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SENATE BILL NO. 35
INTRODUCED BY NORMAN
BY REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE
AND THE REVENUE OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE
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## IN THE SENATE

January 8, 1985
January 14, 1985

January 15, 1985
January 26, 1985

January 28, 1985

January 29, 1985
January 30, 1985
January 31, 1985

February 27, 1985

March 11, 1985

March 13, 1985
March 15, 1985

Fiscal Note requested.
Introduced and referred to Committee on Taxation.

Fiscal Note returned.
Committee recommend bill do pass. Report adopted.

Bill printed and placed on members' desks.

Second reading, do pass.
Considered correctly engrossed.
Third reading, passed. Ayes, 49; Noes, 0.

Transmitted to House.

IN THE HOUSE
Introduced and referred to Committee on Business and Labor.

Committee recommend bill be concurred in. Report adopted.

Second reading, concurred in.
Third reading, concurred in.
Returned to Senate.

## IN THE SENATE

March 15, 1985
March 16, 1985

Received from House.
Sent to enrolling.
Reported correctly enrolled.
$\qquad$ BILL NO. 35

INTRODUCED BY NORMAN
BY REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND THE REVENUE OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT DEFINING SUBWAREHOUSE; REVISING THE DEFINITION OF WAREHOUSE; ESTABLISHING AN ANNUAL LICENSE FEE FOR A BEER WHOLESALER AND TABLE WINE DISTRIBUTOR SUBWAREHOUSE; AMENDING SECTIONS 16-1-106 AND 16-4-501, MCA; and providing effective dates. ${ }^{n}$
be it enacted by the legislature of the state of montana:
Section 1. Section 16-1-106, MCA, is amended to read:
"16-1-106. Definitions. As used in this code, the following definitions apply:
(1) "Agency agreement" means an agreement between the department and a person appointed to sell liquor as a commission merchant rather than as an employee.
(2) "Alcohol" means ethyl alcohol, also called ethanol, or the hydrated oxide of ethyl.
(3) "Alcoholic beverage" means a compound produced and sold for human consumption as a drink that contains more than $.5 \%$ of alcohol by volume.
(4) "Beer" means a malt beverage containing not more than $7 \%$ of alcohol by weight.
(5) "Brewer" means a person who produces malt beverages.
(6) "Department" means the department of revenue.
(7) "Immediate family" means a spouse, dependent children, or dependent parents.
(8) "Industrial use" means a use described as industrial use by the federal Alcohol Administration Act and the federal rules and regulations of 27 CFR.
(9) "Liquor" means an alcoholic beverage except beer and table wine.
(10) "Malt beverage" means an alcoholic beverage made by the fermentation of an infusion or decoction, or a combination of both, in potable brewing water, of malted barley with or without hops or their parts or their products and with or without other malted cereals and with or without the additior of unmalted or prepared cereals, other carbohydrates, or products prepared therefrom and with or without other wholesome products suitable for human food consumption.
(11) "Package" means a container or receptacle used for holding an alcoholic beverage.
(12) "Posted price" means the retail price of liquor as fixed and determined by the department and in addition thereto an excise and license tax as provided in this code.
(13) "Proof gallon" means a U.S. gallon of liquor at 60
degrees on the Fahrenheit scale that contains $50 \%$ of alcohol by volume.
(14) "Public place" means a place, building, or conveyance to which the public has or may be permitted to have access and any place of public resort.
(15) "Rules" means rules published by the department pursuant to this code.
(16) "State liquor facility" means a facility owned or under control of the department for the purpose of receiving, storing, transporting, or selling alcoholic beverages.
(17) "State liquor store" means a retail store operated by the department in accordance with this code for the purpose of selling liquor.
(18) "Storage depot" means a building or structure owned or operated by a brewer at any point in the state of Montana off and away from the premises of a brewery, and which structure is equipped with refrigeration or cooling apparatus for the storage of beer and from which a brewer may sell or distribute beer as permitted by this code.
(19) "Subwarehouse" means a building or structure owned or operated by a licensed beer wholesaler or table wine distributor, located at a site in Montana other than the site of such beer wholesaler's or table wine distributor's warehouse or principal place of business, and used for the

