## HOUSE BILL NO. 139

# INTRODUCED BY KOEHNKE

### IN THE HOUSE

JANUARY 12, 1987	INTRODUCED AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY.
JANUARY 19, 1987	COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL DO PASS AS AMENDED. REPORT ADOPTED.
JANUARY 20, 1987	PRINTING REPORT.
JANUARY 21, 1987	SECOND READING, DO PASS.
JANUARY 22, 1987	ENGROSSING REPORT.
	THIRD READING, PASSED. AYES, 95; NOES, 1.
	TRANSMITTED TO SENATE.
IN	THE SENATE
JANUARY 24, 1987	INTRODUCED AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY.
MARCH 5, 1987	COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL BE CONCURRED IN. REPORT ADOPTED.
MARCH 9, 1987	SECOND READING, CONCURRED IN.
MARCH 11, 1987	THIRD READING, CONCURRED IN. AYES, 50; NOES, 0.
	RETURNED TO HOUSE.
IN	THE HOUSE
MARCH 12, 1987	RECEIVED FROM SENATE.
	SENT TO ENROLLING.

LC 0615/01

1 2 3 A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT CHANGING THE YEARLY 4 COMPENSATION PROVISO OF THE GOOD SAMARITAN LAW RELATING TO 5 6 AMBULANCE DRIVERS AND PERSONS GIVING EMERGENCY MEDICAL TREATMENT; AND AMENDING SECTION 27-1-714, MCA." 7

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9 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

10 Section 1. Section 27-1-714, MCA, is amended to read: "27-1-714. Limits on liability for emergency care 11 rendered at scene of accident or emergency. (1) Any person 12 licensed as a physician and surgeon under the laws of the 1.3 state of Montana, any volunteer firefighter or officer of 14 15 any nonprofit volunteer fire company, or any other person who in good faith renders emergency care or assistance 16 12 without compensation except as provided in subsection (2) at the scene of an emergency or accident is not liable for any 18 19 civil damages for acts or omissions other than damages occasioned by gross negligence or by willful or wanton acts 20 or omissions by such person in rendering such emergency care. 21 or assistance. 22

(2) Subsection (1) includes a person properly trained
under the laws of this state who operates an ambulance to
and from the scene of an emergency or renders emergency

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1 medical treatment on a volunteer basis so long as any the 2 total reimbursement received for such volunteer services 3 does not exceed 25%-of-his--gross--annual--income \$3,000 a 4 calendar year.

5 (3) If a nonprofit subscription fire company refuses 6 to fight a fire on nonsubscriber property, such refusal does 7 not constitute gross negligence or a willful or wanton act 8 or omission."

-End-

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#### 50th Legislature

#### HB 0139/02

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### APPROVED BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

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1 medical treatment on a volunteer basis so long as any the 2 total reimbursement received for such volunteer services 3 does not exceed 25%-of-his-gross-annual-income 25% OF HIS GROSS ANNUAL INCOME OR \$3,000 a calendar year, WHICHEVER IS 4 5 GREATER. 6 (3) If a nonprofit subscription fire company refuses to fight a fire on nonsubscriber property, such refusal does 7 8 not constitute gross negligence or a willful or wanton act

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