HB 525 INTRODUCED BY WALLIN ELIMINATE LIGHT VEHICLE FEE IN LIEU OF TAX

- 1/29 INTRODUCED
- 1/29 REFERRED TO TAXATION
- 1/29 FISCAL NOTE REQUESTED
- 2/03 FISCAL NOTE RECEIVED
- 2/12 HEARING
- 2/13 TABLED IN COMMITTEE

24

25

1	House BILL NO. 525
2	INTRODUCED BY
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO ELIMINATE THE FEE IN
5	LIEU OF TAX ON LIGHT VEHICLES; AMENDING SECTIONS 15-30-121,
6	15+31-114, 15-50-207, 20-9-141, 20-9-331, 20-9-333,
7	20-9-352, 20-9-501, 20-10-144, 61-3-303, 61-3-332, 61-3-509,
8	61-3-534, AND 61-3-701, MCA; AND REPEALING SECTIONS
9	15-24-101, 15-24-301, 61-3-532, AND 61-3-533, MCA."
10	
11	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
12	Section 1. Section 15-30-121, MCA, is amended to read:
13	"15-30-121. Deductions allowed in computing net
14	income. In computing net income, there are allowed as
15	deductions:
16	(1) the items referred to in sections 161 and 211 of
17	the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, or as sections 161 and
18	211 shall be labeled or amended, subject to the following
19	exceptions which are not deductible:
20	(a) items provided for in 15-30-123;
21	(b) state income tax paid;
22	(2) federal income tax paid within the taxable year;
23	(3) expenses of household and dependent care services

as outlined in subsections (3)(a) through (3)(c) and subject

to the limitations and rules as set out in subsections

4	(i) a dependent under 15 years of age for whom an
5	exemption can be claimed;
6	(ii) a dependent as allowable under 15-30-112(5),
7	except that the limitations for age and gross income do not
8	apply, who is unable to care for himself because of physical
9	or mental illness; and
10	(iii) a spouse who is unable to care for himself
11	because of physical or mental illness;
12	(b) employment-related expenses incurred for the
13	following services, but only if such expenses are incurred
14	to enable the taxpayer to be gainfully employed:
15	(i) household services which are attributable to the
16	care of the qualifying individual; and
17	(ii) care of an individual who qualifies under
18	subsection (3)(a);
19	(c) expenses incurred in maintaining a household if
20	over half of the cost of maintaining the household is
21	furnished by an individual or, if the individual is married
22	during the applicable period, is furnished by the individual
23	and his spouse;
24	(d) the amounts deductible in subsection (3)(a)

through (3)(c) are subject to the following limitations:

(3)(d) through (3)(f) as follows:

necessary for gainful employment incurred for:

(a) expenses for household and dependent care services

1 2

3

LC 1573/01

- (i) a deduction is allowed under subsection (3)(a) for employment-related expenses incurred during the year only to the extent such expenses do not exceed \$4,800;
- (ii) expenses for services in the household are deductible under subsection (3)(a) for employment-related expenses only if they are incurred for services in the taxpayer's household, except that employment-related expenses incurred for services outside the taxpayer's household are deductible, but only if incurred for the care of a qualifying individual described in subsection (3)(a)(i) and only to the extent such expenses incurred during the year do not exceed:
- (A) \$2,400 in the case of one qualifying individual;
- 14 (B) \$3,600 in the case of two qualifying individuals;
- 15 and

1

2

3

4

5

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

18

19

20

21

22 23

24

- 16 (C) \$4,800 in the case of three or more qualifying 17 individuals;
 - (e) if the combined adjusted gross income of the taxpayers exceeds \$18,000 for the taxable year during which are incurred, the amount of expenses employment-related expenses incurred must be reduced by one-half of the excess of the combined adjusted gross income over \$18,000;
 - (f) for purposes of this subsection (3):
- (i) married couples shall file a joint return or file 25

separately on the same form;

13

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

23

24

- (ii) if the taxpayer is married during any period of 2 3 the taxable year, employment-related expenses incurred are deductible only if: 4
- (A) both spouses are gainfully employed on a 5 substantially full-time basis; or
- (B) the spouse is a qualifying individual described in 7 subsection (3)(a)(iii);
- (iii) an individual legally separated from his spouse 9 under a decree of divorce or of separate maintenance may not 10 be considered as married; 11
- (iv) the deduction for employment-related expenses must 12 be divided equally between the spouses when filing 14 separately on the same form;
 - (v) payment made to a child of the taxpayer who is under 19 years of age at the close of the taxable year and payments made to an individual with respect to whom a deduction is allowable under 15-30-112(5) are not deductible as employment-related expenses;
 - (4) in the case of an individual, political contributions determined in accordance with the provisions of section 218(a) and (b) of the Internal Revenue Code that were in effect for the taxable year ended December 31, 1978;
 - (5) that portion of expenses for organic fertilizer allowed as a deduction under 15-32-303 which was not

Я

otherwise deducted in computing taxable income;

 (6)--light---vehicle---license--fees;--as--provided--by
61-3-532;-paid-during-the-taxable-year;

+77(6) fees in lieu of taxes on motorcycles and quadricycles, as provided by 61-3-541, paid during the taxable year; and

(0)(7) contributions to the child abuse and neglect prevention program provided for in 41-3-701, subject to the conditions set forth in 15-30-156. (Subsection (0) [(7)] terminates January 1, 1990--sec. 13, Ch. 610, L. 1985.)"

Section 2. Section 15-31-114, MCA, is amended to read:

"15-31-114. Deductions allowed in computing income. In computing the net income, the following deductions shall be allowed from the gross income received by such corporation within the year from all sources:

(1) All the ordinary and necessary expenses paid or incurred during the taxable year in the maintenance and operation of its business and properties, including reasonable allowance for salaries for personal services actually rendered, subject to the limitation hereinafter contained, rentals or other payments required to be made as a condition to the continued use or possession of property to which the corporation has not taken or is not taking title or in which it has no equity. No deduction shall be allowed for salaries paid upon which the recipient thereof

has not paid Montana state income tax; provided, however, that where domestic corporations are taxed on income derived from without the state, salaries of officers paid in connection with securing such income shall be deductible.

