# SB 21 INTRODUCED BY ED SMITH, STEPHENS, MCCALLUM, HIRSCH, ET AL. REPLACE LIGHT VEHICLE FEE SYSTEM WITH PROPERTY TAX

6/24 INTRODUCED

6/24 REFERRED TO TAXATION

6/26 HEARING

6/26 TABLED IN COMMITTEE



49th Legislature Special Session 6/86

INTRODUCED BY E. Smith 1 7

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A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO REPLACE THE LIGHT VEHICLE FEE SYSTEM WITH A PROPERTY TAX; AMENDING SECTIONS 7-1-2111, 15-6-201, 15-8-201, 15-8-202. 15-24-101. 15-24-105. 15-24-301. 15-30-121. 15-31-114. 15-50-207. 20-9-141, 20-9-331, 20-9-333, 20-9-352, 20-9-501, 20-10-144, 61-3-303, 61-3-332, 61-3-501 THROUGH 61-3-504, 61-3-509, 61-3-531, 61-3-533, 61-3-534, 61-3-701, AND 61-6-302, MCA; REPEALING SECTIONS 7-6-301 THROUGH 7-6-309, 61-3-532, 12 61-3-533, 61-3-535, AND 61-3-536, MCA; AND PROVIDING EFFECTIVE DATES, A TERMINATION DATE, AND AN APPLICABILITY DATE."

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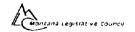
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BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 7-1-2111, MCA, is amended to read: "7-1-2111. Classification of counties. (1) For the purpose of regulating the compensation and salaries of all county officers, not otherwise provided for, and for fixing the penalties of officers' bonds, the several counties of this state shall be classified according to that percentage of the true and full valuation of the property therein upon which the tax levy is made, as follows:

(a) first class--all counties having such a taxable



valuation of \$50 million or over: (b) second class--all counties having such a taxable 2 valuation of more than \$30 million and less than \$50 million: (c) third class--all counties having such a taxable valuation of more than \$20 million and less than \$30 million: (d) fourth class--all counties having such a taxable valuation of more than \$15 million and less than \$20 10 million; (e) fifth class--all counties having such a taxable 11 valuation of more than \$10 million and less than \$15 12 13 million; (f) sixth class--all counties having such a taxable 14 15 valuation of more than \$5 million and less than \$10 million; 16 (g) seventh class--all counties having such a taxable-

valuation of less than \$5 million.

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(2) As used in this section, taxable valuation means 18 the taxable value of taxable property in the county as of 19 the time of determination plus: 20 21

fa)--that-portion-of-the-taxable-value-of-the-county-on December -- 31, -- 1981, -- attributable-to-automobiles-and-trucks having-a-rated-capacity-of-three-quarters-of-a-ton-or--less; 23 24 and

+b) the amount of new production taxes levied, as

INTRODUCED BILL

- provided in 15-23-607, divided by the appropriate tax rates
  described in 15-23-607(2)(a) or (2)(b) and multiplied by
  60%."
- 4 Section 2. Section 15-6-201, MCA, is amended to read: 5 "15-6-201. Exempt categories. (1) The following 6 categories of property are exempt from taxation:
  - (a) the property of:

- (i) the United States, the state, counties, cities, 9 towns, school districts, except, if congress passes 10 legislation that allows the state to tax property owned by an agency created by congress to transmit or distribute 1... electrical energy, the property constructed, owned, or 12 operated by a public agency created by the congress to 13 transmit or distribute electric energy produced at privately 14 owned generating facilities (not including rural electric 15 16 cooperatives);
- (ii) irrigation districts organized under the laws ofMontana and not operating for profit;
- 19 (iii) municipal corporations; and
- 20 (iv) public libraries;
- 21 (b) buildings, with land they occupy and furnishings
  22 therein, owned by a church and used for actual religious
  23 worship or for residences of the clergy, together with
  24 adjacent land reasonably necessary for convenient use of
  25 such buildings;

- 1 (c) property used exclusively for agricultural and
  2 horticultural societies, for educational purposes, and for
  3 hospitals;
- (d) property that meets the following conditions:
- 5 (i) is owned and held by any association or 6 corporation organized under Title 35, chapter 2, 3, 20, or 7 21;
- 8 (ii) is devoted exclusively to use in connection with a 9 cemetery or cemeteries for which a permanent care and 10 improvement fund has been established as provided for in 11 Title 35, chapter 20, part 3; and
- 12 (iii) is not maintained and operated for private or 13 corporate profit;
  - (e) institutions of purely public charity;

- (f) evidence of debt secured by mortgages of record
  upon real or personal property in the state of Montana;
- 17 (g) public art galleries and public observatories not
  18 used or held for private or corporate profit;
- 19 (h) all household goods and furniture, including but
  20 not limited to clocks, musical instruments, sewing machines,
  21 and wearing apparel of members of the family, used by the
  22 owner for personal and domestic purposes or for furnishing
  23 or equipping the family residence;
- 24 (i) a truck canopy cover or topper weighing less than 25 300 pounds and having no accommodations attached. Such

- property is also exempt from the fee in lieu of tax.
- 2 (j) a bicycle, as defined in 61-1-123, used by the 3 owner for personal transportation purposes;
- 4 (k)--automobiles--and-trucks-having-a-rated-capacity-of
  5 three-quarters-of-a-ton-or-less;
- 6 (+)(k) motorcycles and quadricycles;

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- - (n)(m) the right of entry that is a property right reserved in land or received by mesne conveyance (exclusive of leasehold interests), devise, or succession to enter land whose surface title is held by another to explore, prospect, or dig for oil, gas, coal, or minerals;
  - (a) (n) property owned and used by a corporation or association organized and operated exclusively for the care of the developmentally disabled, mentally ill, or vocationally handicapped as defined in 18-5-101, which is not operated for gain or profit; and
- 21 tp:(c) all farm buildings with a market value of less
  22 than \$500 and all agricultural implements and machinery with
  23 a market value of less than \$100.
- 24 (2) (a) The term "institutions of purely public 25 charity" includes organizations owning and operating

- facilities for the care of the retired or aged or chronically ill, which are not operated for gain or profit.
- 3 (b) The terms "public art galleries" and "public
  4 observatories" include only those art galleries and
  5 observatories, whether of public or private ownership, that
  6 are open to the public without charge at all reasonable
  7 hours and are used for the purpose of education only.
- 8 (3) The following portions of the appraised value of a capital investment made after January 1, 1979, in a recognized nonfossil form of energy generation, as defined in 15-32-102, are exempt from taxation for a period of 10 years following installation of the property:
- 13 (a) \$20,000 in the case of a single-family residential dwelling;
- 15 (b) \$100,000 in the case of a multifamily residential
  16 dwelling or a nonresidential structure."
- 17 Section 3. Section 15-8-201, MCA, is amended to read:
  18 "15-8-201. General assessment day. (1) The department
- 19 of revenue or its agent must, between January 1 and the
- 20 second Monday of July in each year, ascertain the names of
- 21 all taxable inhabitants and assess all property subject to
- 22 taxation in each county. The department or its agent must
- 23 assess property to the person by whom it was owned or
- 24 claimed or in whose possession or control it was at midnight
- 25 of January 1 next preceding. It must also ascertain and

- assess all mobile homes arriving in the county after midnight of January 1 next preceding. No mistake in the name of the owner or supposed owner of real property, however, renders the assessment invalid.
- 5 (2) The procedure provided by this section may not 6 apply to:
- 7 (a) motor vehicles that are required by 15-8-202 to be 8 assessed on January 1 or upon their anniversary registration 9 date:
- 10 (b)--automobiles-and-trucks-having-a-rated-capacity--of 11 three-quarters-of-a-ton-or-less;

- 16 <u>(f)(e)</u> property defined in 61-1-104 as "special mobile 17 equipment" that is subject to assessment for personal 18 property taxes on the date that application is made for a 19 special mobile equipment plate; and
- 20 (g)(f) mobile homes held by a distributor or dealer of 21 mobile homes as a part of his stock in trade.
- 22 (3) Credits must be assessed as provided in 23 15-1-101(1)(d)."
- 24 Section 4. Section 15-8-202, MCA, is amended to read: 25 "15-8-202. Motor vehicle assessment. (1) The

assess all motor vehicles other than automobiles, --trucks
having--a-rated-capacity-of-three-quarters-of-a-ton-or-less,
motorcycles, quadricycles, motor homes, travel trailers, or
mobile homes in each county subject to taxation as of

department or its agent must, in each year, ascertain and

- 6 January 1 or as of the anniversary registration date of 7 those vehicles subject to 61-3-313 through 61-3-316 and
- 8 61-3-501. The assessment for all motor vehicles will be made
- 9 using the market value as of January 1 of the year of
- 10 assessment of the vehicle as contained in the most recent
- 11 volume of the Mountain States Edition of the National
- 12 Automobile Dealers Association Official Used Car Guide. The
- 13 motor vehicles shall be assessed in each year to the persons
- 14 by whom owned or claimed or in whose possession or control
- 15 they were at midnight of January 1 or the anniversary
- l6 registration date thereof, whichever is applicable.
- 17 (2) No tax may be assessed against motor vehicles 18 subject to taxation that constitute inventory of motor
- 19 vehicle dealers as of January 1. These vehicles and all
- 20 other motor vehicles subject to taxation brought into the
- 21 state subsequent to January 1 as motor vehicle dealers'
- 22 inventories shall be assessed to their respective purchasers
- 23 as of the dates the vehicles are registered by the
- 24 purchasers.
- 25 (3) "Purchasers" includes dealers who apply for

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- registration or reregistration of motor vehicles, except as otherwise provided by 61-3-502.
- (4) Goods, wares, and merchandise of motor vehicle
   dealers, other than new motor vehicles and new mobile homes,
   shall be assessed at market value as of January 1."

