SENATE BILL NO. 3

Special Session

Introduced: 12/12/83
Referred to Committee on Judiciary: 12/12/83
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48th Legislature Special Session 12/83 LC 0014/01

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1	SENATE BILL NO. 3
2	INTRODUCED BYAKLESTAD
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4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROVIDING A PREFERENCE
5	IN PUBLIC EMPLOYMENT FOR DISABLED MILITARY VETERANS AND
6	HANDICAPPED CIVILIANS; PROVIDING A MEANS OF ENFORCEMENT OF
7	THE PREFERENCE; REQUIRING AND AUTHORIZING THE ADOPTION OF
3	RULES BY CERTAIN STATE AGENCIES; RECONCILING THE PREFERENCE
9	STATUTES WITH THE HUMAN RIGHTS STATUTES; AMENDING SECTIONS
10	10-2-402, 49-1-102, 49-2-303, 49-2-308, 49-3-103, 49-3-201,
11	AND 49-4-101. MCA; REPEALING RETROACTIVELY SECTIONS 10-2-201
12	THROUGH 10-2-206, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE
13	DATE AND AN APPLICABILITY DATE."
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15	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
16	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Short title. [Sections 1
17	through 9] may be cited as the "Montana Disabled Veterans
18	and Handicapped Persons Employment Preference Act*•
19	NEW SECTION. Section 2. Purposes. The purposes of
20	[sections 1 through 9] are to reward veterans for service to
21	their country, recognize past employment discrimination
22	against handicapped persons, and facilitate the
23	habilitation, rehabilitation, and readjustment of disabled
24	veterans and handicapped persons.
25	NEW SECTION. Section 3. Definitions. For the purposes

of [sections 1 through 9]. the following definitions apply:

(1) "Active duty" means full-time duty other than for
training in the regular components of the United States
army: air force. navy: marine corps: or coast guard with
full pay and allowances. The term does not include monthly
drills: summer encampments: initial training: or other
inactive or active duty for training in the national guard
or reserves:

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- (2) "Applicable position" means a permanent position or a seasonal position as defined in 2-18-101 or for a state position or a similar permanent seasonal position with a public employer other than the state. However, the term does not include:
- 14 (a) a temporary position as defined in 2-18-101 for a
 15 state position or a similar temporary position with a public
 16 employer other than the state;
 - (b) a state or local elected official;
- 18 (c) employment as an elected official's immediate

 19 secretary, legal advisor, or administrative, legislative, or

 20 other immediate or first-line aide;
- (d) appointment by an elected official to a body suchas a board, commission, committee, or council;
- 23 (e) appointment by an elected official to a public 24 office if the appointment is provided for by law;
- 25 (f) a department head appointment by the governor or

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- 1 an executive department head appointment by a mayor, city
 2 manager, county commissioner, or other chief administrative
 3 or executive officer of a local government; or
- 4 (g) engagement as an independent contractor or 5 employment by an independent contractor.
 - (3) "Disabled veteran" means any individual who:
 - (a) served on active duty;

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- (b) has been separated from service under honorable conditions; and
- 10 (c) suffers a service-connected disability determined
 11 by the United States veterans administration to be 30% or
 12 more disabling.
 - (4) "Handicapped person" means an individual certified by the department of social and rehabilitation services to have a physical impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities, such as writing, seeing, hearing, speaking, or mobility, and which limits the individual's ability to obtain, retain, or advance in employment.
 - (5) (a) "Initial hiring" means a personnel action for which applications are solicited from outside the ranks of the current employees of:
- 23 (i) a department, as defined in 2-15-102, for a position within the executive branch;
- 25 (ii) a legislative agency, such as the consumer

counsel, environmental quality council, office of the legislative auditor, legislative council, or office of the legislative fiscal analyst, for a position within the legislative branch;

(iii) a judicial agency, such as the office of supreme court administrator, office of supreme court clerk, state law library, or similar office in a state district court for a position within the judicial branch;

9 (iv) a unit, as defined in 20-25-201, for a position 10 within the Montana university system;

(v) the office of commissioner of higher education for a position within that office, a college for a position within that college, or a postsecondary vocational-technical center or program for a position within the state's postsecondary vocational-technical education system;

(vi) a city or town for a municipal position, includinga city or municipal court position;

(vii) a county for a county position, including a justice's court position; and

(viii) any other political subdivision of the state not staffed by employees of a city, town, or county for a position with that political subdivision, and any special purpose district or authority for a position within that district or authority.

