil and gas conservation adopt rules necessary to regulate 6 7 class II injection wells under the provisions of this act. These rules must establish an enforceable program meeting 8 9 the requirements of the environmental protection agency for state administration of an underground injection control 10 11 program and ensuring compliance with state water quality 12 laws.

> SECOND READING HB-795



,

# HB 0795/02

.

1	HOUSE BILL NO. 795	1 (a) that have been brought to the surface	1	ace in
2	INTRODUCED BY GILBERT, RAMIREZ, IVERSON, SPAETH,	2 connection with oil or natural gas production;	2	
3	MENKE, WEEDING, KOLSTAD, ABRAMS	3 (b) for purposes of enhancing the ultimate recovery	3	very of
4	· ·	4 oil or natural gas; or	4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO GENERALLY REVISE THE	5 (c) for purposes of storing liquid hydrocarbons.	5	
6	OIL AND GAS CONSERVATION LAWS TO INCORPORATE REGULATION OF	6 +2+(4) "Department" means the department of natur	6	- natural
7	CLASS II INJECTION WELLS AS DEFINED BY THE FEDERAL	7 resources and conservation provided for in Title 2, chapt	7	
8	ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY; ESTABLISHING AN INJECTION	8 15, part 33.	8	-
9	WELL OPERATING FEE; APPROPRIATING FUNDS; AMENDING SECTIONS	9 <del>(3)(5)</del> "Determinations" means those decisio	9	cisions
10	82-11-101, 82-11-111, 82-11-123, 82-11-141, 82-11-142,	10 delegated to the state by or under authority of the Natur	10	Natural
11	82-11-147, AND 82-11-148, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE	11 Gas Policy Not of 1070 -	11	similar
12	EFFECTIVE DATE."	12 legislation relating to oil and gas.	12	
13		13 (4)(6) "Enhanced recovery" means the increas	13	reased
14	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:	14 recovery from a pool achieved by artificial means or by t	14	by the
15	Section 1. Section 82-11-101, MCA, is amended to read:	15 application of energy extrinsic to the pool; such artifici	15	
16	"82-11-101. Definitions. As used in this chapter,	16 means or application includes pressuring, cycling, pressu	16	
17	unless the context requires otherwise, the following	17 maintenance, or injection into the pool of any substance	17	
18	definitions apply:	18 form of energy as is contemplated in secondary recovery a	18	
19	(1) "Administrator" means the administrator of the	19 tertiary programs but does not include the injection in	19	
20	division of oil and gas conservation.	20 well of a substance or form of energy for the sole purpos	20	
21	(2) "Board" means the board of oil and gas	21 of aiding in the lifting of fluids in the	21	
22	conservation provided for in 2-15-3303.	22 stimulating of the reservoir at or near the well b	22	
23	(3) "Class II injection well" means a well, as defined	23 mechanical, chemical, thermal, or explosive means.	23	_
24	by the federal environmental protection agency or any	24 $+57(7)$ "Field" means the general area underlaid by or	24	by one
25	successor agency, that injects fluids:	25 or more pools.	25	



HB 795

-2-

(8) "FLUID" MEANS ANY MATERIAL OR SUBSTANCE THAT FLOWS
OR MOVES, WHETHER IN A SEMISOLID, LIQUID, SLUDGE, GAS, OR
ANY OTHER FORM OR STATE.
<pre>f6+f8+(9) "Gas" means all natural gases and all other</pre>
fluid hydrocarbons as produced at the wellhead and not
defined as oil in subsection $(7)$ $(10)$ of this section.
<del>(7)<u>(9)(10)</u> "Oil" means crude petroleum oil and other</del>
hydrocarbons regardless of gravity which are produced at the
wellhead in liquid form by ordinary production methods and

9 wellhead in liquid form by ordinary production methods and 10 which are not the result of condensation of gas before or 11 after it leaves the reservoir.

12 (0)(11) "Owner" means the person who has the right 13 to drill into and produce from a pool and to appropriate the 14 oil or gas he produces therefrom either for himself or 15 others or for himself and others, and the term includes all 16 persons holding such authority by or through him.

17 (9)(11)(12) "Person" means any natural person, 18 corporation, association, partnership, receiver, trustee, 19 executor, administrator, guardian, fiduciary, or other 20 representative of any kind and includes any agency or 21 instrumentality of the state or any governmental subdivision 22 thereof.

23 <u>fi2;(13)</u> "Pollution" means contamination or other
 24 alteration of the physical, chemical, or biological
 25 properties of any state waters that exceeds that permitted

-3-

1	by STATE WATER QUALITY STANDARDS OR standards adopted by the
2	board, including but not limited to the disposal, discharge,
3	seepage, drainage, infiltration, flow, or injection of any
4	liquid, gaseous, solid, or other substance into any state
5	waters that will or is likely to create a nuisance or render
6	the waters harmful, detrimental, or injurious to public
7	health, recreation, safety, welfare, livestock, wild
8	animals, birds, fish, or other wildlife. A disposal,
9	discharge, seepage, drainage, infiltration, flow, or
10	injection of fluid that is authorized under a rule, permit,
11	or order of the board is not pollution under this chapter.
12	(18) <u>(13)(14)</u> "Pool" means an underground reservoir
13	containing a common accumulation of oil or gas or both; each
14	zone of a structure which is completely separated from any
15	other zone in the same structure is a pool, as that term is
16	used in this chapter.
17.	<del>{11},<u>{14</u>,(15)</del> "Producer" means the owner of a well or
18	wells capable of producing oil or gas or both.
19	(15)(16) "State waters" means any body of water, either
20	surface or underground.
21	<del>(12)<u>(</u>16)</del> (17) "Waste" means:
22	
23	understood in the oil and gas industry;
24	(b) the inefficient, excessive, or improper use of or
	is a substance, excessive, or improper use of or

25 the unnecessary dissipation of reservoir energy;

- 4 -

HB 0795/02

HB 795

(c) the location, spacing, drilling, equipping, 1 operating, or producing of any oil or gas well or wells in a 2 manner which causes or tends to cause reduction in the 3 quantity of oil or gas ultimately recoverable from a pool 4 under prudent and proper operations or which causes or tends 5 cause unnecessary or excessive surface loss or to 6 destruction of oil or gas; and 7

(d) the inefficient storing of oil or gas. (The 8 production of oil or gas from any pool or by any well to the 9 full extent that the well or pool can be produced in 10 accordance with methods designed to result in maximum 11 ultimate recovery, as determined by the board, is not waste 12 within the meaning of this definition.)" 13

Section 2. Section 82-11-111, MCA, is amended to read: 14 "82-11-111. Powers and duties of board. (1) The board 15 shall make such investigations as it considers proper to 16 determine whether waste exists or is imminent or whether 17 other facts exist which justify any action by the board 18 under the authority granted by this chapter with respect 19 20 thereto.

