# SENATE BILL NO. 208

# INTRODUCED BY TOWE, NEUMAN

# IN THE SENATE

January 24, 1985	Introduced and referred to Committee on Business and Industry.
January 25, 1985	Fiscal Note requested.
January 31, 1985	Fiscal Note returned.
March 14, 1985	Committee recommend bill do pass as amended.
	Statement of Intent attached.
March 15, 1985	Bill printed and placed on members' desks.
March 16, 1985	Second reading, do pass as amended.
March 18, 1985	Correctly engrossed.
March 19, 1985	Third reading, passed. Ayes, 40; Noes, 10.
	Transmitted to House.
IN THE	HOUSE
March 20, 1985	Introduced and referred to Committee on Business and Labor.
March 28, 1985	Committee recommend bill be concurred in. Report adopted.
March 30, 1985	Second reading, concurred in.
April 1, 1985	Third reading, concurred in.
	Returned to Senate.

# IN THE SENATE

April 1, 1985

Received from House.

April 2, 1985

Sent to enrolling.

Reported correctly enrolled.

1	BILL NO. 208
2	INTRODUCED BY AR Numan
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO PROVIDE LOAN
5	GUARANTY AUTHORITY TO THE AGRICULTURAL LOAN AUTHORITY;
6	CREATING AN AGRICULTURAL LOAN GUARANTY FUND; AMENDING
7	SECTION 80-12-103, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."
8	
9	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
10	Section 1. Section 80-12-103, MCA, is amended to read:
11	"80-12-103. Agricultural loan authority general
12	powers. The authority may:
13	(1) retain professional consultants and advisers;
14	(2) adopt rules governing its procedures;
15	(3) purchase agricultural loans made by financial
16	institutions;
17	(4) issue bonds, in accordance with 80-12-301,
18	necessary to provide funds for implementing this chapter;
19	(5) invest any funds generated by sale of bonds in the
20	permissible investments outlined in 17-6-211 until such time
21	as the funds are needed for any of the authority's other
22	functions; and
23	(6) procure insurance or guaranties in amounts and in
24	the form the authority considers desirable or necessary,
25	from any party, including a governmental agency, against any

2	f(3) use the assistance and services of the farmers
3	home administration, the production credit association, the
4	federal land bank, or private lenders in approving loans for
5	issuance of bonds."
6	NEW SECTION. Section 2. Loan guaranty program.
7	(1) The authority may guarantee and make commitments to
8	guarantee payment required by a loan funded under this
9	chapter upon such terms and conditions as the authority may
10	prescribe in accordance with this chapter. In administering
11	the guaranty program, the authority may require the payment
12	of a fee or premium, establish application fees, and
13	prescribe application, notification, contract and guaranty
14	forms, rules, and guidelines.
15	(2) Guaranties by the authority under this chapter

16

17

18

19

23

must:

loss in connection with its loan agreements; and

the policies and objectives of this chapter; (b) be made to an applicant for a guaranty approved by

(a) be made for a loan that the authority finds meets

the authority; 20 21 (c) contain amortization provisions satisfactory to

22 the authority; and

(d) be in such principal amount, be in such form, and 24 contain such terms and provisions with respect to payment of

25 alterations, property insurance, repairs, taxes, 1 assessments, delinquency charges, and default remedies as
2 the authority determines to be necessary.

3

4

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- enter into guaranties, insurance contracts, or any other agreements or contracts with respect to the agricultural loan guaranty fund and any guaranteed loan or other credit agreement. Such an agreement or contract may contain terms and provisions necessary or desirable in connection with the guaranty program, subject to the requirements established, including without limitation terms and provisions relating to loan documentation, review, approval procedures, origination and servicing rights and responsibilities, default obligations, procedures and obligations, and obligations with respect to guaranty contracts made under this chapter.
- (4) Any contract of guaranty made by the authority under the authorization of this chapter must provide that claims payable thereunder must be paid from amounts available in the agricultural loan guaranty fund and from amounts available under the terms of any applicable contract or agreement with the financial institution that originated the guaranteed loan. The obligation of the authority to make payments under such a contract is limited solely to such sources and does not constitute a debt or liability of the state. A guaranty contract and any rule or guideline of the

authority implementing the guaranty program may contain such other terms, provisions, or conditions as the authority considers necessary or appropriate, including without limitation those relating to the payment of guaranty premiums, the giving of notice, claim procedure, the sources of payment for claims, the priority of competing claims for payment, the release or termination of loan security and 7 borrower liability, the timing of payment, the maintenance and disposition of projects and the use of amounts received 9 during periods of loan delinquency or upon default, and any 10 other provision concerning the rights of insured parties or 11 conditions to the payment of guaranty claims. Any premiums 12 for the guarantee of loan payments under the provisions of 13 this chapter may be determined on such basis and be payable 14 by such person in such amounts and at such times as the 15 authority determines, and the amount of the premium need not 16 be uniform among the various loans, leases, or other credit 17 18 agreements quaranteed.

