## SENATE BILL NO. 405

Introduced: 02/12/83
Referred to committee on Business \& Industry: 02/12/83
Rereferred to Committee on State Administration: 02/15/83 Hearing: 2/17/83 Report: 02/18/83, Do Not Pass. Report Adopted.

On Motion, 2/18/83, That The Bill Be Reconsidered. Motion Failed. Bill Killed.

in accordance with this code and under rules promulgated by the department and under its strict supervision and control and to provide severe penalty for the sale of 1 iquor except by--a9d-rn-stete-7iquor-stores-and by persons licensed under this code. The restrictions, regulations, and provisions contained in this code are enacted by the legislature for the protection, health, welfare, and safety of the people of the stat.e."

Section 2. Section 16-1-105, MCA, is anended to read:
m16-1-105. Divisions of code. This code is divided into six chapters. Chapter 1 relates to the authority of the department of revenue to administer this code and the powers and functions of the department. Chapter 2 relates to the establishment of state liguor stores and the keeping and selling of liquors. Chapter 3 relates to the control of liquor, wine, and beer. Chapter 4 relates to license administration. Chapter 5 relates to identification cards. Chapter 6 relates to enforcement."

Section 3. Section 16-1-106, MCA, is amended to read:
"16-1-106. Definitions. As used in this code, the following definitions apply:
fty--MAgeney--agreement"-means-an-agreement-between-the department-and-a--person--appointed--to--sett--tiquor--as-a eommis ston-merchant-rather-than-as-an-emptoreey
tzill "alconoln means ethyl alcoholy also called .t
ethanol, or the hydrated oxide of ethyl.
t3462) malcoholic beveragen means a compound produced and sold for human consumption as a drink that contains more than .5* of alcohol by volume.
t4i(3) mbeer" means a malt beverage containing not more than 7* of alconol by weight.
fstifl mgewerm means a person mo produces malt beversges.
ftit5l Department" means the department of revenue.
fiti6) mimmediate faxily" means a spouser dependent children, or dependent parents.
fof(1) "Industrial use" means a use described as industrial use by the federal Alcohol Adsinistration Act and the federal rules and regulations of 27 CFR.

## (3)_-ELicensed__retailer*__means__the___quer___of__an

all=bexerages_-license_oor__an_off_ncemlses=consuaptign=only liceosen
(9) Niqquor" means an alcoholic beverage except beer and table wine.
(10) MMalt beverage" means an alcoholic beverage made by the fermentation of an Infusion or decoction, or a combination of both, in potable brewing water, of malted barley with or without hops or their parts or their products and with or without other malted cereals and with or without the addition of unmalted or prepared cereals, other

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carbonydrates, or products prepared therefrom and with or
without other wholesome products suitable for human food
consumption.
    (11) "Packayen means a container or receptacle used for
holdigg an alcoholic beverage.
(12) "Posted price" means the retait whalesale price of Iiquor as fixed and determined by the department and in addition thereto an excise and incense tax as provided in this code.
(13) "Proof gallon" means a J.S. gallon of 1 iquor at 60 degreas on the Fahrenheit scale that contains \(50 \%\) of alcohol by volume.
(14) wPublic place* means a place, building, or conveyance to which the public has or may be permitted to have access and any place of public resort.
(15) mpublic road or hignway means the same as in 15-70-301(5).
(16) nRules" means rules published by the department pursuant to this code.
(17) "State liquor facility" means a facility owned or under control of the department for the purpose of receiving, storing, transporting, or selling alcoholic beverages.
(18) "State 1 iquor store" means a retall store operated by the department in accordance with this code for the
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purpose of selling liquor to_licensed_retailers_rith_a_state warebouse_pernit.
(19) "Storage depot" means a building or structure owned or operated by a brewer at any point in the state of Montana off and away from the premises of a brewery, and which structure is equipped with refrigeration or cooling appargtus for the storage of beer and from which a brewer may sell or distribute beer as permitted by this code.
(20) "Table wine" means wine as defined below which contains not more than $14 \%$ alcohol by volume.
(21) WWarehouse" means a building or structure owned or operated by a licensed wholesaler for the receiving. storage, and distribution of beer as permitted by this code.
(22)_ntholesale_pricen_means_the_price__established__bx tbe_-Jepartment__and__charged__to_persons_with_a_xalid_state 1iquer_macebouse_permite
fZZt(23) "Wine" means an alcoholic beverage made from the normal alcoholic fermentation of the juice of sound, ripe fruit or other agricultural products without addition or abstraction, except as may occur in the usual cellar treatment of elarifying and aging, and tnat contains not less than 7\% or more than 24 \% of alcohol by volume. Wine may be ameliorated to correct natural deficiencies, sweetened, and fortified in accordance with applicable federal regulations and the customs and practices of the
industry. Dther alcoholic beverages not defined as above but made in the manner of wine and labeled and sold as wine in accordance with federal regulations are also wine."

Section 4. Section 16-1-303, MCA, is amended to read:
"16-1-303. Department rules. (1) The department may make such rules not inconsistent with this code as to the department seem necessary for carrying out the provisions of this =ode and for the efficient administration thereof.
(2) Without thereby limiting the generality of the provisions contained in subsection (1) hereof, it is declared that the power of the department to make rules in the namer set out in that subsection shall extend to and include the following:
(a) regulating the equipment and management of state stores and warehouses in which liquor or table wine is kept or sola and prescribing the books and records to be kept therein;
(b) prescribing the duties of the employees of the liquor division and regulating their conduct while in the discharge of their duties;
(c) governing the purcnase of liquor and the furnishing of liquor to state stores established under this code;
(a) determining the classes, varieties, and brands of liquor and table wine to be kept for sale at any state

## store;

(e) prescribing, subject to this code, the hours during which state 1 iquor stores shall be kept open for the sale of alconolic beverages;
(f) providing for the issuing and distributing of price lists showing the price to be paid by purchasers for each class, variety, or brand of liquar and table wine kept for sale under this code;
(g) prescribing an official seal which shall be attacyed to every package of liquor sold or sealed under this code;
(i) prescribing forms to be used for the purpose of this code or of the rules made thereunder and the terms and conditions in permits and licenses issued and granted under this code;
(i) prescribing the form of records of purchase of liquor and table wine and the reports to be made thereon to the division and providing for inspection of the records so kept;
(j) prescribing the manner of giving and serving notices required by this code or the rules thereunder;
(k) prescribing the fees payable in respect of permits and 1 icenses issued under this code for which no fees are prescribed in this code and prescribing the fees for anything done or permitted to be done under the rules made

## thereunder;

(1) prescribing, subject to the provisions of this code, the conditions and qualifications necessary for the ohtaining of $\begin{gathered}\text { liquor or beer license and the books and }\end{gathered}$ records to be kept and the returns to be made by the licensees and providing for the inspection of such licensed premises:
( $m$ ) specifying and describing the place and the manner in which liquor or beer may be lawfully kept or stored;
( $n$ ) specifying and regulating the time and periods when and the manner, methods, and means by which state liquak _-warghquse_ permitholderse ventorse and brewers shall deliver liquor under this code and the time and periods when and the manner, methods, and means by which liquor, under this code, may be lawfully conveyed or carried;
(o) governing the conduct, management, and equipment of any premises licensed to sell liquor or beer under this code;
( $p$ ) providing for the imposition and collection of taxes and making rules respecting returns, accounting, and payment of the taxes to the department.
(3) Whenever it is provided in this code that any act, matter, or thing may be done if permittea or authorized by the rules or may be done in accordance with the rules or as provided by the rules, the department, subject to the
restrictions set out in subsection (1) hereof, shall have tha sower to make rules respecting such act, matter, or thing.*
Section 5. Section 16-1-304, MCA, is asended to read:
"16-1-304. Pronibited acts within division. (1) No officer or employee of the liquor division, including those engaged in the sale of iquor at the various state liquor or table wine stores, may be directily or indirectly interested or enjaged in any other business or undertaking dealing in liquor or table wine, whether as owner, part owner, partner, member of syndicate, shareholder, agent, or employee and whether for his own beneflt or In a fiduclary capacity for some other person.
(2) No member or employee of the division or any employee of the state may solicit or receive directly or inairectly any commission, remuneration, or gift whatsoever from $\begin{gathered}\text { ny person or corporation having sold selling. or }\end{gathered}$ offering liquor or table wine for sale to the state or division pursuant to this code.
(3) No person selling or offering for sale to or purchasing liquor or table wine from the state liquor division may either directly or indirectly offer to pay any commission. profit, or remuneration or make any gift to any member or employee of the division, to any employee of the state, or to anyone on behalf of such member or employee.
(4) The pronibition contained in subsection (3) of this section does not prohibit the division from receiving samples of liquor or table wine for the purpose of chemical testiog, subject to the following limitations:
(a) Each manufacturer, distiller, compounder. rectifier, importer, or wholesale distributor or any other person, firm, or corporation proposing to sell any 1 iquor or tablewine to the Montana liquor division shall submit, withost cost to the division prior to the original purchase, an analysis of each brand and may submit a representative sample not exceeding 25 fluid ounces of such merchandise to the division.
(b) When a brand of liquor or table wine has been accepted for testing by the divisiony the division shall forward the sample, unopened and in its entirety, to a qualified chemical laboratory for analysis.
(c) The division shall maintain written records of all samples received. The records shall show the brand name, amount and from whom received, date received, the laboratory or chemist to whom forwarded, the division's action on the brand, and the person to whom delivered or other final disposition of the sample.
(s) No liquor, wine, or other alcoholic beverage may be witndrawn from the regular werehouse inventory or-from of the state liquor stores of the Montana liquor division for
any Jurpose other than sale at the prevailing state reterf ubolesale prices or for destroying danaged or defective merchandise. The division shall maintain a written record incluning the type, brand, container size, number of bottles or otner units, signatures of witnesses, and method of destruction or other disposition of damaged or defective warehouse or state store merchandise.n

Section 6 . Section 16-1-401, MCA, is amended to read:
*16-1-401. Liquor excise tax. The department is hereby authorized and directed to charge, receive, and collect at the time of the sale and delivery of any liquor as authorized under any provision of the laws of the state of Montana an excise tax at the rate of $16 \%$ of the peteit whelesale selling price on all liquor sold and delivered. The department shall retain the amount of such excise tax received in a separate account and shall deposit with the state treasurer, to the credit of the general fund, such sums collected and received not later than the loth day of each and every month."

Section 7. Section 16-1-404, MCA, is amended to read:
*16-1-404. License tax on liquor $--\quad$ amount -distribution of proceeds. (1) The department is hereby authorized and directed to charge, receive, and collect at the time of sale and delivery of any liquor under any provisions of the laws of the state of Montana a license tax
of 13\% of the retoty ybolesale selling price on all liquor sold and delivered. Said tax shall be charged and collected on all liquor brought into the state and taxed oy the departnent. The retait molesale selling price shall be computed by adding to the cost of said liquor the state markud as designated by the department. Said loz license tax shall be figured in the same manner as the state excise tax and shall be in addition to said state excise tax. The department shall retain in a separate account the amount of such 10\% license tax so received. Thirty percent of these revenues shall be allocated to the counties according to the amount of 1 iquor purchased in each county to be distributed to the incorporated cities and townsp as provided in subsection (2). Four and onerhalf percent of these revenues shall be allocated to the counties according to the amount of liquor purchased in each county, and this money may be used for county purposes. The remaining revenues shall be deposited in the earmarked revenue fund to the credit of the department of institutions for the treatment, rehabilitation and prevention of alcoholisme Provided, however, in the case of purchases of liquor by a reteft +iquor--7ieensee Licensed_retallen for use in his business, the dopartment shall make such requlations as are necessary to apportion that proportion of license tax so generated to the county where the licensed establishment is located, for
use as provided in 16-1-405. The department shall pay quarteriy to each county treasurer the proportion of the license tax due each county to be allocated to the incorporated cities and towns of the county.
(2) The license tax proceeds allocated to the county under subsection (1) for use by cities and towns shall be distrijuted by the county treasurer to the incorporated cities and towns within 30 days of receipt from the department. The distribution of funds to the cities and towns shall be based on the proportion that the gross sale of lifuor in eacn city or town is to the gross sale of 11 quor in all of the cities and towns of the county-
(3) The license tax proceeds that are allocated to the department of institutions for the treatment. rehabilitation, and prevention of alcoholism shall be credited quarterly to the department of institutions. The legislature may appropriate a portion of the license tax proceeds to support alcohol programs. The remainder shall be distributed as provided in 53-24-206.*
Section s. Section 16-2-101, MCA, is amended to read:
n16-2-101. Establishment of state liquor stores -kinds and prices of liquor. (1) The department shall establish and maintain one or more stores, to be known as "state liquor stores", as the department finds feasible for the sale of liquor in accordance with the provisions of this
code and the rules made thereunder.
(2) The department shall enter---inte---an---agener agreement--or employ the necessary help to operate said stores and shall designate the duties to be performed by the agent-or employees.
(3) The department may from time to time fix the prices at which the various classes, varieties, and brands of liquor may be sold, and prices shall be the same at all state stores.*

Section 9. Section 16-2-103, MCA, is amended to read:
m16-2-103. Duplicate invoices of sales required. (1) The state liquor store shall, upon each sale of liquor to any licensee, issue a duplicate invoice of the liquar purchased. as provided by the department, a copy of which shall be delivered to the licensee and one copy retained at such store.
(2) The invoice shall show the date of purchase, name of emoloyee making the sale, the quantity of each kind of liquor purchased, the price paid therefor, the name of the licensee, and the number of the license and_-_the_state marehzuse_- pormit, with such other information as may be required by the department.
(3) The licensee shall keep and retain his duplicate invoice of all purchases made by hin from the state liquor store, which shall at all times be subject to inspection by
the duly authorized officers, agents, and employees of the deportnent."

Section 10. Section 16-2-201, MCA, is amended to read:
"16-2-201. Reduction for quantity sales of 1 iquor. Keduction of 5\% 203 of the retert wholesale price of liquor sold at the state liquor store shall be inade by the department for sales of liquor to any persen licensee_zith_a state_-walesale_-permit purchasing liquor in unbroken case lots. No other reduction shall be made by the department for
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Section 11. Section 16-2-203, MCA, is amended to read:
"16-2-203. Department sales to fieensees gergittees. The department may sell through its stores to tieensees fieensed whelesale_perwittees under this code all kinds of liquor, wine containing more than $14 \%$ alcohol by volume, and cordials kept in stock. at the posted price thereof in the store in which the liquor is sold. All sales shall be upon a cash sasis."

Section 12. Section 16-4-403, HCA, is amended to read:
"16-4-403. Fingerprints required of licensees and mortgagees. All applicants for a Montana retail all-beveragesq__off=oremiseszconsumption=only__licenseg or beer license, including coroorate officers and managersy may be required by the department when applying for said license
to have their fingerprints taken for use in determining the eligibility of the applicant for such license. This provision shall also apply to all who file a security interest against such license except as to banks, savings and loan institutionsp and licensed lending agencies."

Section 13. Section 16-4-405, MCA, is amended to read: n16-4-405. Denial of license. (1) The department may
deny the issuance of a retail beers
off二RLemises=consumption=onlyz or all-beverages license if it dotermines that the premises proposed for licensing are off regular police beats and cannot be properly policed by local authorities.
(2) No retail license may be issued by the department for any premises situated within ariy zone of such city or town where the sale of beer or liquor is prohidited by ordinance, a certified copy of which has been filed with the department.
(3) Nor may a license under this coda be issued if the department finds from the evidence at the hearing that the welfare of the people residing in the vicinity of the place for which such license is desired will be adversely and seriously affected or that the purposes of this code will not be carried out by the issuance of such license."

Section 14. Section 26-4-501, MCA, is amended to read:
"16-4-501. License and permit fees. (1) Each beer
licensee licensed to sell either beer or table wine only, or both beer and table wine, under the provisions of this code, shall pay an annual license fee as follows:
(a) each brewer, wherever located, whose product is sold or offered for sale within the state, $\$ 500$; for each storage depot. 5400 ;
(b) each beer wholesaler, s400; each table wine distributor, \$400i
(c) each beer retailer, $\$ 200$; with a wine license amendment, an additional $\$ 200$;
(d) for a license to sell beer at retail for off-premises consumption only, tne same as a retail beer license; for a license to sell tablewine at retall for off-premises consumption only, either alone or in conjunction with beer, $\$ 200$;
(e) any unit of a nationally chartered veterans* organization, $\$ 50$.
(2) The permit fee under 16-4-301(1) is computed at the rate of $\$ 15$ a day for each day beer and table wine are sold at those events lasting 2 or more days but in no case be less than $\$ 30$.
(3) The permit fee under 16-4-301(2) is $\$ 10$ for the sale of beer and table wine only or $\$ 20$ for the sale of all alcoholic beverages.
(4) Passenger carrier licenses shall be issued upon
payment by the applicant of an annual license fee in the sum of $\$ 300$.
(5) The annual 1 icense fee for a license to sell wine on the premises, when issued as an amendment to beer-only license, is $\$ 200$.
(6) The annual fee for resort retail liquor licenses within a given resort area shall be $\$ 2,000$ for each icense.
(1) Each licensee licensed under the quotas of 16-4-201 shall pay an annual license fee as follows:
(a) except as hereinafter provided, for each license outside of incorporated cities and incorporated towns or in incorporated cities and incorporated towns with a population of less than 2,000 , $\$ 250$ for a unit of a nationally chartered veterans" organization and $\$ 400$ for all other licensees;
(0) except as hereinafter provided, for each license in incorporated cities with a population of more than 2,000 and less than 5,000 or within a distance of 5 miles thereof, measured over the shortest pu-lic road or nighway from the nearest entrance of the prewises to be licensed to the nearest boundzry of such city, $\$ 350$ for a unit of a nationally chartered veterans' organization and $\$ 500$ for all other licensees;
(c) except as hereinafter provided, for each 1 icense in incorporated cities with a population of more than 5,000

