HOUSE BILL NO. 858

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INTRODUCED BY HARRINGTON, QUILICI, PAVLOVICH, HAFFEY, KRUEGER, D. BROWN, STIMATZ, JACOBSON, LYNCH

IN THE HOUSE

February 16, 1985	Introduced and referred to Committee on Local Government.
March 13, 1985	Committee recommend bill do pass as amended. Report adopted.
March 14, 1985	Bill printed and placed on members' desks.
March 16, 1985	Second reading, do pass.
	Considered correctly engrossed.
March 18, 1985	Third reading, passed.
	Transmitted to Senate.
IN THE	E SENATE
March 19, 1985	Introduced and referred to Committee on Business and Industry.
March 29, 1985	Committee recommend bill be concurred in. Report adopted.
	On motion, rules temporarily suspended in order that all bills considered on second reading on the 70th Legislative Day advance to third reading that same day.
April 1, 1985	Second reading, concurred in.
	Third reading, concurred in. Ayes, 37; Noes, 13.
	Returned to House.

IN THE HOUSE

April 2, 1985

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Received from Senate. Sent to enrolling. Reported correctly enrolled.

INTRODUCED BY Hangeton 2m 1 2 KRUEBER K A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO ESTABLISH MUNICIPAL 4 AND REGIONAL PORT AUTHORITIES: TO PROVIDE FOR A TAX LEVY FOR 5 THE OPERATION THEREOF; TO PROVIDE FOR PORT COMMISSIONERS; TO 6 PROVIDE FOR THE GENERAL POWER OF A PORT AUTHORITY: TO 7 PROVIDE FOR POWERS OF EMINENT DOMAIN, FOR ISSUANCE OF BONDS. 8 9 AND FOR ESTABLISHMENT OF OPERATION AND USE PRIVILEGES; TO 10 PROVIDE FOR RULES IN CONNECTION WITH A PORT AUTHORITY: TO PROVIDE FOR ACCEPTANCE OF FEDERAL AID FOR PORTS; AND TO 11 12 PROVIDE FOR MUNICIPAL COOPERATION IN REGARD TO PORT OPERATION; AMENDING SECTION 67-10-402, MCA." 13 14

15 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

16 NEW SECTION. Section 1. Municipal port authority. (1) 17 Any municipality may, by resolution of its governing body, create a public body, corporate and politic, to be known as 18 a municipal port authority, authorized to exercise its 19 20 functions upon the appointment and gualification of the 21 first commissioners thereof, Such a governing body may by 22 resolution determine to exercise any or all powers granted 23 to such authorities in [sections 1 through 18], unless such powers have been conferred upon a municipal or regional port 24 25 authority.

(2) Upon the adoption of a resolution creating a 1 municipal port authority, the governing body of the 2 municipality shall, pursuant to the resolution, appoint not 3 less than five persons as commissioners of the authority. 4 The commissioners who are first appointed must be designated 5 to serve for terms of 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 years, respectively, 6 but thereafter each commissioner must be appointed for a term of 5 years, except that vacancies occurring other than я expiration of a term must be filled for the unexpired 9 bv term by the governing body. 10

NEW SECTION. Section 2. Regional port authority. (1) 11 Two or more municipalities may by joint resolution create a 12 public body, corporate and politic, to be known as a 13 regional port authority. The resolution creating a regional 14 port authority must create a board of not less than five 15 commissioners. The number to be appointed, their term, and 16 their compensation, if any, must be provided for in the 17 Each such regional port authority shall resolution. 18 organize, select officers for terms to be fixed bν 19 agreement, and adopt and amend from time to time rules for 20 21 its own procedure.

(2) A regional port authority may be increased from
time to time to serve one or more additional municipalities
if each additional municipality, each of the municipalities
then included in the regional authority, and the

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commissioners of the regional authority, respectively, adopt 1 a joint resolution consenting thereto. However, if a 2 municipal port authority for any municipality seeking to be 3 included in the regional authority is then in existence, the 4 commissioners of the municipal authority must consent to the S inclusion of the municipality in the regional authority; 6 upon the inclusion of such municipality in the regional 7 authority, all rights, contracts, obligations, and real and 8 personal property of the municipal authority must be in the 9 name of and vest in the regional authority. 10

(3) A regional port authority may be decreased if each of the municipalities then included in the regional authority and the commissioners of the regional authority consent to the decrease and make provisions for the retention or disposition of its assets and liabilities.

(4) A municipality may not adopt any resolution
authorized by this section without a public hearing thereon.
Notice must be given at least 10 days prior to the hearing
in a newspaper published in the municipality or, if there is
no newspaper published therein, in a newspaper having
general circulation in the municipality.

(5) For the purpose of [sections 1 through 18], a
regional port authority has the same powers as all other
political subdivisions in the adoption and enforcement of
comprehensive port -zoning regulations, as provided by the

1 laws of this state.

2 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 3. Commissioners. (1) The powers 3 of each authority are vested in the commissioners thereof. A 4 majority of the commissioners of an authority constitutes a 5 quorum for the purpose of conducting business of the 6 authority and exercising its powers for all other purposes. 7 Action may be taken by the authority upon a vote of not less 8 than a majority of the commissioners present.

(2) There must be elected a chairman and vice-chairman 9 from among the commissioners. An authority may employ an 10 executive director, secretary, technical experts, and such 11 other officers, agents, and employees, permanent and 12 temporary, as it may require and shall determine their 13 14 qualifications, duties, and compensation. An authority may delegate to one or more of its agents or employees such 15 16 powers or duties as it considers proper.

17 (3) A commissioner of an authority is entitled to 18 receive expenses, as provided in 2-18-501 through 2-18-503, 19 incurred in the discharge of his duties. Each commissioner 20 shall hold office until his successor has been appointed and 21 has gualified. The certificates of the appointment and 22 reappointment of commissioners must be filed with the 23 authority.

24 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 4. Functions -- public and
 25 governmental. The acquisition of any land or interest

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therein pursuant to [sections 1 through 18], the planning, 1 establishment, development, construction, 2 acquisition, improvement, maintenance, equipment, operation, regulation, 3 and protection of ports and transportation and storage 4 facilities, and the exercise of any powers granted to port 5 6 authorities and other public agencies to be severally or 7 jointly exercised are public and governmental functions, exercised for a public purpose, and matters of public 8 necessity. All land and other property and privileges 9 acquired and used by or on behalf of any authority or other 10 public agency, as provided in [sections 1 through 18], must 11 be used for public and governmental purposes and as a matter 12 13 of public necessity.

14 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 5. Cooperation of municipality. 15 For the purpose of aiding and cooperating in the planning, 16 undertaking, construction, or operation of ports and 17 facilities pursuant to [sections 1 through 18], any 18 municipality for which an authority has been created upon 19 such terms, with or without consideration, as it may 20 determine may:

21 (1) lend or donate money to the authority;

(2) provide that all or a portion of the taxes or funds available or to become available to or required by law to be used by the municipality for port purposes be transferred or paid directly to the port authority as such LC 1148/01

1 funds become available to the municipality;

2 (3) cause water, sewer, or drainage facilities or any
3 other facilities that it is empowered to provide to be
4 furnished adjacent to or in connection with such ports or
5 facilities;

6 (4) dedicate, sell, convey, or lease any of its
7 interest in any property or grant easements, licenses, or
8 any other rights or privileges therein to the authority;

9 (5) furnish, dedicate, close, pave, install, grade, 10 regrade, plan or replan streets, roads, roadways, and walks 11 from established streets or roads to such port or 12 facilities;

13 (6) do any and all things, whether or not specifically 14 authorized in this section and not otherwise prohibited by 15 law, that are necessary or convenient to aid and cooperate 16 with the authority in the planning, undertaking, 17 construction, or operation of ports and facilities; and

18 (7) enter into agreements with the authority
19 respecting action to be taken by the municipality pursuant
20 to the provisions of this section.

<u>NEW_SECTION.</u> Section 6. General powers of authority.
 An authority has all the powers necessary or convenient to
 carry out the purposes of [sections 1 through 18], including
 but not limited to the power to:

25 (1) certify annually to the governing bodies creating

it the amount of tax to be levied by the governing bodies for port purposes:

3 (2) sue and be sued, have a seal, and have perpetual4 succession;

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5 (3) execute such contracts and other instruments and 6 take such other action as may be necessary or convenient to 7 carry out the purposes of [sections 1 through 18];

(4) plan, establish, acquire, develop, construct,
purchase, enlarge, improve, maintain, equip, operate,
regulate, and protect ports and transportation and storage
facilities. For such purposes an authority may, by purchase,
gift, devise, lease, eminent domain proceedings, or
otherwise, acquire real or personal property or any interest
therein, including easements.

(5) establish comprehensive port zoning regulations inaccordance with the laws of this state;

17 (6) acquire, by purchase, gift, devise, lease, eminent 18 domain proceedings, or otherwise, existing ports and 19 transportation and storage facilities. However, an authority 20 may not acquire or take over any port or transportation and 21 storage facility owned or controlled by another authority, 22 municipality, or public agency without the consent of such 23 authority, municipality, or public agency.

24 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 7. Rules. An authority may
 25 adopt, amend, and repeal such reasonable resolutions, rules,

and orders as it considers necessary for the management, 1 government, and use of any port or transportation and 2 storage facility owned by it or under its control. No rule, 3 order, or standard prescribed by the commission may be 4 5 inconsistent with or contrary to any act of the congress of the United States or any regulation promulgated or standard 6 7 established pursuant thereto. The authority shall keep on а file at the principal office of the authority a copy of all its rules for public inspection. 9

10 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 8. Supplementary powers. In 11 addition to the general and special powers conferred by 12 [sections 1 through 18], each authority may exercise all 13 powers incidental to the exercise of such general and 14 special powers.

NEW SECTION. Section 9. Granting of operation and use privileges. (1) In connection with the operation of a port or transportation and storage facility owned or controlled by an authority, the authority may enter into contracts, leases, and other arrangements for terms not to exceed 30 years with any persons:

21 (a) granting the privilege of using or improving the 22 port or transportation and storage facility or any portion 23 or facility thereof or space therein for commercial 24 purposes;

25 (b) conferring the privilege of supplying goods,

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1 commodities, services, or facilities at the port or 2 transportation and storage facility; and

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3 (c) making available services to be furnished by the
4 authority or its agents at the port or transportation and
5 storage facility.

6 (2) In each case the authority may establish the terms 7 and conditions and fix the charges, rentals, or fees for the 8 privileges or services, which must be reasonable and uniform 9 for the same class of privilege or service and must be 10 established with due regard to the property and improvements 11 used and the expenses of operation to the authority.