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- Section 5. Section 15-24-101, MCA, is amended to read:
  "15-24-101. Assessment of proportionally registered interstate motor vehicle fleets -- tax payment required for registration. (1) The department of revenue shall assess, for the purpose of personal property taxes, the taxable vehicles in interstate motor vehicle fleets proportionally registered under the provisions of 61-3-711 through 61-3-733, and the assessment shall be apportioned on the ratio of total miles traveled to in-state miles traveled formula as prescribed by 61-3-721. Interstate motor vehicle fleets are assessable for taxation purposes upon application for proportional registration and are assessed to the persons who own or claim or in whose possession or control the fleet is at the time of the application.
- (2) With respect to any fleet contained in an original application which has a situs for purpose of property taxation in Montana by the terms of this part or any other provision of the laws of Montana between January 1 and April 1, the taxable vehicles are taxed for a full year. With respect to any fleet contained in an original application

- which acquires a situs for the purpose of property taxation
- 2 in Montana under the provisions of this part or any other
- 3 law of the state of Montana after April 1, the taxes on
- 4 taxable vehicles are apportioned as provided in 15-24-303.
- 5 (3) With respect to any fleet contained in a renewal
- 6 application, the taxable vehicles are assessed and taxed for
- 7 a full year.
- 8 (4) Automobiles and trucks having a rated capacity of
  9 three-quarters of a ton or less that are part of an
  10 interstate motor vehicle fleet are subject to the-light
  11 vehicle-license-fee-imposed-by-6i-3-532 property tax. If the
- 12 fleet is proportionally registered, the fee tax is
- 13 apportioned in the same fashion as the registration fee
- 14 under 61-3-721.
- 15 (5) Vehicles contained in a fleet for which current
- 16 taxes, fees, or both have been assessed and paid shall not
- 17 be assessed or charged fees under this section upon
- 18 presentation to the department of proof of payment of taxes,
- 19 or fees, or both for the current registration year. The
- 20 payment of personal property taxes, fees, or both, is a
- 21 condition precedent to proportional registration or
- 22 reregistration of an interstate motor vehicle fleet."
- 23 Section 6. Section 15-24-105, MCA, is amended to read:
- 24 "15-24-105. Deposit and distribution of taxes and fees
- on proportionally registered fleets. The personal property

taxes and license fees collected under this part shall be deposited with the state treasurer for distribution to the general fund of each county on the following basis:

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- 4 (1) for personal property taxes, according to the 5 ratio of the taxable valuation of each county to the total 6 state taxable valuation; and
  - (2) for iight vehicle license fees, according to the ratio of light vehicle license fees, other than fees derived from interstate motor vehicle fleets, collected in each county to the sum of all such fees collected in all the counties."
- Section 7. Section 15-24-301, MCA, is amended to read:

  "15-24-301. Personal property brought into the state

  -- assessment -- exceptions -- custom combine equipment. (1)

  Except as provided in subsections (2) through (6), property

  in the following cases is subject to taxation and assessment

  for all taxes levied that year in the county in which it is

  located:
  - (a) any personal property (including livestock) brought, driven, or coming into this state at any time during the year that is used in the state for hire, compensation, or profit;
- (b) property whose owner or user is engaged in gainfuloccupation or business enterprise in the state; or
- (c) property which comes to rest and becomes a part of

the general property of the state.

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- 2 (2) The taxes on this property are levied in the same manner and to the same extent, except as otherwise provided,
  4 as though the property had been in the county on the regular assessment date, provided that the property has not been regularly assessed for the year in some other county of the state.
- 8 (3) Nothing in this section shall be construed to levy
  9 a tax against a merchant or dealer within this state on
  10 goods, wares, or merchandise brought into the county to
  11 replenish the stock of the merchant or dealer.
  - (4) Any motor vehicle not subject to the-light-vehicle
    license--fee--or a fee in lieu of tax brought, driven, or
    coming into this state by any nonresident person temporarily
    employed in Montana and used exclusively for transportation
    of such person is subject to taxation and assessment for
    taxes as follows:
- 18 (a) The motor vehicle is taxed by the county in which
  19 it is located.
- 20 (b) One-fourth of the annual tax liability of the
  21 motor vehicle must be paid for each quarter or portion of a
  22 quarter of the year that the motor vehicle is located in
  23 Montana.
- 24 (c) The quarterly taxes are due the first day of the 25 quarter.

(5) Agricultural harvesting machinery classified under class eight, licensed in other states, and operated on the lands of persons other than the owner of the machinery under contracts for hire shall be subject to a fee in lieu of taxation of \$35 per machine for the calendar year in which the fee is collected. The machines shall be subject to taxation under class eight only if they are sold in Montana.

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- 8 (6) The provisions of this part do not apply to
  9 automobiles--and--trucks--having---a---rated---capacity---of
  10 three-quarters---of---a---ton---or---less; motorcycles; or
  11 quadricycles. These vehicles are subject to the fee provided
  12 for in 61-3-532-or 61-3-541."
- 13 Section 8. Section 15-30-121, MCA, is amended to read:
  14 "15-30-121. Deductions allowed in computing net
  15 income. In computing net income, there are allowed as
  16 deductions:
  - (1) the items referred to in sections 161 and 211 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, or as sections 161 and 211 shall be labeled or amended, subject to the following exceptions which are not deductible:
  - (a) items provided for in 15-30-123;
    - (b) state income tax paid;
    - (2) federal income tax paid within the taxable year;
- 24 (3) expenses of household and dependent care services
  25 as outlined in subsections (3)(a) through (3)(c) and subject

- to the limitations and rules as set out in subsections
  (3)(d) through (3)(f) as follows:
- 3 (a) expenses for household and dependent care services4 necessary for gainful employment incurred for:
- 5 (i) a dependent under 15 years of age for whom an exemption can be claimed:
- 7 (ii) a dependent as allowable under 15-30-112(5), 8 except that the limitations for age and gross income do not 9 apply, who is unable to care for himself because of physical 10 or mental illness: and
- 11 (iii) a spouse who is unable to care for himself 12 because of physical or mental illness;
- 13 (b) employment-related expenses incurred for the 14 following services, but only if such expenses are incurred 15 to enable the taxpayer to be gainfully employed:
- (i) household services which are attributable to thecare of the qualifying individual; and
- 18 (ii) care of an individual who qualifies under 19 subsection (3)(a);
- 20 (c) expenses incurred in maintaining a household if 21 over half of the cost of maintaining the household is
- 22 furnished by an individual or, if the individual is married
- 23 during the applicable period, is furnished by the individual
- 24 and his spouse;
- 25 (d) the amounts deductible in subsection (3)(a)

- through (3)(c) are subject to the following limitations:
- 2 (i) a deduction is allowed under subsection (3)(a) for
  3 employment-related expenses incurred during the year only to
  4 the extent such expenses do not exceed \$4,800;
  - (ii) expenses for services in the household are deductible under subsection (3)(a) for employment-related expenses only if they are incurred for services in the taxpayer's household, except that employment-related expenses incurred for services outside the taxpayer's household are deductible, but only if incurred for the care of a qualifying individual described in subsection (3)(a)(i) and only to the extent such expenses incurred during the year do not exceed:
- 14 (A) \$2,400 in the case of one qualifying individual;
- (B) \$3,600 in the case of two qualifying individuals;
- 16 and

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- 17 (C) \$4,800 in the case of three or more qualifying 18 individuals;
- 19 (e) if the combined adjusted gross income of the
  20 taxpayers exceeds \$18,000 for the taxable year during which
  21 the expenses are incurred, the amount of the
  22 employment-related expenses incurred must be reduced by
  23 one-half of the excess of the combined adjusted gross income
  24 over \$18,000;
- 25 (f) for purposes of this subsection (3):

- 1 (i) married couples shall file a joint return or file
  2 separately on the same form;
- 3 (ii) if the taxpayer is married during any period of 4 the taxable year, employment-related expenses incurred are 5 deductible only if:
- 6 (A) both spouses are gainfully employed on a substantially full-time basis; or
- 8 (B) the spouse is a qualifying individual described in subsection (3)(a)(iii);
- 10 (iii) an individual legally separated from his spouse
  11 under a decree of divorce or of separate maintenance may not
  12 be considered as married;
- 13 (iv) the deduction for employment-related expenses must
  14 be divided equally between the spouses when filing
  15 separately on the same form;
- 16 (v) payment made to a child of the taxpayer who is
  17 under 19 years of age at the close of the taxable year and
  18 payments made to an individual with respect to whom a
  19 deduction is allowable under 15-30-112(5) are not deductible
  20 as employment-related expenses;
- 21 (4) in the case of an individual, political 22 contributions determined in accordance with the provisions 23 of section 218(a) and (b) of the Internal Revenue Code that 24 were in effect for the taxable year ended December 31, 1978;
- 25 (5) that portion of expenses for organic fertilizer

- allowed as a deduction under 15-32-303 which was not otherwise deducted in computing taxable income;
- 5 +7+(6) fees in lieu of taxes on motorcycles and 6 quadricycles, as provided by 61-3-541, paid during the taxable year; and
- 8 (8)(7) contributions to the child abuse and neglect
  9 prevention program provided for in 41-3-701, subject to the
  10 conditions set forth in 15-30-156."
- Section 9. Section 15-31-114, MCA, is amended to read:

  "15-31-114. Deductions allowed in computing income. In

  computing the net income, the following deductions shall be
  allowed from the gross income received by such corporation
  within the year from all sources:

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(1) All the ordinary and necessary expenses paid or incurred during the taxable year in the maintenance and operation of its business and properties, including reasonable allowance for salaries for personal services actually rendered, subject to the limitation hereinafter contained, rentals or other payments required to be made as a condition to the continued use or possession of property to which the corporation has not taken or is not taking title or in which it has no equity. No deduction shall be allowed for salaries paid upon which the recipient thereof

- has not paid Montana state income tax; provided, however,
- 2 that where domestic corporations are taxed on income derived
- 3 from without the state, salaries of officers paid in
  - connection with securing such income shall be deductible.
- 5 (2) (a) All losses actually sustained and charged off
- 6 within the year and not compensated by insurance or
- 7 otherwise, including a reasonable allowance for the wear and
- tear and obsolescence of property used in the trade or
- 9 business, such allowance to be determined according to the
- 10 provisions of section 167 of the Internal Revenue Code in
- ll effect with respect to the taxable year. All elections for
- 12 depreciation shall be the same as the elections made for
- 13 federal income tax purposes. No deduction shall be allowed
- 14 for any amount paid out for any buildings, permanent
- improvements, or betterments made to increase the value of
- 16 any property or estate, and no deduction shall be made for
- any amount of expense of restoring property or making good
- 18 the exhaustion thereof for which an allowance is or has been
- 19 made.
- 20 (b) (i) There shall be allowed as a deduction for the
- 21 taxable period a net operating loss deduction determined
- 22 according to the provisions of this subsection. The net
- 23 operating loss deduction is the aggregate of net operating
- 24 loss carryovers to such taxable period plus the net
- 25 operating loss carrybacks to such taxable period. The term

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"net operating loss" means the excess of the deductions 1 allowed by this section, 15-31-114, over the gross income, 2 with the modifications specified in (ii) of this subsection. 3 If for any taxable period beginning after December 31, 1970, a net operating loss is sustained, such loss shall be a net 5 operating loss carryback to each of the three taxable 6 periods preceding the taxable period of such loss and shall 7 be a net operating loss carryover to each of the five 8 taxable periods following the taxable period of such loss. A 9 net operating loss for any taxable period ending after 10 December 31, 1975, in addition to being a net operating loss 11 carryback to each of the three preceding taxable periods, 12 shall be a net operating loss carryover to each of the seven 13 taxable periods following the taxable period of such loss. 14 The portion of such loss which shall be carried to each of 15 the other taxable years shall be the excess, if any, of the 16 amount of such loss over the sum of the net income for each 17 of the prior taxable periods to which such loss was carried. 18 For purposes of the preceding sentence, the net income for 19 such prior taxable period shall be computed with the 20 modifications specified in (ii)(B) of this subsection and by 21 determining the amount of the net operating loss deduction 22 without regard to the net operating loss for the loss period 23 or any taxable period thereafter, and the net income so 24 computed shall not be considered to be less than zero. 25

- 1 (ii) The modifications referred to in (i) of this
  2 subsection shall be as follows:
  - (A) No net operating loss deduction shall be allowed.
- 4 (B) The deduction for depletion shall not exceed the 5 amount which would be allowable if computed under the cost 6 method.
  - (C) Any net operating loss carried over to any taxable years beginning after December 31, 1978, must be calculated under the provisions of this section effective for the taxable year for which the return claiming the net operating loss carryover is filed.
  - (iii) A net operating loss deduction shall be allowed only with regard to losses attributable to the business carried on within the state of Montana.
  - (iv) In the case of a merger of corporations, the surviving corporation shall not be allowed a net operating loss deduction for net operating losses sustained by the merged corporations prior to the date of merger. In the case of a consolidation of corporations, the new corporate entity shall not be allowed a deduction for net operating losses sustained by the consolidated corporations prior to the date of consolidation.
- 23 (v) Notwithstanding the provisions of 15-31-531, 24 interest shall not be paid with respect to a refund of tax 25 resulting from a net operating loss carryback or carryover.