NEW SECTION. Section 3. Agricultural loan guaranty fund. (1) The authority shall create an agricultural loan guaranty fund. The fund must be held by a trustee or other fiduciary designated by the authority. There must be deposited into the fund amounts, insurance fees, premiums, and such other revenues and assets as the authority considers necessary to comply with any contract or agreement

19

20

21

22

23

24

entered into by the authority under this chapter. The authority may borrow from and deposit in the agricultural loan guaranty fund up to \$20,000,000 from any available state fund, including funds of the Montana board of housing.

- (2) The amounts in the fund must be used to satisfy any claim resulting from a defaulted loan or other credit agreement. The amounts in the fund may also be used for any other purpose prescribed by the authority in accordance with guaranty contracts with financial institutions entered into pursuant to this chapter, including without limitation the protection of the interest of the authority in loans during periods of delinquency or upon default.
- (3) The minimum reserve requirement for the agricultural loan guaranty fund must be such amount as may be provided in an agreement, resolution, or indenture with the holders of bonds issued under this chapter, but not in excess of the aggregate annual payments due under the loans or other credit agreements guaranteed by the authority. No loan or other credit agreement may be guaranteed by the authority if the amount of money available in the agricultural loan guaranty fund would be less than the miniumum reserve requirement.
- (4) In order to assure the maintenance of the agricultural loan guaranty fund, the authority shall, on or before September 1 in each year preceding the convening of

- the legislature, deliver to the governor a certificate

  stating the sum, if any, required to restore the

  agricultural loan guaranty fund to the minimum reserve

  requirement. The governor shall include in the executive

  budget submitted to the legislature the sum required to

  restore the agricultural loan guaranty fund to the minimum

  reserve requirement.
  - (5) All amounts remitted to the authority under this section constitute loans to the authority and must be repaid to the state treasury without interest from available operating revenues of the authority in excess of amounts required for the guarantee of loans.
- NEW SECTION. Section 4. Codification instruction.

  Sections 2 and 3 are intended to be codified as an integral

  part of Title 80, chapter 12, and the provisions of Title

  80, chapter 12, apply to sections 2 and 3.
- NEW SECTION. Section 5. Effective date. This act is effective July 1, 1985.

-End-

#### STATE OF MONTANA

#### FISCAL NOTE

REQUEST NO. FNN 236-85

Form BD-15

In compliance with a written request received January 25, 19 85, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for Senate Bill 208 pursuant to Title 5, Chapter 4, Part 2 of the Montana Code Annotated (MCA). Background information used in developing this Fiscal Note is available from the Office of Budget and Program Planning, to members of the Legislature upon request.

#### DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

Senate Bill 208 is an Act to provide Loan Guaranty Authority to Agricultural Loan Authority; to create an Agricultural Loan Guaranty Fund and Amend Section 80-12-103, MCA.

### **ASSUMPTIONS:**

- Assume up to 2% insurance guarantee fee on \$20,000,000. 1.
- Average 100 \$100,000 loans annually beginning January, 1986.
- Interest on investments based on current security rates (average 11% on \$15,000,000).
- General Fund Loan of \$75,000 in FY 86 for startup costs.
- Issuance rate on bonds approximately 12%.
- Bond sale \$10,000,000 annually.
- Average 20 year repayment schedule. 7.
- Act effective July 1, 1985.
- Underwriter fee \$200,000 annually. 9.
- 10. Mechanics of bond issue and sales operation contracted out.
- 11. Use interest to offset costs.
- 12. Use origination fee to offset costs.
- 13. Bond repayment start in FY 87.

BUDGET DIRECTOR

Office of Budget and Program Planning

Date: VAN 31

Request No. FNN 236-85 Form BD-15 page 2

#### FISCAL IMPACT:

	FY 86	Fy 87
Revenue to Proprietary Fund		
Origination Fee	\$ 75,000	\$ 180,000
Interest	700,000	1,500,000
	\$ 775,000	\$1,680,000
Expenditures:	•	
Operation	128,415	122,665
Indirect	7,500	7,500
GF Payback	-0 <b>-</b>	75,000
Bond Repayment	-0-	1,325,000
	\$ 135,915	\$1,530,165

# AFFECT ON COUNTY OR OTHER LOCAL REVENUE:

None

# LONG RANGE EFFECTS:

The bill proposes to establish a long term agricultural loan program. The bill will commit state funds to cover any deficits in the minimum reserve requirement and mandates the Governor to include funds in the Executive Budget to fund any deficit.

# TECHNICAL NOTES:

None.

21 22 SB 0208/si SB 0208/si

comparable maturities.

