## HOUSE BILL NO. 924

INTRODUCED BY BARDANOUVE
BY REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

IN THE HOUSE

| February 25, 1985 | Rules suspended to allow introduction. |
| :---: | :---: |
| February 26, 1985 | Introduced and referred to Committee on Business and Labor. |
| February 27, 1985 | Fiscal Note requested. |
|  | Fiscal Note returned. |
|  | Committee recommend bill do pass. Report adopted. |
|  | On motion, rules suspended and bill placed on second reading this day. |
|  | Second reading, do pass as amended. |
|  | On motion, rules suspended and bill placed on third reading this day. |
|  | Third reading, passed. |
|  | Transmitted to Senate. |
|  | IN THE SENATE |
| March 5, 1985 | Introduced and referred to Committee on Taxation. |
| April 10, 1985 | Committee recommend bill be concurred in as amended. Report adopted. |

Rules suspended to allow introduction.

Introduced and referred to Committee on Business and Labor.

Fiscal Note requested.
Fiscal Note returned.
Committee recommend bill do pass. Report adopted.

On motion, rules suspended and bill placed on second reading this day.

Second reading, do pass as amended.

On motion, rules suspended and bill placed on third reading this day.

Third reading, passed.
Transmitted to Senate.

Introduced and referred to Committee on Taxation.

Committee recommend bill be concurred in as amended. Report adopted.

April 12, 1985
April 17, 1985

April 18, 1985
April 19, 1985

April 23, 1985

April 24, 1985

Second reading, concurred in.
Third reading, concurred in. Ayes, 49; Noes, 0.

Returned to House with amendments.

IN THE HOUSE

Received from Senate.
Second reading, amendments not concurred in.

On motion, Free Conference Committee requested and appointed.

Free Conference Committee reported.

On motion, rules suspended and bill placed on second reading this day.

Second reading, Free Conference Committee report adopted.

Third reading, Free Conference Committee report adopted by Senate.

Sent to enrolling.
Reported correctly enrolled.

INTRODUCED BY $\qquad$

BY REQUEST OF THE DERARTMENT OF REVENUE

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT CREATING RETAIL ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES LICENSES IN EXCESS OF STATE QUOTA LIMITATIONS TO BE ISSUED TO TRIBAL ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES LICENSEES DOING BUSINESS ON MONTANA INDIAN RESERVATIONS; AMENDING SECTIONS 16-4-105, 16-4-201, AND 16-4-204, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE AND AN APPLICABILITY DATE."

WHEREAS, on July 1, 1983, the United States Supreme Court rendered its opinion in the case entitled Rice, Director, Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control of California $v$. Rehner, and held that Congress had delegated authority to the states, as well as to Indian tribes, to regulate the use and distribution of alcoholic beverages in Indian country; and

WHEREAS, the Montana Alcoholic Beverage Code limits the number of all-beverages licenses available in corporate city and county quota areas and the number of on-premises consumption retail beer licenses available in corporate city quota areas; and

WHEREAS, the enforcement of Montana's alcoholic
beverages license quota creates a hardship on tribal alcoholic beverages licensees in quota areas where no state licenses are available.

THEREFORE, the Legislature of the State of Montana determines it appropriate to make available retail alcoholic beverages licenses in excess of state quota limitations to be issued to persons holding tribal alcoholic beverages licenses and doing business on Montana Indian reservations.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
NEW SECTION. Section 1. Exception to limit on retail beer licenses -- tribal alcoholic beverages licensees. (1) Upon application and qualification, the department shall issue a license to sell beer for consumption on the premises to a tribal alcoholic beverages licensee who operates such business within the exterior boundaries of a Montana Indian reservation on [the effective date of this act].
(2) A license issued under the provisions of subsection (1) is not subject to the quota limitations of 16-4-105.
(3) Upon application and approval by the department, a license issued under this section may be transferred to another qualified applicant, but only to a location within the quota area and the exterior boundaries of the Montana Indian reservation for which the license was originally
issued.
(4) A license issued under this section is subject to all statutes and rules governing licenses to sell beer at retail for on-premises consumption.

NEW SECTION. Section 2. Exception to limit on all-beverages licenses -- tribal alcoholic beverages licensees. (1) Upon application and qualification, the department shall issue an all-beverages license to a tribal alcoholic beverages licensee who operates such business within the exterior boundaries of a Montana Indian reservation on [the effective date of this act].
(2) A license issued under the provisions of subsection (1) is not subject to the quota limitations of 16-4-201.
(3) Upon application and approval by the department, a license issued under this section may be transferred to another qualified applicant, but such license may only be transferred to a location within the quota area and the exterior boundaries of the Montana Indian reservation for which the license was originally issued.
(4) A license issued under this section is subject to all statutes and rules governing all-beverages licenses.

Section 3. Section 16-4-105, MCA, is amended to read:
"16-4-105. Limit on retail beer licenses -- wine license amendments -- off-premises consumption. (1) Except
as otherwise provided by law, a license to sell beer at retail or beer and wine at retail, in accordance with the provisions of this code and the rules of the department, may be issued to any person, firm, or corporation who is approved by the department as a fit and proper person, firm, or corporation to sell beer, except that:
(a) the number of retail beer licenses that the department fiay issue for premises situated within incorporated cities and incorporated towns and within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of such cities and towns shall be determined on the basis of population prescribed in 16-4-502 as follows:
(i) in incorporated towns of 500 inhabitants or less and within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of such towns, not more than one retail beer license, which may not be used in conjunction with a retail all-beverages license;
(ii) in incorporated cities or incorporated towns of more than 500 inhabitants and not over 2,000 inhabitants and within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of such cities or towns, one retail beer license for each 500 inhabitants, which may not be used in conjunction with retail all-beverages licenses;
(iii) in incorporated cities of over 2,000 inhabitants and within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits
of such cities, four retail beer licenses for the first 2,000 inhabitants, two additional retail beer licenses for the next 2,000 inhabitants or major fraction thereof, and one additional retail beer license for each additional 2,000 inhabitants, which may not be used in conjunction with retail all-beverages licenses;
(b) the number of the inhabitants in such cities and towns, exclusive of the number of inhabitants residing within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits thereof, shall govern the number of retail beer licenses that may be issued for use within such cities and towns and within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits thereof. If two or more incorporated municipalities are situated within a distance of 5 miles from each other, the total number of retail beer licenses that may be issued for use in both of such municipalities and within a distance of 5 miles from their respective corporate limits shall be determined on the basis of the combined populations of both of such municipalities and may not exceed the foregoing limitations. The distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of any incorporated city or incorporated town shall be measured in a straight line from the nearest entrance of the premises proposed for licensing to the nearest corporate boundary of such city or town.
(c) retail beer licenses of issue on March 7, 1947,

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and retail beer licenses issued under [section 1], and which
are in excess of the foregoing limitations shall be
renewable, but no new licenses may be issued in violation of
such Iimitations;
(d) such limitations do not prevent the issuance of a nontransferable and nonassignable retail beer license to a post of a nationally chartered veterans' organization or a lodge of a recognized national fraternal organization if such veterans' or fraternal organization has been in existence for a period of 5 years or more prior to January 1, 1949;
(e) the number of retail beer licenses that the department may issue for use at premises situated outside of any incorporated city or incorporated town and outside of the area within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits thereof or for use at premises situated within any unincorporated town shall be as determined by the department in the exercise of its sound discretion, except that no retail beer license may be issued for any premises so situated unless the department determines that the issuance of such license is required by public convenience and necessity.
(2) A person holding a license to sell beer for consumption on the premises as retail may apply to the department for an amendment to the license permitting the
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holder to sell wine as well as beer. The division may issue such amendment if it finds, on a satisfactory showing by the applicant, that the sale of wine for consumption on the premises would be supplementary to a restaurant or prepared-food business. A person holding a beer-and-wine license may sell wine for consumption on or off the premises. Nonretention of the beer license, for whatever reason, shall mean automatic loss of the wine amendment license.
(3) A retail license to sell beer or table wine, or both, in the original packages for off-premises consumption only may be issued to any person, firm, or corporation who is approved by the department as a fit and proper person, firm, or corporation to sell beer or table wine, or both, and whose premises proposed for licensing are operated as a bona fide grocery store or a drugstore licensed as a pharmacy. The number of such licenses that the department may issue is not limited by the provisions of subsection (1) of this section but shall be determined by the department in the exercise of its sound discretion, and the department may in the exercise of its sound discretion grant or deny any application for any such license or suspend or revoke any such license for cause."
Section 4. Section 16-4-201, MCA, is amended to read:
"16-4-201. All-beverages license quota. (1) Except as