(2) Subject to the administrative control of the 21 department under 2-15-121, the board shall: 22

(a) require measures to be taken to prevent 23 contamination of or damage to surrounding land or 24 underground strata caused by drilling operations and 25

-5-

production, including but not limited to regulating the 1 disposal or injection of salt water and disposal of oil 2 3 field wastes:

(b) classify wells as oil or gas wells or class II 4 5 injection wells for purposes material to the interpretation 6 or enforcement of this chapter;

(c) adopt and enforce rules and orders to effectuate 7 8 the purposes and the intent of this chapter.

9 (3) The board shall determine and prescribe what 10 producing wells shall be defined as "stripper wells" and what wells shall be defined as "wildcat wells" and make such 11 12 orders as in its judgment are required to protect those wells and provide that stripper wells may be produced to 13 14 capacity if it is considered necessary in the interest of 15 conservation to do so.

16 (4) With respect to any pool from which gas was being produced by a gas well on or prior to April 1, 1953, this 17 18 chapter does not authorize the board to limit or restrain 19 the rate (daily or otherwise) of production of gas from that pool by any well then or thereafter drilled and producing 20 21 from that pool to less than the rate at which the well can be produced without adversely affecting the quantity of gas 22 23 ultimately recoverable by the well.

(5) The board has exclusive jurisdiction over all 24

class II injection wells and all pits and ponds in relation 25

-6-

HB 795

HB 795

1	to those injection wells. The board may:
2	(a) issue, suspend, revoke, modify, or deny permits to
3	operate class II injection wells, consistent with rules made
4	by it;
5	(b) examine plans and other information needed to
6	determine whether a permit should be issued or require
7	changes in plans as a condition to the issuance of a permit;
8	(c) clearly specify in a permit any limitations
9	imposed as to the volume and characteristics of the fluids
10	to be injected and the operation of the well;
11	(d) authorize its staff to enter upon any public or
12	private property at reasonable times to:
13	(i) investigate conditions relating to violations of
14	permit conditions;
15	(ii) have access to and copy records required under
16	this chapter;
17	(iii) inspect monitoring equipment or methods; and
18	(iv) sample fluids which the operator is required to
19	sample; and
20	(e) adopt standards for the design, construction,
21	testing, and operation of class II injection wells."
22	NEW SECTION. Section 3. Confidentiality of records.
23	(1) Any information that is furnished to the board or the
24	board's staff or that is obtained by either of them is a
25	matter of public record and open to public use. However, any

-7-

information unique to the owner or operator that would, if
 disclosed, reveal methods or processes entitled to
 protection as trade secrets must be maintained as
 confidential if so determined by the board.

(2) If an owner or operator disagrees with a 5 determination by the board that certain material will not be 6 maintained as confidential, the owner or operator may file a 7 declaratory judgment action in a court of competent 8 9 jurisdiction to establish the existence of a trade secret if he wishes such information to enjoy confidential status. The 10 department must be served in any such action and may 11 12 intervene as a party.

13 (3) Any information not intended to be public when
14 submitted to the board or the board's staff must be
15 submitted in writing and clearly marked as confidential.

16 (4) Data describing physical and chemical
17 characteristics of a liquid, gaseous, solid, or other
18 substance injected or discharged into state waters may not
19 be considered confidential.

(5) The board may use any information in compiling or
publishing analyses or summaries relating to water pollution
if such analyses or summaries do not identify the owner or
operator or reveal any information that is otherwise made
confidential by this section.

25 Section 4. Section 82-11-123, MCA, is amended to read:

~8-

HB 795

"82-11-123. Requirements for oil and gas operations.
 Subject to the administrative control of the department
 under 2-15-121, the board shall require:

4 (1) identification of ownership of oil or gas wells,
5 producing properties, and tanks;

6 (2) the making and filing of acceptable well logs, 7 including bottom-hole temperatures, to facilitate the 8 discovery of potential geothermal energy sources, reports on 9 well locations, and the filing of directional surveys, if 10 made; however, logs of exploratory or wildcat wells need not 11 be filed for a period of 6 months following completion of 12 those wells;

(3) the drilling, casing, producing, and plugging of 13 wells and class II injection wells in such manner as to 14 prevent the escape of oil or gas out of one stratum into 15 another, the intrusion of water into oil or gas stratum, 16 blowouts, cavings, seepages, and fires and the pollution of 17 fresh water supplies by oil, gas, salt, or brackish water; 18 (4) the restoration of surface lands to their previous 19 grade and productive capability after a well is plugged or a 20 21 seismographic shot hole has been utilized and necessary measures to prevent adverse hydrological effects from such 22 well or hole, unless the surface owner agrees in writing, 23 w the approval of the board or its representatives, to a 24 25 different plan of restoration;

1 (5) the furnishing of a reasonable bond with good and 2 sufficient surety, conditioned for performance of the duty 3 to properly plug each dry or abandoned well;

4 (6) proper gauging or other measuring of oil and gas
5 produced and saved to determine the quantity and quality
6 thereof; and

7 (7) that every person who produces, transports, or stores oil or gas or injects or disposes of salt water in 8 this state shall make available within this state for a 9 period of 5 years complete and accurate records of the 10 quantities thereof, which records shall be available for 11 examination by the board or its employees at all reasonable 12 times, and that that person file with the board such reports 13 as it may prescribe with respect to quantities, 14 15 transportations, and storages of the oil or gas or salt 16 water; and

17 (8) the installation, use, and maintenance of
18 monitoring equipment or methods in the operation of class II
19 injection wells."
20 Section 5. Section 82-11-141, MCA, is amended to read:
21 "82-11-141. Administrative procedure. (1) Unless
22 otherwise provided, the Montana Administrative Decision

22 otherwise provided, the Montana Administrative Procedure Act 23 applies to this chapter.