1.0

11

12

13

15 16

17

18

19

20

21

22

# APPROVED BY COMM. OF BUSINESS & INDUSTRY

1	STATEMENT OF INTENT
2	SENATE BILL 208
3	Senate Business & Industry Committee
4	
5	Section 1. A statement of intent is required for this
6	bill because it delegates authority to the agricultural loan
7	authority to adopt rules concerning loan guaranties. The
8	legislature intends that in adopting rules the authority
9	look to existing rules established by the Montana economic
10	development board, on which the authority contained in this
11	bill is patterned.
12	Section 2. It is the intent of the legislature that
13	the agricultural loam authority prepare rules to establish
14	the loan guaranty program authorized in Senate Bill 208 by
15	addressing and providing for the following terms and
16	conditions:
17	(1) Banks and other financial institutions should be
18	required to participate in any guaranty program. It is
19	suggested that the normal participation would be a minimum

- suggested that the normal participation would be a minimum of 20% by the bank or other financial institution and 80% affected by the state guaranty authorized under Senate Bill 208.
- 23 (2) A program for guaranteeing existing operating
  24 loans made by existing banks and other financial
  25 institutions should be considered, provided all other

- conditions are met, including: (a) an equity in real estate
  or other comparable property is obtained; (b) the guaranty
  does not extend beyond 10 years; and (c) the bank or other
  financial institution agrees to reduce the interest rate to
  at least no higher than the rate on federal obligations for
- 7 (3) Any loan guaranteed under the provisions of Senate
  8 Bill 208 should be supported by a mortgage on real estate or
  9 a lien on other comparable property.
  - (4) An appraisal by a qualified appraiser should be required. The loan or guaranty secured by mortgage on real estate or other comparable property should not exceed, when taken in conjunction with any prior mortgages or obligations on the real estate, 65% of the appraised value of the property pledged as security.
  - (5) Before any loan can be guaranteed pursuant to Senate Bill 208, the applicant should provide the agricultural loan authority with sufficient information to show that he can reasonably expect a positive cash flow from the normal operation of the agriculture enterprise. The agricultural loan authority may require a surplus cash flow by rules properly adopted.
- 23 (6) The agricultural loan authority should not 24 guarantee loans that exist for more than 10 years.
- 25 (7) The guaranties provided in Senate Bill 208 should



be targeted primarily for existing farmers and ranchers who own agricultural land on which their farming and ranching is located and whose total debt from that agricultural operation equals between 40% and 60% of their total farm and ranch assets.

- (8) The department of agriculture and the agricultural loan authority should retain persons with sufficient experience in agricultural credit to adequately review all applications made for guaranty under Senate Bill 208. They shall take such time in implementing this program as may be necessary to guarantee that it will operate smoothly and properly without undue exposure or risk of loss. Experienced lenders who know and understand the Montana agricultural situation are absolutely critical to the success of this program.
- (9) The bank or financial institution that originated the guaranteed loan must initiate the appropriate action to liquidate the property pledged as security. The costs of liquidation should be shared pro rata at the same rate as participation in the guaranty program.

SB 0208/02

24

the authority; and

1	SENATE BILL NO. 208
2	INTRODUCED BY TOWE, NEUMAN
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO PROVIDE LOAN
5	GUARANTY AUTHORITY TO THE AGRICULTURAL LOAN AUTHORITY;
6	CREATING AN AGRICULTURAL LOAN GUARANTY FUND; AMENDING
7	SECTION 80-12-103, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE
8	DATE."
9	
10	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
11	Section 1. Section 80-12-103, MCA, is amended to read:
12	"80-12-103. Agricultural loan authority general
13	powers. The authority may:
14	(1) retain professional consultants and advisers;
15	<ul><li>(2) adopt rules governing its procedures;</li></ul>
16	(3) purchase agricultural loans made by financial
17	institutions;
18	(4) issue bonds, in accordance with 80-12-301,
19	necessary to provide funds for implementing this chapter;
20	(5) invest any funds generated by sale of bonds in the
21	permissible investments outlined in 17-6-211 until such time
22	as the funds are needed for any of the authority's other
23	functions; and
24	(6) procure insurance or guaranties in amounts and in
25	the form the authority considers desirable or necessary,

from any party, including a governmental agency, against any 2 loss in connection with its loan agreements; and 3 (6)(7) use the assistance and services of the farmers 4 home administration, the production credit association, the 5 federal land bank, or private lenders in approving loans for issuance of bonds." 6 7 NEW SECTION. Section 2. Loan quaranty program. (1) The authority may quarantee and make commitments to 9 quarantee payment required by a loan funded under this 10 chapter OR ANY OTHER AGRICULTURAL LOAN FOR WHICH A GUARANTY HAS BEEN APPROVED BY THE AUTHORITY upon such terms and 11 12 conditions as the authority may prescribe in accordance with this chapter. In administering the guaranty program, the 13 authority may require the payment of a fee or premium, 14 establish application fees, and prescribe application, 15 notification, contract and guaranty forms, rules, and 16 guidelines. 17 18 (2) Guaranties by the authority under this chapter 19 must: (a) be made for a loan that the authority finds meets 20 the policies and objectives of this chapter; 21 (b) be made to an applicant for a guaranty approved by 22 the authority; 23

(c) contain amortization provisions satisfactory to

(d) be in such principal amount, be in such form, and contain such terms and provisions with respect to payment of property insurance, repairs, alterations, taxes, assessments, delinquency charges, and default remedies as the authority determines to be necessary.

