HOUSE BILL NO. 461

INTRODUCED BY CORNE'

IN THE HOUSE

IN	THE HOUSE
JANUARY 26, 1987	INTRODUCED AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK & IRRIGATION.
FEBRUARY 11, 1987	COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL DO PASS. REPORT ADOPTED.
	STATEMENT OF INTENT ADOPTED.
FEBRUARY 12, 1987	PRINTING REPORT.
FEBRUARY 13, 1987	SECOND READING, DO PASS.
FEBRUARY 14, 1987	ENGROSSING REPORT.
	ON MOTION, TAKEN FROM ENGROSSING AND REREFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS.
FEBRUARY 19, 1987	COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL DO PASS. REPORT ADOPTED.
FEBRUARY 20, 1987	PRINTING REPORT.
FEBRUARY 21, 1987	SECOND READING, DO PASS.
	ENGROSSING REPORT.
FEBRUARY 23, 1987	THIRD READING, PASSED. AYES, 98; NOES, 1.
	TRANSMITTED TO SENATE.
IN	THE SENATE
MARCH 2, 1987	INTRODUCED AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK & IRRIGATION.

MARCH 10, 1987

COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL BE

CONCURRED IN. REPORT ADOPTED.

MARCH 13, 1987

SECOND READING, CONCURRED IN.

MARCH 16, 1987

THIRD READING, CONCURRED IN. AYES, 50; NOES, 0.

RETURNED TO HOUSE.

IN THE HOUSE

MARCH 17, 1987

RECEIVED FROM SENATE.

SENT TO ENROLLING.

1		House	BILL NO.	461	
2	INTRODUCED BY _	Come			
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A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO GENERALLY REVISE THE LAWS PERTAINING TO APIARY ACTIVITIES BY INCREASING REGISTRATION FEES, PROVIDING FOR INSPECTION FEES, AND PROVIDING FOR THE DETECTION, QUARANTINE, AND DESTRUCTION OF DISEASED OR PEST HONEYBEES; AMENDING SECTIONS 80-6-101, 80-6-102, 80-6-104, 80-6-105, 80-6-111, 80-6-114, 80-6-201, AND 80-6-202, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."

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12 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 80-6-101, MCA, is amended to read:

"80-6-101. Definitions. Unless the context requires
otherwise, in this chapter the following definitions apply:

- (1) "Apiary" means a place where one or more colonies of bees are kept or one or more hives containing honeycombs or bee combs are kept.
- 19 (2) "Bee diseases" means American or European
 20 foulbrood, sacbrood, bee paralysis, or other disease or
 21 abnormal condition of egg, larval, pupal, or adult stages of
 22 bees.
- 23 (3) "Bees" means any stage of the bees in the genus 24 Apis.
- 25 (4) "Colony" means the hive and all equipment used in

1 connection with the hive.

- (5) "Department" means the department of agriculture,
 provided for in 2-15-3001.
- 4 (6) "Equipment" means hives, supers, frames, veils,
 5 gloves, or any apparatus, tools, machines, or other devices
 6 used in the handling and manipulation of bees, honey, wax,
 7 and hives and includes containers of honey and wax which may
 8 be used in an apiary or in transporting bees and their
 9 products and apiary supplies.
- 10 (7) "Family unit" means two or more persons living 11 together or residing in the same dwelling, house, or other 12 place of residence.
- (8) "General apiary" means any apiary other than apollination apiary, landowner apiary, or hobbyist apiary.
- 15 (9) "Hive" means a frame hive, box hive, box, barrel,
 16 log gum, skep, or other receptacle or container or a part of
 17 a container, natural or artificial, which may be used as a
 18 domicile for bees.
- 19 (10) "Hobbyist apiary" means an apiary owned by a 20 hobbyist beekeeper.
- 21 (11) "Hobbyist beekeeper" means a person who owns a 22 total of no more than five hives.
- 23 (12) "Landowner" means the person who has the actual 24 use and exclusive possession of the land upon which a 25 landowner apiary is to be registered. However, a person

LC 1450/01

LC 1450/01

- leasing or renting land for the primary purpose of locating or establishing an apiary thereon is not considered a landowner.
- 4 (13) "Landowner apiary" means an apiary owned by a landowner as defined in this section.
- 6 (14) "Persons" means individuals, associations,7 partnerships, or corporations.

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- (15) "Pest" means the African honeybee (Apis mellifera scutellata) and those honeybees Africanized by interbreeding with the African honeybee, as identified by rule of the department.
- f+5)(16) "Pollination apiary" means an apiary operated
 for pollination of a commercial seed, fruit, or other
 commercial agricultural product as provided in 80-6-112.
- (±6)(17) "Queen apiary" means an apiary or premises in which queen bees are reared or kept for sale or gift."
- Section 2. Section 80-6-102, MCA, is amended to read:

 "80-6-102. Registration. (1) A person who owns or

 possesses an apiary in the state shall, before April 1 each

 year, register the apiary. There are four classes of apiary

 registration. The conditions under which the department may

 issue certificates of registration for each class are

 specified in 80-6-111 through 80-6-115.
- 24 (2) Applications shall be made to the department for 25 registration application blanks.

- 1 (3) Registration application blanks shall be furnished 2 by the department. The applicant shall provide the following 3 information:
- 4 (a) a statement of the name and place of residence;
- 5 (b) the number of colonies of bees, hives, and6 equipment in the apiary;
- 7 (c) the location of the apiary, setting forth
 8 specifically the location by sectional division to the
 9 nearest quarter section, and the township and range and, if
 10 within the corporate limits of a town or city, the number of
 11 the lot and block in the town or city;
- 12 (d) the name of the owner, renter, or occupant of the
 13 land on which the apiary is located and, when the
 14 application is for a new apiary being registered for the
 15 first time, the application must also show that the owner,
 16 renter, or occupant of the land has consented to the apiary
 17 being located on his land;
 - (e) the date when the apiary was first established;

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- (f) the class of apiary registration for which application is being made; and
- 21 (g) other information the department may require under 22 rules adopted by it for the protection, safety, and welfare 23 of the public and the beekeeping industry.
- 24 (4) Upon receipt of the application and payment of the 25 fees prescribed, the department may issue a certificate of

LC 1450/01 LC 1450/01

registration for an apiary, setting forth the name of the owner, the specific location, the number of colonies of bees or size of the apiary authorized under the registration, and the class of apiary authorized by the registration.

- (5) In issuing certificates of registration for apiaries, if there is a conflict between applicants with respect to location, the department shall give preference to the applicant having the oldest continuous registered apiary.
- (6) Certificates of registration may not be issued for new apiaries which are within such close proximity to established registered apiaries that there is or may be danger of spread of disease or pests or that the proximity will or may interfere with the proper feeding and honey flow of established apiaries.
- shall give at least 10 days' notice by certified mail to all registered apiarists likely to be affected by the proposed new apiary so that any party affected may file written protests with the department against registering the new apiary. If a written protest is filed, the department may require a hearing. Notice of the time and place of the hearing shall be given all parties interested by certified mail at least 10 days before the date set for the hearing.
 - (8) Suitable evidence of registration furnished by the

department shall be posted by the apiary registrant in a conspicuous place at or near the apiary. If an owner has more than one apiary, suitable evidence of registration furnished by the department shall be posted at each apiary.