(vi) The net operating loss deduction shall not be allowed with respect to taxable periods which ended on or before December 31, 1970, but shall be allowed only with respect to taxable periods beginning on or after January 1, 1971.

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- (3) In the case of mines, other natural deposits, oil and gas wells, and timber, a reasonable allowance for depletion and for depreciation of improvements; such reasonable allowance to be determined according to the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code in effect for the taxable year. All elections made under the Internal Revenue Code with respect to capitalizing or expensing exploration and development costs and intangible drilling expenses for corporation license tax purposes shall be the same as the elections made for federal income tax purposes.
- (4) The amount of interest paid within the year on its indebtedness incurred in the operation of the business from which its income is derived; but no interest shall be allowed as a deduction if paid on an indebtedness created for the purchase, maintenance, or improvement of property or for the conduct of business unless the income from such property or business would be taxable under this part.
- (5) (a) Taxes paid within the year, except the following:
- 25 (i) Taxes imposed by this part.

- (ii) Taxes assessed against local benefits of a kind tending to increase the value of the property assessed.
- 3 (iii) Taxes on or according to or measured by net 4 income or profits imposed by authority of the government of 5 the United States.
- 6 (iv) Taxes imposed by any other state or country upon7 or measured by net income or profits.
- 8 (b) Taxes deductible under this part shall be
  9 construed to include taxes imposed by any county, school
  10 district, or municipality of this state.
- 11 (6) <u>Bight-vehicle--license--fees,--as---provided---by</u>
  12 <u>61-3-532,-and-fees Fees</u> in lieu of taxes for motorcycles and
  13 quadricycles, as provided by 61-3-541, paid within the year.
- 14 (7) That portion of an energy-related investment 15 allowed as a deduction under 15-32-103.
- 16 (8) (a) Except as provided in subsection (b),
  17 charitable contributions and gifts that qualify for
  18 deduction under section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code, as
  19 amended.
- 20 (b) The public service commission shall not allow in 21 the rate base of a regulated corporation the inclusion of 22 contributions made under this subsection.
- 23 (9) In lieu of the deduction allowed under subsection
  24 (8), the taxpayer may deduct the fair market value, not to
  25 exceed 30% of the taxpayer's net income, of a computer or

- 1 other sophisticated technological equipment or apparatus
  2 intended for use with the computer donated to an elementary,
  3 secondary, or accredited postsecondary school located in
  4 Montana if:
- 5 (a) the contribution is made no later than 5 years 6 after the manufacture of the donated property is 7 substantially completed;

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- (b) the property is not transferred by the donee in exchange for money, other property, or services; and
- (c) the taxpayer receives a written statement from the donee in which the donee agrees to accept the property and representing that the use and disposition of the property will be in accordance with the provisions of (b) of this subsection (9)."
- 17 "15-50-207. Credit against other taxes -- credit for personal property taxes and certain fees. (1) The additional 18 19 license fees withheld or otherwise paid as provided herein 20 may be used as a credit on the contractor's corporation 21 license tax provided for in chapter 31 of this title or on 22 the contractor's income tax provided for in chapter 30, 23 depending upon the type of tax the contractor is required to 24 pay under the laws of the state.
- 25 (2) Personal property taxes or fees in lieu of taxes

- on motorcycles or quadricycles;--or--light--vehicle--license

  fees-as-provided-by-61-3-532 paid in Montana on any personal
- 3 property of the contractor which is used in the business of
- 4 the contractor and is located within this state may be
- 5 credited against the license fees required under this
- 6 chapter. However, in computing the tax credit allowed by
- 7 this section against the contractor's corporation license
- 8 tax or income tax, the personal property tax or--light
- 9 vehicle--license--fee credit against the license fees herein
- 10 required shall not be considered as license fees paid for
- 11 the purpose of such income tax or corporation license tax
- 12 credit."
- 13 Section 11. Section 20-9-141, MCA, is amended to read:
- 14 "20-9-141. Computation of general fund net levy
- 15 requirement by county superintendent. (1) The county
- 16 superintendent shall compute the levy requirement for each
- 17 district's general fund on the basis of the following
- 18 procedure:
- 19 (a) Determine the total of the funding required for
- 20 the district's final general fund budget less the amount
- established by the schedules in 20-9-316 through 20-9-321 by
- 22 totaling:
- (i) the district's nonisolated school foundation
- 24 program requirement to be met by a district levy as provided
- 25 in 20-9-303;

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1 (ii) the district's permissive levy amount as provided 2 in 20-9-352; and

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- (iii) any general fund budget amount adopted by the trustees of the district under the provisions of 20-9-353, including any additional levies authorized by the electors of the district.
- (b) Determine the total of the moneys available for the reduction of the property tax on the district for the general fund by totaling:
- 10 (i) anticipated federal moneys received under the
  11 provisions of Title I of Public Law 81-874 or other
  12 anticipated federal moneys received in lieu of such federal
  13 act;
- 14 (ii) anticipated tuition payments for out-of-district 15 pupils under the provisions of 20-5-303, 20-5-307, 20-5-312, 16 and 20-5-313;
- 17 (iii) general fund cash reappropriated, as established 18 under the provisions of 20-9-104;
- 19 (iv) anticipated or reappropriated state impact aid 20 received under the provisions of 20-9-304;
- 21 (v)--anticipated--or--reappropriated-motor-vehicle-fees 22 and-reimbursement--under--the--provisions--of--61-3-532--and 23 61-3-5367

- twith(vi) anticipated interest to be earned or reappropriated interest earned by the investment of general fund cash in accordance with the provisions of 20-9-213(4);
- 5 (viii) (vii) any other revenue anticipated by the 6 trustees to be received during the ensuing school fiscal 7 year which may be used to finance the general fund.
  - (c) Subtract the total of the moneys available to reduce the property tax required to finance the general fund that has been determined in subsection (1)(b) from the total requirement determined in subsection (1)(a).
  - (2) The net general fund levy requirement determined in subsection (1)(c) shall be reported to the county commissioners on the second Monday of August by the county superintendent as the general fund levy requirement for the district, and a levy shall be made by the county commissioners in accordance with 20-9-142."
  - Section 12. Section 20-9-331, MCA, is amended to read:

    "20-9-331. Basic county tax and other revenues for county equalization of the elementary district foundation program. (1) It shall be the duty of the county commissioners of each county to levy an annual basic tax of 28 mills on the dollars of the taxable value of all taxable property within the county for the purposes of local and state foundation program support. The revenue to be

collected from this levy shall be apportioned to the support of the foundation programs of the elementary school districts in the county and to the state special revenue fund, state equalization aid account, in the following manner:

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- (a) In order to determine the amount of revenue raised by this levy which is retained by the county, the sum of the estimated revenues identified in subsection (2) below shall be subtracted from the sum of the county elementary transportation obligation and the total of the foundation programs of all elementary districts of the county.
- (b) If the basic levy prescribed by this section produces more revenue than is required to finance the difference determined above, the county treasurer shall remit the surplus funds to the state treasurer for deposit to the state special revenue fund, state equalization aid account, immediately upon occurrence of a surplus balance and each subsequent month thereafter, with any final remittance due no later than June 20 of the fiscal year for which the levy has been set.
- (2) The proceeds realized from the county's portion of the levy prescribed by this section and the revenues from the following sources shall be used for the equalization of the elementary district foundation programs of the county as prescribed in 20-9-334, and a separate accounting shall be

- kept of such proceeds and revenues by the county treasurer in accordance with 20-9-212(1):
- 3 (a) the portion of the federal Taylor Grazing Act
  4 funds distributed to a county and designated for the common
  5 school fund under the provisions of 17-3-222;
  - (b) the portion of the federal flood control act funds distributed to a county and designated for expenditure for the benefit of the county common schools under the provisions of 17-3-232;
- 10 (c) all money paid into the county treasury as a
  11 result of fines for violations of law and the use of which
  12 is not otherwise specified by law;
  - (d) any money remaining at the end of the immediately preceding school fiscal year in the county treasurer's account for the various sources of revenue established or referred to in this section;
  - (e) any federal or state money7-including-anticipated or-reappropriated-motor-vehicle-fees-and-reimbursement-under the-provisions-of-61-3-532-and-61-3-5367 distributed to the county as payment in lieu of the property taxation established by the county levy required by this section; and
- 22 (f) net proceeds taxes for new production, as defined
- 23 in 15-23-601."

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- Section 13. Section 20-9-333, MCA, is amended to read:
- 25 "20-9-333. Basic special levy and other revenues for

county equalization of high school district foundation program. (1) It shall be the duty of the county commissioners of each county to levy an annual basic special tax for high schools of 17 mills on the dollar of the taxable value of all taxable property within the county for the purposes of local and state foundation program support. The revenue to be collected from this levy shall be apportioned to the support of the foundation programs of high school districts in the county and to the state special revenue fund, state equalization aid account, in the following manner:

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- (a) In order to determine the amount of revenue raised by this levy which is retained by the county, the estimated revenues identified in subsections (2)(a) and (2)(b) below shall be subtracted from the sum of the county's high school tuition obligation and the total of the foundation programs of all high school districts of the county.
- (b) If the basic levy prescribed by this section produces more revenue than is required to finance the difference determined above, the county treasurer shall remit the surplus to the state treasurer for deposit to the state special revenue fund, state equalization aid account, immediately upon occurrence of a surplus balance and each subsequent month thereafter, with any final remittance due no later than June 20 of the fiscal year for which the levy

has been set.

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- 2 (2) The proceeds realized from the county's portion of
  3 the levy prescribed in this section and the revenues from
  4 the following sources shall be used for the equalization of
  5 the high school district foundation programs of the county
  6 as prescribed in 20-9-334, and a separate accounting shall
  7 be kept of these proceeds by the county treasurer in
  8 accordance with 20-9-212(1):
- 9 (a) any money remaining at the end of the immediately
  10 preceding school fiscal year in the county treasurer's
  11 accounts for the various sources of revenue established in
  12 this section;
  - (b) any federal or state moneys,-including-anticipated or-reappropriated-motor-vehicle-fees-and-reimbursement-under the--provisions-of-61-3-532-and-61-3-536, distributed to the county as a payment in lieu of the property taxation established by the county levy required by this section; and
- 18 (c) net proceeds taxes for new production, as defined 19 in 15-23-601."
- 20 Section 14. Section 20-9-352, MCA, is amended to read:
- 21 "20-9-352. Permissive amount and permissive levy. (1)
- 22 Whenever the trustees of any district shall deem it
- 23 necessary to adopt a general fund budget in excess of the
- 24 foundation program amount but not in excess of the maximum
- general fund budget amount for such district as established

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by the schedules in 20-9-316 through 20-9-321, the trustees shall adopt a resolution stating the reasons and purposes for exceeding the foundation program amount. Such excess above the foundation program amount shall be known as the "permissive amount", and it shall be financed by a levy on the taxable value of all taxable property within the district as prescribed in 20-9-141, supplemented with any biennial appropriation by the legislature for this purpose. The proceeds of such an appropriation shall be deposited to the state special revenue fund, permissive account.