24 (2) An order or amendment thereof, except in an25 emergency, may not be made by the board without a public

-10-

-9-

HB 795

HB 795

hearing upon at least 10 days' notice. The public hearing
 shall be held at such time and place as may be prescribed by
 the board, and any interested person is entitled to be
 heard.

5 (3) When an emergency requiring immediate action is 6 found to exist, the board may issue an emergency order 7 without advance notice or hearing which shall be effective 8 upon promulgation. An emergency order may not remain in 9 effect more-than-15-days beyond the next regular meeting of 10 the board.

(4) If notice is required by the chapter and the 11 12 Montana Administrative Procedure Act does not apply, the notice shall be made by publication in one or more issues of 13 a newspaper in general circulation in Helena and a newspaper 14 of general circulation in the county where the land or some 15 part thereon is situated, and the board may also cause 16 17 publication to be made in a trade journal or bulletin of 18 general circulation in the oil and gas industry in the 19 state.

(5) Proof of service by publication under subsection
(4) shall be made by the affidavit of the printer or
publisher of the newspaper, trade journal, or bulletin in
which the notice is published or by a foreman or principal
clerk of the newspaper, bulletin, or trade journal.

25 (6) Except as provided otherwise in this chapter, the

 $\mathbf{a}$ 

-11-

HB 795

1 board may act upon its own motion or upon the petition of an 2 interested person. On the filing of a petition concerning a 3 matter within the jurisdiction of the board, the board shall 4 promptly fix a date for a hearing thereon and shall cause 5 notice of the hearing to be given. The hearing shall be held 6 without undue delay after the filing of the petition. The board shall enter its order within 30 days after the 7 hearing." 8

Section 6. Section 82-11-142, MCA, is amended to read: 9 10 "82-11-142. Subpoena power -- civil actions. (1) If the Montana Administrative Procedure Act does not apply, the 11 12 board may subpoena witnesses, administer oaths, and require the production of records, books, and documents for 13 examination at any hearing or investigation conducted by it. 14 15 Witnesses subpoenaed under this subsection shall be paid the same per diem and mileage as is provided to be paid to 16 witnesses attending the district courts of this state. 17

18 (2) This chapter, a suit by or against the board, a violation charged or asserted against a person under this 19 20 chapter, or a rule or order issued under this chapter does not impair, abridge, or delay a cause of action for damages 21 or other civil remedy which a person may have or assert 22 against a person violating this chapter or a rule or order 23 issued under it. A person so aggrieved by the violation may 24 sue for and recover such damages or relief as he otherwise 25

-12-

HB 0795/02

HB 795

1 may be entitled to receive. (3) A person, association, corporation, or agency of 2 3 the state or federal government may apply to the board 4 protesting a violation or a threatened violation of this 5 chapter. The board shall make an investigation and make a 6 written report to the person, association, corporation, or 7 agency that made the protest. If a violation is established 8 by the investigation of the board, the board shall take 9 appropriate enforcement action. If the board fails to take 10 appropriate enforcement action or to bring suit to enjoin a 11 violation--or threatened violation of this chapter or a rule 12 or order of the board within 10 days after receipt of 13 written request to do so by a person who is or will be adversely affected by-the-violation, the person making the 14 15 request may bring the suit in his own behalf to restrain the 16 violation--or threatened violation in a court in which the 17 board might have brought suit. The board shall be made a 18 party defendant in the suit in addition to the person 19 violating-or threatening to violate this chapter or a rule or order of the board, and the action shall proceed and 20 21 injunctive relief may be granted without bond in the same 22 manner as if suit had been brought by the board.

23 (3)(4) If a person fails or refuses to comply with the 24 subpoena issued by the board or if a witness refuses to 25 testify as to any material matter regarding which he may be

- interrogated, any district court in the state, upon good 1 2 cause shown by the application of the board, may issue a 3 warrant of attachment for the person and, if after hearing 4 the court finds his failure or refusal to be unjustified, compel him to comply with the subpoena and to attend before 5 6 the board and produce any subpoenaed records, books, and 7 documents for examination and to give his testimony. The 8 court may punish for contempt as in the case of disobedience 9 to a like subpoena issued by the court or for refusal to 10 testify therein." 11 NEW SECTION. Section 7. Prohibited activity. (1) No 12 person may: 13 (a) cause pollution of any state waters or place or 14 cause to be placed any liquid, gaseous, solid, or other substance in a location where the substance is likely to 15 16 cause pollution of any state waters: (b) violate any provision set forth in a permit or 17 stipulation, including but not limited to limitations and 18 19 conditions contained in it: 20 (c) violate an order issued pursuant to this chapter;

21 or

22 (d) violate a provision of this chapter.

(2) No person may drill, construct, convert, or
operate a class II injection well or drill an oil or gas
well or stratigraphic test well or core hole as described

-14-

-13-

HB 795

1 under 82-11-134 without a valid permit or order from the 2 board.

NEW SECTION. Section 8. Legal 3 assistance. When 4 requested by the board, the attorney general or the county attorneys within their respective counties shall perform 5 6 legal services and conduct legal proceedings necessary to 7 carry out the purposes of this chapter. The board may also 8 employ legal counsel to enforce this chapter and to conduct 9 proceedings under it.

10 NEW SECTION. Section 9. Emergencies -- notice and 11 hearing. (1) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, if the administrator or a board member finds that a 12 13 person is committing or about to commit an act in violation of this chapter or any order or rule issued under it which, 14 15 if it occurs or continues, will cause substantial pollution, the administrator under order of the board or the board 16 17 member is authorized to order the person to stop, avoid, or 18 moderate the act, including immediate closure or shutdown of 19 any well. This authority is limited to acts the harmful 20 effects of which will not be remedied immediately after the 21 commission or cessation of the act or will represent an 22 immediate threat to public health, safety, or welfare.

(2) When any emergency requiring immediate action is
found pursuant to subsection (1), the board is authorized to
issue an emergency order without notice or hearing, which is

-15-

1 effective upon issuance as provided in 82-11-141(3).

2 (3) The board may have written notice served, 3 personally or by mail, on the alleged violator or his agent. 4 The notice must state the provision alleged to be violated, 5 the facts alleged to constitute the violation, the nature of 6 corrective action the board requires, and the time within 7 which the action is to be taken. For the purposes of this 8 section, service by mail is complete on the date of mailing.

9 (4) The notice must indicate that the order is an10 emergency order.

