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INTRODUCED BY Ream /1 1 1 2 2 3 BY REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT OF 3 Λ HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES 4 5 5 A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO PROTECT THE 6 6 CONFIDENTIALITY OF TRADE SECRETS RELEASED TO THE DEPARTMENT 7 7 AND BOARD OF HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES UNDER THE 8 8 9 MONTANA HAZARDOUS WASTE ACT: TO ALLOW THE RELEASE BY THE 9 10 DEPARTMENT OR BOARD OF TRADE SECRETS UNDER CERTAIN 10 CIRCUMSTANCES; AND AMENDING SECTION 75-10-403, MCA." 11 11 12 12 13 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA: 13 14 Section 1. Section 75-10-403, MCA, is amended to read: 14 15 "75-10-403, Definitions, Unless the context requires 15 16 otherwise, in this part the following definitions apply: 16 (1) "Board" means the board of health 17 and 17 environmental sciences provided for in 2-15-2104. 18 18 19 (2) "Department" means the department of health and 19 20 environmental sciences provided for in Title 2, chapter 15, 20 21 part 21. 21 22 (3) "Dispose" or "disposal" means the discharge, 22 23 injection, deposit, dumping, spilling, leaking, or placing 23 of any hazardous waste into or onto the land or water so 24 24 25 that the hazardous waste or any constituent of it may enter 25

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the environment or be emitted into the air or discharged
 into any waters, including groundwaters.

3 (4) "Facility" or "hazardous waste management 4 facility" means all contiguous land and structures, other 5 appurtenances, and improvements on the land used for 6 treating, storing, or disposing of hazardous waste. A 7 facility may consist of several treatment, storage, or 8 disposal operational units.

9 (5) "Generation" means the act or process of producing10 waste material.

11 (6) "Generator" means any person, by site, whose act 12 or process produces hazardous waste or whose act first 13 causes a hazardous waste to become subject to regulation 14 under this part.

(7) (a) "Hazardous waste" means a waste or combination
 of wastes that, because of its quantity, concentration, or
 physical, chemical, or infectious characteristics, may:

18 (i) cause or significantly contribute to an increase 19 in mortality or an increase in serious irreversible or 20 incapacitating reversible illness; or

(ii) pose a substantial present or potential hazard to
human health or the environment when improperly treated,
stored, transported, or disposed of or otherwise managed.

(b) Hazardous wastes do not include those substancesgoverned by Title 82, chapter 4, part 2.

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(8) "Hazardous waste management" means the management
 of the collection, source separation, storage,
 transportation, processing, treatment, recovery, and
 disposal of hazardous wastes.

5 (9) "Manifest" means the shipping document originated 6 and signed by the generator and which is used to identify 7 the hazardous waste, its quantity, origin, and destination 8 during its transportation.

9 (10) "Person" means the United States, an individual, 10 firm, trust, estate, partnership, company, association, 11 corporation, city, town, local governmental entity, or any 12 other governmental or private entity, whether organized for 13 profit or not.

14 (11) "Storage" means the actual or intended containment 15 of wastes, either on a temporary basis or for a period of 16 years.

17 (12) "Trade secret" includes any formula, plan, pattern, process, tool, mechanism, compound, or procedure, 18 19 and any information which directly relates to it, that is 20 not patented, that is known only to certain individuals within a commercial concern who use it to treat, store, 21 transport, manage, or dispose of hazardous waste, and that 22 23 gives its user a business advantage over competitors who do 24 not know or use it.

25 (12)(13) "Transportation" means the movement of

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hazardous wastes from the point of generation to any
 intermediate points and finally to the point of ultimate
 storage or disposal.

4 (13)(14) "Transporter" means a person engaged in the
5 offsite transportation of hazardous waste by air, rail,
6 highway, or water.

7 (14)(15) "Treatment" means a method, technique, or B process, including neutralization, designed to change the 9 physical, chemical, or biological character or composition 10 of any hazardous waste so as to neutralize the waste or so 11 as to render it nonhazardous, safer for transportation, 12 amenable for recovery, amenable for storage, or reduced in 13 volume."

NEW SECTION. Section 2. Trade secret confidentiality 14 -- procedure. (1) Any records, reports, or other information 15 furnished to or obtained by the department under this part 16 are available to the public for inspection and copying at 17 the expense of the person requesting copies. However, any 18 information that is determined to be a trade secret in 19 accordance with the procedure specified in subsection (2) 20 must be maintained as confidential by the department and the 21 board. The department and the board may use that information 22 in the administration of this part, but may not make it 23 available to the general public unless the owner or operator 24 expressly agrees or subsection (3) applies. 25

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(2) In order to obtain confidentiality protection for 1 a trade secret, the owner or operator submitting information 2 to the department must adequately identify and mark as 3 confidential that portion of the information claimed to be a 4 trade secret. Within 10 days after submitting to the 5 department the information claimed to constitute a trade 6 secret, the owner or operator must file a declaratory 7 judgment action in the district court for Lewis and Clark 8 County and provide the court with supporting documentation 9 to establish trade secrecy. The department must be served 10 and may intervene as a party in the action. Failure to file 11 such an action in timely fashion or to serve the department 12 constitutes a waiver of the right to prevent public 13 disclosure. During the pendency of any such declaratory 14 judgment action, the department and board must maintain the 15 information as confidential, except as provided in 16 17 subsection (3).

18 (3) The department or the board may release a trade
 19 secret or information claimed to constitute a trade secret
 20 at any time:

(a) during an emergency involving hazardous wastes
 which poses an imminent and substantial danger to public
 health or the environment;

(b) as part of quantitative or qualitative statisticspertaining to the generation, storage, treatment,

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1 transportation, or disposal of hazardous wastes;

2 (c) to the extent required by law in connection with
3 any hearing or court proceeding;

(d) to an authorized representative of a state agency 4 or the federal government who is concerned with implementing 5 this chapter or the federal Resource Conservation and 6 Recovery Act of 1976, if the owner or operator of the 7 facility to which the information pertains is informed of R the transmittal and the representative to whom the 9 information is released commits himself to protect the 10 11 confidentiality of that information; or

12 (e) to a medical doctor who has submitted an affidavit
13 to the department that the information is necessary for
14 patient diagnosis or treatment.

NEW SECTION. Section 3. Codification instruction.
Section 2 is intended to be codified as an integral part of
Title 75, chapter 10, part 4, and the provisions of Title
75, chapter 10, part 4, apply to section 2.

19 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 4. Saving clause. This act does 20 not affect rights and duties that matured, penalties that 21 were incurred, or proceedings that were begun before the 22 effective date of this act.

23 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 5. Extension of authority. Any
24 existing authority of the department of health and
25 environmental sciences to make rules on the subject of the

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- 1 provisions of this act is extended to the provisions of this
- 2 act.

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