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- (2) The district levies to be set for the purpose of funding the permissive amount are determined as follows:
- (a) For each elementary school district, the county commissioners shall annually set a levy not exceeding 6 mills on all the taxable property in the district for the purpose of funding the permissive amount of the district. The permissive levy in mills shall be obtained by multiplying the ratio of the permissive amount to the maximum permissive amount by 6 or by using the number of mills which would fund the permissive amount, whichever is less. If the amount of revenue raised by this levy7-plus anticipated-or-reappropriated-motor-vehicle--fees---and reimbursement-under-the-provisions-of-61-3-532-and-61-3-5367 is not sufficient to fund the permissive amount in full, the amount of the deficiency shall be paid to the district from

the state special revenue fund according to the provisions of subsections (3) and (4) of this section.

- 3 (b) For each high school district, the county commissioners shall annually set a levy not exceeding 4 mills on all taxable property in the district for the purpose of funding the permissive amount of the district. 7 The permissive levy in mills shall be obtained by multiplying the ratio of the permissive levy to the maximum permissive amount by 4 or by using the number of mills which 10 would fund the permissive amount, whichever is less. If the amount of revenue raised by this levy7--plus--anticipated 11 12 motor-vehicle-fees-and-reimbursement-under-the-provisions-of 13 61-3-532--and--61-3-5367-and plus net proceeds taxes for new 14 production, as defined in 15-23-601, is not sufficient to 15 fund the permissive amount in full, the amount of the 16 deficiency shall be paid to the district from the state 17 special revenue fund according to the provisions of subsections (3) and (4) of this section. 18
  - (3) The superintendent of public instruction shall, if the appropriation by the legislature for the permissive account for the biennium is insufficient, request the budget director to submit a request for a supplemental appropriation in the second year of the biennium. The supplemental appropriation shall provide enough revenue to fund the permissive deficiency of the elementary and high

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school districts of the state. The proceeds of this appropriation shall be deposited to the state special revenue fund, permissive account, and shall be distributed to the elementary and high school districts in accordance with their entitlements as determined by the superintendent of public instruction according to the provisions of subsections (1) and (2) of this section.

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(4) Distribution under this section from the state special revenue fund shall be made in two payments. The first payment shall be made at the same time as the first distribution of state equalization aid is made after January 1 of the fiscal year. The second payment shall be made at the same time as the last payment of state equalization aid is made for the fiscal year. If the appropriation is not sufficient to finance the deficiencies of the districts as determined according to subsection (2), each district will receive the same percentage of its deficiency. Surplus revenue in the second year of the biennium may be used to reduce the appropriation required for the next succeeding biennium or may be transferred to the state equalization aid state special revenue fund if revenues in that fund are insufficient to meet foundation program requirements."

23 Section 15. Section 20-9-501, MCA, is amended to read: 24 "20-9-501. Retirement fund. (1) The trustees of any 25 district employing personnel who are members of the

teachers' retirement system or the public employees' retirement system or who are covered by unemployment insurance or who are covered by any federal social security system requiring employer contributions shall establish a retirement fund for the purposes of budgeting and paying the employer's contributions to such systems. The district's contribution for each employee who is a member of the 7 teachers' retirement system shall be calculated in accordance with Title 19, chapter 4, part 6. The district's contribution for each employee who is a member of the public 10 employees' retirement system shall be calculated in 11 1.2 accordance with 19-3-801. The district may levy a special 13 tax to pay its contribution to the public employees' retirement system under the conditions prescribed in 14 19-3-204. The district's contributions for each employee 15 covered by any federal social security system shall be paid 16 in accordance with federal law and regulation. The 17 18 district's contribution for each employee who is covered by unemployment insurance shall be paid in accordance with 19 Title 39, chapter 51, part 11. 20

(2) The trustees of any district required to make a contribution to any such system shall include in the retirement fund of the preliminary budget the estimated amount of the employer's contribution and such additional moneys, within legal limitations, as they may wish to

- provide for the retirement fund cash reserve. After the final retirement fund budget has been adopted, the trustees shall pay the employer contributions to such systems in accordance with the financial administration provisions of this title.
- 6 (3) When the final retirement fund budget has been
  7 adopted, the county superintendent shall establish the levy
  8 requirement by:

- (a) determining the sum of the moneys available to reduce the retirement fund levy requirement by adding:
- (i) any anticipated moneys that may be realized in the retirement fund during the ensuing school fiscal year; including-anticipated-motor-vehicle-fees-and-reimbursement under-the-provisions-of-61-3-532-and-61-3-536;
- 15 (ii) net proceeds taxes for new production, as defined in 15-23-601; and
  - (iii) any cash available for reappropriation as determined by subtracting the amount of the end-of-the-year cash balance earmarked as the retirement fund cash reserve for the ensuing school fiscal year by the trustees from the end-of-the-year cash balance in the retirement fund. The retirement fund cash reserve shall not be more than 35% of the final retirement fund budget for the ensuing school fiscal year and shall be used for the purpose of paying retirement fund warrants issued by the district under the

final retirement fund budget.

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- 2 (b) subtracting the total of the moneys available for 3 reduction of the levy requirement as determined in 4 subsection (3)(a) from the budgeted amount for expenditures 5 in the final retirement fund budget.
  - (4) The county superintendent shall total the net retirement fund levy requirements separately for all elementary school districts, all high school districts, and all community college districts of the county, including any prorated joint district or special education cooperative agreement levy requirements, and shall report each such levy requirement to the county commissioners on the second Monday of August as the respective county levy requirements for elementary district, high school district, and community college district retirement funds. The county commissioners shall fix and set such county levy in accordance with 20-9-142.
  - (5) The net retirement fund levy requirement for a joint elementary district or a joint high school district shall be prorated to each county in which a part of such district is located in the same proportion as the district ANB of the joint district is distributed by pupil residence in each such county. The county superintendents of the counties affected shall jointly determine the net retirement fund levy requirement for each county as provided in

1 20-9-151.

- 2 (6) The net retirement fund levy requirement for
  - districts that are members of special education cooperative
- agreements shall be prorated to each county in which such
- 5 district is located in the same proportion as the budget for
- 6 the special education cooperative agreement of the district
- 7 bears to the total budget of the cooperative. The county
- 8 superintendents of the counties affected shall jointly
- 9 determine the net retirement fund levy requirement for each
- 10 county in the same manner as provided in 20-9-151 and fix
- 11 and levy the net retirement fund levy for each county in the
- 12 same manner as provided in 20-9-152."
- 13 Section 16. Section 20-10-144, MCA, is amended to
- 14 read:
- 15 "20-10-144. Computation of revenues and net tax levy
- 16 requirements for the transportation fund budget. Before the
- fourth Monday of July and in accordance with 20-9-123, the
- 18 county superintendent shall compute the revenue available to
- 19 finance the transportation fund budget of each district. The
- 20 county superintendent shall compute the revenue for each
- 21 district on the following basis:
- 22 (1) The "schedule amount" of the preliminary budget
- 23 expenditures that is derived from the rate schedules in
- 24 20-10-141 and 20-10-142 shall be determined by adding the
- 25 following amounts:

- 1 (a) the sum of the maximum reimbursable expenditures
  2 for all approved school bus routes maintained by the
  3 district (to determine the maximum reimbursable expenditure,
  4 multiply the applicable rate per bus mile by the total
  5 number of miles to be traveled during the ensuing school
  6 fiscal year on each bus route approved by the county
- 7 transportation committee and maintained by such district);
- 8 plus
- 9 (b) the total of all individual transportation per
- 10 diem reimbursement rates for such district as determined
- 11 from the contracts submitted by the district multiplied by
- 12 the number of pupil-instruction days scheduled for the
- 13 ensuing school attendance year; plus
- 14 (c) any estimated costs for supervised home study or
- 15 supervised correspondence study for the ensuing school
- 16 fiscal year; plus
- 17 (d) the amount budgeted on the preliminary budget for
- 18 the contingency amount permitted in 20-10-143, except if
- 19 such amount exceeds 10% of the total of subsections (1)(a),
- 20 (1)(b), and (1)(c) or \$100, whichever is larger, the
- 21 contingency amount on the preliminary budget shall be
- 22 reduced to such limitation amount and used in this
- 23 determination of the schedule amount.
- 24 (2) The schedule amount determined in subsection (1)
- 25 or the total preliminary transportation fund budget,

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whichever is smaller, shall be divided by 3 and the resulting one-third amount shall be used to determine the available state and county revenue to be budgeted on the following basis:

- (a) the resulting one-third amount shall be the budgeted state transportation reimbursement, except that the state transportation reimbursement for the transportation of special education pupils under the provisions of 20-7-442 shall be two-thirds of the schedule amount attributed to the transportation of special education pupils;
- (b) the resulting one-third amount, except as provided for joint elementary districts in subsection (2)(e), shall be the budgeted county transportation reimbursement for elementary districts and shall be financed by the basic county tax under the provisions of 20-9-334;
- shall be the budgeted county transportation reimbursement amount for high school districts financed under the provisions of subsection (5) of this section, except as provided for joint high school districts in subsection (2)(e), and except that the county transportation reimbursement for the transportation of special education pupils under the provisions of 20-7-442 shall be one-third of the schedule amount attributed to the transportation of special education pupils;

- (d) when the district has a sufficient amount of cash for reappropriation and other sources of district revenue, as determined in subsection (3), to reduce the total district obligation for financing to zero, any remaining amount of such district revenue and cash reappropriated shall be used to reduce the county financing obligation in subsections (2)(b) or (2)(c) and, if such county financing obligations are reduced to zero, to reduce the state financial obligation in subsection (2)(a); and
- (e) the county revenue requirement for a joint district, after the application of any district moneys under subsection (2)(d) above, shall be prorated to each county incorporated by the joint district in the same proportion as the ANB of the joint district is distributed by pupil residence in each such county.
- 16 (3) The total of the moneys available for the 17 reduction of property tax on the district for the 18 transportation fund shall be determined by totaling:
- 19 (a) anticipated federal moneys received under the
  20 provisions of Title I of Public Law 81-874 or other
  21 anticipated federal moneys received in lieu of such federal
  22 act: plus
- 23 (b) anticipated payments from other districts for 24 providing school bus transportation services for such 25 district; plus

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(4)(a) above.