## receiving, storage, and distribution of beer or table wine

 as permitted by this code.$+ \pm 9+(20)$ "Table wine" means wine as defined below which contains not more than $14 \%$ alcohol by volume.
$\boldsymbol{+} \boldsymbol{z} \boldsymbol{\dagger}(21)$ "Warehouse" means a building or structure located in Montana owned or operated by a licensed beer wholesaler or table wine distributor for the receiving, storage, and distribution of beer or table wine as permitted by this code.
t立t广(22) "Wine" means an alcoholic beverage made from the normal alcoholic fermentation of the juice of sound, ripe fruit or other agricultural products without addition or abstraction, except as may occur in the usual cellar treatment of clarifying and aging, and that contains not less than $7 \%$ or more than $24 \%$ of alcohol by volume. Wine may be ameliorated to correct natural deficiencies, sweetened, and fortified in accordance with applicable federal regulations and the customs and practices of the industry. Other alcoholic beverages not defined as above but made in the manner of wine and labeled and sold as wine in accordance with federal regulations are also wine."

Section 2. Section 16-4-501, MCA, is amended to read:
"16-4-501. License and permit fees. (1) Each beer licensee licensed to sell either beer or table wine only, or both beer and table wine, under the provisions of this code,

## shall pay an annual license fee as follows:

(a) each brewer, wherever located, whose product is sold or offered for sale within the state, $\$ 500$; for each storage depot, $\$ 400$;
(b) each beer wholesaler, $\$ 400$; each table wine distributor, $\$ 400$; each subwarehouse, $\$ 400$;
(c) each beer retailer, $\$ 200$; with a wine license amendment, an additional $\$ 200$;
(d) for a license to sell beer at retail for off-premises consumption only, the same as a retail beer license; for a license to sell table wine at retail for off-premises consumption only, either alone or in conjunction with beer, $\$ 200$;
(e) any unit of a nationally chartered veterans' organization, $\$ 50$.
(2) The permit fee under 16-4-301(1) is computed at the rate of $\$ 15$ a day for each day beer and table wine are sold at those events lasting 2 or more days but in no case be less than $\$ 30$.
(3) The permit fee under 16-4-301(2) is $\$ 10$ for the sale of beer and table wine only or $\$ 20$ for the sale of all alcoholic beverages.
(4) Passenger carrier licenses shall be issued upon payment by the applicant of an annual license fee in the sum of $\$ 300$.
(5) The annual license fee for a license to sell wine on the premises, when issued as an amendment to a beer-only license, is $\$ 200$.
(6) The annual fee for resort retail liquor licenses within a given resort area shall be $\$ 2,000$ for each license.
(7) Each licensee licensed under the quotas of 16-4-201 shall pay an annual license fee as follows:
(a) except as hereinafter provided, for each license outside of incorporated cities and incorporated towns or in incorporated cities and incorporated towns with a population of less than 2,000 , $\$ 250$ for a unit of a nationally chartered veterans' organization and $\$ 400$ for all other licensees;
(b) except as hereinafter provided, for each license in incorporated cities with a population of more than 2,000 and less than 5,000 or within a distance of 5 miles thereof, measured in a straight line from the nearest entrance of the premises to be licensed to the nearest boundary of such city, $\$ 350$ for a unit of a nationally chartered veterans' organization and $\$ 500$ for all other licensees;
(c) except as hereinafter provided, for each license in incorporated cities with a population of more than 5,000 and less than 10,000 or withis a distance of 5 miles thereof, measured in a straight line from the nearest entrance of the premises to be licensed to the nearest
boundary of such city, $\$ 500$ for $a$ unit of a nationally chartered veterans' organization and $\$ 650$ for all other licensees;
(d) for each license in incorporated cities with a population of 10,000 or more or within a distance of 5 miles thereof, measured in a straight line from the nearest entrance of the premises to be licensed to the nearest boundary of such city, $\$ 650$ for a unit of a nationally chartered veterans' organization and $\$ 800$ for all ather licensees;
(e) the distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of any incorporated cities and incorporated towns is measured in a straight line from the nearest entrance of the premises to be licensed to the nearest boundary of such city or town; and where the premises of the applicant to be licensed are situated within 5 miles of the corporate boundaries of two or more incorporated cities or incorporated towns of different populations, the license fee chargeable by the larger incorporated city or incorporated town applies and shall be paid by the applicant. When the premises of the applicant to be licensed are situated within an incorporated town or incorporated city and any portion of the incorporated town or incorporated city is without a 5-mile limit, the license fee chargeable by the smaller incorporated town or incorporated city applies and shall be
paid by the applicant.
(f) an applicant for the issuance of an original license to be located in areas described in subsection (d) of this subsection shall provide an irrevocable letter of credit from a financial institution that guarantees that applicant's ability to pay a $\$ 20,000$ license fee. A successful applicant shall pay a one-time original license fee of $\$ 20,000$ for any such license issued. The one-time 1icense fee of $\mathbf{\$ 2 0 , 0 0 0}$ shall not apply to any transfer or renewal of a license duly issued prior to July l, 1974. All licenses, however, are subject to the annual renewal fee.
(B) The fee for one all-beverage license to a public airport shall be $\$ 800$. This license is nontransferable.
(9) The license fees herein provided for are exclusive of and in addition to other license fees chargeable in Montana for the sale of alcoholic beverages.
(10) In addition to other license fees, the department of revenue may require a licensee to pay a late fee of $331 / 3 \%$ of any license fee delinquent on July 1 of the renewal year, $662 / 3 \%$ of any license fee delinquent on August 1 of the renewal year, and $100 \%$ of any license fee delinquent on September $I$ of the renewal year."