11 (5) Pursuant to 82-11-141(3), the board may consider 12 the emergency order at its next regular meeting, without 13 compliance with the notice requirements of this chapter if 14 they cannot be accomplished within the time available, and 15 enter a second emergency order.

(6) Upon issuing an order under subsection (2), the 16 17 board may fix a place and time for a hearing, not later than 5 days thereafter unless the person to whom the order is 18 directed requests a later time. The board may deny a request 19 for a later time if it finds that the person to whom the 20 order is directed is not complying with the order. If the 21 22 board considers it practicable, the hearing must be held in 23 the county where the violation is alleged to have occurred. 24 As soon as practicable after the hearing, the board shall 25 affirm, modify, or set aside the order.

-16-

HB 795

1

2

(7) If the order of the board is affirmed, it must be 1 accompanied by a statement specifying the date or dates by 2 which a violation must cease and may prescribe timetables 3 for necessary action in preventing, abating, or controlling 4 the pollution. An action for review of the order of the 5 board may be initiated in the manner specified in 82-11-144. 6 The initiation of such an action or taking of an appeal may 7 not stay the effectiveness of the order unless the court 8 finds that the board did not have reasonable cause to issue 9 an order under this section. 10

11 Section 10. Section 82-11-147, MCA, is amended to 12 read:

13 "82-11-147. Violations. (1) Whenever---it--appears
 14 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, if the
 15 board finds upon receipt of evidence:

(a) that a person is violating or threatening to 16 violate this chapter or a rule or order of the board, the 17 board shall may bring suit against that person in the 18 district court of any county where the violation occurs or 19 is threatened to restrain the person from continuing the 20 violation or from carrying out the threat of violation;; or 21 (b) that a person is violating this chapter or a rule 22 or order of the board in a manner for which the board is 23 24 aut prized to institute proceedings pursuant to (section 11, the board may issue an order either assessing a civil 25

compliance with this chapter or a rule or order, or both. 3 (2) In the a suit under (1)(a), the court may grant to 4 the board, without bond or other undertaking, 5 such prohibitory and mandatory injunctions as the facts may 6 7 warrant, including temporary restraining orders." NEW SECTION. Section 11. Civil penalties. 8 (1) A 9 person is guilty of a misdemeanor and is subject to a civil 10 penalty of at least \$5,000 if that person violates any rule 11 or order of the board or a provision of this chapter. Each 12 day of violation constitutes a separate violation. 13 (2) Action under this section does not bar enforcement 14 of this chapter or of rules or orders issued under it by

penalty in the amount prescribed in [section 11], up to a

maximum administrative penalty of \$125,000, or requiring

15 injunction or other appropriate remedy.

16 (3) The board, or the attorney general upon request of
17 the board, shall institute and maintain any enforcement
18 proceedings in the name of the state.

19 Section 12. Section 82-11-148, MCA, is amended to 20 read:

21 "82-11-148. Penalties <u>Criminal penalties</u>. A person is 22 guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be subject to a fine of 23 not more than \$57000 <u>\$10,000 per day of violation</u> or 24 imprisonment in a county jail for a term not exceeding 6 25 months or to both the fine and imprisonment if that person

-18-

HB 795

1

2

З

4

5

6

7

willfully violates any lawful rule or order of the board or
 if that person, for the purpose of evading this chapter or
 any rule or order of the board, knowingly and willfully:

4 (1) makes or causes to be made a false entry or 5 statement in a report required by this chapter or by a rule 6 or order of the board or a false entry in a record, account, 7 or memorandum required by this chapter or by a rule or 8 order;

9 (2) omits or causes to be omitted from the record,
10 account, or memorandum full, true, and correct entries as
11 required by this chapter or by a rule or order; or

12 (3) removes from this state or destroys, mutilates,13 alters, or falsifies the record, account, or memorandum."

NEW SECTION. Section 13. Class II injection well 14 15 operating fee. (1) For the purpose of providing funds for 16 defraying the expenses of operating and enforcing the class 17 II injection well regulatory program, as defined by the 18 federal environmental protection agency or any successor 19 agency, each operator of a class II injection well shall MAY 20 BE REQUIRED TO pay an annual operating fee not to exceed 21 \$300 per injection well.

(2) The department shall collect the operating fee at
such time as the board may prescribe by rule. All money
collected under this section must be forwarded to the state
treasurer for deposit in the state special revenue fund and

-19-

must be used for the purpose prescribed in subsection (1). (3) The board shall, by rule adopted pursuant to the provisions of the Montana Administrative Procedure Act, fix the amount of the fee described in subsection (1) and may from time to time reduce or increase the amount thereof as the expenses chargeable against the state special revenue fund may require. However, the assessment fixed by the board

8 may not exceed the limits prescribed in subsection (1). The 9 amount of the fee must be expressed in dollars.

10 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 14. Appropriation. There is appropriated from the state special revenue fund to the board of oil and gas conservation \$45,000 for fiscal year 13 1988 and \$280,000 for fiscal year 1989 for purposes of administering this act.

15 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 15. Extension of authority. Any 16 existing authority of the board of oil and gas conservation 17 and the department of revenue to make rules on the subject 18 of the provisions of this act is extended to the provisions 19 of this act.

20 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 16. Codification instruction. 21 Sections 3, 7 through 9, 11, and 13 are intended to be 22 codified as an integral part of Title 82, chapter 11, part 23 1, and the provisions of Title 82, chapter 11, part 1, apply 24 to sections 3, 7 through 9, 11, and 13.

25 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 17. Effective date. This act is

-20-

.

· · ·

1 effective on passage and approval.