1 (c) anticipated payments from a parent or guardian for
2 providing school bus transportation services for his child;
3 plus

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- (d) anticipated interest to be earned by the investment of transportation fund cash in accordance with the provisions of 20-9-213(4); plus
- te; --anticipated-motor-vehicle-fees--and--reimbursement
  under-the-provisions-of-61-3-532-and-61-3-536;-plus
- 9 (f)(e) net proceeds taxes for new production, as
  10 defined in 15-23-601; plus
- 11  $\{g\}$  any other revenue anticipated by the trustees 12 to be earned during the ensuing school fiscal year which may 13 be used to finance the transportation fund; plus
  - th)(g) any cash available for reappropriation as determined by subtracting the amount of the end-of-the-year cash balance earmarked as the transportation fund cash reserve for the ensuing school fiscal year by the trustees from the end-of-the-year cash balance in the transportation fund. Such cash reserve shall not be more than 20% of the final transportation fund budget for the ensuing school fiscal year and shall be for the purpose of paying transportation fund warrants issued by the district under the final transportation fund budget.
- 24 (4) The district levy requirement for each district's
  25 transportation fund shall be computed by:

- (a) subtracting the schedule amount calculated in subsection (1) from the total preliminary transportation budget amount and, for an elementary district, adding such difference to the district obligation to finance one-third of the schedule amount as determined in subsection (2); and (b) subtracting the amount of moneys available to reduce the property tax on the district, as determined in subsection (3), from the amount determined in subsection
- 10 (5) The county levy requirement for the financing of
  11 the county transportation reimbursement to high school
  12 districts shall be computed by adding all such requirements
  13 for all the high school districts of the county, including
  14 the county's obligation for reimbursements in joint high
  15 school districts.
- (6) The transportation fund levy requirements 16 17 determined in subsection (4) for each district and in 18 subsection (5) for the county shall be reported to the county commissioners on the second Monday of August by the 19 county superintendent as the transportation fund levy 20 requirements for the district and for the county, and such 21 levies shall be made by the county commissioners in 22 23 accordance with 20-9-142."
- Section 17. Section 61-3-303, MCA, is amended to read:

  "61-3-303. Application for registration. (1) Every

- 1 owner of a potor vehicle operated or driven upon the public 2 highways of this state shall for each motor vehicle owned, 3 except as herein otherwise expressly provided, file or cause 4 to be filed in the office of the county treasurer where the 5 motor vehicle is owned or taxable an application for 6 registration or reregistration upon a blank form to be prepared and furnished by the department. The application 7 8 shall contain:
- 9 (a) name and address of owner, giving county, school
  10 district, and town or city within whose corporate limits the
  11 motor vehicle is taxable, if taxable, or within whose
  12 corporate limits the owner's residence is located if the
  13 motor vehicle is not taxable;
- (b) name and address of the holder of any security
  interest in the motor vehicle:
- 16 (c) description of motor vehicle, including make, year
  17 model, engine or serial number, manufacturer's model or
  18 letter, gross weight, type of body, and if truck, the rated
  19 capacity;
- 20 (d) in case of reregistration, the license number for the preceding year; and
- 22 (e) such other information as the department may 23 require.
- 24 (2) A person who files an application for registration
  25 or reregistration of a motor vehicle, except of a mobile

- home as defined in 15-1-101(1), shall upon the filing of the application pay to the county treasurer:
- 3 (a) the registration fee, as provided in 61-3-311 and 61-3-321; and
  - (b) unless it has been previously paid:
- (i) the personal property taxes assessed against the vehicle for the current year of registration and the immediately previous year;
- 9 (ii) the new motor vehicle sales tax against the 10 vehicle for the current year of registration and/or-the 11 license-fee-imposed-by-61-3-532--for--the-current--year--of 12 registration-and-the-immediately-previous-year; or
- (iii) in the case of a motorcycle, quadricycle, motor home, travel trailer, or camper, the fee in lieu of property tax for the current year of registration.
- 16 (3) The application may not be accepted by the county
  17 treasurer unless the payments required by subsection (2)
  18 accompany the application. The county treasurer may not
  19 assess or collect taxes or fees for a period other than:
  - (a) the current year; and

- 21 (b) the immediately previous year, if the vehicle was 22 not registered or operated on the highways of the state, 23 regardless of the period of time since the vehicle was 24 previously registered or operated.
- 25 (4) The county treasurer may make full and complete

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investigation of the tax status of the vehicle. Any
applicant for registration or reregistration must submit
proof from the tax or other appropriate records of the
proper county at the request of the county treasurer."

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Section 18. Section 61-3-332, MCA, is amended to read: "61-3-332. Number plates. (1) Every motor vehicle which shall be driven upon the streets or highways of this state shall display both front and rear a number plate, bearing the distinctive number assigned such vehicle. Such number plate shall be in eight series; one series for owners of motorcars, one for owners of motor vehicles of the motorcycle or quadricycle type, one for trailers, one for trucks, one for dealers in vehicles of the motorcycle or quadricycle type which shall bear the distinctive letters "MCD" or the letters "MC" and the word "DEALER", one for franchised dealers in new motorcars (including trucks and trailers) or new and used motorcars (including trucks and trailers) which shall bear the distinctive letter "D" or the word "DEALER", one for dealers in used motorcars only (including used trucks and trailers) which shall bear the distinctive letters "UD" or the letter "U" and the word "DEALER", and one for dealers in trailers and/or semitrailers (new or used) which shall bear the distinctive letters "DTR" or the letters "TR" and the word "DEALER". All such markings for the aforementioned kinds of dealers'

plates shall be placed on the number plates assigned thereto in such position thereon as the department may designate.

- 3 (2) All number plates for motor vehicles shall be
  4 issued for a minimum period of 4 years, shall bear a
  5 distinctive marking, and shall be furnished by the state.
  6 In years when number plates are not issued, the department
  7 shall provide nonremovable stickers bearing appropriate
  8 registration numbers, which shall be affixed to the license
  9 plates in use.
- (3) In the case of motorcars and trucks, plates shall 10 11 be of metal 6 inches wide and 12 inches in length. 12 outline of the state of Montana shall be used as a distinctive border on such license plates, and the word 13 14 "Montana" with the year shall be placed across the plates. 15 Such registration plates shall be treated with 16 reflectorized background material according t o 17 specifications prescribed by the department.
  - (4) The distinctive registration numbers shall begin with a number one or with a letter-number combination such as "A l" or "AA l", or any other similar combination of letters and numbers. The distinctive registration number or letter-number combination assigned to the vehicle shall appear on the plate preceded by the number of the county and appearing in horizontal order on the same horizontal baseline, and the county number shall be separated from the

distinctive registration number by a separation mark unless a letter-number combination is used. The dimensions of such numerals and letters shall be determined by the department, provided that all county and registration numbers shall be of equal height.

- (5) For the use of tax-exempt motor vehicles that—are also—exempt—from—the-light—vehicle-license—fee-as-provided in—subsection—(2)(a)—of--61-3-532, in addition to the markings herein provided, number plates shall have thereon the following distinctive markings:
- (a) For vehicles owned by the state the department may designate the prefix number for the various state departments, and all numbered plates issued to state departments shall bear the words "State Owned" and no year number will be indicated thereon as these numbered plates will be of a permanent nature and will be replaced by the department at such time when the physical condition of numbered plates requires same.
- (b) For vehicles owned by the counties, municipalities, irrigation districts organized under the laws of Montana and not operating for profit, and school districts and used and operated by officials and employees thereof in line of duty as such, and for vehicles on loan from the United States government or the state of Montana, to, or owned by, the civil air patrol and used and operated

by officials and employees thereof in the line of duty as such, there shall be placed on the number plates assigned thereto, in such position thereon as the department may designate, the letter "X" or the word "EXEMPT". Distinctive registration numbers for plates assigned to motor vehicles of each of the counties in the state and those of the municipalities and school districts situated within each of said counties and those of the irrigation districts which obtain plates within each county shall begin with number one

and be numbered consecutively.

- (6) On all number plates assigned to motor vehicles of the truck and trailer type, other than tax-exempt trucks that-are-also-exempt-from-the-light-vehicle-license--fee--as provided--in--subsection--(2)(a)--of-61-3-532 and tax exempt trailers, there shall appear the letter "T" or the word "TRUCK" for plates assigned to trucks and the letters "TR" or the word "TRAILER" for plates assigned to trailers and housetrailers. The letters "MC" or the word "CYCLE" shall appear for plates assigned to vehicles of the motorcycle or quadricycle type.
- (7) Number plates issued to a passenger car, truck, trailer, or vehicle of the motorcycle or quadricycle type may be transferred only to a replacement passenger car, truck, trailer, or motorcycle- or quadricycle-type vehicle.

  No registration or license fee may be assessed upon a

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transfer of a number plate under 61-3-317 and 61-3-335. 1

- 2 (8) For the purpose of this chapter, the several counties of the state shall be assigned numbers as follows: 3 Silver Bow, 1: Cascade, 2: Yellowstone, 3: Missoula, 4: 5 Lewis and Clark, 5: Gallatin, 6; Flathead, 7; Fergus, 8; Powder River, 9; Carbon, 10; Phillips, 11; Hill, 12; 6 7 Ravalli, 13; Custer, 14; Lake, 15; Dawson, 16; Roosevelt, 17: Beaverhead, 18: Chouteau, 19: Valley, 20: Toole, 21; Big 8 9 Horn, 22: Musselshell, 23; Blaine, 24: Madison, 25; Pondera, 26: Richland, 27: Powell, 28: Rosebud, 29: Deer Lodge, 30: 10 Teton, 31; Stillwater, 32; Treasure, 33; Sheridan, 34; 11 12 Sanders, 35; Judith Basin, 36; Daniels, 37; Glacier, 38; 13 Fallon, 39: Sweet Grass, 40: McCone, 41; Carter, 42; 14 Broadwater, 43; Wheatland, 44; Prairie, 45; Granite, 46; Meagher, 47; Liberty, 48; Park, 49; Garfield, 50; Jefferson, 15 51: Wibaux. 52: Golden Valley, 53; Mineral, 54; Petroleum, 16 17 55: Lincoln. 56. Any new counties shall be assigned numbers 18 number 57." 19
- by the department as they may be formed, beginning with the Section 19. Section 61-3-501, MCA, is amended to read: 20 "61-3-501. When vehicle taxes and fees are due. (1) Property taxes, new car taxes, light-vehicle-license-fees, and fees in lieu of tax on a motorcycle, quadricycle, motor home, or travel trailer must be paid on the date of registration or reregistration of the vehicle.

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- (2) If the anniversary date for reregistration of a vehicle passes while the vehicle is owned and held for sale by a licensed new or used car dealer, property taxes -- light wehicle--license--fees, or the fee in lieu of property taxes abate on such vehicle properly reported with the department of revenue until the vehicle is sold and thereafter the purchaser shall pay the pro rata balance of the taxes or the fee in lieu of tax due and owing on the vehicle.
- (3) In the event a vehicle's registration period is changed under 61-3-315, all taxes and other fees due thereon shall be prorated and paid from the last day of the old period until the first day of the new period in which the vehicle shall be registered. Thereafter taxes and other fees must be paid from the first day of the new period for a minimum period of 1 year. When the change is to a later registration period, taxes and fees shall be prorated and paid based on the same tax year as the original registration period. Thereafter, during the appropriate anniversary registration period, each vehicle shall again register or reregister and shall pay all taxes and fees due thereon for a 12-month period."
- Section 20. Section 61-3-502, MCA, is amended to read: 22 "61-3-502. Sales tax on new motor vehicles --23 exemptions. (1) In consideration of the right to use the 24 highways of the state, there is imposed a tax upon all sales 25

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of new motor vehicles for which a license is sought and an original application for title is made. The tax shall be paid by the purchaser when he applies for his original Montana license through the county treasurer.