(2) (a) All losses actually sustained and charged off within the year and not compensated by insurance or otherwise, including a reasonable allowance for the wear and tear and obsolescence of property used in the trade or business, such allowance to be determined according to the provisions of section 167 of the Internal Revenue Code in effect with respect to the taxable year. All elections for depreciation shall be the same as the elections made for federal income tax purposes. No deduction shall be allowed for any amount paid out for any buildings, permanent improvements, or betterments made to increase the value of any property or estate, and no deduction shall be made for any amount of expense of restoring property or making good the exhaustion thereof for which an allowance is or has been made.

(b) (i) There shall be allowed as a deduction for the taxable period a net operating loss deduction determined according to the provisions of this subsection. The net operating loss deduction is the aggregate of net operating loss carryovers to such taxable period plus the net operating loss carrybacks to such taxable period. The term

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

21

22

23

24

. 25

"net operating loss" means the excess of the deductions allowed by this section, 15-31-114, over the gross income, with the modifications specified in (ii) of this subsection. If for any taxable period beginning after December 31, 1970, a net operating loss is sustained, such loss shall be a net operating loss carryback to each of the three taxable periods preceding the taxable period of such loss and shall be a net operating loss carryover to each of the five taxable periods following the taxable period of such loss. A net operating loss for any taxable period ending after December 31, 1975, in addition to being a net operating loss carryback to each of the three preceding taxable periods, shall be a net operating loss carryover to each of the seven taxable periods following the taxable period of such loss. The portion of such loss which shall be carried to each of the other taxable years shall be the excess, if any, of the amount of such loss over the sum of the net income for each of the prior taxable periods to which such loss was carried. For purposes of the preceding sentence, the net income for such prior taxable period shall be computed with the modifications specified in (ii)(B) of this subsection and by determining the amount of the net operating loss deduction without regard to the net operating loss for the loss period or any taxable period thereafter, and the net income so computed shall not be considered to be less than zero.

1

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- 1 (ii) The modifications referred to in (i) of this 2 subsection shall be as follows:
 - (A) No net operating loss deduction shall be allowed.
- 4 (B) The deduction for depletion shall not exceed the 5 amount which would be allowable if computed under the cost 6 method.
 - (C) Any net operating loss carried over to any taxable years beginning after December 31, 1978, must be calculated under the provisions of this section effective for the taxable year for which the return claiming the net operating loss carryover is filed.
 - (iii) A net operating loss deduction shall be allowed only with regard to losses attributable to the business carried on within the state of Montana.
 - (iv) In the case of a merger of corporations, the surviving corporation shall not be allowed a net operating loss deduction for net operating losses sustained by the merged corporations prior to the date of merger. In the case of a consolidation of corporations, the new corporate entity shall not be allowed a deduction for net operating losses sustained by the consolidated corporations prior to the date of consolidation.
 - (v) Notwithstanding the provisions of 15-31-531, interest shall not be paid with respect to a refund of tax resulting from a net operating loss carryback or carryover.

-7-

LC 1573/01

(vi) The net operating loss deduction shall not be allowed with respect to taxable periods which ended on or before December 31, 1970, but shall be allowed only with respect to taxable periods beginning on or after January 1, 1971.

1

2

3

4

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

- (3) In the case of mines, other natural deposits, oil and gas wells, and timber, a reasonable allowance for depletion and for depreciation of improvements; such reasonable allowance to be determined according to the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code in effect for the taxable year. All elections made under the Internal Revenue Code with respect to capitalizing or expensing exploration and development costs and intangible drilling expenses for corporation license tax purposes shall be the same as the elections made for federal income tax purposes.
- (4) The amount of interest paid within the year on its indebtedness incurred in the operation of the business from which its income is derived; but no interest shall be allowed as a deduction if paid on an indebtedness created for the purchase, maintenance, or improvement of property or for the conduct of business unless the income from such property or business would be taxable under this part.
- 23 (5) (a) Taxes paid within the year, except the 24 following:
- 25 (i) Taxes imposed by this part.

- 1 (ii) Taxes assessed against local benefits of a kind 2 tending to increase the value of the property assessed.
- 3 (iii) Taxes on or according to or measured by net 4 income or profits imposed by authority of the government of 5 the United States.
- 6 (iv) Taxes imposed by any other state or country upon7 or measured by net income or profits.
- 8 (b) Taxes deductible under this part shall be 9 construed to include taxes imposed by any county, school 10 district, or municipality of this state.
- 11 (6) bight--vehicle--license--fees, as---provided---by
 12 61-3-532, and-fees <u>Fees</u> in lieu of taxes for motorcycles and
 13 quadricycles, as provided by 61-3-541, paid within the year.
- 14 (7) That portion of an energy-related investment 15 allowed as a deduction under 15-32-103.
- 16 (8) (a) Except as provided in subsection (b),
 17 charitable contributions and gifts that qualify for
 18 deduction under section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code, as
 19 amended.
- 20 (b) The public service commission shall not allow in 21 the rate base of a regulated corporation the inclusion of 22 contributions made under this subsection.
- 23 (9) In lieu of the deduction allowed under subsection 24 (8), the taxpayer may deduct the fair market value, not to 25 exceed 30% of the taxpayer's net income, of a computer or

LC 1573/01 LC 1573/01

other sophisticated technological equipment or apparatus intended for use with the computer donated to an elementary, secondary, or accredited postsecondary school located in Montana if:

.1

2

3

6

7

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

- (a) the contribution is made no later than 5 years after the manufacture of the donated property is substantially completed;
- 8 (b) the property is not transferred by the donee in9 exchange for money, other property, or services; and
 - (c) the taxpayer receives a written statement from the donee in which the donee agrees to accept the property and representing that the use and disposition of the property will be in accordance with the provisions of (b) of this subsection (9)."
 - Section 3. Section 15-50-207, MCA, is amended to read:

 "15-50-207. Credit against other taxes -- credit for
 personal property taxes and certain fees. (1) The additional
 license fees withheld or otherwise paid as provided herein
 may be used as a credit on the contractor's corporation
 license tax provided for in chapter 31 of this title or on
 the contractor's income tax provided for in chapter 30,
 depending upon the type of tax the contractor is required to
 pay under the laws of the state.
- 24 (2) Personal property taxes or fees in lieu of taxes 25 on motorcycles or quadricycles --- or light-vehicle-license

- fees-es-provided-by-61-3-532 paid in Montana on any personal property of the contractor which is used in the business of the contractor and is located within this state may be credited against the license fees required under this chapter. However, in computing the tax credit allowed by this section against the contractor's corporation license tax or income tax, the personal property tax er-light vehicle-license-fee credit against the license fees herein required shall not be considered as license fees paid for the purpose of such income tax or corporation license tax credit."
- Section 4. Section 20-9-141, MCA, is amended to read:

 "20-9-141. Computation of general fund net levy
 requirement by county superintendent. (1) The county
 superintendent shall compute the levy requirement for each
 district's general fund on the basis of the following
 procedure:
- 18 (a) Determine the total of the funding required for 19 the district's final general fund budget less the amount 20 established by the schedules in 20-9-316 through 20-9-321 by 21 totaling:
- 22 (i) the district's nonisolated school foundation 23 program requirement to be met by a district levy as provided 24 in 20-9-303;
- 25 (ii) the district's permissive levy amount as provided

3

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

22

23

24

and

LC 1573/01

ir	20-	-9-3	52:	and

1

2

3

5

6

8

16

- (iii) any general fund budget amount adopted by the trustees of the district under the provisions of 20-9-353, including any additional levies authorized by the electors of the district.
- (b) Determine the total of the moneys available for the reduction of the property tax on the district for the general fund by totaling:
- 9 (i) anticipated federal moneys received under the 10 provisions of Title I of Public Law 81-874 or other 11 anticipated federal moneys received in lieu of such federal 12 act;
- 13 (ii) anticipated tuition payments for out-of-district
 14 pupils under the provisions of 20-5-303, 20-5-307, 20-5-312,
 15 and 20-5-313;
 - (iii) general fund cash reappropriated, as established under the provisions of 20-9-104;
- 18 (iv) anticipated or reappropriated state impact aid
 19 received under the provisions of 20-9-304;
- 20 (v)--anticipated--or--reappropriated-motor-vehicle-fees
 21 and-reimbursement--under--the--provisions--of--6i-3-532--and
 22 6i-3-5367
- 23 (vi)(v) anticipated net proceeds taxes for new
 24 production, as defined in 15-23-601;
- 25 (vii)(vi) anticipated interest to be earned or

- reappropriated interest earned by the investment of general fund cash in accordance with the provisions of 20-9-213(4);
- 4 (viii) any other revenue anticipated by the
 5 trustees to be received during the ensuing school fiscal
 6 year which may be used to finance the general fund.
 - (c) Subtract the total of the moneys available to reduce the property tax required to finance the general fund that has been determined in subsection (1)(b) from the total requirement determined in subsection (1)(a).
 - (2) The net general fund levy requirement determined in subsection (1)(c) shall be reported to the county commissioners on the second Monday of August by the county superintendent as the general fund levy requirement for the district, and a levy shall be made by the county commissioners in accordance with 20-9-142."
 - Section 5. Section 20-9-331, MCA, is amended to read:

 "20-9-331. Basic county tax and other revenues for county equalization of the elementary district foundation program. (1) It shall be the duty of the county commissioners of each county to levy an annual basic tax of 28 mills on the dollars of the taxable value of all taxable property within the county for the purposes of local and state foundation program support. The revenue to be collected from this levy shall be apportioned to the support

the foundation programs of the elementary school districts in the county and to the state special revenue fund, state equalization aid account, in the following manner:

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- (a) In order to determine the amount of revenue raised by this levy which is retained by the county, the sum of the estimated revenues identified in subsection (2) below shall subtracted from the sum of the county elementary transportation obligation and the total of the foundation programs of all elementary districts of the county.
- (b) If the basic levy prescribed by this section produces more revenue than is required to finance the difference determined above, the county treasurer shall remit the surplus funds to the state treasurer for deposit to the state special revenue fund, state equalization aid account, immediately upon occurrence of a surplus balance each subsequent month thereafter, with any final remittance due no later than June 20 of the fiscal year for which the levy has been set.
- (2) The proceeds realized from the county's portion of the levy prescribed by this section and the revenues from the following sources shall be used for the equalization of the elementary district foundation programs of the county as prescribed in 20-9-334, and a separate accounting shall be kept of such proceeds and revenues by the county treasurer

1 in accordance with 20-9-212(1):

7

8

9

10

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

- 2 (a) the portion of the federal Taylor Grazing Act funds distributed to a county and designated for the common 3 school fund under the provisions of 17-3-222;
 - (b) the portion of the federal flood control act funds distributed to a county and designated for expenditure for the benefit of the county common schools under the provisions of 17-3-232;
- (c) all money paid into the county treasury as a result of fines for violations of law and the use of which is not otherwise specified by law; 11
 - (d) any money remaining at the end of the immediately preceding school fiscal year in the county treasurer's account for the various sources of revenue established or referred to in this section;
 - (e) any federal or state money,-including--anticipated or-reappropriated-motor-vehicle-fees-and-reimbursement-under the--provisions-of-61-3-532-and-61-3-536y-distributed-to-the county--as--payment--in--lieu--of--the---property---taxation established-by-the-county-levy-required-by-this-section; and
 - (f) net proceeds taxes for new production, as defined in 15-23-601."
- Section 6. Section 20-9-333, MCA, is amended to read: 23 "20-9-333. Basic special levy and other revenues for 24 county equalization of high school district foundation 25

- program. (1) It shall be the duty of the county commissioners of each county to levy an annual basic special tax for high schools of 17 mills on the dollar of the taxable value of all taxable property within the county for the purposes of local and state foundation program support. The revenue to be collected from this levy shall be apportioned to the support of the foundation programs of high school districts in the county and to the state special revenue fund, state equalization aid account, in the following manner:
 - (a) In order to determine the amount of revenue raised by this levy which is retained by the county, the estimated revenues identified in subsections (2)(a) and (2)(b) below shall be subtracted from the sum of the county's high school tuition obligation and the total of the foundation programs of all high school districts of the county.