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and lass than 10,000 or within a distance of 5miles
thereof, measured over the shortest public road or highway
from the nearest entrance of the premises to be licensed to
the nearest boundary of such city, $500 for a unit of a
nationally chartered veterans* organization and $650 for all
other licensees;
（d）for each license in incorporated cities with a population of 10,000 or more or within a distance of 5 miles theresfy measured over the shortest public road or highway from the nearest entrance of the premises to be licensed to the nearest boundary of such cityp \(\$ 650\) for a unit of a nationally chartered veterans＊organization and \(\$ 800\) for all other Jicensees；
（e）the distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of any incorporated cities and incorporated towns is measured over the shortest public road or highway from the nearest entrance of the premises to be licensed to the nearest boundary of such city or town；and where the premises of the applicant to be licensed are situated within 5 miles of the corporate boundaries of two or more incorporated cities or incorporated towns of different populations，the license fee chargeable by the larger incorporated city or incorporated town applies and shall be paid by the applicant．When the premises of the applicant to be licensed are situated within an incorporated town or
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incorparated city and any portion of the incorporated town or incorporated city is without a 5－mile limit，the license fee chargeable by the smalier incorporated town or incorporated city applies and shall be paid by the applicant．
（f）an applicant for the issuance of an original license to be located in areas described in subsection（a） of this subsection shall pay a onetime original license fee of $\$ 20,000$ for any such license issued．The one－time license fee of $\$ 20,000$ snall not apply to any transfer or renewal of a license duly issued prior to July l，1974．All licenses， however，are subject to the annual renewal fee．
（a）The fee for one all－beverage license to a public airport shall be 8800 ．This license is nontransferable．

 popul코ion＿＿of＿－10＿000＿＿or＿pere＿shall＿pay＿a＿que二time＿1icense fee＿of＿E10＿QQ日＿for＿＿any＿such＿＿license＿＿issuede＿＿Ihe＿＿annual ceqeath＿fee＿is＿sboge

1102＿Ibe＿＿＿－applicant＿＿＿for＿＿the＿＿＿issuance＿＿of＿＿an gff＝premises－cgnsumptiga二only＿license＿to＿be＿＿located＿＿in＿an area＿not＿－iacluded＿＿io＿＿subsection＿191＿sball＿pax＿a＿one＝time License＿fee＿of＿s5xgog＿for＿any＿such＿＿license＿＿issuede＿＿Ihe anqual＿renemal＿fee＿is＿s800．

111＿Ibe＿annual＿fee＿for＿a＿state＿liquor＿uarehousenpermit

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f9fll2) The license fees nerein provided for are exclusive of and in addition to other license fees chargeable in Montana for the sale of alcoholic beverages.m

YEH_SECIIONe Section 15. Off-premises-consumption-only license. The department may issue an off-premises-consumption-only llcense for the sale of liquor for off-premises consumption only, to a fit and proper person, firmp or corporation upon compliance with the provisions of [sections 15 through 18].

NEW-SECLIGUE Section 16 . License requirements. (1) The department shall issue an off-premises-consumption-only Iicense to a qualified applicant if the department determines that issuing the license is justified by public convenience and necessity.
(2) A license issued under [sections 15 through 18] must set forth the name of the person, firm, or corporation to whom issued, the location, by street and number or other approoriate specific description of location if no street address existsp of the premises where the business is to be carried on under the license, and such other information as the department considers necessary. If the licensee is a partnership or if more than one person has an interest in the susiness operated under the license, the names of all persons in the partnership or interested in the business
must appear on the license. Every license must be posted in a conspicuous place on the premises where the business authorized under the license is conducted, and such license must be exhibited upon request to any authorized epresentative of the department or to any peace officer of the state.
(3) A license issued under the provisions of [sections 15 thr jugh 18] is a privilege personal to the licensee named in the license and is good until the expiration of the license unless sooner revoked or suspended.
(4) Each off-premises-consumption-oniy license is lintted to a single place of business described in the license.
(5) No off-premises-consumption-only license may be transferred, sold, or used at any location not described in the 1 icense, except as provided in [sections 15 through 18].
(5) The licensee may apply to the department for a transfer of the license to different premises. The department may in its discretion permit a transfer if it appears to the department that the transfer is in the best incerest of the comminity in which the licensee is authorized to transact business.
(7) Upon the sale of a business operated under an off-premises-consumption-only license, the license is revokəd. The purchaser of the business may apply to the
departaent for a new license and is subject to the same requirements as any other applicant for an off-premises-consumption-only license.

MEH_SECIIONA Section 17. Notice of application -publication -- proteste (1) when an application has been flled with the department for a ifense to sell alcoholic beverages for off-premises consumption only or to transfer such iicense, the department shall promptly publish in a newspaper of general circulation in the city, towny or county from which the application comes a notice that such applicant has made application for a license and that protests against the issuance of a license to the applicant may be malled to a named administrator in the department of revenue within 10 days after the final notice is published. Notice of application for a new license must be published once a week for 4 consecutive weeks. Notice of application for transfer of a license must be published once a week for 2 consecutive meeks. Notice must be substantially in the following form:

## NOTICE DF APPLICATION FOR

OFF-PREMISES-CONSUMPTION-ONLY LICENSE
vatice is hereby given that on the .... day of ..... 19.., one (name of applicant) filed an application for an off-premises-consumption-only license with the Montana departnent of revenue, to be used at (describe location of
premises where beverages are to be sold), and protests, if any tnere be, against the issuance of such license may be mailed to ..... department of revenue, Helena, Montana, on or before the .... day of ...... 19...
Jated.... Signed ..... ADMINISTRATOR
(2) Each applicant shall, at the time of filing his applicstion, pay to the department an amount sufficient to cover the casts of pubilshing the notice.
(3) If the administrator receives no protests, the department may issue or transfer the license without holding a public hearing. If, however, any protests agalnst the issuance or transfer of the license are received, the department shall hold a hearing at its office in Helena.