NEW SECTION. Section 10. Port property -- acquisition 12 by eminent domain. In the acquisition of property by eminent 13 domain proceedings authorized by [sections 1 through 18], a 14 15 port authority shall proceed in the manner provided by the laws of this state and such other laws that apply to the 16 state or to political subdivisions of this state in 17 exercising the right of eminent domain. The port authority 18 may not be precluded from abandoning such proceedings in any 19 case where possession of the property has not been taken. 20

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 11. Port property -- disposal.
Except as may be limited by the terms and conditions of any grant, loan, or agreement authorized by [section 17], an authority may sell, lease, or otherwise dispose of any port, transportation and storage facility, or other property or

portion thereof or interest therein acquired pursuant to
 [sections 1 through 18]. Such disposal by sale, lease, or
 otherwise must be in accordance with the laws of this state
 governing the disposition of other public property.

NEW SECTION. Section 12. Municipal tax levy. The port 5 6 authority may certify annually to the governing bodies the 7 amount of tax to be levied by each municipality participating in the creation of the port authority, and the 8 9 municipality shall levy the amount certified, pursuant to 10 provisions of law authorizing cities and other political subdivisions of this state to levy taxes. The levy made may 11 not exceed the maximum levy permitted by 67-10-402 for port 12 13 purposes or any lower limit that may have been established 14 by the municipality or municipalities in the resolution creating the authority. The municipality shall collect the 15 taxes certified by a port authority in the same manner as 16 17 other taxes are levied and collected and make payment to the port authority. The proceeds of such taxes when and as paid 18 to the port authority must be deposited in a special account 19 20 or accounts in which other revenues of the authority are deposited and may be expended by the authority as provided 21 22 for in [sections 1 through 18]. Prior to the issuance of 23 bonds under [sections 14 and 15], the port authority or the municipality may by resolution covenant and agree that the 24 total amount of such taxes then authorized by law, or such 25

portion thereof as may be specified by the resolution, will
 be certified, levied, and deposited annually as provided in
 this section until the bonds and interest thereon are fully
 paid.

5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 13. County tax levy. In counties 6 supporting ports of port authorities, a levy authorized in 7 67-10-402 may be made for such purposes.

8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 14. Bonds and obligations. 9 (1) An authority may borrow money for any of its corporate 10 purposes and issue bonds therefor, including refunding 11 bonds, in such form and upon such terms as it determines, 12 payable out of any revenues of the authority, including 13 revenues derived from:

14 (a) any port or transportation and storage facility;
15 (b) taxes levied pursuant to [section 12] or
16 67-10-402;

17 (c) grants or contributions from the federal
18 government; or

(d) other sources.

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(2) The bonds may be issued by resolution of the
authority, without an election and without any limitation of
amount, except that no bonds may be issued at any time if
the total amount of principal and interest to become due in
any year on such bonds and on any then outstanding bonds for
which revenues from the same source are pledged exceeds the

amount of such revenues to be received in that year, as 1 2 estimated in the resolution authorizing the issuance of the bonds. The authority shall take all action necessary and 3 possible to impose, maintain, and collect rates, charges, Δ rentals, and taxes, if any are pledged, sufficient to make 5 the revenues from the pledged source in such year at least 6 equal to the amount of principal and interest due in that 7 8 year.

9 (3) The bonds may be sold at public or private sale and may bear interest at a rate not exceeding the limitation 10 of 17-5-102. Except as otherwise provided in [sections 1] 11 through 18], any bonds issued pursuant to [sections 1 12 through 18] by an authority may be payable as to principal 13 and interest solely from revenues of the authority and shall 14 state on their face the applicable limitations or 15 16 restrictions regarding the source from which such principal and interest are payable. 17

(4) Bonds issued by an authority or municipality
pursuant to the provisions of [sections 1 through 18] are
declared to be issued for an essential public and
governmental purpose by a political subdivision within the
meaning of 15-30-111(2)(a).

(5) For the security of any such bonds, the authority
or municipality may by resolution make and enter into any
covenant, agreement, or indenture and may exercise any

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1 additional powers authorized to be exercised by a 2 municipality under Title 7, chapter 7, parts 44 and 45. The 3 sums required from time to time to pay principal and 4 interest and to create and maintain a reserve for the bonds 5 may be paid from any revenues referred to in [sections 1 6 through 18], prior to the payment of current costs of 7 operation and maintenance of the facilities.

NEW SECTION. Section 15. Method of 8 funding deficiency, (1) Subject to the conditions stated in this 9 10 section, the governing body of any municipality having a population in excess of 10,000, with respect to bonds issued 11 12 pursuant to [sections | through 18] by the municipality or by an authority in which the municipality is included, may 13 by resolution covenant that if at any time all revenues, 14 including taxes, appropriated and collected for such bonds 15 16 are insufficient to pay principal or interest then due, it will levy a general tax upon all of the taxable property in 17 the municipality for the payment of such deficiency. The 18 governing body may further covenant that at any time a 19 deficiency is likely to occur within 1 year for the payment 20 21 of principal and interest due on such bonds, it will levy a general tax upon all the taxable property in the 22 municipality for the payment of such deficiency, and such 23 taxes are not subject to any limitation of rate or amount 24 applicable to other municipal taxes but are limited to a 25

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1 rate estimated to be sufficient to produce the amount of the 2 deficiency. If more than one municipality having a 3 population in excess of 10,000 is included in an authority 4 issuing bonds pursuant to [sections 1 through 18], the 5 municipalities may apportion the obligation to levy taxes 6 for the payment of, or in anticipation of, a deficiency in 7 the revenues appropriated for such bonds in such manner as 8 the municipalities may determine.

9 (2) The resolution shall state the principal amount 10 and purpose of the bonds and the substance of the covenant 11 respecting deficiencies.

12 (3) No such resolution becomes effective until the 13 question of its approval has been submitted to the qualified 14 electors of the municipality at a special election called 15 for that purpose by the governing body of the municipality 16 and a majority of the electors voting on the question have 17 voted in favor thereof. The notice and conduct of the 18 election is governed, to the extent applicable, as provided 19 for municipal general obligation bonds in Title 7, chapter 20 7, part 42, for an election called by cities and towns, and 21 as provided for county general obligation bonds in Title 7. chapter 7, part 22, for an election called by counties. If a 22 23 majority of the electors voting thereon vote against 24 approval of the resolution, the municipality has no authority to make the covenant or to levy a tax for the 25

payment of deficiencies pursuant to this section, but such
 municipality or authority may nevertheless issue bonds under
 [sections 1 through 18] payable solely from the sources
 referred to in (section 14(1)).

5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 16. Debt service fund. A port 6 authority may create a debt service fund and accumulate 7 therein the sum of \$5,000,000, together with interest 8 thereon, for the use, repairs, maintenance, and capital 9 outlays of a port.

NEW SECTION. Section 17. Federal and state money. An 10 authority may accept, receive, receipt for, and spend 11 federal and state money and other public or private money 12 made available by grant or loan to accomplish any of the 13 14 purposes of [sections 1 through 18]. All federal money accepted under this section must be accepted and spent by 15 the authority upon terms and conditions prescribed by the 16 17 United States and consistent with state law. All state money accepted under this section must be accepted and spent by 18 the authority upon terms and conditions prescribed by the 19 20 state.

21 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 18. Tax exemption. Any property 22 in this state acquired by an authority for port purposes 23 pursuant to the provisions of [sections 1 through 18], and 24 any income derived by the authority from the ownership, 25 operation, or control thereof, are exempt from taxation to the same extent as other property used for public purposes.
 Section 19. Section 67+10-402, MCA, is amended to
 read:

4 "67-10-402. Tax levy. (1) For the purpose of 5 establishing, constructing, equipping, maintaining, and 6 operating airports, and landing fields, and ports under the 7 provisions of this chapter and as provided in [sections] 8 through 18], the county commissioners or the city or town council may each year assess and levy, in addition to the 9 10 annual levy for general administrative purposes or the 11 all-purpose levy authorized by 7-6-4451 and 7-6-4452, a tax 12 of not to exceed 2 mills on the dollar of taxable value of 13 the property of said county, city, or town.

14 (2) In the event of a jointly established airport, or 15 landing field, or port, the county commissioners and the 16 council or councils involved shall determine in advance the 17 levy necessary for such purposes and the proportion each 18 political subdivision joining in the venture must pay.

19 (3) No property within any political subdivision may 20 be subject to a tax pursuant to this section at an annual 21 rate in excess of 2 mills unless it is found that the levy 22 is insufficient for the purposes enumerated. In such a case 23 the commissioners and councils acting are authorized and 24 empowered to contract an indebtedness on behalf of such 25, county, city, or town, as the case may be, upon the credit

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1 thereof by borrowing money or issuing bonds for such 2 purposes, provided that no bonds may be issued for such 3 purpose until the proposition has been submitted to the 4 qualified electors and a majority vote cast therefor, except 5 as provided in subsection (4).

6 (4) For the purpose of establishing a reserve fund to
7 resurface, overlay, or improve existing runways, taxiways,
8 and ramps, the governing bodies may set up annual reserve
9 funds in their annual budget if:

10 (a) the reserve is approved by the governing bodies11 during the normal budgeting procedure;

12 (b) the necessity to resurface or improve said runways
13 by overlays or similar methods every so many years is based
14 upon competent engineering estimates; and

15 (c) the funds are expended at least within each 16 10-year period.

17 (5) The reserve fund may not exceed at any time a competent engineering estimate of the cost of resurfacing or 18 overlaying the existing runways, taxiways, and ramps of any 19 20 one airport for each fund. The governing body of the airport or port, if in its judgment it considers it 21 advantageous, may invest the fund in any interest-bearing 22 23 deposits in a state or national bank insured by the FDIC or obligations of the United States of America, either 24 short-term or long-term. Interest earned from such 25

investments must be credited to the operations and
 maintenance budget of the airport <u>or port</u> governing body.
 The above provisions, notwithstanding other budget control
 measures and due to the uniqueness of the subject matter,
 are declared necessary in the interests of the public health
 and safety."