(b) If the basic levy prescribed by this section produces more revenue than is required to finance the difference determined above, the county treasurer shall remit the surplus to the state treasurer for deposit to the state special revenue fund, state equalization aid account, immediately upon occurrence of a surplus balance and each subsequent month thereafter, with any final remittance due no later than June 20 of the fiscal year for which the levy has been set.

- (2) The proceeds realized from the county's portion of the levy prescribed in this section and the revenues from the following sources shall be used for the equalization of the high school district foundation programs of the county as prescribed in 20-9-334, and a separate accounting shall be kept of these proceeds by the county treasurer in accordance with 20-9-212(1):
- (a) any money remaining at the end of the immediately preceding school fiscal year in the county treasurer's accounts for the various sources of revenue established in this section;
 - (b) any federal or state moneys;-including-anticipated or-reappropriated-motor-vehicle-fees-and-reimbursement-under the-provisions-of-61-3-532-and-61-3-536;-distributed-to-the county-as--a-payment--in--lieu--of--the-property--taxation established-by-the-county-levy-required-by-this-section; and
- 17 (c) net proceeds taxes for new production, as defined 18 in 15-23-601."
 - Section 7. Section 20-9-352, MCA, is amended to read:

 "20-9-352. Permissive amount and permissive levy. (1)

 Whenever the trustees of any district shall deem it necessary to adopt a general fund budget in excess of the foundation program amount but not in excess of the maximum general fund budget amount for such district as established by the schedules in 20-9-316 through 20-9-321, the trustees

1.3

shall adopt a resolution stating the reasons and purposes for exceeding the foundation program amount. Such excess above the foundation program amount shall be known as the "permissive amount", and it shall be financed by a levy on the taxable value of all taxable property within the district as prescribed in 20-9-141, supplemented with any biennial appropriation by the legislature for this purpose. The proceeds of such an appropriation shall be deposited to the state special revenue fund, permissive account.

- (2) The district levies to be set for the purpose of funding the permissive amount are determined as follows:
- (a) For each elementary school district, the county commissioners shall annually set a levy not exceeding 6 mills on all the taxable property in the district for the purpose of funding the permissive amount of the district. The permissive levy in mills shall be obtained by multiplying the ratio of the permissive amount to the maximum permissive amount by 6 or by using the number of mills which would fund the permissive amount, whichever is less. If the amount of revenue raised by this levy7--plus anticipated---or---reappropriated--motor--vehicle--fees--and reimbursement-under-the-provisions-of-61-3-532-and-61-3-5367 is not sufficient to fund the permissive amount in full, the amount of the deficiency shall be paid to the district from the state special revenue fund according to the provisions

- of subsections (3) and (4) of this section.
 - (b) For each high school district, the county commissioners shall annually set a levy not exceeding 4 mills on all taxable property in the district for the purpose of funding the permissive amount of the district. The permissive levy in mills shall be obtained by multiplying the ratio of the permissive levy to the maximum permissive amount by 4 or by using the number of mills which would fund the permissive amount, whichever is less. If the amount of revenue raised by this levyy-pius-anticipated motor-vehicle-fees-and-reimbursement-under-the-provisions-of 61-3-532-and-61-3-5367-and plus net proceeds taxes for new production, as defined in 15-23-601, is not sufficient to fund the permissive amount in full, the amount of the deficiency shall be paid to the district from the state special revenue fund according to the provisions of subsections (3) and (4) of this section.
 - (3) The superintendent of public instruction shall, if the appropriation by the legislature for the permissive account for the biennium is insufficient, request the budget director to submit a request for a supplemental appropriation in the second year of the biennium. The supplemental appropriation shall provide enough revenue to fund the permissive deficiency of the elementary and high school districts of the state. The proceeds of this

21

22

23

24

25

appropriation shall be deposited to the state special revenue fund, permissive account, and shall be distributed to the elementary and high school districts in accordance with their entitlements as determined by the superintendent of public instruction according to the provisions of subsections (1) and (2) of this section.

1

2

3

4

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

(4) Distribution under this section from the state special revenue fund shall be made in two payments. The first payment shall be made at the same time as the first distribution of state equalization aid is made after January 1 of the fiscal year. The second payment shall be made at the same time as the last payment of state equalization aid is made for the fiscal year. If the appropriation is not sufficient to finance the deficiencies of the districts as determined according to subsection (2), each district will receive the same percentage of its deficiency. Surplus revenue in the second year of the biennium may be used to reduce the appropriation required for the next succeeding biennium or may be transferred to the state equalization aid state special revenue fund if revenues in that fund are insufficient to meet foundation program requirements."

Section 8. Section 20-9-501, MCA, is amended to read:
"20-9-501. Retirement fund. (1) The trustees of any
district employing personnel who are members of the
teachers' retirement system or the public employees'

1 retirement system or who are covered by unemployment insurance or who are covered by any federal social security system requiring employer contributions shall establish a 3 retirement fund for the purposes of budgeting and paying the employer's contributions to such systems. The district's contribution for each employee who is a member of the teachers' retirement system shall be calculated in accordance with Title 19, chapter 4, part 6. The district's contribution for each employee who is a member of the public retirement system shall be calculated in 10 employees' accordance with 19-3-801. The district may levy a special 11 tax to pay its contribution to the public employees' 12 retirement system under the conditions prescribed in 13 19-3-204. The district's contributions for each employee 14 covered by any federal social security system shall be paid 15 with federal law and regulation. The accordance 16 district's contribution for each employee who is covered by 17 unemployment insurance shall be paid in accordance with 18 19 Title 39, chapter 51, part 11.