\*

s

-End-

-21- HB 795

1 HOUSE BILL NO. 795 2 INTRODUCED BY GILBERT, RAMIREZ, IVERSON, SPAETH, 3 MENKE, WEEDING, KOLSTAD, ABRAMS 4 A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO GENERALLY REVISE THE 5 OIL AND GAS CONSERVATION LAWS TO INCORPORATE REGULATION OF 6 7 CLASS II INJECTION WELLS AS DEFINED BY THE FEDERAL 8 ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY; ESTABLISHING AN INJECTION 9 WELL OPERATING FEE; APPROPRIATING FUNDS; AMENDING SECTIONS 10 82-11-101, 82-11-111, 82-11-123, 82-11-141, 82-11-142, 11 82-11-147, AND 82-11-148, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE 12 EFFECTIVE DATE." 13 14 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA: 15 Section 1. Section 82-11-101, MCA, is amended to read: 16 "82-11-101. Definitions. As used in this chapter, 17 unless the context requires otherwise, the following 18 definitions apply: (1) "Administrator" means the administrator of the 19 20 division of oil and gas conservation. 21 (2) "Board" means the board of oil and gas 22 conservation provided for in 2-15-3303. 23 (3) "Class II injection well" means a well, as defined 24 by the federal environmental protection agency or any successor agency, that injects fluids: 25



THERE ARE NO CHANGES ON HB-795 AND WILL NOT BE REPRINTED. PLEASE REFER TO SECOND READING (YELLOW) FOR COMPLETE TEXT.

-2-

HB 795 THIRD READING

## HB 0795/si

1	STATEMENT OF INTENT
2	HOUSE BILL 795
3	House Natural Resources Committee
4	
5	It is the intent of the legislature that the board of

6 oil and gas conservation adopt rules necessary to regulate 7 class II injection wells under the provisions of this act. 8 These rules must establish an enforceable program meeting 9 the requirements of the environmental protection agency for 10 state administration of an underground injection control 11 program and ensuring compliance with state water quality 12 laws.

tanà Legislative Council

REFERENCE BILL

HB-795

•

# HB 0795/02

# HB 0795/02

		1	
1	HOUSE BILL NO. 795		(a) that have been brought to the surface in
2	INTRODUCED BY GILBERT, RAMIREZ, IVERSON, SPAETH,	2	connection with oil or natural gas production;
3	MENKE, WEEDING, KOLSTAD, ABRAMS	3	(b) for purposes of enhancing the ultimate recovery of
4		4	<u>cil or natural gas; or</u>
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO GENERALLY REVISE THE	5	(c) for purposes of storing liquid hydrocarbons.
6	OIL AND GAS CONSERVATION LAWS TO INCORPORATE REGULATION OF	6	$\{2\}$ "Department" means the department of natural
7	CLASS II INJECTION WELLS AS DEFINED BY THE FEDERAL	7	resources and conservation provided for in Title 2, chapter
8	ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY; ESTABLISHING AN INJECTION	8	15, part 33.
9	WELL OPERATING FEE; APPROPRIATING FUNDS; AMENDING SECTIONS	9	(3) "Determinations" means those decisions
10	82-11-101, 82-11-111, 82-11-123, 82-11-141, 82-11-142,	10	delegated to the state by or under authority of the Natural
11	82-11-147, AND 82-11-148, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE	11	Gas Policy Act of 1978 or any successor or similar
12	EFFECTIVE DATE."	12	legislation relating to oil and gas.
13		13	<pre>t4)[6] "Enhanced recovery" means the increased</pre>
14	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:	14	recovery from a pool achieved by artificial means or by the
15	Section 1. Section 82-11-101, MCA, is amended to read:	15	application of energy extrinsic to the pool; such artificial
16	"82-11-101. Definitions. As used in this chapter,	16	means or application includes pressuring, cycling, pressure
17	unless the context requires otherwise, the following	17	maintenance, or injection into the pool of any substance or
18	definitions apply:	18	form of energy as is contemplated in secondary recovery and
19	(1) "Administrator" means the administrator of the	19	tertiary programs but does not include the injection in a
20	division of oil and gas conservation.	20	well of a substance or form of energy for the sole purpose
21	(2) "Board" means the board of oil and gas	21	of aiding in the lifting of fluids in the well or
22	conservation provided for in 2-15-3303.	22	stimulating of the reservoir at or near the well by
23	(3) "Class II injection well" means a well, as defined	23	mechanical, chemical, thermal, or explosive means.
24	by the federal environmental protection agency or any	24	<pre>f5;[7] "Field" means the general area underlaid by one</pre>
25	successor agency, that injects fluids:	25	or more pools.
	A.		-2- HD 765

Contana Legislative Council

HB 7**95** 

HB 795

1	(8) "FLUID" MEANS ANY MATERIAL OR SUBSTANCE THAT FLOWS
2	OR MOVES, WHETHER IN A SEMISOLID, LIQUID, SLUDGE, GAS, OR
3	ANY OTHER FORM OR STATE.

4 (6)(8)(9) "Gas" means all natural gases and all other 5 fluid hydrocarbons as produced at the wellhead and not 6 defined as oil in subsection (7) (9) (10) of this section. 7 f7)f9f(10) "Oil" means crude petroleum oil and other 8 hydrocarbons regardless of gravity which are produced at the 9 wellhead in liquid form by ordinary production methods and 10 which are not the result of condensation of gas before or 11 after it leaves the reservoir.

12 (8)(11) "Owner" means the person who has the right 13 to drill into and produce from a pool and to appropriate the 14 oil or gas he produces therefrom either for himself or 15 others or for himself and others, and the term includes all 16 persons holding such authority by or through him.

17 (9)(11)(12) "Person" means any natural person, 18 corporation, association, partnership, receiver, trustee, 19 executor, administrator, guardian, fiduciary, or other 20 representative of any kind and includes any agency or 21 instrumentality of the state or any governmental subdivision 22 thereof.

<u>ft2}(13) "Pollution" means contamination or other</u>
 <u>alteration of the physical, chemical, or biological</u>
 <u>properties of any state waters that exceeds that permitted</u>

-3-

by STATE WATER QUALITY STANDARDS OR standards adopted by the 1 2 board, including but not limited to the disposal, discharge, seepage, drainage, infiltration, flow, or injection of any 3 liquid, gaseous, solid, or other substance into any state 4 waters that will or is likely to create a nuisance or render 5. the waters harmful, detrimental, or injurious to public 6 7 health, recreation, safety, welfare, livestock, wild 8 animals, birds, fish, or other wildlife. A disposal, 9 discharge, seepage, drainage, infiltration, flow, or 10 injection of fluid that is authorized under a rule, permit, 11 or order of the board is not pollution under this chapter. 12 tt0;<u>ft3;(14)</u> "Pool" means an underground reservoir 13 containing a common accumulation of oil or gas or both; each 14 zone of a structure which is completely separated from any 15 other zone in the same structure is a pool, as that term is 16 used in this chapter. 17. til(15) "Producer" means the owner of a well or 18 wells capable of producing oil or gas or both. 19 (15)(16) "State waters" means any body of water, either 20 surface or underground. 21 f12;f16;(17) "Waste" means: (a) physical waste, as that term is generally 22 23 understood in the oil and gas industry;

(b) the inefficient, excessive, or improper use of or
 the unnecessary dissipation of reservoir energy;

-4-

1 (c) the location, spacing, drilling, equipping, 2 operating, or producing of any oil or gas well or wells in a 3 manner which causes or tends to cause reduction in the 4 quantity of oil or gas ultimately recoverable from a pool 5 under prudent and proper operations or which causes or tends 6 to cause unnecessary or excessive surface loss or 7 destruction of oil or gas; and

8 (d) the inefficient storing of oil or gas. (The 9 production of oil or gas from any pool or by any well to the 10 full extent that the well or pool can be produced in 11 accordance with methods designed to result in maximum 12 ultimate recovery, as determined by the board, is not waste 13 within the meaning of this definition.)"