NEW SECTION. Section 3. Extension of authority. Any existing authority of the department of revenue to make rules on the subject of the provisions of this act is

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extended to the provisions of this act.
NEW SECTION. Section 4. Authority to proceed with rulemaking. The department of revenue may initiate rulemaking proceedings under section 3 on or after passage and approval of this act, but no rules under section 3 may be made effective prior to the effective date of sections 1 and 2.
NEW SECTION. Section 5. Effective dates. (1) Sections 1 and 2 and this subsection (1) are effective July 1 , 1985.
(2) Sections 3 and 4 and this subsection (2) are effective on passage and approval.
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Form BD-15

In compliance with a written request received January 8 , 1985 , there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for SB 35 pursuant to Title 5, Chapter 4, Part 2 of the Montana Code Annotated (MCA). Background information used in developing this Fiscal Note is available from the Office of Budget and Program Planning, to members of the Legislature upon request.

## DESCRIPTION

An act defining subwarehouse; revising the definition of warehouse; establishing an annual license fee for a beer wholesailer and table wine distributor subwarehouse; amending sections $16-1-106$ and $16-1-4-501$, MCA; and providing effective dates.

## FISCAL IMPACT

The Department of Revenue is already charging subwarehouses an annual license fee of $\$ 400$ even though this is not opecifically written in the statutes. (The revenue collected from subwarehouse fees in FY 84 was $\$ 5,600$.) Therefore, no additional revenue will be collected as a result of this bill.


BUDGET DIRECTOR Office of Budget and Program Planning

Date:


APPROVED BY COMMITTEE ON TAXATION
$\qquad$ BILL NO. $\qquad$
INTRODUCED BY NORMAN

## BY REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

and the revenue oversight committee

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT DEFINING SUBWAREHOUSE; REVISING THE DEFINITION OF WAREHOUSE; ESTABLISHING AN ANNUAL LICENSE FEE FOR A BEER WHOLESALER AND TABLE WINE DISTRIBUTOR SUBWAREHOUSE; AMENDING SECTIONS 16-1-106 AND 16-4-501, MCA; AND PROVIDING EFFECTIVE DATES."

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
Section 1. Section 16-1-106, MCA, is amended to read: "16-1-106. Definitions. As used in this code, the following definitions apply:
(1) "Agency agreement" means an agreement between the department and a person appointed to sell liquor as a comission merchant rather than as an employee.
(2) "Alcohol" means ethyl alcohol, also called ethanol, or the hydrated oxide of ethyl.
(3) "Alcoholic beverage" means a compound produced and sold for human consumption as a drink that contains more than $.5 \%$ of alcohol by volume.
(4) "Beer" means a malt beverage containing not more than 7\% of alcohol by weight.
(5) "Brewer" means a person who produces malt beverages.
(6) "Department" means the department of revenue.
(7) "Immediate family" means a spouse, dependent children, or dependent parents.
(B) "Industrial use" means a use described as industrial use by the federal Alcohol Administration Act and the federal rules and regulations of 27 CFR.
(9) "Liquor" means an alcoholic beverage except beer and table wine.
(10) "Malt beverage" means an alcoholic beverage made by the fermentation of an infusion or decoction, or a combination of both, in potable brewing water, of malted barley with or without hops or their parts or their products and with or without other malted cereals and with or without the addition of unmalted or prepared cereals, other carbohydrates, or products prepared therefrom and with or without other wholesome products suitable for human food consumption.
(11) "Package" means a container or receptacle used for holding an alcoholic beverage.
(12) "Posted price" means the retail price of liquor as fixed and determined by the department and in addition thereto an excise and license tax as provided in this code.
(13) "Proof gallon" means a U.S. gallon of liquor at 60
degrees on the Fahrenheit scale that contains $50 \%$ of alcohol by volume.
(14) "Public place" means a place, building, or conveyance to which the public has or may be permitted to have access and any place of public resort.
(15) "Rules" means rules published by the department pursuant to this code.
(16) "State liquor facility" means a facility owned or under control of the department for the purpose of receiving, storing, transporting, or selling alcoholic beverages.
(17) "State liquor store" means a retail store operated by the department in accordance with this code for the purpose of selling liquor.
(18) "Storage depot" means a building or structure owned or operated by a brewer at any point in the state of Montana off and away from the premises of a brewery, and which structure is equipped with refrigeration or cooing apparatus for the storage of beer and from which a brewer may sell or distribute beer as permitted by this code.
(19) "Subwarehouse" means a building or structure owned or operated by a licensed beer wholesaler or table wine distributor, located at a site in Montana other than the site of such beer wholesaler's or table wine distributor's warehouse or principal place of business, and used for the

## receiving, storage, and distribution of beer or table wine

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$f z \pm+(22)$ "Wine" means an alcoholic beverage made from the normal alcoholic fermentation of the juice of sound, ripe fruit or other agricultural products without addition or abstraction, except as may occur in the usual cellar treatment of clarifying and aging, and that contains not less than 78 or more than $24 \%$ of alcohol by volume. Wine may be ameliorated to correct natural deficiencies, sweetened, and fortified in accordance with applicable federal regulations and the customs and practices of the industry. Other alcoholic beverages not defined as above but made in the manner of wine and labeled and sold as wine in accordance with federal regulations are also wine."

Section 2. Section 16-4-501, MCA, is amended to read:
"16-4-501. License and permit fees. (1) Each beer Iicensee licensed to sell either beer or table wine only, or both beer and table wine, under the provisions of this code,
shall pay an annual license fee as follows:
(a) each brewer, wherever located, whose product is sold or offered for sale within the state, $\$ 500$; for each storage depot, \$400;
(b) each beer wholesaler, \$400; each table wine distributor, $\$ 400$; each subwarehouse, $\$ 400$;
(c) each beer retailer, $\$ 200$; with a wine license amendment, an additional \$200;
(d) for a license to sell beer at retail for off-premises consumption only, the same as a retail beer license; for a license to sell table wine at retail for off-premises consumption only, either alone or in conjunction with beer, $\$ 200$;
(e) any unit of a nationally chartered veterans" organization, $\$ 50$.
(2) The permit fee under 16-4-301(1) is computed at the rate of $\$ 15$ a day for each day beer and table wine are sold at those events lasting 2 or more days but in no case be less than $\$ 30$.
(3) The permit fee under 16-4-301(2) is $\$ 10$ for the sale of beer and table wine only or $\$ 20$ for the sale of all alcoholic beverages.
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(7) Each licensee licensed under the quotas of 16-4-201 shall pay an annual license fee as follows:
(a) except as hereinafter provided, for each license outside of incorporated cities and incorporated towns or in incorporated cities and incorporated towns with a population of less than $2,000, \$ 250$ for a unit of a nationally chartered veterans, organization and $\$ 400$ for all other 1icensees;
(b) except as hereinafter provided, for each license in incorporated cities with a population of more than 2,000 and less than 5,000 or within a distance of 5 miles thereof, measured in a straight line from the nearest entrance of the premises to be licensed to the nearest boundary of such city, $\$ 350$ for a unit of a nationally chartered veterans' organization and $\$ 500$ for all other licensees;
(c) except as hereinafter provided, for each license in incorporated cities with a population of more than 5,000 and less than 10,000 or within a distance of 5 miles thereof, measured in a straight line from the nearest entrance of the premises to be licensed to the nearest
boundary of such city, $\$ 500$ for a unit of a nationally chartered veterans' organization and $\$ 650$ for all other licensees:
(d) for each license in incorporated cities with a population of 10,000 or more or within a distance of 5 miles thereof, measured in a straight line from the nearest entrance of the premises to be licensed to the nearest boundary of such city, $\$ 650$ for a unit of a nationally chartered veterans' organization and $\$ 800$ for all other licensees:
(e) the distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of any incorporated cities and incorporated towns is measured in a straight line from the nearest entrance of the premises to be licensed to the nearest boundary of such city or town; and where the premises of the applicant to be licensed are situated within 5 miles of the corporate boundaries of two or more incorporated cities or incorporated towns of different populations, the license fee chargeable by the larger incorporated city or incorporated town applies and shall be paid by the applicant. When the premises of the applicant to be licensed are situated within an incorporated town or incorporated city and any portion of the incorporated town or incorporated city is without a 5-mile limit, the license fee chargeable by the smaller incorporated town or incorporated city applies and shall be
paid by the applicant.
(f) an applicant for the issuance of an original license to be located in areas described in subsection (d) of this subsection shall provide an irrevocable letter of credit from a financial institution that guarantees that applicant's ability to pay a $\$ 20,000$ license fee. A successful applicant shall pay a one-time original license fee of $\$ 20,000$ for any such license issued. The one-time license fee of $\$ 20,000$ shall not apply to any transfer or renewal of a license duly issued prior to July 1, 1974. All licenses, however, are subject to the annual renewal fee.
(8) The fee for one all-beverage license to a public airport shall be $\$ 800$. This license is nontransferable.
(9) The license fees herein provided for are exclusive of and in adaition to other license fees chargeable in Montana for the sale of alcoholic beverages.
(10) In addition to other license fees, the department of revenue may require a licensee to pay a late fee of $331 / 38$ of any license fee delinquent on July 1 of the renewal year, $662 / 38$ of any license fee delinquent on August 1 of the renewal year, and $100 \%$ of any license fee delinquent on September 1 of the renewal year."

NEW SECTION. Section 3. Extension of authority. Any existing authority of the department of revenue to make rules on the subject of the provisions of this act is

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SENATE BILL NO. $\quad 35$
INTRODUCED BY NORMAN
by request of the department of revenue and the revenue oversight committee
A bill for an act entitled: "an act defining subwarehouse; revising the definition of harehouse; establishing an annual License fee for a beer wholesaler and table wine distributor Subwarehouse; amending sections 16-1-106 and 16-4-501, mCA; and providing effective dates."
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THIRD READING 5835
degrees on the Fahrenheit scale that contains $50 \%$ of alcohol by volume.
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(c) each beer retailer, \(\$ 200\); with a wine license amendment, an additional \$200;
(d) for a license to sell beer at retail for off-premises consumption only, the same as a retail beer license; for a license to sell table wine at retail for off-premises consumption only, either alone or in conjunction with beer, \(\$ 200\);
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(3) The permit fee under 16-4-301(2) is \(\$ 10\) for the sale of beer and table wine only or \(\$ 20\) for the sale of all alcoholic beverages.
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(c) except as hereinafter provided, for each license in incorporated cities with a population of more than 5,000 and less than 10,000 or within a distance of 5 miles thereof, measured in a straight line from the nearest entrance of the premises to be licensed to the nearest
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## paid by the applicant.

(f) an applicant for the issuance of an original license to be located in areas described in subsection (d) of this subsection shall provide an irrevocable letter of credit from a financial institution that guarantees that applicant's ability to pay a $\$ 20,000$ license fee. A successful applicant shall pay a one-time original license fee of $\$ 20,000$ for any such license issued. The one-time license fee of $\$ 20,000$ shall not apply to any transfer or renewal of a license duly issued prior to July l, 1974. All licenses, however, are subject to the annual renewal fee.
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NEW SECTION. Section 3. Extension of authority. Any existing authority of the department of revenue to make rules on the subject of the provisions of this act is
extended to the provisions of this act.
NEW SECTION. Section 4. Authority to proceed with rulemaking. The department of revenue may initiate rulemaking proceedings under section 3 on or after passage and approval of this act, but no rules under section 3 may be made effective prior to the effective date of sections 1 and 2.

NEW SECTION. Section 5. Effective dates. (1) Sections 1 and 2 and this subsection (1) are effective July 1, 1985.
(2) Sections 3 and 4 and this subsection (2) are effective on passage and approval.
-End-

## SENATE BILL NO. 35

## INTRODUCED BY NORMAN

EY REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND THE REVENUE OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT DEFINING SUBWAREHOUSE; REVISING THE DEFINITION OF WAREHOUSE: ESTABLISHING AN ANNUAL LICENSE FEE FOR A BEER WHOLESALER AND TABLE WINE DISTRIBUTOR SUBWAREHOUSE; AMENDING SECTIONS 16-1-106 AND 16-4-501, MCA; AND PROVIDING EFFECTIVE DATES."
be it enacted by the legislature of the state of montana:
Section 1. Section 16-1-106, MCA, is amended to read:
"16-1-106. Definitions. As used in this code, the following definitions apply:
(1) "Agency agreement" means an agreement between the department and a person appointed to sell liquor as a commission merchant rather than as an employee.
(2) "Alcohol" means ethyl alcohol, also called ethanol, or the hydrated oxide of ethyl.
(3) "Alcoholic beverage" means a compound produced and sold for human consumption as a drink that contains more than .5\% of alcohol by volume.
(4) "Beer" means a malt beverage containing not more than $7 \%$ of alcohal by weight.
(5) "Brewer" means a person who produces malt beverages.
(6) "Department" means the department of revenue.
(7) "Immediate family" means a spouse, dependent children, or dependent parents.
(8) "Industrial use" means a use described as industrial use by the federal Alcohol Administration Act and the federal rules and regulations of 27 CFR .
(9) "Liquor" means an alcoholic beverage except beer and table wine.
(10) "Malt beverage" means an alcoholic beverage made by the fermentation of an infusion or decoction, or a combination of both, in potable brewing water, of malted barley with or without hops or their parts or their products and with or without other malted cereals and with or without the addition of unmalted or prepared cereals, other carbohydrates, or products prepared therefrom and with or without other wholesome products suitable for human food consumption.
(11) "Package" means a container or receptacle used for holding an alcoholic beverage.
(12) "Posted price" means the retail price of liquor as fixed and determined by the department and in addition thereto an excise and license tax as provided in this code.
(13) "Proof gallon" means a U.S. gallon of liquor at 60
degrees on the Fahrenheit scale that contains $50 \%$ of alcohol by volume.
(14) "Public place" means a place, building, or conveyance to which the public has or may be permitted to have access and any place of public resort.
(15) "Rules" means rules published by the department pursuant to this code.
(16) "State liquor facility" means a facility owned or under control of the department for the purpose of receiving, storing, transporting, or selling alcoholic beverages.
(17) "State liquor store" means a retail store operated by the department in accordance with this code for the purpose of selling liquor.
(18) "Storage depot" means a building or structure owned or operated by a brewer at any point in the state of Montana off and away from the premises of a brewery, and which structure is equipped with refrigeration or cooling apparatus for the storage of beer and from which a brewer may sell or distribute beer as permitted by this code.
(19) "Subwarehouse" means a building or structure owned or operated by a licensed beer wholesaler or table wine distributor, located at a site in Montana other than the site of such beer wholesaler's or table wine distributor's warehouse or principal place of business, and used for the
receiving, storage, and distribution of beer or table wine as permitted by this code.
( $\mathrm{F9}+(20)$ "Table wine" means wine as defined below which contains not more than $14 \%$ alcohol by volume.
$f \boldsymbol{Z} \theta+(21)$ "Warehouse" means a building or structure located in Montana owned or operated by a licensed beer wholesaler or table wine distributor for the receiving, storage, and distribution of beer or table wine as permitted by this code.
$\nmid z i \dagger(22)$ "Wine" means an alcoholic beverage made from the normal alcoholic fermentation of the juice of sound, ripe fruit or other agricultural products without addition or abstraction, except as may occur in the usual cellar treatment of clarifying and aging, and that contains not less than $7 \%$ or more than $24 \%$ of alcohol by volume. Wine may be ameliorated to correct natural deficiencies, sweetened, and fortified in accordance with applicable federal regulations and the customs and practices of the industry. Other alcoholic beverages not defined as above but made in the manner of wine and labeled and sold as wine in accordance with federal regulations are also wine."

Section 2. Section 16-4-501, MCA, is amended to read:
"16-4-501. License and permit fees. (1) Each beer licensee licensed to sell either beer or tabie wine only, or both beer and table wine, under the provisions of this code,
shall pay an annual license fee as follows:
(a) each brewer, wherever located, whose product is sold or offered for sale within the state, $\$ 500$; for each storage depot, \$400;
(b) each beer wholesaler, $\$ 400$; each table wine distributor, $\$ 400$; each subwarehouse, $\$ 400$;
(c) each beer retailer, \$200; with a wine license amendment, an additional $\$ 200$;
(d) for a license to sell beer at retail for off-premises consumption only, the same as a retail beer license; for a license to sell table wine at retail for off-premises consumption only, either alone or in conjunction with beer, $\$ 200$;
(e) any unit of a nationally chartered veterans' organization, $\$ 50$.
(2) The permit fee under 16-4-301(1) is computed at the rate of $\$ 15$ a day for each day beer and table wine are sold at those events lasting 2 or more days but in no case be less than $\$ 30$.
(3) The permit fee under 16-4-301(2) is $\$ 10$ for the sale of beer and table wine only or $\$ 20$ for the sale of all alcoholic beverages.
(4) Passenger carrier licenses shall be issued upon payment by the applicant of an annual license fee in the sum of $\$ 300$.
(5) The annual license fee for a license to sell wine on the premises, when issued as an amendment to a beer-only license, is $\$ 200$.
(6) The annual fee for resort retail liquor licenses within a given resort area shall be $\$ 2,000$ for each license.
(7) Each licensee licensed under the quotas of 16-4-201 shall pay an annual license fee as follows:
(a) except as hereinafter provided, for each license outside of incorporated cities and incorporated towns or in incorporated cities and incorporated towns with a population of less than 2,000 , $\$ 250$ for a unit of a nationally chartered veterans' organization and $\$ 400$ for all other licensees;
(b) except as hereinafter provided, for each license in incorporated cities with a population of more than 2,000 and less than 5,000 or within a distance of 5 miles thereof, measured in a straight line from the nearest entrance of the premises to be licensed to the nearest boundary of such city, $\$ 350$ for a unit of a nationally chartered veterans' organization and $\$ 500$ for all other licensees;
(c) except as hereinafter provided, for each license in incorporated cities with a population of more than 5,000 and less than 10,000 or within a distance of 5 miles thereof, measured in a straight line from the nearest entrance of the premises to be licensed to the nearest
boundary of such city, $\$ 500$ for a unit of a nationally chartered veterans' organization and $\$ 650$ for all other licensees;
(d) for each license in incorporated cities with a population of 10,000 or more or within a distance of 5 miles thereof, measured in a straight line from the nearest entrance of the premises to be licensed to the nearest boundary of such city, $\$ 650$ for a unit of a nationally chartered veterans' organization and $\$ 800$ for all other licensees;
(e) the distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of any incorporated cities and incorporated towns is measured in a straight line from the nearest entrance of the premises to be licensed to the nearest boundary of such city or town; and where the premises of the applicant to be licensed are situated within 5 miles of the corporate boundaries of two or more incorporated cities or incorporated towns of different populations, the license fee chargeable by the larger incorporated city or incorporated town applies and shall be paid by the applicant. When the premises of the applicant to be licensed are situated within an incorporated town or incorporated city and any portion of the incorporated town or incorporated city is without a 5-mile limit, the license fee chargeable by the smaller incorporated town or incorporated city applies and shall be

## SB 0035/02


#### Abstract

extended to the provisions of this act. NEW SECTION. Section 4. Authority to proceed with rulemaking. The department of revenue may initiate rulemaking proceedings under section 3 on or after passage and approval of this act, but no rules under section 3 may be made effective prior to the effective date of sections 1 and 2.

NEW SECTION. Section 5. Effective dates. (1) Sections 1 and 2 and this subsection (1) are effective July $1,1985$. (2) Sections 3 and 4 and this subsection (2) are effective on passage and approval.


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