- (9) A registration not applied for by April 1 of each year is a late registration and incurs an added penalty of 10% of the regular registration fee or \$10, whichever is greater. Registrants who fail to apply for reregistration by April 1 of each year shall be notified of their delinquency by the department. The notification shall be by certified mail and is sufficient if deposited in a United States post office or mail box and addressed to the registrant at his last address appearing in the apiary registration files of department at least 10 days before May 1. The registration of an apiary for which application for reregistration is not made by May 1 of each year is forfeited and all rights under the registration terminate.
 - (10) Any person who owns or possesses any bees, hives, colonies, or beekeeping equipment in this state or who owns or possesses an apiary in this state and who fails or refuses to register the same as provided in this part is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof is subject to the penalties set forth in 80-6-303.
- 24 (11) Nothing contained in this section or in 80-6-111 25 through 80-6-115 shall be construed as invalidating.

LC 1450/01

1	canceling, amending, terminating, or extending any
2	certificate of registration issued by the department prior
3	to October 1, 1981. All such previously issued certificates
4	of registration remain in effect for the period for which
5	they were issued; subject, however, to forfeiture, lapse,
6	abandonment, and termination in the manner provided by law."
7	Section 3. Section 80-6-104, MCA, is amended to read:
8	"80-6-104. Apiaries termination of rights
9	abandonment. (1) The registration of an apiary which is not
10	stocked with bees during at least part of the normal
11	build-up or honey-producing season is forfeited and all
12	rights under the certificate of registration terminate.

(2) An apiary not regularly attended in accordance with good beekeeping practice, which comprises a hazard or threat to disease or pest control in the beekeeping industry or which by reason of its physical condition or construction cannot be inspected, or any apiary not registered in accordance with 80-6-102, may be considered an abandoned apiary and may be seized by the department. Any pest-infected or diseased equipment or equipment which by reason of its physical condition or construction cannot be inspected may be burned, and the remainder may be sold at public auction. Proceeds, after the cost of the sale is deducted, shall be returned to the former owner or his estate. Before burning or selling any equipment, the

2	written notice at least 5 days before the burning or sale
3	The notice shall be given by certified mail or personal
4	service upon the owner or person in charge of the property
5	If the owner or person in charge cannot be located,
6	certified letter sent to the owner's last address registered
7	with the department is sufficient notice under this
8	section."
9	Section 4. Section 80-6-105, MCA, is amended to read
0	"80-6-105. Registration fees. (1) Each year before
1	certificate of registration may be issued for an apiary, th
2	owner or applicant for the certificate shall pay th
3	department a registration fee in accordance with th
4	following schedule of fees for the total number of colonie
5	owned or possessed:
6	1 to 10 colonies of bees \$ 5.88 \$10.0
7	11-to50-colonies
.8	51 <u>11</u> to 200 colonies 20 :00 <u>25.0</u>
9	201-to300-colonies
0	30± 201 to 500 colonies 40.0
1	501 to 1,000 colonies
2	17881-to-27888-colonies
3	27801 1,001 to 3,000 colonies 90-80 100.0
4	37881-to-47888-colonies

department shall give the owner or person in charge a

47001 3,001 to 5,000 colonies 130:00 140.00

LC 1450/01 LC 1450/01

5,001 colonies and upward 150,00 200.00

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(2) If, after registration, additional or new colonies are authorized for a registered apiary, fees shall be paid by the registrant in accordance with the schedule in subsection (1) for the total number of colonies for that year."

section 5. Section 80-6-111, MCA, is amended to read:

"80-6-111. General apiary registrations. (1) In order
to control, limit, and prevent the spread of bee diseases,
pests, and other contagious or infectious diseases among
bees, hives, and apiaries and to control, limit, and prevent
interference with the proper feeding and honey flow of
established apiaries, general apiaries registered to
different persons on October 1, 1981, must be located 3 or
more miles apart, except as otherwise provided in this part.
The department shall not register or issue a certificate of
registration for any general apiary that is located less
than 3 miles from a general apiary registered to another
person, except as otherwise provided in this section.

- (2) A person may register a general apiary that is situated less than 3 miles from another general apiary he has registered so long as the location of the general apiary being applied for is 3 or more miles from general apiaries registered to other persons.
- (3) A general apiary may be registered even though it

is less than 3 miles from any registered pollination apiary,
landowner apiary, or hobbyist apiary.

- 3 (4) A person with an existing apiary that is located 4 less than 3 miles from an existing general apiary registered 5 to another person may register his apiary as a general 6 apiary under the following conditions:
- 7 (a) his apiary was established and registered with the 8 department as a general apiary under the department's rules 9 in effect prior to July 1, 1981;
- 10 (b) his apiary is registered with the department as a 11 general apiary as of July 1, 1981; and
- 12 (c) the registration of his apiary has not been 13 forfeited or abandoned under the provisions of 80-6-102(9) 14 or 80-6-104."
- Section 6. Section 80-6-114, MCA, is amended to read:
 16 "80-6-114. Hobbyist apiary registrations. (1) The
 17 department may grant hobbyist apiary registrations to
 18 hobbyist beekeepers under the following conditions:
- 19 (a) The applicant must not own a total of more than 20 five hives, and all of the hives must be placed on the 21 hobbyist apiary.
- (b) The applicant must own the bees and the hives andmust personally manage and operate the bees and the hives.
- 24 (c) Only one hobbyist registration is allowed an 25 applicant and only two hobbyist apiary registrations are

LC 1450/01 LC 1450/01

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1 allowed a family unit.

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- 2 (d) If the department determines that too many 3 hobbyist apiaries are being registered within too close proximity of each other or of other established apiaries so that there is or may be danger of the spread of bee diseases, pests, or other contagious or infectious diseases 7 among bees or apiaries or that there will be interference with the proper feeding and honey flow of established 9 apiaries, the department may refuse to grant any further 10 hobbyist registrations in the locality and area of the 11 danger, in accordance with 80-6-102(6).
 - (2) No certificate of registration of a hobbyist apiary may be leased, assigned, or transferred, and no person other than the hobbyist apiary registrant may exercise any rights or privileges, directly or indirectly, authorized by the certificate of registration."
- 17 Section 7. Section 80-6-201, MCA, is amended to read: 18 "80-6-201. Apiaries -- powers and duties of the 19 department. (1) To prevent the spread of pests and 20 contagious and infectious disease among bees and apiaries, 21 the department may:
 - (a) order the transfer of colonies of bees from hives or containers which cannot be properly examined for brood or other diseases to other hives or containers;
- 25 (b) order disinfection of any bee, beehive, brood

other equipment which is infected or contaminated with disease or pests and burn any infected or 2 contaminated bee, beehive, brood comb, or any other 3 equipment if, in its judgment, disinfection will not remove 4 the infection or contamination. Before burning any 5 property, the department shall give the owner or person in 6 charge a written notice at least 5 days before the date on 7 which the property will be burned. The notice shall be given by certified mail or personal service upon the owner or 9 10 person in charge of the property.