14 Section 2. Section 82-11-111, MCA, is amended to read: 15 "82-11-111. Powers and duties of board. (1) The board 16 shall make such investigations as it considers proper to 17 determine whether waste exists or is imminent or whether 18 other facts exist which justify any action by the board 19 under the authority granted by this chapter with respect 20 thereto.

(2) Subject to the administrative control of the
 department under 2-15-121, the board shall:

(a) require measures to be taken to prevent
 contamination of or damage to surrounding land or
 underground strata caused by drilling operations and

production, including but not limited to regulating the
 disposal or injection of saft water and <u>disposal of</u> oil
 field wastes;

4 (b) classify wells as oil or gas wells or class II
5 <u>injection wells</u> for purposes material to the interpretation
6 or enforcement of this chapter;

7 (c) adopt and enforce rules and orders to effectuate8 the purposes and the intent of this chapter.

9 (3) The board shall determine and prescribe what 10 producing wells shall be defined as "stripper wells" and 11 what wells shall be defined as "wildcat wells" and make such 12 orders as in its judgment are required to protect those 13 wells and provide that stripper wells may be produced to 14 capacity if it is considered necessary in the interest of 15 conservation to do so.

(4) With respect to any pool from which gas was being 16 produced by a gas well on or prior to April 1, 1953, this 17 chapter does not authorize the board to limit or restrain 18 the rate (daily or otherwise) of production of gas from that 19 pool by any well then or thereafter drilled and producing 20 from that pool to less than the rate at which the well can 21 be produced without adversely affecting the quantity of gas 22 ultimately recoverable by the well. 23

24 (5) The board has exclusive jurisdiction over all
 25 class II injection wells and all pits and ponds in relation

-5-

HB 795

-6-

1	to those injection wells. The board may:
2	(a) issue, suspend, revoke, modify, or deny permits to
3	operate class II injection wells, consistent with rules made
4	by_it;
5	(b) examine plans and other information needed to
6	determine whether a permit should be issued or require
7	changes in plans as a condition to the issuance of a permit;
8	(c) clearly specify in a permit any lim cations
9	imposed as to the volume and characteristics of the fluids
10	to be injected and the operation of the well;
11	(d) authorize its staff to enter upon any public or
12	private property at reasonable times to:
13	(i) investigate conditions relating to violations of
14	permit conditions;
15	(ii) have access to and copy records required under
16	this chapter;
17	(iii) inspect monitoring equipment or methods; and
18	(iv) sample fluids which the operator is required to
19	sample; and
20	(e) adopt standards for the design, construction,
21	testing, and operation of class II injection wells."
22	NEW SECTION. Section 3. Confidentiality of records.
23	(1) Any information that is furnished to the board or the
24	board's staff or that is obtained by either of them is a
25	matter of public record and open to public use. However, any

-7-

HB 795

information unique to the owner or operator that would, if
 disclosed, reveal methods or processes entitled to
 protection as trade secrets must be maintained as
 confidential if so determined by the board.

5 (2) If an owner or operator disagrees with a 6 determination by the board that certain material will not be 7 maintained as confidential, the owner or operator may file a 8 declaratory judgment action in a court of competent 9 jurisdiction to establish the existence of a trade secret if 10 he wishes such information to enjoy confidential status. The 11 department must be served in any such action and may 12 intervene as a party.

13 (3) Any information not intended to be public when
14 submitted to the board or the board's staff must be
15 submitted in writing and clearly marked as confidential.

16 (4) Data describing physical and chemical
17 characteristics of a liquid, gaseous, solid, or other
18 substance injected or discharged into state waters may not
19 be considered confidential.

20 (5) The board may use any information in compiling or 21 publishing analyses or summaries relating to water pollution 22 if such analyses or summaries do not identify the owner or 23 operator or reveal any information that is otherwise made 24 confidential by this section.

25 Section 4. Section 82-11-123, MCA, is amended to read:

-8-

HB 795

"B2-11-123. Requirements for oil and gas operations.
 Subject to the administrative control of the department
 under 2-15-121, the board shall require:

4 (1) identification of ownership of oil or gas wells,5 producing properties, and tanks;

6 (2) the making and filing of acceptable well logs, 7 including bottom-hole temperatures, to facilitate the 8 discovery of potential geothermal energy sources, reports on 9 well locations, and the filing of directional surveys, if 10 made; however, logs of exploratory or wildcat wells need not 11 be filed for a period of 6 months following completion of 12 those wells;

(3) the drilling, casing, producing, and plugging of 13 wells and class II injection wells in such manner as to 14 prevent the escape of oil or gas out of one stratum into 15 another, the intrusion of water into oil or gas stratum, 16 blowouts, cavings, seepages, and fires and the pollution of 17 fresh water supplies by oil, gas, salt, or brackish water; 18 (4) the restoration of surface lands to their previous 19 grade and productive capability after a well is plugged or a 20 seismographic shot hole has been utilized and necessary 21 measures to prevent adverse hydrological effects from such 22 well or hole, upless the surface owner agrees in writing. 23 with the approval of the board or its representatives, to a 24 different plan of restoration; 25

1 (5) the furnishing of a reasonable bond with good and 2 sufficient surety, conditioned for performance of the duty 3 to properly plug each dry or abandoned well;

4 (6) proper gauging or other measuring of oil and gas
5 produced and saved to determine the quantity and quality
6 thereof; and

(7) that every person who produces, transports, or 7 stores oil or gas or injects or disposes of salt water in 8 this state shall make available within this state for a 9 period of 5 years complete and accurate records of the 10 quantities thereof, which records shall be available for 11 examination by the board or its employees at all reasonable 12 times, and that that person file with the board such reports 13 as it may prescribe with respect to quantities, 14 transportations, and storages of the oil or gas or sait 15 16 water; and

17 (8) the installation, use, and maintenance of
18 monitoring equipment or methods in the operation of class II
19 injection wells."
20 Section 5. Section 82-11-141, MCA, is amended to read:

21 "82-11-141. Administrative procedure. (1) Unless
22 otherwise provided, the Montana Administrative Procedure Act
23 applies to this chapter.

