SENATE BILL NO. 386

Introduced: 02/09/83

Referred to Committee on Judiciary: 02/09/83

Hearing: 2/15/83 Report: 02/15/83, Do Pass

2nd Reading: 02/17/83 3rd Reading: 02/21/83

Transmitted to House: 02/21/83

Referred to Committee on Judiciary: 02/28/83

Hearing: 3/11/83

Report: 03/11/83, Be Not Concurred In, As Amended

Bill Killed: 03/14/83

19

20

21

22

1

20

21

22

23

24

25

1	Algrate BILL NO. 386
2	INTRODUCED BY Hallypu
3	

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROVIDING THAT A DIRECT 5 COMMUNICATION TO A JUDGE BY A LITIGANT OR HIS ATTORNEY THAT 6 IS INTENDED TO INFLUENCE THE OUTCOME OF ANY MATTER PENDING 7 BEFORE THE JUDGE CONSTITUTES A CONTEMPT OF COURT: PROVIDING 8 THAT ANY SUCH CONTEMPT IS CONSIDERED TO HAVE OCCURRED IN THE Q IMMEDIATE PRESENCE OF THE COURT OR JUDGE: PROVIDING INCREASED PENALTIES FOR THIRD AND SUBSEQUENT CONTEMPTS: 10 11 AMENDING SECTIONS 3-1-501, 3-1-511, AND 3-1-519, MCA."

13 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

14 Section 1. Section 3-1-501, MCA, is amended to read: 15 "3-1-501. What acts or omissions are contempts. (1) 16 The following acts or omissions in respect to a court of 17 justice or proceedings therein are contempts of the 1.8 authority of the court:

- (a) disorderly, contemptuous, or insolent behavior toward the judge while holding the court tending to interrupt the que course of a trial or other judicial proceeding:
- 23 (b) a breach of the peace, boisterous conduct, or 24 violent disturbance tending to interrupt the due course of a 25 trial or other judicial proceeding;

(c) misbehavior in office or other willful neglect or
violation of duty by an attorney, counsel, clerk, sheriff
coroner, or other person appointed or elected to perform a
judicial or ministerial service;

- (d) deceit or abuse of the process or proceedings of the court by a party to an action or special proceeding:
- (e) disobedience of any lawful judgment, order, or process of the court:
- (f) assuming to be an officer, attorney, or counsel of 3.0 a court and acting as such without authority;
- 11 (a) rescuing any person or property in the custody of 12 an officer by virtue of an order or process of such court;
- 1.3 (h) unlawfully detaining a witness or party to an oction while going to, remaining at, or returning from the 14 15 court where the action is on the calendar for trial;
- 16 (i) any other unlawful interference with the process 17 or proceedings of a court:
- 18 (i) disobedience of a subpoena duly served or refusing 19 to be sworn or answer as a witness:
 - (k) when summoned as a juror in a court, neglecting to attend or serve as such or improperly conversing with a party to an action to be tried at such court or with any other person in relation to the merits of such action or receiving a communication from a party or other person in respect to it without immediately disclosing the same to the

•	court:

- (1) disobedience by an inferior tribunal, magistrate, or officer of the lawful judgment, order, or process of a superior court or proceeding in an action or special proceeding contrary to law after such action or special proceeding is removed from the jurisdiction of such inferior tribunal, magistrate, or officer.
- fal_direct_communication_made_to_a_judge:_including
 any_statement_or_expression_made_in_person_or_by_writing:
 telephone:_or_any_other_electronic_means:_at_any_place_or
 location_in_this_state_by_any_litigant_or_his_attorney_which
 is_intended_to_influence_the_outcome_of_any_matter_pending
 hefore_that_judge_in_which_the_litigant_or_his_attorney_is
 interested=_This_subsection_tll(m)_does_not_apply_to:
- 15 <u>fil documents filed with the clerk of court, unless</u>
 16 <u>the documents are scandalous or abusive; or</u>
 - (ii) an argument given in the judge's chambers, in the presence of all parties to the proceeding or fewer than all parties when permitted by law, or given in open court unless the argument constitutes contempt under (a) through (1) of this subsection (1) or other provisions of law.
 - (2) Disobedience of the lawful orders or process of a judicial officer is also a contempt of the authority of such officer. **
- 25 Section 2. Section 3-1-511. MCA, is amended to read:

1	*3-1-511. Procedure contempt committed in the
2	presence of the court. (11) When a contempt is committed in
3	the immediate view and presence of the court or judge at
4	chambers, it may be punished summarily, for which an order
5	must be made reciting the facts as occurring in such
6	immediate view and presence and adjudging that the person
7	proceeded against is thereby guilty of a contempt and that
8	he be punished as therein prescribed.