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otherwise provided by law, a license =0 sell liquor, beer,
and wine at retail (an all-beverages license) in accordance
with the provisions of this code and the rules of the
department may be issued to any person who is approved by
the department as a fit and proper person so sell such
beverages, except that the number of all-beverages licenses
that the department may issue for premises situated within
incorporated cities and incorporated towns and witinin a
distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of such cities and towns shall be determined on the basis of population prescribed in 16-4-502 as follows:
(a) in incorporated towns of 500 inhabitants or less and within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of such towns, not more than two retail licenses;
(b) in incorporated cities or incorporated towns of more than 500 inhabitants and not over 3,000 inhabitants and within a distance of \(\overline{3}\) miles from the corporate limits of such cities and towns, three retail licenses for the first 1,000 inhabitants and one zetail license for each additional 1,000 inhabitants;
(c) in incorporaced cities of over 3,000 inhabitants and within a distance of 5 miles Erom the corporate limits thereof, five retail licenses for the first 3,000 inhabitants and one retail license for each additional 1,500 inhabitants.
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(2) The number of the inhabitants in such cities and towns, exclusive of the number of inhabitants residing within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits thereof, shall govern the number of retail licenses that may be issued for use within such cities and towns and within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits thereof. If two or more incorporated municipalities are situated within a distance of 5 miles from each other, the total number of retail licenses that may be issued for use in both of such municipalities and within a distance of 5 miles from their respective corporate limits shall be determined on the basis of the combined populations of both of such municipalities and may not exceed the foregoing limitations. The distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of any incorporated city or incorporated town shall be measured in a straight line from the nearest entrance of the premises proposed for licensing to the nearest corporate boundary of the city or town.
(3) Retail all-beverages licenses of issue on March 7 , 1947, and all-beverages licenses issued under [section 2 I. and which are in excess of the foregoing limitations shall be renewable, but no new licenses may be issued in violation of such limitations.
(4) Such limitations do not prevent the issuance of a nontransferable and nonassignable (as to ownership only)
retail license to any post of a nationally chartered veterans' organization or any lodge of a recognized national fraternal organization if such veterans' or Eraternal organization has been in existence for a period of 5 years or more prior to January $1,1949$.
(5) The number of retail all-beverages licenses that the department may issue for use at premises situated outside of any incorporated city or incorporated town and outside of the area within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits thereof may not be more than one license for each 750 population of the county after excluding the population of incorporated cities and incorporated towns in such county."

Section 5. Section 16-4-204, MCA, is amended to read:
"16-4-204. Transfer -- catering endorsement. (1) (a) Except as provided in subsection (1)(b), a license may be transferred to a new ownership and to a location outside the quota area for which it was originally issued only when the following criteria are met:
(i) the total number of all-beverages licenses in the original quota area exceeded the quota for that area by at least $25 \%$ in the most recent census prescribed in 16-4-502;
(ii) the totai number of all-beverages licenses in the quota area to which the license would be transferred, exclusive of those issued under \{section 2], did not exceed

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that area's quota in the most recent census prescribed in
16-4-502:
    (A) by more than 338; or
    (B) in an incorporated city of more than 10,000
    inhabitants and within a distance of 5 miles from its
    corporate limits by more than 43%; and
    (iii) the department finds, after a public hearing,
    that the public convenience and necessity would be served by
    such a transfer.
    (b) A license within an incorporated quota area may be
    transferred to a new ownership and to a new unincorporated
    location within the same county on application to and with
    consent of the department when the quota of the
    all-beverages licenses in the original quota area, exclusive
    of those issued under [section 2], exceeds the quota for
    that area by at least 25% in the most recent census and will
    not fall below that level because of the transfer.
    (c) For 5 years after the transfer of a license
    between quota areas under subsection (l)(a), the license may
    not be mortgaged or pledged as security and may not be
    transferred to another person except for a transfer by
    inheritance upon the death of the licensee.
    (d) Once a license is transferred to a new quota area
    under subsection (l)(a), it may not be transferred to
    another quota area or back to the original quota area.
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(e) A license issued under [section 21 may not be transferred to a location outside the quota area and the exterior boundaries of the Montana Indian reservation for which it was originally issued.
(2) (a) Any all-beverages licensee is, upon the approval and in the discretion of the liquor division, entitled to a catering endorsement to his all-beverages license to allow the catering and sale of alcohoilc beverages co persons attending a speciai event upon premises not otherwise licensed for the sale of alcoholic beverages, such beverages to be consumed or the premises where the event is held.
(b) A written application for a catering endorsement and an annual fee of $\$ 250$ must be submitted to the department for its approval.
(c) A written application for each event for which the licensee intends to provide catering services, the written approval of the catering application by the sponsor of the special event, and a fee of $\$ 35$ must be filed with the department at least 3 days prior to the event and shall describe the location of the premises where the event is to be neld, the nature of the event, and the period during which the event is to be held. An all-beverages licensee who holds an endorsement granted under this subsection (2) may not receive approval to cater an event of which he is the
sponsor. The catered event must be within 100 miles of the
licensee's regular place of business. If obtained, the
licensee shall display in a prominent place on those
premises, the written approval from the department for each
event which is catered pursuant to this subsection.
(d) The licensee shall file with each application for
an event to be catered a written statement of approval of
the premises where the event is to be held issued by the
department of health and environmental sciences and the
local law enforcement agency that has jurisdiction over the
premises where the event is to be held.
(e) The sale of alcoholic beverages pursuant to a
catering endorsement is subject to the provisions of
16-6-103.
(f) The sale of alcoholic beverages pursuant to a
catering endorsement is subject to the provisions of
16-3-306, unless entities named in 16-3-306 give their
writter approvai."
NEN SECTION. Section 6. Codification instruction. (1)
Section $l$ is intended to be codified as an integral part of
Title $i 6$, chapter 4 , part 1 , and the provisions of Title 16 .
chapters 1 through 6, apply to section 1.
(2) Section 2 is intended to be codified as an
integrai part of Title 16 , chapter 4 , part 2 , and the
provisions of Title 16 , chapters 1 through 6, apply to

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section 2.
            NEW SECTION. Section 7. Extension of authority Any
existing authority of the department of revenue to make
rules on the subject of the provisions of this act is
extended to the provisions of this act.
NEW SECTION. Section 8. Effective date --
applicability. This act is effective on passage and approval
and applies only to tribal licensees who hold tribal
licenses on the effective date of this act.
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-End-

In compliance with a written request received February $27, \quad 19 \quad 85$, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for House Bill 924 $\qquad$ pursuant to Title 5, Chapter $\overline{4, \text { Part } 2 \text { of the Montana Code Annotated (MCA). }}$ Background information used in developing this Fiscal Note is available from the Office of Budget and Program Planning, to members of the Legislature upon request.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:
An act creating retail alcohol beverages licenses in excess of state quota limitations to be issued to tribal alcoholic beverages licensees doing business on Montana Indian Reservations.

## ASSUMPTIONS:

1. There are two tribal alcoholic beverages licensees doing business on Montana Indian Reservations; both will obtain All Beverages Licenses in FY1985 when the bill becomes effective. This will produce an additional $\$ 1,000$ during FY 1985: $\$ 400$ license fee plus $\$ 100$ processing fee for each license.
2. The renewal fee for each All Beverages License is $\$ 400$ per year.

