HB 552 INTRODUCED BY SANDS GENERALLY REVISE PROCEDURE AND BASIS FOR CHALLENGING BALLOT ISSUE BY REQUEST OF SECRETARY OF STATE

1/30 INTRODUCED

1/30 REFERRED TO STATE ADMINISTRATION

2/04 HEARING

2/05 TABLED IN COMMITTEE

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1	House BILL NO. 552
2	INTRODUCED BY
3	BY REQUEST OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE

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A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO GENERALLY REVISE THE PROCEDURE, GROUNDS, AND TIME FOR CHALLENGING BALLOT ISSUES."

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA: 8

Section 1. Grounds for contest of certification of initiative to ballot or approval of ballot issue. An elector may contest the certification of an initiative to the ballot or approval of a ballot issue for which the elector has the right to vote for any of the following causes:

- (1) serious and material violation of any provision of the law relating to qualifications for inclusion on the ballot or approval of ballot issues;
- 17 (2) constitutional defects in the substance of a 18 proposed ballot issue; or
- 19 (3) illegal petition signatures or votes or an erroneous or fraudulent count or canvass of petition 20 21 signatures or votes.
- 22 Section 2. Court having jurisdiction of proceedings. 23 An action challenging petition signatures or a vote canvass in a particular county may be brought in the district court 24 25 for that county. All other actions brought under the

authority of [this act] must be brought in the district 1 court in the county of Lewis and Clark.

3 Section 3. Limitation of actions. (1) The sufficiency of an initiative petition may not be questioned after the election is held, whether the petition is for the enactment of law, amendment of the constitution, or calling of a constitutional convention. The form or wording of the petition, the statements of the attorney general forming a part of the petition, the petition signatures, and the counting of signatures are all issues relating to the 1.0 11 sufficiency of the petition.

- (2) No ballot issue contest may be entertained by the courts of the state before the election unless the contest was filed in the appropriate district court within 10 days after the issue was certified to the governor as provided in 13-27-308.
- 17 (3) An action to contest the election at which a 18 ballot issue was approved by a majority of those voting on the issue or to annul or set aside such election must be 19 commenced within 1 year after the day of the election at 20 which the issue was approved. 21
- (4) Nothing in this section limits the right to challenge the substance of a measure enacted by a vote of the people except that the courts of the state may not 24 entertain such an action, commenced more than 10 days after . 25



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- the issue was certified to the governor, until after the
 election thereon.
- Section 4. Commencement of actions. (1) A preelection

 contest seeking to remove a ballot issue from the ballot

 must be commenced by filing a petition stating the grounds

 for the contest and serving a copy upon the proponent of the

 issue no later than 10 days after the issue was certified to
- 9 (2) Actions commenced after the election must follow 10 the Montana Rules of Civil Procedure and must include the 11 proponent of the ballot issue as a party.

the governor as provided in 13-27-308.

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- 12 (3) Actions commenced before the election, but which 13 do not seek to remove the issue from the ballot, must be 14 stayed until the date of the election.
 - Section 5. Reception of illegal votes allegations and evidence. When the reception of illegal votes is alleged as a cause of contest, it is sufficient to state generally that in one or more specified voting precincts illegal votes were given to the contested side which, if taken away, will reduce the number of legal votes to a number equal to or below the number of legal votes given the other side. No testimony may be received concerning any illegal votes unless the party contesting the election delivers to the opposite party, at least 3 days before trial, a written list of the number of illegal votes, and by whom given, that he

intends to prove at trial. This provision does not prevent

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- 2 the contestant from offering evidence of illegal votes not
- 3 included in the statement if he did not know, and by
- 4 reasonable diligence was unable to learn of, such additional
- 5 illegal votes, and by whom they were given, before
- 6 delivering the written list.
- 7 Section 6. Form of complaint. A petition or complaint
- 8 filed under the provisions of [this act] is sufficient if it
- 9 is substantially in the form set forth in 13-36-203.
- 10 Section 7. Bond required and recovery of costs.
- 11 Bonding and recovery of costs must be governed by the
- 12 provisions of 13-36-204 and 13-36-205.
- 13 Section 8. Notice of filing -- prompt hearing. On the
- 14 filing of a petition or complaint under (section 4), the
- 15 clerk shall immediately notify the judge of the court and
- 16 issue a citation to the proponent of the ballot issue
- 17 contested, citing him to appear and answer not less than 3
- 18 or more than 7 days after the date of filing the petition.
- 19 The court shall hear the cause, and each ballot issue
- 20 contest shall take precedence over all other business on the
- 21 court docket and be tried and disposed of with all
- 22 convenient dispatch. The court must always be considered in
- 23 session for the trial of such cases.
- 24 Section 9. Hearing of contest. The petitioner
- 25 (contestant) and the contestee may appear and produce

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1 evidence at the hearing, but no other person may be made a 2 party to the proceedings or be heard thereon except by order 3 of the court. If more than one petition is pending or more than one election is contested, the court may order the 5 cases to be heard together and may apportion the costs. disbursements, and attorney fees among them. The court shall finally determine all questions of law and fact. 7 except that the judge may impanel a jury to decide on questions of fact. The court shall immediately certify its 9 10 decision to the governing body or official issuing certificates of election. The governing body or official 11 shall issue certificates of election for the ballot issues 12 entitled to certificates under the court's decision. If 13 14 judgment of disapproval of a ballot issue is rendered, the 15 measure must be declared void by the judgment.

16 Section 10. Advancement of cases -- dismissal. 17 Proceedings under [this act] must be advanced on the docket upon request of either party for speedy trial, but the court 18 19 may postpone or continue the trial if necessary, and in case of a continuance or postponement, the court may impose costs 20 21 as a condition thereof. No petition may be dismissed without 22 the consent of the county attorney unless it is dismissed by 23 the court.

Section 11. When election not to be vacuted. Nothing in the grounds of contest specified in [section 1] is to be construed as authorizing an election to be set aside on account of illegal votes unless it appears that the number of illegal votes given to the side whose right to prevail is contested, if taken from that side, would reduce the number of legal votes:

6 (1) below the number of legal votes given to the other
7 side, after deducting therefrom the illegal votes that may
8 be shown to have been given to the other side; or

9 (2) below the number of legal votes required for approval of the measure.

Section 12. Declaration of result of election after rejection of illegal votes. If in any case of a contest on the ground of illegal votes it appears that a side other than the one returned has the highest number of legal votes after the illegal votes have been eliminated, the court shall declare the prevailing side as it determines.

17 Section 13. Codification instruction. Sections 1
18 through 12 are intended to be codified as an integral part
19 of Title 13, chapter 27, and the provisions of Title 13,
20 chapter 27, apply to sections 1 through 12.

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