SEH-SECIIONa Section 18. Sale of liquor to be primary source of income. No off-premises-consumption-only license may be issued pursuant to [sections 15 through 18] to any person, firm, or corporation that intends to operate a business in which the sale of liquor is not the primary source of income.

HEH_SECILQNe Section 19. Application for state liquor warehouse permit. An all-beverages licensee or an off-premises-consumption-only licensee may apply to the department for a state liquor warehouse permit. The adplicant must have a fixed place of business and sufficient

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capital and facilities for the distribution and sale of
liquor to other licensed retailers.
    4EH_SECLIQNE Section 20. Notice of application --
publication -- protest. (1) When an application has been
filedwith the department for a state liquor warehouse
permit, the department shall promptly publish in a newspaper
of geaeral circulation in the city, town, or county from
which the application comes a notice that such applicant has
made apolication for a permit and that protests against the
issuarce of a permit to the applicant may be malled to a
named administrator in the department of revenue within 10
days after the final notice is published. Notice of
application for a permit must be oublished once a week for 4
consecutive weeks. Notice must be substantially in the
following form:
            NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR STATE
                LIQUOR HAREHOUSE PERMIT
    Yotice is hereby given that on the .... day of .....
19... one (name of applicant) filed an application for a
state liquor warehouse Dermit with the Montana department of
revensz, to be used at {describe location of the applicant's
existing license), and protests, if any there be, against
the issuance of such permit may be mailed to ......
department of revenue, Helena, Montana, on or before the
.... day of ....., 19...
HEH_SECLIQNe Section 20. Notice of application -publication -- protest. (1) When an application has been filed with the department for a state liquor warehouse permit, the department shall promptly publish in a newspaper of geaeral circulation in the city, town, or county from which the application comes a notice that such applicant has made apolication for a permit and that protests against the issuance of a permit to the applicant may be malled to a named administrator in the department of revenue within 10 days after the final notice is published. Notice of application for a permit must be oublished once a week for 4 consecutive weeks. Notice must be substantially in the following form:
NOTICE OF APPLICATION FDR STATE
LIqUOR HAREHOUSE PERMIT
Hotice is hereby given that on the .... day of ..... 19... one (name of applicant) filed an application for a state liquor warehouse permit with the Montana department of revende, to be used at (describe location of the applicant's existing license), and protestsp if any there be, against the issuance of such permit may be mailed to \(\ldots .\). department of revenue, Helena, Montand, on or before the ..... day of ...... 19....
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Dated *...
Signed ....... ADMINISTRATOR
(2) Each applicant shally at the time of filing his application, pay to the department an amount sufficient to cover the costs of publishing the notice.
(3) If the administrator receives no protests, the department may issue the permitwithout holding a public hearing. If, however, any protests against the issuance of the permit are received, the department shall hold a hearing at its office in Helena.

YEH_SECIIGXe Section 21. Issuance of state liquor warehouse permit. (1) The department shall issue a state liquor warehouse permit to an otherwise qualified applicant upon compliance with [section 20] if the department finds that issuance of the permit is justified by public converience and necessity.
(2) A state 1 iquor warehouse permit may not be issued to dil applicant who does not in good faith intend to maintain an adequate inventory and to carry on a business for the distribution and sale of liquor at wholesale to other licensees or at retail to the public at the lacation stated in his license.

YEy_SECIIUNe Section 22. Discount for sales of unbroken case lots. As a condition of retaining a state liquar warehouse permit, the permitholder must give a