(c) quarantine any apiary where pests, foulbrood, or any contagious or infectious diseases are present and, during the quarantine, prevent the removal from the apiary of any bees or equipment except under a special permit issued by the department permitting the removal under conditions prescribed by it. A person may not sell or offer for sale any apiary, bees, or equipment which are under quarantine unless a permit authorizing the sale or removal is issued by the department. Written notice of quarantine shall be posted by the department, owner, or person in charge at the quarantined apiary at a conspicuous place, and a copy shall be personally served or sent by certified mail to the owner of the apiary or person in charge. The quarantine continues in effect until it is ordered removed

and a copy of the removal order served in the same manner.

(d) establish by rule interior and exterior quarantines to prevent the entry or spread of diseases or pests which are not known to occur in Montana;

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- 4 (d)(e) inspect any apiary, hives, equipment, or
 5 premises for the presence of disease or pests;
 - (e)(f) promulgate and enforce rules adopted pursuant to parts 1 through 3.
 - (2) Any person failing to comply with a rule, order, or provision of a quarantine pursuant to this section is subject to penalties provided for in 80-6-303.
 - (3) The department may provide disease and pest inspection, sampling, and laboratory analysis services for a fee. The department shall adopt rules setting the fee commensurate with costs and establishing procedures for sampling and analysis."
 - Section 8. Section 80-6-202, MCA, is amended to read:

 "80-6-202. Inspection of bees or used beekeeping equipment transported interstate. (1) A person may not transport or bring into the state any used beekeeping equipment or containers, including honey to be extracted, unless it is certified and duly marked as being apparently pest- and disease-free by an official responsible for apiary regulations of the state from which it is being moved. The department shall be advised in advance of the date of entry and the destination of the material. Used equipment

- transported into the state may be quarantined by the department, in accordance with 80-6-201(1)(c), from the time it enters the state until it has been inspected and found to
- To enters the state until it has been inspected and round to
- be apparently free of pests and diseases or until it has

 been in use while under quarantine for a minimum of 90 days
- 5 <u>been</u> in use while under quarantine for a minimum of 90 days
- 6 and at least until the following July 1. The beekeeping
- 7 materials are also subject to quarantine as provided in this
- 8 section. The department may also inspect and certify as
- 9 being apparently pest- and disease-free bees or beekeeping
 - equipment which is to be transported from Montana to a state
- which requires an inspection in the state of origin.
- 12 (2) The costs of making the inspections provided for in subsection (1) shall be paid in advance by the owner of 13 the bees or equipment and shall include a per diem pursuant 14 15 to Title 2, chapter 18, part 5, necessary traveling 16 expenses, and a fee of \$20 \$50 for the issuance of a 17 certificate of health. If inspection by an official of any 18 other state is considered insufficient for the protection of 19 the Montana bee industry by the department, the department shall so state by public statement. Importation of 20 beekeeping materials, including honey for extracting, from 21 22 that other state shall be denied unless the materials or 23 honey are first inspected by the department and there is obtained from it a certificate of inspection showing that the materials or honey are apparently free from pests and 25

2 inspection shall be paid by the person requesting it, and 3 inspection may be made at any point outside this state convenient to the person making the inspection. The 4 5 department may require that the costs of making the 6 inspection be paid in advance, and the costs shall include 7 per diem pursuant to Title 2, chapter 18, part 5, necessary

contagious or infectious disease. The costs of making the

traveling expenses, and a fee of \$20 \$50 for the issuance of

9 the certificate of inspection."

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10 NEW SECTION. Section 9. Bee laboratory authorized. 11 The department or a party designated by the department may 12 develop and maintain a laboratory to provide disease and pest analytical services required to carry out the 13 14 provisions of this part. The laboratory may be authorized by 15 the department to provide services to persons possessing any 16 bees or equipment on a fee basis pursuant to 80-6-201(3).

17 NEW SECTION. Section 10. Codification instruction. 18 Section 9 is intended to be codified as an integral part of 19 Title 80, chapter 6, part 3, and the provisions of Title 80, chapter 6, apply to section 9.

21 NEW SECTION. Section 11. Extension of authority. Any 22 existing authority of the department of agriculture to make 23 rules on the subject of the provisions of this act is extended to the provisions of this act. 24

25 NEW SECTION. Section 12. Effective date. This act is effective May 1, 1987.

-End-

STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

Form BD-15

In compliance with a written request, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for HB461 . as introduced.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

A bill for an act entitled: "An act to generally revise the laws pertaining to apiary activities by increasing registration fees, providing for inspection fees, and providing for the detection quarantine, and destruction of diseased or pest honey bees; amending sections 80-6-101, 80-6-102, 80-6-104, 80-6-105, 80-6-111, 80-6-114, 80-6-201, and 80-6-202, MCA; and providing an effective date."

ASSUMPTIONS:

- Assume no additional expenditures to existing apiary activities will occur. 1.
- The proposed 58% increase in apiary registration fees is requested by industry and will bring an additional 2. \$13,988 to the general fund.
- Assume lab service fees for pest analysis is deposited into the general fund. 3.
- Assume the use of existing equipment for lab analysis. 4.
- Assume existing personnel can be utilized for estimated number of samples. 5.

FISCAL IMPACT:				FY88						FY89		
Expenditures:	Cu	rrent Law	Pr	oposed Law	Dii	ference	Cu	rrent Law	Pr	oposed Law	Dif	ference
Personal Services	\$	48,158	\$	48,158	\$		- \$	48,081	\$	48,081	\$	0
Operating Expenses		5,000		10,190		5,190		5,000		10,190		5,190
TOTAL	\$	53,158	\$	58,348	\$	5,190	\$	53,081	\$	58,271	\$	5,190
Funding:						• •				• •		
General Fund	\$	53,158	\$	58,348	\$	5,190	\$	53,081	\$	58,271	\$	5,190
Revenue: (to General	Fun	ıd)										
Bee colony												
registration	\$	7,613	\$	12,210	\$	4,597	\$	7,613	\$	12,210	\$	4,597
Agriculture General		1,081	•	2,162		1,081		1,081		2,162		1,081
Lab Analysis		0		13,500		13,500		0		13,500		13,500
TOTAL	\$	8,694	\$	27,872	\$	19,178	\$	8,694	\$	27,872	\$	19,178

LONG-RANGE EFFECTS OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

Net impact of legislation will provide \$13,988 additional general fund revenue per year.

ffice of Budget and Program Planning

DATE

DICK CORNE, PRIMARY SPONSOR

Fiscal Note for HB461, as introduced

RE-REFFERED AND

APPROVED BY COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS

STATEMENT OF INTENT	STATEME	NT OF	INTENT
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HOUSE BILL 461

House Agriculture, Livestock & Irrigation Committee

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A statement of intent is required for this bill because it provides the department of agriculture authority to adopt rules for administration of this act.