(2) The trustees of any district required to make a contribution to any such system shall include in the retirement fund of the preliminary budget the estimated amount of the employer's contribution and such additional moneys, within legal limitations, as they may wish to provide for the retirement fund cash reserve. After the

LC 1573/01 LC 1573/01

б

final retirement fund budget has been adopted, the trustees shall pay the employer contributions to such systems in accordance with the financial administration provisions of this title.

- (3) When the final retirement fund budget has been adopted, the county superintendent shall establish the levy requirement by:
- (a) determining the sum of the moneys available to reduce the retirement fund levy requirement by adding:
 - (i) any anticipated moneys that may be realized in the retirement fund during the ensuing school fiscal year, including—anticipated—motor-vehicle-fees-and-reimbursement under-the-provisions-of-61-3-532-and-61-3-536;
 - (ii) net proceeds taxes for new production, as defined in 15-23-601; and
 - (iii) any cash available for reappropriation as determined by subtracting the amount of the end-of-the-year cash balance earmarked as the retirement fund cash reserve for the ensuing school fiscal year by the trustees from the end-of-the-year cash balance in the retirement fund. The retirement fund cash reserve shall not be more than 35% of the final retirement fund budget for the ensuing school fiscal year and shall be used for the purpose of paying retirement fund warrants issued by the district under the final retirement fund budget.

- 1 (b) subtracting the total of the moneys available for 2 reduction of the levy requirement as determined in 3 subsection (3)(a) from the budgeted amount for expenditures 4 in the final retirement fund budget.
 - (4) The county superintendent shall total the net retirement fund levy requirements separately for all elementary school districts, all high school districts, and all community college districts of the county, including any prorated joint district or special education cooperative agreement levy requirements, and shall report each such levy requirement to the county commissioners on the second Monday of August as the respective county levy requirements for elementary district, high school district, and community college district retirement funds. The county commissioners shall fix and set such county levy in accordance with 20-9-142.
 - (5) The net retirement fund levy requirement for a joint elementary district or a joint high school district shall be prorated to each county in which a part of such district is located in the same proportion as the district ANB of the joint district is distributed by pupil residence in each such county. The county superintendents of the counties affected shall jointly determine the net retirement fund levy requirement for each county as provided in 20-9-151.

(6) The net retirement fund levy requirement for districts that are members of special education cooperative agreements shall be prorated to each county in which such district is located in the same proportion as the budget for the special education cooperative agreement of the district bears to the total budget of the cooperative. The county superintendents of the counties affected shall jointly determine the net retirement fund levy requirement for each county in the same manner as provided in 20-9-151 and fix and levy the net retirement fund levy for each county in the same manner as provided in 20-9-152."

1

2

3

4

5

7

В

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

Section 9. Section 20-10-144, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-10-144. Computation of revenues and net tax levy
requirements for the transportation fund budget. Before the
fourth Monday of July and in accordance with 20-9-123, the
county superintendent shall compute the revenue available to
finance the transportation fund budget of each district. The
county superintendent shall compute the revenue for each
district on the following basis:

- expenditures that is derived from the rate schedules in 20-10-141 and 20-10-142 shall be determined by adding the following amounts:
- 24 (a) the sum of the maximum reimbursable expenditures 25 for all approved school bus routes maintained by the

- district (to determine the maximum reimbursable expenditure,
- 2 multiply the applicable rate per bus mile by the total

LC 1573/01

- 3 number of miles to be traveled during the ensuing school
- 4 fiscal year on each bus route approved by the county
- transportation committee and maintained by such district);
- 5 plus

12

13

14

22

23

24

- 7 (b) the total of all individual transportation per 8 diem reimbursement rates for such district as determined 9 from the contracts submitted by the district multiplied by 10 the number of pupil-instruction days scheduled for the 11 ensuing school attendance year; plus
 - (c) any estimated costs for supervised home study or supervised correspondence study for the ensuing school fiscal year: plus
- the contingency amount permitted in 20-10-143, except if such amount exceeds 10% of the total of subsections (1)(a), (1)(b), and (1)(c) or \$100, whichever is larger, the contingency amount on the preliminary budget shall be reduced to such limitation amount and used in this determination of the schedule amount.
 - (2) The schedule amount determined in subsection (1) or the total preliminary transportation fund budget, whichever is smaller, shall be divided by 3 and the resulting one-third amount shall be used to determine the

11

available state and county revenue to be budgeted on the following basis:

1

2

3

4

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- (a) the resulting one-third amount shall be the budgeted state transportation reimbursement, except that the state transportation reimbursement for the transportation of special education pupils under the provisions of 20-7-442 shall be two-thirds of the schedule amount attributed to the transportation of special education pupils;
- (b) the resulting one-third amount, except as provided for joint elementary districts in subsection (2)(e), shall be the budgeted county transportation reimbursement for elementary districts and shall be financed by the basic county tax under the provisions of 20-9-334;
- (c) the resulting one-third amount multiplied by 2 shall be the budgeted county transportation reimbursement amount for high school districts financed under the provisions of subsection (5) of this section, except as provided for joint high school districts in subsection (2)(e), and except that the county transportation reimbursement for the transportation of special education pupils under the provisions of 20-7-442 shall be one-third of the schedule amount attributed to the transportation of special education pupils;
- (d) when the district has a sufficient amount of cash for reappropriation and other sources of district revenue,

as determined in subsection (3), to reduce the total 1 district obligation for financing to zero, any remaining 3 amount of such district revenue and cash reappropriated shall be used to reduce the county financing obligation in subsections (2)(b) or (2)(c) and, if such county financing 5 obligations are reduced to zero, to reduce the state financial obligation in subsection (2)(a); and