1

2

3

6

7

8

q

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- (3) The authority is authorized from time to time to enter into guaranties, insurance contracts, or any other agreements or contracts with respect to the agricultural loan guaranty fund and any guaranteed loan or other credit agreement. Such an agreement or contract may contain terms and provisions necessary or desirable in connection with the guaranty program, subject to the requirements established, including without limitation terms and provisions relating to loan documentation, review, approval procedures, origination and servicing rights and responsibilities, default obligations, procedures and obligations, and obligations with respect to guaranty contracts made under this chapter.
- (4) Any contract of guaranty made by the authority under the authorization of this chapter must provide that claims payable thereunder must be paid from amounts available in the agricultural loan guaranty fund and from amounts available under the terms of any applicable contract or agreement with the financial institution that originated the guaranteed loan. The obligation of the authority to make

payments under such a contract is limited solely to such 1 sources and does not constitute a debt or liability of the 2 state. A quaranty contract and any rule or quideline of the authority implementing the guaranty program may contain such other terms, provisions, or conditions as the authority considers necessary or appropriate, including without limitation those relating to the payment of quaranty premiums, the giving of notice, claim procedure, the sources 9 of payment for claims, the priority of competing claims for 10 payment, the release or termination of loan security and borrower liability, the timing of payment, the maintenance 11 and disposition of projects and the use of amounts received 12 13 during periods of loan delinquency or upon default, and any 14 other provision concerning the rights of insured parties or conditions to the payment of quaranty claims. Any premiums 15 16 for the quarantee of loan payments under the provisions of this chapter may be determined on such basis and be payable 17 by such person in such amounts and at such times as the 18 authority determines, and the amount of the premium need not 19 be uniform among the various loans, leases, or other credit 20 21 agreements quaranteed.

NEW SECTION. Section 3. Agricultural loan guaranty fund. (1) The authority shall create an agricultural loan guaranty fund. The fund must be held by a trustee or other fiduciary designated by the authority. There must be

-4- SB 208

22

23

SB 0208/02

SB 0208/02

deposited into the fund amounts, insurance fees, premiums, and such other revenues and assets as the authority considers necessary to comply with any contract or agreement entered into by the authority under this chapter. The authority may borrow from and deposit in the agricultural loan guaranty fund up to \$20,000,000 from any available state fund, including funds of the Montana board of housing.

- (2) The amounts in the fund must be used to satisfy any claim resulting from a defaulted loan or other credit agreement. The amounts in the fund may also be used for any other purpose prescribed by the authority in accordance with guaranty contracts with financial institutions entered into pursuant to this chapter, including without limitation the protection of the interest of the authority in loans during periods of delinquency or upon default.
- (3) The minimum reserve requirement for the agricultural loan guaranty fund must be such amount as may be provided in an agreement, resolution, or indenture with the holders of bonds issued under this chapter, but not in excess of the aggregate annual payments due under the loans or other credit agreements guaranteed by the authority. No loan or other credit agreement may be guaranteed by the authority if the amount of money available in the agricultural loan guaranty fund would be less than the minimumum reserve requirement.

- (4) In order to assure the maintenance of the agricultural loan guaranty fund, the authority shall, on or before September 1 in each year preceding the convening of the legislature, deliver to the governor a certificate stating the sum, if any, required to restore the agricultural loan guaranty fund to the minimum reserve requirement. The governor shall include in the executive budget submitted to the legislature the sum required to restore the agricultural loan guaranty fund to the minimum reserve requirement.
- 11 (5) All amounts remitted to the authority under this
  12 section constitute loans to the authority and must be repaid
  13 to the state treasury without interest from available
  14 operating revenues of the authority in excess of amounts
  15 required for the guarantee of loans.
- NEW SECTION. Section 4. Codification instruction.

  Sections 2 and 3 are intended to be codified as an integral

  part of Title 80, chapter 12, and the provisions of Title

  80, chapter 12, apply to sections 2 and 3.
- 20 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 5. Effective date. This act is 21 effective duly-17-1985 <u>ON PASSAGE AND APPROVAL</u>.

-End-

-6- SB 208

23

24

25

made by

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17 18

19

20

21

22

25

2	SENATE BILL 208
3	Senate Business & Industry Committee
4	
5	Section 1. A statement of intent is required for this
6	bill because it delegates authority to the agricultural loam
7	authority to adopt rules concerning loan guaranties, The
8	legislature intends that in adopting rules the authority
9	look to existing rules established by the Montana economic
10	development board, on which the authority contained in this
11	bill is patterned.
12	Section 2. It is the intent of the legislature that
13	the agricultural loan authority prepare rules to establish
14	the loan guaranty program authorized in Senate Bill 208 by
15	addressing and providing for the following terms and
16	conditions:
17	(1) Banks and other financial institutions should be
18	required to participate in any guaranty program. It is
19	suggested that the normal participation would be a minimum
20	of 20% by the bank or other financial institution and 80%
21	affected by the state guaranty authorized under Senate Bill
22	208.

(2) A program for guaranteeing existing operating

institutions should be considered, provided all other

existing banks and other financial

STATEMENT OF INTENT

1	conditions are met, including: (a) an equity in real estate
2	or other comparable property is obtained; (b) the guaranty
3	does not extend beyond 10 years; and (c) the bank or other
4	financial institution agrees to reduce the interest rate to
5	at least no higher than the rate on federal obligations for
6	comparable maturities.

- (3) Any loan guaranteed under the provisions of Senate Bill 208 should be supported by a mortgage on real estate or a lien on other comparable property.
- (4) An appraisal by a qualified appraiser should be required. The loan or guaranty secured by mortgage on real estate or other comparable property should not exceed, when taken in conjunction with any prior mortgages or obligations on the real estate, 65% of the appraised value of the property pledged as security.
- (5) Before any loan can be guaranteed pursuant to Senate Bill 208, the applicant should provide the agricultural loan authority with sufficient information to show that he can reasonably expect a positive cash flow from the normal operation of the agriculture enterprise. The agricultural loan authority may require a surplus cash flow by rules properly adopted.
- 23 (6) The agricultural loan authority should not
  24 guarantee loans that exist for more than 10 years.
  - (7) The guaranties provided in Senate Bill 208 should

- be targeted primarily for existing farmers and ranchers who own agricultural land on which their farming and ranching is located and whose total debt from that agricultural operation equals between 40% and 60% of their total farm and ranch assets.
- (8) The department of agriculture and the agricultural loan authority should retain persons with sufficient experience in agricultural credit to adequately review all applications made for guaranty under Senate Bill 208. They shall take such time in implementing this program as may be necessary to guarantee that it will operate smoothly and properly without undue exposure or risk of loss. Experienced lenders who know and understand the Montana agricultural situation are absolutely critical to the success of this program.

11

12

13 14

15

16

17

18

19 20 (9) The bank or financial institution that originated the guaranteed loan must initiate the appropriate action to liquidate the property pledged as security. The costs of liquidation should be shared pro rata at the same rate as participation in the guaranty program.

2	INTRODUCED BY TOWE, NEUMAN
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO PROVIDE LOAN
5	GUARANTY AUTHORITY TO THE AGRICULTURAL LOAN AUTHORITY;
6	CREATING AN AGRICULTURAL LOAN GUARANTY FUND; AMENDING
7	SECTION 80-12-103, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE
8	DATE."
9	
10	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
11	Section 1. Section 80-12-103, MCA, is amended to read:
12	"80-12-103. Agricultural loan authority general
13	powers. The authority may:
14	(1) retain professional consultants and advisers;
15	(2) adopt rules governing its procedures;
16	(3) purchase agricultural loans made by financial
17	institutions;
18	(4) issue bonds, in accordance with 80-12-301,
19	necessary to provide funds for implementing this chapter;
20	(5) invest any funds generated by sale of bonds in the
21	permissible investments outlined in 17-6-211 until such time
22	as the funds are needed for any of the authority's other
23	functions; and
24	(6) procure insurance or quaranties in amounts and in
25	the form the authority considers desirable or necessary,

SENATE BILL NO. 208

1	from any party, including a governmental agency, against any
2	loss in connection with its loan agreements; and
3	(6)(7) use the assistance and services of the farmers
4	home administration, the production credit association, the
5	federal land bank, or private lenders in approving loans for
6	issuance of bonds.*
7	NEW SECTION. Section 2. Loan guaranty program.
8	(1) The authority may guarantee and make commitments to
9	guarantee payment required by a loan funded under this
10	chapter OR ANY OTHER AGRICULTURAL LOAN FOR WHICH A GUARANTY
11	HAS BEEN APPROVED BY THE AUTHORITY upon such terms and
12	conditions as the authority may prescribe in accordance with
13	this chapter. In administering the guaranty program, the
14	authority may require the payment of a fee or premium,
15	establish application fees, and prescribe application,
16	notification, contract and guaranty forms, rules, and

17

guidelines.

- 18 (2) Guaranties by the authority under this chapter 19 must:
- (a) be made for a loan that the authority finds meets 20 21 the policies and objectives of this chapter;
- 22 (b) be made to an applicant for a guaranty approved by 23 the authority;
- 24 (c) contain amortization provisions satisfactory to the authority; and

(d) be in such principal amount, be in such form, and contain such terms and provisions with respect to payment of property insurance, repairs, alterations, taxes, assessments, delinquency charges, and default remedies as the authority determines to be necessary.

1

.2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- (3) The authority is authorized from time to time to enter into guaranties, insurance contracts, or any other agreements or contracts with respect to the agricultural loan guaranty fund and any guaranteed loan or other credit agreement. Such an agreement or contract may contain terms and provisions necessary or desirable in connection with the guaranty program, subject to the requirements established, including without limitation terms and provisions relating to loan documentation, review, approval procedures, origination and servicing rights and responsibilities, default obligations, procedures and obligations, and obligations with respect to guaranty contracts made under this chapter.
- (4) Any contract of guaranty made by the authority under the authorization of this chapter must provide that claims payable thereunder must be paid from amounts available in the agricultural loan guaranty fund and from amounts available under the terms of any applicable contract or agreement with the financial institution that originated the guaranteed loan. The obligation of the authority to make

payments under such a contract is limited solely to such 2 sources and does not constitute a debt or liability of the state. A quaranty contract and any rule or quideline of the authority implementing the guaranty program may contain such other terms, provisions, or conditions as the authority considers necessary or appropriate, including limitation those relating to the payment of quaranty premiums, the giving of notice, claim procedure, the sources of payment for claims, the priority of competing claims for 10 payment, the release or termination of loan security and 11 borrower liability, the timing of payment, the maintenance 12 and disposition of projects and the use of amounts received 1.3 during periods of loan delinguency or upon default, and any other provision concerning the rights of insured parties or 14 conditions to the payment of quaranty claims. Any premiums 15 for the guarantee of loan payments under the provisions of 16 this chapter may be determined on such basis and be payable 17 1.0 by such person in such amounts and at such times as the 19 authority determines, and the amount of the premium need not be uniform among the various loans, leases, or other credit 20 21 agreements guaranteed.

MEW SECTION. Section 3. Agricultural loan guaranty fund. (I) The authority shall create an agricultural loan guaranty fund. The fund must be held by a trustee or other fiduciary designated by the authority. There must be

22

23

deposited into the fund amounts, insurance fees, premiums, and such other revenues and assets as the authority considers necessary to comply with any contract or agreement entered into by the authority under this chapter. The authority may borrow from and deposit in the agricultural loan guaranty fund up to \$20,000,000 from any available state fund, including funds of the Montana board of housing.

6

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24 25

- (2) The amounts in the fund must be used to satisfy any claim resulting from a defaulted loan or other credit agreement. The amounts in the fund may also be used for any other purpose prescribed by the authority in accordance with guaranty contracts with financial institutions entered into pursuant to this chapter, including without limitation the protection of the interest of the authority in loans during periods of delinquency or upon default.
- (3) The minimum reserve requirement for the agricultural loan guaranty fund must be such amount as may be provided in an agreement, resolution, or indenture with the holders of bonds issued under this chapter, but not in excess of the aggregate annual payments due under the loans or other credit agreements guaranteed by the authority. No loan or other credit agreement may be guaranteed by the authority if the amount of money available in the agricultural loan guaranty fund would be less than the miniumum reserve requirement.

-5-

- (4) In order to assure the maintenance of the 2 agricultural loan quaranty fund, the authority shall, on or before September 1 in each year preceding the convening of the legislature, deliver to the governor a certificate stating the sum, if any, required to restore the agricultural loan quaranty fund to the minimum reserve 7 requirement. The governor shall include in the executive budget submitted to the legislature the sum required to 9 restore the agricultural loan guaranty fund to the minimum 10 reserve requirement. NOTHING CONTAINED HEREIN OBLIGATE THE LEGISLATURE TO MAKE AN APPROPRIATION FOR THIS 11 12 PURPOSE.
  - (5) All amounts remitted to the authority under this section constitute loans to the authority and must be repaid to the state treasury without interest from available operating revenues of the authority in excess of amounts required for the guarantee of loans.
- NEW SECTION. Section 4. Codification instruction.

  Sections 2 and 3 are intended to be codified as an integral

  part of Title 80, chapter 12, and the provisions of Title

  Ro, chapter 12, apply to sections 2 and 3.
- NEW SECTION. Section 5. Effective date. This act is effective July-17-1985 ON PASSAGE AND APPROVAL.