It is the intent of the legislature that the department establish rules for the detection of pest honeybees by using the most efficient, scientifically acceptable method of identifying pests.

It is further the intent of the legislature that the department establish by rule a fee structure for laboratory services. The department should set fees to correspond with the costs of providing services. These costs include both direct and indirect costs, plus expenses associated with operation of the laboratory authorized under section 9.

In setting fees, the department may take into consideration the economic difficulties of the apiary industry and may reduce fees as may be necessary to promote increased use of services. The department may provide services at less than cost if alternative funding is available or if the economic conditions of the industry require the reduction of charges.

In addition, it is the intent of the legislature that



the department establish by rule an effective method for conducting quarantines to prevent the entry and spread of harmful honeybee pests and diseases, such as Africanized honeybees and honeybee mites. It is contemplated that the department quarantine any apiary where pest honeybees or any contagious or infectious diseases are present and, during the quarantine, prevent the removal from the apiary of any bees or equipment.

SECOND READING

SECOND PRINTING

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INTRODUCED BY CORNE!

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- 2 (5) "Department" means the department of agriculture. provided for in 2-15-3001.
- (6) "Equipment" means hives, supers, frames, veils. gloves, or any apparatus, tools, machines, or other devices used in the handling and manipulation of bees, honey, wax, and hives and includes containers of honey and wax which may 7 be used in an apiary or in transporting bees and their products and apiary supplies.
- (7) "Family unit" means two or more persons living 10 together or residing in the same dwelling, house, or other 11 12 place of residence.
- (8) "General appary" means any appary other than a 13 pollination apiary, landowner apiary, or hobbyist apiary. 14
- (9) "Hive" means a frame hive, box hive, box, barrel, 15 16 log qum, skep, or other receptacle or container or a part of 17 a container, natural or artificial, which may be used as a 18 domicile for bees.
- (10) "Hobbyist apiary" means an apiary owned by a 19 20 hobbyist beekeeper.
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or estab	lishing	an	apiary	thereon	is	not	consi	dered	a
landowne	r.								

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- (13) "Landowner apiary" means an apiary owned by a landowner as defined in this section.
- 6 (14) "Persons" means individuals, associations,
 7 partnerships, or corporations.
 - (15) "Pest" means the African honeybee (Apis mellifera scutellata) and those honeybees Africanized by interbreeding with the African honeybee, as identified by rule of the department.
 - f±5†(16) "Pollination apiary" means an apiary operated for pollination of a commercial seed, fruit, or other commercial agricultural product as provided in 80-6-112.
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 issue certificates of registration for each class are

 specified in 80-6-111 through 80-6-115.
 - (2) Applications shall be made to the department for registration application blanks.

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- 1 (1) Registration application blanks shall be furnished
 2 by the department. The applicant shall provide the following
 3 information:
 - (a) a statement of the name and place of residence;
- 5 (b) the number of colonies of bees, hives, and 6 equipment in the apiary;
- 7 (c) the location of the apiary, setting forth
 8 specifically the location by sectional division to the
 9 nearest quarter section, and the township and range and, if
 10 within the corporate limits of a town or city, the number of
 11 the lot and block in the town or city;
 - (d) the name of the owner, renter, or occupant of the land on which the apiary is located and, when the application is for a new apiary being registered for the first time, the application must also show that the owner, renter, or occupant of the land has consented to the apiary being located on his land;
- (e) the date when the apiary was first established;
 - (f) the class of apiary registration for which application is being made; and
- 21 (g) other information the department may require under 22 rules adopted by it for the protection, safety, and welfare 23 of the public and the beekeeping industry.
 - (4) Upon receipt of the application and payment of the fees prescribed, the department may issue a certificate of

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registration for an apiary, setting forth the name of the owner, the specific location, the number of colonies of bees or size of the apiary authorized under the registration, and the class of apiary authorized by the registration.

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- (5) In issuing certificates of registration for apiaries, if there is a conflict between applicants with respect to location, the department shall give preference to the applicant having the oldest continuous registered apiary.
 - (6) Certificates of registration may not be issued for new apiaries which are within such close proximity to established registered apiaries that there is or may be danger of spread of disease or pests or that the proximity will or may interfere with the proper feeding and honey flow of established apiaries.
 - (7) Before registering new apiaries, the department shall give at least 10 days' notice by certified mail to all registered apiarists likely to be affected by the proposed new apiary so that any party affected may file written protests with the department against registering the new apiary. If a written protest is filed, the department may require a hearing. Notice of the time and place of the hearing shall be given all parties interested by certified mail at least 10 days before the date set for the hearing.
- (8) Suitable evidence of registration furnished by the

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department shall be posted by the apiary registrant in a conspicuous place at or near the apiary. If an owner has more than one apiary, suitable evidence of registration furnished by the department shall be posted at each apiary.

(9) A registration not applied for by April 1 of each year is a late registration and incurs an added penalty of 10% of the regular registration fee or \$10, whichever is greater. Registrants who fail to apply for reregistration by April 1 of each year shall be notified of their delinquency by the department. The notification shall be by certified mail and is sufficient if deposited in a United States post office or mail box and addressed to the registrant at his last address appearing in the apiary registration files of the department at least 10 days before May 1. The registration of an apiary for which application for reregistration is not made by May 1 of each year is forfeited and all rights under the registration terminate.

(10) Any person who owns or possesses any bees, hives, colonies, or beekeeping equipment in this state or who owns or possesses an apiary in this state and who fails or refuses to register the same as provided in this part is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof is subject to the penalties set forth in 80-6-303.

24 (11) Nothing contained in this section or in 80-6-111 25 through 80-6-115 shall be construed as invalidating, canceling, amending, terminating, or extending any certificate of registration issued by the department prior to October 1, 1981. All such previously issued certificates of registration remain in effect for the period for which they were issued; subject, however, to forfeiture, lapse, abandonment, and termination in the manner provided by law."

Section 3. Section 80-6-104, MCA, is amended to read:

"80-6-104. Apiaries -- termination of rights -- abandonment. (1) The registration of an apiary which is not stocked with bees during at least part of the normal build-up or honey-producing season is forfeited and all rights under the certificate of registration terminate.