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- 5 (2) Except as provided in subsection (4), the sales 6 tax shall be:
  - (a) 1 1/2% of the f.o.b. factory list price or f.o.b. port-of-entry list price, during the first quarter of the year or for a registration period other than a calendar year or calendar guarter:
- - (c) 3/4 of 1% during the third guarter of the year;
  - (d) 3/8 of 1% during the fourth quarter of the year.
- 15 (3) If the manufacturer or importer fails to furnish
  16 the f.o.b. factory list price or f.o.b. port-of-entry list
  17 price, the department may use published price lists.
  - (4) The new car sales tax on vehicles subject to the provisions of 61-3-313 through 61-3-316 is 1 1/2% of the f.o.b. factory list price or f.o.b. port-of-entry list price regardless of the month in which the new vehicle is purchased.
- 23 (5) The proceeds from this tax shall be remitted to 24 the state treasurer every 30 days for credit to the state 25 highway account of the state special revenue fund.

- (6) The new vehicle is-subject-to-the-light-vehicle license-fee7-if-applicable7-but is not subject to any other assessment, taxation, or fee in lieu of tax during the calendar year in which the original application for title is made.
- (7) (a) The applicant for original registration of any 6 new and unused motor vehicle, or a new motor vehicle 7 furnished without charge by a dealer to a school district for use as a traffic education motor vehicle by a school 9 district operating a state-approved traffic education 10 program within the state, whether or not previously licensed 11 or titled to the school district (except a mobile home as 12 defined in 15-1-101(1)), acquired by original contract after 13 January 1 of any year, is required, whenever the vehicle has 14 not been otherwise assessed, to pay the motor vehicle sales 15 tax provided by this section irrespective of whether the 16 vehicle was in the state of Montana on January 1 of the 17 vear. 18
  - (b) No motor vehicle may be registered or licensed under the provisions of this subsection unless the application for registration is accompanied by a statement of origin to be furnished by the dealer selling the vehicle, showing that the vehicle has not previously been registered or owned, except as otherwise provided herein, by any person, firm, corporation, or association that is not a new

made.

motor vehicle dealer holding a franchise or distribution
agreement from a new car manufacturer, distributor, or
importer.

- (8) (a) Motor vehicles operating exclusively for transportation of persons for hire within the limits of incorporated cities or towns and within 15 miles from such limits are exempt from subsection (1).
- (b) Motor vehicles brought or driven into Montana by a nonresident, migratory, bona fide agricultural worker temporarily employed in agricultural work in this state where those motor vehicles are used exclusively for transportation of agricultural workers are also exempt from subsection (1).
- (c) Vehicles lawfully displaying a licensed dealer's plate as provided in 61-4-103 are exempt from subsection (1) when moving to or from a dealer's place of business when unloaded or loaded with dealer's property only, and in the case of vehicles having a gross loaded weight of less than 24,000 pounds, while being demonstrated in the course of the dealer's business."
- Section 21. Section 61-3-503, MCA, is amended to read:

  "61-3-503. Assessment. (1) Except as provided in
  subsection (2), the following apply to the taxation of motor
  vehicles:
- 25 (a) Except as provided in subsection (1)(c), a person

- who files an application for registration or reregistration
  of a motor vehicle shall before filing such application with
  the county treasurer submit the application to the county
  assessor. The county assessor shall enter on the
  application in a space to be provided for that purpose the
  market value and taxable value of the vehicle as of January
  of the year for which the application for registration is
- (b) Except as provided in subsection (1)(c), motor vehicles are assessed for taxes on January 1 in each year irrespective of the time fixed by law for the assessment of other classes of personal property and irrespective of whether the levy and tax may be a lien upon real property within the state. In no event may any motor vehicle be subject to assessment, levy, and taxation more than once in each year.
  - (c) Vehicles subject to the provisions of 61-3-313 through 61-3-316 shall be assessed as of the first day of the registration period, using the <u>average retail</u> market value as of January 1 of the year of assessment of the vehicle as contained in the most recent volume of the Mountain States Edition of the National Automobile Dealers Association Official Used Car Guide; and a lien for taxes and fees due thereon shall occur on the anniversary date of the registration and shall continue until such fees and

- taxes have been paid. If a vehicle is not originally listed
  in the used car guide, the county assessor shall depreciate
  the original f.o.b. factory list price or f.o.b.

  port-of-entry list price at the rate of 10% a year until a
  minimum value of \$1,000 is attained, and the value shall
  remain at that amount so long as the vehicle is registered.
- 7 (d) When a vehicle is no longer listed in the used car
  8 guide, the county assessor shall depreciate the value of the
  9 vehicle at the rate of 10% a year until a minimum amount of
  10 \$1,000 is attained, and the value shall remain at that
  11 amount so long as the vehicle is registered.

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- (2) The provisions of subsections (1)(a) through (1)(e)(d) do not apply to automobiles-and-trucks-having-a rated--capacity--of--three-quarters--of--a--ton---or--less; motorcycles, quadricycles, motor homes, travel trailers, or mobile homes as defined in 15-1-101(1)."
- Section 22. Section 61-3-504, MCA, is amended to read:

  "61-3-504. Computation of tax. (1) The amount of taxes on a motor vehicle, other than an automobile, truck having a rated capacity of three-quarters of a ton or less, motorcycle, quadricycle, motor home, travel trailer, or mobile home as defined in 15-1-101(1), is computed and determined by the county treasurer on the basis of the levy of the year preceding the current year of application for registration or reregistration.

- 1 (2) The amount of tax on an automobile or truck having
  2 a rated capacity of three-quarters of a ton or less is 2% of
  3 the value determined under 61-3-503.
  - (3) The--determination For all motor vehicles, the amount of tax is entered on the application form in a space provided therefor."
- Section 23. Section 61-3-509, MCA, is amended to read: 7 "61-3-509. (Temporary) Disposition of taxes and fees in lieu of tax. (1) Except as provided in subsections (2) and (3), the county treasurer shall credit all taxes on 10 motor vehicles;-light-vehicle-license-fees-provided--for--in 11 61-3-532, and fees in lieu of tax on motorcycles, 12 quadricycles, motor homes, and travel trailers collected to 13 a motor vehicle suspense fund, and at some time between 14 March 1 and March 10 of each year and every 60 days 15 thereafter, the county treasurer shall distribute the money 16 in the motor vehicle suspense fund in the relative 17 proportions required by the levies for state, county, school 18 district, and municipal purposes in the same manner as 19 personal property taxes are distributed. 20
- 21 (2) The county treasurer shall credit the fee for 22 district courts from-each-light-vehicle-license-fee provided 23 for in 61-3-533 to a separate suspense account and shall 24 forward the amount in the account to the state treasurer at 25 the time the county treasurer distributes the motor vehicle

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suspense fund. The state treasurer shall credit amounts received under this subsection to the general fund to be used for purposes of state funding of the district court expenses enumerated in 3-5-901.

(3)--The-county-treasurer-shall-credit-each-block-grant

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fee-to-a-separate-suspense-fund;—the-time-he-distributes
the-motor-vehicle-suspense-fund;—the-treasurer-shall
distribute-the-suspense-fund-provided-for-in-this-subsection
to-the-state-treasurer-for-deposit-in-the-local-government
block-grant-account-provided-for-in-7-6-302;—The-funds
distributed-pursuant-to-this-subsection-must-be-used-for-the
local-government-block-grant-program-as-provided-in-7-6-304;

61-3-509. (Effective July 1, 1987) Disposition of taxes and fees in lieu of tax. The county treasurer shall credit all taxes on motor vehicles,—light-vehicle-license fees-provided-for-in-61-3-5327 and fees in lieu of tax on motorcycles, quadricycles, motor homes, and travel trailers collected to a motor vehicle suspense fund, and at some time between March 1 and March 10 of each year and every 60 days thereafter, the county treasurer shall distribute the money in the motor vehicle suspense fund in the relative proportions required by the levies for state, county, school district, and municipal purposes in the same manner as personal property taxes are distributed."

Section 24. Section 61-3-531, MCA, is amended to read:

1 "61-3-531. Light vehicle fee -- definitions. As used
2 in 61-3-531, through--61-3-536 61-3-533, and 61-3-534, the
3 following definitions apply:

- 4 (1) "Light vehicle" means an automobile or a truck
  5 having a rated capacity of three-quarters of a ton or less.
- 6 (2) "Vehicle age" means the difference between the
  7 calendar year of the first day of the registration period
  8 and the manufacturer's designated model year."
- 9 Section 25. Section 61-3-533, MCA, is amended to read:
  10 "61-3-533. (Temporary) Schedule-of-fees District court
  11 fee for automobiles-and-light-trucks vehicles. (+)-Except-as
  12 provided-in-subsection--(3),--the The following schedule;
  13 based on vehicle age and-weight; is used to determine the a
  14 district court fee imposed-by-61-3-532:
- 15 Vehicle Age Weight Weight
- 16 More
- 17 27858 Block District Than Block Bistrict

  18 Pounds Grant Court 27858 Grant Court
- 19 or-bess Pee Fee Pounds Fee Fee
- 20 Less than
- 21 or equal
- 22 to
- 23 years \$70 \$6 \$7 \$90 \$7.50 \$7
- 24 More than 4
- 25 years and

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1 less than 2 8 years 40 50 3 8 years old and over 10 1-50 £ 2-50 4 2.50 15 5 +2)---fat-The-fee-for-a-light-vehicle-is-determined--by: 6 +i)--multiplying-the-appropriate-dollar-amount-from-the 7 table--in-subsection-fl}7-but-not-the-block-grant-fee-or-the district-court-feey-by-the-ratio-of-the-PCE-for--the--second 8 0 quarter--of--the--year-prior-to-the-year-of-licensing-to-the 10 PCE-for-the-second-quarter-of-1981;-and 11 fitt-rounding-the-product-thus-obtained-to-the--nearest 12 whole-dollar-amount-13

tb)--"PEE"---means--the--implicit -price--deflator--for
personal-consumption-expenditures-as-published-quarterly--in
the--Survey--of--Eurrent--Business-by-the-bureau-of-economic
analysis-of-the-United-States-department-of-commerce-

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(3)--The-light--vehicle--license--fee---for--disabled veterans-qualifying-under-the-provisions of 61-3-451-through 61-3-455--is--\$87--with-\$3-of-the-fee-earmarked-for-district courts:"

Section 26. Section 61-3-534, MCA, is amended to read:

"61-3-534. Payment of fee property tax required for operation. (1) No light vehicle subject to the-fee-imposed by-61-3-532 a property tax may be operated unless the fee tax has been paid and the vehicle is licensed.

(2) A properly licensed and registered light vehicle may be operated within Montana, subject to all applicable federal, state, and local laws."