LC 1573/01

- (e) the county revenue requirement for a joint 8 district, after the application of any district moneys under subsection (2)(d) above, shall be prorated to each county 10 incorporated by the joint district in the same proportion as the ANB of the joint district is distributed by pupil 12 13 residence in each such county.
- (3) The total of the moneys available for 14 the reduction of property tax on the district for the 15 transportation fund shall be determined by totaling: 16
- 17 (a) anticipated federal moneys received under the 18 provisions of Title I of Public Law 81-874 or other 19 anticipated federal moneys received in lieu of such federal 20 act; plus
- (b) anticipated payments from other districts for 21 22 providing school bus transportation services for such 23 district: plus
- 24 (c) anticipated payments from a parent or quardian for 25 providing school bus transportation services for his child;

7

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

(4)(a) above.

plus

1

5

6

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2 (d) anticipated interest to be earned by the 3 investment of transportation fund cash in accordance with 4 the provisions of 20-9-213(4); plus

tel--anticipated-motor-vehicle-fees--and--reimbursement
under-the-provisions-of-61-3-532-and-61-3-536;-plus

- 7 (f)(e) net proceeds taxes for new production, as 8 defined in 15-23-601; plus
 - $tg_7(\underline{f})$ any other revenue anticipated by the trustees to be earned during the ensuing school fiscal year which may be used to finance the transportation fund; plus
 - th)(g) any cash available for reappropriation as determined by subtracting the amount of the end-of-the-year cash balance earmarked as the transportation fund cash reserve for the ensuing school fiscal year by the trustees from the end-of-the-year cash balance in the transportation fund. Such cash reserve shall not be more than 20% of the final transportation fund budget for the ensuing school fiscal year and shall be for the purpose of paying transportation fund warrants issued by the district under the final transportation fund budget.
- 22 (4) The district levy requirement for each district's
 23 transportation fund shall be computed by:
- 24 (a) subtracting the schedule amount calculated in 25 subsection (1) from the total preliminary transportation

budget amount and, for an elementary district, adding such
difference to the district obligation to finance one-third
of the schedule amount as determined in subsection (2); and
(b) subtracting the amount of moneys available to
reduce the property tax on the district, as determined in

subsection (3), from the amount determined in subsection

- 8 (5) The county levy requirement for the financing of
 9 the county transportation reimbursement to high school
 10 districts shall be computed by adding all such requirements
 11 for all the high school districts of the county, including
 12 the county's obligation for reimbursements in joint high
 13 school districts.
 - (6) The transportation fund levy requirements determined in subsection (4) for each district and in subsection (5) for the county shall be reported to the county commissioners on the second Monday of August by the county superintendent as the transportation fund levy requirements for the district and for the county, and such levies shall be made by the county commissioners in accordance with 20-9-142."
- Section 10. Section 61-3-303, MCA, is amended to read:
 "61-3-303. Application for registration. (1) Every
 owner of a motor vehicle operated or driven upon the public
 highways of this state shall for each motor vehicle owned,

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

23

24

25

except as herein otherwise expressly provided, file or cause
to be filed in the office of the county treasurer where the
motor vehicle is owned or taxable an application for
registration or reregistration upon a blank form to be
prepared and furnished by the department. The application
shall contain:

7

8

9

10

11

14

15

16

17

18

19

22

23

24

- (a) name and address of owner, giving county, school district, and town or city within whose corporate limits the motor vehicle is taxable, if taxable, or within whose corporate limits the owner's residence is located if the motor vehicle is not taxable;
- 12 (b) name and address of the holder of any security
 13 interest in the motor vehicle;
 - (c) description of motor vehicle, including make, year model, engine or serial number, manufacturer's model or letter, gross weight, type of body, and if truck, the rated capacity;
 - (d) in case of reregistration, the license number for the preceding year; and
- 20 (e) such other information as the department may
 21 require.
 - (2) A person who files an application for registration or reregistration of a motor vehicle, except of a mobile home as defined in 15-1-101(1), shall upon the filing of the application pay to the county treasurer:

- 1 (a) the registration fee, as provided in 61-3-311 and 61-3-321; and
- 3 (b) unless it has been previously paid:
- 4 (i) the personal property taxes assessed against the 5 vehicle for the current year of registration and the 6 immediately previous year;
- 7 (ii) the new motor vehicle sales tax against the 8 vehicle for the current year of registration and/or-the 9 license-fee-imposed-by-61-3-532--for--the--current--year--of registration-and-the-immediately-previous-year; or
 - (iii) in the case of a motorcycle, quadricycle, motor home, travel trailer, or camper, the fee in lieu of property tax for the current year of registration.
 - (3) The application may not be accepted by the county treasurer unless the payments required by subsection (2) accompany the application. The county treasurer may not assess or collect taxes or fees for a period other than:
 - (a) the current year; and
- 19 (b) the immediately previous year, if the vehicle was 20 not registered or operated on the highways of the state, 21 regardless of the period of time since the vehicle was 22 previously registered or operated.
 - (4) The county treasurer may make full and complete investigation of the tax status of the vehicle. Any applicant for registration or reregistration must submit

б

proof from the tax or other appropriate records of the proper county at the request of the county treasurer."

Section 11. Section 61-3-332, MCA, is amended to read: "61-3-332, Number plates. (1) Every motor vehicle which shall be driven upon the streets or highways of this state shall display both front and rear a number plate, bearing the distinctive number assigned such vehicle. Such number plate shall be in eight series: one series for owners of motorcars, one for owners of motor vehicles of the motorcycle or quadricycle type, one for trailers, one for trucks, one for dealers in vehicles of the motorcycle or quadricycle type which shall bear the distinctive letters "MCD" or the letters "MC" and the word "DEALER", one for franchised dealers in new motorcars (including trucks and trailers) or new and used motorcars (including trucks and trailers) which shall bear the distinctive letter "D" or the word "DEALER", one for dealers in used motorcars only (including used trucks and trailers) which shall bear the distinctive letters "UD" or the letter "U" and the word "DEALER", and one for dealers in trailers and/or semitrailers (new or used) which shall bear the distinctive letters "DTR" or the letters "TR" and the word "DEALER". All such markings for the aforementioned kinds of dealers' plates shall be placed on the number plates assigned thereto in such position thereon as the department may designate.