(2) An apiary not regularly attended in accordance with good beekeeping practice, which comprises a hazard or threat to disease or pest control in the beekeeping industry or which by reason of its physical condition or construction cannot be inspected, or any apiary not registered in accordance with 80-6-102, may be considered an abandoned apiary and may be seized by the department. Any pest-infected or diseased equipment or equipment which by reason of its physical condition or construction cannot be inspected may be burned, and the remainder may be sold at public auction. Proceeds, after the cost of the sale is deducted, shall be returned to the former owner or his estate. Before burning or selling any equipment, the

1	department shall give the owner or person in charge a
2	written notice at least 5 days before the burning or sale.
3	The notice shall be given by certified mail or personal
.4	service upon the owner or person in charge of the property.
5	If the owner or son in charge cannot be located, a
6	certified letter sent to the owner's last address registered
7	with the department is sufficient notice under this
8	section."
9	Section 4. Section 80-6-105, MCA, is amended to read:
10	"80-6-105. Registration fees. (1) Each year before a
11	certificate of registration may be issued for an apiary, the
12	owner or applicant for the certificate shall pay the
13	department a registration fee in accordance with the
14	following schedule of fees for the total number of colonies
15	owned or possessed:
16	1 to 10 colonies of bees \$ 5:θθ <u>\$10.00</u>
17	11 -to5 θ -colonies
18	51 11 to 200 colonies 20.00 25.00
19	201-60300-colonies-trittir/;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;
20	301 to 500 colonies 40.00
21	501 to 1,000 colonies 60:00 70.00
22	1,001-to-2,000-colonies-+
2:3	2,001 to 3,000 colonies 90.00 $\frac{100.00}{100.00}$
24	3,001-to-4,000-cotonies
25	4:001 3,001 to 5,000 colonies 130:00 140.00

- 1 5,001 colonies and upward 150,00 200.00
- 2 (2) If, after registration, additional or new colonies
 3 are authorized for a registered apiary, fees shall be paid
 4 by the registrant in accordance with the schedule in
 5 subsection (1) for the total number of colonies for that
 6 year."

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- Section 5. Section 80-6-111, MCA, is amended to read:

 "80-6-111. General apiary registrations. (1) In order
 to control, limit, and prevent the spread of bee diseases,
 pests, and other contagious or infectious diseases among
 bees, hives, and apiaries and to control, limit, and prevent
 interference with the proper feeding and honey flow of
 established apiaries, general apiaries registered to
 different persons on October 1, 1981, must be located 3 or
 more miles apart, except as otherwise provided in this part.
 The department shall not register or issue a certificate of
 registration for any general apiary that is located less
 than 3 miles from a general apiary registered to another
 person, except as otherwise provided in this section.
- (2) A person may register a general apiary that is situated less than 3 miles from another general apiary he has registered so long as the location of the general apiary being applied for is 3 or more miles from general apiaries registered to other persons.
- (3) A general apiary may be registered even though it

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- is less than 3 miles from any registered pollination apiary, landowner apiary, or hobbyist apiary.
- (4) A person with an existing apiary that is located less than 3 miles from an existing general apiary registered to another person may register his apiary as a general apiary under the following conditions:
- 7 (a) his apiary was established and registered with the 8 department as a general apiary under the department's rules 9 in effect prior to July 1, 1981;
- 10 (b) his apiary is registered with the department as a
 11 general apiary as of July 1, 1981; and
- 12 (c) the registration of his apiary has not been 13 forfeited or abandoned under the provisions of 80-6-102(9) 14 or 80-6-104."
- Section 6. Section 80-6-114, MCA, is amended to read:

 16 "80-6-114. Hobbyist apiary registrations. (1) The
- 17 department may grant hobbyist apiary registrations to
- 18 hobbyist beekeepers under the following conditions:
- (a) The applicant must not own a total of more thanfive hives, and all of the hives must be placed on the
- 21 hobbyist apiary.

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- (b) The applicant must own the bees and the hives andmust personally manage and operate the bees and the hives.
- 24 (c) Only one hobbyist registration is allowed an
- 25 applicant and only two hobbyist apiary registrations are

HB 461

HB 0461/02

HB 0461/02

allowed a family unit.

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- hobbyist apiaries are being registered within too close proximity of each other or of other established apiaries so that there is or may be danger of the spread of bee diseases, pests, or other contagious or infectious diseases among bees or apiaries or that there will be interference with the proper feeding and honey flow of established apiaries, the department may refuse to grant any further hobbyist registrations in the locality and area of the danger, in accordance with 80-6-102(6).
- (2) No certificate of registration of a hobbyist apiary may be leased, assigned, or transferred, and no person other than the hobbyist apiary registrant may exercise any rights or privileges, directly or indirectly, authorized by the certificate of registration."
- Section 7. Section 80-6-201, MCA, is amended to read:

 "80-6-201. Apiaries -- powers and duties of the
 department. (1) To prevent the spread of pests and
 contagious and infectious disease among bees and apiaries,
 the department may:
- (a) order the transfer of colonies of bees from hives or containers which cannot be properly examined for brood or other diseases to other hives or containers;
 - (b) order disinfection of any bee, beehive, brood

1 comb, or any other equipment which is infected or 2 contaminated with disease or pests and burn any infected or contaminated bee, beehive, brood comb, or any other 3 equipment if, in its judgment, disinfection will not remove 5 the infection or contamination. Before burning any property, the department shall give the owner or person in 6 7 charge a written notice at least 5 days before the date on 8 which the property will be burned. The notice shall be given 9 by certified mail or personal service upon the owner or 10 person in charge of the property.

11 (c) quarantine any apiary where pests, foulbrood, or 12 any contagious or infectious diseases are present and, 13 during the quarantine, prevent the removal from the apiary 14 of any bees or equipment except under a special permit 15 issued by the department permitting the removal under 16 conditions prescribed by it. A person may not sell or offer 17 for sale any apiary, bees, or equipment which are under 18 quarantine unless a permit authorizing the sale or removal 19 is issued by the department. Written notice of quarantine 20 shall be posted by the department, owner, or person in 21 charge at the quarantined apiary at a conspicuous place, and 22 a copy shall be personally served or sent by certified mail 23 to the owner of the apiary or person in charge. The 24 quarantine continues in effect until it is ordered removed 25 and a copy of the removal order served in the same manner.

- (d) establish by rule interior and exterior quarantines to prevent the entry or spread of diseases or pests which are not known to occur in Montana;
- 4 (d)(e) inspect any apiary, hives, equipment, or 5 premises for the presence of disease or pests;

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- tet(f) promulgate and enforce rules adopted pursuant to parts 1 through 3.
- (2) Any person failing to comply with a rule, order, or provision of a quarantine pursuant to this section is subject to penalties provided for in 80-6-303.
- (3) The department may provide disease and pest inspection, sampling, and laboratory analysis services for a fee. The department shall adopt rules setting the fee commensurate with costs and establishing procedures for sampling and analysis."
- Section 8. Section 80-6-202, MCA, is amended to read: "80-6-202. Inspection of bees or used beekeeping equipment transported interstate. (1) A person may not transport or bring into the state any used beekeeping equipment or containers, including honey to be extracted. unless it is certified and duly marked as being apparently pest- and disease-free by an official responsible for apiary regulations of the state from which it is being moved. The department shall be advised in advance of the date of entry and the destination of the material. Used equipment

department, in accordance with 80-6-201(1)(c), from the time it enters the state until it has been inspected and found to 3 be apparently free of pests and diseases or until it has 4 been in use while under quarantine for a minimum of 90 days 5 and at least until the following July 1. The beekeeping materials are also subject to quarantine as provided in this section. The department may also inspect and certify as

transported into the state may be quarantined by the

- being apparently pest- and disease-free bees or beekeeping 9 equipment which is to be transported from Montana to a state 10 which requires an inspection in the state of origin. 11
- 12) The costs of making the inspections provided for 12 13 in subsection (1) shall be paid in advance by the owner of the bees or equipment and shall include a per diem pursuant 14 15 to Title 2, chapter 18, part 5, necessary traveling 16 expenses, and a fee of \$20 \$50 for the issuance of a 17 certificate of health. If inspection by an official of any other state is considered insufficient for the protection of 18 the Montana bee industry by the department, the department 19 20 shall so state by public statement. Importation of beekeeping materials, including honey for extracting, from 21 that other state shall be denied unless the materials or 22 honey are first inspected by the department and there is 23 obtained from it a certificate of inspection showing that 24 the materials or honey are apparently free from pests and 25

