HB 173 INTRODUCED BY COHEN TAX OF 6 PERCENT ON HOTEL, MOTEL, CAMPGROUND ACCOMMODATIONS; DISTRIBUTION OF PROCEEDS

- 1/13 INTRODUCED
- 1/13 REFERRED TO TAXATION
- 1/14 FISCAL NOTE REQUESTED
 - 1/16 HEARING
 - 1/19 FISCAL NOTE RECEIVED
 - 3/16 TABLED IN COMMITTEE

1'2

1		(e) H.B	BILL	NO.	<u> 173</u>
2	TAMPOOLICED BY	101			

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT IMPOSING A STATEWIDE 6
PERCENT TAX ON THE USERS OF HOTEL, MOTEL, OR TOURIST

6 CAMPGROUND ACCOMMODATIONS; PROVIDING FOR THE DISTRIBUTION OF 7 THE TAX PROCEEDS; AMENDING SECTION 17-7-502, MCA; AND

8 PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

NEW SECTION. Section 1. Definitions. For purposes of [this act], the following definitions apply:

(1) "Hotel" or "motel" means a building containing individual sleeping rooms or suites, providing overnight lodging facilities to the general public for compensation. The term includes a facility represented to the public as a hotel, motel, resort, inn, guest ranch, or public lodginghouse. The term does not include a roominghouse, retirement home, or other multiunit structure that is rented on other than a daily or weekly basis.

(2) "Tourist campground" means a place used for public camping, primarily by automobile tourists, where persons may camp, secure tents, or park travel trailers or recreational vehicles for camping and sleeping purposes. The term does not include a trailer court, trailer park, or mobile home

park intended for occupancy by trailers or mobile homes for
nonrecreational dwelling purposes.

NEW SECTION. Section 2. Tax rate. There is imposed on the user of a hotel, motel, or tourist campground a tax at a rate equal to 6% of the accommodation charge collected by the hotel, motel, or tourist campground.

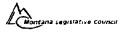
NEW SECTION. Section 3. Collection and reporting.

(1) The owner or operator of a hotel, motel, or tourist camparound shall collect the tax imposed by [section 2].

(2) The owner or operator shall report to the department of revenue, at the end of each calendar quarter, the gross receipts collected during that calendar quarter attributable to accommodation charges for the use of the hotel, motel, or tourist campground. The report is due within 30 days following the end of each calendar quarter and must be accompanied by a payment in an amount equal to the tax required to be collected under subsection (1).

NEW SECTION. Section 4. Failure to pay or file -penalty -- interest. (1) An owner or operator of a hotel,
motel, or tourist campground who fails to file the report as
required by [section 3] must be assessed a penalty of 5% of
the tax that should have been collected during the calendar
quarter. Upon a showing of good cause, the department of
revenue may waive the penalty.

(2) An owner or operator of a hotel, motel, or tourist



-2- INTRODUCED BILL #8-173

campground who fails to make payment or fails to report and make payment as required by [section 3] must be assessed a penalty of 10% of the amount that was not paid. Upon a showing of good cause, the department may waive the penalty.

ı

2

3

4

5

6

7

9

10

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

- (3) If an owner or operator of a hotel, motel, or tourist campground fails to file the report required by [section 3] or if the department determines that the report understates the amount of tax due, the department may estimate the amount of the tax due and assess that amount against the owner or operator.
- 11 (4) The amount required to be paid under [section 3]
 12 accrues interest at the rate of 1% a month until paid.
 - NEW SECTION. Section 5. Distribution of tax proceeds.(1) The proceeds of the tax imposed by [section 2] must be distributed as follows:
 - (a) \$50,000 to the department of revenue for the purpose of administering [this act]; and
 - (b) the remaining proceeds as follows:
 - (i) two-thirds to the department of commerce for Montana travel promotion purposes; and
- 21 (ii) one-third to the municipality in which the tax was
 22 collected or, if the tax was collected in an unincorporated
 23 area, to the county in which the tax was collected.
- 24 (2) The distributions made under subsection (1) are 25 statutory appropriations as defined in 17-7-502.

Section 6. Section 17-7-502, MCA, is amended to read:

"17-7-502. Statutory appropriations -- definition -
requisites for validity. (1) A statutory appropriation is an

appropriation made by permanent law that authorizes spending

a state agency without the need for a biennial

7 (2) Except as provided in subsection (4), to be 8 effective, a statutory appropriation must comply with both 9 of the following provisions:

legislative appropriation or budget amendment.