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HB 0858/02

APPROVED BY COMM. ON LOCAL GOVERNMENT

HOUSE BILL NO. 858
 INTRODUCED BY HARRINGTON, QUILICI, PAVLOVICH, HAPFEY,
 KRUEGER, D. BROWN, STIMATZ, JACOBSON, LYNCH
 A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO ESTABLISH MUNICIPAL
 LOCAL AND REGIONAL PORT AUTHORITIES; TO PROVIDE FOR A TAX
 LEVY FOR THE OPERATION THEREOF; TO PROVIDE FOR PORT

COMMISSIONERS; TO PROVIDE FOR THE GENERAL POWER OF A PORT 8 AUTHORITY: TO PROVIDE POR--POWERS--OF--EMINENT--DOMAIN- FOR 9 ISSUANCE OF BONDS, AND FOR ESTABLISHMENT OF OPERATION AND 10 USE PRIVILEGES; TO PROVIDE FOR RULES IN CONNECTION WITH A 11 PORT AUTHORITY; TO PROVIDE FOR ACCEPTANCE OF FEDERAL AID FOR 12 13 PORTS; AND TO PROVIDE FOR COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL COOPERATION 14 IN REGARD TO PORT OPERATION; AMENDING SECTION 67-10-402. MCA." 15

16

17 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

NEW SECTION. Section 1. Municipal 18 LOCAL port 19 authority. (1) Any COUNTY OR municipality may, by resolution 20 of its governing body, create a public body, corporate and politic, to be known as a municipal LOCAL port authority, 21 authorized to exercise its functions upon the appointment 22 and qualification of the first commissioners thereof. Such a 23 governing body may by resolution determine to exercise any 24 25 or all powers granted to such authorities in [sections 1

through ±0 17], unless such powers have been conferred upon
 a municipal LOCAL or regional port authority.

3 (2) Upon the adoption of a resolution creating a municipal LOCAL port authority, the governing body of the 4 5 COUNTY OR municipality shall, pursuant to the resolution, 6 appoint not less than five persons as commissioners of the 7 authority. The commissioners who are first appointed must be 8 designated to serve for terms of 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 years, 9 respectively, but thereafter each commissioner must be appointed for a term of 5 years, except that vacancies 10 occurring other than by expiration of a term must be filled 11 12 for the unexpired term by the governing body.

NEW SECTION. Section 2. Regional port authority. (1) 13 14 Two or more municipalities LOCAL GOVERNMENTS may by joint 15 resolution create a public body, corporate and politic, to 16 be known as a regional port authority. The resolution 17 creating a regional port authority must create a board of less than five commissioners. The number to be 18 not 19 appointed, their term, and their compensation, if any, must 20 be provided for in the resolution. Each such regional port 21 authority shall organize, select officers for terms to be 22 fixed by agreement, and adopt and amend from time to time 23 rules for its own procedure.

24 (2) A regional port authority may be increased from25 time to time to serve one or more additional COUNTIES OR

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BECOND READING

municipalities if each additional municipality LOCAL 1 GOVERNMENT, each of the municipalities LOCAL GOVERNMENTS 2 3 then included in the regional authority, and the 4 commissioners of the regional authority, respectively, adopt joint resolution consenting thereto. However, if a 5 а municipal LOCAL port authority for any municipality LOCAL 6 GOVERNMENT seeking to be included in the regional authority 7 is then in existence, the commissioners of the municipal в 9 LOCAL authority must consent to the inclusion of the COUNTY OR municipality in the regional authority; upon the 10 11 inclusion of such municipality LOCAL GOVERNMENT in the regional authority, all rights, contracts, obligations, and 12 real and personal property of the municipal LOCAL authority 13 14 must be in the name of and vest in the regional authority. (3) A regional port authority may be decreased if each 15 of the municipalities LOCAL GOVERNMENTS then included in the 16 17 regional authority and the commissioners of the regional 18 authority consent to the decrease and make provisions for the retention or disposition of its assets and liabilities. 19 (4) A COUNTY OR municipality may not adopt any 20 resolution authorized by this section without a public 21 hearing thereon. Notice must be given at least 10 days prior 22 to the hearing in a newspaper published in the COUNTY OR 23 24 municipality or, if there is no newspaper published therein, 25 in a newspaper having general circulation in the COUNTY OR

1 municipality.

2 (5) For the purpose of [sections 1 through +8 <u>17</u>], a 3 regional port authority has the same powers as all other 4 political subdivisions in the adoption and enforcement of 5 comprehensive port zoning regulations, as provided by the 6 laws of this state.

NEW SECTION. Section 3. Commissioners. (1) The powers
of each authority are vested in the commissioners thereof. A
majority of the commissioners of an authority constitutes a
quorum for the purpose of conducting business of the
authority and exercising its powers for all other purposes.
Action may be taken by the authority upon a vote of not less
than a majority of the commissioners present.

14 (2) There must be elected a chairman and vice-chairman 15 from among the commissioners. An authority may employ an executive director, secretary, technical experts, and such 16 17 other officers, agents, and employees, permanent and temporary, as it may require and shall determine their 18 qualifications, duties, and compensation. An authority may 19 delegate to one or more of its agents or employees such 20 powers or duties as it considers proper. 21

(3) A commissioner of an authority is entitled to
receive expenses, as provided in 2-18-501 through 2-18-503,
incurred in the discharge of his duties. Each commissioner
shall hold office until his successor has been appointed and

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has qualified. The certificates of the appointment and
 reappointment of commissioners must be filed with the
 authority.

NEW SECTION. Section 4. Functions -public and 4 governmental. The acquisition of any land or interest 5 therein pursuant to (sections 1 through 10 17), the 6 acquisition, establishment, development. 7 planning, ß construction. improvement. maintenance. equipment, 9 operation, regulation, and protection of ports and transportation and storage facilities, and the exercise of 10 any powers granted to port authorities and other public 11 agencies to be severally or jointly exercised are public and 12 governmental functions, exercised for a public purpose, and 13 matters of public necessity. All land and other property 14 and privileges acquired and used by or on behalf of any 15 16 authority or other public agency, as provided in [sections 1 through $\frac{10}{10}$ [17], must be used for public and governmental . 17 purposes and as a matter of public necessity. 18

19 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 5. Cooperation of <u>COUNTY OR</u> 20 municipality. For the purpose of aiding and cooperating in 21 the planning, undertaking, construction, or operation of 22 ports and facilities pursuant to [sections 1 through ±0 <u>17</u>], 23 any <u>COUNTY OR</u> municipality for which an authority has been 24 created upon such terms, with or without consideration, as 25 it may determine may: lend or donate money to the authority;

(2) provide that all or a portion of the taxes or 2 funds available or to become available to or required by law 3 to be used by the COUNTY OR municipality for port purposes 4 be transferred or paid directly to the port authority as 5 6 such funds become available to the COUNTY OR municipality: 7 (3) cause water, sewer, or drainage facilities or any в other facilities that it is empowered to provide to be furnished adjacent to or in connection with such ports or 9 10 facilities;

11 (4) dedicate, sell, convey, or lease any of its 12 interest in any property or grant easements, licenses, or 13 any other rights or privileges therein to the authority; 14 (5) furnish, dedicate, close, pave, install, grade, 15 regrade, plan or replan streets, roads, roadways, and walks 16 from established streets or roads to such port or 17 facilities;

(6) do any and all things, whether or not specifically
authorized in this section and not otherwise prohibited by
law, that are necessary or convenient to aid and cooperate
with the authority in the planning, undertaking,
construction, or operation of ports and facilities; and

23 (7) enter into agreements with the authority
24 respecting action to be taken by the <u>COUNTY OR</u> municipality
25 pursuant to the provisions of this section.

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NEW SECTION. Section 6. General powers of authority. An authority has all the powers necessary or convenient to

3 carry out the purposes of {sections 1 through ±6 17],
4 including but not limited to the power to:

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5 (1) certify annually to the governing bodies creating
6 it the amount of tax to be levied by the governing bodies
7 for port purposes;

8 (2) sue and be sued, have a seal, and have perpetual9 succession;

(3) execute such contracts and other instruments and
take such other action as may be necessary or convenient to
carry out the purposes of [sections 1 through ±8 17];

(4) plan, establish, acquire, develop, construct.
purchase, enlarge, improve, maintain, equip, operate,
regulate, and protect ports and transportation and storage
facilities. For such purposes an authority may, by purchase,
gift, devise, lease, eminent---domain---proceedings; or
otherwise, acquire real or personal property or any interest
therein, including easements.

20 (5) establish comprehensive port zoning regulations in
21 accordance with the laws of this state;

(6) acquire, by purchase, gift, devise, lease, eminent
 domain---proceedings, or otherwise, existing ports and
 transportation and storage facilities. However, an authority
 may not acquire or take over any port or transportation and

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storage facility owned or controlled by another authority, 1 COUNTY, municipality, or public agency without the consent 2 of such authority, COUNTY, municipality, or public agency. 3 NEW SECTION. Section 7. Rules. An authority may 4 adopt, amend, and repeal such reasonable resolutions, rules, 5 6 and orders as it considers necessary for the management, 7 government, and use of any port or transportation and 8 storage facility owned by it or under its control. No rule, order, or standard prescribed by the commission may be 9 10 inconsistent with or contrary to any act of the congress of 11 the United States or any regulation promulgated or standard established pursuant thereto. The authority shall keep on 12 13 file at the principal office of the authority a copy of all 14 its rules for public inspection. 15 NEW SECTION. Section 8. Supplementary powers. Τn

16 addition to the general and special powers conferred by 17 [sections 1 through $\frac{10}{10}$], each authority may exercise all 18 powers incidental to the exercise of such general and 19 special powers.

20 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 9. Granting of operation and use 21 privileges. (1) In connection with the operation of a port 22 or transportation and storage facility owned or controlled 23 by an authority, the authority may enter into contracts, 24 leases, and other arrangements for terms not to exceed 30 25 years with any persons:

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(a) granting the privilege of using or improving the
 port or transportation and storage facility or any portion
 or facility thereof or space therein for commercial
 purposes;

5 (b) conferring the privilege of supplying goods,
6 commodities, services, or facilities at the port or
7 transportation and storage facility; and

8 (c) making available services to be furnished by the
9 authority or its agents at the port or transportation and
10 storage facility.

11 (2) In each case the authority may establish the terms 12 and conditions and fix the charges, rentals, or fees for the 13 privileges or services, which must be reasonable and uniform 14 for the same class of privilege or service and must be 15 established with due regard to the property and improvements 16 used and the expenses of operation to the authority.

NEW-SECTION---Section-10---Port-property----acquisition 17 18 by--eminent--domain----In--the--acquisition--of--property-by eminent-domain-proceedings-authorized-by-fsections-l-through 19 181--a-port-authority-shail-proceed-in-the--manner--provided 20 by--the-laws-of-this-state-and-such-other-laws-that-apply-to 21 the-state-or-to-political--subdivisions--of--this--state--in 22 exercising--the--right-of-eminent-domain--The-port-authority 23 24 may-not-be-precluded-from-abandoning-such-proceedings-in-any case-where-possession-of-the-property-has-not-been-taken-25

1 NEW SECTION. Section 10. Port property -- disposal. Except as may be limited by the terms and conditions of any 2 grant, loan, or agreement authorized by [section 17 16], an 3 authority may sell, lease, or otherwise dispose of any port, 4 transportation and storage facility, or other property or 5 portion thereof or interest therein acquired pursuant to 6 [sections 1 through ±8 17]. Such disposal by sale, lease, or 7 8 otherwise must be in accordance with the laws of this state 9 governing the disposition of other public property.