HB 0461/02

HB 0461/02

contagious or infectious disease. The costs of making the inspection shall be paid by the person requesting it, and inspection may be made at any point outside this state convenient to the person making the inspection. The department may require that the costs of making the inspection be paid in advance, and the costs shall include per diem pursuant to Title 2, chapter 18, part 5, necessary traveling expenses, and a fee of \$20 \$50 for the issuance of the certificate of inspection."

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NEW SECTION. Section 9. Bee laboratory authorized. The department or a party designated by the department may develop and maintain a laboratory to provide disease and pest analytical services required to carry out the provisions of this part. The laboratory may be authorized by the department to provide services to persons possessing any bees or equipment on a fee basis pursuant to 80-6-201(3).

NEW SECTION. Section 10. Codification instruction. Section 9 is intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 80, chapter 6, part 3, and the provisions of Title 80, chapter 6, apply to section 9.

NEW SECTION. Section 11. Extension of authority. Any existing authority of the department of agriculture to make rules on the subject of the provisions of this act is extended to the provisions of this act.

NEW SECTION. Section 12. Effective date. This act is

effective May 1, 1987.

-End-

-15- HB 461

--16- HB 461

STATEMENT O	F INTENT
HOUSE BI	LL 461

House Agriculture, Livestock & Irrigation Committee

A statement of intent is required for this bill because it provides the department of agriculture authority to adopt rules for administration of this act.

It is the intent of the legislature that the department establish rules for the detection of pest honeybees by using the most efficient, scientifically acceptable method of identifying pests.

It is further the intent of the legislature that the department establish by rule a fee structure for laboratory services. The department should set fees to correspond with the costs of providing services. These costs include both direct and indirect costs, plus expenses associated with operation of the laboratory authorized under section 9.

In setting fees, the department may take into consideration the economic difficulties of the apiary industry and may reduce fees as may be necessary to promote increased use of services. The department may provide services at less than cost if alternative funding is available or if the economic conditions of the industry require the reduction of charges.

In addition, it is the intent of the legislature that



the department establish by rule an effective method for conducting quarantines to prevent the entry and spread of harmful honeybee pests and diseases, such as Africanized honeybees and honeybee mites. It is contemplated that the department quarantine any apiary where pest honeybees or any contagious or infectious diseases are present and, during the quarantine, prevent the removal from the apiary of any bees or equipment.

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HOUSE BILL NO. 461

INTRODUCED BY CORNE'

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- A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO GENERALLY REVISE THE
- 5 LAWS PERTAINING TO APIARY ACTIVITIES BY INCREASING
- 6 REGISTRATION FEES, PROVIDING FOR INSPECTION FEES, AND
- 7 PROVIDING FOR THE DETECTION, QUARANTINE, AND DESTRUCTION OF
- DISEASED OR PEST HONEYBEES; AMENDING SECTIONS 80-6-101,
- 9 80-6-102, 80-6-104, 80-6-105, 80-6-111, 80-6-114, 80-6-201,
- 10 AND 80-6-202, MCA: AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."

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- 12 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA;
- 13 Section 1. Section 80-6-101, MCA, is amended to read:
- 14 "80-6-101. Definitions. Unless the context requires
- otherwise, in this chapter the following define as apply:
- 16 (1) "Apiary" means a place where one or more colonies
- 17 of bees are kept or one or more hives containing honeycombs
- 18 or bee combs are kept.
- 19 (2) "Bee diseases" means American or European
- 20 foulbrood, sacbrood, bee paralysis, or other disease or
- 21 abnormal condition of egg, larval, pupal, or adult stages of
- 22 bees.
- 23 (3) "Bees" means any stage of the bees in the genus
- 24 Apis.
- 25 (4) "Colony" means the hive and all equipment used in



HB 0461/02

- 1 connection with the hive.
- 2 (5) "Department" means the department of agriculture,
- 3 provided for in 2-15-3001.
- (6) "Equipment" means hives, supers, frames, veils,
- 5 gloves, or any apparatus, tools, machines, or other devices
- 6 used in the handling and manipulation of bees, honey, wax,
- 7 and hives and includes containers of honey and wax which may
- 3 be used in an apiary or in transporting bees and their
- 9 products and apiary supplies.
- 10 (7) "Family unit" means two or more persons living
- 11 together or residing in the same dwelling, house, or other
 - place of residence.

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- 13 (8) "General apiary" means any apiary other than a
- 14 pollination apiary, landowner apiary, or hobbyist apiary.
- 15 (9) "Hive" means a frame hive, box hive, box, barrel,
- log qum, skep, or other receptacle or container or a part of
- 17 a container, natural or artificial, which may be used as a
- 18 domicile for bees.
- 19 (10) "Hobbyist apiary" means an apiary owned by a
- 20 hobbyist beekeeper.
- 21 (11) "Hobbyist beekeeper" means a person who owns a
- 22 total of no more than five hives.
- 23 (12) "Landowner" means the person who has the actual
- 24 use and exclusive possession of the land upon which a
- 25 landowner apiary is to be registered. However, a person

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- leasing or renting land for the primary purpose of locating or establishing an apiary thereon is not considered a landowner.
- 4 (13) "Landowner apiary" means an apiary owned by a landowner as defined in this section.