FISCAL IMPACT:



BUDGET DIRECTOR
Office of Budget and Program Planning
Date:


HOUSE BILL NO. 924

## INTRODUCED BY BARDANOUVE

by Request of the department of revenue

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT CREATING RETAIL aLCOHOLIC beverages LICENSES IN EXCESS of STATE quota LIMITATIONS TO BE ISSUED TO TRIBAL ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES LICENSEES DOING BUSINESS ON MONTANA INDIAN RESERVATIONS; AMENDING SECTIONS 16-4-105, 16-4-201, AND 16-4-204, MCA; AND providing an immediate effective date and an applicability DATE."

WHEREAS, on July 1, 1983, the United States Supreme Court rendered its opinion in the case entitled Rice, Director, Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control of California $v$. Rehner, and held that Congress had delegated authority to the states, as well as to Indian tribes, to regulate the use and distribution of alcoholic beverages in Indian country; and

WHEREAS, the Montana Alcoholic Beverage Code limits the number of all-beverages licenses available in corporate city and county quota areas and the number of on-premises consumption retail beer licenses available in corporate city quota areas: and

WHEREAS, the enforcement of Montana's alcoholic
beverages license quota creates a hardship on tribal alcoholic beverages licensees in quota areas where no state licenses are available.

THEREFORE, the Legislature of the State of Montana determines it appropriate to make available retail alcoholic beverages licenses in excess of state quota limitations to be issued to persons holding tribal alcoholic beverages licenses and doing business on Montana Indian reservations.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
NEW SECTION. Section 1. Exception to limit on retail beer licenses -- tribal alcoholic beverages licensees. (1) Upon application and qualification, the department shall issue a license to sell beer for consumption on the premises to a tribal alcoholic beverages licensee who operates such business within the exterior boundaries of a Montana Indian reservation on [the effective date of this act].
(2) A license issued under the provisions of subsection (1) is not subject to the quota limitations of 16-4-105.
(3) Upon application and approval by the department, a license issued under this section may be transferred to another qualified applicant, but only to a location within the quota area and the exterior boundaries of the Montana Indian reservation for which the license was originally YELLOW PRINTING DISPENSED
issued.
(4) A license issued under this section is subject to all statutes and rules governing licenses to sell beer at retail for on-premises consumption.

NEW SECTION. Section 2. Exception to limit on all-beverages licenses -- tribal alcoholic beverages licensees. (1) Upon application and qualification, the department shall issue an all-beverages license to a tribal alcoholic beverages licensee who operates such business within the exterior boundaries of a Montana Indian reservation on [the effective date of this act].
(2) A license issued under the provisions of subsection (1) is not subject to the quota limitations of 16-4-201.
(3) Upon application and approval by the department, a license issued under this section may be transferred to another qualified applicant, but such license may only be transferred to a location within the quota area and the exterior boundaries of the Montana Indian reservation for which the license was originally issued.
(4) A license issued under this section is subject to all statutes and rules governing all-beverages licenses.

Section 3. Section 16-4-105, MCA, is amended to read:
"16-4-105. Limit on retail beer licenses -- wine license amendments -- off-premises consumption. (1) Except
as otherwise provided by law, a license to sell beer at retail or beer and wine at retail, in accordance with the provisions of this code and the rules of the department, may be issued to any person, firm, or corporation who is approved by the department as a fit and proper person, firm, or corporation to sell beer, except that:
(a) the number of retail beer licenses that the department may issue for premises situated within incorporated cities and incorporated towns and within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of such cities and towns shall be determined on the basis of population prescribed in 16-4-502 as follows:
(i) in incorporated towns of 500 inhabitants or less and within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of such towns, not more than one retail beer license, which may not be used in conjunction with a retail all-beverages license;
(ii) in incorporated cities or incorporated towns of more than 500 inhabitants and not over 2,000 inhabitants and within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of such cities or towns, one retail beer license for each 500 inhabitants, which may not be used in conjunction with retail all-beverages licenses;
(iii) in incorporated cities of over 2,000 inhabitants and within a distance of 5 miles from the corparate limits
of such cities, four retail beer licenses for the first 2,000 inhabitants, two additional retail beer licenses for the next 2,000 inhabitants or major fraction thereof, and one additional retail beer license for each additional 2,000 inhabitants, which may not be used in conjunction with retail all-beverages licenses;
(b) the number of the inhabitants in such cities and towns, exclusive of the number of inhabitants residing within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits thereof, shall govern the number of retail beer licenses that may be issued for use within such cities and towns and within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits thereof. If two or more incorporated municipalities are situated within a distance of 5 miles from each other, the total number of retail beer licenses that may be issued for use in both of such municipalities and within a distance of 5 miles from their respective corporate limits shall be determined on the basis of the combined populations of both of such municipalities and may not exceed the foregoing limitations. The distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of any incorporated city or incorporated town shall be measured in a straight line from the nearest entrance of the premises proposed for licensing to the nearest corporate boundary of such city or town.
(c) retail beer licenses of issue on March 7, 1947,
and retail beer licenses issued under [section 1], and which are in excess of the foregoing limitations shall be renewable, but no new licenses may be issued in violation of such limitations;
(d) such limitations do not prevent the issuance of a nontrangferable and nonassignable retail beer license to a post of a nationally chartered veterans' organization or a lodge of a recognized national fraternal organization if such veterans' or fraternal organization has been in existence for a period of 5 years or more prior to January I, 1949;
(e) the number of retail beer licenses that the department may issue for use at premises situated outside of any incorporated city or incorporated town and outside of the area within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits thereof or for use at premises situated within any unincorporated town shall be as determined by the department in the exercise of its sound discretion, except that no retail beer license may be issued for any premises so situated unless the department determines that the issuance of such license is required by public convenience and necessity.
(2) A person holding a license to sell beer for consumption on the premises at retail may apply to the department for an amendment to the license permitting the
holder to sell wine as well as beer. The division may issue such amendment if it finds, on a satisfactory showing by the applicant, that the sale of wine for consumption on the premises would be supplementary to a restaurant or prepared-food business. A person holding a beer-and-wine license may sell wine for consumption on or off the premises. Nonretention of the beer license, for whatever reason, shall mean automatic loss of the wine amendment license.
(3) A retail license to sell beer or table wine, or both, in the original packages for off-premises consumption only may be issued to any person, firm, or corporation who is approved by the department as a fit and proper person, firm, or corporation to sell beer or table wine, or both, and whose premises proposed for licensing are operated as a bona fide grocery store or a drugstore licensed as a pharmacy. The number of such licenses that the department may issue is not limited by the provisions of subsection (1) of this section but shall be determined by the department in the exercise of its sound discretion, and the department may in the exercise of its sound discretion grant or deny any application for any such license or suspend or revoke any such license for cause."

Section 4. Section 16-4-201, MCA, is amended to read:
"16-4-201. All-beverages 1icense quota. (1) Except as
otherwise provided by law, a license to sell liquor, beer, and wine at retail (an all-beverages license) in accordance with the provisions of this code and the rules of the department may be issued to any person who is approved by the department as a fit and proper person to sell such beverages, except that the number of all-beverages licenses that the department may issue for premises situated within incorporated cities and incorporated towns and within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of such cities and towns shall be determined on the basis of population prescribed in 16-4-502 as follows:
(a) in incorporated towns of 500 inhabitants or less and within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of such towns, not more than two retail licenses;
(b) in incorporated cities or incorporated towns of more than 500 inhabitants and not over 3,000 inhabitants and within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of such cities and towns, three retail licenses for the first 1,000 inhabitants and one retail license for each additional 1,000 inhabitants;
(c) in incorporated cities of over 3,000 inhabitants and within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits thereof, five retail licenses for the first 3,000 inhabitants and one retail Iicense for each additional 1,500 inhabitants.
(2) The number of the inhabitants in such cities and towns, exclusive of the number of inhabitants residing within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits thereof, shall govern the number of retail licenses that may be issued for use within such cities and towns and within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits thereof. If two or more incorporated municipalities are situated within a distance of 5 miles from each other, the total number of retail licenses that may be issued for use in both of such municipalities and within a distance of 5 miles from their respective corporate limits shall be determined on the basis of the combined populations of both of such municipalities and may not exceed the foregoing limitations. The distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of any incorporated city or incorporated town shall be measured in a straight line from the nearest entrance of the premises proposed for licensing to the nearest corporate boundary of the city or town.
(3) Retail all-beverages licenses of issue on March 7, 1947, and all-beverages licenses issued under [section 2], and which are in excess of the foregoing limitations shall be renewable, but no new licenses may be issued in violation of such limitations.
(4) Such limitations do not prevent the issuance of a nontransferable and nonassignable (as to ownership only)
retail license to any post of a nationally chartered veterans' organization or any lodge of a recognized national fraternal organization if such veterans' or fraternal organization has been in existence for a period of 5 years or more prior to January 1, 1949.
(5) The number of retail all-beverages licenses that the department may issue for use at premises situated outside of any incorporated city or incorporated town and outside of the area within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits thereof may not be more than one license for each 750 population of the county after excluding the population of incorporated cities and incorporated towns in such county."

Section 5. Section 16-4-204, MCA, is amended to read:
"16-4-204. Transfer -- catering endorsment. (l) (a) Except as provided in subsection (l)(b), a license may be transferred to a new ownership and to a location outside the guota area for which it was originally issued only when the following criteria are met:
(i) the total number of all-beverages licenses in the original quota area exceeded the quota for that area by at least 25\% in the most recent census prescribed in 16-4-502;
(ii) the total number of all-beverages licenses in the quota area to which the license would be transferred, exclusive of those issued under [section 2], did not exceed
that area's quota in the most recent census prescribed in 16-4-502:
(A) by more than 33\%; or
(B) in an incorporated city of more than 10,000 inhabitants and within a distance of 5 miles from its corporate limits by more than 43\%; and
(iii) the department finds, after a public hearing, that the public convenience and necessity would be served by such a transfer.
(b) A license within an incorporated quota area may be transferred to a new ownership and to a new unincorporated location within the same county on application to and with consent of the department when the quota of the all-beverages licenses in the original quota area, exclusive of those issued under [section 2], exceeds the quota for that area by at least $25 \%$ in the most recent census and will not fall below that level because of the transfer.
(c) For 5 years after the transfer of a license between quota areas under subsection (1)(a), the license may not be mortgaged or pledged as security and may not be transferred to another person except for a transfer by inheritance upon the death of the licensee.
(d) Once a license is transferred to a new quota area under subsection (l)(a), it may not be, transferred to another quota area or back to the original quota area.

## (e) A license issued under [section 2] may not be

 transferred to a location outside the quota area and the exterior boundaries of the Montana Indian reservation for which it was originally issued.(2) (a) Any all-beverages licensee is, upon the approval and in the discretion of the liquor division, entitled to a catering endorsement to his all-beverages license to allow the catering and sale of alcoholic beverages to persons attending a special event upon premises nat otherwise licensed for the sale of alconolic beverages, such beverages to be consumed on the premises where the event is held.
(b) A written application for a catering endorsement and an annual fee of $\$ 250$ must be submitted to the department for its approval.
(c) A written application for each event for which the licensee intends to provide catering services, the written approval of the catering application by the sponsor of the special event, and a fee of $\$ 35$ must be filed with the department at least 3 days prior to the event and shall describe the location of the premises where the event is to be held, the nature of the event, and the period during which the event is to be held. An all-beverages licensee who holds an endorsement granted under this subsection (2) may not receive approval to cater an event of which he is the

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sponsor. The catered event must be within 100 miles of the
licensee's regular place of business. If obtained, the
licensee shall display in a prominent place on those
premises, the written approval from the department for each
event which is catered pursuant to this subsection.
    (d) The licensee shall file with each application for
an event to be catered a written statement of approval of
the premises where the event is to be held issued by the
department of health and environmental sciences and the
local law enforcement agency that has jurisdiction over the
premises where the event is to be held.
    (e) The sale of alcoholic beverages pursuant to a
catering endorsement is subject to the provisions of
16-6-103.
    (f) The sale of alcoholic beverages pursuant to a
catering endorsement is subject to the provisions of
16-3-306, unless entities named in 16-3-306 give their
written approval."
    NEW SECTION. Section 6. Codification instruction. (1)
Section l is intended to be codified as an integral part of
Title 16, chapter 4, part 1, and the provisions of Title 16,
chapters l through 6, apply to section l.
    (2) Section 2 is intended to be codified as an
integral part of Title 16, chapter 4, part 2, and the
provisions of Title 16, chapters 1 through 6, apply to
section 2.
NEW SECTION. Section 7. Extension of authority. Any existing authority of the department of revenue to make rules on the subject of the provisions of this act is extended to the provisions of this act.
NEW SECTION. Section 8. Effective date -- applicability. This act is effective on passage and approval and applies only to tribal licensees who hold tribal licenses on--the-effective-date-af-this-act ISSUED PRIOR TO JANUARY 1, 1985.
-End-

\section*{SENATE STANDING COMMITTEE REPORT}

HOUSE BILL 924
PAGE 1 of 4 PAGES
APRIL 9


ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE LICENSES ISSUED ON INDIAN RESERVATIONS

Respectiuly report as follows: That HOUSE BILL No...... 924
be amended as follows:
1. Title, line 8 .

FOllowing: "RESERVATIONS"
Insert: "AND TO ENLISTED MEN'S, NONCOMMISSIONED OFFICERS', AND OFFICERS' CLUBS LOCATED ON FEDERAL MILITARY RESERVATIONS"
2. Page 2, line 3.

Following: "available"
Following: " \({ }^{\text {Strike: }}\) av
Insert: WHEREZS, the enlisted men's, noncommissioned officers', and officers' clubs located on federal military reservations in Montana have operated for military reservations in Montana have operated for many years as federal enclaves beyond the jurisaictic of alcoholic beverages; and

WHEREAS, effective December 1, 1984, Air
National Guard Regulation \(215-2\) requires enlisted men's, noncommissioned officers', and officers' clubs to comply with state laws relating to licensing and regulation of alcoholic beverages; and

HOUSE BILL 924 PAGE 2 of 4 PAGES

APRIL 9 \(\qquad\)

Whereas, the enforcement of Montana's alcoholic beverage license guota creates a hardship for enlisted men's, noncommissioned officers', and officers' clubs which have historically operated as social clubs without profit motive and which do not have the economic capacity to compete for licenses."
3. Page 2, line \(B\).

Following: "reservations"
Insert: \(n\) and to enlisted men's, noncommissioned officers', and officers' clubs located on federal military reservations"
4. Page 2, line 11 .

Following: "1.
Strike: "Exception"
Insert: "Exceptions"
5. Page 2, line 12 .

Following: "licensees"
Insert: "and enlisted men's, noncommissioned officers' and officers' clubs"
6. Page 2, line 15.

Following: "to"
nsert. (a)
Following: "reservation"
Insert: iunder a tribal license issued prior to January 1, 1985; (b) an enlisted men's, noncommissioned officers', or officers' 'club located on a federal military reservation in Montana"
g. Page 2, line 22.

Following: "under"
Strike: "this section"
Insert: "subsection (1) (a)"
9. Page 3, line 5 .

Strike: "Exception
Insert: "Exceptions"

HOUSE BILL 924 PAGE 4 of 4 PAGES
17. Page 11, line 15

Following: "under"
Insert: "subsection (1) (a) of"
18. Page 12 , line 1.

Following: "under"
Insert: "subsection (1) (a) of"
19. Page 14, line 10.

Following: "1985"
Insert: \({ }^{\text {Foll }}\), and to enlisted men's, noncommissioned officers', and officers' clubs located on federal military reservations in Montana on [the effective date of this act]

AND AS AMENDED

6. Page 10 , line 25.

Following: "under
Insert: "subsection (1) (a) of"


HOUSE BILL NO. 924
INTRODUCED BY BARDANOUVE
BY REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT CREATING RETAIL ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES LICENSES IN EXCESS OF STATE QUOTA LIMITATIONS TO BE ISSUED TO TRIBAL ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES LICENSEES DOING BUSINESS ON MONTANA INDIAN RESERVATIONS AND TO ENLISTED MEN'S, NONCOMMISSIONED OFFICERS', AND OFFICERS' CLUBS LOCATED ON FEDERAL MILITARY RESERVATIONS; AMENDING SECTIONS 16-4-105, 16-4-201, AND 16-4-204, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE AND AN APPLICABILITY BATE DATES."

WHEREAS, on July 1, 1983, the United States Supreme Court rendered its opinion in the case entitled Rice, Director, Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control of California \(v\). Rehner, and held that Congress had delegated authority to the states, as well as to Indian tribes, to requlate the use and distribution of alcoholic beverages in Indian country; and

WHEREAS, the Montana Alcoholic Beverage Code limits the number of all-beverages licenses available in corporate city and county quota areas and the number of on-premises consumption retail beer licenses available in cozporate city
quota areas; and
WHEREAS, the enforcement of Montana's alcoholic beverages license quota creates a hardship on tribal alcoholic beverages licensees in quota areas where no state licenses are availablef: AND

WHEREAS, THE ENLISTED MEN'S, NONCOMMISSIONED OFFICERS', AND OFFICERS' CLUBS LOCATED ON FEUERAL MILITARY RESERVATIONS IN MONTANA HAVE OPERATED FOR MANY YEARS AS FEDERAL ENCLAVES BEYOND THE JURISDICTION OF STATE LANS RELATING TO LICENSING AND REGULATION OF ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES: AND

WHEREAS, EFFECTIVE DECEMBER 1, 1984, AIR NATIONAL GUARD REGULATION 215-2 REQUIRES ENLISTED MEN'S, NONCOMMISSIONED OFFICERS', AND OFFICERS' CLUBS TO COMPLY WITH STATE LAWS RELATING TO LICENSING AND REGULATION OF ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES: AND

WHEREAS, THE ENFORCEMENT OF MONTANA'S ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE LICENSE QUOTA CREATES A HARDSHIP FOR ENLISTED MEN'S, NONCOMMISSIONED OFFICERS', AND OFFICERS' CLUBS, WHICH HAVE HISTORICALLY OPERATED AS SOCIAL CLUBS WITHOUT PROFIT MOTIVE AND WHICH DO NOT HAVE THE ECONOMIC CAPACITY TO COMPETE FOR LICENSES.

THEREFORE, the Legislature of the State of Montana determines it appropriate to make available retail alcoholic beverages licenses in excess of state quota limitations to be issued to persons holding tribal alcoholic beverages
licenses and doing business on Montana Indian reservations AND TO ENLISTED MEN'S, NONCOMMISSIONED OFFICERS', AND OFFICERS' CLUBS LOCATED ON FEDERAL MILITARY RESERVATIONS.

BE IT ENACTED By the Legislature of the state of montana:
NEW SECTION. Section 1. Exeeption EXCEPTIONS to limit on retail beer licenses -- tribal alcoholic beverages licensees AND ENLISTED MEN'S, NONCOMMISSIONED OFFICERS', AND OFFICERS' CLUBS. (1) Upon application and qualification, the department shall issue a license to sell beer for consumption on the premises to:
(A) a tribal alcoholic beverages licensee who operates such business within the exterior boundaries of a Montana Indian reservation UNDER A TRIBAL LICENSE ISSUED PRIOR TO JANUARY 1, 1985;
(B) AN ENLISTED MEN'S, NONCOMMISSIONED OFFICERS', OR OFFICERS' CLUB LOCATED ON A FEDERAL MILITARY RESERVATION IN MONTANA On [the effective date of this act].
(2) A license issued under the provisions of subsection (1) is not subject to the quota limitations of 16-4-105.
(3) Upon application and approval by the department, a license issued under thisusection SUBSECTION (I)(A) may be transferred to another qualified applicant, but only to a location within the quota area and the exterior boundaries
of the Montana Indian reservation for which the license was originally issued.
(4) A license issued under this section is subject to all statutes and rules governing licenses to sell beer at retail for on-premises consumption.

NEW SECTION. Section 2. Exeeption EXCEPTIONS to limit on all-beverages licenses -- tribal alcoholic beverages Licensees AND ENLISTED MEN'S, NONCOMMISSIONED OFFICERS', AND OFFICERS' CLUBS. (1) Upon application and qualification, the department shall issue an all-beverages license to:
(A) a tribal alcoholic beverages licensee who operates such business within the exterior boundaries of a Montana Indian reservation UNDER A TRIBAL LICENSE ISSUED PRIOR TO JANUARY 1. 1985 :
(B) AN ENLISTED MEN'S, NONCOMMISSIONED OFEICERS', OR OFFICERS' CLUB LOCATED ON A EEDERAL MILITARY RESERVATION IN MONTANA on [the effective date of this actl.
(2) A license issued under the provisions of subsection (1) is not subject to the quota limitations of 16-4-201.
(3) Upon application and approval by the department, a license issued under this-section SUBSECTION (1)(A) may be transferred to another qualified applicant, but such license may only be transferred to a location within the quota area and the exterior boundaries of the Montana Indian
reservation for which the license was originally issued.
(4) A license issued under this section is subject to all statutes and rules governing all-beverages licenses.

Section 3. Section 16-4-105, MCA, is amended to read:
"16-4-105. Limit on retail beer licenses -- wine license amendments -- off-premises consumption. (1) Except as otherwise provided by law, a license to sell beer at retail or beer and wine at retail, in accordance with the provisions of this code and the rules of the department, may be issued to any person, firm, or corporation who is approved by the department as a fit and proper person, firm, or corporation to sell beer, except that:
(a) the number of retail beer licenses that the department may issue for premises situated within incorporated cities and incorporated towns and within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of such cities and towns shall be determined on the basis of population prescribed in 16-4-502 as fallows:
(i) in incorporated towns of 500 inhabitants or less and within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of such towns, not more than one retail beer license, which may not be used in conjunction with a retail all-beverages license;
(ii) in incorporated cities or incorporated towns of more than 500 inhabitants and not over 2,000 inhabitants and
within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of such cities or towns, one retail beer license for each 500 inhabitants, which may not be used in conjunction with retail all-beverages licenses;
(iii) in incorporated cities of over 2,000 inhabitants and within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of such cities, four retail beer licenses for the first 2,000 inhabitants, two additional retail beer licenses for the next 2,000 inhabitants or major fraction thereof, and one additional retail beer license for each additional 2,000 inhabitants, which may not be used in conjunction with retail all-beverages licenses;
(b) the number of the inhabitants in such cities and towns, exclusive of the number of inhabitants residing within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits thereof, shall govern the number of retail beer licenses that may be issued for use within such cities and towns and within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits thereof. If two or more incorporated municipalities are situated within a distance of 5 miles from each other, the total number of retail beer licenses that may be issued for use in both of such municipalities and within a distance of 5 miles from their respective corporate limits shall be determined on the basis of the combined populations of both of such municipalities and may not exceed the foregoing

\begin{abstract}
limitations. The diatance of 5 miles from the eopporate limits of any incorporated city or incorporated town shall be measured in a straight line from the nearest entrance of the premises proposed for licensing to the nearest corporate boundary of such city or town.
\end{abstract}
(c) retail beer licenses of issue on March 7, 1947, and retail beer Licenses issued under [section 11 , and which are in excess of the foregoing limitations shall be renewable, but no new licenses may be issued in violation of such limitations;
(d) such limitations do not prevent the issuance of a nontransferable and nonassignable retail beer license to AN ENLISTED MEN'S, NONCOMMISSIONED OFFICERS', OR OFEICERS' CLUB LOCATED ON A FEDERAL MILITARY RESERVATION ON [THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS ACT] OR TO a post of a nationally chartered veterans' organization or a lodge of a recognized national fraternal organization if such veterans' or fraternal organization has been in existence for a period of 5 years or more prior to January 1,1949 ;
(e) the number of retail beer licenses that the department may issue for use at premises situated outside of any incorporated city or incorporated town and outside of the area within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits thereof or for use at premises situated within any unincorporated town shall be as determined by the department

\begin{abstract}
in the exercise of its sound discretion, exeept that no retail beer license may be issued for any premises so situated unless the department determines that the issuance of such license is required by public convenience and necessity.
(2) A person holding a license to sell beer far consumption on the premises at retail may apply to the department for an amendment to the license permitting the holder to sell wine as well as beer. The division may issue such amendment if it finds, on a satisfactory showing by the applicant, that the sale of wine for consumption on the premises would be supplementary to a restaurant or prepared-food business. A person holding a beer-and-wine license may sell wine for consumption on or off the premises. Nonretention of the beer license, for whatever reason, shall mean automatic loss of the wine amendment license.
(3) A retail license to sell beer or table wine, or both, in the original packages for off-premises consumption oniy may be issued to any person, firm, or corporation who is approved by the department as a fit and proper person, firm, or corporation to sell beer or table wine, or both, and whose premises proposed for licensing are operated as a bona fide grocery store or a drugstore licensed as a pharmacy. The number of such licenses that the department
\end{abstract}
-8-
HB 924
may issue is not limited by the provisions of subsection (1) of this section but shall be determined by the department in the exercise of its sound discretion, and the department may in the exercise of its sound discretion grant or deny any application for any such license or suspend or revoke any such license for cause."
Section 4. Section 16-4-201, MCA, is amended to read:
"16-4-201. All-beverages license quota. (1) Except as otherwise provided by law, a license to sell liquor, beer, and wine at retail (an all-beverages license) in accordance with the provisions of this code and the rules of the department may be issued to any person who is approved by the department as a fit and proper person to sell such beverages, except that the number of all-beverages licenses that the department may issue for premises situated within incorporated cities and incorporated towns and within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of such cities and towns shall be determined on the basis of population prescribed in 16-4-502 as follows:
(a) in incorporated towns of 500 inhabitants or less and within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of such towns, not more than two retail licenses;
(b) in incorporated cities or incorporated towns of more than 500 inhabitants and not over 3,000 inhabitants and within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of
such cities and towns, three retail licenses for the first 1,000 inhabitants and one retail license for each additional 1,000 inhabitants;
(c) in incorporated cities of over 3,000 inhabitants and within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits thereof, five retail licenses for the first 3,000 inhabitants and one retail license for each additional 1,500 inhabitants.
(2) The number of the inhabitants in such cities and towns, exclusive of the number of inhabitants residing within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits thereof, shall govern the number of retail licenses that may be issued for use within such cities and towns and within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits thereof. If two or more incorporated municipalities are situated within a distance of 5 miles from each other, the total number of retail licenses that may be issued for use in both of such municipalities and within a distance of 5 miles from their respective corporate limits shall be determined on the basis of the combined populations of both of such municipalities and may not exceed the foregoing limitations. The distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of any incorporated city or incorporated town shall be measured in a straight line from the nearest entrance of the premises proposed for licensing to the nearest corporate boundary of the city or
town.
(3) Retail all-beverages licenses of issue on March 7 , 1947, and all-beverages licenses issued under [section 2], and which are in excess of the foregoing limitations shall be renewable, but no new licenses may be issued in violation of such Iimitations.
(4) Such limitations do not prevent the issuance of a nontransferable and nonassignable (as to ownership only) retail license to AN ENLISTED MEN'S, NONCOMMISSIONED OFFICERS', OR OFFICERS' CLUB LOCATED ON A FEDERAL MILITARY RESERVATION ON [THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS ACT] OR TO any post of a nationally chartered veterans' organization or any lodge of a recognized national fraternal organization if such veterans' or fraternal organization has been in existence for a period of 5 years or more prior to January 1, 1949 .
(5) The number of retail all-beverages licenses that the department may issue for use at premises situated outside of any incorporated city or incorporated town and outside of the area within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits thereof may not be more than one license for each 750 population of the county after excluding the population of incorporated cities and incorporated towns in such county."

Section 5. Section 16-4-204, MCA, is amended to read:
"16-4-204. Transfer -- catering endorsement. (I) (a) Except as provided in subsection (1)(b), a license may be transferred to a new ownership and to a location outside the quata area for which it was originally issued only when the following criteria are met:
(i) the total number of all-beverages licenses in the original quota area exceeded the quota for that area by at least 25\% in the most recent census prescribed in 16-4-502;
(ii) the total number of all-beverages licenses in the quota area to which the license would be transferced, exclusive of those issued under [SUBSECTION (1)(A) of section 2], did not exceed that area's quota in the most recent census prescribed in 16-4-502:
(A) by more than \(33 \%\); or
(B) in an incorporated city of more than 10,000 inhabitants and within a distance of 5 miles from its corporate limits by more than \(43 \%\); and
(iii) the department finds, after a public hearing, that the public convenience and necessity would be served by such a transfer.
(b) A license within an incorporated quota area may be transferred to a new ownership and to a new unincorporated location within the same county on application to and with consent of the department when the quota of the all-beverages licenses in the original quota area, exclusive
of those issued under [SUBSECTION (1)(A) OF section 2], exceeds the quota for that area by at least \(25 \%\) in the most recent census and will not fall below that level because of the transfer.
(c) For 5 years after the transfer of a license between quota areas under subsection (1)(a), the license may not be mortgaged or pledged as security and may not be transferred to another person except for a transfer by inheritance upon the death of the licensee.
(d) Once a license is transferred to a new quota area under subsection (1)(a), it may not be transferred to another quota area or back to the original quota area.
(e) A license issued under [SUBSECTION (1)/A] OF section 2) may not be transferred to a location outside the quota area and the exterior boundaries of the Montana Indian reservation for which it was originally issued.
(2) (a) Any all-beverages licensee is, upon the approval and in the discretion of the liquor division, entitied to a catering endorsement to his all-beverages license to allow the catering and sale of alcoholic beverages to persons attending a special event upon premises not otherwise licensed for the sale of alcoholic beverages, such beverages to be consumed on the premises where the event is held.
(b) A written application for a catering endorsement
and an annual fee of \(\$ 250\) must be submitted to the department for its approval.
(c) A written application for each event for which the licensee intends to provide catering services, the written approval of the catering application by the sponsor of the special event, and a fee of \(\$ 35\) must be filed with the department at least 3 days prior to the event and shall describe the location of the premises where the event is to be held, the nature of the event, and the period during which the event is to be held. An all-beverages licensee who holds an endorsement granted under this subsection (2) may not receive approval to cater an event of which he is the sponsor. The catered event must be within 100 miles of the licensee's regular place of business. If obtained, the licensee shall display in a prominent place on those premises, the written approval from the department for each event which is catered pursuant to this subsection.
(d) The licensee shall file with each application for an event to be catered a written statement of approval of the premises where the event is to be held issued by the department of health and environmental sciences and the local law enforcement agency that has jurisdiction over the premises where the event is to be held.
> (e) The sale of alcoholic beverages pursuant to a catering endorsement is subject to the provisions of

\section*{HB 0924/03}
16-6-103.
(f) The sale of alcoholic beverages pursuant to a catering endorsement is subject to the provisions of 16-3-306, unless entities named in 16-3-306 give their written approval."

NEW SECTION. Section 6. Codification instruction. (1) Section 1 is intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 16 , chapter 4 , part 1 , and the provisions of Title 16 , chapters 1 through 6, apply to section 1 .
(2) Section 2 is intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 16 , chapter 4 , part 2 , and the provisions of Title 16 , chapters 1 through 6, apply to section 2.

NEW SECTION. Section 7. Extension of authority. Any existing authority of the department of revenue to make rules on the subject of the provisions of this act is extended to the provisions of this act.

NEW SECTION. Section 8. Effective date -applicability. This act is effective on passage and approval and applies only to tribal licensees who hold tribal licenses on--the-effective-date-of-this-aet ISSUED PRIOR TO JANUARY 1, 1985, AND TO ENLISTED MEN'S, NONCOMMISSIONED OFFICERS', AND OFFICERS' CLUBS LOCATED ON FEDERAL MILITARY RESERVATIONS IN MONTANA ON (THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS ACT).
-End-

MR. SPEAKER
We, your FREE HOUSE BILL 924, reference copy - salmon__ Conference Committee on
met and considered \(\qquad\)
Taxation Report of 4-9-85

We recommend as follows:
1. Title, line 10 .
Following: "ON"
Insert: "STATE OR"
2. Page 2, line 7; and page 3, line 3.