- 10 (a) The law containing the statutory authority must be listed in subsection (3).
- 12 (b) The law or portion of the law making a statutory
 13 appropriation must specifically state that a statutory
 14 appropriation is made as provided in this section.
- 15 (3) The following laws are the only laws containing
 16 statutory appropriations:
- 17 (a) 2-9-202;
- 18 (b) 2-17-105;
- 19 (c) 2-18-812;
- 20 (d) 10-3-203;
- 21 (e) 10-3-312;
- 22 (f) 10-3-314;
- 23 (g) 10-4-301;
- 24 (h) 13-37-304;
- 25 (i) 15-31-702;

LC 0154/01 LC 0154/01

```
(j) 15-36-112;
1
 2
           (k) 15-70-101;
 3
           (1) 16-1-404;
 4
           (m) 16-1-410;
           (n) 16-1-411;
 5
 6
           (0) 17-3-212;
 7
           (p) 17-5-404;
 8
           (q) 17-5-424;
 9
           (r) 17-5-804;
10
           (s) 19-8-504;
11
           (t) 19-9-702;
12
           (u) 19-9-1007;
13
               19-10-205;
14
           (w) 19-10-305;
15
           (x) 19-10-506;
16
           (y) 19-11-512;
17
           (z) 19-11-513;
18
           (aa) 19-11-606;
19
           (bb) 19-12-301;
20
           (cc) 19-13-604;
21
           (dd) 20-6-406;
22
           (ee) 20-8-111;
23
           (ff) 23-5-612;
24
           (qq) 37-51-501;
```

(hh) 53-24-206;

25

```
1
           (ii) 75-1-1101;
2
           (11) 75-7-305;
3
           (kk) 80-2-103;
 4
           (11) 80-2-228;
 5
           (mm) 90-3-301;
 6
           (nn) 90-3-302;
7
           (00) 90-15-103; and
 8
           (pp) Sec. 13, HB 861, L. 1985; and
9
           (qq) [section 5].
10
           (4) There is a statutory appropriation to pay the
```

11 principal, interest, premiums, and costs of issuing, paying, 12 and securing all bonds, notes, or other obligations, as due, 13 that have been authorized and issued pursuant to the laws of 14 Montana. Agencies that have entered into agreements authorized by the laws of Montana to pay the state 15 16 treasurer, for deposit in accordance with 17-2-101 through 17-2-107, as determined by the state treasurer, an amount 17 18 sufficient to pay the principal and interest as due on the 19 bonds or notes have statutory appropriation authority for 20 such payments."

- NEW SECTION. Section 7. Extension of authority. Any existing authority of the department of revenue to make rules on the subject of the provisions of this act is extended to the provisions of this act.
- 25 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 8. Codification instruction.

- 1 Sections 1 through 5 are intended to be codified as an
- 2 integral part of Title 15, and the provisions of Title 15
- 3 apply to sections 1 through 5.
- 4 NEW SECTION. Section 9. Effective date. This act is
- 5 effective July 1, 1987.

-End-

STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

Form BD-15

In compliance with a written request, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for HB173, as introduced.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

An Act imposing a statewide 6 percent tax on the users of hotel, motel, or tourist campground accommodations; providing for the distribution of the tax proceeds; and providing an effective date and an applicability date.

ASSUMPTIONS:

- 1. A hotel/motel/campground tax will generate gross collections of \$1.25 million per percent per year (OBPP). This estimate is assumed constant for each year.
- 2. For simplicity, it is assumed that the effective date of the proposal (July 1, 1987) and the quarterly remittance of the tax will prevent 1/4 of the annual proceeds from being collected in FY88.
- 3. Administrative costs of the Department of Revenue will be \$80,783 in FY88 and \$79,634 in FY89. In addition, \$119,000 start-up costs will be incurred in FY87 in order to implement the tax by July 1, 1987. Administrative costs in this proposal are higher than the Governor's Executive Budget due to tracking the local government entity where the tax was collected. The proposal provides the Department with \$50,000 to cover its administrative cost, which is insufficient and will require cuts in other program areas.

FISCAL IMPACT: Revenue Impact:

Weather Timbacc.	FY88				FY89			
	Current	Law	Proposed Law	Difference	Current	Law	Proposed Law	Difference
Hotel/Motel Tax	\$	0	\$ 5,625,000	\$ 5,625,000	\$	0	\$ 7,500,000	\$ 7,500,000
Fund Information:								
Dept. of Revenue	\$	0	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000	\$	0	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000
Dept. of Commerce	\$	0	\$ 3,718,525	\$ 3,718,525	\$	0	\$ 4,969,150	\$ 4,969,150
Local Governments	\$	0	\$ 1,856,475	\$ 1,856,475	\$.	0	\$ 2,480,850	\$ 2,480,850

DAVID L. HUNTER, BUDGET DIRECTOR

Office of Budget and Program Planning

DATE ///87
BEN COHEN, PRIMARY SPONSOR

Fiscal Note for HB173, as introduced.

Fiscal Note Request, <u>HB173</u>, as introduced. Form BD-15 Page 2

TECHNICAL OR MECHANICAL DEFECTS IN PROPOSED LEGISLATION OR CONFLICTS WITH EXISTING LEGISLATION: