SENATE BILL NO. 48

1/07	Introduced
1/10	Referred to Taxation
1/14	Fiscal Note Requested
1/15	Hearing
1/18	Fiscal Note Received
2/07	Committee Report-Bill Pass As Amended
2/07	Fiscal Note Requested
2/07	Fiscal Note Received
2/08	2nd Reading Pass
2/11	3rd Reading Pass

Transmitted to House

- 2/20 Referred to Taxation
- 2/21 Hearing
- 3/28 Committee Report-No Recommendation 3/30 2nd Reading Not Concurred 3/30 Bill Killed

1	SENATE BILL NO48
2	INTRODUCED BY TOWE, M. WILLIAMS
3	BY REQUEST OF THE REVENUE OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO GENERALLY REVISE
6	MONTANA PROPERTY TAX CLASSIFICATION LAW TO COMPLY WITH
7	FEDERAL LAW GRANTING CERTAIN TYPES OF PROPERTY SPECIAL
8	CONSIDERATION; REQUIRING THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE TO
9	ANNUALLY REVALUE ALL COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY;
LO	REQUIRING THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE TO CONDUCT AUDITS OF
1	ASSESSMENTS ON COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY; DEFINING
12	THE TERM "COMMERCIAL" AS IT APPLIES TO PROPERTY SUBJECT TO
13	TAXATION; CLARIFYING THE TERM "MARKET VALUE" FOR PROPERTY
14	TAX PURPOSES; AMENDING SECTIONS 15-1-101, 15-6-101,
15	15-6-134, 15-6-135, 15-6-137 THROUGH 15-6-142, 15-6-151,
16	15-7-111, 15-7-202, 15-7-307, 15-8-104, 15-8-111, 15-16-611,
17	AND 15-23-202, MCA; AND PROVIDING EFFECTIVE DATES."
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19 WHEREAS, the federal government has granted special 20 consideration to certain types of property with respect to 21 property taxation; and

22 WHEREAS, the Legislature and the people of the State of
23 Montana desire to be in full compliance with all federal
24 law: and

25 WHEREAS, there have been questions in the past



1 regarding the validity of Montana's property tax 2 classification laws with respect to federal law granting special consideration to certain types of property; and 3 WHEREAS, state tax policy is best determined by the 4 state's primary policymaking body, which is the Legislature; 5 6 and 7 WHEREAS, the Legislature wishes to retain as much as в possible the sovereignty guaranteed to the State by the 10th 9 amendment to the Constitution of the United States of 10 America: and WHEREAS, the 48th Legislature of the State of Montana 11 adopted House Joint Resolution 31, requiring a study of 12 13 Montana's property tax classification system; and WHEREAS, the Revenue Oversight Committee has examined 14 15 Montana's property tax system; and 16 WHEREAS, that examination causes the Revenue Oversight Committee to recommend a general revision of Montana's 17 property tax classification system. 18 19 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA: 20 21 Section 1. Section 15-1-101, MCA, is amended to read: "15-1-101. Definitions. (1) When terms mentioned in 22 this section are used in connection with taxation, they are 23 24 defined in the following manner:

25 (a) The term "agricultural" refers to the raising of

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livestock, swine, poultry, field crops, fruit, and other
 animal and vegetable matter for food or fiber.

3 (b) The term "assessed value" means the value of4 property as defined in 15-8-111.

5 (c) The term "average wholesale value" means the value 6 to a dealer prior to reconditioning and profit margin shown 7 in national appraisal guides and manuals or the valuation 8 schedules of the department of revenue.

9 (d) The term "commercial", when used to describe
10 property, means any property used or owned by a business, a
11 trade, or a nonprofit corporation as defined in 35-2-102 or
12 used for the production of income.

13 (d)(e) The term "credit" means solvent debts, secured
14 or unsecured, owing to a person.

15 fef(f) The term "improvements" includes all buildings, structures, fixtures, fences, and improvements situated 16 upon, erected upon, or affixed to land. When the department 17 18 of revenue or its agent determines that the permanency of 19 location of a mobile home or housetrailer has been established, the mobile home or housetrailer is presumed to 20 21 be an improvement to real property. A mobile home or housetrailer may be determined to be permanently located 22 only when it is attached to a foundation which cannot 23 feasibly be relocated and only when the wheels are removed. 24 (f) The term "leasehold improvements" means 25

improvements to mobile homes and mobile homes located on land owned by another person. This property is assessed under the appropriate classification and the taxes are due and payable in two payments as provided in 15-24-202. Delinquent taxes on such leasehold improvements are a lien only on such leasehold improvements.

7 (g)(h) The term "mobile home" means forms of housing 8 known as "trailers", "housetrailers", or "trailer coaches" 9 exceeding 8 feet in width or 45 feet in length, designed to 10 be moved from one place to another by an independent power 11 connected to them, or any "trailer", "housetrailer", or 12 "trailer coach" up to 8 feet in width or 45 feet in length 13 used as a principal residence.

14 (h)(i) The term "personal property" includes 15 everything that is the subject of ownership but that is not 16 included within the meaning of the terms "real estate" and 17 "improvements".

18 tit(j) The term "poultry" includes all chickens, 19 turkeys, geese, ducks, and other birds raised in 20 domestication to produce food or feathers.

21 (j)(k) The term "property" includes moneys, credits,
22 bonds, stocks, franchises, and all other matters and things,
23 real, personal, and mixed, capable of private ownership.
24 This definition must not be construed to authorize the
25 taxation of the stocks of any company or corporation when

the property of such company or corporation represented by
 the stocks is within the state and has been taxed.

3 tk;(1) The term "real estate" includes:

4 (i) the possession of, claim to, ownership of, or 5 right to the possession of land;

6 (ii) all mines, minerals, and quarries in and under the
7 land subject to the provisions of 15-23-501 and 15-23-801;
8 all timber belonging to individuals or corporations growing
9 or being on the lands of the United States; and all rights
10 and privileges appertaining thereto.

11 (1)(1)(m) The term "taxable value" means the percentage
12 of market or assessed value as provided for in 15-6-131
13 through 15-6-140.

(2) The phrase "municipal corporation" or
"municipality" or "taxing unit" shall be deemed to include a
county, city, incorporated town, township, school district,
irrigation district, drainage district, or any person,
persons, or organized body authorized by law to establish
tax levies for the purpose of raising public revenue.

20 (3) The term "state board" or "board" when used
21 without other qualification shall mean the state tax appeal
22 board."

23 Section 2. Section 15-6-101, MCA, is amended to read:
24 "15-6-101. Property Purpose -- property subject to
25 taxation -- classification. (1) It is the purpose of this

1	chapter to comply with federal law requiring special
2	consideration of certain types of property. To meet the
3	requirements of federal law, the legislature finds it
4	necessary to separate the several types of property into
5	classes, each class containing property reasonably related
6	to other property in the same class and reasonably different
7	from property in every other class. It is further the
8	purpose of this chapter and the policy of the legislature to
9	treat all similar property subject to taxation in an
10	equitable manner.
11	$(\frac{1}{2})$ All property in this state is subject to
12	taxation, except as provided otherwise.
13	<pre>(2)(3) For the purpose of taxation, the taxable</pre>
14	property in the state shall be classified in accordance with
15	15-6-131-through-15-6-141 this part."
16	Section 3. Section 15-6-134, MCA, is amended to read:
17	"15-6-134. Class four property description
18	taxable percentage. (1) Class four property includes:
19	(a) all noncommercial land, including, for farm homes,
20	lacre of agricultural land at market value, except that
21	specifically included in another class;
22	(b) all <u>noncommercial</u> improvements except those
23	specifically included in another class7. Noncommercial
24	improvements include single family residences and ancillary
25	improvements and improvements necessary to the function of a

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1	bona fide farm, ranch, or stock operation.
2	(c) a trailer or mobile home used as a residence
Э	except when:
4	(i) held by a distributor or dealer of trailers or
5	mobile homes as his stock in trade; or
6	(ii) specifically included in another class;
7	<pre>fef(d) the first \$35,000 or less of the market value</pre>
8	of any improvement on real property and appurtenant land not
9	exceeding 5 acres owned or under contract for deed and
10	actually occupied for at least 10 months a year as the
11	primary residential dwelling of:
12	(i) a widow or widower 62 years of age or older who
13	qualifies under the income limitations of (iii) of this
14	subsection;
15	(ii) a widow or widower of any age with dependent
16	children who qualifies under the income limitations of (iii)
1 7	of this subsection; or
18	(iii) a recipient or recipients of retirement or
19	disability benefits whose total income from all sources
20	including otherwise tax-exempt income of all types is not
21	more than \$8,000 for a single person or \$10,000 for a
22	married couple;
23	(e) the first \$35,000 or less of the market value of a
24	trailer or mobile home used as a residence and actually
25	occupied for at least 10 months a year as the primary

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1	dwelling of any person	described in subs	sections (1)(d)(i)
2	<pre>through (1)(d)(iii);</pre>		
3	(d)<u>(f)</u> all go]	lf courses, incl	luding land and
4	improvements actually a	and necessarily used	for that purpose,
5	that:		
6	(i) consist of at	t least 9 holes an	nd not less than
7	3,000 lineal yards; and	1	
8	(ii) were used as	a golf course on Ja	anuary 1, 1979, and
9	were owned by a nonprol	fit Montana corporat	ion.
10	(2) Class four p	roperty is taxed as	follows:
11	(a) Exceptas	providedin-15-24-	1402-or-15-24-15017
12	property Property desci	ribed in subsections	s (1)(a) and - (1)(b)
13	through (1)(c) is taxed	1 at 8.55% of its ma	arket value.
14	(b) Property de		absection(1)(c)
15	subsections (1)(d) and	nd (1)(e) is taxe	ed at 8.55% of its
16	market value multiplied	d by a percentage	figure based on
17	income and determined a	from the following t	cable:
18	Income	Income	Percentage
19	Single Person	Married Couple	Multiplier
20	\$0 - \$1,000	\$0 - \$1,000	0%
21	1,001 - 2,000	1,001 - 2,000	10%
22	2,001 - 2,800	2,001 - 3,000	20%
23	2,801 - 3,600	3,001 - 4,000	30%
24	3,601 - 4,400	4,001 - 5,000	40%
25	4,401 - 5,200	5,001 - 6,000	50%

1	5,201 - 6	5,000	6,001 - 7,000	60%
2	6,001 -	5,800	7,001 - 8,000	70%
3	6,801 -	7,600	8,001 - 9,000	80%
4	7,601 - 4	8,000	9,001 - 10,000	90%

(c) Property described in subsection (1)(f) is 5 taxed at one-half the taxable percentage established in 6 7 subsection (2)(a), or 4.275%."

Section 4. Section 15-6-135, MCA, is amended to read: в 9 "15-6-135. Class five property -- description -taxable percentage. (1) Class five property includes: 10

(a) all property used and owned by cooperative rural 11 electrical and cooperative rural telephone associations 12 organized under the laws of Montana, except property 13 described in 15-6-139(1)(u) owned by cooperative 14 organizations described-in-subsection-(1)(c)-of-15-6-137; 15

(b) air and water pollution control equipment as 16 defined in this section; 17

(c) new industrial property as defined in this 18 19 section;

(d) any personal or real property used primarily in 20 the production of gasohol during construction and for the 21 first 3 years of its operation. 22

(2) (a) "Air and water pollution equipment" means 23 facilities, machinery, or equipment used to reduce or 24 control water or atmospheric pollution or contamination by 25

removing, reducing, altering, disposing, or storing 1 2 pollutants, contaminants, wastes, or heat. The department of 3 health and environmental sciences shall determine if such utilization is being made. 4

(b) The department of health and environmental 5 sciences' determination as to air and water pollution 6 equipment may be appealed to the board of health and 7 environmental sciences and may not be appealed to either a A 9 county tax appeal board or the state tax appeal board. 10 However, the appraised value of the equipment as determined by the department of revenue may be appealed to the county 11 12 tax appeal board and the state tax appeal board.

(3) "New industrial property" means any new industrial 13 plant, including land, buildings, machinery, and fixtures, 14 15 used by new industries during the first 3 years of their 16 operation. The property may not have been assessed within 17 the state of Montana prior to July 1, 1961.

(4) (a) "New industry" means any person, corporation, 18 firm, partnership, association, or other group that 19 20 establishes a new plant in Montana for the operation of a 21 new industrial endeavor, as distinguished from a mere 22 expansion, reorganization, or merger of an existing 23 industry.

(b) New industry includes only those industries that: 24 (i) manufacture, mill, mine, produce, process, or 25

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	1	(a) all property usedandowned-by-personsfirms;
n	2	corporations;-or-other-organizations-that-are-engaged-in-the
e	3	business-of-furnishing-telephone-communicationsexclusively
e	4	to-rural-areas-or-to-rural-areas-and-cities-and-towns-of-800
1	5	persons-or-tess;
	6	<pre>tb;all-property-owned-by-cooperative-rural-electrical</pre>
1	7	and-cooperative-rural-telephone-associations-that-serve-less
5	8	than95%oftheelectricity-consumers-or-telephone-users
3	9	within-the-incorporated-limits-of-a-city-or-town;
1	10	<pre>(c)electric-transformers-and-meters;electriclight</pre>
	11	andpowersubstationmachinery;-natural-gas-measuring-and
	12	regulating-station-equipment,-meters,-and-compressor-station
,	13	machinery-owned-by-noncentrally-assessedpublicutilities;
ſ	14	andtoolsusedintherepairandmaintenanceof-this
	15	property;-and
ו	16	<pre>td;tcols;-implements;-and-machineryusedtorepair</pre>
	17	and-maintain-machinery-not-used-for-manufacturing-and-mining
-	18	purposes.
5	19	(2)Toqualifyforthis-classification;-the-average
	20	circuitmilesforeachstationonthetelephone
-	21	communicationsystem-described-in-subsection-(1)(b)-must-be
	22	more-than-1-mile- used for noncommercial purposes which is
:	23	not real property or an improvement to real property and
-	24	which is not in another class or exempt from taxation under
	25	Title 15, chapter 6, part 2; and

1 fabricate materials;

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2 (ii) do similar work, employing capital and labor, in 3 which materials unserviceable in their natural state are 4 extracted, processed, or made fit for use or are 5 substantially altered or treated so as to create commercial 6 products or materials; or

7 (iii) engage in the mechanical or chemical 8 transformation of materials or substances into new products 9 in the manner defined as manufacturing in the 1972 Standard 10 Industrial Classification Manual prepared by the United 11 States office of management and budget.

12 (5) New industrial property does not include:

13 (a) property used by retail or wholesale merchants,
14 commercial services of any type, agriculture, trades, or
15 professions;

(b) a plant that will create adverse impact onexisting state, county, or municipal services; or

(c) property used or employed in any industrial plant
that has been in operation in this state for 3 years or
longer.

21 (6) Class five property is taxed at 3% of its market 22 value."

23 Section 5. Section 15-6-137, MCA, is amended to read:
24 "15-6-137. Class seven property -- description -25 taxable percentage. (1) Class seven property includes:

1	(b) all agricultural tools, machinery, and equipment
2	used in a bona fide farm, ranch, or stock operation.
3	(3) Class seven property is taxed at 6 % <u>11.1</u> % of
4	its market value."
5	Section 6. Section 15-6-138, MCA, is amended to read:
6	"15-6-138. Class eight property description
7	taxable percentage. (1) Class eight property includes:
8	(a) all agriculturalimplementsandequipment <u>land</u>
9	except that specifically included in another class; and
10	(b) all improvements except those specifically
11	included in another class.
12	(b)allmining-machinery;-fixtures;-equipment;-tools;
13	and-supplies-except:
14	(i)those-included-in-class-five;-and
15	(ii)-coal-and-ore-haulers;
16	<pre>te)all-manufacturing-machinery,-fixtures,equipment;</pre>
17	toois;-and-supplies-except-those-included-in-class-five;
18	(d)motorcycles;
19	te)watercraft;
20	(f)alltrailersuptoand-including-18,000-pounds
21	maximum-gross-loaded-weight, except-those-subject-toafee
22	in-lieu-of-property-tax;
23	(g)aircraft;
24	(h)all-terrain-vehicles;
25	<pre>titharness7-saddlery7-and-other-tack-equipment;</pre>

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1	tj)allgoodsandequipmentintendedforrent-or
2	lease;-except-goods-and-equipment-specifically-includedand
3	taxed-in-another-class; and
4	(k)allothermachineryexceptthatspecifically
5	included-in-another-class.
6	(2) Class eight property is taxed at 118 8.55% of its
7	market value."
8	Section 7. Section 15-6-139, MCA, is amended to read:
9	"15-6-139. Class nine property description
10	taxable percentage. (1) Class nine property is all property
11	used for commercial purposes which is not real property or
12	an improvement to real property and which is not included in
13	another class or exempt from taxation under Title 15,
14	chapter 6, part 2, and includes:
15	(a) buses and trucks having a rated capacity of more
16	than three-quarters of a ton but-less-than-or-equal-to- $1-1/2$
17	tons;
18	(b) truck toppers weighing more than 300 pounds;
19	(c) furniture, fixtures, and equipment, except that
20	specifically included in another class, used in commercial
21	establishments as defined in this section;
22	(d) x-ray and medical and dental equipment; and
23	(e) citizens' band radios and mobile telephones $ au_i$
24	(f) all mining machinery, fixtures, equipment, tools,
25	and supplies except those included in class five;

1	(g) all manufacturing machinery, fixtures, equipment,
2	tools, and supplies except those included in class five;
3	<pre>(h) motorcycles;</pre>
4	(i) watercraft;
5	(j) all trailers up to and including 18,000 pounds
6	maximum gross loaded weight, except those subject to a fee
7	in lieu of property tax;
8	<pre>(k) aircraft;</pre>
9	 all-terrain vehicles;
10	(m) harness, saddlery, and other tack equipment;
11	(n) all goods and equipment intended for rent or
12	lease, except goods and equipment specifically included and
13	taxed in another class;
14	(o) all other machinery except that specifically
15	included in another class;
16	(p) radio and television broadcasting and transmitting
17	equipment;
18	<pre>(q) cable television systems;</pre>
19	<pre>(r) coal and ore haulers;</pre>
20	(s) all trailers exceeding 18,000 pounds maximum gross
21	loaded weight, including those prorated under 15-24-102 and
22	except those subject to a fee in lieu of property tax;
23	(t) theater projectors and sound equipment;
24	(u) electric transformers and meters; electric light
25	and power substation machinery; natural gas measuring and

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1	regulating station equipment, meters, and compressor station
2	machinery owned by noncentrally assessed public utilities;
3	and tools used in the repair and maintenance of this
4	property;
5	(v) tools, implements, and machinery used to repair
6	and maintain machinery not used in a bona fide agricultural
7	operation or for manufacturing or mining purposes; and
8	(w) all other property not included in any other class
9	except that property subject to a fee in lieu of a property
10	tax and property exempt from taxation.
11	(2) "Commercial establishment" includes any hotel;
12	motel; office; petroleum marketing station; or service,
13	wholesale, retail, or food-handling business.
14	(3) Class nine property is taxed at $\frac{1}{1}$ $\frac{11.7}{1}$ of its
15	market value."
16	Section 8. Section 15-6-140, MCA, is amended to read:
17	"15-6-140. Class ten property description
18	taxable percentage. (1) Class ten property includes:
19	(a)radio-and-television-broadcasting-and-transmitting
20	equipment;
21	<pre>tb;cable-television-systems;</pre>
22	(c)coal-and-ore-haulers;
23	(d)truckshaving-a-rated-capacity-of-more-than-1-1/2
24	tons;-including-those-prorated-under-15-24-102;
25	(e)all-trailers-exceeding-18,000-pounds-maximum-gross

1	loaded-weight7-including-those-prorated-under-15-24-102and
2	except-those-subject-to-a-fee-in-lieu-of-property-tax;
3	(f)theater-projectors-and-sound-equipment;-and
4	(g)allotherproperty-not-included-in-the-preceding
5	nine-classes-except-that-property-subject-to-a-feeinlieu
6	of-a-property-tax-
7	(a) all railroad transportation property as described
8	in the Railroad Revitalization and Regulatory Reform Act of
9	1976 as it reads on [the effective date of this act];
10	(b) all airline transportation property as described
11	in the Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 1982 as
12	it reads on [the effective date of this act]; and
13	(c) all motor carrier transportation property as
14	described in the Motor Carrier Act of 1980 as it reads on
15	[the effective date of this act].
16	(2) Class ten property is taxed at 16%-of-its-market
17	value, the percentage rate "R", to be determined by the
18	department as provided in subsection (3).
19	(3) $R = (A + B + C + D)/E$, where:
20	(a) R is the taxable percentage applicable to class
21	ten property;
22	(b) A is the total statewide taxable value of all
23	property included in class eight and is determined by
24	multiplying the total statewide market value of class eight
25	property by the taxable percentage provided in 15-6-138;

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1	(c) B is the total statewide taxable value of all
2	property included in class nine and is determined by
3	multiplying the total statewide market value of class nine
4	property by the taxable percentage provided in 15-6-139;
5	(d) C is the total statewide taxable value of all
6	property described in 15-6-141(1)(a), (1)(b), (1)(d), and
7	(1)(e) and is determined by multiplying the total statewide
8	market value of the property described in those subsections
9	by the taxable percentage provided in 15-6-141(2)(a);
10	(e) D is the total statewide taxable value of all
11	property described in 15-6-141(1)(c) and is determined by
12	multiplying the total statewide market value of the property
13	described in 15-6-141(1)(c) by the taxable percentage
14	provided in 15-6-141(2)(b); and
15	(f) E is the total statewide market value of all
16	property included in class eight, class nine, and class
17	eleven.
18	(4) For the purpose of complying with the Railroad
19	Revitalization and Regulatory Reform Act of 1976, the Tax
20	Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 1982, and the Motor
21	Carrier Act of 1980, as they read on [the effective date of
2 2	this act]:
23	(a) the rate "R" referred to in subsection (2) is the
24	average tax rate generally applicable to commercial and
25	industrial property in Montana; and

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1	(b) "commercial and industrial property" is all
2	property included in class eight, class nine, and class
3	<u>eleven.</u> "
4	Section 9. Section 15-6-141, MCA, is amended to read:
5	"15-6-141. Class eleven property description
6	taxable percentage. (1) Class eleven property includes:
7	(a) centrally assessed electric power companies'
8	allocations;
9	(b) allocations for centrally assessed natural gas
10	companies having a major distribution system in this state;
11	and
12	(c) centrally assessed companies' allocations except:
13	(i) electric power and natural gas companies'
14	property;
15	(ii) property owned by cooperative rural electric and
16	cooperative rural telephone associations and classified in
17	class five; and
18	(iii) property owned by organizations providing
19	telephone communications to rural areas and classified in
20	class seven. <u>nine; and</u>
21	(iv) motor carrier, airline, and railroad
22	transportation property included in class ten;
23	(d) all property used and owned by persons, firms,
24	corporations, or other organizations that are engaged in the
25	business of furnishing telephone communications exclusively

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to rural areas or to rural areas and cities and towns of 800
persons or less; and
(e) all property owned by cooperative rural electrical
and cooperative rural telephone associations that serve less
than 95% of the electricity consumers or telephone users
within the incorporated limits of a city or town where the
average circuit miles for each station on the telephone
communication system is more than 1 mile.
(2) Class eleven property is taxed as follows:
(a) Property described in subsection subsections
(1)(a), and (1)(b), (1)(d), and (1)(e) is taxed at 12% 12.8%
of market value.
(b) Except as provided in 15-23-202, property
described in subsection (1)(c) is taxed at 15% 12.8% of
market value."
Section 10. Section 15-6-142, MCA, is amended to read:
"15-6-142. Class twelve property description
taxable percentage. (1) Class twelve property includes: <u>all</u>
commercial timberland.
(a)atrailerormobilehomeusedas-a-residence
except-when:
(±)held-by-a-distributor-ordealeroftrailersor
mobile-homes-as-his-stock-in-trade;-or
<pre>tii}-specifically-included-in-another-class;</pre>
<pre>the-first-\$357000-or-less-of-the-market-value-of-a</pre>

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l	trailerormobilehomeusedas-a-residence-and-actually
2	occupied-for-at-leastl0monthsayearastheprimary
3	residential-dwelling-of:
4	(i)awidoworwidower-62-years-of-age-or-older-who
5	qualifies-under-the-incomelimitationsof(iii)ofthis
6	subsection;
7	(ii)-awidoworwidowerofanyage-with-dependent
8	children-who-qualifies-under-the-income-limitations-of-(iii)
9	of-this-subsection; or
10	(iii)-arecipientorrecipientsofretirementor
11	disabilitybenefitswhosetotalincomefrom-all-sources
12	including-otherwise-tax-exempt-income-of-alltypesisnot
13	morethan\$87000forasinglepersonor-\$107000-for-a
14	married-couple.
15	(2) Commercial timberland is land in one ownership and
16	from which is harvested 30,000 or more board feet in any
17	year during the appraisal cycle.
18	<pre>(2)(3) Class twelve property is taxed as-follows:</pre>
19	tatPropertydescribedinsubsection-(l)tat-that-is
20	not-of-the-type-described-in-subsection-{1}(b)-istaxedat
21	8-55%-of-its-market-value-
22	<pre>{b}Propertydescribedin-subsection-{l}(b)-is-taxed</pre>
23	at-8-55%-of-its-marketvaluemultipliedbyapercentage
24	figurebasedonincomeanddeterminedfromthetable
25	established-in-subsection-(2)(b)-of-15-6-134 at 30% of the

1	combined appraised value of the standing timber and grazing
2	productivity of the property."
3	Section 11. Section 15-6-151, MCA, is amended to read:

"15-6-151. Application for certain class four
classifications. (1) A person applying for classification of
property described in subsection (1)(e) of (1)(e) of
15-6-134 shall make an affidavit to the department of
revenue, on a form provided by the department without cost,
stating:

- 10 (a) his income;
- 11 (b) his retirement benefits;
- 12 (c) his marital status;

13 (d) the fact that he maintains the land and 14 improvements as his primary residential dwelling, where 15 applicable; and

16 (e) such other information as is relevant to the 17 applicant's eligibility.

18 (2) This application must be made before March 1 of the year after the applicant becomes eligible. 19 The application remains in effect in subsequent years unless 20 there is a change in the applicant's eligibility. The 21 22 taxpayer shall inform the department of any change in eligibility. The department may inquire by mail whether any 23 change in eligibility has taken place and may require a new 24 25 statement of eligibility at any time it considers necessary.

1 (3) The affidavit is sufficient if the applicant signs a statement affirming the correctness of the information 2 supplied, whether or not the statement is signed before a 3 person authorized to administer oaths, and mails the 4 5 application and statement to the department of revenue. 6 This signed statement shall be treated as a statement under 7 oath or equivalent affirmation for the purposes of 45-7-202, relating to the criminal offense of false swearing." 8

9 Section 12. Section 15-7-202, MCA, is amended to read:
10 "15-7-202. Eligibility of land for valuation as
11 agricultural. (1) Land which is actively devoted to
12 agricultural use shall be eligible for valuation,
13 assessment, and taxation as herein provided each year it
14 meets any of the following gualifications:

15 (a) the area of such land is not less than 5 16 contiguous acres when measured in accordance with provisions 17 of 15-7-206, and it has been actively devoted to agriculture 18 during the last growing season, and it continues to be 19 actively devoted to agricultural use, which means:

20 (i) it is used to produce field crops including but21 not limited to grains, feed crops, fruits, vegetables; or

22 (ii) it is used for grazing and it is not classified as

23 commercial timberland as defined in 15-6-142; or

24 fill-it-is-used-for-growing-timbery-or

25 (iv)(iii) it is in a cropland retirement program; or

LC 0420/01

(b) it agriculturally produces for sale or home
 consumption the equivalent of 15% or more of the owners'
 annual gross income regardless of the number of contiguous
 acres in the ownership; or

5 (c) it is used to raise animals in confined areas for 6 the production of food or fiber, including but not limited 7 to livestock, feedlots, dairies, fish hatcheries, and 8 poultry farms.

9 (2) Land shall not be classified or valued as 10 agricultural if it is subdivided with stated restrictions 11 prohibiting its use for agricultural purposes.

12 (3) The grazing on land by a horse or other animals 13 kept as a hobby and not as a part of a bona fide 14 agricultural enterprise shall not be considered a bona fide 15 agricultural operation."

16 Section 13. Section 15-7-307, MCA, is amended to read:

17 "15-7-307. Certificate -- exceptions. The certificate
18 imposed by this part shall not apply to:

19 (1) an instrument recorded prior to July 1, 1975;

20 (2) the sale of agricultural land when the land is21 used for agricultural purposes;

(3) the United States of America, this state, or anyinstrumentality, agency, or subdivision thereof;

24 (4) an instrument which (without added consideration)25 confirms, corrects, modifies, or supplements a previously

1	recorded instrument;	1	(2) (a) Market value is the value at which property
2	(5) a transfer pursuant to court decree;	2	would change hands between a willing buyer and a willing
3	(6) a transfer pursuant to mergers, consolidations, or	3	seller, neither being under any compulsion to buy or to sell
4	reorganizations of corporations, partnerships, or other	4	and both having reasonable knowledge of relevant facts.
5	business entities;	5	(b) The market value of all motor-trucks;-agricultural
6	(7) a transfer by a subsidiary corporation to its	6	tools7-implements7-and-machinery?-and-vehicles-of-all-kinds7
7	parent corporation without actual consideration or in sole	7	including-but-notlimitedtomotorcycles;aircraft;and
8	consideration of the cancellation or surrender of subsidiary	8	boatsandall-watercraft; property included in class seven
9	stock;	9	is the average wholesale value shown in national appraisal
10	(8) a transfer of decedents' estates;	10	guides and manuals or the value of the vehicle before
11	(9) a transfer of a gift;	11	reconditioning and profit margin. The department of revenue
12	(10) a transfer between husband and wife or parent and	12	shall prepare valuation schedules showing the average
13	child with only nominal actual consideration therefor;	13	wholesale value when no national appraisal guide exists.
14	(ll) an instrument the effect of which is to transfer	14	(c) The market value of all commercial property other
15	the property to the same party or parties;	15	than real property and improvements is the average retail
16	(12) a sale for delinquent taxes or assessments,	16	value shown in one or more national appraisal guides and
17	sheriff sale, bankruptcy action, or mortgage foreclosure;	17	manuals chosen by the department of revenue. The department
18	(13) a transfer made in contemplation of death $\frac{1}{\tau}$; or	18	shall prepare valuation schedules showing the average retail
19	(14) the sale of timberland when the land is classified	19	value when no national appraisal guide exists.
20	for tax purposes as commercial timberland."	20	(d) For real property and improvements, in the absence
21	Section 14. Section 15-8-111, MCA, is amended to read:	21	of contradictory market data information, market value is
22	"15-8-111. Assessment market value standard	22	considered to be replacement cost depreciated.
23	exceptions. (1) All taxable property must be assessed at	23	(3) The department of revenue or its agents may not
24	100% of its market value except as provided in subsection	24	adopt a lower or different standard of value from market
25	(5) of this section and in 15-7-111 through 15-7-114.	25	value in making the official assessment and appraisal of the

value of property in 15-6-134 through ±5-6-140 <u>15-6-141</u>.
 For purposes of taxation, assessed value is the same as appraised value.

4 (4) The taxable value for all property in classes four 5 through eleven is the percentage of market value established 6 for each class of property in 15-6-134 through 15-6-141.

7 (5) The assessed value of properties in 15-6-131
8 through 15-6-133 is as follows:

9 (a) Properties in 15-6-131, under class one, are 10 assessed at 100% of the annual net proceeds after deducting 11 the expenses specified and allowed by 15-23-503.

12 (b) Properties in 15-6-132 under class two are 13 assessed at 100% of the annual gross proceeds.

14 (c) Properties in 15-6-133 under class three are
15 assessed at 100% of the productive capacity of the lands
16 when valued for agricultural purposes. All lands that meet
17 the qualifications of 15-7-202 are valued as agricultural
18 lands for tax purposes.

19 (d) Properties in 15-6-142, under class twelve, are
20 assessed at 100% of the combined appraised value of the
21 standing timber and grazing productivity.

22 (6) Land and the improvements thereon are separately23 assessed when any of the following conditions occur:

24 (a) ownership of the improvements is different from25 ownership of the land;

1 (b) the taxpayer makes a written request; or 2 (c) the land is outside an incorporated city or town. 3 (7) The taxable value of all property in 15-6-131 and classes two, and three, and twelve is the percentage of 4 assessed value established in 15-6-131(2), 15-6-132, and 5 6 15-6-133, and 15-6-142 for each class of property." 7 Section 15. Section 15-16-611, MCA, is amended to 8 read: 9 "15-16-611. Reduction of property tax for property destroyed by natural disaster. (1) The department of revenue 10 11 shall, upon showing by a taxpayer that some or all of the 12 improvements on his real property or a trailer or mobile

home fas described in 15-6-134(1)(c) have been destroyed to such an extent that such improvements have been rendered unsuitable for their previous use by natural disaster, adjust the tax due and payable for the current year on the property under 15-16-102 as provided in subsection (2) of this section.

19 (2) To determine the amount of tax due for destroyed 20 property, the county treasurer shall multiply the amount of 21 tax levied and assessed on the property for the year by the 22 ratio that the number of days in the year that the property 23 existed before destruction bears to 365.

24 (3) This section does not apply to delinquent taxes25 owed on the destroyed property for a year prior to the year

1 in which the property was destroyed.

2 (4) For the purposes of this section, "natural
3 disaster" includes but is not limited to fire, flood,
4 earthquake, or wind."

5 Section 16. Section 15-23-202, MCA, is amended to 6 read:

7 "15-23-202, Assessment -how made. (1) The 8 department must assess the franchise, roadway, roadbed, rails, rolling stock, and all other operating properties of 9 all railroads operated in more than one county or more than 10 11 one state. All rolling stock must be assessed in the name of 12 the person owning, leasing, or using the same. Assessment 13 must be made to the person owning or leasing or using the 14 same and must be made upon the entire railroad within the state. The depots, stations, shops, and buildings erected 15 upon the space covered by the right-of-way and all other 16 17 property owned or leased by such person, except as above provided, shall be assessed by the department. 18

19 (2) In determining the taxable value of railroad 20 property, the department may--modify shall determine the 21 percentage multiplier provided for in 15-6-141 15-6-140 in 22 order to achieve compliance with the requirements of the 23 federal Railroad Revitalization and Regulatory Reform Act of 24 1976, as amended."

25 Section 17. Section 15-7-111, MCA, is amended to read:

1 "15-7-111. Periodic revaluation of taxable property. 2 The (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), the department 3 of revenue shall administer and supervise a program for the ۸ revaluation of all taxable property within the state at 5 least every 5 years. A comprehensive written plan of rotation shall be promulgated by the department fixing the 6 7 order of revaluation of property in each county on the basis of the last revaluation of taxable property in each county 8 9 prior to July 1, 1974, in order to adjust the disparities 10 therein between the counties. The plan of rotation so 11 adopted shall provide that all property in each county shall 12 be revalued at least every 5 years or that no less than 20% 13 of the property in each county shall be revalued in each year. The department shall furnish a copy of the plan and 14 15 all amendments thereto to each county assessor and the board 16 of county commissioners in each county. 17 (2) All property in class eight, class nine, class 18 ten, and class eleven shall be revalued annually under a program developed, administered, and supervised by the 19 20 department." 21 Section 18. Section 15-8-104, MCA, is amended to read: 22 "15-8-104. Department audit of taxable value -- costs

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of audit paid by department. (1) When in the judgment of the

director of revenue it is necessary, audits may be made for

the purpose of determining the taxable value of net proceeds

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-29-

of mines and oil and gas wells and all other types of
 property subject to ad valorem taxation.

3 (2) The department of revenue shall conduct audits of 4 the assessment of property in class eight and class nine to 5 assure that the value of the property in those classes 6 reflects market value.

7 (2)(3) The cost of the any audit performed under
8 subsection (1) or (2) shall be paid by the department."

9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 19. Extension of authority. (1)
10 Any existing authority of the department of revenue to make
11 rules on the subject of the provisions of this act is
12 extended to the provisions of this act.

13 (2) The department may initiate rulemaking proceedings
14 under this section on or after the date on which this act is
15 passed and approved, but no rule adopted under this section
16 may be made effective before January 1, 1986.

17 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 20. Severability. If a part of 18 this act is invalid, all valid parts that are severable from 19 the invalid part remain in effect. If a part of this act is 20 invalid in one or more of its applications, the part remains 21 in effect in all valid applications that are severable from 22 the invalid applications.

23 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 21. Effective dates. (1) This
24 act, except section 19 and this section, is effective
25 January 1, 1986.

1 (2) Section 19 and this section are effective on

passage and approval.

2

-End-

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STATE OF MONTANA

FISCAL NOTE

REQUEST NO. FNN089-85

Form BD-15

In compliance with a written request received <u>January 16</u>, 19<u>85</u>, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for <u>S.B. 48</u> pursuant to Title 5, Chapter 4, Part 2 of the Montana Code Annotated (MCA). Background information used in developing this Fiscal Note is available from the Office of Budget and Program Planning, to members of the Legislature upon request.

DESCRIPTION

An act to generally revise Montana property tax classification law to comply with federal law granting certain types of property special consideration; requiring the Department of Revenue to annually revalue all commercial and industrial property; requiring the Department of Revenue to conduct audits of assessments on commercial and industrial property; defining the term "commercial" as it applies to property subject to taxation; clarifying the term "market value" for property tax purposes.

ASSUMPTIONS

- 1) Total state taxable value under current law is \$2,408,903,000 in FY1986 and \$2,495,795,000 in FY1987 (OBPP).
- 2) The weighted average effective mill levy remains constant at the FY1984 level of 192.773 mills, which includes a
- 6 mill University levy and a 45 mill School Foundation Program levy. 3) The proportion of total property tax required for all school funding is 60 percent.
- 4) Wholesale values are equal to 80 percent of retail values.
- 5) Additional costs to provide additional audit functions are \$28,058 in FY1986 and \$27,378 in FY1987.
- 6) Additional costs associated with annual revaluations of all Commercial/Industrial property are estimated contingent upon the following alternatives:

BUDGET DIRECTOR Office of Budget and Program Planning

VAN) Date:

Request No. FNN089-85 Form BD-15 Page 2 S.B. 48

	FY86	FY87
Alternative 1	\$245,505	\$145,505
- Annually reinspect 20% of commercial/industrial properties		
- Annually revalue all commercial/industrial properties; static depreciation,		
adjusted if appropriate to reflect market conditions		
- Value commercial/industrial land in first year of reappraisal cycle;		
static land value for remainder of cycle, adjusted if appropriate to reflect		
market transactions		
Alternarive 2	\$245,735	\$245,735
- Annually reinspect 20 % of commercial/industrial properties	~ L = JJI	· · · · · ·
- Annually revalue all commercial/industrial properties; static depreciation,		
adjusted if appropriate		
- Annually revalue all commercial/industrial land.		•
Alternative 3	\$745,905	\$745,905
- Annually reinspect and revalue all commercial/industrial properties		

· · · · · ·

- Annually revalue all commercial/industrial land

FISCAL IMPACT

			FY87			
	WHOLESALE			ONE FARM ACRE TO MARKET	ALL	
Change in taxable value:	RETAIL \$7,780,791	AIRLINES \$(601,243)	RAILROADS \$12,919,338	VALUE \$280,596	OTHER \$(396,798)	TOTAL \$19,982,684
Change in tax revenue						
(192.773 mills)	1,499,926	(115,903)	2,490,500	54,091	(76,492)	3,852,121
Universities (6 mills)	46,685	(3,607)	77,516	1,684	(2,381)	119,896
School Foundation	· · · · · · · ·					
Program (45 mills)	350,136	(27,056)	581,370	12,627	(17,856)	899,221
Net Local Govt. Impact	\$1,103,105	\$ (85,240)	\$ 1,831,614	\$ 39,780	\$ (56,255)	\$ 2,833,004
Total Impact on Schools	\$ 899,956	\$ (69,542)	\$ 1,494,300	\$ 32,455	\$ (45,895)	\$ 2,311,273

EFFECT ON COUNTY OR OTHER LOCAL REVENUE

The total impact of the proposed legislation is to increase total property tax collections by \$3,852,121. When the effects on University and School Foundation Program levies are removed the net impact to local governments is an increase of \$2,833,004 annually. The total increase to all school funding is \$2,311,273.

STATE OF MONTANA

AMENDED REQUEST NO. FNN089-85

FISCAL NOTE

Form BD-15

In compliance with a written request received <u>February 7</u>, 19<u>85</u>, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for <u>S.B. 48 (Amended)</u> pursuant to Title 5, Chapter 4, Part 2 of the Montana Code Annotated (MCA). Background information used in developing this Fiscal Note is available from the Office of Budget and Program Planning, to members of the Legislature upon request.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

An act to generally revise Montana property tax classification law to comply with federal law granting certain types of property special consideration; requiring the Department of Revenue to annually revalue all commercial and industrial property; requiring the Department of Revenue to conduct audits of assessments on commercial and industrial property; defining the term "commercial" as it applies to property subject to taxation; clarifying the term "market value" for property tax purposes.

ASSUMPTIONS:

- 1. Total state taxable value under current law is \$2,408,903,000 in FY1986 and \$2,495,795,000 in FY1987 (OBPP).
- 2. The weighted average effective mill levy remains constant at the FY1984 level of 192.773 mills, which includes a 6 mill University levy and a 45 mill School Foundation Program levy.
- 3. The proportion of total property tax required for all school funding is 60%.
- 4. Additional costs to provide additional audit functions are \$28,058 in FY 1986 and \$27,378 in FY1987.
- 5. Additional costs associated with annual revaluations of all Commercial/Industrial property are estimated contingent upon the following alternatives.

BUDGET DIRECTOR Office of Budget and Program Planning

Date:

Request No. FNN089-85 Amended Form BD-15 Page 2

Alternative 1 -Annually reinspect 20% of commercial/industrial properties -Annually revalue all commercial/industrial properties; static depreciation, adjusted if appropriate to reflect market conditions -Value commercial/industrial land in first year of reappraisal cycle; static land value for remainder of cycle, adjusted if appropriate to reflect market transactions	<u>FY 86</u> \$245,505	<u>FY87</u> \$145,505
Alternative 2 -Annually reinspect 20% of commercial/industrial properties -Annually revalue all commercial/industrial properties; static depreciation, adjusted if appropriate -Annually revalue all commercial/industrial land.	\$245,735	\$245,735
Alternative 3 -Annually reinspect and revalue all commercial/industrial properties -Annually revalue all commercial/industrial land	\$745,905	\$745,905

FISCAL IMPACT:

		<u>FY87</u>	
	AIRLINES	RAILROADS	TOTAL
Change in taxable value:	\$(601,243)	\$12,919,338	\$12,318,095
Change in tax revenue			
(192.773 mills)	(115,903)	2,490,500	2,374,597
Universities (6 mills) School Foundation	(3,607)	77,516	73,909
Program (45 mills)	(27,056)	581,370	554,314
Net Local Govt. Impact		\$ 1, 831,614	\$ 1,746,374
Total Impact on Schools	\$(69,542)	\$ 1,494,300	\$ 1,424,758

EFFECT ON COUNTY OR OTHER LOCAL REVENUE:

The total impact of the proposed legislation is to increase total property tax collections by \$2,374,597. When the effects on University and School Foundation Program levies are removed the net impact to local governments in an increase of \$1,746,374 annually. The total increase to all school funding is \$1,424,758.

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49th Legislature

SB 0048/02

APPROVED BY COMMITTEE ON TAXATION

1	SENATE BILL NO. 48
2	INTRODUCED BY TOWE, M. WILLIAMS, KEENAN, NORMAN, MAZUREK
3	BY REQUEST OF THE REVENUE OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO GENERALLY REVISE
6	MONTANA PROPERTY TAX CLASSIFICATION LAW TO IMPLEMENT
7	PROVISIONS OF THE MONTANA CONSTITUTION AND TO COMPLY WITH
8	FEDERAL LAW GRANTING CERTAIN TYPES OF PROPERTY SPECIAL
9	CONSIDERATION; REQUIRING THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE TO
10	ANNUALLY REVALUE ALL COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY;
11	REQUIRING THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE TO CONDUCT AUDITS OF
12	ASSESSMENTS ON COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY; DEFINING
13	THE TERM "COMMERCIAL" AS IT APPLIES TO PROPERTY SUBJECT TO
14	TAXATION; CLARIFYING THE TERM "MARKET VALUE" FOR PROPERTY
15	TAX FURPOSES; AMENDING SECTIONS 15-1-101, 15-6-101,
16	<u>15-6-133,</u> 15-6-134, 15-6-135, 15-6-137 THROUGH 15-6-142,
17	15-6-151, 15-7-111, 15-7-202, 15-7-307, 15-8-104, 15-8-111,
18	15-16-611, AND 15-23-202, MCA; AND PROVIDING EFFECTIVE
19	DATES."
20	

21 WHEREAS, the federal government has granted special 22 consideration to certain types of property with respect to 23 property taxation; and

24 WHEREAS, the Legislature and the people of the State of 25 Montana desire to be in full compliance with all federal



SB 0048/02

3 regarding the validity of Montana's property tax classification laws with respect to federal law granting 4 5 special consideration to certain types of property; and 6 WHEREAS, state tax policy is best determined by the 7 state's primary policymaking body, which is the Legislature; 8 and 9 WHEREAS, the Legislature wishes to retain as much as 10 possible the sovereignty guaranteed to the State by the 10th amendment to the Constitution of the United States of 11 12 America; and 13 WHEREAS, the 48th Legislature of the State of Montana 14 adopted House Joint Resolution 31, requiring a study of 15 Montana's property tax classification system; and WHEREAS, the Revenue Oversight Committee has examined 16

there have been questions in the past

17 Montana's property tax system; and
18 WHEREAS, that examination causes the Revenue Oversicht

18 WHEREAS, that examination causes the Revenue Oversight
19 Committee to recommend a general revision of Montana's
20 property tax classification system.

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law: and

WHEREAS,

22 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

23 Section 1. Section 15-1-101, MCA, is amended to read:
24 "15-1-101. Definitions. (1) When terms mentioned in
25 this section are used in connection with taxation, they are

-2-SB 48 SECOND READING

1 defined in the following manner:

2 (a) The term "agricultural" refers to the raising of 3 livestock, swine, poultry, field crops, fruit, and other 4 animal and vegetable matter for food or fiber.

5 (b) The term "assessed value" means the value of6 property as defined in 15-8-111.

7 (c) The term "average wholesale value" means the value 8 to a dealer prior to reconditioning and profit margin shown 9 in national appraisal guides and manuals or the valuation 10 schedules of the department of revenue.

11 (d) The term "commercial", when used to describe 12 property, means any property used or owned by a business, a 13 trade, or a nonprofit corporation as defined in 35-2-102 or 14 used for the production of income.

15 (d)(e) The term "credit" means solvent debts, secured 16 or unsecured, owing to a person.

fef(f) The term "improvements" includes all buildings, 17 structurus, fixtures; fences, and improvements situated 18 19 upon, erected upon, or affixed to land. When the department of revenue or its agent determines that the permanency of 20 location of a mobile home or housetrailer has been 21 22 established, the mobile home or housetrailer is presumed to be an improvement to real property. A mobile home or 23 housetrailer may be determined to be permanently located 24 only when it is attached to a foundation which cannot 25

feasibly be relocated and only when the wheels are removed. 1 2 tff(q) The term "leasehold improvements" means improvements to mobile homes and mobile homes located on 3 land owned by another person. This property is assessed 4 5 under the appropriate classification and the taxes are due 6 and payable in two payments as provided in 15-24-202. Delinguent taxes on such leasehold improvements are a lien 7 only on such leasehold improvements. 8

9 tg;(h) The term "mobile home" means forms of housing known as "trailers", "housetrailers", or "trailer coaches" exceeding 8 feet in width or 45 feet in length, designed to be moved from one place to another by an independent power connected to them, or any "trailer", "housetrailer", or "trailer coach" up to 8 feet in width or 45 feet in length used as a principal residence.

16 (h)(i) The term "personal property" includes 17 everything that is the subject of ownership but that is not 18 included within the meaning of the terms "real estate" and 19 "improvements".

20 (i)(j) The term "poultry" includes all chickens,
21 turkeys, geese, ducks, and other birds raised in
22 domestication to produce food or feathers.

23 (j)(k) The term "property" includes moneys, credits,
24 bonds, stocks, franchises, and all other matters and things,
25 real, personal, and mixed, capable of private ownership.

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1 This definition must not be construed to authorize the 2 taxation of the stocks of any company or corporation when 3 the property of such company or corporation represented by 4 the stocks is within the state and has been taxed.

5 (k)(1) The term "real estate" includes:

6 (i) the possession of, claim to, ownership of, or7 right to the possession of land;

8 (ii) all mines, minerals, and quarries in and under the 9 land subject to the provisions of 15-23-501 and 15-23-801; 10 all timber belonging to individuals or corporations growing 11 or being on the lands of the United States; and all rights 12 and privileges appertaining thereto.

13 (1) The term "taxable value" means the percentage 14 of market or assessed value as provided for in 15-6-131 15 through 15-6-140.

"municipal corporation" 16 (2) The phrase or 17 "municipality" or "taxing unit" shall be deemed to include a county, city, incorporated town, township, school district, 18 irrigation district, drainage district, or any person, 19 persons, or organized body authorized by law to establish 20 21 tax levies for the purpose of raising public revenue.

22 (3) The term "state board" or "board" when used 23 without other qualification shall mean the state tax appeal 24 board."

25 Section 2. Section 15-6-101, MCA, is amended to read:

1	"15-6-101. Property Purpose property subject to
2	taxation classification. (1) It is the purpose of this
3	chapter TO IMPLEMENT PROVISIONS OF THE MONTANA CONSTITUTION
4	AND to comply with federal law requiring special
5	consideration of certain types of property. To meet the
6	requirements of federal law, the legislature finds it
7	necessary to separate the several types of property into
8	classes, each class containing property reasonably related
9	to other property in the same class and reasonably different
10	from property in every other class. It is further the
11	purpose of this chapter and the policy of the legislature to
12	treat all similar property subject to taxation in an
13	equitable manner.
14	<pre>(1)(2) All property in this state is subject to</pre>
15	taxation, except as provided otherwise.
16	(2) For the purpose of taxation, the taxable
17	property in the state shall be classified in accordance with
18	15-6-131-through-15-6-141 this part."
19	Section 3. Section 15-6-134, MCA, is amended to read:
20	"15-6-134. Class four property description
21	taxable percentage. (1) Class four property includes:
22	(a) all noncommercial land7-including7-for-farm-homes7
23	t-acre-of-agricultural-land-atmarketvalue, except that
24	specifically included in another class;
25	(b) all <u>noncommercial</u> improvements except those

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SB 48

3 improvements and improvements necessary to the function of a bona fide farm, ranch, or stock operation. 4 (c) a trailer or mobile home used as a residence 5 6 except when: (i) held by a distributor or dealer of trailers or 7 8 mobile homes as his stock in trade; or (ii) specifically included in another class; 9 10 tet(d) the first \$35,000 or less of the market value of any improvement on real property and appurtenant land not 11 exceeding 5 acres owned or under contract for deed and 12 actually occupied for at least 10 months a year as the 13

specifically included in another class;. Noncommercial

improvements include single family residences and ancillary

14 primary residential dwelling of:

1 2

15 (i) a widow or widower 62 years of age or older who 16 qualifies under the income limitations of (iii) of this 17 subsection;

18 (ii a widow or widower of any age with (ependent) 19 child on who qualifies under the income limitations of (iii) 20 of this subsection; or

21 (iii) a recipient or recipients of retirement or 22 disability benefits whose total income from all sources 23 including otherwise tax-exempt income of all types is not 24 more than \$8,000 for a single person or \$10,000 for a 25 married couple;

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25

\$0 - \$1,000

1	(e) the first \$35,000 or less of the market value of a			
2	trailer or mobile home used as a residence and actually			
3	occupied for at least 10 months a year as the primary			
4	dwelling of any person described in subsections (1)(d)(i)			
5	<pre>through (1)(d)(iii);</pre>			
6	<pre>(d)(f) all golf courses, including land and</pre>			
7	improvements actually and necessarily used for that purpose,			
8	that:			
9	(i) consist of at least 9 holes and not less than			
10	3,000 lineal yards; and			
11	(ii) were used as a golf course on January 1, 1979, and			
12	were owned by a nonprofit Montana corporation.			
13	(2) Class four property is taxed as follows:			
14	(a) Exceptasprovidedin-15-24-1402-or-15-24-15017			
15	property Property described in subsections (1)(a) and-tittb;			
16	through (1)(c) is taxed at 8+55% THE TAXABLE PERCENTAGE RATE			
17	<u>"P"</u> of its market value.			
18	(b) Property described in subsection			
19	subsections (1)(d) and (1)(e) is taxed at 8+55% THE TAXABLE			
20	PERCENTAGE RATE "P" of its market value multiplied by a			
21	percentage figure based on income and determined from the			
22	following table:			
23	Income Income Percentage			
24	Single Person Married Couple Multiplier			

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1	1,001 - 2,000 1,001 - 2,000 10%
2	2,001 - 2,800 2,001 - 3,000 20%
3	2,801 - 3,600 3,001 - 4,000 30%
4	3,601 - 4,400 4,001 - 5,000 40%
5	4,401 - 5,200 5,001 - 6,000 50%
6	5,201 - 6,000 6,001 - 7,000 60%
7	6,001 - 6,800 7,001 - 8,000 70%
В	6,801 - 7,600 8,001 - 9,000 80%
9	7,601 - 8,000 9,001 - 10,000 90%
10	<pre>(c) Property described in subsection (l)(f) is</pre>
11	taxed at one-half the taxable percentage established-in
12	subsection-(2)(a),-or-4-275% RATE "P".
13	(3) FOR TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING JANUARY 1, 1986, AND
14	THEREAFTER, THE TAXABLE PERCENTAGE RATE "P" APPLICABLE TO
15	CLASS FOUR PROPERTY IS 8.55%/B, WHERE B IS THE CERTIFIED
16	STATEWIDE PERCENTAGE INCREASE TO BE DETERMINED BY THE
17	DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (4). THE
18	TAXABLE PERCENTAGE RATE "P" SHALL BE ROUNDED DOWNWARD TO THE
19	NEAREST 0.01% AND SHALL BE CALCULATED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF
20	REVENUE BEFORE JULY 1, 1986.
21	(4) (A) PRIOR TO JULY 1, 1986, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL
22	DETERMINE THE CERTIFIED STATEWIDE PERCENTAGE INCREASE FOR
23	CLASS FOUR PROPERTY USING THE FORMULA $B = X/Y$, WHERE:
24	(I) X IS THE APPRAISED VALUE, AS OF JANUARY 1, 1986,
25	OF ALL PROPERTY IN THE STATE, EXCLUDING NEW CONSTRUCTION,

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1	ADDITIONS, OR DELETIONS OF PROPERTY DURING THE PRECEDING
2	YEAR, CLASSIFIED UNDER CLASS FOUR AS CLASS FOUR IS DESCRIBED
3	IN THIS SECTION; AND
4	(II) Y IS THE APPRAISED VALUE, AS OF JANUARY 1, 1985,
5	OF ALL PROPERTY IN THE STATE THAT, AS OF JANUARY 1, 1986,
6	WOULD BE CLASSIFIED UNDER CLASS FOUR AS CLASS FOUR IS
7	DESCRIBED IN THIS SECTION.
8	(B) B SHALL BE ROUNDED DOWNWARD TO THE NEAREST
9	0.0001%.
10	(5) AFTER JULY 1, 1986, NO ADJUSTMENT MAY BE MADE BY
11	THE DEPARTMENT TO THE TAXABLE PERCENTAGE RATE "P" UNTIL A
12	REVALUATION HAS BEEN MADE AS PROVIDED IN 15-7-111."
13	Section 4. Section 15-6-135, MCA, is amended to read:
14	"15-6-135. Class five property description
15	taxable percentage. (1) Class five property includes:
16	(a) all property used and owned by cooperative rural
17	electrical and cooperative rural telephone associations
18	organized under the laws of Montana, except property
19	described in 15-6-139(1)(u) owned by cooperative
20	organizations described-in-subsection-(1)(c)-of-15-6-137;
21	(b) air and water pollution control equipment as
22	defined in this section;
23	(c) new industrial property as defined in this
24	section;
25	(d) any personal or real property used primarily in

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1 the production of gasohol during construction and for the 2 first 3 years of its operation.

3 (2) (a) "Air and water pollution equipment" means 4 facilities, machinery, or equipment used to reduce or 5 control water or atmospheric pollution or contamination by 6 removing, reducing, altering, disposing, or storing 7 pollutants, contaminants, wastes, or heat. The department of 8 health and environmental sciences shall determine if such 9 utilization is being made.

10 (b) The department of health and environmental sciences' determination as to air and water pollution 11 equipment may be appealed to the board of health and 12 environmental sciences and may not be appealed to either a 13 county tax appeal board or the state tax appeal board. 14 However, the appraised value of the equipment as determined 15 by the department of revenue may be appealed to the county 16 tax appea! poard and the state tax appeal board. 17

18 (""New industrial property" means any new industrial 19 plar, including land, buildings, machinery and fixtures, 20 used by new industries during the first 3 years of their 21 operation. The property may not have been assessed within 22 the state of Montana prior to July 1, 1961.

(4) (a) "New industry" means any person, corporation,
firm, partnership, association, or other storp that
establishes a new plant in Montana for the operation of a

new industrial endeavor, as distinguished from a mere
 expansion, reorganization, or merger of an existing
 industry.

4 (b) New industry includes only those industries that:
5 (i) manufacture, mill, mine, produce, process, or
6 fabricate materials;

7 (ii) do similar work, employing capital and labor, in 8 which materials unserviceable in their natural state are 9 extracted, processed, or made fit for use or are 10 substantially altered or treated so as to create commercial 11 products or materials; or

(iii) engage in the mechanical or chemical
transformation of materials or substances into new products
in the manner defined as manufacturing in the 1972 Standard
Industrial Classification Manual prepared by the United
States office of management and budget.

17 (5) New industrial property does not include:

(a) property used by retail or wholesale merchants,
commercial services of any type, "griculture, trades, or
professions;

(b) a plant that will create adverse impact onexisting state, county, or municipal services; or

(c) property used or employed in any industrial plant
that has been in operation in this state for 3 years or
longer.

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l	(6) Class five property is taxed at 3% of its market	1	communicationsystem-described-in-subsection-(1)(b)-must-be
2	value."	2	more-than-1-mile; used for noncommercial purposes which is
3	Section 5. Section 15-6-137, MCA, is amended to read:	3	not real property or an improvement to real property and
4	"15-6-137. Class seven property description	4	which is not in another class or exempt from taxation under
5	taxable percentage. (1) Class seven property includes:	5	Title 15, chapter 6, part 2; and
6	(a) all property usedandowned-by-persons,-firms,	6	(b) all agricultural tools, machinery, and equipment
7	corporations, or other organizations that are engaged in the	7	used in a bona fide farm, ranch, or stock operation.
8	business-of-furnishing-telephone-communicationsexclusively	8	(\exists) Class seven property is taxed at θ (1) of
9	to-rural-areas-or-to-rural-areas-and-cities-and-towns-of-800	9	its market value."
10	persons-or-less;	10	Section 6. Section 15-6-138, MCA, is amended to read:
11	<pre>(b)all-property-owned-by-cooperative-rural-electrical</pre>	11	"15-6-138. Class eight property description
12	and-cooperative-rural-telephone-associations-that-serve-less	12	taxable percentage. (1) Class eight property includes:
13	than95%oftheelectricity-consumers-or-telephone-users	13	(a) all agriculturalimplementsandequipment land
14	within-the-incorporated-limits-of-a-city-or-town;	14	except that specifically included in another class; and
15	<pre>tc;electric-transformers-and-meters;electriclight</pre>	15	(b) all improvements except those specifically
16	andpowersubstationmachinery;-natural-gas-measuring-and	16	included in another class.
17	regulating-station-equipment;-meters;-and-compressor-station	17	(b)allmining-machinery;-fixtures;-equipment;-tools;
18	machivery-owned-by-noncentrally-assessedpublicutilities;	18	and-supplies-except:
19	andtoolsusedintherepairandmaintenanceof-this	19	(i)those-included-in-class-five;-and
20	property;-and	20	tii)-coal-and-ore-haulers;
21	(d)tools;-implements;-and-machineryusedtorepair	21	<pre>(c)all-manufacturing-machinery-fixturesequipment;</pre>
22	and-maintain-machinery-not-used-for-manufacturing-and-mining	22	tools7-and-supplies-except-those-included-in-class-five;
23	purposes-	23	(d)motorcycles;
24	{2} Toqualifyforthis-classification;-the-average	24	(e) watercraft;
25	circuitmilesforeachstationonthetelephone	25	ff;alltrailersuptoand-including-187000-pounds
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1	maximum-gross-loaded-weight;-except-those-subject-tozfee	1	ADDITIONS, OR DELETIONS OF PROPERTY DURING THE PRECEDING
2	in-lieu-of-property-tax;	2	YEAR, CLASSIFIED UNDER CLASS EIGHT AS CLASS EIGHT IS
3	tg)aircraft;	3	DESCRIBED IN THIS SECTION; AND
4	(h)all-terrain-vehicles;	4	(II) Y IS THE APPRAISED VALUE, AS OF JANUARY 1, 1985,
5	<pre>tipharness;-saddlery;-and-other-tack-equipment;</pre>	5	OF ALL PROPERTY IN THE STATE THAT, AS OF JANUARY 1, 1986,
6	<pre>(j)allgoodsandequipmentintendedforrent-or</pre>	6	WOULD BE CLASSIFIED UNDER CLASS EIGHT AS CLASS EIGHT IS
7	lease;-except-goods-and-equipment-specifically-includedand	7	DESCRIBED IN THIS SECTION.
8	taxed-in-another-class;-and	8	(B) B SHALL BE ROUNDED DOWNWARD TO THE NEAREST
9	<pre>(k)allothermachineryexceptthatspecifically</pre>	9	0.0001%.
10	included-in-another-class-	10	(5) FOR TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING JANUARY 1, 1987, AND
11	(2) Class eight property is taxed at 11% 0-55% THE	11	FOR EVERY TAXABLE YEAR THEREAFTER, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL,
12	TAXABLE PERCENTAGE RATE "P" of its market value.	12	BEFORE JULY 1 OF EACH YEAR, DETERMINE THE TAXABLE PERCENTAGE
13	(3) FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR BEGINNING JANUARY 1, 1986,	13	RATE "P" APPLICABLE TO CLASS EIGHT PROPERTY. THE
14	THE TAXABLE PERCENTAGE RATE "P" APPLICABLE TO CLASS EIGHT	14	DETERMINATION SHALL BE MADE AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (6).
15	PROPERTY IS 8.55%/B, WHERE B IS THE CERTIFIED STATEWIDE	15	(6) $P = A/B$, WHERE:
16	PERCENTAGE INCREASE TO BE DETERMINED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF	16	(A) P IS THE TAXABLE PERCENTAGE RATE APPLICABLE TO
17	REVENUE AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (4). THE TAXABLE	17	CLASS EIGHT PROPERTY FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR BEGINNING JANUARY
18	PERCENTAGE RATE "P" SHALL BE ROUNDED DOWNWARD TO THE NEAREST	18	1 IN THE YEAR IN WHICH P IS CALCULATED. THE TAXABLE
19	0.01% AND SHALL BE CALCULATED BY THE DEPARTMENT BEFORE JULY	19	PERCENTAGE RATE "P" SHALL BE ROUNDED DOWNWARD TO THE NEAREST
20	1, 1986.	20	0.01%.
21	(4) (A) PRIOR TO JULY 1, 1986, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL	21	(B) A IS THE TAXABLE PERCENTAGE RATE P APPLICABLE TO
22	DETERMINE THE CERTIFIED STATEWIDE PERCENTAGE INCREASE FOR	22	CLASS EIGHT PROPERTY AS ESTABLISHED BY THE DEPARTMENT FOR
23	CLASS EIGHT PROPERTY USING THE FORMULA $B = X/Y$, WHERE:	23	THE IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING YEAR; AND
24	(I) X IS THE APPRAISED VALUE, AS OF JANUARY 1, 1986,	24	(C) B IS THE CERTIFIED STATEWIDE PERCENTAGE INCREASE
25	OF ALL PROPERTY IN THE STATE, EXCLUDING NEW CONSTRUCTION,	25	TO BE DETERMINED BY THE DEPARTMENT USING THE FORMULA B =

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1	X/Y, WHERE:
2	(I) X IS THE APPRAISED VALUE, AS OF JANUARY 1 OF THE
3	YEAR FOR WHICH P IS BEING CALCULATED, OF ALL PROPERTY IN THE
 4	STATE, EXCLUDING NEW CONSTRUCTION, ADDITIONS, OR DELETIONS
5	OF PROPERTY DURING THE PRECEDING YEAR, CLASSIFIED UNDER
6	CLASS EIGHT AS CLASS EIGHT IS DESCRIBED IN THIS SECTION; AND
7	(II) Y IS THE APPRAISED VALUE, AS OF JANUARY 1 OF THE
8	YEAR PRECEDING THE YEAR FOR WHICH P IS BEING CALCULATED, OF
 9	ALL PROPERTY IN THE STATE THAT, AS OF JANUARY 1 OF THE YEAR
10	FOR WHICH P IS BEING CALCULATED, WOULD BE CLASSIFIED UNDER
11	CLASS EIGHT AS CLASS EIGHT IS DESCRIBED IN THIS SECTION.
12	(D) B SHALL BE ROUNDED DOWNWARD TO THE NEAREST
13	0.0001%."
14	Section 7. Section 15-6-139, MCA, is amended to read:
15	"15-6-139. Class nine property description
16	taxable percentage. (1) Class nine property is all property
17	used for commercial purposes which is not real property or
18	an improvement to real property and which is not included in
19	another class or exempt from taxation under Title 15,
20	chapter 6, part 2, and includes:
21	(a) buses and trucks having a rated capacity of more
22	than three-quarters of a ton $but-less-than-or-equal-to-l-l/2$
23	tons;
24	(b) truck toppers weighing more than 300 pounds;
25	(c) furniture, fixtures, and equipment, except that

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1	specifically included in another class, used in commercial
2	establishments as defined in this section;
3	(d) x-ray and medical and dental equipment; and
4	(e) citizens' band radios and mobile telephones $\frac{1}{2}$
5	(f) all mining machinery, fixtures, equipment, tools,
6	and supplies except those included in class five;
7	(g) all manufacturing machinery, fixtures, equipment,
8	tools, and supplies except those included in class five;
9	<pre>(h) motorcycles;</pre>
10	<pre>(i) watercraft;</pre>
11	(j) all trailers up to and including 18,000 pounds
12	maximum gross loaded weight, except those subject to a fee
13	in lieu of property tax;
14	<pre>(k) aircraft;</pre>
15	<pre>(1) all-terrain vehicles;</pre>
16	<pre>(m) harness, saddlery, and other tack equipment;</pre>
17	(n) all goods and equipment intended for rent or
18	lease, except goods and equipment specifically included and
19	taxed in another class;
20	(o) all other machinery except that specifically
21	included in another class;
22	(p) radio and television broadcasting and transmitting
23	equipment;
24	(q) cable television systems;
25	(r) coal and ore haulers;

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1	(s) all trailers exceeding 18,000 pounds maximum gross
2	loaded weight, including those prorated under 15-24-102 and
3	except those subject to a fee in lieu of property tax;
4	(t) theater projectors and sound equipment;
5	(u) electric transformers and meters; electric light
б	and power substation machinery; natural gas measuring and
-7	regulating station equipment, meters, and compressor station
8	machinery owned by noncentrally assessed public utilities;
9	and tools used in the repair and maintenance of this
10	property;
11	(v) tools, implements, and machinery used to repair
12	and maintain machinery not used in a bona fide agricultura.
13	operation or for manufacturing or mining purposes; and
14	(w) all other property not included in any other class
15	except that property subject to a fee in lieu of a property
16	tax and property exempt from taxation.
17	(2) "Commercial establishment" includes any hotel;
18	motel; office; petroleum marketing station; or service,
19	wholesale, retail, or food-handling business.
20	(3) Class nine property is taxed at ±3% <u>11,7%</u> of its
21	market value."
22	Section 8. Section 15-6-140, MCA, is amended to read:
23	"15-6-140. Class ten property description
24	taxable percentage. (1) Class ten property includes:
25	-(a)radio-and-television-broadcasting-and-transmitting
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1	equipment;
2	<pre>(b)cable-television-systems;</pre>
3	tc)coal-and-ore-haulers;
4	dtruckshaving-a-rated-capacity-of-more-than-1-1/2
5	tons-including-those-prorated-under-15-24-1827
i	<pre>(e)all-trailers-exceeding-107090-pounds-maximum-gross</pre>
7	loaded-weight;-including-those-prorated-under-15-24-102and
~	except-those-subject-to-a-fee-in-lieu-of-property-tax7
9	<pre>(f)theater-projectors-and-sound-equipment;-and</pre>
10	(g)allotherproperty-not-included-in-the-preceding
11	nine-classes-except-that-property-subject-to-a-feeinlieu
12	of-a-property-tax;
13	(a) all railroad transportation property as described
11	in the Railroad Revitalization and Regulatory Reform Act of
15	1976 as it reads on [the effective date of this act];
16	(b) all airline transportation property as described
17	in the Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 1982 as
18	it reads on [the effective date of this act]; and
19	(c) all motor carrier transportation property as
20	described in the Motor Carrier Act of 1980 as it reads on
21	[the effective date of this act].
22	(2) Class ten property is taxed at 16%-of-its-market
23	walue. the percentage rate "R", to be determined by the
24	department as provided in subsection (3).
25-	(3) $R = (A + B + C + D)/E$, where:

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1	(a) R is the taxable percentage applicable to class
2	ten property;
3	(b) A is the total statewide taxable value of all
4	property included in class eight and is determined by
5	multiplying the total statewide market value of class eight
6	property by the taxable percentage RATE "P" provided in
7	<u>15-6-138;</u>
8	(c) B is the total statewide taxable value of all
9	property included in class nine and is determined by
10	multiplying the total statewide market value of class nine
11	property by the taxable percentage provided in 15-6-139;
12	(d) C is the total statewide taxable value of all
13	property described in 15-6-141(1)(a), (1)(b), (1)(d), and
14	(1)(e) and is determined by multiplying the total statewide
15	market value of the property described in those subsections
16	by the taxable percentage provided in 15-6-141(2)(a);
17	(e) D is the total statewide taxable value of all
18	property described in 15-6-141(1)(c) and is determined by
19	multiplying the total statewide market value of the property
20	described in 15-6-141(1)(c) by the taxable percentage
21	provided in 15-6-141(2)(b); and
22	(f) E is the total statewide market value of all
23	property included in class eight, class nine, and class
24	eleven.
25	(4) For the purpose of complying with the Railroad

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1	Revitalization and Regulatory Reform Act of 1976, the Tax
2	Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 1982, and the Motor
3	Carrier Act of 1980, as they read on [the effective date of
4	this act]:
5	(a) the rate "R" referred to in subsection (2) is the
6	average tax rate generally applicable to commercial and
7	industrial property in Montana; and
8	(b) "commercial and industrial property" is all
9	property included in class eight, class nine, and class
10	eleven."
11	Section 9. Section 15-6-141, MCA, is amended to read:
1 2	"15-6-141. Class eleven property description
13	taxable percentage. (1) Class eleven property includes:
14	(a) centrally assessed electric power companies'
15	allocations;
16	(b) allocations for centrally assessed natural gas
17	companies having a major distribution system in this state;
18	and
19	(c) centrally assessed companies' allocations except:
20	(i) electric power and natural gas companies'
21	property;
22	(ii) property owned by cooperative rural electric and
23	cooperative rural telephone associations and classified in
24	class five; and
25	(iii) property owned by organizations providing

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1	telephone communications to rural areas and classified in
2	class seven: <u>nine; and</u>
3	(iv) motor carrier, airline, and railroad
4	transportation property included in class ten;
5	(d) all property used and owned by persons, firms,
6	corporations, or other organizations that are engaged in the
7	business of furnishing telephone communications exclusively
8	to rural areas or to rural areas and cities and towns of 800
9	persons or less; and
10	(e) all property owned by cooperative rural electrical
11	and cooperative rural telephone associations that serve less
12	than 95% of the electricity consumers or telephone users
13	within the incorporated limits of a city or town where the
14	average circuit miles for each station on the telephone
15	communication system is more than 1 mile.
16	(2) Class eleven property is taxed as follows:
17	(a) Property described in subsection subsections
18	(l)(a), and (l)(b), (l)(d), and (l)(e) is taxed at 12% 12.8%
19	of market value.
20	(b) Except as provided in 15-23-202, property
21	described in subsection (1)(c) is taxed at 15% <u>12.8%</u> of
22	market value."
23	Section 10. Section 15-6-142, MCA, is amended to read:
24	"15-6-142. Class twelve property description
25	taxable percentage. (1) Class twelve property includes: <u>all</u>

1	commercial timberland.
2	ta)a-trailer-ormobilehomeusedasaresidence
3	except-when:
4	(i)heidbyadistributoror-dealer-of-trailers-or
-	mobile-homes-as-his-stock-in-trade;-or
а	<pre>tii}-specifically-included-in-another-class;</pre>
7	<pre>the-first-\$357000-or-less-of-the-market-value-of-a</pre>
8	*railer-or-mobile-home-usedasaresidenceandactually
9	occupiedforatleastl0monthsayear-as-the-primary
10	residential-dwelling-of:
11	tita-widow-or-widower-62-years-of-ageorolderwho
12	qualifiesundertheincomelimitationsof-(iii)-of-this
13	subsection;
14	{ii}-a-widow-orwidowerofanyagewithdependent
15	children-who-qualifies-under-the-income-limitations-of-(iii)
16	of-this-subsection;-or
17	(iii)-arecipientorrecipientsofretirementor
18	disability-benefits-whosetotalincomefromallsources
19	includingotherwisetax-exemptincome-of-all-types-is-not
20	more-than-\$87000-forasinglepersonor\$10;000fora
21	married-couple.
22	(2) Commercial timberland is land in one ownership and
23	fromwhichisharvested30,000-or-more-board-feet-in-any
24	year-during-the-appraisal-cycler INCLUDING:
25	(A) TIMBERLAND FROM WHICH IS HARVESTED 30,000 OR MORE

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l	DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (6), THE
2	TAXABLE PERCENTAGE RATE "P" SHALL BE ROUNDED DOWNWARD TO THE
3	NEAREST 0.01% AND SHALL BE CALCULATED BY THE DEPARTMENT
4	BEFORE JULY 1, 1986.
5	(6) (A) PRIOR TO JULY 1, 1986, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL
6	DETERMINE THE CERTIFIED STATEWIDE PERCENTAGE INCREASE FOR
7	CLASS TWELVE PROPERTY USING THE FORMULA B = X/Y, WHERE:
8	(I) X IS THE APPRAISED VALUE, AS OF JANUARY 1, 1986,
9	OF ALL PROPERTY IN THE STATE, EXCLUDING USE CHANGES
10	OCCURRING DURING THE PRECEDING YEAR, CLASSIFIED UNDER CLASS
11	TWELVE AS CLASS TWELVE IS DESCRIBED IN THIS SECTION; AND
12	(II) Y IS THE APPRAISED VALUE, AS OF JANUARY 1, 1985,
13	OF ALL PROPERTY IN THE STATE THAT, AS OF JANUARY 1, 1986,
14	WOULD BE CLASSIFIED UNDER CLASS TWELVE AS CLASS TWELVE IS
15	DESCRIBED IN THIS SECTION.
16	(B) B SHALL BE ROUNDED DOWNWARD TO THE NEAREST
17	0.0001%.
1 8	(7) AFTER JULY 1, 1986, NO ADJUSTMENT MAY BE MADE BY
19	THE DEPARTMENT TO THE TAXABLE PERCENTAGE RATE "P" UNTIL A
20	REVALUATION HAS BEEN MADE AS PROVIDED IN 15-7-111."
21	Section 11. Section 15-6-151, MCA, is amended to read:
22	"15-6-151. Application for certain class four
23	classifications. (1) A person applying for classification of
24	property described in subsection (1)(c) (1)(d) or (1)(e) of
25	15-6-134 shall make an affidavit to the department of

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revenue, on a form provided by the department without cost,
 stating:

3 (a) his income;

4 (b) his retirement benefits;

5 (c) his marital status;

6 (d) the fact that he maintains the land and 7 improvements as his primary residential dwelling, where 8 applicable; and

9 (e) such other information as is relevant to the10 applicant's eligibility.

(2) This application must be made before March 1 of 11 the year after the applicant becomes eligible. The 12 13 application remains in effect in subsequent years unless there is a change in the applicant's eligibility. The 14 taxpayer shall inform the department of any change in 15 16 eligibility. The department may inquire by mail whether any 17 change in eligibility has taken place and may require a new statement of eligibility at any time it considers necessary. 18

19 (3) The affidavit is sufficient if the applicant signs 20 a statement affirming the correctness of the information 21 supplied, whether or not the statement is signed before a 22 person authorized to administer oaths, and mails the 23 application and statement to the department of revenue. 24 This signed statement shall be treated as a statement under 25 oath or equivalent affirmation for the purposes of 45-7-202, 1 relating to the criminal offense of false swearing."

Section 12. Section 15-7-202, MCA, is amended to read: "15-7-202. Eligibility of land for valuation as agricultural. (1) Land which is actively devoted to agricultural use shall be eligible for valuation, assessment, and taxation as herein provided each year it meets any of the following gualifications:

(a) the area of such land is not less than 5
9 contiguous acres when measured in accordance with provisions
10 of 15-7-206, and it has been actively devoted to agriculture
11 during the last growing season, and it continues to be
12 actively devoted to agricultural use, which means:

13 (i) it is used to produce field crops including but14 not limited to grains, feed crops, fruits, vegetables; or

15 (ii) it is used for grazing and it is not classified as

16 commercial timberland as defined in 15-6-142; or

17 (iii)-it-is-used-for-growing-timber;-or

18 (iv)(iii) it is in a cropland retirement program; or

(b) it agriculturally produces for sale or home
consumption the equivalent of 15% or more of the owners'
annual gross income regardless of the number of contiguous
acres in the ownership; or

(c) it is used to raise animals in confined areas for
the production of food or fiber, including but not limited
to livestock, feedlots, dairies, fish hatcheries, and

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1	poultry farms.	1	con
2	(2) Land shall not be classified or valued as	2	sto
3	agricultural if it is subdivided with stated restrictions	3	
4	prohibiting its use for agricultural purposes.	4	
5	(3) The grazing on land by a horse or other animals	5	
6	kept as a hobby and not as a part of a bona fide	6	chi
7	agricultural enterprise shall not be considered a bona fide	7	
8	agricultural operation."	8	the
9	Section 13. Section 15-7-307, MCA, is amended to read:	9	
10	"15-7-307. Certificate exceptions. The certificate	10	she
11	imposed by this part shall not apply to:	11	
12	(1) an instrument recorded prior to July 1, 1975;	12	
13	(2) the sale of agricultural land when the land is	13	for
14	used for agricultural purposes;	14	
15	(3) the United States of America, this state, or any	15	
16	instrumentality, agency, or subdivision thereof;	16	exc
17	(4) an instrument which (without added consideration)	17	100
18	confirms, corrects, modifies, or supplements a previously	18	(5)
19	recorded instrument;	19	
20	(5) a transfer pursuant to court decree;	20	wou
21	(6) a transfer pursuant to mergers, consolidations, or	21	sel
22	reorganizations of corporations, partnerships, or other	22	and
23	business entities;	23	
24	(7) a transfer by a subsidiary corporation to its	24	t00
25	parent corporation without actual consideration or in sole	25	ine
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 consideration of the cancellation or surrender of subsidia stock; (B) a transfer of decedents' estates; 	ry
3 (8) a transfer of decedents' estates;	
4 (9) a transfer of a gift;	
5 (10) a transfer between husband and wife or parent a	nd
6 child with only nominal actual consideration therefor;	
7 (11) an instrument the effect of which is to transf	≥r
8 the property to the same party or parties;	
9 (12) a sale for delinquent taxes or assessment	з,
10 sheriff sale, bankruptcy action, or mortgage foreclosure;	
ll (13) a transfer made in contemplation of death τ ; or	
12 (14) the sale of timberland when the land is classifi	ed
13 for tax purposes as commercial timberland."	
14 Section 14. Section 15-8-111, MCA, is amended to rea	1:
15 "15-8-111. Assessment market value standard	
16 exceptions. (1) All taxable property must be assessed	at
17 100% of its market value except as provided in subsecti	on
18 (5) of this section and in 15-7-111 through 15-7-114.	
19 (2) (a) Market value is the value at which proper	: y
20 would change hands between a willing buyer and a willi	ng
21 seller, neither being under any compulsion to buy or to se	11
22 and both having reasonable knowledge of relevant facts.	
23 (b) The market value of all motor-trucks;-agricultur	±
24 tools;-implements;-and-machinery;-and-vehicles-of-all-kind	7
25 including-but-notlimitedtomotorcycles;aircraft;a	łd

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1	boatsandall-watercraft; property included in class seven
2	is the average wholesale value shown in national appraisal
3	guides and manuals or the value of the vehicle before
4	reconditioning and profit margin. The department of revenue
5	shall prepare valuation schedules showing the average
6	wholesale value when no national appraisal guide exists.
7	(c) The market value of all commercial property other
8	than real property and improvements is the-average-retail
9	value-shown-in-one-or-morenationalappraisalguidesand
10	manuals-chosen-by-the-department-of-revenueThe-department
11	shall-prepare-valuation-schedules-showing-the-average-retail
12	value-when-no-national-appraisal-guide-exists-
13	<u>fd</u> <u>Por-real-property-and-improvementsin-the-absence</u>
14	ofcontradictorymarketdata-informationmarket-value-is
15	consideredtobereplacementcostdepreciated. TO BE
16	DETERMINED IN THE SAME MANNER THAT MARKET VALUE WAS
1 7	DETERMINED BEFORE [THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS ACT] EXCEPT TO
18	THE EXTENT THAT A SALES-ASSESSMENT RATIO STUDY INDICATES
19	THAT A DIFFERENT VALUE WOULD MORE CLOSELY APPROXIMATE MARKET
20	VALUE.
21	(3) The department of revenue or its agents may not
22	adopt a lower or different standard of value from market
23	value in making the official assessment and appraisal of the
24	value of property in 15-6-134 through 15-6-140 <u>15-6-141</u> .
25	For purposes of taxation, assessed value is the same as

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appraised value. 1

2 (4) The taxable value for all property in classes four through eleven is the percentage of market value established 3 for each class of property in 15-6-134 through 15-6-141. 4 (5) The assessed value of properties in 15-6-131 5 6 through 15-6-133 is as follows: (a) Properties in 15-6-131, under class one, are 7 8 assessed at 100% of the annual net proceeds after deducting 9 the expenses specified and allowed by 15-23-503. 10 (b) Properties in 15-6-132 under class two are assessed at 100% of the annual gross proceeds. 11 12 (c) Properties in 15-6-133 under class three are assessed at 100% of the productive capacity of the lands 13 when valued for agricultural purposes. All lands that meet 14 the gualifications of 15-7-202 are valued as agricultural 15 16 lands for tax purposes. 17 (d) Properties in 15-6-142, under class twelve, are assessed at 100% of the combined appraised value of the 18 19 standing timber and grazing productivity. 20 (6) Land and the improvements thereon are separately assessed when any of the following conditions occur: 21 (a) ownership of the improvements is different from 22 23 ownership of the land; 24 (b) the taxpayer makes a written request; or 25 (c) the land is outside an incorporated city or town.

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1 (7) The taxable value of all property in 15-6-131 and 2 classes two, and three, and twelve is the percentage of 3 assessed value established in 15-6-131(2), 15-6-132, and 4 15-6-133, and 15-6-142 for each class of property."

5 Section 15. Section 15-16-611, MCA, is amended to 6 read:

"15-16-611. Reduction of property tax for property 7 destroyed by natural disaster. (1) The department of revenue R shall, upon showing by a taxpayer that some or all of the 9 improvements on his real property or a trailer or mobile 10 home tas described in 15-6-134(1)(c) have been destroyed to 11 such an extent that such improvements have been rendered 12 unsuitable for their previous use by natural disaster, 13 14 adjust the tax due and payable for the current year on the property under 15-16-102 as provided in subsection (2) of 15 this section. 16

17 (2) To determine the amount of tax due for destroyed 18 property, the county treasurer shall multiply the amount of 19 tax levied and assessed on the property for the year by the 20 ratio that the number of days in the year that the property 21 existed before destruction bears to 365.

(3) This section does not apply to delinquent taxes
owed on the destroyed property for a year prior to the year
in which the property was destroyed.

25 (4) For the purposes of this section, "natural

1 disaster" includes but is not limited to fire, flood,
2 earthquake, or wind."

3 Section 16. Section 15-23-202, MCA, is amended to 4 read:

"15-23-202. Assessment -- how 5 made. (1) The department must assess the franchise, roadway, roadbed, 6 7 rails, rolling stock, and all other operating properties of 8 all railroads operated in more than one county or more than 9 one state. All rolling stock must be assessed in the name of the person owning, leasing, or using the same. Assessment 10 must be made to the person owning or leasing or using the 11 same and must be made upon the entire railroad within the 12 13 state. The depots, stations, shops, and buildings erected 14 upon the space covered by the right-of-way and all other 15 property owned or leased by such person, except as above 16 provided, shall be assessed by the department.

17 (2) In determining the taxable value of railroad 18 property, the department may--modify shall determine the 19 percentage multiplier provided for in 15-6-141 15-6-140 in 20 order to achieve compliance with the requirements of the 21 federal Railroad Revitalization and Regulatory Reform Act of 22 1976, as amended."

23 Section 17. Section 15-7-111, MCA, is amended to read:
24 "15-7-111. Periodic revaluation of taxable property.
25 The (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), the department

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of revenue shall administer and supervise a program for the 1 2 revaluation of all taxable property within the state at least every 5 years. A comprehensive written plan of 3 rotation shall be promulgated by the department fixing the 4 5 order of revaluation of property in each county on the basis of the last revaluation of taxable property in each county 6 prior to July 1, 1974, in order to adjust the disparities 7 therein between the counties. The plan of rotation so 8 adopted shall provide that all property in each county shall 9 be revalued at least every 5 years or that no less than 20%10 11 of the property in each county shall be revalued in each year. The department shall furnish a copy of the plan and 12 all amendments thereto to each county assessor and the board 13 of county commissioners in each county. 14

(2) All property in class eight, class nine, class
 ten, and class eleven shall be revalued annually under a
 program developed, administered, and supervised by the
 department."

19 Section 18. Section 15-8-104, MCA, is amended to read: 20 "15-8-104. Department audit of taxable value -- costs 21 of audit paid by department. (1) When in the judgment of the 22 director of revenue it is necessary, audits may be made for 23 the purpose of determining the taxable value of net proceeds 24 of mines and oil and gas wells and all other types of 25 property subject to ad valorem taxation.

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1	(2) The department of revenue shall conduct audits of
2	the assessment of property in class eight and class nine to
3	assure that the value of the property in those classes
4	reflects market value. IF THE DEPARTMENT DETERMINES THAT A
5	SALES-ASSESSMENT RATIO STUDY IS APPLICABLE, HELPFUL IN
б	DETERMINING TRUE MARKET VALUE, AND REASONABLY AVAILABLE, IT
7	MAY USE SUCH STUDY AS AN AUDIT TOOL.
	<pre>t2;(3) The cost of the any audit performed under</pre>
9	subsection (1) or (2) shall be paid by the department."
10	SECTION 19. SECTION 15-6-133, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:
11	"15-6-133. Class three property description
12	taxable percentage. (1) Class three property includes
13	agricultural land as defined in 15-7-202.
14	(2) Class three property is taxed at 30% the
15	percentage rate "P" of its productive capacity.
16	(3) For taxable years beginning January 1, 1986, and
17	thereafter, the taxable percentage rate "P" applicable to
18	class three property is 30%/B, where B is the certified
19	statewide percentage increase to be determined by the
20	department of revenue as provided in subsection (4).
21	taxable percentage rate "P" shall be rounded downward to the
22	nearest 0.01% and shall be calculated by the department of
23	revenue before July 1, 1986.
24	(4) (a) Prior to July 1, 1986, the department shall
25	determine the certified statewide percentage increase for

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1	class three property using the formula $B = X/Y$, where:
2	(i) X is the appraised value, as of January 1, 1986,
3	of all property in the state, excluding agricultural use
4	changes occurring during the preceding year, classified
5	under class three as class three is described in this
б	section; and
7	(ii) Y is the appraised value, as of January 1, 1985,
8	of all property in the state that, as of January 1, 1986,
9	would be classified under class three as class three is
10	described in this section.
11	(b) B shall be rounded downward to the nearest
12	0.0001%.
13	(5) After July 1, 1986, no adjustment may be made by
14	the department to the taxable percentage rate "P" applicable
15	to class three property until a revaluation has been made as
16	provided in 15-7-111."
17	NEW SECTION. Section 20. Extension of authority. (1)
18	Any existing authority of the department of revenue to make
19	rules on the subject of the provisions of this act is
20	extended to the provisions of this act.
21	(2) The department may initiate rulemaking proceedings
22	under this section on or after the date on which this act is
23	passed and approved, but no rule adopted under this section
24	may be made effective before January 1, 1986.
25	NEW SECTION. Section 21. Severability. If a part of

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this act is invalid, all valid parts that are severable from the invalid part remain in effect. If a part of this act is invalid in one or more of its applications, the part remains in effect in all valid applications that are severable from the invalid applications.

NEW SECTION. Section 22. Effective dates. (1) This
act, except section 19 20 and this section, is effective
January 1, 1986.

9 (2) Section $\frac{19}{20}$ and this section are effective on 10 passage and approval.

-End-

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23

property taxation; and

SB 0048/02

SB 0048/02

1 SENATE BILL NO. 48 1 2 INTRODUCED BY TOWE, M. WILLIAMS, KEENAN, NORMAN, MAZUREK 2 3 BY REQUEST OF THE REVENUE OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE 3 4 4 A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO GENERALLY REVISE 5 5 6 6 HONTANA PROPERTY TAX CLASSIFICATION LAW TO IMPLEMENT PROVISIONS OF THE MONTANA CONSTITUTION AND TO COMPLY WITH 7 7 8 FEDERAL LAW GRANTING CERTAIN TYPES OF PROPERTY SPECIAL 8 9 9 CONSIDERATION: REQUIRING THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE TO ANNUALLY REVALUE ALL COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY: 10 10 REQUIRING THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE TO CONDUCT AUDITS OF 11 11 ASSESSMENTS ON COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY; DEFINING 12 12 THE TERM "COMMERCIAL" AS IT APPLIES TO PROPERTY SUBJECT TO 13 13 TAXATION: CLARIFYING THE TERM "MARKET VALUE" FOR PROPERTY 14 14 TAX PURPOSES: AMENDING SECTIONS 15-1-101, 15 15 15-6-101. 15-6-133, 15-6-134, 15-6-135, 15-6-137 THROUGH 15-6-142, 16 16 15-6-151, 15-7-111, 15-7-202, 15-7-307, 15-8-104, 15-8-111, 17 17 15-16-611, AND 15-23-202, MCA; AND PROVIDING EFFECTIVE 18 18 DATES." 19 19 20 20 21 WHEREAS, the federal government has granted special 21 consideration to certain types of property with respect to 22 22

WHEREAS, the Legislature and the people of the State of 24 Montana desire to be in full compliance with all federal 25

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law; and

WHEREAS, have been questions in the past there regarding the validity of Montana's property tax classification laws with respect to federal law granting special consideration to certain types of property; and

WHEREAS, state tax policy is best determined by the state's primary policymaking body, which is the Legislature; and

WHEREAS, the Legislature wishes to retain as much as possible the sovereignty guaranteed to the State by the 10th amendment to the Constitution of the United States of America: and

WHEREAS, the 48th Legislature of the State of Montana adopted House Joint Resolution 31, requiring a study of Montana's property tax classification system; and

WHEREAS, the Revenue Oversight Committee has examined Montana's property tax system; and

WHEREAS, that examination causes the Revenue Oversight Committee to recommend a general revision of Montana's property tax classification system.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

23 Section 1. Section 15-1-101, MCA, is amended to read: "15-1-101. Definitions. (1) When terms mentioned in 24 this section are used in connection with taxation, they are 25

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THIRD READING

1 defined in the following manner:

2 (a) The term "agricultural" refers to the raising of
3 livestock, swine, poultry, field crops, fruit, and other
4 animal and vegetable matter for food or fiber.

5 (b) The term "assessed value" means the value of6 property as defined in 15-8-111.

7 (c) The term "average wholesale value" means the value
8 to a dealer prior to reconditioning and profit margin shown
9 in national appraisal guides and manuals or the valuation
10 schedules of the department of revenue.

11 (d) The term "commercial", when used to describe 12 property, means any property used or owned by a business a 13 trade, or a nonprofit corporation as defined in 35-2-102 or 14 used for the production of income.

15 fd;(e) The term "credit" means solvent debts, secured 16 or unsecured, owing to a person.

17 fef(f) The term "improvements" includes all buildings, structures, fixtures, fences, and improvements situated 18 19 upon, erected upon, or affixed to land. When the department 20 of revenue or its agent determines that the permanency of location of a mobile home or housetrailer has been 21 established, the mobile home or housetrailer is presumed to 22 23 be an improvement to real property. A mobile home or 24 housetrailer may be determined to be permanently located 25 only when it is attached to a foundation which cannot بالمراجع والمسادر ×- •

1 feasibly be relocated and only when the wheels are removed. 2 +f+(q) The term "leasehold improvements" means 3 improvements to mobile homes and mobile homes located on land owned by another person. This property is assessed 4 under the appropriate classification and the taxes are due 5 6 and payable in two payments as provided in 15-24-202. 7 Delinquent taxes on such leasehold improvements are a lien 8 only on such leasehold improvements.

9 (g)(h) The term "mobile home" means forms of housing 10 known as "trailers", "housetrailers", or "trailer coaches" 11 exceeding 8 feet in width or 45 feet in length, designed to 12 be moved from one place to another by an independent power 13 connected to them, or any "trailer", "housetrailer", or 14 "trailer coach" up to 8 feet in width or 45 feet in length 15 used as a principal residence.

16 (h)(i) The term "personal property" includes
17 everything that is the subject of ownership but that is not
18 included within the meaning of the terms "real estate" and
19 "improvements".

20 (i)(j) The term "poultry" includes all chickens,
21 turkeys, geese, ducks, and other birds raised in
22 domestication to produce food or feathers.

(j)(k) The term "property" includes moneys, credits,
bonds, stocks, franchises, and all other matters and things,
real, personal, and mixed, capable of private ownership.

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1 This definition must not be construed to authorize the 2 taxation of the stocks of any company or corporation when 3 the property of such company or corporation represented by 4 the stocks is within the state and has been taxed.

5

(h) The term "real estate" includes:

6 (i) the possession of, claim to, ownership of, or 7 right to the possession of land;

8 (ii) all mines, minerals, and quarries in and under the 9 land subject to the provisions of 15-23-501 and 15-23-801; 10 all timber belonging to individuals or corporations growing 11 or being on the lands of the United States; and all rights and privileges appertaining thereto. 12

(t) The term "taxable value" means the percentage 13 of market or assessed value as provided for in 15-6-131 14 through 15-6-140. 15

16 (2) The phrase "municipal corporation" OT "municipality" or "taxing unit" shall be deemed to include a 17 county, city, incorporated town, township, school district, 18 irrigation district, drainage district, or any person, 19 20 persons, or organized body authorized by law to establish 21 tax levies for the purpose of raising public revenue.

(3) The term "state board" or "board" when used 22 23 without other qualification shall mean the state tax appeal 24 board."

Section 2. Section 15-6-101, MCA, is amended to read: 25

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1 *15-6-101. Property Purpose -- property subject to 2 taxation -- classification. (1) It is the purpose of this 3 chapter TO IMPLEMENT PROVISIONS OF THE MONTANA CONSTITUTION 4 AND to comply with federal law requiring special consideration of certain types of property. To meet the 5 6 requirements of federal law, the legislature finds it 1 necessary to separate the several types of property into 8 classes, each class containing property reasonably related 9 to other property in the same class and reasonably different 10 from property in every other class. It is further the 11 purpose of this chapter and the policy of the legislature to treat all similar property subject to taxation in an 12 13 equitable manner. 14 (1)(2) All property in this state is subject to 15 taxation, except as provided otherwise. 16 (2)(3) For the purpose of taxation, the taxable 17 property in the state shall be classified in accordance with 15-6-131-through-15-6-141 this part." 18 Section 3. Section 15-6-134, MCA, is amended to read: 19 "15-6-134. Class four property -- description --20 21 taxable percentage. (1) Class four property includes: 22 (a) all noncommercial land;-including;-for-farm-homes; 23 1-acre-of-agricultural-land-at--market--valuey except that specifically included in another class;

(b) all noncommercial improvements except those 25

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24

1	specifically included in another class7. Noncommercial
2	improvements include single family residences and ancillary
3	improvements and improvements necessary to the function of a
4	bona fide farm, ranch, or stock operation.
5	(c) a trailer or mobile home used as a residence
6	except when:
7	(i) held by a distributor or dealer of trailers or
8	mobile homes as his stock in trade; or
9	(ii) specifically included in another class;
10	<pre>(d) the first \$35,000 or less of the market value</pre>
11	of any improvement on real property and appurtenant land not
12	exceeding 5 acres owned or under contract for deed and
13	actually occupied for at least 10 months a year as the
14	primary residential dwelling of:
15	(i) a widow or widower 62 years of age or older who
16	qualifies under the income limitations of (iii) of this
17	subsection;
18	(ii) a widow or widower of any age with dependent
19	children who qualifies under the income limitations of (iii)
20	of this subsection; or
21	(ili) a recipient or recipients of retirement or
22	disability benefits whose total income from all sources
23	including otherwise tax-exempt income of all types is not
24	more than \$8,000 for a single person or \$10,000 for a
25	married couple;
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1	(e) the first \$35,000 or less of the market value of a
2	trailer or mobile home used as a residence and actually
3	occupied for at least 10 months a year as the primary
4	dwelling of any person described in subsections (1)(d)(i)
5	through (1)(d)(iii);
6	<pre>(d)(f) all golf courses, including land and</pre>
7	improvements actually and necessarily used for that purpose,
8	that:
9	(i) consist of at least 9 holes and not less than
10	3,000 lineal yards; and
11	(ii) were used as a golf course on January 1, 1979, and
12	were owned by a nonprofit Montana corporation.
13	(2) Class four property is taxed as follows:
14	(a) Exceptasprovidedin-15-24-1402-or-15-24-15017
15	property Property described in subsections (1)(a) and-(1)(b)
16	through (1)(c) is taxed at 8.55% THE TAXABLE PERCENTAGE RATE
17	"P" of its market value.
18	(b) Property described in subsection
19	subsections (1)(d) and (1)(e) is taxed at θ_{755} THE TAXABLE
20	PERCENTAGE RATE "P" of its market value multiplied by a
21	percentage figure based on income and determined from the
22	following table:
23	Income Income Percentage
24	Single Person Married Couple Multiplier

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\$0

- \$1,000

- \$1,000

\$0

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0%

1	1,001 - 2,000 1,001 - 2,000 10%
2	2,001 - 2,800 2,001 - 3,000 20%
3	2,801 - 3,600 3,001 - 4,000 30%
4	3,601 - 4,400 4,001 - 5,000 40%
5	4,401 - 5,200 5,001 - 6,000 50%
6	5,201 - 6,000 6,001 - 7,000 60%
7	6,001 - 6,800 7,001 - 8,000 70%
8	6,801 - 7,600 8,001 - 9,000 80%
ÿ	7,601 - 8,000 9,001 - 10,000 90%
10	<pre>(c) Property described in subsection titted; (1)(f) is</pre>
11	taxed at one-half the taxable percentage established-in
12	subsection-(2)(a),-or-4-275% RATE "P".
13	(3) FOR TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING JANUARY 1, 1986, AND
14	THEREAFTER, THE TAXABLE PERCENTAGE RATE "P" APPLICABLE TO
15	CLASS FOUR PROPERTY IS 8.55%/B, WHERE B IS THE CERTIFIED
16	STATEWIDE PERCENTAGE INCREASE TO BE DETERMINED BY THE
17	DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (4). THE
18	TAXABLE PERCENTAGE RATE "P" SHALL BE ROUNDED DOWNWARD TO THE
19	NEAREST 0.01% AND SHALL BE CALCULATED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF
20	REVENUE BEFORE JULY 1, 1986.
21	(4) (A) PRIOR TO JULY 1, 1986, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL
22	DETERMINE THE CERTIFIED STATEWIDE PERCENTAGE INCREASE FOR
23	CLASS FOUR PROPERTY USING THE FORMULA B = X/Y, WHERE:
24	(I) X IS THE APPRAISED VALUE, AS OF JANUARY 1, 1986,
25	OF ALL PROPERTY IN THE STATE, EXCLUDING NEW CONSTRUCTION,

.

1	ADDITIONS, OR DELETIONS OF PROPERTY DURING THE PRECEDING
2	YEAR, CLASSIFIED UNDER CLASS FOUR AS CLASS FOUR IS DESCRIBED
3	IN THIS SECTION; AND
4	(II) Y IS THE APPRAISED VALUE, AS OF JANUARY 1, 1985,
5	OF ALL PROPERTY IN THE STATE THAT, AS OF JANUARY 1, 1986,
6	WOULD BE CLASSIFIED UNDER CLASS FOUR AS CLASS FOUR IS
7	DESCRIBED IN THIS SECTION.
8	(B) B SHALL BE ROUNDED DOWNWARD TO THE NEAREST
9	0.0001%.
10	(5) AFTER JULY 1, 1986, NO ADJUSTMENT MAY BE MADE BY
11	THE DEPARTMENT TO THE TAXABLE PERCENTAGE RATE "P" UNTIL A
12	REVALUATION HAS BEEN MADE AS PROVIDED IN 15-7-111."
13	Section 4. Section 15-6-135, MCA, is amended to read:
14	"15-6-135. Class five property description
15	taxable percentage. (1) Class five property includes:
16	(a) all property used and owned by cooperative rural
17	electrical and cooperative rural telephone associations
18	organized under the laws of Montana, except property
19	described in 15-6-139(1)(u) owned by cooperative
20	organizations described-in-subsection-(1)(c)-of-15-6-137;
21	(b) air and water pollution control equipment as
22	defined in this section;
23	(c) new industrial property as defined in this
24	section;
25	(d) any personal or real property used primarily in

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the production of gasohol during construction and for the
 first 3 years of its operation.

(2) (a) "Air and water pollution equipment" means 3 facilities, machinery, or equipment used to reduce or 4 control water or atmospheric pollution or contamination by 5 altering, disposing, or 6 removing, reducing, storina 7 pollutants, contaminants, wastes, or heat. The department of health and environmental sciences shall determine if such 8 utilization is being made. 9

(b) The department of health and environmental 10 sciences' determination as to air and water pollution 11 equipment may be appealed to the board of health and 12 environmental sciences and may not be appealed to either a 13 county tax appeal board or the state tax appeal board. 14 However, the appraised value of the equipment as determined 15 by the department of revenue may be appealed to the county 16 tax appeal board and the state tax appeal board. 17

18 (3) "New industrial property" means any new industrial
19 plant, including land, buildings, machinery, and fixtures,
20 used by new industries during the first 3 years of their
21 operation. The property may not have been assessed within
22 the state of Montana prior to July 1, 1961.

(4) (a) "New industry" means any person, corporation,
firm, partnership, association, or other group that
establishes a new plant in Montana for the operation of a

new industrial endeavor, as distinguished from a mere
 expansion, reorganization, or merger of an existing
 industry.

(b) New industry includes only those industries that:
(i) manufacture, mill, mine, produce, process, or
fabricate materials;

7 (ii) do similar work, employing capital and labor, in 8 which materials unserviceable in their natural state are 9 extracted, processed, or made fit for use or are 10 substantially altered or treated so as to create commercial 11 products or materials; or

12 (ili) engage in the mechanical or chemical 13 transformation of materials or substances into new products 14 in the manner defined as manufacturing in the 1972 Standard 15 Industrial Classification Manual prepared by the United 16 States office of management and budget.

17 (5) New industrial property does not include:

(a) property used by retail or wholesale merchants,
 commercial services of any type, agriculture, trades, or
 professions;

(b) a plant that will create adverse impact on
 existing state, county, or municipal services; or

(c) property used or employed in any industrial plant
that has been in operation in this state for 3 years or
longer.

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1	(6) Class five property is taxed at 3% of its market	1	communicationsystem-described-in-subsection-(1)(b)-must-be
2	value."	2	more-than-1-mile- used for noncommercial purposes which is
3	Section 5. Section 15-6-137, MCA, is amended to read:	3	not real property or an improvement to real property and
4	"15-6-137. Class seven property description	4	which is not in another class or exempt from taxation under
5	taxable percentage. (1) Class seven property includes:	5	Title 15, chapter 6, part 2; and
6	(a) all property wsedandowned-by-personsy-firms;	6	(b) all agricultural tools, machinery, and equipment
7	corporations,-or-other-organizations-that-are-engaged-in-the	7	used in a bona fide farm, ranch, or stock operation.
8	business-of-furnishing-telephone-communicationsexclusively	8	(3)(2) Class seven property is taxed at 8% <u>11.1%</u> of
9	to-rural-areas-or-to-rural-areas-and-citics-and-towns-of-888	9	its market value."
10	persons-or-less;	10	Section 6. Section 15-6-138, MCA, is amended to read:
11	<pre>(b)all-property-owned-by-cooperative-rural-electrical</pre>	11	"15-6-138. Class eight property description
12	and-cooperative-rural-telephone-associations-that-serve-less	12	taxable percentage. (1) Class eight property includes:
13	than95%oftheelectricity-consumers-or-telephone-users	13	(a) all agriculturalimplementsandequipment land
14	within-the-incorporated-limits-of-a-city-or-town;	14	except that specifically included in another class; and
15	<pre>(c)electric-transformers-and-meters;electriclight</pre>	15	(b) all improvements except those specifically
16	andpowersubstationmachinery;-natural-gas-measuring-and	16	included in another class.
17	regulating-station-equipment,-meters,-and-compressor-station	. 17	<pre>tb)allmining-machinery;-fixtures;-equipment;-tools;</pre>
18	machinery-owned-by-noncentrally-assessedpublicutilities;	18	and-supplies-except:
19	andtoolsusedintherepairandmaintenanceof-this	19	{i}-those-included-in-class-five;-and
20	property;-and	20	(ii)-coal-and-ore-hauters;
21	fd}tools;-implements;-and-machineryusedtorepair	21	te;all-manufacturing-machinery;-fixtures;equipment;
22	and-maintain-machinery-not-used-for-manufacturing-and-mining	22	tools7-and-supplies-except-those-included-in-class-five;
23	purposes-	23	td)motorcycles;
24	(2)Poqualifyforthis-classification,-the-average	24	tetwatercraft;
25	circuitmilesforcachstationonthetelephone	25	tf}alltrailersuptoand-including-187000-pounds
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maximum-gross-loaded-weighty-except-those-subject-to--a--fee 1 2 in-lieu-of-property-tax; 3 tat--atreraft; (h)--all-terrain-vehicles; 4 ti)--harnessy-saddleryy-and-other-tack-equipment; 5 tj)---all--goods--and--equipment--intended--for--rent-or 6 tesser-except-goods-and-equipment-specifically-included--and 7 8 taxed-in-another-class;-and tkj--all---other--machinery--except--that--specifically 9 included-in-another-class: 10 (2) Class eight property is taxed at 118 8+55% TE 11 TAXABLE PERCENTAGE RATE "P" of its market value. 12 (3) FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR BEGINNING JANUARY 1, 1986, 13 THE TAXABLE PERCENTAGE RATE "P" APPLICABLE TO CLASS EIGHT 14 PROPERTY IS 8.55%/B, WHERE B IS THE CERTIFIED STATEWIDE 15 PERCENTAGE INCREASE TO BE DETERMINED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF 16 REVENUE AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (4). THE TAXABLE 17 PERCE TAGE RATE "P" SHALL BE ROUNDED DOWNWARD TO THE NEAREST 18 0.C.& AND SHALL BE CALCULATED BY THE DEPARTMENT SUFORE JULY 19 1, 1986. 20 (4) (A) PRIOR TO JULY 1, 1986, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL 21 DETERMINE THE CERTIFIED STATEWIDE PERCENTAGE INCREASE FOR 22 CLASS EIGHT PROPERTY USING THE FORMULA B = X/Y, WHERE: 23 (I) X IS THE APPRAISED VALUE, AS OF JANUARY 1, 1986, 24 OF ALL PROPERTY IN THE STATE, EXCLUDING NEW CONSTRUCTION, 25

1	ADDITIONS, OR DELETIONS OF PROPERTY DURING THE PRECEDING
2	YEAR, CLASSIFIED UNDER CLASS EIGHT AS CLASS EIGHT IS
3	DESCRIBED IN THIS SECTION; AND
4	(II) Y IS THE APPRAISED VALUE, AS OF JANUARY 1, 1985,
5	OF ALL PROPERTY IN THE STATE THAT, AS OF JANUARY 1, 1986,
6	WOULD BE CLASSIFIED UNDER CLASS EIGHT AS CLASS EIGHT IS
7	DESCRIBED IN THIS SECTION.
8	(B) B SHALL BE ROUNDED DOWNWARD TO THE NEAREST
3	0.0001%.
10	(5) FOR TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING JANUARY 1, 1987, AND
11	FOR EVERY TAXABLE YEAR THEREAFTER, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL,
12	BEFORE JULY 1 OF EACH YEAR, DETERMINE THE TAXABLE PERCENTAGE
13	RATE "P" APPLICABLE TO CLASS EIGHT PROPERTY. THE
14	DETERMINATION SHALL BE MADE AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (6).
15	(6) $P = A/B$, WHERE:
16	(A) P IS THE TAXABLE PERCENTAGE RATE APPLICABLE TO
17	CLASS EIGHT PROPERTY FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR BEGINNING JANUARY
18	1 IN THE YEAR IN WHICH P IS CALCULATED. THE TAXABLE
19	PERCENTAGE RATE "P" SHALL BE ROUNDED DOWNWARD TO THE NEAREST
20	0.01%.
21	(B) A IS THE TAXABLE PERCENTAGE RATE P APPLICABLE TO
22	CLASS EIGHT PROPERTY AS ESTABLISHED BY THE DEPARTMENT FOR
23	THE IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING YEAR; AND
24	(C) B IS THE CERTIFIED STATEWIDE PERCENTAGE INCREASE
25	TO BE DETERMINED BY THE DEPARTMENT USING THE FORMULA B =

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1	X/Y, WHERE:
2	(I) X IS THE APPRAISED VALUE, AS OF JANUARY 1 OF THE
3	YEAR FOR WHICH P IS BEING CALCULATED, OF ALL PROPERTY IN THE
4	STATE, EXCLUDING NEW CONSTRUCTION, ADDITIONS, OR DELETIONS
5	OF PROPERTY DURING THE PRECEDING YEAR, CLASSIFIED UNDER
6	CLASS EIGHT AS CLASS EIGHT IS DESCRIBED IN THIS SECTION; AND
7	(II) Y IS THE APPRAISED VALUE, AS OF JANUARY 1 OF THE
8	YEAR PRECEDING THE YEAR FOR WHICH P IS BEING CALCULATED, OF
9	ALL PROPERTY IN THE STATE THAT, AS OF JANUARY 1 OF THE YEAR
10	FOR WHICH P IS BEING CALCULATED, WOULD BE CLASSIFIED UNDER
11	CLASS EIGHT AS CLASS EIGHT IS DESCRIBED IN THIS SECTION.
12	(D) B SHALL BE ROUNDED DOWNWARD TO THE NEAREST
13	0.0001%."
14	Section 7. Section 15-6-139, MCA, is amended to read:
15	"15-6-139. Class nine property description
16	taxable percentage. (1) Class nine property is all property
17	used for commercial purposes which is not real property or
18	an improvement to real property and which is not included in
19	another class or exempt from taxation under Title 15,
20	chapter 6, part 2, and includes:
21	(a) buses and trucks having a rated capacity of more
22	than three-quarters of a ton but-less-than-or-equal-to-1-1/2
23	tons;
24	(b) truck toppers weighing more than 300 pounds;
25	(c) furniture, fixtures, and equipment, except that

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1	specifically included in another class, used in commercial
2	establishments as defined in this section;
3	(d) x-ray and medical and dental equipment; and
4	(e) citizens' band radios and mobile telephones $\frac{1}{2}$
5	(f) all mining machinery, fixtures, equipment, tools,
6	and supplies except those included in class five;
7	(g) all manufacturing machinery, fixtures, equipment,
8	tools, and supplies except those included in class five;
9	(h) motorcycles;
10	(i) watercraft;
11	(j) all trailers up to and including 18,000 pounds
12	maximum gross loaded weight, except those subject to a fee
13	in lieu of property tax;
14	<pre>(k) aircraft;</pre>
15	(1) all-terrain vehicles;
16	(m) harness, saddlery, and other tack equipment;
17	(n) all goods and equipment intended for rent or
18	lease, except goods and equipment specifically included and
19	taxed in another class;
20	(o) all other machinery except that specifically
2,1	included in another class;
22	(p) radio and television broadcasting and transmitting
23	equipment;
24	(q) Cable television systems;
25	(r) coal and ore haulers;

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1	(s) all trailers exceeding 18,000 pounds maximum gross
2	loaded weight, including those prorated under 15-24-102 and
3	except those subject to a fee in lieu of property tax;
4	(t) theater projectors and sound equipment;
5	(u) electric transformers and meters; electric light
6	and power substation machinery; natural gas measuring and
7	regulating station equipment, meters, and compressor station
8	machinery owned by noncentrally assessed public utilities;
9	and tools used in the repair and maintenance of this
10	property;
11	(v) tools, implements, and machinery used to repair
12	and maintain machinery not used in a bona fide agricultura.
13	operation or for manufacturing or mining purposes; and
14	(w) all other property not included in any other class
15	except that property subject to a fee in lieu of a property
16	tax and property exempt from taxation.
17	(2) "Commercial establishment" includes any hotel;
18	motel; office; petroleum marketing station; or service,
19	whole ale, retail, or food-handling business.
20	(3) Class nine property is taxed at ±3% ±1.7% of its
21	market value."
22	Section 8. Section 15-6-140, MCA, is amended to read:
23	"15-6-140. Class ten property description
24	taxable percentage. (1) Class ten property includes:
25	fat-redio-and-television-broadcasting-and-transmitting

1	equipment;
2	<pre>tb;cable-television-systems;</pre>
3	tc;coal-and-ore-haulers;
4	td;truckshaving-a-rated-capacity-of-more-than-1-1/2
5	tons;-including-those-protated-under-15-24-102;
6	<pre>te}all-trailers-exceeding-10,000-pounds-maximum-gross</pre>
7.	<pre>tonded-weight;-including-those-protated-under-15-24-102and</pre>
8	except-those-subject-to-s-fee-in-lieu-of-property-tax;
э	(f) theater-projectors-and-sound-equipment;-and
10	(g)allotherproperty-not-included-in-the-preceding
11	nine-classes-except-that-property-subject-to-a-feeinlieu
1 2	of-a-property-tax.
13	(a) all railroad transportation property as described
14	in the Railroad Revitalization and Regulatory Reform Act of
15	1976 as it reads on [the effective date of this act];
16	(b) all airline transportation property as described
17	in the Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 1982 as
18	it reads on (the effective date of this act]; and
1 9	(c) all motor carrier transportation property as
20	described in the Motor Carrier Act of 1980 as it reads or
21	[the effective date of this act].
22	(2) Class ten property is taxed at 16%-of-its-market
23	value: the percentage rate "R", to be determined by the
24	department as provided in subsection (3).
25	(3) $R = (A + B + C + D)/E$, where:

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1	(a) R is the taxable percentage applicable to class
2	ten property;
3.	(b) A is the total statewide taxable value of all
4	property included in class eight and is determined by
5	multiplying the total statewide market value of class eight
6	property by the taxable percentage RATE "P" provided in
7	<u>15-6-138;</u>
8	(c) B is the total statewide taxable value of all
9	property included in class nine and is determined by
10	multiplying the total statewide market value of class nine
11	property by the taxable percentage provided in 15-6-139;
12	(d) C is the total statewide taxable value of all
13	property described in $15-6-141(1)(a)$, $(1)(b)$, $(1)(d)$, and
14	(1)(e) and is determined by multiplying the total statewide
15	market value of the property described in those subsections
16	by the taxable percentage provided in 15-6-141(2)(a);
17	(e) D is the total statewide taxable value of all
18	property described in 15-6-141(1)(c) and is determined by
19	multiplying the total statewide market value of the property
20	described in 15-6-141(1)(c) by the taxable percentage
21	provided in 15-6-141(2)(b); and
22	(f) E is the total statewide market value of all
23	property included in class eight, class nine, and class
24	eleven.
25	(4) For the purpose of complying with the Railroad
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1	Revitalization and Regulatory Reform Act of 1976, the Tax					
2	Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 1982, and the Motor					
3	Carrier Act of 1980, as they read on [the effective date of					
4	this act]:					
5	(a) the rate "R" referred to in subsection (2) is the					
6	average tax rate generally applicable to commercial and					
7	industrial property in Montana; and					
8	(b) "commercial and industrial property" is all					
9	property included in class eight, class nine, and class					
10	eleven."					
11	Section 9. Section 15-6-141, MCA, is amended to read:					
12	"15-6-141. Class eleven property description					
13	taxable percentage. (1) Class eleven property includes:					
14	(a) centrally assessed electric power companies'					
15	allocations;					
16	(b) allocations for centrally assessed natural gas					
17	companies having a major distribution system in this state;					
18	and					
19	(c) centrally assessed companies' allocations except:					
20	(i) electric power and natural gas companies'					
21	property;					
22	(ii) property owned by cooperative rural electric and					
23	cooperative rural telephone associations and classified in					
24	class five; and					
25	(iii) property owned by organizations providing					

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1 telephone communications to rural areas and classified in 2 class seveny nine; and 3 (iv) motor carrier, airline, and railroad transportation property included in class ten; 4 5 (d) all property used and owned by persons, firms, 6 corporations, or other organizations that are engaged in the business of furnishing telephone communications exclusively 7 8 to rural areas or to rural areas and cities and towns of 800 9 persons or less; and (e) all property owned by cooperative rural electrical 10 and cooperative rural telephone associations that serve less 11 12 than 95% of the electricity consumers or telephone users 13 within the incorporated limits of a city or town where the 14 average circuit miles for each station on the telephone 15 communication system is more than 1 mile. 16 (2) Class eleven property is taxed as follows: (a) Property described in subsection subsections 17 18 (1)(a), and (1)(b), (1)(d), and (1)(e) is taxed at 12% 12.8% 19 of market value. 20 (b) Except as provided in 15-23-202, property 21 described in subsection (1)(c) is taxed at 15% 12.8% of 22 market value." 23 Section 10. Section 15-6-142, MCA, is amended to read: 24 "15-6-142. Class twelve property -- description --25 taxable percentage. (1) Class twelve property includes: all

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1 commercial timberland. tat--a-trailer-or--mobile--home--used--as--a--residence 2 except-when: 3 (i)--held--by--a--distributor--or-dealer-of-trailers-or Δ 5 mobile-homes-as-his-stock-in-trade;-or 6 (ii)-specifically-included-in-another-class-7 fb}--the-first-\$35;000-or-less-of-the-market-value-of-a 8 trailer-or-mobile-home-used--as--a--residence--and--actually 9 occupied--for--at--least--l0--months--a--year-as-the-primary 10 residential-dwelling-of-11 (i)--a-widow-or-widower-62-years-of-age--or--older--who 12 qualifics--under--the--income--limitations--of-fiii)-of-this 13 aubaection; (fit)-a-widow-or--widower--of--any--age--with--dependent 14 15 children-who-qualifies-under-the-income-limitations-of-fiii-16 of-this-subsection--or (iiii)-a---recipient--or--recipients--of--retirement--or 17 18 disability-benefits-whose--total--income--from--all--sources 19 including--otherwise--tax-exempt--income-of-all-types-is-not 20 more-than-\$87000-for--a--single--person--or--\$107000--for--a 21 matried-couplet 22 (2) Commercial timberland is land in one ownership and 23 from--which--is--harvested--30;000-or-more-board-feet-in-anv

25 (A) TIMBERLAND FROM WHICH IS HARVESTED 30,000 OR MORE

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year-during-the-appraisal-cycle: INCLUDING:

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1	BOARD FEET IN ANY YEAR DURING THE APPRAISAL CYCLE; OR
2	(B) TIMBERLAND WHICH IS ENROLLED IN THE PRIVATE
3	FORESTRY ASSISTANCE PROGRAM ADMINISTERED BY THE DEPARTMENT
4	OF STATE LANDS FORESTRY DIVISION, A TIMBER MANAGEMENT PLAN
5	PREPARED AND APPROVED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE LANDS,
6	FORESTRY DIVISION MUST BE FILED WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF
7	REVENUE.
8	(3) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, TIMBER CLEARED TO
9	ESTABLISH AN AGRICULTURAL USE SHALL NOT BE INCLUDED IN THE
10	30,000 BOARD FOOT LIMIT IF THE TIMBER HARVESTED IS NOT USED
11	FOR COMMERCIAL PURPOSES.
12	<pre>+2++3+(4) Class twelve property is taxed as-follows:</pre>
13	<pre>{a}Property-described-in-subsection(1)(a)thatis</pre>
14	notofthe-type-described-in-subsection-(1)(b)-is-taxed-at
15	8-55%-of-its-market-value-
16	<pre>(b)Property-described-in-subsection-(1)(b)istaxed</pre>
17	at8:55%ofitsmarketvalue-multiplied-by-a-percentage
18	figurebasedonincomeanddeterminedfromthetable
19	established-insubsection(2)(b)of15-6-134 at 30% THE
20	PERCENTAGE RATE "P" of the combined appraised value of the
21	standing timber and grazing productivity of the property.
22	(5) FOR TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING JANUARY 1, 1986, AND
23	THEREAFTER, THE TAXABLE PERCENTAGE RATE "P" APPLICABLE TO
24	CLASS TWELVE PROPERTY IS 30%/B, WHERE B IS THE CERTIFIED
25	STATEWIDE PERCENTAGE INCREASE TO BE DETERMINED BY THE

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1	DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (6). THE
2	TAXABLE PERCENTAGE RATE "P" SHALL BE ROUNDED DOWNWARD TO THE
3	NEAREST 0.01% AND SHALL BE CALCULATED BY THE DEPARTMENT
4	BEFORE JULY 1, 1986.
5	(6) (A) PRIOR TO JULY 1, 1986, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL
6	DETERMINE THE CERTIFIED STATEWIDE PERCENTAGE INCREASE FOR
7	CLASS TWELVE PROPERTY USING THE FORMULA $B = X/Y$, where:
8	(I) X IS THE APPRAISED VALUE, AS OF JANUARY 1, 1986,
9	OF ALL PROPERTY IN THE STATE, EXCLUDING USE CHANGES
10	OCCURRING DURING THE PRECEDING YEAR, CLASSIFIED UNDER CLASS
11	TWELVE AS CLASS TWELVE IS DESCRIBED IN THIS SECTION; AND
12 `	(II) Y IS THE APPRAISED VALUE, AS OF JANUARY 1, 1985,
13	OF ALL PROPERTY IN THE STATE THAT, AS OF JANUARY 1, 1986,
14	WOULD BE CLASSIFIED UNDER CLASS TWELVE AS CLASS TWELVE IS
15	DESCRIBED IN THIS SECTION.
16	(B) B SHALL BE ROUNDED DOWNWARD TO THE NEAREST
17	0.0001%.
18	(7) AFTER JULY 1, 1986, NO ADJUSTMENT MAY BE MADE BY
19	THE DEPARTMENT TO THE TAXABLE PERCENTAGE RATE "P" UNTIL A
20	REVALUATION HAS BEEN MADE AS PROVIDED IN 15-7-111."
21	Section 11. Section 15-6-151, MCA, is amended to read:
22	"15-6-151. Application for certain class four
23	classifications. (1) A person applying for classification of
24	property described in subsection (1)(c) (1)(d) or (1)(e) of
25	15-6-134 shall make an affidavit to the department of

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stating: 2 (a) his income; 3 (b) his retirement benefits: 4 5 (c) his marital status: 6 (d) the fact that he maintains the land and improvements as his primary residential dwelling, where 7 applicable; and 8 (e) such other information as is relevant to 9 the applicant's eligibility. 10 (2) This application must be made before March 1 of 11 12 the year after the applicant becomes eligible. The application remains in effect in subsequent years unless 13 there is a change in the applicant's eligibility. The 14 taxpayer shall inform the department of any change in 15 eligibility. The department may inquire by mail whether any 16 change in eligibility has taken place and may require a new 17 18 statement of eligibility at any time it considers necessary. 19 (3) The affidavit is sufficient if the applicant signs a statement affirming the correctness of the information 20 supplied, whether or not the statement is signed before a 21 person authorized to administer oaths, and mails the 22 application and statement to the department of revenue. 23 24 This signed statement shall be treated as a statement under 25 oath or equivalent affirmation for the purposes of 45 7-202,

revenue, on a form provided by the department without cost,

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1 relating to the criminal offense of false swearing."

Section 12. Section 15-7-202, MCA, is amended to read: "15-7-202. Eligibility of land for valuation as agricultural. (1) Land which is actively devoted to sagricultural use shall be eligible for valuation, assessment, and taxation as herein provided each year it meets any of the following qualifications:

8 (a) the area of such land is not less than 5
9 contiguous acres when measured in accordance with provisions
10 of 15-7-206, and it has been actively devoted to agriculture
11 during the last growing season, and it continues to be
12 actively devoted to agricultural use, which means:

13 (i) it is used to produce field crops including but
14 not limited to grains, feed crops, fruits, vegetables; or

(ii) it is used for grazing and it is not classified as

16 commercial timberland as defined in 15-6-142; or

17 (iii)-it-is-used-for-growing-timberg-or

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18 (iv)(iii) it is in a cropland retirement program; or

(b) it agriculturally produces for sale or home
consumption the equivalent of 15% or more of the owners'
annual gross income regardless of the number of contiguous
acres in the ownership; or

(c) it is used to raise animals in confined areas for
the production of food or fiber, including but not limited
to livestock, feedlots, dairies, fish hatcheries, and

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1	poultry farms.	1	consideration of the cancellation or surrender of subsidiary		
. 2	(2) Land shall not be classified or valued as	2	stock;		
3	agricultural if it is subdivided with stated restrictions	3	(8) a transfer of decedents' estates;		
4	prohibiting its use for agricultural purposes.	4	(9) a transfer of a gift;		
5	(3) The grazing on land by a horse or other animals	5	(10) a transfer between husband and wife or parent and		
6	kept as a hobby and not as a part of a bona fide	6	child with only nominal actual consideration therefor;		
7	agricultural enterprise shall not be considered a bona fide	· 7	(ll) an instrument the effect of which is to transfer		
8	agricultural operation."	8	the property to the same party or parties;		
9	Section 13. Section 15-7-307, MCA, is amended to read:	9	(12) a sale for delinquent taxes or assessments,		
10	"15-7-307. Certificate exceptions. The certificate	10	sheriff sale, bankruptcy action, or mortgage foreclosure;		
11	imposed by this part shall not apply to:	11	(13) a transfer made in contemplation of death τ_{i} or		
12	(1) an instrument recorded prior to July 1, 1975;	12	(14) the sale of timberland when the land is classified		
13	(2) the sale of agricultural land when the land is	13	for tax purposes as commercial timberland."		
14	used for agricultural purposes;	14	Section 14. Section 15-8-111, MCA, is amended to read:		
15	(3) the United States of America, this state, or any	15	"15-8-111. Assessment market value standard		
16	instrumentality, agency, or subdivision thereof;	16	exceptions. (1) All taxable property must be assessed at		
17	(4) an instrument which (without added consideration)	17	100% of its market value except as provided in subsection		
18	confirms, corrects, modifies, or supplements a previously	18	(5) of this section and in 15-7-111 through 15-7-114.		
19	recorded instrument;	19	(2) (a) Market value is the value at which property		
20	(5) a transfer pursuant to court decree;	20	would change hands between a willing buyer and a willing		
21	(6) a transfer pursuant to mergers, consolidations, or	21	seller, neither being under any compulsion to buy or to sell		
22	reorganizations of corporations, partnerships, or other	22	and both having reasonable knowledge of relevant facts.		
23	business entities;	23	23 (b) The market value of all motor-trucks;-agricultural		
24	(7) a transfer by a subsidiary corporation to its	24	tools7-implements7-and-machimery7-and-vehicles-of-all-kinds7		
25	parent corporation without actual consideration or in sole	25	including-but-notlimitedtomotorcycles7aircraft7and		
	-29- SB 48		-30- SB 48		

boats--and--all-watercraft, property included in class seven 1 appraised value. 1 (4) The taxable value for all property in classes four 2 2 is the average wholesale value shown in national appraisal through eleven is the percentage of market value established 3 quides and manuals or the value of the vehicle before 3 4 reconditioning and profit margin. The department of revenue 4 for each class of property in 15-6-134 through 15-6-141. prepare valuation schedules showing the average 5 5 shall 6 wholesale value when no national appraisal guide exists. 6 7 7 (c) The market value of all commercial property other than real property and improvements is the average - retail 8 8 9 value-shown-in-one-or-more--national--appraisal--quides--and ٩ 10 10 manuals-chosen-by-the-department-of-revenue---The-department 11 shall-prepare-valuation-schedules-showing-the-average-retail 11 12 value-when-no-national-appraisal-quide-exists-12 td)--Por-real-property-and-improvements7-in-the-absence 13 13 of--contradictory--market--data-information_-market-value-is 14 14 15 15 considered--to--be--replacement--cost--depreciated- TO BE 16 16 DETERMINED IN THE SAME MANNER THAT MARKET VALUE WAS lands for tax purposes. 17 DETERMINED BEFORE [THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS ACT] EXCEPT TO 17 THE EXTENT THAT A SALES-ASSESSMENT RATIO STUDY INDICATES 18 18 THAT A DIFFERENT VALUE WOULD MORE CLOSELY APPOOXIMATE MARKET 19 19 20 20 VALUE. 21 21 (3) The department of revenue or its agents may not adopt a lower or different standard of value from market 22 22 23 value in making the official assessment and appraisal of the

(5) The assessed value of properties in 15-6-131 through 15-6-133 is as follows: (a) Properties in 15-6-131, under class one, are assessed at 100% of the annual net proceeds after deducting the expenses specified and allowed by 15-23-503. (b) Properties in 15-6-132 under class two are assessed at 100% of the annual gross proceeds. (c) Properties in 15-6-133 under class three are assessed at 100% of the productive capacity of the lands when valued for agricultural purposes. All lands that meet the qualifications of 15-7-202 are valued as agricultural (d) Properties in 15-6-142, under class twelve, are assessed at 100% of the combined appraised value of the standing timber and grazing productivity. (6) Land and the improvements thereon are separately assessed when any of the following conditions occur: (a) ownership of the improvements is different from

- 23 ownership of the land; 24
 - (b) the taxpaver makes a written request: or
- 25 (c) the land is outside an incorporated city or town.

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value of property in 15-6-134 through 15-6-140 15-6-141.

For purposes of taxation, assessed value is the same as

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1 (7) The taxable value of all property in 15-6-131 and 2 classes two, and three, and twelve is the percentage of 3 assessed value established in 15-6-131(2), 15-6-132, and 4 15-6-133, and 15-6-142 for each class of property."

5 Section 15. Section 15-16-611, MCA, is amended to 6 read:

"15-16-611. Reduction of property tax for property 7 8 destroyed by natural disaster. (1) The department of revenue shall, upon showing by a taxpayer that some or all of the 9 10 improvements on his real property or a trailer or mobile home fas described in 15-6-134(1)(c) have been destroyed to 11 such an extent that such improvements have been rendered 12 unsuitable for their previous use by natural disaster, 13 adjust the tax due and payable for the current year on the 14 property under 15-16-102 as provided in subsection (2) of 15 16 this section.

17 (2) To determine the amount of tax due for destroyed 18 property, the county treasurer shall multiply the amount of 19 tax levied and assessed on the property for the year by the 20 ratio that the number of days in the year that the property 21 existed before destruction bears to 365.

(3) This section does not apply to delinquent taxes
owed on the destroyed property for a year prior to the year
in which the property was destroyed.

25 (4) For the purposes of this section, "natural

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disaster" includes but is not limited to fire, flood, earthquake, or wind."

3 Section 16. Section 15-23-202, MCA, is amended to 4 read:

5 "15-23-202. Assessment -- how made. (1) The department must assess the franchise, roadway, roadbed, 6 7 rails, rolling stock, and all other operating properties of all railroads operated in more than one county or more than B 9 one state. All rolling stock must be assessed in the name of 10 the person owning, leasing, or using the same. Assessment 11 must be made to the person owning or leasing or using the 12 same and must be made upon the entire railroad within the state. The depots, stations, shops, and buildings erected 13 14 upon the space covered by the right-of-way and all other property owned or leased by such person, except as above 15 provided, shall be assessed by the department. 16

17 (2) In determining the taxable value of railroad 18 property, the department may--modify shall determine the 19 percentage multiplier provided for in 15-6-141 <u>15-6-140</u> in 20 order to achieve compliance with the requirements of the 21 federal Railroad Revitalization and Regulatory Reform Act of 22 1976, as amended."

23 Section 17. Section 15-7-111, MCA, is amended to read:
24 "15-7-111. Periodic revaluation of taxable property.
25 The (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), the department

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of revenue shall administer and supervise a program for the 1 revaluation of all taxable property within the state at 2 least every 5 years. A comprehensive written plan of 3 rotation shall be promulgated by the department fixing the 4 order of revaluation of property in each county on the basis 5 of the last revaluation of taxable property in each county 6 7 prior to July 1, 1974, in order to adjust the disparities 8 therein between the counties. The plan of rotation so 9 adopted shall provide that all property in each county shall be revalued at least every 5 years or that no less than 20% 10 of the property in each county shall be revalued in each 11 year. The department shall furnish a copy of the plan and 12 13 all amendments thereto to each county assessor and the board of county commissioners in each county. 14

15 (2) All property in class eight, class nine, class
16 ten, and class eleven shall be revalued annually under a
17 program developed, administered, and supervised by the
18 department."

19 Section 18. Section 15-8-104, MCA, is amended to read: 20 "15-8-104. Department audit of taxable value -- costs 21 of audit paid by department. (1) When in the judgment of the 22 director of revenue it is necessary, audits may be made for 23 the purpose of determining the taxable value of net proceeds 24 of mines and oil and gas wells and all other types of 25 property subject to ad valorem taxation.

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1	(2) The department of revenue shall conduct audits of
2	the assessment of property in class eight and class nine to
3	assure that the value of the property in those classes
4	reflects market value. IF THE DEPARTMENT DETERMINES THAT A
5	SALES-ASSESSMENT RATIO STUDY IS APPLICABLE, HELPFUL IN
6	DETERMINING TRUE MARKET VALUE, AND REASONABLY AVAILABLE, IT
7	MAY USE SUCH STUDY AS AN AUDIT TOOL.
8	<pre>(2)(3) The cost of the any audit performed under</pre>
9	subsection (1) or (2) shall be paid by the department."
10	SECTION 19. SECTION 15-6-133, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:
11	"15-6-133. Class three property description
12	taxable percentage. (1) Class three property includes
13	agricultural land as defined in 15-7-202.
14	(2) Class three property is taxed at 30% <u>the</u>
15	percentage rate "P" of its productive capacity.
16	(3) For taxable years beginning January 1, 1986, and
17	thereafter, the taxable percentage rate "P" applicable to
18	class three property is 30%/B, where B is the certified
19	statewide percentage increase to be determined by the
20	department of revenue as provided in subsection (4). The
21	taxable percentage rate "P" shall be rounded downward to the
22	nearest 0.01% and shall be calculated by the department of
23	revenue before July 1, 1986.
24	(4) (a) Deise ha Tulu 1 1005 the department shall
	(4) (a) Prior to July 1, 1986, the department shall
25	determine the certified statewide percentage increase for

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1	class three property using the formula $B = X/Y$, where:
2	(i) X is the appraised value, as of January 1, 1986,
3	of all property in the state, excluding agricultural use
4	changes occurring during the preceding year, classified
5	under class three as class three is described in this
6	section; and
7	(ii) Y is the appraised value, as of January 1, 1985,
8	of all property in the state that, as of January 1, 1986,
9	would be classified under class three as class three is
10	described in this section.
11	(b) B shall be rounded downward to the nearest
12	0.0001%.
13	(5) After July 1, 1986, no adjustment may be made by
14	the department to the taxable percentage rate "P" applicable
15	to class three property until a revaluation has been made as
16	provided in 15-7-111."
17	NEW SECTION. Section 20. Extension of authority. (1)
18	Any existing authority of the department of revenue to make
19	rules on the subject of the provisions of this act is
20	extended to the provisions of this act.

(2) The department may initiate rulemaking proceedings
under this section on or after the date on which this act is
passed and approved, but no rule adopted under this section
may be made effective before January 1, 1986.

25 NEW SECTION. Section 21. Severability. If a part of

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this act is invalid, all valid parts that are severable from the invalid part remain in effect. If a part of this act is invalid in one or more of its applications, the part remains in effect in all valid applications that are severable from the invalid applications.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 22. Effective dates. (1) This
act, except section 19 <u>20</u> and this section, is effective
January 1, 1986.

9 (2) Section ±9 20 and this section are effective on
10 passage and approval.

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-	STANDING COMMITTEE REPORT				
٦	HOUSE MARCH 2B 19 85		SENATE BILL NO. 48 Amendments	MARCH 28 Page 2 of 3	19 <u>9.5</u>
)	MRSPEAKER		3. Page 10, line 10. Following: "(5)" Strike: the remainder of line 10 through line 12 Insert: "For taxable years beginning January 1, 1987, and for every taxable year thereafter, the department shall, before July 1 of each year, determine the taxable percentage rate "P" applicable to class for property. The determination shall be made as provide in subsection (6). (6) P = A/B where: (a) P is the taxable percentage rate applicable to class four property for the calendar year beginning		
	FED. LAW; 12 CLASSES		January 1 in the year taxable percentage rate the nearest 0.01%. (b) A is the taxa to class four property for the immediately pro- (c) B is the increase, to be determ formula B = X/Y, where (i) X is the app	in which P is calculated "P" must be rounded downw ble percentage rate P appl as established by the depa ceding year. certified statewide perc ned by the department, usi raised value, as of Januar	. The ard to icable rtment entage ng the y 1 of
	Respectfully report as follows: That	• C. •	property in the stat additions, or delet: preceding year, classi four is described in th as class eight is descr (ii) Y is the app the year for which J	is being calculated, or e, excluding new constru- ons of property during fied under class four as its section and under class ibed in [section 6]; and oraised value, as of Januar is being calculated, or	ction, g the class eight y 1 of of all
	<pre>be amended as follows: 1. Page 10, line 3. Following: "<u>SECTION</u>" Insert: "and class eight property as class eight is</pre>		for which P is being under class four as c section and under cl described in [section (hat, as of January 1 of th calculated, would be clas lass four is described in ass eight as class eig]; and ounded downward to the n	sified h this ht is
	2. Page 10, line 7. Following: " <u>SECTION</u> " Insert: "and class eight property as class eight is described in [section 6]"		 4. Page 15, line 12. Following: ""P"" Insert: "applicable to class 15-6-134," 5. Pages 15 through 17. Following: line 12 on page Strike: the remainder of page 15. 	15	
,	DCR RASEX		Strike; the remainder of pe	ge is enrough time is on p	196 I <i>I</i>
)	(CONTINUED)			(CONTINUED)	~
	Chairman,				Chairman.

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6. Page 24, line 22. Following: "land" Insert: "of not less than 5 contiguous acres" Following: "ownership" Insert: "that is capable of producing timber of commercial quality that can be economically harvested in commercial quantity." 7. Pages 24 and 25. Strike: "INCLUDING:" on line 24 of page 24 through line 11 on page 25 8. Page 32, line 6. Following: "15-6-133" Insert: "and 15-6-142" 9. Page 32, line 17. Following: "(d)" Strike: "Properties" Insert: "(i) For the period beginning [the effective date of this act] and ending December 31, 1990, properties" 10. Page 32, line 18. Following: "Value of the"'' Insert: ": (A)" 11. Page 32, line 19. Following: "timber" Insert: ", to be determined by the department under sections 42.20.113 through 42.20.116, A.R.M., as those sections read on [the effective date of this act] and as those sections apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1985; Following: "and" Insert: "(B) Following: "productivity" Insert: "to be determined by the department under sections 42.20.141 and 42.20.142, A.R.M., as those sections read on [the effective date of this act] and as those sections apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1985. (ii) The department may adopt rules for the revaluation of class twelve properties or properties considered grazing land for the purposes of sections

considered grazing land for the purposes of sections 42.20.141 and 42.20.142, A.R.M., or revise sections 42.20.113 through 42.20.116, 42.20.141, or 42.20.142, A.R.M., prior to December 31, 1990, but no rules so adopted or amended may be made effective before January 1, 1991"

AND AS AMENDED, WITHOUT RECOMMENDATION

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Chairman. GERRY DEVLIN,