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- (14) "Persons" means individuals. associations, partnerships, or corporations.
- (15) "Pest" means the African honeybee (Apis mellifera Я 9 scutellata) and those honeybees Africanized by interbreeding with the African honeybee, as identified by rule of the 10 11 department.
 - (15)(16) "Pollination apiary" means an apiary operated for pollination of a commercial seed, fruit, or other commercial agricultural product as provided in 80-6-112.
- f16+(17) "Queen apiary" means an apiary or premises in 15 16 which queen bees are reared or kept for sale or gift."
 - Section 2. Section 80-6-102, MCA, is amended to read: "80-6-102. Registration. (1) A person who owns or possesses an apiary in the state shall, before April 1 each year, register the apiary. There are four classes of apiary registration. The conditions under which the department may issue certificates of registration for each class are specified in 80-6-111 through 80-6-115.
- (2) Applications shall be made to the department for 24 registration application blanks. 25

- 1 (3) Registration application blanks shall be furnished by the department. The applicant shall provide the following 3 information:
 - (a) a statement of the name and place of residence:
- 5 (b) the number of colonies of bees, hives, and equipment in the apiary;
 - (c) the location of the apiary, setting forth specifically the location by sectional division to the nearest quarter section, and the township and range and, if within the corporate limits of a town or city, the number of the lot and block in the town or city;
- 12 (d) the name of the owner, renter, or occupant of the land on which the apiary is located and, when application is for a new apiary being registered for the first time, the application must also show that the owner, renter, or occupant of the land has consented to the apiary being located on his land;
 - (e) the date when the apiary was first established;
- 19 (f) the class of apiary registration for which 20 application is being made; and
- 21 (q) other information the department may require under rules adopted by it for the protection, safety, and welfare 22 23 of the public and the beekeeping industry.
- 24 (4) Upon receipt of the application and payment of the 25 fees prescribed, the department may issue a certificate of

registration for an apiary, setting forth the name of the owner, the specific location, the number of colonies of bees or size of the apiary authorized under the registration, and the class of apiary authorized by the registration.

- (5) In issuing certificates of registration for apiaries, if there is a conflict between applicants with respect to location, the department shall give preference to the applicant having the oldest continuous registered apiary.
- (6) Certificates of registration may not be issued for new apiaries which are within such close proximity to established registered apiaries that there is or may be danger of spread of disease or pests or that the proximity will or may interfere with the proper feeding and honey flow of established apiaries.
- (7) Before registering new apiaries, the department shall give at least 10 days' notice by certified mail to all registered apiarists likely to be affected by the proposed new apiary so that any party affected may file written protests with the department against registering the new apiary. If a written protest is filed, the department may require a hearing. Notice of the time and place of the hearing shall be given all parties interested by certified mail at least 10 days before the date set for the hearing.

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- department shall be posted by the apiary registrant in a conspicuous place at or near the apiary. If an owner has more than one apiary, suitable evidence of registration furnished by the department shall be posted at each apiary.
- (9) A registration not applied for by April 1 of each year is a late registration and incurs an added penalty of 10% of the regular registration fee or \$10, whichever is greater. Registrants who fail to apply for reregistration by April 1 of each year shall be notified of their delinquency by the department. The notification shall be by certified mail and is sufficient if deposited in a United States post office or mail box and addressed to the registrant at his last address appearing in the apiary registration files of the department at least 10 days before May 1. The registration of an apiary for which application for reregistration is not made by May 1 of each year is forfeited and all rights under the registration terminate.
 - (10) Any person who owns or possesses any bees, hives, colonies, or beekeeping equipment in this state or who owns or possesses an apiary in this state and who fails or refuses to register the same as provided in this part is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof is subject to the penalties set forth in 80-6-303.
- 24 (11) Nothing contained in this section or in 80-6-11125 through 80-6-115 shall be construed as invalidating,

(8) Suitable evidence of registration furnished by the

canceling, amending, terminating, or extending any certificate of registration issued by the department prior to October 1, 1981. All such previously issued certificates of registration remain in effect for the period for which they were issued; subject, however, to forfeiture, lapse, abandonment, and termination in the manner provided by law."

Section 3. Section 80-6-104, MCA, is amended to read:

"80-6-104. Apiaries -- termination of rights -- abandonment. (1) The registrate of an apiary which is not stocked with bees during at least part of the normal build-up or honey-producing season is forfeited and all rights under the certificate of registration terminate.

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(2) An apiary not regularly attended in accordance with good beekeeping practice, which comprises a hazard or threat to disease or pest control in the beekeeping industry or which by reason of its physical condition or construction cannot be inspected, or any apiary not registered in accordance with 80-6-102, may be considered an abandoned apiary and may be seized by the department. Any pest-infected or diseased equipment or equipment which by reason of its physical condition or construction cannot be inspected may be burned, and the remainder may be sold at public auction. Proceeds, after the cost of the sale is deducted, shall be returned to the former owner or his estate. Before burning or selling any equipment, the

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1	department shall give the owner or person in charge a
2	written notice at least 5 days before the burning or sale
3	The notice shall be given by certified mail or personal
4	service upon the owner or person in charge of the property
5	If the owner or son in charge cannot be located, a
6	certified letter sent to the owner's last address registered
7	with the department is sufficient notice under this
8	section."
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ı	certificate of registration may be issued for an apiary, the
2	owner or applicant for the certificate shall pay the
3	department a registration fee in accordance with the
4	following schedule of fees for the total number of colonies
5	owned or possessed:
6	1 to 10 colonies of bees \$ 5.00 \$10.00
7	11-to50-colonies
8	5± 11 to 200 colonies 20.00 25.00
9	201-to300-colonies
0	301 201 to 500 colonies
1	501 to 1,000 colonies 60-θθ <u>70.00</u>
2	1,001-to-2,000-colonies
3	27881 1,001 to 3,000 colonies 98788 100.00
4	3,001-to-4,000-colonies
5	4=801 3.001 to 5.000 colonies

HB 461

3- HB 461

HB 0461/02 HB 0461/02

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- (2) If, after registration, additional or new colonies are authorized for a registered apiary, fees shall be paid by the registrant in accordance with the schedule in subsection (1) for the total number of colonies for that war."
- Section 5. Section 80-6-111, MCA, is amended to read:

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 to control, limit, and prevent the spread of bee diseases,
 pests, and other contagious or infectious diseases among
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 established apiaries, general apiaries registered to
 different persons on October 1, 1981, must be located 3 or
 more miles apart, except as otherwise provided in this part.
 The department shall not register or issue a certificate of
 registration for any general apiary that is located less
 than 3 miles from a general apiary registered to another
 person, except as otherwise provided in this section.
- (2) A person may register a general apiary that is situated less than 3 miles from another general apiary he has registered so long as the location of the general apiary being applied for is 3 or more miles from general apiaries registered to other persons.
- 25 (3) A general apiary may be registered even though it

is less than 3 miles from any registered pollination apiary,landowner apiary, or hobbyist apiary.

- (4) A person with an existing apiary that is located less than 3 miles from an existing general apiary registered to another person may register his apiary as a general apiary under the following conditions:
- 7 (a) his apiary was established and registered with the 8 department as a general apiary under the department's rules 9 in effect prior to July 1, 1981;
- 10 (b) his apiary is registered with the department as a
 11 general apiary as of July 1, 1981; and
- 12 (c) the registration of his apiary has not been 13 forfeited or abandoned under the provisions of 80-6-102(9) 14 or 80-6-104."
- 15 Section 6. Section 80-6-114, MCA, is amended to read: 16 "80-6-114. Hobbyist apiary registrations. (1) The 17 department may grant hobbyist apiary registrations to 18 hobbyist beekeepers under the following conditions:
- 19 (a) The applicant must not own a total of more than
 20 five hives, and all of the hives must be placed on the
 21 hobbyist apiary.
- 22 (b) The applicant must own the bees and the hives and 23 must personally manage and ϕ_{p} erate the bees and the hives.
- (c) Only one hobbyist registration is allowed anapplicant and only two hobbyist apiary registrations are

-9- HB 461

-10- HB 461

1 allowed a family unit.