- 9 (21 Contempts described in 3-1-50](1)(m) are
 10 considered to be in the immediate view and presence of the
 11 court or indoe.*
- Section 3. Section 3-1-519, MCA, is amended to read:

 "3-1-519. Penalty. (11) Upon the answer and evidence

 taken, the court or judge must determine whether the person

 proceeded against is guilty of the contempt charged. If it

 be adjudged that he is guilty of the contempt, a fine may be

 imposed on him not exceeding \$500 or he may be imprisoned

 not exceeding 5 days, or both.
 - 12) Upon finding a person quilty of a third contempts
 a fine may be imposed on him not exceeding \$1.000 or he may
 be imprisoned not exceeding 30 days. or both, for such third
 and each subsequent contempt."

-End-

10

13

14

15

16

17

20

21

22

23

24

25

11

12

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

Approved by Committee on Judiciary

1	Syrate BILL NO. 386
2	INTRODUCED BY Halleson
3	

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROVIDING THAT A DIRECT COMMUNICATION TO A JUDGE BY A LITIGANT OR HIS ATTORNEY THAT IS INTENDED TO INFLUENCE THE OUTCOME OF ANY MATTER PENDING BEFORE THE JUDGE CONSTITUTES A CONTEMPT OF COURT; PROVIDING THAT ANY SUCH CONTEMPT IS CONSIDERED TO HAVE OCCURRED IN THE IMMEDIATE PRESENCE OF THE COURT OR JUDGE; PROVIDING INCREASED PENALTIES FOR THIRD AND SUBSEQUENT CONTEMPTS;

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

14 Section 1. Section 3-1-501, MCA, is amended to read:

AMENDING SECTIONS 3-1-501, 3-1-511, AND 3-1-519, MCA.*

The following acts or omissions are contempts. (1)
The following acts or omissions in respect to a court of justice or proceedings therein are contempts of the authority of the court:

- (a) disorderly, contemptuous, or insolent behavior toward the judge while holding the court tending to interrupt the due course of a trial or other judicial proceeding;
- (b) a breach of the peace, boisterous conduct, or violent disturbance tending to interrupt the due course of a trial or other judicial proceeding;

L	(c) misbehavior in office or other willful nec	lect or
:	violation of duty by an attorney, counsel, clerk,	heriff,
3	coroner, or other person appointed or elected to pe	
	judicial or ministerial service;	·

- (d) deceit or abuse of the process or proceedings of the court by a party to an action or special proceeding;
- 7 (e) disobedience of any lawful judgment, order, or 8 process of the court;
 - (f) assuming to be an officer, attorney, or counsel of a court and acting as such without authority;
- 11 (g) rescuing any person or property in the custody of 12 an officer by virtue of an order or process of such court;
 - (h) unlawfully detaining a witness or party to an action while going to, remaining at, or returning from the court where the action is on the calendar for trial;
 - (i) any other unlawful interference with the process or proceedings of a court;
- 18 (j) disobedience of a subpoena duly served or refusing19 to be sworn or answer as a witness;
 - (k) when summoned as a juror in a court, neglecting to attend or serve as such or improperly conversing with a party to an action to be tried at such court or with any other person in relation to the merits of such action or receiving a communication from a party or other person in respect to it without immediately disclosing the same to the

n	ŧ ı	r	+	•

3

6

7

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- (1) disobedience by an inferior tribunal, magistrate, or officer of the lawful judgment, order, or process of a superior court or proceeding in an action or special proceeding contrary to law after such action or special proceeding is removed from the jurisdiction of such inferior tribunal, magistrate, or officerei
- 8 1ml direct communication made to a judge, including 9 any statement or expression made in person or by writing. 10 telephone. or any other electronic means at any place or 11 location in this state by any litigant or his attorney which is intended to influence the outcome of any matter pending 12 13 before that ludge in which the litigant or his attorney is interested. This subsection (1)(m) does not apply to: 14
- 15 (i) documents filed with the clerk of courts unless 16 the documents are scandalous or abusive; or
 - (ii) an argument given in the judge's chambers: in the presence of all parties to the proceeding or fewer than all parties when permitted by laws or given in open court unless the argument constitutes contempt under (a) through (1) of this subsection (1) or other provisions of law.
 - (2) Disobedience of the lawful orders or process of a judicial officer is also a contempt of the authority of such officer."
- 25 Section 2. Section 3-1-511, MCA, is amended to read:

1	*3-1-511. Procedure contempt committed in the
2	presence of the court. (1) When a contempt is committed in
3	the immediate view and presence of the court or judge at
4	chambers, it may be punished summarily, for which an order
5	must be made reciting the facts as occurring in such
6	immediate view and presence and adjudging that the person
7	proceeded against is thereby guilty of a contempt and that
В	he be punished as therein prescribed.

- 9 (2) Contempts described in 3-1-501(1)(m) are considered to be in the immediate view and presence of the court or judge."
 - Section 3. Section 3-1-519, MCA, is amended to read: "3-1-519" Penalty 111 Upon the answer and evidence taken, the court or judge must determine whether the person proceeded against is quilty of the contempt charged. If it be adjudged that he is quilty of the contempt, a fine may be imposed on him not exceeding \$500 or he may be imprisoned not exceeding 5 days, or both.
- 19 121 Upon finding a person gullty of a third contempt. a fine may be imposed on him not exceeding \$1:000 or he may 20 be imprisoned not exceeding 30 days, or both, for such third 21

22 and each subsequent contempt."