NEW SECTION. Section 11. Municipal tax levy. The port 10 11 authority may certify annually to the governing bodies the amount of tax to be levied by each municipality 12 participating in the creation of the port authority, and the 13 municipality shall MAY levy the amount certified, pursuant 14 to provisions of law authorizing cities and other political 15 16 subdivisions of this state to levy taxes. The levy made may not exceed the maximum levy permitted by 67-10-402 for port 17 purposes or any lower limit that may have been established 18 by the municipality or municipalities in the resolution 19 creating the authority. The municipality shall collect the 20 taxes certified by a port authority in the same manner as 21 other taxes are levied and collected and make payment to the 22 port authority. The proceeds of such taxes when and as paid 23 to the port authority must be deposited in a special account 24 or accounts in which other revenues of the authority are 25

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1 deposited and may be expended by the authority as provided for in [sections 1 through 18 17]. Prior to the issuance of 2 bonds under [sections 14 13 and 15 14], the port authority 3 or the municipality may by resolution covenant and agree 4 that the total amount of such taxes then authorized by law, 5 б or such portion thereof as may be specified by the 7 resolution, will be certified, levied, and deposited 8 annually as provided in this section until the bonds and interest thereon are fully paid. 9

10 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 12. County tax levy. In counties
11 supporting ports of port authorities, a levy authorized in
12 67-10-402 may be made for such purposes.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 13. Bonds and obligations.
(1) An authority may borrow money for any of its corporate
purposes and issue bonds therefor, including refunding
bonds, in such form and upon such terms as it determines,
payable out of any revenues of the authority, including
revenues derived from:

(a) any port or transportation and storage facility;
(b) taxes levied pursuant to [section ±2 11] or
67-10-402;

22 (c) grants or contributions from the federal 23 government; or

24 (d) other sources.

25 (2) The bonds may be issued by resolution of the

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1 authority, without an election and without any limitation of amount, except that no bonds may be issued at any time if 2 the total amount of principal and interest to become due in 3 4 any year on such bonds and on any then outstanding bonds for which revenues from the same source are pledged exceeds the 5 amount of such revenues to be received in that year, as 6 estimated in the resolution authorizing the issuance of the 7 R bonds. The authority shall take all action necessary and g, possible to impose, maintain, and collect rates, charges, 10 rentals, and taxes, if any are pledged, sufficient to make 11 the revenues from the pledged source in such year at least equal to the amount of principal and interest due in that 12 13 year.

(3) The bonds may be sold at public or private sale 14 and may bear interest at a rate not exceeding the limitation 15 16 of 17-5-102. Except as otherwise provided in [sections 1 through ± 0 17], any bonds issued pursuant to [sections 1] 17 18 through $\pm \theta$ [17] by an authority may be payable as to 19 principal and interest solely from revenues of the authority and shall state on their face the applicable limitations or 20 21 restrictions regarding the source from which such principal and interest are payable. 22

(4) Bonds issued by an authority, <u>COUNTY</u>, or
municipality pursuant to the provisions of [sections 1
through 10 17] are declared to be issued for an essential

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public and governmental purpose by a political subdivision within the meaning of 15-30-111(2)(a).

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3 (5) For the security of any such bonds, the authority, COUNTY, or municipality may by resolution make and enter 4 into any covenant, agreement, or indenture and may exercise 5 any additional powers authorized to be exercised by a 6 7 municipality under Title 7, chapter 7, parts 44 and 45. The sums required from time to time to pay principal and 8 9 interest and to create and maintain a reserve for the bonds may be paid from any revenues referred to in [sections 1 10 through 18 17], prior to the payment of current costs of 11 operation and maintenance of the facilities. 12

NEW SECTION. Section 14. Method 13 of funding 14 deficiency. (1) Subject to the conditions stated in this section, the governing body of ANY COUNTY OR 15 any municipality having a population in excess of 10,000. with 16 respect to bonds issued pursuant to [sections 1 through ±8 17 17] by the municipality LOCAL GOVERNMENT or by an authority 18 in which the municipality LOCAL GOVERNMENT is included, may 19 by resolution covenant that if at any time all revenues, 20 including taxes, appropriated and collected for such bonds 21 insufficient to pay principal or interest then due, it 22 are will levy a general tax upon all of the taxable property in 23 COUNTY OR municipality for the payment of such 24 the deficiency. The governing body may further covenant that at 25

any time a deficiency is likely to occur within 1 year for 1 2 the payment of principal and interest due on such bonds, it will levy a general tax upon all the taxable property in the 3 COUNTY OR municipality for the payment of such deficiency, 4 and such taxes are not subject to any limitation of rate or 5 amount applicable to other COUNTY OR municipal taxes but are 6 limited to a rate estimated to be sufficient to produce the 7 amount of the deficiency. If more than one municipality 8 having-a-population-in-excess-of-107000 LOCAL GOVERNMENT is 9 10 included in an authority issuing bonds pursuant to [sections 1 through 18 17], the municipalities LOCAL GOVERNMENTS may 11 apportion the obligation to levy taxes for the payment of, 12 or in anticipation of, a deficiency in the revenues 13 appropriated for such bonds in such manner 14 as the municipalities LOCAL GOVERNMENTS may determine. 15

16 (2) The resolution shall state the principal amount
17 and purpose of the bonds and the substance of the covenant
18 respecting deficiencies.

19 (3) No such resolution becomes effective until the 20 question of its approval has been submitted to the qualified 21 electors of the municipality LOCAL GOVERNMENT at a special 22 election called for that purpose by the governing body of 23 the municipality LOCAL GOVERNMENT and a majority of the 24 electors voting on the question have voted in favor thereof. 25 The notice and conduct of the election is governed, to the

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1 extent applicable, as provided for municipal general 2 obligation bonds in Title 7, chapter 7, part 42, for an 3 election called by cities and towns, and as provided for county general obligation bonds in Title 7, chapter 7, part 4 5 22, for an election called by counties. If a majority of the electors voting thereon vote against approval of the 6 7 resolution. the municipality LOCAL GOVERNMENT has no authority to make the covenant or to levy a tax for the 8 payment of deficiencies pursuant to this section, but such 9 10 municipality LOCAL GOVERNMENT or authority may nevertheless issue bonds under [sections 1 through 18 17] payable solely 11 12 from the sources referred to in [section 14f1+ 13(1)].

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 15. Debt service fund. A portauthority may create a debt service fund and accumulate
 therein the <u>A</u> sum of-\$570007000 <u>DETERMINED BY THE GOVERNING</u>
 <u>BODY</u>, together with interest thereon, for the use, repairs,
 maintenance, and capital outlays of a port.

18 NEW SECTION. Section 16. Federal and state money. An authority may accept, receive, receipt for, and spend 19 20 federal and state money and other public or private money made available by grant or loan to accomplish any of the 21 purposes of [sections 1 through ±8 17]. All federal money 22 accepted under this section must be accepted and spent by 23 the authority upon terms and conditions prescribed by the 24 United States and consistent with state law. All state money 25

accepted under this section must be accepted and spent by
 the authority upon terms and conditions prescribed by the
 state.

4 NEW SECTION. Section 17. Tax exemption. Any property 5 in this state acquired by an authority for port purposes 6 pursuant to the provisions of [sections 1 through 18 17], and any income derived by the authority from the ownership, 7 8 operation, or control thereof, are exempt from taxation to 9 the same extent as other property used for public purposes. 10 Section 18. Section 67-10-402, MCA, is amended to 11 read:

12 "67-10-402. Tax levy. (1) For the purpose of 13 establishing, constructing, equipping, maintaining, and 14 operating airports, and landing fields, and ports under the 15 provisions of this chapter and as provided in [sections] 16 through ± 0 [17], the county commissioners or the city or town 17 council may each year assess and levy, in addition to the . 18 annual levy for general administrative purposes or the 19 all-purpose levy authorized by 7-6-4451 and 7-6-4452, a tax 20 of--mot--to-exceed-2-mills on the dollar of taxable value of 21 the property of said county, city, or town:

22 (A) NOT TO EXCEED 2 MILLS FOR AIRPORTS AND LANDING 23 FIELDS; AND

24 (B) NOT TO EXCEED 2 MILLS FOR PORTS.

In the event of a jointly established airport, or

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landing field, <u>or port</u>, the county commissioners and the
 councif' or councils involved shall determine in advance the
 levy necessary for such purposes and the proportion each
 political subdivision joining in the venture must pay.

5 (3) No property within any political subdivision may 6 be subject to a tax pursuant to this section at an annual 7 rate in excess of 2 mills FOR AIRPORTS, LANDING FIELDS, OR 8 PORTS unless it is found that the levy is insufficient for the purposes enumerated. In such a case the commissioners 9 10 and councils acting are authorized and empowered to contract an indebtedness on behalf of such county, city, or town, as 11 the case may be, upon the credit thereof by borrowing money 12 13 or issuing bonds for such purposes, provided that no bonds may be issued for such purpose until the proposition has 14 15 been submitted to the qualified electors and a majority vote cast therefor, except as provided in subsection (4). 16

17 (4) For the purpose of establishing a reserve fund to
18 resurface, overlay, or improve existing runways, taxiways,
19 and ramps, the governing bodies may set up annual reserve
20 funds in their annual budget if:

(a) the reserve is approved by the governing bodiesduring the normal budgeting procedure;

(b) the necessity to resurface or improve said runways
by overlays or similar methods every so many years is based
upon competent engineering estimates; and

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(c) the funds are expended at least within each 10-year period.