- (2) All number plates for motor vehicles shall be issued for a minimum period of 4 years, shall bear a distinctive marking, and shall be furnished by the state. In years when number plates are not issued, the department shall provide nonremovable stickers bearing appropriate registration numbers, which shall be affixed to the license plates in use.
- (3) In the case of motorcars and trucks, plates shall be of metal 6 inches wide and 12 inches in length. The outline of the state of Montana shall be used as a distinctive border on such license plates, and the word "Montana" with the year shall be placed across the plates. Such registration plates shall be treated with a reflectorized background material according to specifications prescribed by the department.
- (4) The distinctive registration numbers shall begin with a number one or with a letter-number combination such as "A 1" or "AA 1", or any other similar combination of letters and numbers. The distinctive registration number or letter-number combination assigned to the vehicle shall appear on the plate preceded by the number of the county and appearing in horizontal order on the same horizontal baseline, and the county number shall be separated from the distinctive registration number by a separation mark unless a letter-number combination is used. The dimensions of such

LC 1573/01 LC 1573/01

numerals and letters shall be determined by the department, provided that all county and registration numbers shall be of equal height.

- (5) For the use of tax-exempt motor vehicles that—are also—exempt—from—the—light—vehicle—license—fee—as—provided in—subsection—(2)fa)—of—61-3-532, in addition to the markings herein provided, number plates shall have thereon the following distinctive markings:
- (a) For vehicles owned by the state the department may designate the prefix number for the various state departments, and all numbered plates issued to state departments shall bear the words "State Owned" and no year number will be indicated thereon as these numbered plates will be of a permanent nature and will be replaced by the department at such time when the physical condition of numbered plates requires same.
- (b) For vehicles owned by the counties, municipalities, irrigation districts organized under the laws of Montana and not operating for profit, and school districts and used and operated by officials and employees thereof in line of duty as such, and for vehicles on loan from the United States government or the state of Montana, to, or owned by, the civil air patrol and used and operated by officials and employees thereof in the line of duty as such, there shall be placed on the number plates assigned

- thereto, in such position thereon as the department may designate, the letter "X" or the word "EXEMPT". Distinctive registration numbers for plates assigned to motor vehicles of each of the counties in the state and those of the municipalities and school districts situated within each of said counties and those of the irrigation districts which obtain plates within each county shall begin with number one and be numbered consecutively.
 - (6) On all number plates assigned to motor vehicles of the truck and trailer type, other than tax-exempt trucks that-are-also-exempt-from-the-light-vehicle-license--fee--as provided--in--subsection--(2)(a)--of-61-3-532 and tax-exempt trailers, there shall appear the letter "T" or the word "TRUCK" for plates assigned to trucks and the letters "TR" or the word "TRAILER" for plates assigned to trailers and housetrailers. The letters "MC" or the word "CYCLE" shall appear for plates assigned to vehicles of the motorcycle or quadricycle type.
 - (7) Number plates issued to a passenger car, truck, trailer, or vehicle of the motorcycle or quadricycle type may be transferred only to a replacement passenger car, truck, trailer, or motorcycle- or quadricycle-type vehicle.

 No registration or license fee may be assessed upon a transfer of a number plate under 61-3-317 and 61-3-335.
- 25 (8) For the purpose of this chapter, the several

LC 1573/01 LC 1573/01

1

2

3

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

25

2 Silver Bow, 1; Cascade, 2; Yellowstone, 3; Missoula, 4; 3 Lewis and Clark, 5; Gallatin, 6; Flathead, 7; Fergus, 8; 4 Powder River, 9; Carbon, 10; Phillips, 11; Hill, 12; 5 Ravalli, 13; Custer, 14; Lake, 15; Dawson, 16; Roosevelt, 6 17; Beaverhead, 18; Chouteau, 19; Valley, 20; Toole, 21; Big 7 Horn, 22; Musselshell, 23; Blaine, 24; Madison, 25; Pondera, 8 26: Richland, 27: Powell, 28; Rosebud, 29: Deer Lodge, 30; 9 Teton, 31; Stillwater, 32; Treasure, 33; Sheridan, 34; 10 Sanders, 35; Judith Basin, 36; Daniels, 37; Glacier, 38; 11 Fallon, 39; Sweet Grass, 40; McCone, 41; Carter, 42; Broadwater, 43; Wheatland, 44; Prairie, 45; Granite, 46; 12 13 Meagher, 47; Liberty, 48; Park, 49; Garfield, 50; Jefferson, 51; Wibaux, 52; Golden Valley, 53; Mineral, 54; Petroleum, 14 15 55; Lincoln, 56. Any new counties shall be assigned numbers by the department as they may be formed, beginning with the 16 17 number 57." Section 12. Section 61-3-509, MCA, is amended to read: 18 19 "61-3-509. (Temporary) Disposition of taxes and fees in lieu of tax. (1) Except as provided in subsections (2) 20 and (3), the county treasurer shall credit all taxes on 21 22 motor vehicles, -- light-vehicle-license-fees-provided-for-in 23 61-3-532, and fees in lieu of tax on motorcycles,

counties of the state shall be assigned numbers as follows:

1

24

25

- March 1 and March 10 of each year and every 60 days thereafter, the county treasurer shall distribute the money in the motor vehicle suspense fund in the relative proportions required by the levies for state, county, school district, and municipal purposes in the same manner as personal property taxes are distributed.
- 7 (2) The county treasurer shall credit the fee for district courts from each light vehicle license fee to a 9 separate suspense account and shall forward the amount in 10 the account to the state treasurer at the time the county 11 treasurer distributes the motor vehicle suspense fund. The 12 state treasurer shall credit amounts received under this 13 subsection to the general fund to be used for purposes of 14 state funding of the district court expenses enumerated in 3-5-901. 15
 - (3) The county treasurer shall credit each block grant fee to a separate suspense fund. At the time he distributes the motor vehicle suspense fund, the treasurer shall distribute the suspense fund provided for in this subsection to the state treasurer for deposit in the local government block grant account provided for in 7-6-302. The funds distributed pursuant to this subsection must be used for the local government block grant program as provided in 7-6-304. 61-3-509. (Effective July 1, 1987) Disposition of
- 24 taxes and fees in lieu of tax. The county treasurer shall

quadricycles, motor homes, and travel trailers collected to

a motor vehicle suspense fund, and at some time between

credit all taxes on motor vehicles;—light-vehicle-license fees-provided-for-in-61-3-532; and fees in lieu of tax on motorcycles, quadricycles, motor homes, and travel trailers collected to a motor vehicle suspense fund, and at some time between March 1 and March 10 of each year and every 60 days thereafter, the county treasurer shall distribute the money in the motor vehicle suspense fund in the relative proportions required by the levies for state, county, school district, and municipal purposes in the same manner as personal property taxes are distributed."

Section 13. Section 61-3-534, MCA, is amended to read:

"61-3-534. Payment--of--fee <u>License</u> required for operation. (1) No light vehicle subject-to-the-fee-imposed by-61-3-532 may be operated unless the-fee-has-been-paid-and the vehicle is licensed.

(2) A properly licensed and registered light vehicle may be operated within Montana, subject to all applicable federal, state, and local laws."

Section 14. Section 61-3-701, MCA, is amended to read:

"61-3-701. Foreign vehicles used in gainful occupation
to be registered -- reciprocity. (1) Before any foreign
licensed motor vehicle may be operated on the highways of
this state for hire, compensation, or profit or before the
owner and/or user thereof uses the vehicle if such owner
and/or user is engaged in gainful occupation or business

enterprise in the state, including highway work, the owner of the vehicle shall make application to a county treasurer for registration upon an application form furnished by the department. Upon satisfactory evidence of ownership submitted to the county treasurer and the payment of property taxes, if appropriate, as required by 15-8-201, 15-8-202, or 15-24-301 or-the-payment-of-the-light-vehicle license-fee-as-provided-by-61-3-53% or the fee in lieu of application for registration and shall collect the regular license fee required for the vehicle.

LC 1573/01

- (2) The treasurer shall thereupon issue to the applicant a copy of the certificate entitled "Owner's Certificate of Registration and Payment Receipt" and forward a duplicate copy of the certificate to the department. The treasurer shall at the same time issue to the applicant the proper license plates or other identification markers, which shall at all times be displayed upon the vehicle when operated or driven upon roads and highways of this state during the period of the life of the license.
- 21 (3) The registration receipt shall not constitute 22 evidence of ownership but shall be used only for 23 registration purposes. No Montana certificate of ownership 24 shall be issued for this type of registration.
- 25 (4) This section is not applicable to any vehicle

- 1 covered by a valid and existing reciprocal agreement or
- 2 declaration entered into under the provisions of the laws of
- 3 Montana."
- 4 NEW SECTION. Section 15. Repealer. Sections
- 5 15-24-101, 15-24-301, 61-3-532, and 61-3-533, MCA, are
- 6 repealed.

-End-

STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

Form BD-15

In compliance with a written request, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for HB525, as introduced.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

An act to eliminate the fee in lieu of tax on light vehicles.

ASSUMPTIONS:

- 1. Tax revenue from light vehicle license fees are estimated to be \$33.567 million in FY88, and \$36.252 million in FY89 (Revenue Estimating Advisory Council).
- 2. The bill would also eliminate property taxes collected by the G.V.W. Division of the Department of Highways. These revenues are estimated to be \$4.8 million in each year of the coming biennium.
- 3. All taxes on motor vehicles, and light vehicle license fees are distributed in the relative proportions required by the levies for state, county, school district, and municipal purposes. Mill levies are 6 mills for the universities, 45 mills for school equalization, and 250.586 mills in FY88 (263.136 in FY89) for local governments.
- 4. The proposed legislation would become effective October 1, 1987 allowing vehicle license fees to be collected for one quarter of FY88.
- 5. The bill does not eliminate the block grant program; funding for the block grant program would come solely from one-third of the oil severance tax collections.
- 6. The revenue effects do not include the effects of eliminating "migratory personal property" as defined in MCA 15-24-301 from the tax base, which the bill would do. Sufficient data is not available to determine estimates of revenue effects stemming from eliminating this property from the tax base.

FISCAL IMPACT:		FY88	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	FY89			
	Current Law	Proposed Law	Difference	Current Law	Proposed Law	Difference	
University Levy	\$ 11,983,158	\$ 11,411,158	(\$572,000)	\$ 12,147,966	\$ 11,363,966	(\$ 784,000)	
School Equalization	89,873,685	85,579,685	(4,294,000)	91,109,745	85,228,745	(5,881,000)	
Total	\$101,856,843	\$ 96,990,843	(\$4,866,000)	\$103,257,711	\$ 96,592,711	(\$6,665,000)	

EFFECT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENT REVENUE:

The proposed legislation would reduce local government funding by \$23,909,000 in FY88, and by \$34,387,000 in FY89.

TECHNICAL OR MECHANICAL DEFECTS:

It appears that the intent of the proposed legislation is to eliminate the tax on light vehicles. By repealing MCA 15-24-301, which under current law already excludes light vehicles from the migratory personal property tax, the bill would forgive taxes on equipment other than just light vehicles.

The	bill	does	not	have	an e	xpli	cit e	effect	ive	date.
(-)	aux	1.	4	BODGET	nta	<u> </u>	DATE	2/	2/8	2
DĂV I	D L.	HUNT	ER,[]	BUDGET	ľ ďif	ECTO!	R	•	1	•
Offi	ice of	f Bud	get Y	and Pi	rogra	ım Pla	annir	ıg		

	College College	
1. F. 16.		DATE
ORM WALLIN,	PRIMARY SPONSOR	

Fiscal Note for HB525, as introduced.