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discount of 5% or more to retail licensees who purchase
liquor from the permitholder in unbroken case lots.
    NEK_SECIION& Section 23. Renewal of permit. The state
liquor warehnuse permit must be renewed each year on the
anniversary date of its issuance. The permit may not be
renewed if the department determines that the permitholder
has failed to comply with the provisions of [sections 19
through 23].
MEH_SECIIQMa Section 24 sale of existing state retail liquor stores. (1) The department of revenue shall sell all existing state retail llquor storesp including agency stores. The sales must be made through a sealed bid procedure to qualified bidders and sold, if possible, by December 31, 1984.
(2) A qualified bidder is a persong firm, or corporation that would be eligible to purchase an off-premises-consumption-only license.
(3) The department shall establish a minimum price for the state-operated store that may not be less than the value of the average daily inventory at the store. The highest qualified bidder is entitled to assume title to the store inventory, store fixtures, lease, and related merchandise and squipment. The department shall develop a list of items that will be assumed by the highest qualified bidder.
(4) The highest qualified bidder must be issued an
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off-premises-consumptionmonly license and a state liquor
warehouse permit without any additional license fee being
paid.
(3) In the event a state store is not sola by the department, it may be operated by the department until July 1. 1985, at which time the department shall return the inventory remaining at the store to the central warehouse in Helena.
YEH~SECIIONe Section 25. Temporary restrictions. The department may not issue an off-premises-consumption-only license or a state liquor warehouse permit prior to January 1, 19as, except to the purchaser of an existing state retail liquor store.
NEW_SECIIQNa Section 26. Repealer. Section 16-3-307, MCA, is repealed.
NEH_SECIIQNa Section 27. Codification instructione Sections 15 through 25 are intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 16 , chapter 4 , and the provisions of Title 16, chapter 4 , apply to sections 15 through 25.
NEH_SECLIONe Section 28. Effective date. This act is effective on passage and approval.
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-End-


#### Abstract

In compliance with a written request received February 14, , 19.83 , there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for Senate Bill 405 pursuant to Title 5, Chapter 4, Part 2 of the Montana Code Annotated (MCA). Background information used in developing this Fiscal Note is available from the Office of Budget and Program Planning, to members of the Legislature upon request.


DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:
Senate Bill 405 removes the retail liquor business from state control; provides for the sale of existing state retail liquor stores; provides for an off-premises-consumption-only license and a state liquor warehouse permit; and provides an immediate effective date.

ASSUMPTIONS:

1) Gross sales in the state liquor stores declined . $87 \%$ from FY 82 to FY 83 and will continue to decline at that rate through FY 85.
2) Discounted sales were $34.7 \%$ of gross sales in FY 82. No change in this percentage is projected under the present law. Under the proposed law, it is assumed that all sales would be discounted.
3) Taxes were $19.57 \%$ of gross sales in FY 82 and will continue at that rate through FY 85.
4) Expenditures will increase $6 \%$ per year, from FY 82 through FY 85.
5) Breakage and shortage are estimated as . $116 \%$ of adjusted gross sales, under the current and proposed law.
6) Revenue from the sale of existing wine, beer, and all-beverage licenses increased $1.34 \%$ from FY 81 to FY 82 and will continue to increase at that rate through FY 85.
7) Under the proposed law, the warehouse would be remodeled and reequipped in FY 84, at an estimated cost of $\$ 302,800$.
8) Under the proposed law, 8.5 positions would be added to the warehouse staff, at a cost of $\$ 161,266$ in FY 84 and $\$ 170,942$ in FY 85.
9) Under the proposed law, Stores Bureau operating expenses would be eliminated, but other costs incurred by the Liquor Division and other Revenue Department divisions would continue to be charged against liquor revenues.
10) In addition, expenditures for Licensing Bureau salaries, benefits, travel, and communications would increase by approximately $30 \%$. The portion of Legal and Enforcement Division expenses allocated to the Liquor Division also would increase by approximately $30 \%$.
11) The depreciated value of the state-owned equipment and furniture in the state stores is approximately $\$ 330,723$. Proceeds are divided equally between FY 84 and FY 85.

## Continued

FISCAL IMPACT 15:R/1


BUDGET DIRECTOR
Office of Budget and Program Planning
Date: $\qquad$
12) The cost of selling the stores, closing the agencies, and transporting unsold inventory would be approximately $\$ 300,000$, divided equally between FY84 and FY85.
13) Under the proposed law, a minimum of 51 off-premises-consumption-only licenses would be sold in FY84, one for each state liquor store or agency in cities of 10,000 population. All of the new retailers would buy warehouse permits, and a warehouse permit would also be purchased for each of the grade 9,10 , and 11 stores in cities of less than 10,000 population.
14) Under the proposed law, approximately one-third of the existing 1,551 all-beverage licensees would buy warehouse permits.
15) The state's markup percentages will continue to be set at the FY82 levels.

FISCAL IMPACT:
FY84
FY 85

Revenue from Merchandising
Liquor Excise Tax
Under Current Law
Under Proposed Law
Fistimated Increase

| $\$ 6,551,248$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| $6,551,248$ |$\quad \$ 6,494,253$

Liquor License Tax
Under Current Law

$$
4,094,264
$$

$$
4,058,644
$$

Under Proposed Law
4,094,264
4,058,644
Estimated Increase

$$
\begin{array}{rr}
11,581,709 & 11,470,037 \\
7,091,004 & 7,018,401 \\
\hline(4,490,705) & (4,451,636)
\end{array}
$$

Under Current Law
Under Proposed Law
Estimated Decrease

Sale of Furniture and Equipment
Under Current Law
Under Proposed Law
165,362
--

Estimated Increase
$-165,362$
165,362
165,362

TOTAL REVENUE FROM MERCHANDISING
Under Current Law

| $22,227,221$ | $22,022,934$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $17,901,878$ | $17,736,660$ |
| $(4,325,343)$ | $(4,286,274)$ |