3 (5) The reserve fund may not exceed at any time a 4 competent engineering estimate of the cost of resurfacing or overlaying the existing runways, taxiways, and ramps of any 5 one airport for each fund. The governing body of the 6 7 airport or port, if in its judgment it considers it 8 advantageous, may invest the fund in any interest-bearing deposits in a state or national bank insured by the FDIC or 9 10 obligations of the United States of America, either 11 short-term or long-term. Interest earned from such investments must be credited to the operations 12 and 13 maintenance budget of the airport or port governing body. The above provisions, notwithstanding other budget control 14 15 measures and due to the uniqueness of the subject matter, 16 are declared necessary in the interests of the public health and safety." 17

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1	HOUSE BILL NO. 858	
2	INTRODUCED BY HARRINGTON, QUILICI, PAVLOVICH, HAFFEY,	
3	KRUEGER, D. BROWN, STIMATZ, JACOBSON, LYNCH	
4		
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO ESTABLISH MUNICIPAL	
6	LOCAL AND REGIONAL PORT AUTHORITIES; TO PROVIDE FOR A TAX	
7	LEVY FOR THE OPERATION THEREOF; TO PROVIDE FOR PORT	
8	COMMISSIONERS; TO PROVIDE FOR THE GENERAL POWER OF A PORT	
9	AUTHORITY; TO PROVIDE FORPOWERSOPEMINENTDOMAIN; FOR	
10	ISSUANCE OF BONDS, AND FOR ESTABLISHMENT OF OPERATION AND	:
11	USE PRIVILEGES; TO PROVIDE FOR RULES IN CONNECTION WITH A	:
12	FORT AUTHORITY; TO PROVIDE FOR ACCEPTANCE OF FEDERAL AID FOR	
13	PORTS; AND TO PROVIDE FOR COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL COOPERATION	:
14	IN REGARD TO PORT OPERATION; AMENDING SECTION 67-10-402,	
15	MCA."	:
16		:
17	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:	:
18	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Municipal LOCAL port	:
19	authority. (1) Any COUNTY OR municipality may, by resolution	
20	of its governing body, create a public body, corporate and	:
21	politic, to be known as a municipal LOCAL port authority,	;
22	authorized to exercise its functions upon the appointment	:

and qualification of the first commissioners thereof. Such a

governing body may by resolution determine to exercise any

or all powers granted to such authorities in [sections 1

through ±8 <u>17</u>], unless such powers have been conferred upon
 a municipal LOCAL or regional port authority.

(2) Upon the adoption of a resolution creating a 3 4 municipal LOCAL port authority, the governing body of the COUNTY OR municipality shall, pursuant to the resolution, 5 appoint not less than five persons as commissioners of the 6 authority. The commissioners who are first appointed must be 7 designated to serve for terms of 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 years, 8 9 respectively, but thereafter each commissioner must be appointed for a term of 5 years, except that vacancies 10 11 occurring other than by expiration of a term must be filled for the unexpired term by the governing body. 12

13 NEW SECTION. Section 2. Regional port authority. (1) 14 Two or more municipalities LOCAL GOVERNMENTS may by joint resolution create a public body, corporate and politic, to 15 be known as a regional port authority. The resolution 16 17 creating a regional port authority must create a board of 18 not less than five commissioners. The number to be 19 appointed, their term, and their compensation, if any, must be provided for in the resolution. Each such regional port 20 21 authority shall organize, select officers for terms to be 22 fixed by agreement, and adopt and amend from time to time 23 rules for its own procedure.

24 (2) A regional port authority may be increased from
 25 time to time to serve one or more additional <u>COUNTIES OR</u>

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municipalities if each additional municipality LOCAL 1 GOVERNMENT, each of the municipalities LOCAL GOVERNMENTS 2 then included in the regional authority, and the 3 commissioners of the regional authority, respectively, adopt 4 joint resolution consenting thereto. However, if a 5 a municipal LOCAL port authority for any municipality LOCAL 6 GOVERNMENT seeking to be included in the regional authority 7 is then in existence, the commissioners of the municipal 8 LOCAL authority must consent to the inclusion of the COUNTY 9 OR municipality in the regional authority; upon 10 the inclusion of such municipality LOCAL GOVERNMENT in the 11 regional authority, all rights, contracts, obligations, and 12 real and personal property of the municipal LOCAL authority 13 14 must be in the name of and vest in the regional authority. 15 (3) A regional port authority may be decreased if each of the municipalities LOCAL GOVERNMENTS then included in the 16 regional authority and the commissioners of the regional 17 authority consent to the decrease and make provisions for 18 the retention or disposition of its assets and liabilities. 19 (4) A COUNTY OR municipality may not adopt any 20 resolution authorized by this section without a public 21 22 hearing thereon. Notice must be given at least 10 days prior to the hearing in a newspaper published in the COUNTY OR 23 municipality or, if there is no newspaper published therein, 24 in a newspaper having general circulation in the COUNTY OR 25

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1 municipality.

2 (5) For the purpose of [sections 1 through ±8 <u>17</u>], a 3 regional port authority has the same powers as all other 4 political subdivisions in the adoption and enforcement of 5 comprehensive port zoning regulations, as provided by the 6 laws of this state.

7 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 3. Commissioners. (1) The powers 8 of each authority are vested in the commissioners thereof. A 9 majority of the commissioners of an authority constitutes a 10 quorum for the purpose of conducting business of the 11 authority and exercising its powers for all other purposes. 12 Action may be taken by the authority upon a vote of not less 13 than a majority of the commissioners present.

14 (2) There must be elected a chairman and vice-chairman 15 from among the commissioners. An authority may employ an executive director, secretary, technical experts, and such 16 other officers, agents, and employees, permanent and 17 temporary, as it may require and shall determine their 18 gualifications, duties, and compensation. An authority may 19 20 delegate to one or more of its agents or employees such 21 powers or duties as it considers proper.

(3) A commissioner of an authority is entitled to
receive expenses, as provided in 2-18-501 through 2-18-503,
incurred in the discharge of his duties. Each commissioner
shall hold office until his successor has been appointed and

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has qualified. The certificates of the appointment and 1 reappointment of commissioners must be filed with the 2 authority. 3

NEW SECTION. Section 4. Functions 4 ----public and governmental. The acquisition of any land or interest 5 therein pursuant to (sections 1 through 10 17), the 6 acquisition, establishment, development, planning, 7 8 construction, improvement, maintenance, equipment, and protection of ports and regulation, 9 operation, transportation and storage facilities, and the exercise of 10 any powers granted to port authorities and other public 11 agencies to be severally or jointly exercised are public and 12 13 governmental functions, exercised for a public purpose, and matters of public necessity. All land and other property 14 and privileges acquired and used by or on behalf of any 15 authority or other public agency, as provided in [sections 16 1 through ±0 17], must be used for public and governmental 17 18 purposes and as a matter of public necessity.

NEW SECTION. Section 5. Cooperation of COUNTY OR 19 municipality. For the purpose of aiding and cooperating in 20 21 the planning, undertaking, construction, or operation of ports and facilities pursuant to [sections 1 through 48 17], 22 any COUNTY OR municipality for which an authority has been 23 created upon such terms, with or without consideration, as 24 25 it may détermine may:

(1) lend or donate money to the authority:

2 (2) provide that all or a portion of the taxes or 3 funds available or to become available to or required by law to be used by the COUNTY OR municipality for port purposes 4 be transferred or paid directly to the port authority as 5 such funds become available to the COUNTY OR municipality; 6 (3) cause water, sewer, or drainage facilities or any 7 other facilities that it is empowered to provide to be 8 furnished adjacent to or in connection with such ports or 9

10 facilities;

1

11 (4) dedicate, sell, convey, or lease any of its interest in any property or grant easements, licenses, or 12 any other rights or privileges therein to the authority; 13

14 (5) furnish, dedicate, close, pave, install, grade, regrade, plan or replan streets, roads, roadways, and walks 15 from established streets or roads to such port or 16 17 facilities;

18 (6) do any and all things, whether or not specifically authorized in this section and not otherwise prohibited by 19 law, that are necessary or convenient to aid and cooperate 20 with the authority in the planning, undertaking, 21 22 construction, or operation of ports and facilities; and

23 (7) enter into agreements with the authority 24 respecting action to be taken by the COUNTY OR municipality 25 pursuant to the provisions of this section.

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<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 6. General powers of authority.
 An authority has all the powers necessary or convenient to
 carry out the purposes of [sections 1 through ±8 17],
 including but not limited to the power to:

5 (1) certify annually to the governing bodies creating
6 it the amount of tax to be levied by the governing bodies
7 for port purposes;

8 (2) sue and be sued, have a seal, and thave perpetual
9 succession;

(3) execute such contracts and other instruments and
 take such other action as may be necessary or convenient to
 carry out the purposes of [sections 1 through 38 17];

(4) plan, establish, acquire, develop, construct,
purchase, enlarge, improve, maintain, equip, operate,
regulate, and protect ports and transportation and storage
facilities. For such purposes an authority may, by purchase,
gift, devise, lease, eminent---domain---proceedings, or
otherwise, acquire real or personal property or any interest
therein, including easements.

20 (5) establish comprehensive port zoning regulations in21 accordance with the laws of this state;

(6) acquire, by purchase, gift, devise, lease, eminent
domain---proceedings, or otherwise, existing ports and
transportation and storage facilities. However, an authority
may not acquire or take over any port or transportation and

storage facility owned or controlled by another authority, 1 COUNTY, municipality, or public agency without the consent 2 of such authority, COUNTY, municipality, or public agency. 3 NEW SECTION. Section 7. Rules. An authority may 4 5 adopt, amend, and repeal such reasonable resolutions, rules, 6 and orders as it considers necessary for the management, 7 government, and use of any port or transportation and storage facility owned by it or under its control. No rule, 8 order, or standard prescribed by the commission may be 9 inconsistent with or contrary to any act of the congress of 10 the United States or any regulation promulgated or standard 11 established pursuant thereto. The authority shall keep on 12 13 file at the principal office of the authority a copy of all its rules for public inspection. 14

15 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 8. Supplementary powers. In 16 addition to the general and special powers conferred by 17 [sections 1 through 18 <u>17</u>], each authority may exercise all 18 powers incidental to the exercise of such general and 19 special powers.

20 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 9. Granting of operation and use 21 privileges. (1) In connection with the operation of a port 22 or transportation and storage facility owned or controlled 23 by an authority, the authority may enter into contracts, 24 leases, and other arrangements for terms not to exceed 30 25 years with any persons:

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(a) granting the privilege of using or improving the
 port or transportation and storage facility or any portion
 or facility thereof or space therein for commercial
 purposes;

5 (b) conferring the privilege of supplying goods,
6 commodities, services, or facilities at the port or
7 transportation and storage facility; and

8 (c) making available services to be furnished by the
9 authority or its agents at the port or transportation and
10 storage facility.

11 (2) In each case the authority may establish the terms 12 and conditions and fix the charges, rentals, or fees for the 13 privileges or services, which must be reasonable and uniform 14 for the same class of privilege or service and must be 15 established with due regard to the property and improvements 16 used and the expenses of operation to the authority.