Section 27. Section 61-3-701, MCA, is amended to read: "61-3-701. Foreign vehicles used in gainful occupation to be registered -- reciprocity. (1) Before any foreign licensed motor vehicle may be operated on the highways of this state for hire, compensation, or profit or before the owner and/or user thereof uses the vehicle if such owner and/or user is engaged in gainful occupation or business enterprise in the state, including highway work, the owner of the vehicle shall make application to a county treasurer for registration upon an application form furnished by the department. Upon satisfactory evidence of ownership submitted to the county treasurer and the payment of property taxes, if appropriate, as required by 15-8-201, 15-8-202, or 15-24-301, or 61-3-504 or-the--payment--of--the light-vehicle-license-fee-as-provided-by-61-3-532 or the fee in lieu of tax as provided by 61-3-541, the treasurer shall accept the application for registration and shall collect the regular license fee required for the vehicle.

(2) The treasurer shall thereupon issue to the applicant a copy of the certificate entitled "Owner's Certificate of Registration and Payment Receipt" and forward a duplicate copy of the certificate to the department. The

treasurer shall at the same time issue to the applicant the proper license plates or other identification markers, which shall at all times be displayed upon the vehicle when operated or driven upon roads and highways of this state during the period of the life of the license.

- 6 (3) The registration receipt shall not constitute
  7 evidence of ownership but shall be used only for
  8 registration purposes. No Montana certificate of ownership
  9 shall be issued for this type of registration.
  - (4) This section is not applicable to any vehicle covered by a valid and existing reciprocal agreement or declaration entered into under the provisions of the laws of Montana."

Section 28. Section 61-6-302, MCA, is amended to read:

"61-6-302. Proof of compliance. (1) Except-as-provided

in-subsection-(2),-before Before any applicant required to

register his motor vehicle may do so, the applicant must

certify to the county treasurer that he possesses an

automobile liability insurance policy, a certificate of

self-insurance, or a posted indemnity bond or that he is

eligible for an exemption under 61-6-303 covering the motor

vehicle. The certification shall be on a form prescribed by

the department. The department may immediately cancel the

registration and license plates of the vehicle upon

notification that the insurance certification was not

- correctly represented. Any person who intentionally provides false information on an insurance certification is guilty of unsworn falsification to authorities, punishable as provided in 45-7-203.
- 5 (2)--An-applicant-for-registration-of-an-automobile--or
  6 a--truck--having-a-rated-capacity-of-three-quarters-of-a-ton
  7 or-less;-who-wishes-to-register-the--vehicle--by--mail--must
  8 sign--a--statement--on--the--application--stating--that--the
  9 applicant-is-in--compliance--with--the--financial--liability
  10 requirements-of-61-6-301;
  - (3)(2) An owner of a motor vehicle who ceases to maintain the insurance or bond required or whose certificate of self-insurance is canceled or whose vehicle ceases to be exempt shall immediately surrender the registration and license plates for the vehicle to the county treasurer for delivery to the department and may not operate or permit operation of the vehicle in Montana until insurance has again been furnished as required and the vehicle is again registered and licensed.
  - ta)(3) Every person shall carry in a motor vehicle being operated by him an insurance card approved by the department but issued by the insurance carrier to the motor vehicle owner as proof of compliance with 61-6-301. A motor vehicle operator shall exhibit the insurance card upon demand of a justice of the peace, a city or municipal judge,

- a peace officer, a highway patrolman, or a field deputy or
- 2 inspector of the department. However, no person charged with
- 3 violating this subsection may be convicted if he produces in
- court or the office of the arresting officer proof of
- insurance valid at the time of his arrest."
- 6 NEW SECTION. Section 29. Implementation of light
- 7 vehicle tax -- local government reimbursement. (1) Any
- 8 amount received prior to January 1, 1987, that is deposited
- 9 in the local government block grant account under
- 10 61-3-509(3) must be distributed pursuant to Title 7, chapter
- 11 6, part 3, based on 50% of the entitlement calculated under
- 12 the general purpose block grant program provided for in
- 13 7-6-305.
- 14 (2) Any amount remaining in the account after this
- 15 distribution must be distributed to the counties on a pro
- 16 rata basis based on the percentage that a county's revenue
- 17 loss as compared to the block grant program under the
- 18 property tax system bears to the total state revenue loss.
- 19 (3) Counties shall distribute any amount received
  - under subsection (2) in the relative proportions required by
- 21 levies for county, school district, and municipal purposes
- 22 in the same manner as personal property taxes are
- 23 distributed.

- 24 NEW SECTION. Section 30. Repealer. Sections 7-6-301
- 25 through 7-6-309, MCA, are repealed.

- 1 NEW SECTION. Section 31. Repealer. Sections 61-3-532,
- 2 61-3-535, and 61-3-536, MCA, are repealed.
- 3 NEW SECTION. Section 32. Repealer. Section 61-3-533,
- 4 MCA, is repealed.
- 5 NEW SECTION. Section 33. Extension of authority. Any
- 6 mexisting authority of the department of revenue or the
- 7 department of commerce to make rules on the subject of the
- 8 provisions of this act is extended to the provisions of this
- 9 act.
- 10 NEW SECTION. Section 34. Effective dates -
- 11 termination date. (1) Sections 1 through 29, 31, 33, 35, and
- this section are effective January 1, 1987.
- 13 (2) Section 30 is effective April 1, 1987.
- 14 (3) Section 32 is effective July 1, 1987...
- 15 (4) Sections 23 and 29 terminate January 1, 1989.
- 16 NEW SECTION. Section 35. Applicability. This act
- applies to motor vehicles registered on or after January 1,
- 18 1987.

-End-

# STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

#### Form BD-15

In compliance with a written request, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for SB021, as introduced

## Description of Proposed Legislation:

A bill to replace the light vehicle fee system with a property tax.

### Assumptions:

- 1. The taxable value of light vehicles in Montana in 1982 was \$185,422,083.
- 2. The average taxable value for light motor vehicles in 1982 was \$301.514.
- 3. The average retail market value of a light motor vehicle in 1982 was \$2,319.34 (average taxable value divided by 13 percent class nine tax rate).
- 4. Inflated to 1986 (using Consumer Price Index component for used cars; Dec. 1981 284.3; March 1986 372.0), the average retail market value of a light motor vehicle in Montana is \$3,034.80.
- 5. In 1986, there are 673,518 light motor vehicles in Montana (MDOR Motor Vehicle Fee System Schedule of Reimbursements; previous year counts used for four counties).
- 6. The current retail market value of light motor vehicles is \$2,043,992,426.
- 7. The market value is assumed constant in future years.
- 8. The following age/weight distribution is assumed to apply (based on distribution reported by DMV, 2/19/85):

Age	Weight	Number of Vehicles
Less than 4 years	Over 2850 lbs.	84,662
Less than 4 years	Under 2850 1bs.	69,036
4 to 8 years	Over 2850 lbs.	93,551
4 to 8 years	Under 2850 1bs.	52,669
Over 8 years	Over 2850 lbs.	301,265
Over 8 years	Under 2850 1bs.	72,335
Total		673,518

- 9. 55 percent of the motor vehicles registered in a calender year are registered in the first half of the year,
- 10. Based on the number of vehicle and the time necessary for assessments, an additional 48 (Grade 7, Step 2) clerks would be required to assess motor vehicles prior to registration. Forms and manuals would cost \$25,000.
- 11. Mill levies are assumed constant at 300 mills (includes cities and towns). The university and school foundation levies are constant at 6 and 45 mills, respectively (included in total).
- 12. One-third of oil severance tax proceeds in FY 87 equals \$7.161 million.
- 13. The general fund appropriation for FY 87 for the block grant program is \$1.425 million.
- 14. The block grant fees for FY 87 will be \$2.292 million.

David Liferta 6/26/86

BUDGET DIRECTOR DATE

Office of Budget and Program Planning

EJ D. Smith 6/26/86

Fiscal Note for SB021, as introduced.

Fiscal Note Request SB021, as introduced Form BD15 page 2 (continued)

#### Fiscal Impact:

(Only the vehicles are shown that will be registered in the first half of calendar year 1987 because the property tax replaces the fee system beginning January 1, 1987. It is estimated that 303,083 vehicles will be registered under the current fee system during the first half of FY 87. Thus, there is no net revenue effect from these vehicles in FY 87.)

#### REVENUE UNDER CURRENT LAW -- FY 87

Number of Vehicles Registered 370,435	Registration Fees \$3,911,609	District Court Fees \$1,507,543	Block Grant Fees \$1,260,833	Light Vehicle Fees \$15,906,476	Total <u>Revenue</u> \$22,586,461
		REVENUE UNDER PROPOS	ED LAW FY 87		
Number of Vehicles Registered 370,435	Registration Fees \$3,911,609	District Court Fees \$1,507,543	Block Grant Fees 0	Light Vehicle Property Tax \$22,483,917	Total <u>Revenue</u> \$27,903,068
		REVENUE DIFFEREN	CE FY87		
Number of Vehicles Registered NA	Registration $\frac{\text{Fees}}{\$}$	District Court Fees 0	Block Grant Fees (\$1,260,833)	Light Vehicle Revenues \$ 6,577,440	Total <u>Revenue</u> \$ 5,316,607

#### FUND ALLOCATIONS -- FY 87

(FY 87 would be a transition year during which the block grant program would be phased out. It would receive funding from a \$1,425,000 general fund appropriation, vehicle fees paid for the first half of FY 87, and one-third of the oil severance tax for the first three quarters of FY 87. The general fund would begin receiving the one-third share of the oil tax previously allocated to the block grant program in the fourth quarter of FY 87.)

		Current Law	Proposed Law	Difference
Local Government Block Grant	Program	\$10,878,424	\$ 7,827,341	(\$3,051,083)
General Fund Oil Severance T	ax Receipts	\$14,343,505	\$16,143,755	\$1,790,250

Expenditure Impact:			
Expenditure impact.	Current Law	Proposed Law	Difference
Additional Assessment Expenses:	*		
Personal Services (1986 incl. benefits)	\$ 0	\$ 403,686	\$ 403,686
Operating Expenses	\$ O	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000
Total	\$ 0	\$ 428,686	\$ 428,686
Effect on General Fund:			
Oil Severance Tax Receipts:	\$14,343,505	\$16,143,755	\$1,790,250
Additional Administrative Costs:	\$ 0	(\$ 428,686)	(\$ 428,686)
Total	\$14,343,505	\$15,715,069	\$1,361,564
en e			
Effect on Local Revenue, University Levy, and	School Equalizat	ion Aid:	
Additional motor vehicle taxes, FY 87:	\$ 0	\$6,577,440	\$6,577,440
Lost block grant fees, FY 87:	\$ 0	(\$1,260,833)	(\$1,260,833)
Lost oil severance tax share, FY 87:	<u>\$ 0</u>	(\$1,790,250)	(\$1,790,250)
Total	\$ 0	\$3,526,357	\$3,526,357

## Long Range Impacts:

In FY 88 and later, the general fund will receive the one-third share of the oil severance tax now allocated to the local government block grant program.

Beginning with FY 88, administrative costs for assessing vehicle fees will be incurred on a year round basis. At FY 86 pay levels, these costs are estimated to be \$882,372 on an annualized basis.