(b) A personnel action limited to current employees of

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a specific public entity identified in subsections (a)(i) through (a)(viii) of this subsection (5), current employees in a reduction—in—force pool who have been laid off from a specific public entity identified in subsections (a)(i) through (a)(viii) of this subsection (5), or current participants in a federally authorized employment program is not an initial hiring.

(6) "Public employer" means:

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- (a) any department, office, board, bureau, commission, agancy, postsecondary vocational-technical center or program, college, community college, university, or other instrumentality of the executive, judicial, or legislative branch of the government of the state of Montana; and
- (b) any county, city, town, or other political subdivision of the state, including a school district, or any special purpose district or authority.
- (7) "Substantially equal qualifications" means the qualifications of two or more persons among whom the public employer cannot make a reasonable determination that the qualifications held by one person are significantly better suited for the applicable position than the qualifications held by the other persons.
- (8) "Under honorable conditions" means a discharge or separation from active duty characterized as under honorable conditions. The term includes honorable discharges and

general discharges but does not include dishonorable
discharges or other administrative discharges characterized
as other than honorable.

NEW SECTION. Section 4. Employment preference in initial hiring. (1) Except as provided in 10-2-402, in an 6 initial hiring for an applicable position, if a 7 applicant who is a disabled veteran or handicapped person 8 meets the eligibility requirements contained in [section 5] 9 and claims a preference as required by [section 7], a public 10 employer shall hire the applicant over any other applicant with substantially equal qualifications who is not a 11 disabled veteran or handicapped person-12

- (2) The employment preference provided for in subsection (1) does not apply to a personnel action described in subsection (5)(b) of [section 3] or to any other personnel action that is not an initial hiring.
- 17 REN SECTION. Section 5. Eligibility requirements. No 18 disabled veteran or handicapped person is entitled to 19 receive employment preference as provided in [section 4] 20 unless:
- 21 (1) he is a United States citizen:

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- 22 (2) he has resided continuously in the state for at
- 23 least 1 year immediately before applying for employment;
- 24 (3) if applying for municipal or county employment, he 25 has resided for at least 30 days immediately before applying

for employment in the city, town, or county in which employment is sought; and

- (4) he meets those requirements considered necessary by a public employer to successfully perform the essential duties of the applicable position for which he is applying.
- 6 <u>NEW SECTION</u> Section 6. Duration of employment 7 preference. Subject to [section 5]:
 - (1) a handicapped person qualifies for employment preference for no longer than 7 years following certification by the department of social and rehabilitation services or for 7 years following [the effective date of this act], whichever is later;
 - (2) a disabled veteran qualifies for employment preference for no longer than 7 years following separation from service or for no longer than 7 years following [the effective date of this act]. whichever is later.
 - NEW SECTION. Section 7. Enforcement of preference.

 (1) A public employer shall give notice of the preferences that [sections 1 through 9] provide in public employment either by posting or on the application form.
 - (2) A job applicant who believes he has an employment preference shall claim the preference in writing before the time for filing applications for the applicable position involved has passed. Failure to make a timely employment preference claim is a complete defense to an action under

subsection (4) of this section.

- 2 (3) If an applicant for an applicable position makes a
 3 timely written employment preference claim, the public
 4 employer shall give written notice of its hiring decision to
 5 each applicant claiming preference.
 - (4) (a) An applicant who believes he has not been accorded his rights under [sections 1 through 9] may, within 30 days of receipt of the notice of the hiring decision, submit to the public employer a written request for an explanation of the public employer's hiring decision. Within 15 days of receipt of the request, the public employer shall give the applicant a written explanation.
 - (b) The applicant may, within 90 days after receipt of notice of the hiring decision, file a petition in the district court in either the county in which the applicant resides or in the county in which his application was received by the public employer. The petition must state facts which on their face entitle the applicant to an employment preference.
 - (c) (i) Upon filing of the petition, the court shall order the public employer to appear in court at a specified time not less than 10 or more than 30 days after the day the petition was filed and show cause why the applicant was not hired for the applicable position. The public employer has the burden of making a clear showing that the applicant was

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not substantially equally qualified with the person hired
(ii) The time to appear provided in subsection

(4)(c)(i) of this section may be waived by stipulation of
the parties. If a time to appear has been specified pursuant
to subsection (4)(c)(i), the court may, on motion of one of
the parties or on stipulation of all of the parties, grant a

continuance.