NEW-SECTION---Section-10---Port-property----acquisition 17 18 by--eminent--domain----In--the--acquisition--of--property-by 19 eminent-domain-proceedings-authorized-by-fsections-l-through 18]7-a-port-authority-shall-proceed-in-the--manner--provided 20 by--the-laws-of-this-state-and-such-other-laws-that-apply-to 21 the-state-or-to-political--subdivisions--of--this--state--in 22 exercising--the--right-of-eminent-domain--The-port-authority 23 24 may-not-be-precluded-from-abandoning-such-proceedings-in-any case-where-possession-of-the-property-has-not-been-taken-25

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1 NEW SECTION. Section 10. Port property -- disposal. Except as may be limited by the terms and conditions of any 2 3 grant, loan, or agreement authorized by [section 17 16], an authority may sell, lease, or otherwise dispose of any port, 4 transportation and storage facility, or other property or 5 portion thereof or interest therein acquired pursuant to 6 7 [sections 1 through $\frac{18}{10}$]. Such disposal by sale, lease, or 8 otherwise must be in accordance with the laws of this state governing the disposition of other public property. 9

10 NEW SECTION. Section 11. Municipal tax levy. The port authority may certify annually to the governing bodies the 11 amount of tax to be levied by each municipality 12 participating in the creation of the port authority, and the 13 municipality shall MAY levy the amount certified, pursuant 14 15 to provisions of law authorizing cities and other political subdivisions of this state to levy taxes. The levy made may 16 not exceed the maximum levy permitted by 67-10-402 for port 17 purposes or any lower limit that may have been established 18 by the municipality or municipalities in the resolution 19 creating the authority. The municipality shall collect the 20 21 taxes certified by a port authority in the same manner as other taxes are levied and collected and make payment to the 22 port authority. The proceeds of such taxes when and as paid 23 to the port authority must be deposited in a special account 24 25 or accounts in which other revenues of the authority are

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1 deposited and may be expended by the authority as provided for in [sections 1 through 18 17]. Prior to the issuance of 2 3 bonds under [sections ±4 13 and ±5 14], the port authority or the municipality may by resolution covenant and agree 4 5 that the total amount of such taxes then authorized by law. 6 OF such portion thereof as may be specified by the 7 resolution, will be certified, levied, and deposited annually as provided in this section until the bonds and я interest thereon are fully paid. 9

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 supporting ports of port authorities, a levy authorized in
 67-10-402 may be made for such purposes.

13 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 13. Bonds and obligations.
14 (1) An authority may borrow money for any of its corporate
15 purposes and issue bonds therefor, including refunding
16 bonds, in such form and upon such terms as it determines,
17 payable out of any revenues of the authority, including
18 revenues derived from:

(a) any port or transportation and storage facility;
(b) taxes levied pursuant to [section 12 11] or
67-10-402;

(c) grants or contributions from the federalgovernment; or

24 (d) other sources.

25 (2) The bonds may be issued by resolution of the

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1 authority, without an election and without any limitation of 2 amount, except that no bonds may be issued at any time if the total amount of principal and interest to become due in з 4 any year on such bonds and on any then outstanding bonds for 5 which revenues from the same source are pledged exceeds the amount of such revenues to be received in that year, as 6 7 estimated in the resolution authorizing the issuance of the 8 bonds. The authority shall take all action necessary and possible to impose, maintain, and collect rates, charges, q 10 rentals, and taxes, if any are pledged, sufficient to make the revenues from the pledged source in such year at least 11 12 equal to the amount of principal and interest due in that 13 year.

14 (3) The bonds may be sold at public or private sale 15 and may bear interest at a rate not exceeding the limitation of 17-5-102. Except as otherwise provided in [sections 1 16 through 18 17], any bonds issued pursuant to [sections 1 17 through ±8 17] by an authority may be payable as to 18 19 principal and interest solely from revenues of the authority 20 and shall state on their face the applicable limitations or restrictions regarding the source from which such principal 21 22 and interest are payable.

(4) Bonds issued by an authority, COUNTY, or
 municipality pursuant to the provisions of [sections 1
 through ±0 17] are declared to be issued for an essential

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public and governmental purpose by a political subdivision
 within the meaning of 15-30-111(2)(a).

(5) For the security of any such bonds, the authority, 3 COUNTY, or municipality may by resolution make and enter 4 into any covenant, agreement, or indenture and may exercise 5 6 any additional powers authorized to be exercised by a municipality under Title 7, chapter 7, parts 44 and 45. The 7 sums required from time to time to pay principal and 8 interest and to create and maintain a reserve for the bonds 9 may be paid from any revenues referred to in [sections 1] 10 through 18 17], prior to the payment of current costs of 11 operation and maintenance of the facilities. 12

13 NEW SECTION. Section 14. Method of funding 14 deficiency. (1) Subject to the conditions stated in this section, the governing body of ANY COUNTY OR 15 anv municipality having a population in excess of 10,000, with 16 respect to bonds issued pursuant to [sections 1 through 18 17 17] by the municipality LOCAL GOVERNMENT or by an authority 18 in which the municipality LOCAL GOVERNMENT is included, may 19 by resolution covenant that if at any time all revenues, 20 including taxes, appropriated and collected for such bonds 21 are insufficient to pay principal or interest then due, it 22 will levy a general tax upon all of the taxable property in 23 COUNTY OR municipality for the payment of such 24 the deficiency. The governing body may further covenant that at 25

any time a deficiency is likely to occur within 1 year for 1 2 the payment of principal and interest due on such bonds, it will levy a general tax upon all the taxable property in the 3 COUNTY OR municipality for the payment of such deficiency, 4 and such taxes are not subject to any limitation of rate or 5 amount applicable to other COUNTY OR municipal taxes but are 6 limited to a rate estimated to be sufficient to produce the 7 amount of the deficiency. If more than one municipality 8 9 having-a-population-in-excess-of-10,000 DOCAL GOVERNMENT is included in an authority issuing bonds pursuant to [sections 10 1 through ±8 17], the municipalities LOCAL GOVERNMENTS may 11 apportion the obligation to levy taxes for the payment of, 12 or in anticipation of, a deficiency in the revenues 13 appropriated for such bonds in such manner 14 as the municipalities LOCAL GOVERNMENTS may determine. 15

16 (2) The resolution shall state the principal amount
17 and purpose of the bonds and the substance of the covenant
18 respecting deficiencies.

19 (3) No such resolution becomes effective until the 20 question of its approval has been submitted to the qualified 21 electors of the municipality LOCAL GOVERNMENT at a special 22 election called for that purpose by the governing body of 23 the municipality LOCAL GOVERNMENT and a majority of the 24 electors voting on the question have voted in favor thereof. 25 The notice and conduct of the election is governed, to the

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state.

1 extent applicable, as provided for municipal general 2 obligation bonds in Title 7, chapter 7, part 42, for an election called by cities and towns, and as provided for 3 4 county general obligation bonds in Title 7, chapter 7, part 22, for an election called by counties. If a majority of the 5 6 electors voting thereon vote against approval of the 7 resolution, the municipality LOCAL GOVERNMENT has no 8 authority to make the covenant or to levy a tax for the 9 payment of deficiencies pursuant to this section, but such mnaicipelity LOCAL GOVERNMENT or authority may nevertheless 10 issue bonds under [sections 1 through 28 17] payable solely 11 12 from the sources referred to in [section 14(1) 13(1)].

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 15. Bebt service fund. A port
 authority may create a debt service fund and accumulate
 therein the <u>A</u> sum of-9570007000 <u>DETERMINED BY THE GOVERNING</u>
 <u>BODY</u>, together with interest thereon, for the use, repairs,
 maintenance, and capital outlays of a port.

NEW SECTION. Section 16. Federal and state money. An 18 authority may accept, receive, receipt for, and spend 19 federal and state money and other public or private money 20 21 made available by grant or loan to accomplish any of the purposes of [sections 1 through 28 17]. All federal money 2.2 accepted under this section must be accepted and spent by 23 the authority upon terms and conditions prescribed by the 24 United States and consistent with state law. All state money 25

accepted under this section must be accepted and spent by the authority upon terms and conditions prescribed by the

4 NEW SECTION. Section 17. Tax exemption. Any property in this state acquired by an authority for port purposes 5 .б pursuant to the provisions of [sections 1 through 18 17]. and any income derived by the authority from the ownership, 7 operation, or control thereof, are exempt from taxation to 8 9 the same extent as other property used for public purposes. 10 Section 18. Section 67-10-402, MCA, is amended to 11 read:

12 "67-10-402. Tax levy. (1) For the purpose of 13 establishing, constructing, equipping, maintaining, and 14 operating airports, and landing fields, and ports under the 15 provisions of this chapter and as provided in [sections 1 16 through ± 6 [17], the county commissioners or the city or town 17 council may each year assess and levy, in addition to the 18 annual levy for general administrative purposes or the 19 all-purpose levy authorized by 7-6-4451 and 7-6-4452, a tax 20 of--not--to-exceed-2-mills on the dollar of taxable value of 21 the property of said county, city, or town: 22 (A) NOT TO EXCEED 2 MILLS FOR AIRPORTS AND LANDING

23 FIELDS; AND

24 (B) NOT TO EXCEED 2 MILLS FOR PORTS.

25 (2) In the

(2) In the event of a jointly established airport, or

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landing field, <u>or port</u>, the county commissioners and the
 council or councils involved shall determine in advance the
 levy necessary for such purposes and the proportion each
 political subdivision joining in the venture must pay.

(3) No property within any political subdivision may 5 6 be subject to a tax pursuant to this section at an annual 7 rate in excess of 2 mills FOR AIRPORTS, LANDING FIELDS, OR PORTS unless it is found that the levy is insufficient for 8 the purposes enumerated. In such a case the commissioners 9 10 and councils acting are authorized and empowered to contract 11 an indebtedness on behalf of such county, city, or town, as the case may be, upon the credit thereof by borrowing money 12 or issuing bonds for such purposes, provided that no bonds 13 14 may be issued for such purpose until the proposition has been submitted to the qualified electors and a majority vote 15 cast therefor, except as provided in subsection (4). 16

17 (4) For the purpose of establishing a reserve fund to
18 resurface, overlay, or improve existing runways, taxiways,
19 and ramps, the governing bodies may set up annual reserve
20 funds in their annual budget if:

(a) the reserve is approved by the governing bodiesduring the normal budgeting procedure;

(b) the necessity to resurface or improve said runways
by overlays or similar methods every so many years is based
upon competent engineering estimates; and

(c) the funds are expended at least within each 10-year period.

3 (5) The reserve fund may not exceed at any time a 4 competent engineering estimate of the cost of resurfacing or overlaying the existing runways, taxiways, and ramps of any 5 6 one airport for each fund. The governing body of the 7 airport or port, if in its judgment it considers it 8 advantageous, may invest the fund in any interest-bearing 9 deposits in a state or national bank insured by the FDIC or 10 obligations of the United States of America, either 11 short-term or long-term. Interest earned from such 12 investments must be credited to the operations and maintenance budget of the airport or port governing body. 13 14 The above provisions, notwithstanding other budget control 15 measures and due to the uniqueness of the subject matter, 16 are declared necessary in the interests of the public health 17 and safety."