24 (2) An order or amendment thereof, except in an
 25 emergency, may not be made by the board without a public

-9-

HB 795

-10-

hearing upon at least 10 days' notice. The public hearing
 shall be held at such time and place as may be prescribed by
 the board, and any interested person is entitled to be
 heard.

5 (3) When an emergency requiring immediate action is 6 found to exist, the board may issue an emergency order 7 without advance notice or hearing which shall be effective 8 upon promulgation. An emergency order may not remain in 9 effect more-than-15-days beyond the next regular meeting of 10 the board.

11 (4) If notice is required by the chapter and the 12 Montana Administrative Procedure Act does not apply, the 13 notice shall be made by publication in one or more issues of 14 a newspaper in general circulation in Helena and a newspaper 15 of general circulation in the county where the land or some 16 part thereon is situated, and the board may also cause 17 publication to be made in a trade journal or bulletin of general circulation in the oil and gas industry in the 18 state. 19

(5) Proof of service by publication under subsection
(4) shall be made by the affidavit of the printer or
publisher of the newspaper, trade journal, or bulletin in
which the notice is published or by a foreman or principal
clerk of the newspaper, bulletin, or trade journal.

25 (6) Except as provided otherwise in this chapter, the

-11-

HB 795

1 board may act upon its own motion or upon the petition of an 2 interested person. On the filing of a petition concerning a 3 matter within the jurisdiction of the board, the board shall 4 promptly fix a date for a hearing thereon and shall cause 5 notice of the hearing to be given. The hearing shall be held 6 without undue delay after the filing of the petition. The 7 board shall enter its order within 30 days after the 8 hearing."

9 Section 6. Section 82-11-142, MCA, is amended to read: 10 "82-11-142. Subpoena power -- civil actions. (1) If 11 the Montana Administrative Procedure Act does not apply, the 12 board may subpoena witnesses, administer oaths, and require 13 the production of records, books, and documents for examination at any hearing or investigation conducted by it. 14 15 Witnesses subpoenaed under this subsection shall be paid the 16 same per diem and mileage as is provided to be paid to 17 witnesses attending the district courts of this state.

18 (2) This chapter, a suit by or against the board, a 19 violation charged or asserted against a person under this chapter, or a rule or order issued under this chapter does 20 21 not impair, abridge, or delay a cause of action for damages 22 or other civil remedy which a person may have or assert 23 against a person violating this chapter or a rule or order issued under it. A person so aggrieved by the violation may 24 25 sue for and recover such damages or relief as he otherwise

-12-

HB 0795/02

1 may be entitled to receive. 2 (3) A person, association, corporation, or agency of 3 the state or federal government may apply to the board protesting a violation or a threatened violation of this 4 chapter. The board shall make an investigation and make a 5 6 written report to the person, association, corporation, or agency that made the protest. If a violation is established 7 by the investigation of the board, the board shall take 8 appropriate enforcement action. If the board fails to take 9 appropriate enforcement action or to bring suit to enjoin a 10 violation--or threatened violation of this chapter or a rule 11 or order of the board within 10 days after receipt of 12 written request to do so by a person who is or will be 13 adversely affected by-the-violation, the person making the 14 15 request may bring the suit in his own behalf to restrain the 16 violation--or threatened violation in a court in which the 17 board might have brought suit. The board shall be made a party defendant in the suit in addition to the person 18 19 violating-or threatening to violate this chapter or a rule or order of the board, and the action shall proceed and 20 injunctive relief may be granted without bond in the same 21 manner as if suit had been brought by the board. 22

(3)(4) If a person fails or refuses to comply with the
 subpoena issued by the board or if a witness refuses to
 testify as to any material matter regarding which he may be

1 - interrogated, any district court in the state, upon good 2 cause shown by the application of the board, may issue a 3 warrant of attachment for the person and, if after hearing the court finds his failure or refusal to be unjustified, compel him to comply with the subpoena and to attend before 5 the board and produce any subpoenaed records, books, and 6 documents for examination and to give his testimony. The 7 8 court may punish for contempt as in the case of disobedience to a like subpoena issued by the court or for refusal to 9 10 testify therein."

11 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 7. Prohibited activity. (1) No
12 person may:

13 (a) cause pollution of any state waters or place or
14 cause to be placed any liquid, gaseous, solid, or other
15 substance in a location where the substance is likely to
16 cause pollution of any state waters;

17 (b) violate any provision set forth in a permit or
18 stipulation, including but not limited to limitations and
19 conditions contained in it;

20 (c) violate an order issued pursuant to this chapter;21 or

(d) violate a provision of this chapter.

(2) No person may drill, construct, convert, or
operate a class II injection well or drill an oil or gas
well or stratigraphic test well or core hole as described

-14-

-13-

HB 795

22

HB 795

10

under 82-11-134 without a valid permit or order from the
 board.

3 NEW SECTION. Section 8. Legal assistance. When 4 requested by the board, the attorney general or the county 5 attorneys within their respective counties shall perform 6 legal services and conduct legal proceedings necessary to 7 carry out the purposes of this chapter. The board may also 8 employ legal counsel to enforce this chapter and to conduct 9 proceedings under it.

10 NEW SECTION. Section 9. Emergencies -- notice and 11 hearing. (1) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this 12 chapter, if the administrator or a board member finds that a 13 person is committing or about to commit an act in violation 14 of this chapter or any order or rule issued under it which, 15 if it occurs or continues, will cause substantial pollution, 16 the administrator under order of the board or the board 17 member is authorized to order the person to stop, avoid, or 18 moderate the act, including immediate closure or shutdown of 19 any well. This authority is limited to acts the harmful effects of which will not be remedied immediately after the 20 commission or cessation of the act or will represent an 21 22 immediate threat to public health, safety, or welfare.