(iii) If the public employer does not carry its burden of proof under subsection (4)(c)(i), the court shall order the public employer to reopen the selection process for the applicable position involved and shall grant the applicant reasonable attorney fees and costs. The remedy provided by this section is the only remedy for a violation of [sections 1 through 9], and a court may not grant any other relief in an action for violation of [sections 1 through 9].

(d) Failure of an applicant to file a petition under subsection (4)(b) within 90 days bars the filing of a petition. If a public employer fails to provide an explanation under subsection (4)(a) within 15 days and a petition is filed under subsection (4)(b), the court shall order the public employer to reopen the selection process.

(a) The Montana Rules of Civil Procedure apply to a proceeding under this subsection (4) to the extent that they do not conflict with this subsection (4).

NEW SECTION. Section 8. Adoption of rules. The

department of administration shall adopt rules implementing [sections 1 through 9] and shall consult with the department of social and rehabilitation services in adopting rules governing certification of handicapped persons for purposes of [sections 1 through 9]. The department of administration's rules apply to all public employers: local as well as state.

NEW SECTION. Section 9. Conflicts with federal law.

[Sections 1 through 9] do not apply to work or positions
subject to federal laws or regulations if application of the
employment preference conflicts with those laws or
regulations.

Section 10. Section 10-2-402, MCA, is amended to read:

"10-2-402. Superintendent to be given veteran's preference. In the selection of the superintendent of the Montana veterans' home, the department of institutions shall apply the employment preference provided in [sections 1 through 9], except that the department shall give preference only to disabled veterans as defined in 10 2-202 [section 3]."

Section 11. Section 49-1-102, MCA, is amended to read:

"49-1-102. Freedom from discrimination. The right to
be free from discrimination because of race, creed,
religion, color, sex, physical or mental handicap, age, or
national origin is recognized as and declared to be a civil

right. This right shall include but not be limited to:

- (1) the right to obtain and hold employment without discrimination* except as provided by (sections 1 through 9) and 10-2-402; and
- (2) the right to the full enjoyment of any of the accommodation facilities or privileges of any place of public resort, accommodation, assemblage, or amusement.
- Section 12. Section 49-2-303. MCA, is amended to read:

 #49-2-303. Discrimination in employment. (1) It is an unlawful discriminatory practice for:
- (a) an employer to refuse employment to a person, to bar him from employment, or to discriminate against him in compensation or in a term, condition, or privilege of employment because of his race, creed, religion, color, or national origin or because of his age, physical or mental handicap, marital status, or sex when the reasonable demands of the position do or the preference granted by [sections 1 through 9] or 10-2-402 does not require an age, physical or mental handicap, marital status, or sex distinction;
- (b) a labor organization or joint labor management committee controlling apprenticeship to exclude or expel any person from its membership or from an apprenticeship or training program or to discriminate in any way against a member of or an applicant to the labor organization or an employer or employee because of race, creed, religion,

color, or national origin or because of his age, physical or mental handicap, marital status, or sex when the reasonable demands of the program do not require an age, physical or mental handicap, marital status, or sex distinction;

- (c) an employer or employment agency to print or circulate or cause to be printed or circulated a statement, advertisement, or publication or to use an employment application which expresses, directly or indirectly, a limitation, specification, or discrimination as to sex, marital status, age, physical or mental handicap, race, creed, religion, color, or national origin or an intent to make the limitation, unless based upon a bona fide occupational qualification;
- (d) an employment agency to fail or refuse to refer for employment, to classify, or otherwise to discriminate against any individual because of sex, marital status, age, physical or mental handicap, race, creed, religion, color, or national origin, unless based upon a bona fide occupational qualification.
- 20 (2) The exceptions permitted in subsection (1) based
 21 on bona fide occupational qualifications shall be strictly
 22 construed.**
- 23 Section 13. Section 49-2-308, MCA, is amended to read: 24 "49-2-308. Discrimination by the state. It is an 25 unlawful discriminatory practice for the state or any of its

political subdivisions:

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- (1) to refuse, withhold from, or deny to a person any local, state, or federal funds, services, goods, facilities, advantages, or privileges because of race, creed, religion, sex, marital status, color, age, physical or mental handicap, or national origin, unless based on reasonable grounds or on the preference provided by [sections 1 through 91 or 10-2-402;
- (2) to publish, circulate, issue, display, post, or mail a written or printed communication, notice, or advertisement which states or implies that any local, state, or federal funds, services, goods, facilities, advantages, or privileges of the office or agency will be refused, withheld from, or denied to a person of a certain race, creed, religion, sex, marital status, color, age, physical or mental handicap, or national origin or that the patronage of a person of a particular race, creed, religion, sex, marital status, color, age, or national origin or possessing a physical or mental handicap is unwelcome or not desired or solicited, unless based on reasonable grounds;
- (3) to refuse employment to a person, to bar him from employment, or to discriminate against him in compensation or in a term, condition, or privilege of employment because of his political beliefs. However, this prohibition does not apply to policymaking positions on the immediate staff of an

- elected officer of the executive branch provided for in
 Article VI, section 1, of the Montana constitution, to the
 appointment by the governor of a director of a principal
 department provided for in Article VI, section 7, of the
 Montana constitution, or to the immediate staff of the
 majority and minority leadership of the Montana
 legislature.*
- 8 Section 14. Section 49-3-103, MCA, is amended to read:
 9 m49-3-103. Permitted distinctions. Nothing in this
 10 chapter shall prohibit any public or private employer:
- 11 (1) from enforcing a differentiation based on marital 12 status, age, or physical or mental handicap:
- 13 <u>(a) when based on the preference provided in [sections</u>
 14 <u>1 through 9] or 10-2-402:</u>
- 15 (b) when based on a bona fide occupational
 16 qualification reasonably necessary to the normal operation
 17 of the particular business; or
- 18 <u>(c)</u> where the differentiation is based on reasonable 19 factors other than age;
- 20 (2) from observing the terms of a bona fide seniority
 21 system or any bona fide employee benefit plan, such as a
 22 retirement, pension, or insurance plan, which is not a
 23 subterfuge to evade the purposes of this chapter, except
 24 that no such employee benefit plan shall excuse the failure
 25 to hire any individual; or

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1 (3) from discharging or otherwise disciplining an 2 individual for good cause.**

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- Section 15. Section 49-3-201, MCA, is amended to read:

 "49-3-201. Employment of state and local government
 personnel. (1) State Except as provided in [sections 1
 through 9] and 10-2-402, state and local government
 officials and supervisory personnel shall recruit, appoint,
 assign, train, evaluate, and promote personnel on the basis
 of merit and qualifications without regard to race, color,
 religion, creed, political ideas, sex, age, marital status,
 physical or mental handicap, or mational origin.
- 12 (2) All state and local governmental agencies shall:
- (a) promulgate written directives to carry out this
 policy and to guarantee equal employment opportunities at
 all levels of state and local government;
- (b) regularly review their personnel practices to assure compliance; and
 - (c) conduct continuing orientation and training programs with emphasis on human relations and fair employment practices.
 - (3) The department of administration shall insure that the entire examination process, including appraisal of qualifications, is free from bias.
- 24 (4) Appointing authorities shall exercise care to 25 insure utilization of minority group persons.**

Section 16. Section 49-4-101, MCA, is amended to read:

"49-4-101. Discrimination prohibited. It Except as

provided in [sections 1 through 9] and 10-2-402, it is

unlawful to discriminate, in hiring or employment, against a

person because of the physical handicap of such person.

There is no discrimination where the nature or extent of the

handicap reasonably precludes the performance of the

particular employment or where the particular employment may

subject the handicapped or his fellow employees to physical

harm."

NEW SECTION. Section 17. Extension of authority. Any existing authority of the department of administration or the commission for human rights to make rules on the subject of the provisions of this act is extended to the provisions of this act.

NEW SECTION. Section 18. Repealer. Sections 10-2-201 through 10-2-206. MCA. are repealed. This repeal applies retroactively to bar any claim under 10-2-201 through 10-2-206 that has not been reduced to judgment on [the effective date of this act]. Claims under 10-2-201 through 10-2-206 that have been reduced to judgment on [the effective date of this act] are enforceable. No claim for a violation of 10-2-201 through 10-2-206 may be made under [section 7] of this act.

25 <u>VEW SECTION</u> Section 19. Effective date —

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applicability. (1) This act is effective on passage and 1 approval.

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(2) This act, except section 18, applies only to applicable positions as defined in section 3 that are filled after the effective date of this act.

NEW_SECTION. Section 20. Severability. If a part of this act is invalid, all valid parts that are severable from the invalid part remain in effect. If a part of this act is invalid in one or more of its applications, the part remains in effect in all valid applications that are severable from the invalid applications.

-End-