Following: "ON"
Insert: "state or"
3. Page 3, line 17; page 4, line 16; page 7, line 14; and page 11 , line 10.
Following: "A"
Insert: "state or"
4. Page 12, line 11; and Page 13, line 1. Following: "[SUBSECTION (1) (A)"
Insert: "and (1) (b)
5. Page 15, line 23.

Following: "ON"
Insert: "state and"

And that this Conference Committee report be adopted.

FOR THE SENATE


ADOPT REJECT


HOUSE BILL NO. 924

\section*{INTRODUCED BY BARDANOUVE}
by Request of the department of revenue

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quota areas; and
WHEREAS, the enforcement of Montana's alcoholic
beverages license quota creates a hardship on tribal
alcoholic beverages licensees in quota areas where no state
licenses are availabler; AND
WHEREAS, THE ENLISTED MEN'S, NONCOMMISSIONED OFFICERS',
AND OFFICERS' CLUBS LOCATED ON STATE OR FEDERAL MILITARY
RESERVATIONS IN MONTANA HAVE OPERATED FOR MANY YEARS AS
PEDERAL ENCLAVES BEYOND THE JURISOICTION OF STATE LAWS
RELATING TO LICENSING AND REGULATION OF ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES;
AND
WHEREAS, EFFECTIVE DECEMBER 1, 1984, AIR NATIONAL GUARD REGULATION 215-2 REQUIRES ENLISTED MEN'S, NONCOMMISSIONED OFFICERS', AND OFFICERS' CLUBS TO COMPLY WITH STATE LAWS RELATING TO LICENSING AND REGULATION OF ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES; AND
WHEREAS, THE ENFORCEMENT OF MONTANA'S ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE LICENSE QUOTA CREATES A HARDSHIP FOR ENLISTED MEN'S, NONCOMMISSIONED OFFICERS', AND OFFICERS' CLUBS, WHICH HAVE HISTORICALLY OPERATED AS SOCIAL CLUBS WITHOUT PROFIT MOTIVE AND WHICH DO NOT HAVE THE ECONOMIC CAPACITY TO COMPETE FOR LICENSES.
PHEREFORE, the Legislature of the State of Montana determines it appropriate to make available retail alcoholic beverages licenses in excess of state quota limitations to

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be issued to persons holding tribal alcoholic beverages
licenses and doing business on Montana Indian reservations
AND TO ENLISTED MEN'S, NONCOMMISSIONED OFFICERS', AND
OFFICERS' CLUBS LOCATED ON STATE OR FEDERAL MILITARY
RESERVATIONS
BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
NEW SECTION. Section 1. Exception EXCEPTIONS to limit
on retail beer licenses -- tribal alcoholic beverages
licensees AND ENLISTED MEN'S, NONCOMMISSIONED OFFICERS', AND
OFFICERS' CLUBS. (1) Upon application and qualification, the
department shall issue a license to sell beer for
consumption on the premises to:
(A) a tribal alcoholic beverages licensee who operates
such business within the exterior boundaries of a Montana
Indian reservation UNDER A TRIBAL LICENSE ISSUED PRIOR TO
JANUARY 1, 1985;
(B) AN ENLISTED MEN'S, NONCOMMISSIONED OFFICERS',OR
OFFICERS' CLUB LOCATED ON A STATE OR FEDERAL MILITARY
RESERVATION IN MONTANA On [the effective date of this act].
(2) A license issued under the provisions of
subsection (1) is not subject to the quota limitations of
16-4-105.
(3) Upon application and approval by the department, a license issued under this-section SUBSECTION (1)(A) may be

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transferred to another qualified applicant, but only to a location within the quota area and the exterior boundaries of the Montana Indian reservation for which the license was originally issued.
(4) A license issued under this section is subject to all statutes and rules governing licenses to sell beer at retail for on-premises consumption.

NEW SECTION. Section 2. Exeeption EXCEPTIONS to limit on all-beverages licenses -- tribal alcoholic beverages licensees AND ENLISTED MEN'S, NONCOMMISSIONED OFFICERS'. AND OFFICERS' CLOBS. (1) Upon application and qualification, the department shall issue an all-beverages license to:
(A) a tribal alcoholic beverages licensee who operates such business within the exterior boundaries of a Montana Indian reservation UNDER A TRIBAL LICENSE ISSUED PRIOR TO JANUARY 1, 1985:
(B) AN ENLISTED MEN'S, NONCOMMISSIONED OFFICERS', OR OFEICERS' CLUB LOCATED ON A STATE OR FEDERAL MILITARX RESERVATION IN MONTANA On [the effective date of this act].
(2) A license issued under the provisions of subsection (1) is not subject to the quota limitations of 16-4-201.
(3) Upon application and approval by the department, a license issued under this-section SUBSECTION (1)(A) may be transferred to another qualified applicant, but such license
may only be transferred to a location within the quota area and the exterior boundaries of the Montana Indian reservation for which the license was originally issued.
(4) A license issued under this section is subject to all statutes and rules governing all-beverages licenses.

Section 3. Section 16-4-105, MCA, is amended to read:
"16-4-105. Limit on retail beer licenses -- wine license amendments -- off-premises consumption. (1) Except as otherwise provided by law, a license to sell beer at retail or beer and wine at retail, in accordance with the provisions of this code and the rules of the department, may be issued to any person, firm, or corpcration who is approved by the department as a fit and proper person, firm, or corporation to sell beer, except that:
(a) the number of retail beer licenses that the department may issue for premises situated within incorporated cities and incorporated towns and within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of such cities and towns shall be determined on the basis of population prescribed in 16-4-502 as follows:
(i) in incorporated towns of 500 inhabitants or less and within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of such towns, not more than one retail beer license, which may not be used in conjunction with a retail all-beverages license;
(ii) in incorporated cities or incorporated towns of more than 500 inhabitants and not over 2,000 inhabitants and within a distance of 5 miles from the corparate limits of such cities or towns, one retail beer license for each 500 inhabitants, which may not be used in conjunction with retail all-beverages licenses;
(iii) in incorporated cities of over 2,000 inhabitants and within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of such cities, four retail beer licenses for the first 2,000 inhabitants, two additional retail beer licenses for the next 2,000 inhabitants or major fraction thereof, and one additional retail beer license for each additional 2,000 inhabitants, which may not be used in conjunction with retail all-beverages licenses;
(b) the number of the inhabitants in such cities and towns, exclusive of the number of inhabitants residing within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits thereof, shall govern the number of retail beer licenses that may be issued for use within such cities and towns and within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits thereof. If two or more incorporated municipalities are situated within a distance of 5 miles from each other, the total number of retail beer licenses that may be issued for use in both of such municipalities and within a distance of 5 miles from their respective corporate limits shall be

\begin{abstract}
determined on the basis of the combined populations of both of such municipalities and may not exceed the foregoing limitations. The distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of any incorporated city or incorporated town shall be measured in a straight line from the nearest entrance of the premises proposed for licensing to the nearest corporate boundary of such city or town.
(c) retail beer licenses of issue on March 7. 1947, and retail beer licenses issued under [section 1], and which are in excess of the foregoing limitations shall be renewable, but no new licenses may be issued in violation of such 1imitations;
(d) such limitations do not prevent the issuance of a nontransferable and nonassignable retail beer license to AN ENLISTED MEN'S, NONCOMMISSIONED OFFICERS', OR OFFICERS' CLUB LOCATED ON A STATE OR FEDERAL MILITARY RESERVATION ON [THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS ACT] OR TO a post of a nationally chartered veterans' organization or a lodge of a recognized national fraternal organization if such veterans' or fraternal organization has been in existence for a period of 5 years or more prior to January 1, 1949;
(e) the number of retail beer licenses that the department may issue for use at premises situated outside of any incorporated city or incorporated town and outside of the area within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate
\end{abstract}
limits thereof or for use at premises situated within any unincorporated town shall be as determined by the department in the exercise of its sound discretion, except that no retail beer license may be issued for any premises so situated unless the department determines that the issuance of such license is required by public convenience and necessity.
(2) A person holding a license to sell beer for consumption on the premises at retail may apply to the department for an amendment to the license permitting the holder to sell wine as well as beer. The division may issue such amendment if it finds, on a satisfactory showing by the applicant, that the sale of wine for consumption on the premises would be supplementary to a restaurant or prepared-food business. A person holding a beer-and-wine license may sell wine for consumption on or off the premises. Nonretention of the beer license, for whatever reason, shall mean automatic loss of the wine amendment license.
(3) A retail license to sell beer or table wine, or both, in the original packages for off-premises consumption only may be issued to any person, firm, or corporation who is approved by the department as a fit and proper person, firm, or corporation to sell beer or table wine, or both, and whose premises proposed for licensing are operated as a
bona fide grocery store or a drugstore licensed as a pharmacy. The number of such licenses that the department may issue is not limited by the provisions of subsection (1) of this section but shall be determined by the department in the exercise of its sound discretion, and the department may in the exercise of its sound discretion grant or deny any application for any such license or suspend or revoke any such license for cause."