## Long Range Impacts, continued:

Local governments would receive no block grant funding in FY 88 or later years. They would receive \$41 million in vehicle property taxes, but would lose \$29 million in motor vehicle fees, \$7 million in oil severance tax (at \$15 per barrel of oil), \$2.3 million in block grant fees\*, and 1.5 million in general fund appropriations for a total of \$39.8 million. If the price of oil were to recover to \$17.50 per barrel, local governments would receive \$41 million under the current law.

The law provides for a significant shift of revenues among counties as compared to current law. The following table shows the distribution of revenue by county under a fully funded block grant and block grant prorated at \$15 per barrel of oil compared to the proposed law.

\*Block grant fees are due to sunset on June 30, 1987.

# COMPARISON OF PARTIALLY FUNDED BLOCK BRANT WITH PROPOSAL (\$821)

COUNTY	NUMBER OF VEHICLES NC (1986)	RETAINED FEES PLUS 1986 REIMBERSEMENTS (DURRENT LAW)	REVENUE UNDER PROPOSED LAW	DIFFERENCE
NEAL HEALTH HEALT		- 110 504		-700 - 100
BEAVERHEAD	7,535	\$3/9,621 \$3/3,621	\$457, 344	\$77,724
BIG HORN BLAINE	5, 755	\$247, 120 \$107, 433	\$349,305	\$102,186
BROADWATER	4, 365 3, 198	\$187,433 \$158,392	\$264, 938 \$194, 106	\$77, 505
CARBON	7,810	\$412, 107		\$35,713
CARTER	1,678	\$85,403	\$474,035 \$101,848	\$61,929 \$16,645
CASCADE	59, 344	\$3,441,885	\$3,601,943	\$16,445 \$160,058
CHOUTEAU	6,616	\$302, 180	\$401,565	\$99, 385
CUSTER	10,019	\$600, 856	\$608,113	\$7,257
DANIELS	≥,664	\$128,302	\$161,694	\$33,392
DANSON	9, 994	\$566, 300	\$606, 596	\$40,296
DEER LODGE	9, 853	\$663, 425	\$598,038	(\$65, 387)
FALLON	3, 282	\$140,929	\$199,204	<b>\$58,</b> 275
FERGUS	11, 187	\$630, 302	\$679,006	\$48,704
FLATHEAD	48, 893	\$2,717,526	\$2,967,610	<b>5</b> 250, 083
GALLATIN	38, 181	\$2, 328, 465	\$2,317,434	(\$11,031)
GARFIELD	1,554	\$76,809	\$94,322	\$17,512
GLACIER	5, 381	\$273,148	<b>*326</b> , 605	\$53,457
GOLDEN VALLEY	1,048	\$48,299	\$63,609	\$15,310
GRANITE	2,610	\$128,640	\$158,417	\$29,777
HILL	13,828	\$716,091 #378 006	\$839, 304 \$395, 503	\$123,214
JEFFERSON JUDITH BASIN	6, 353	\$376,096 \$122,596	\$385,602 \$173,046	\$9,506
TUNITU DASTA	2, 851 14, 477	\$132,586 \$722,070	\$173,044 \$878,696	\$40, 458 \$156, 626
LEWIS & CLARK	42, 352	\$2,504,502	\$2,570,597	\$66,095
LIBERTY	2, 287	\$98,572	\$138,812	\$40,240
LINCOLN	15, 036	\$750,677	\$912,625	\$161,948
MADISON	5.938	\$289,708	\$360,413	\$70,705
McCONE	5, 938 3, 035	\$142, 721	\$184,212	\$41,491
MEAGHER	2,019	\$109, 794	\$122,545	\$12,75g
MINERAL	2,964	\$183,095	\$179, 903	(\$3, 192)
MISSOULA	60, 178	\$3,984,173	\$3,652,564	(\$331,609)
MUSSELSHELL	4,273	\$202,587	\$259, 354	\$56, 767
Park	12,207	\$650, 993	\$740,916	\$89, 923
PETROLEUM	603	\$25, 893	\$36,600	\$10,707
PHILLIPS	4,952	\$218,665	\$300,567	\$81,901
PONDERA	5,639	\$2B2, 436	\$342,265	\$59,829
PONDER RIVER	2,828	\$218,665 \$282,436 \$121,434 \$257,876 \$83,407	\$171,648	\$50,214
POWELL	4,654	\$257,876	\$282,479	\$24,603
PRAIRIE	*,***		\$102,758	\$19,351
RAYALLI OTCH AND	22, 193	\$1,089,075 \$504,459	\$1,347,026	\$257, 951
RICHLAND	11,748	\$504,459 \$200,677	\$713,057 \$293,738	\$208,597
ROUSEVELT ROSEBUD	6, 290 8, 324	\$300,677 \$357,433	\$381,778 \$505,234	\$81,101 \$147.000
SANDERS	0, 364 7 662	\$395, 825	\$452, 914	\$147,801 \$57,089
SHERIDAN	7,462 6,167	\$264, 811	\$374, 312	\$109,501
SILVER BOW	26, 950	\$1,840,033	\$1,635,757	(\$204, 276)
STILLMATER	6, 055	\$297,688	\$367,514	\$69,826
SWEET GRASS	3, 192	\$157,578	\$193,742	\$26,064
TETON	6,084	\$319,760	¥369, 274	\$49,514
TOOLE	5, 207	\$245, 390	\$316,044	\$70,554
TREASURE	961	\$45, 201	\$58,329	\$13, 127
VALLEY.	7,925	\$482,201	\$481,016	(\$1, 185)
WHEATLAND	2,140	\$118, 393	\$129,889	\$11,497
MIBAUX	1,314	\$59,706	<b>\$</b> 79, 755	<b>\$</b> 20 <b>,049</b>
YELLOWSTONE	102, 372	<b>\$6,</b> 075, 761	\$6,213,571	\$137,810
TOTALS	673, 518	\$37, 934, 610	\$40,879,849	\$2,945,239

# COMPARISON OF FULLY FUNDED BLOCK GRANT NITH PROPOSAL (SB21)

COUNTY	NUMBER OF VEHICLES	RETAINED FEES PLUS 1986 REIMBERSEMENTS (DURRENT LAW)	REVENUE UNDER PROPOSED LAW	DIFFERENCE
	NC (1986)	(LURRENT LIMI)	* •	
BEAVERHEAD	7, 535	\$428, 139	\$457,344	\$29, 206
BIG HORN	5,755	\$247, 120	\$349,305	\$102, 186
BLAINE	4, 365	\$187,433	\$264, 938	\$77,505
Broadwater	3, 198	\$176,626	\$194, 106	\$17,480
CARBON	7, 810	\$478,519	\$474,036	(\$4,483)
CARTER	1,678	\$96,955	\$101,848 \$2,501,942	\$4,893 (\$613,261)
Cascade Chouteau	59, 344	\$4,215,204 \$317,833	\$3,601,943 \$401, <b>56</b> 5	\$83,732
CUSTER	6,616 10,019	\$748,519	\$608,113	(\$140,406)
DONIELS	2,664	\$140,340	\$161,694	\$21,355
DAMSON	9, 994	<b>\$684,98</b> 9	\$606,596	(\$78, 393)
Deer Lodge	9, 853	<b>\$871,399</b>	<b>\$</b> 598, 038	(\$273, 362)
FALLON	3, 282	\$140,929	\$199, 204	<b>\$58,</b> 275
FERGUS	11,187	\$760,045	\$679,006 \$2,067,610	(\$81,039)
FLATHEAD	48, 893	\$3,252,362 42,924,665	\$2,967,610 \$2,317,434	(\$284, 753) (\$607, 231)
GALLATIN GARFIELD	38, 181 1, 554	\$2, 924, 665 \$85, 532	\$94,322	\$8,789
GLACIER	5,381	\$309,569	\$326,605	\$17,036
GOLDEN VALLEY	1,048	<b>\$51, 153</b>	\$63,609	\$12,457
GRANITE	2,610	\$142,976	\$158,417	\$15,441
HILL.	13, 828	\$821,936	<b>\$839</b> , 304	\$17,368
JEFFERSON	6, 353	\$465, 484	\$385,602	(\$79,883)
JUDITH BASIN	2,851	\$141,381	\$173,044	\$31,663 #60,701
LAKE	14,477	\$808, 975	\$878,696	\$69,721 (\$527,452)
LEWIS & CLARK LIBERTY	<b>42,352</b> 2,287	\$3, 098, 049 \$98, 890	\$2,570,597 \$138,812	\$39,922
LINCOLN	15,036	\$841,565	\$912,625	\$71,060
MADISON	5, 938	\$319,761	\$360,413	\$40,652
MICCONE	3, 035	\$153,450	\$184,212	\$30,763
MEAGHER	2,019	\$129, 781	\$122,545	(\$7,236)
MINERAL	2,964	\$231, 399	\$179,903	(\$51,497)
MISSOULA	60, 178	<b>\$5, 195, 769</b>	\$3,652,564	(\$1,543,205)
MUSSELSHELL	4, 273	\$219, 119	\$259, 354 \$780, 916	\$40,235
PARK PETROLEUM	12,207 603	\$760, 740 \$25, 893	\$740, 916 \$36, 600	(\$19,824) \$10,707
PHILLIPS	4,952	\$223,880	\$300,567	\$76,687
PONDERA	5,639	\$317,307	\$342,265	\$24,958
POWDER RIVER	2,828	\$121,434	\$171,648	\$50, 214
POWELL.	4,654	\$308, 095	\$282,479	(\$25,616)
PRAIRIE	1,693	<b>\$92,675</b>	\$102,758	\$10,084
RAVALLI	22, 193	\$1,206,855	\$1,347,026	\$140, 171
RICHLAND	11,748	\$504, 459	\$713,057 \$205,770	\$208, 597
ROOSEVELT ROSEBUD	6, 290	\$327, 143 \$357, 433	\$381,778 \$505,234	\$54,635 \$147,801
SANDERS	8,324 7,462	\$461,077	\$452, 914	(\$8, 163)
SHERIDAN	6, 167	\$264,811	\$374, 312	\$109,501
SILVER BOW	26, 950	\$2,430,890	\$1,635,757	(\$795, 133)
STILLWATER	6,055	\$330, 300	\$367,514	\$37,214
SWEET GRASS	3, 192	<b>\$194, 169</b>	\$193,742	(\$428)
TETON	6,084	\$370, 394	\$369,274	(51, 119)
TOOLE	5, 207	\$264, 255	<b>\$316,044</b>	<b>\$</b> 51,789
TREASURE	961 7 025	\$48,607	\$58,329 \$401,016	\$9,721
VALLEY HHEATLAND	7,925 2,140	\$604, 995 \$141, 726	\$481,016 4129 AB9	(\$123, 9/9)
WIBAUX	1,314	\$141,326 <b>\$6</b> 2,546	\$129, 889 \$79, 755	(\$11,436) \$17,208
YELLOWSTUNE	105,375	\$7,529,461	\$6,213,571	(\$1,315,890)
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TOTALS	673,518	<b>\$45,</b> 734, 610	\$40,879,849	(\$4,854,761)