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1	HOUSE BILL NO. 858
2	INTRODUCED BY HARRINGTON, QUILICI, PAVLOVICH, HAFFEY,
3	KRUEGER, D. BROWN, STIMATZ, JACOBSON, LYNCH
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO ESTABLISH MUNICIPAL
6	LOCAL AND REGIONAL PORT AUTHORITIES; TO PROVIDE FOR A TAX

TAX LEVY FOR THE OPERATION THEREOF: TO PROVIDE FOR 7 PORT 8 COMMISSIONERS: TO PROVIDE FOR THE GENERAL POWER OF A PORT 9 AUTHORITY: TO PROVIDE POR--POWERS--OF--EMINENT--DOMAIN, FOR ISSUANCE OF BONDST AND FOR ESTABLISHMENT OF OPERATION AND 10 11 USE PRIVILEGES; TO PROVIDE FOR RULES IN CONNECTION WITH A PORT AUTHORITY; TO PROVIDE FOR ACCEPTANCE OF FEDERAL AID FOR 12 PORTS; AND TO PROVIDE FOR COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL COOPERATION 13 14 IN REGARD TO PORT OPERATION; AMENDING SECTION 67-10-402, 15 MCA."

16

17 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

18 NEW SECTION. Section 1. Municipal LOCAL port authority. (1) Any COUNTY OR municipality may, by resolution 19 of its governing body, create a public body, corporate and 20 21 politic, to be known as a municipal LOCAL port authority, 22 authorized to exercise its functions upon the appointment 23 and qualification of the first commissioners thereof. Such a governing body may by resolution determine to exercise any 24 25 or all powers granted to such authorities in [sections 1

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through ±8 17], unless such powers have been conferred upon
 a municipal LOCAL or regional port authority.

3 (2) Upon the adoption of a resolution creating a municipal LOCAL port authority, the governing body of the 4 COUNTY OR municipality shall, pursuant to the resolution, 5 appoint not less than five persons as commissioners of the 6 authority. The commissioners who are first appointed must be 7 designated to serve for terms of 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 years. 8 9 respectively, but thereafter each commissioner must be appointed for a term of 5 years, except that vacancies 10 11 occurring other than by expiration of a term must be filled 12 for the unexpired term by the governing body.

NEW SECTION. Section 2. Regional port authority. (1) 13 Two or more municipalities LOCAL GOVERNMENTS may by joint 14 15 resolution create a public body, corporate and politic, to be known as a regional port authority. The resolution 16 creating a regional port authority must create a board of 17 not less than five commissioners. The number to be 18 appointed, their term, and their compensation, if any, must 19 20 be provided for in the resolution. Each such regional port authority shall organize, select officers for terms to be 21 fixed by agreement, and adopt and amend from time to time 22 23 rules for its own procedure.

24 (2) A regional port authority may be increased from25 time to time to serve one or more additional COUNTIES OR



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municipalities if each additional municipality 1 LOCAL 2 GOVERNMENT, each of the municipalities LOCAL GOVERNMENTS then included in the regional authority, and 3 the commissioners of the regional authority, respectively, adopt 4 5 а joint resolution consenting thereto. However, if a 6 municipal LOCAL port authority for any municipality LOCAL 7 GOVERNMENT seeking to be included in the regional authority 8 is then in existence, the commissioners of the municipal LOCAL authority must consent to the inclusion of the COUNTY 9 OR municipality in the regional authority; upon the 10 11 inclusion of such municipality LOCAL GOVERNMENT in the 12 regional authority, all rights, contracts, obligations, and real and personal property of the municipal LOCAL authority 13 must be in the name of and vest in the regional authority. 14 15 (3) A regional port authority may be decreased if each of the municipalities LOCAL GOVERNMENTS then included in the 16 regional authority and the commissioners of the regional 17 18 authority consent to the decrease and make provisions for 19 the retention or disposition of its assets and liabilities. 20 (4) A COUNTY OR municipality may not adopt any 21 resolution authorized by this section without a public 22 hearing thereon. Notice must be given at least 10 days prior 23 to the hearing in a newspaper published in the COUNTY OR municipality or, if there is no newspaper published therein. 24 25 in a newspaper having general circulation in the COUNTY OR

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1 municipality.

2 (5) For the purpose of [sections 1 through ±8 <u>17</u>], a 3 regional port authority has the same powers as all other 4 political subdivisions in the adoption and enforcement of 5 comprehensive port zoning regulations, as provided by the 6 laws of this state.

7 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 3. Commissioners. (1) The powers 8 of each authority are vested in the commissioners thereof. A 9 majority of the commissioners of an authority constitutes a 10 quorum for the purpose of conducting business of the 11 authority and exercising its powers for all other purposes. 12 Action may be taken by the authority upon a vote of not less 13 than a majority of the commissioners present.

(2) There must be elected a chairman and vice-chairman 14 from among the commissioners. An authority may employ an 15 executive director, secretary, technical experts, and such 16 other officers, agents, and employees, permanent and 17 temporary, as it may require and shall determine their 18 qualifications, duties, and compensation. An authority may 19 20 delegate to one or more of its agents or employees such powers or duties as it considers proper. 21

(3) A commissioner of an authority is entitled to
receive expenses, as provided in 2-18-501 through 2-18-503,
incurred in the discharge of his duties. Each commissioner
shall hold office until his successor has been appointed and

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has qualified. The certificates of the appointment and
 reappointment of commissioners must be filed with the
 authority.

NEW SECTION. Section 4. Functions -public and 4 governmental. The acquisition of any land or interest 5 therein pursuant to [sections 1 through 18 17], the 6 7 planning, acquisition, establishment, development, maintenance, construction, improvement, 8 equipment, operation, regulation, and protection of ports and 9 10 transportation and storage facilities, and the exercise of any powers granted to port authorities and other public 11 12 agencies to be severally or jointly exercised are public and governmental functions, exercised for a public purpose, and 13 matters of public necessity. All land and other property 14 and privileges acquired and used by or on behalf of any 15 authority or other public agency, as provided in [sections 16 1 through 18 17], must be used for public and governmental 17 purposes and as a matter of public necessity. 18

19 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 5. Cooperation of <u>COUNTY OR</u> 20 municipality. For the purpose of aiding and cooperating in 21 the planning, undertaking, construction, or operation of 22 ports and facilities pursuant to [sections 1 through ±0 <u>17</u>], 23 any <u>COUNTY OR</u> municipality for which an authority has been 24 created upon such terms, with or without consideration, as 25 it may determine may: HB 0858/02

1	(1) lend or donate money to the authority;
2	(2) provide that all or a portion of the taxes or
3	funds available or to become available to or required by law
4	to be used by the COUNTY OR municipality for port purposes
5	be transferred or paid directly to the port authority as
6	such funds become available to the COUNTY OR municipality;
7	(3) cause water, sewer, or drainage facilities or any
8	other facilities that it is empowered to provide to be
9	furnished adjacent to or in connection with such ports or
10	facilities;
11	(4) dedicate, sell, convey, or lease any of its
12	interest in any property or grant easements, licenses, or
13	any other rights or privileges therein to the authority;
14	(5) furnish, dedicate, close, pave, install, grade,
15	regrade, plan or replan streets, roads, roadways, and walks
16	from established streets or roads to such port or
17	facilities;
18	(6) do any and all things, whether or not specifically
19	authorized in this section and not otherwise prohibited by
20	law, that are necessary or convenient to aid and cooperate
21	with the authority in the planning, undertaking,
22	construction, or operation of ports and facilities; and
23	(7) enter into agreements with the authority
24	respecting action to be taken by the <u>COUNTY OR</u> municipality

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25 pursuant to the provisions of this section.

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<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 6. General powers of authority.
 An authority has all the powers necessary or convenient to
 carry out the purposes of [sections 1 through ±8 17],
 including but not limited to the power to:

5 (1) certify annually to the governing bodies creating
6 it the amount of tax to be levied by the governing bodies
7 for port purposes;

8 (2) sue and be sued, have a seal, and have perpetual9 succession;

10 (3) execute such contracts and other instruments and 11 take such other action as may be necessary or convenient to 12 carry out the purposes of [sections 1 through ±8 17];

(4) plan, establish, acquire, develop, construct,
purchase, enlarge, improve, maintain, equip, operate,
regulate, and protect ports and transportation and storage
facilities. For such purposes an authority may, by purchase,
gift, devise, lease, eminent---domain---proceedings; or
otherwise, acquire real or personal property or any interest
therein, including easements.

20 (5) establish comprehensive port zoning regulations in
21 accordance with the laws of this state;

(6) acquire, by purchase, gift, devise, lease, eminent
domain---proceedings, or otherwise, existing ports and
transportation and storage facilities. However, an authority
may not acquire or take over any port or transportation and

storage facility owned or controlled by another authority, 1 2 COUNTY, municipality, or public agency without the consent 3 of such authority, COUNTY, municipality, or public agency. NEW SECTION. Section 7. Rules. An authority may 4 5 adopt, amend, and repeal such reasonable resolutions, rules, 6 and orders as it considers necessary for the management, 7 government, and use of any port or transportation and 8 storage facility owned by it or under its control. No rule, 9 order, or standard prescribed by the commission may be 10 inconsistent with or contrary to any act of the congress of the United States or any regulation promulgated or standard 11 12 established pursuant thereto. The authority shall keep on file at the principal office of the authority a copy of all 13 14 its rules for public inspection.

NEW SECTION. Section 8. Supplementary powers. In addition to the general and special powers conferred by (sections 1 through ±0 17), each authority may exercise all powers incidental to the exercise of such general and special powers.

20 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 9. Granting of operation and use 21 privileges. (1) In connection with the operation of a port 22 or transportation and storage facility owned or controlled 23 by an authority, the authority may enter into contracts, 24 leases, and other arrangements for terms not to exceed 30 25 years with any persons:

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(a) granting the privilege of using or improving the
 port or transportation and storage facility or any portion
 or facility thereof or space therein for commercial
 purposes;

5 (b) conferring the privilege of supplying goods,
6 commodities, services, or facilities at the port or
7 transportation and storage facility; and

8 (c) making available services to be furnished by the
9 authority or its agents at the port or transportation and
10 storage facility.

11 (2) In each case the authority may establish the terms 12 and conditions and fix the charges, rentals, or fees for the 13 privileges or services, which must be reasonable and uniform 14 for the same class of privilege or service and must be 15 established with due regard to the property and improvements 16 used and the expenses of operation to the authority.