(2) When any emergency requiring immediate action is
found pursuant to subsection (1), the board is authorized to
issue an emergency order without notice or hearing, which is

-15-

1 effective upon issuance as provided in 82-11-141(3).

2 (1) The board may have written notice served, 3 personally or by mail, on the alleged violator or his agent. The notice must state the provision alleged to be violated, 4 5 the facts alleged to constitute the violation, the nature of 6 corrective action the board requires, and the time within which the action is to be taken. For the purposes of this 7 8 section, service by mail is complete on the date of mailing. 9 (4) The notice must indicate that the order is an

emergency order. (5) Pursuant to 82-11-141(3), the board may consider

11 (5) Pursuant to 82-11-141(3), the board may consider 12 the emergency order at its next regular meeting, without 13 compliance with the notice requirements of this chapter if 14 they cannot be accomplished within the time available, and 15 enter a second emergency order.

(6) Upon issuing an order under subsection (2), the 16 ·17 board may fix a place and time for a hearing, not later than 5 days thereafter unless the person to whom the order is 18 19 directed requests a later time. The board may deny a request 20 for a later time if it finds that the person to whom the 21 order is directed is not complying with the order. If the 22 board considers it practicable, the hearing must be held in 23 the county where the violation is alleged to have occurred. 24 As soon as practicable after the hearing, the board shall 25 affirm, modify, or set aside the order.

-16-

(7) If the order of the board is affirmed, it must be 1 accompanied by a statement specifying the date or dates by 2 which a violation must cease and may prescribe timetables 3 for necessary action in preventing, abating, or controlling 4 5 the pollution. An action for review of the order of the 6 board may be initiated in the manner specified in 82-11-144. 7 The initiation of such an action or taking of an appeal may 8 not stay the effectiveness of the order unless the court 9 finds that the board did not have reasonable cause to issue an order under this section. 10

Section 10. Section 82-11-147, MCA, is amended to 11 12 read:

"B2-11-147. Violations. (1) Whenever---it--appears 13 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, if the 14 board finds upon receipt of evidence: 15

(a) that a person is violating or threatening to 16 17 violate this chapter or a rule or order of the board, the 18 board shall may bring suit against that person in the district court of any county where the violation occurs or 19 is threatened to restrain the person from continuing the 20 violation or from carrying out the threat of violation; or 21 (b) that a person is violating this chapter or a rule 22 or order of the board in a manner for which the board is 23 authorized to institute proceedings pursuant to [section 24 11], the board may issue an order either assessing a civil 25

penalty in the amount prescribed in [section 11], up to a 1 2 maximum administrative penalty of \$125,000, or requiring compliance with this chapter or a rule or order, or both. 3 (2) In the a suit under (1)(a), the court may grant to 4 the board, without bond or other undertaking, 5 such prohibitory and mandatory injunctions as the facts may 6 7 warrant, including temporary restraining orders." 8 NEW SECTION. Section 11. Civil penalties. (1) A 9 person is guilty of a misdemeanor and is subject to a civil 10 penalty of at least \$5,000 if that person violates any rule or order of the board or a provision of this chapter. Each 11 day of violation constitutes a separate violation. 12 13 (2) Action under this section does not bar enforcement of this chapter or of rules or orders issued under it by 14 15 injunction or other appropriate remedy. (3) The board, or the attorney general upon request of 16 the board, shall institute and maintain any enforcement 17 proceedings in the name of the state. 18 Section 12. Section 82-11-148, MCA, is amended to 19 20 read: 21

"82-11-148. Penalties Criminal penalties. A person is quilty of a misdemeanor and shall be subject to a fine of 22 not more than \$57000 \$10,000 per day of violation or 23 imprisonment in a county jail for a term not exceeding 6 24 25 months or to both the fine and imprisonment if that person

-18-

-17-

willfully violates any lawful rule or order of the board or
 if that person, for the purpose of evading this chapter or
 any rule or order of the board, knowingly and willfully:

4 (1) makes or causes to be made a false entry or
5 statement in a report required by this chapter or by a rule
6 or order of the board or a false entry in a record, account,
7 or memorandum required by this chapter or by a rule or
8 order:

9 (2) omits or causes to be omitted from the record, 10 account, or memorandum full, true, and correct entries as 11 required by this chapter or by a rule or order; or

12 (3) removes from this state or destroys, mutilates,13 alters, or falsifies the record, account, or memorandum."

14 NEW SECTION. Section 13. Class II injection well 15 operating fee. (1) For the purpose of providing funds for 16 defraying the expenses of operating and enforcing the class 17 II injection well regulatory program, as defined by the 18 federal environmental protection agency or any successor 19 agency, each operator of a class II injection well shall MAY 20 BE REQUIRED TO pay an annual operating fee not to exceed 21 \$300 per injection well.

(2) The department shall collect the operating fee at
such time as the board may prescribe by rule. All money
collected under this section must be forwarded to the state
treasurer for deposit in the state special revenue fund and

-19-

1 must be used for the purpose prescribed in subsection (1). 2 (3) The board shall, by rule adopted pursuant to the 3 provisions of the Montana Administrative Procedure Act, fix 4 the amount of the fee described in subsection (1) and may from time to time reduce or increase the amount thereof as 5 6 the expenses chargeable against the state special revenue 7 fund may require. However, the assessment fixed by the board may not exceed the limits prescribed in subsection (1). The R 9 amount of the fee must be expressed in dollars.

10 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 14. Appropriation. There is 11 appropriated from the state special revenue fund to the 12 board of oil and gas conservation \$45,000 for fiscal year 13 1988 and \$280,000 for fiscal year 1989 for purposes of 14 administering this act.

15 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 15. Extension of authority. Any 16 existing authority of the board of oil and gas conservation 17 and the department of revenue to make rules on the subject 18 of the provisions of this act is extended to the provisions 19 of this act.

20 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 16. Codification instruction. 21 Sections 3, 7 through 9, 11, and 13 are intended to be 22 codified as an integral part of Title 82, chapter 11, part 23 1, and the provisions of Title 82, chapter 11, part 1, apply 24 to sections 3, 7 through 9, 11, and 13.

25 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 17. Effective date. This act is

-20-

HB 795

1 effective on passage and approval.

•

.

-End-

-21- HB 795