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

-End-

2

15

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

		286
1		Agente BILL NO. 386
2	INTRODUCED BY	Hallyan

3

5

7

0

10

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROVIDING THAT A DIRECT COMMUNICATION TO A JUDGE BY A LITIGANT OR HIS ATTORNEY. THAT IS INTENDED TO INFLUENCE THE OUTCOME OF ANY MATTER PENDING BEFORE THE JUDGE CONSTITUTES A CONTEMPT OF COURT: PROVIDING THAT ANY SUCH CONTEMPT IS CONSIDERED TO HAVE OCCURRED IN THE IMMEDIATE PRESENCE OF THE COURT OR JUDGE; PROVIDING INCREASED PENALTIES FOR THIRD AND SUBSEQUENT CONTEMPTS; AMENDING SECTIONS 3-1-501, 3-1-511, AND 3-1-519, MCA.*

11 12 13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 3-1-501, MCA, is amended to read: "3-1-501. What acts or omissions are contempts. (1) The following acts or omissions in respect to a court of justice or proceedings therein are contempts of the

authority of the court:

- (a) disorderly, contemptuous, or insolent behavior toward the judge while holding the court tending to interrupt the due course of a trial or other judicial proceeding:
- (b) a breach of the peace, boisterous conduct, or violent disturbance tending to interrupt the due course of a trial or other judicial proceeding;

(c) misbehavior in office or other willful neglect or
violation of duty by an attorney, counsel, clerk, sheriff,
coroner, or other person appointed or elected to perform a
judicial or ministerial service;

- (d) deceit or abuse of the process or proceedings of the court by a party to an action or special proceeding;
- (e) disobedience of any lawful judgment, order, or 7 process of the court;
- (f) assuming to be an officer, attorney, or counsel of a court and acting as such without authority;
- 11 (a) rescuing any person or property in the custody of 12 an officer by virtue of an order or process of such court:
- 13 (h) unlawfully detaining a witness or party to an 14 action while going to, remaining at, or returning from the court where the action is on the calendar for trial;
- 16 (i) any other unlawful Interference with the process 17 or proceedings of a court:
 - (j) disobedience of a subpoena duly served or refusing to be sworn or answer as a witness;
 - (k) when summoned as a juror in a court, neglecting to attend or serve as such or improperly conversing with a party to an action to be tried at such court or with any other person in relation to the merits of such action or receiving a communication from a party or other person in respect to it without immediately disclosing the same to the

•	1		+ :	

(1) disobedience by an inferior tribunal, magistrate, or officer of the lawful judgment, order, or process of a superior court or proceeding in an action or special proceeding contrary to law after such action or special proceeding is removed from the jurisdiction of such inferior tribunal, magistrate, or officer.

(al_direct_communication_made_to_a_judges_including any statement_or_expression_made_in_person_or_by_writings telephones_or_any_other_electronic_meanss_at_any_place_or location_in_this_state_by_any_litigant_or_his_attorney_which is_intended_to_influence_the_outcome_of_any_matter_pending before_that_judge_in_which_the_litigant_or_his_attorney_is interesteds_Inis_subsection_flim_does_not_apply_to:

15 (i) documents filed with the clerk of court, unless
16 the documents are scandalous or abusive; or

(ii) an argument given in the judge's chambers in the presence of all parties to the proceeding or fewer than all parties when permitted by laws or given in open court unless the argument constitutes contempt under (a) through (1) of this subsection (1) or other provisions of laws

(2) Disobedience of the lawful orders or process of a judicial officer is also a contempt of the authority of such officer.

Section 2. Section 3-1-511, MCA, is amended to read:

1 **3-1-511. Procedure -- contempt committed in the
2 presence of the court. 111 When a contempt is committed in
3 the immediate view and presence of the court or judge at
4 chambers, it may be punished summarily, for which an order
5 must be made reciting the facts as occurring in such
6 immediate view and presence and adjudging that the person
7 proceeded against is thereby guilty of a contempt and that
8 he be punished as therein prescribed.

(2)__Contempts___described___in__3-1-501(1)(m)__are
considered to be in the immediate view and presence_of the
court or indoe.*

Section 3. Section 3-1-519, MCA, is amended to read:
"3-1-519. Penalty. [1] Upon the answer and evidence
taken, the court or judge must determine whether the person
proceeded against is guilty of the contempt charged. If it
be adjudged that he is guilty of the contempt, a fine may be
imposed on him not exceeding \$500 or he may be imprisoned
not exceeding 5 days, or both.

(2) Upon finding a person guilty of a third contempts

a fine may be imposed on him not exceeding \$1.000 or he may

be imprisoned not exceeding 30 days, or boths for such third

and each subsequent contempts."

-End-