17 NEW-SECTION---Section-10---Port-property----acquisition 18 by--eminent--domain----In--the--acquisition--of--property-by 19 eminent-domain-proceedings-authorized-by-faections-l-through 18]7-a-port-authority-shall-proceed-in-the--manner--provided 20 by--the-laws-of-this-state-and-such-other-laws-that-apply-to 21 22 the-state-or-to-political--subdivisions--of--this--state--in exercising--the--right-of-eminent-domain--The-port-authority 23 24 may-not-be-precluded-from-abandoning-such-proceedings-in-any 25 case-where-possession-of-the-property-has-not-been-taken-

NEW SECTION. Section 10. Port property -- disposal. 1 2 Except as may be limited by the terms and conditions of any grant, loan, or agreement authorized by [section 17 16], an 3 authority may sell, lease, or otherwise dispose of any port, 4 5 transportation and storage facility, or other property or portion thereof or interest therein acquired pursuant to 6 7 [sections 1 through 18 17]. Such disposal by sale, lease, or otherwise must be in accordance with the laws of this state 8 governing the disposition of other public property. 9

10 NEW SECTION. Section 11. Municipal tax levy. The port authority may certify annually to the governing bodies the 11 amount of tax to be levied by each municipality 12 participating in the creation of the port authority, and the 13 municipality shall MAY levy the amount certified, pursuant 14 to provisions of law authorizing cities and other political 15 subdivisions of this state to levy taxes. The levy made may 16 17 not exceed the maximum levy permitted by 67-10-402 for port purposes or any lower limit that may have been established 18 by the municipality or municipalities in the resolution 19 creating the authority. The municipality shall collect the 20 taxes certified by a port authority in the same manner as 21 other taxes are levied and collected and make payment to the 22 port authority. The proceeds of such taxes when and as paid 23 to the port authority must be deposited in a special account 24 or accounts in which other revenues of the authority are 25

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deposited and may be expended by the authority as provided 1 2 for in [sections 1 through ±8 17]. Prior to the issuance of 3 bonds under [sections 14 13 and 15 14], the port authority or the municipality may by resolution covenant and agree 4 that the total amount of such taxes then authorized by law, 5 or such portion thereof as may be specified by the 6 resolution, will be certified, levied, and deposited 7 annually as provided in this section until the bonds and 8 9 interest thereon are fully paid.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 12. County tax levy. In counties
 supporting ports of port authorities, a levy authorized in
 67-10-402 may be made for such purposes.

NEW SECTION. Section 13. Bonds and obligations.
(1) An authority may borrow money for any of its corporate
purposes and issue bonds therefor, including refunding
bonds, in such form and upon such terms as it determines,
payable out of any revenues of the authority, including
revenues derived from:

(a) any port or transportation and storage facility;
(b) taxes levied pursuant to [section ±2 11] or
67-10-402;

22 (c) grants or contributions from the federal 23 government; or

24 (d) other sources.

25 (2) The bonds may be issued by resolution of the

1 authority, without an election and without any limitation of 2 amount, except that no bonds may be issued at any time if the total amount of principal and interest to become due in 3 any year on such bonds and on any then outstanding bonds for 4 which revenues from the same source are pledged exceeds the 5 6 amount of such revenues to be received in that year, as 7 estimated in the resolution authorizing the issuance of the 8 bonds. The authority shall take all action necessary and g possible to impose, maintain, and collect rates, charges, rentals, and taxes, if any are pledged, sufficient to make 10 11 the revenues from the pledged source in such year at least equal to the amount of principal and interest due in that 12 13 year.

14 (3) The bonds may be sold at public or private sale and may bear interest at a rate not exceeding the limitation 15 of 17-5-102. Except as otherwise provided in [sections 1 16 17 through ± 8 [17], any bonds issued pursuant to [sections] through 18 [17] by an authority may be payable as to 18 principal and interest solely from revenues of the authority 19 20 and shall state on their face the applicable limitations or restrictions regarding the source from which such principal 21 and interest are payable. 22

(4) Bonds issued by an authority, <u>COUNTY</u>, or
municipality pursuant to the provisions of [sections 1
through ±8 17] are declared to be issued for an essential

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public and governmental purpose by a political subdivision
 within the meaning of 15-30-111(2)(a).

(5) For the security of any such bonds, the authority, 3 COUNTY, or municipality may by resolution make and enter 4 5 into any covenant, agreement, or indenture and may exercise 6 any additional powers authorized to be exercised by a municipality under Title 7, chapter 7, parts 44 and 45. The 7 sums required from time to time to pay principal and 8 interest and to create and maintain a reserve for the bonds 9 10 may be paid from any revenues referred to in [sections 1] through ±8 17], prior to the payment of current costs of 11 12 operation and maintenance of the facilities.

NEW SECTION. Section 14. Method 13 of funding deficiency. (1) Subject to the conditions stated in this 14 section, the governing body of ANY COUNTY OR 15 anv municipality having a population in excess of 10,000, with 16 17 respect to bonds issued pursuant to [sections 1 through $\frac{1}{2}$ 17) by the municipality LOCAL GOVERNMENT or by an authority 18 in which the municipality LOCAL GOVERNMENT is included, may 19 20 by resolution covenant that if at any time all revenues, 21 including taxes, appropriated and collected for such bonds 22 are insufficient to pay principal or interest then due, it will levy a general tax upon all of the taxable property in 23 24 COUNTY OR municipality for the payment of such the deficiency. The governing body may further covenant that at 25

any time a deficiency is likely to occur within 1 year for 1 the payment of principal and interest due on such bonds, it 2 will levy a general tax upon all the taxable property in the 3 COUNTY OR municipality for the payment of such deficiency, 4 and such taxes are not subject to any limitation of rate or 5 amount applicable to other COUNTY OR municipal taxes but are 6 limited to a rate estimated to be sufficient to produce the 7 amount of the deficiency. If more than one municipality 8 having-a-population-in-excess-of-10,000 LOCAL GOVERNMENT is 9 included in an authority issuing bonds pursuant to [sections 10 1 through 18 17], the municipalities LOCAL GOVERNMENTS may 11 apportion the obligation to levy taxes for the payment of, 12 or in anticipation of, a deficiency in the revenues 13 14 appropriated for such bonds in such manner as the municipalities LOCAL GOVERNMENTS may determine. 15 16

16 (2) The resolution shall state the principal amount
17 and purpose of the bonds and the substance of the covenant
18 respecting deficiencies.

19 (3) No such resolution becomes effective until the question of its approval has been submitted to the qualified 21 electors of the municipality LOCAL GOVERNMENT at a special 22 election called for that purpose by the governing body of 23 the municipality LOCAL GOVERNMENT and a majority of the 24 electors voting on the question have voted in favor thereof. 25 The notice and conduct of the election is governed, to the

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1 extent applicable, as provided for municipal general 2 obligation bonds in Title 7, chapter 7, part 42, for an election called by cities and towns, and as provided for 3 county general obligation bonds in Title 7, chapter 7, part 4 5 22, for an election called by counties. If a majority of the electors voting thereon vote against approval of 6 the 7 resolution, the municipality LOCAL GOVERNMENT has no authority to make the covenant or to levy a tax for the 8 payment of deficiencies pursuant to this section, but such 9 municipality LOCAL GOVERNMENT or authority may nevertheless 10 11 issue bonds under [sections 1 through ±8 17] payable solely from the sources referred to in [section $\frac{14+1}{13}$ [1]]. 12

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 15. Debt service fund. A port
 authority may create a debt service fund and accumulate
 therein the <u>A</u> sum of-\$57000700 <u>DETERMINED BY THE GOVERNING</u>
 <u>BODY</u>, together with interest thereon, for the use, repairs,
 maintenance, and capital outlays of a port.

NEW SECTION. Section 16. Federal and state money. An 18 authority may accept, receive, receipt for, and spend 19 federal and state money and other public or private money 20 21 made available by grant or loan to accomplish any of the purposes of [sections 1 through ±8 17]. All federal money 22 accepted under this section must be accepted and spent by 23 24 the authority upon terms and conditions prescribed by the 25 United States and consistent with state law. All state money

accepted under this section must be accepted and spent by the authority upon terms and conditions prescribed by the state.

4 NEW SECTION. Section 17. Tax exemption, Any property in this state acquired by an authority for port purposes 5 pursuant to the provisions of [sections 1 through 10 17], 6 7 and any income derived by the authority from the ownership, 8 operation, or control thereof, are exempt from taxation to 9 the same extent as other property used for public purposes. 10 Section 18. Section 67-10-402, MCA, is amended to 11 read:

"67-10-402. Tax levy. (1) For the 12 purpose of 13 establishing, constructing, equipping, maintaining, and operating airports, and landing fields, and ports under the 14 provisions of this chapter and as provided in [sections 1] 15 through ±8 17], the county commissioners or the city or town 16 council may each year assess and levy, in addition to the 17 annual levy for general administrative purposes or the 18 19 all-purpose levy authorized by 7-6-4451 and 7-6-4452, a tax of--not--to-exceed-2-mills on the dollar of taxable value of 20 21 the property of said county, city, or town:

22 (A) NOT TO EXCEED 2 MILLS FOR AIRPORTS AND LANDING

23 FIELDS; AND

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- 24 (B) NOT TO EXCEED 2 MILLS FOR PORTS.
- 25 (2) In the event of a jointly established airport, or

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landing field, or port, the county commissioners and the
 council or councils involved shall determine in advance the
 levy necessary for such purposes and the proportion each
 political subdivision joining in the venture must pay.

* . ·

> (3) No property within any political subdivision may 5 be subject to a tax pursuant to this section at an annual 6 rate in excess of 2 mills FOR AIRPORTS, LANDING FIELDS, OR 7 PORTS unless it is found that the levy is insufficient for 8 the purposes enumerated. In such a case the commissioners 9 10 and councils acting are authorized and empowered to contract an indebtedness on behalf of such county, city, or town, as 11 the case may be, upon the credit thereof by borrowing money 12 13 or issuing bonds for such purposes, provided that no bonds may be issued for such purpose until the proposition has 14 been submitted to the qualified electors and a majority vote 15 16 cast therefor, except as provided in subsection (4).

> 17 (4) For the purpose of establishing a reserve fund to
> 18 resurface, overlay, or improve existing runways, taxiways,
> 19 and ramps, the governing bodies may set up annual reserve
> 20 funds in their annual budget if:

(a) the reserve is approved by the governing bodiesduring the normal budgeting procedure;

(b) the necessity to resurface or improve said runways
by overlays or similar methods every so many years is based
upon competent engineering estimates; and

(c) the funds are expended at least within each
 10-year period.

3 (5) The reserve fund may not exceed at any time a competent engineering estimate of the cost of resurfacing or 4 overlaying the existing runways, taxiways, and ramps of any 5 б one airport for each fund. The governing body of the 7 airport or port, if in its judgment it considers it advantageous, may invest the fund in any interest-bearing 8 deposits in a state or national bank insured by the FDIC or 9 obligations of the United States of America, 10 either 11 short-term or long-term. Interest earned from such investments must be credited to the operations 12 and maintenance budget of the airport or port governing body. 13 The above provisions, notwithstanding other budget control 14 measures and due to the uniqueness of the subject matter, 15 are declared necessary in the interests of the public health 16 17 and safety."

-End-

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