Section 4. Section 16-4-201, MCA, is amended to read:
"16-4-201. All-beverages license quota. (1) Except as otherwise provided by law, a license to sell liquor, beer, and wine at retail (an all-beverages license) in accordance with the provisions of this code and the rules of the department may be issued to any person who is approved by the department as a fit and proper person to sell such beverages, except that the number of all-beverages licenses that the department may issue for premises situated within incorporated cities and incorporated towns and within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of such cities and towns shall be determined on the basis of population prescribed in 16-4-502 as follows:
(a) in incorporated towns of 500 inhabitants or less and within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of such towns, not more than two retail licenses;
(b) in incorporated cities or incorporated towns of
more than 500 inhabitants and not over 3,000 inhabitants and within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of such cities and towns, three retail licenses for the first 1,000 inhabitants and one retail license for each additional 1,000 inhabitants;
(c) in incorporated cities of over 3,000 inhabitants and within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits thereof, five retail licenses for the first 3,000 inhabitants and one retail 1 icense for each additional 1,500 inhabitants.
(2) The number of the inhabitants in such cities and towns, exclusive of the number of inhabitants residing within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits thereof, shall govern the number of retail licenses that may be issued for use within such cities and towns and within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits thereof. If two or more incorporated municipalities are situated within a distance of 5 miles from each other, the total number of retail licenses that may be issued for use in both of such municipalities and within a distance of 5 miles from their respective corporate limits shall be determined on the basis of the combined populations of both of such municipalities and may not exceed the foregoing limitations. The distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of any incorporated city or incorporated town shall be measured in a straight
line from the nearest entrance of the premises proposed for licensing to the nearest corporate boundary of the city or town．
（3）Retail all－beverages licenses of issue on March 7， 1947，and all－beverages licenses issued under［section 2］， and which are in excess of the foregoing limitations shall be renewable，but no new licenses may be issued in violation of such limitations．
（4）Such limitations do not prevent the issuance of a nontransferable and nonassignable（as to ownership only） retail license to AN ENLISTED MEN＇S，NONCOMMISSIONED OFFICERS＇，OR OFFICERS＇CLUB LOCATED ON A STATE OR FEDERAL MILITARY RESERVATION ON［THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS ACT］OR TO any post of a nationally chartered veterans＇organization or any lodge of a recognized national fraternal organization if such veterans＇or fraternal organization has been in existence for a period of 5 years or more prior to January 1． 1949.
（5）The number of retail all－beverages licenses that the department may issue for use at premises situated outside of any incorporated city or incorporated town and outside of the area within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits thereof may not be more than one license for each 750 population of the county after excluding the population of incorporated cities and incorporated towns in

\section*{such county．＂}

Section 5．Section 16－4－204，MCA，is amended to read：
＂16－4－204．Transfer－－catering endorsement．（1）（a） Except as provided in subsection（1）（b），a license may be transferred to a new ownership and to a location outside the quota area for which it was originally issued only when the following criteria are met：
（i）the total number of all－beverages licenses in the original quota area exceeded the quota for that area by at least 25\％in the most recent census prescribed in 16－4－502；
（ii）the total number of all－beverages licenses in the quota area to which the license would be transferred， exclusive of those issued under［SU日SEEPま日N SUBSECTIONS （1）（A）AND（1）（B）OF section 2］，did not exceed that area＇s quota in the most recent census prescribed in 16－4－502：
（A）by more than 33s：or
（B）in an incorporated city of more than 10,000 inhabitants and within a distance of 5 miles from its corporate limits by more than 438；and
（iii）the department finds，after a public hearing， that the public convenience and necessity would be served by such a transfer．
（b）A license within an incorporated quota area may be transferred to a new ownership and to a new unincorporated location within the same county on application to and with
consent of the department when the quota of the all-beverages licenses in the original quota area, exclusive of those issued under (SBBSBeqfon SuBSECTIONS (1)(A) AND 11)(B) OF section 21, exceeds the quota for that area by at least 25 in the most recent census and will not fall below that level because of the transfer.
(c) For 5 years after the transfer of a license between quota areas under subsection (1)(a), the license may not be mortgaged or pledged as security and may not be transferred to another person except for a transfer by inheritance upon the death of the licensee.
(d) Once a license is transferred to a new quota area under subsection (1)(a), it may not be transferred to another quota area or back to the original quota area.
(e) A license issued under [SUBSECTION (1)(A) OF section 21 may not be transferred to a location outside the guota area and the exterior boundaries of the Montana Indian reservation for which it was originally issued.
(2) (a) Any all-beverages licensee is, upon the approval and in the discretion of the liquor division, entitled to a catering endorsement to his all-beverages license to allow the catering and sale of alcoholic beverages to persons attending a special event upon premises not otherwise licensed for the sale of alcoholic beverages, such beverages to be consumed on the premises where the

\section*{event is held.}
(b) A written application for a catering endorsement and an annual fee of \(\$ 250\) must be subritted to the department for its approval.
(c) A written application for each event for which the licensee intends to provide catering services, the written approval of the catering application by the sponsor of the special event, and a fee of \(\$ 35\) must be filed with the department at least 3 days prior to the event and shall describe the location of the premises where the event is to be held, the nature of the event, and the period during which the event is to be held. An all-beverages licensee who holds an endorsement granted under this subsection (2) may not receive approval to cater an event of which he is the sponsor. The catered event must be within 200 miles of the licensee's regular place of business. If obtained, the licensee shall display in a prominent place on thase premises, the written approval from the department for each event which is catered pursuant to this subsection.
(d) The licensee shall file with each application for an event to be catered a written statement of approval of the premises where the event is to be held issued by the department of health and environmental sciences and the local law enforcement agency that has jurisdiction over the premises where the event is to be held.
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    (e) The sale of alcoholic beverages pursuant to a
    catering endorsement is subject to the provisions of
    16-6-103.
        (f) The sale of alcoholic beverages pursuant to a
    catering endorsement is subject to the provisions of
    16-3-306, unless entities named in 16-3-306 give their
    written approval."
        NEW SECTION. Section 6. Codification instruction. (1)
    Section l is intended to be codified as an integral part of
    Title 16, chapter 4, part 1, and the provisions of Title 16,
    chapters 1 through 6, apply to section 1.
        (2) Section 2 is intended to be codified as an
    integral part of Title 16, chapter 4, part 2, and the
    provisions of Title 16, chapters l through 6, apply to
    section 2.
        NEW SECTION. Section 7. Extension of authority. Any
    existing authority of the department of revenue to make
    rules on the subject of the provisions of this act is
    extended to the provisions of this act.
            NEW SECTION. Section 8. Effective date --
    applicability. This act is effective on passage and approval
and applies only to tribal licensees who hold tribal
licenses on-the-effective-date-of-this-act ISSUED PRIOR TO
JANUARY 1, 1985, AND TO ENLISTED MEN'S, NONCOMMISSIONED
OFFICERS', AND OFFICERS' CLUBS LOCATED ON STATE AND FEDERAL

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