-End-

13

14

15

16

7

8

9

10

11

13

14 15

16

17

18

19

20

21 22

25

2	SENATE BILL 208
3	Senate Business & Industry Committee
4	
5	Section 1. A statement of intent is required for this
6	bill because it delegates authority to the agricultural load
7	authority to adopt rules concerning loan guaranties. The
8	legislature intends that in adopting rules the authority
9	look to existing rules established by the Montana economic
10	development board, on which the authority contained in this
11	bill is patterned.
12	Section 2. It is the intent of the legislature that
13	the agricultural loan authority prepare rules to establish
14	the loan guaranty program authorized in Senate Bill 208 by
15	addressing and providing for the following terms and
16	conditions:
17	(1) Banks and other financial institutions should be
18	required to participate in any guaranty program. It is
19	suggested that the normal participation would be a minimum
20	of 20% by the bank or other financial institution and 80%
21	affected by the state guaranty authorized under Senate Bill
22	208.
23	(2) A program for guaranteeing existing operating
24	loans made by existing banks and other financial
25	institutions should be considered, provided all other

STATEMENT OF INTERN

1	conditions are met, including: (a) an equity in real estate
2	or other comparable property is obtained; (b) the guaranty
3	does not extend beyond 10 years; and (c) the bank or other
4	financial institution agrees to reduce the interest rate to
5	at least no higher than the rate on federal obligations for
6	comparable maturities.

- (3) Any loan guaranteed under the provisions of Senate Bill 208 should be supported by a mortgage on real estate or a lien on other comparable property.
- (4) An appraisal by a qualified appraiser should be required. The loan or guaranty secured by mortgage on real estate or other comparable property should not exceed, when taken in conjunction with any prior mortgages or obligations on the real estate, 65% of the appraised value of the property pledged as security.
- (5) Before any loan can be guaranteed pursuant to Senate Bill 208, the applicant should provide the agricultural loan authority with sufficient information to show that he can reasonably expect a positive cash flow from the normal operation of the agriculture enterprise. The agricultural loan authority may require a surplus cash flow by rules properly adopted.
- 23 (6) The agricultural loan authority should not 24 guarantee loans that exist for more than 10 years.
  - (7) The guaranties provided in Senate Bill 208 should

be targeted primarily for existing farmers and ranchers who own agricultural land on which their farming and ranching is located and whose total debt from that agricultural operation equals between 40% and 60% of their total farm and ranch assets.

- (8) The department of agriculture and the agricultural loan authority should retain persons with sufficient experience in agricultural credit to adequately review all applications made for guaranty under Senate Bill 208. They shall take such time in implementing this program as may be necessary to guarantee that it will operate smoothly and properly without undue exposure or risk of loss. Experienced lenders who know and understand the Montana agricultural situation are absolutely critical to the success of this program.
- (9) The bank or financial institution that originated the guaranteed loan must initiate the appropriate action to liquidate the property pledged as security. The costs of liquidation should be shared pro rata at the same rate as participation in the guaranty program.

2	INTRODUCED BY TOWE, NEUMAN
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO PROVIDE LOAN
5	GUARANTY AUTHORITY TO THE AGRICULTURAL LOAN AUTHORITY;
6	CREATING AN AGRICULTURAL LOAN GUARANTY FUND; AMENDING
7	SECTION 80-12-103, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE
8	DATE."
9	
LO	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
11	Section 1. Section 80-12-103, MCA, is amended to read:
12	"80-12-103. Agricultural loan authority general
13	powers. The authority may:
L <b>4</b>	(1) retain professional consultants and advisers;
15	(2) adopt rules governing its procedures;
16	(3) purchase agricultural loans made by financial
17	institutions;
18	(4) issue bonds, in accordance with 80~12-301,
19	necessary to provide funds for implementing this chapter;
20	(5) invest any funds generated by sale of bonds in the
21	permissible investments outlined in 17-6-211 until such time
22	as the funds are needed for any of the authority's other
23	functions; and
24	(6) procure insurance or quaranties in amounts and in
25	the form the authority considers desirable or necessary,

SENATE BILL NO. 208

1	from any party, including a governmental agency, against any
2	loss in connection with its loan agreements; and
3	(6)(7) use the assistance and services of the farmers
4	home administration, the production credit association, the
5	federal land bank, or private lenders in approving loans for
6	issuance of bonds."
7	NEW SECTION. Section 2. Loan guaranty program.
8	(1) The authority may guarantee and make commitments to
9	guarantee payment required by a loan funded under this
10	chapter OR ANY OTHER AGRICULTURAL LOAN FOR WHICH A GUARANTY
11	HAS BEEN APPROVED BY THE AUTHORITY upon such terms and
12	conditions as the authority may prescribe in accordance with
13	this chapter. In administering the guaranty program, the
14	authority may require the payment of a fee or premium,
15	establish application fees, and prescribe application,
16	notification, contract and guaranty forms, rules, and

guidelines.