(Continued)

Revenue from Sale of Licenses


Expenditures for Merchandising
Personal Services and Administration
Under Current Law
Under Proposed Law
Estimated Decrease

| $4,585,834$ |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $1,284,853$ |  |
| $(3,300,981)$ |  |
| $(3,4996,408)$ |  |

Operating Expenses
Under Current Law
Under Proposed Law
Estimated Decrease
Capital Outlay (Equipment)
Under Current Law
Under Proposed Law
Estimated Increase/Decrease

| $2,135,115$ |  |
| ---: | ---: |
| $(1,820,922$ | $2,263,221$ |
|  | 331,177 <br> $(1,932,044)$ |

TOTAL EXPENDITURES FOR MERCHANDISING
Under Current Law
Under Proposed Law
Estimated Decrease
NET EFFECT ON MERCHANDISING
Under Current Law
Under Proposed Law
Estimated Increase

| $15,439,548$ | $14,827,635$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| $15,993,303$ |  |
| 553,755 | $16,043,540$ |
| $1,215,905$ |  |

(Continued)

FY84
FY85
Expenditures for Licensing
Personal Services
Under Current Law \$96,453

| 125,389 | 132,912 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 28,936 | 30,708 |
|  |  |
| 41,809 | 44,318 |
| 54,352 | 57,613 |
| 12,543 | 13,295 |

TOTAL EXPENDITURES FOR LICENSING
Under Current Law
Under Proposed Law
Estimated Increase
138,262
146,522
Under Proposed Law
Estimated Increase
Operating Expenses
Under Current Law
Under Proposed Law
Estimated Increase

NET EFFECT ON LICENSING
Under Current Law
Under Proposed Law
Estimated Increase
$1,376,933$
$2,724,454$

$1,347,521$$\quad$| $1,388,977$ |
| :--- |

General Fund
Under Current Law
Under Proposed Law
Estimated Increase
Department of Institutions
Under Current Law
Under Proposed Law
Estimated Increase

$$
\frac{179,741}{41,479} \quad \frac{190,525}{44,003}
$$

LONG-RANGF EFFECTS OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:
The projected average retail price per bottle in the state retail liquor stores, under the present law, will be approximately $\$ 7.40$ in FY84. Under the proposed law, assuming that the retailers would add a $22 \%$ markup, the average retail price per bottle will be approximately $\$ 9.69$ in FY84. A price increase of this size may cause sales to decline more rapidly than was assumed for purposes of estimating the fiscal impact of the proposed law.

Retailers under the proposed law would not be required to equalize prices, so that the retail price probably would vary according to the distance from Helena.
(Continued)

## TECHNICAL NOTES:

1. On page 15, lines 8 and 15 , reference is evidently to the warehouse permits defined in Section 19 (new section), but the phrase "wholesale permit" is used instead. No definition of "wholesale permit" is included.
2. On page 4, line 24, "State Liquor Store" is defined as a "retail store" but 16-1-304(5) and 16-2-203, as revised, indicate that all sales will be wholesale, to retail licensees with warehouse perwits only.
3. On page 13, line 21 , through page 14 , line 1 , Section 16-2-101 requires the state to "maintain one or more...'state liquor stores,' " but on page 27, lines 10-12, the Department of Revenue is required to "sell all existing state retail liquor stores, including agency stores."
4. On page 2 , lines $22-24$, and page 14 , line $2-3$, agency agreements are eliminated, effective on passage of the bill, but on page 27 , lines $10-14$, provision is made for selling "agency stores" by December 31, 1984. Agency stores are owned by the agent, not by the state.
5. New Section 24 does not provide for termination of the contracts under which all state liquor stores are leased from private intividuals or corporations. Provision should also be made to store owners who wish to purchase the state's inventory and equipment and become the off-premises licensee.
6. Page 26 , line 21 , indicates that a warehouse permit holder may sell either to other licensees or at retail to the public. This would give liquor wholesalers a privilege not enjoyed by beer and wine wholesalers, who are forbidden to sell to the public under 16-3-233 and 16-3-403, МСА.
7. Federal law does not allow liquor wholesalers to sell at retail unless they own $100 \%$ of the retail business. The proposed law would allow any retail licensee, regardless of ownership status, to become a wholesaler by obtaining a warehouse permit.

## LOCAL IMPACT:

Section 16-4-503 authorizes counties and cities to charge license fees to "persons to whom a retail license has been issued...". The bill is not clear as to whether local governments may issue licenses similar to Section 12,(9), (10), (11). If they can, then new revenue to local governments would be approximately $5 / 8$ of the new revenue estimated to accrue to the state.