- hobbyist apiaries are being registered within too close proximity of each other or of other established apiaries so that there is or may be danger of the spread of bee diseases, pests, or other contagious or infectious diseases among bees or apiaries or that there will be interference with the proper feeding and honey flow of established apiaries, the department may refuse to grant any further hobbyist registrations in the locality and area of the danger, in accordance with 80-6-102(6).
- (2) No certificate of registration of a hobbyist apiary may be leased, assigned, or transferred, and no person other than the hobbyist apiary registrant may exercise any rights or privileges, directly or indirectly, authorized by the certificate of registration."

Section 7. Section 80-6-201, MCA, is amended to read:

"80-6-201. Apiaries -- powers and duties of the
department. (1) To prevent the spread of pests and
contagious and infectious disease among bees and apiaries,
the department may:

- (a) order the transfer of colonies of bees from hives or containers which cannot be properly examined for brood or other diseases to other hives or containers;
- (b) order disinfection of any bee, beehive, brood

ı comb, or any other equipment which is infected or contaminated with disease or pests and burn any infected or contaminated bee, beehive, brood comb, or any other equipment if, in its judgment, disinfection will not remove infection or contamination. Before burning any property, the department shall give the owner or person in charge a written notice at least 5 days before the date on which the property will be burned. The notice shall be given by certified mail or personal service upon the owner or Q. person in charge of the property.

(c) quarantine any apiary where <u>pests</u>, foulbrood, or any contagious or infectious diseases are present and, during the quarantine, prevent the removal from the apiary of any bees or equipment except under a special permit issued by the department permitting the removal under conditions prescribed by it. A person may not sell or offer for sale any apiary, bees, or equipment which are under quarantine unless a permit authorizing the sale or removal is issued by the department. Written notice of quarantine shall be posted by the department, owner, or person in charge at the quarantined apiary at a conspicuous place, and a copy shall be personally served or sent by certified mail to the owner of the apiary or person in charge. The quarantine continues in effect until it is ordered removed and a copy of the removal order served in the same manner.

HB 0461/02

1	(d) establish	by_	rule	interior	and	exter	ior
2	quarantines to prevent	the	entry	or spread	of d	iseases	or
3	pests which are not kno	own	to occu	r in Monta	na:		

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- 4 td)(e) inspect any apiary, hives, equipment, or 5 premises for the presence of disease or pests;
- 6 (e)(f) promulgate and enforce rules adopted pursuant 7 to parts 1 through 3.
 - (2) Any person failing to comply with a rule, order, or provision of a quarantine pursuant to this section is subject to penalties provided for in 80-6-303.
 - (3) The department may provide disease and pest inspection, sampling, and laboratory analysis services for a fee. The department shall adopt rules setting the fee commensurate with costs and establishing procedures for sampling and analysis."
 - Section 8. Section 80-6-202, MCA, is amended to read: "80-6-202. Inspection of bees or used beekeeping equipment transported interstate. (1) A person may not transport or bring into the state any used beekeeping equipment or containers, including honey to be extracted, unless it is certified and duly marked as being apparently pest- and disease-free by an official responsible for apiary regulations of the state from which it is being moved. The department shall be advised in advance of the date of entry and the destination of the material. Used equipment

1 transported into the state may be quarantined by the department, in accordance with 80-6-201(1)(c), from the time 3 it enters the state until it has been inspected and found to be apparently free of pests and diseases or until it has 5 been in use while under guarantine for a minimum of 90 days 6 and at least until the following July 1. The beekeeping 7 materials are also subject to quarantine as provided in this section. The department may also inspect and certify as being apparently pest- and disease-free bees or beekeeping 10 equipment which is to be transported from Montana to a state

which requires an inspection in the state of origin.

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(2) The costs of making the inspections provided for in subsection (1) shall be paid in advance by the owner of the bees or equipment and shall include a per diem pursuant to Title 2, chapter 18, part 5, necessary traveling expenses, and a fee of \$20 \$50 for the issuance of a certificate of health. If inspection by an official of any other state is considered insufficient for the protection of the Montana bee industry by the department, the department shall so state by public statement. Importation of beekeeping materials, including honey for extracting, from that other state shall be denied unless the materials or honey are first inspected by the department and there is obtained from it a certificate of inspection showing that the materials or honey are apparently free from pests and contagious or infectious disease. The costs of making the inspection shall be paid by the person requesting it, and inspection may be made at any point outside this state convenient to the person making the inspection. The department may require that the costs of making the inspection be paid in advance, and the costs shall include per diem pursuant to Title 2, chapter 18, part 5, necessary traveling expenses, and a fee of \$20 \$50 for the issuance of the certificate of inspection."

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NEW SECTION. Section 9. Bee laboratory authorized. The department or a party designated by the department may develop and maintain a laboratory to provide disease and pest analytical services required to carry out the provisions of this part. The laboratory may be authorized by the department to provide services to persons possessing any bees or equipment on a fee basis pursuant to 80-6-201(3).

NEW SECTION. Section 10. Codification instruction. Section 9 is intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 80, chapter 6, part 3, and the provisions of Title 80, chapter 6, apply to section 9.

NEW SECTION. Section 11. Extension of authority. Any existing authority of the department of agriculture to make rules on the subject of the provisions of this act is extended to the provisions of this act.

NEW SECTION. Section 12. Effective date. This act is

l effective May 1, 1987.

-End-

1	HOUSE BILL NO. 461
2	INTRODUCED BY CORNE'
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO GENERALLY REVISE THE
5	LAWS PERTAINING TO APIARY ACTIVITIES BY INCREASING
6	REGISTRATION FEES, PROVIDING FOR INSPECTION FEES, AND
7	PROVIDING FOR THE DETECTION, QUARANTINE, AND DESTRUCTION OF
8	DISEASED OR PEST HONEYBEES; AMENDING SECTIONS 80-6-101,
9	80-6-102, 80-6-104, 80-6-105, 80-6-111, 80-6-114, 80-6-201,
10	AND 80-6-202, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."
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12	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
13	Section 1. Section 80-6-101, MCA, is amended to read:
14	"80-6-101. Definitions. Unless the context requires
15	otherwise, in this chapter the following definitions apply:
16	(1) "Apiary" means a place where one or more colonies
17	of bees are kept or one or more hives containing honeycombs
18	or bee combs are kept.
19	(2) "Bee diseases" means American or European
20	foulbrood, sacbrood, bee paralysis, or other disease or
21	abnormal condition of egg, larval, pupal, or adult stages of
22	bees.
23	(3) "Bees" means any stage of the bees in the genus
24	Apis.
25	(4) "Colony" means the hive and all equipment used in
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THERE ARE NO CHANGES ON HB 461 AND WILL NOT BE REPRINTED. PLEASE REFER TO SECOND READING (EITHER VERSION) OR THIRD READING FOR COMPLETE TEXT.

REFERENCE BILL HB-46/