- 18 (2) Guaranties by the authority under this chapter must: 19
- (a) be made for a loan that the authority finds meets 20 21 the policies and objectives of this chapter;
- (b) be made to an applicant for a guaranty approved by 22 the authority; 23
- 24 (c) contain amortization provisions satisfactory to the authority; and 25

(d) be in such principal amount, be in such form, and contain such terms and provisions with respect to payment of property insurance, repairs, alterations, taxes, assessments, delinquency charges, and default remedies as the authority determines to be necessary.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- (3) The authority is authorized from time to time to enter into guaranties, insurance contracts, or any other agreements or contracts with respect to the agricultural loan guaranty fund and any guaranteed loan or other credit agreement. Such an agreement or contract may contain terms and provisions necessary or desirable in connection with the guaranty program, subject to the requirements established, including without limitation terms and provisions relating to loan documentation, review, approval procedures, origination and servicing rights and responsibilities, default obligations, procedures and obligations, and obligations with respect to guaranty contracts made under this chapter.
- (4) Any contract of guaranty made by the authority under the authorization of this chapter must provide that claims payable thereunder must be paid from amounts available in the agricultural loan guaranty fund and from amounts available under the terms of any applicable contract or agreement with the financial institution that originated the guaranteed loan. The obligation of the authority to make

payments under such a contract is limited solely to such 2 sources and does not constitute a debt or liability of the 3 state. A quaranty contract and any rule or quideline of the 4 authority implementing the quaranty program may contain such other terms, provisions, or conditions as the authority considers necessary or appropriate, including limitation those relating to the payment of quaranty premiums, the giving of notice, claim procedure, the sources of payment for claims, the priority of competing claims for 10 payment, the release or termination of loan security and 11 borrower liability, the timing of payment, the maintenance 12 and disposition of projects and the use of amounts received during periods of loan delinquency or upon default, and any 13 14 other provision concerning the rights of insured parties or 15 conditions to the payment of guaranty claims. Any premiums 16 for the quarantee of loan payments under the provisions of 17 this chapter may be determined on such basis and be payable 18 by such person in such amounts and at such times as the authority determines, and the amount of the premium need not 19 be uniform among the various loans, leases, or other credit 20 21 agreements guaranteed.

NEW SECTION. Section 3. Agricultural loan guaranty fund. (1) The authority shall create an agricultural loan guaranty fund. The fund must be held by a trustee or other fiduciary designated by the authority. There must be

deposited into the fund amounts, insurance fees, premiums, 1 2 and such other revenues and assets as the authority considers necessary to comply with any contract or agreement 3 entered into by the authority under this chapter. The authority may borrow from and deposit in the agricultural loan quaranty fund up to \$20,000,000 from any available 6 state fund, including funds of the Montana board of housing.

4

7

8

9

10

1.1

1.2

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24 25

- (2) The amounts in the fund must be used to satisfy any claim resulting from a defaulted loan or other credit agreement. The amounts in the fund may also be used for any other purpose prescribed by the authority in accordance with quaranty contracts with financial institutions entered into pursuant to this chapter, including without limitation the protection of the interest of the authority in loans during periods of delinquency or upon default.
- (3) The minimum reserve requirement for agricultural loan quaranty fund must be such amount as may be provided in an agreement, resolution, or indenture with the holders of bonds issued under this chapter, but not in excess of the aggregate annual payments due under the loans or other credit agreements quaranteed by the authority. No loan or other credit agreement may be guaranteed by the authority if the amount of money available in the agricultural loan guaranty fund would be less than the miniumum reserve requirement.

-5-

- (4) In order to assure the maintenance of the 1 agricultural loan quaranty fund, the authority shall, on or 2 before September 1 in each year preceding the convening of 3 the legislature, deliver to the governor a certificate 5 stating the sum, if any, required to restore the agricultural loan quaranty fund to the minimum reserve requirement. The governor shall include in the executive 7 8 budget submitted to the legislature the sum required to restore the agricultural loan quaranty fund to the minimum 9 10 reserve requirement. NOTHING CONTAINED HEREIN SHALL OBLIGATE THE LEGISLATURE TO MAKE AN APPROPRIATION FOR THIS 11 PURPOSE. 12
- 13 (5) All amounts remitted to the authority under this section constitute loans to the authority and must be repaid 14 to the state treasury without interest from available 15 operating revenues of the authority in excess of amounts 16 required for the guarantee of loans. 17
- NEW SECTION. Section 4. Codification 18 instruction. Sections 2 and 3 are intended to be codified as an integral 19 part of Title 80, chapter 12, and the provisions of Title 20 21 80, chapter 12, apply to sections 2 and 3.
- NEW SECTION. Section 5. Effective date. This act is 22 effective July-17-1985 ON PASSAGE AND APPROVAL. 23

-End-

-6-