## SENATE BILL NO. 379

Introduced: 02/08/83

Referred to Committee on Taxation: 02/08/83

Hearing: 2/18/83

Report: 03/02/83, Do Not Pass. Report Adopted.

On Motion, /2/83, That The Bill be Printed and Placed on 2nd Reading. Motion Passed.

2nd Reading: 03/04/83, Do Pass 2nd Reading: 3/4/83, Be Indefinitely Postponed

Bill Killed.

INTRODUCED BY CHARLE STATE AND ACT TO IMPOSE A HINING THE BY ONE-HALF DURING A NINE-HONTH PERIOD; PROVIDING A TAX RATE BASED ON IMPACT COSTS TO LOCAL GOVERNMENTS; PROVIDING PENALTIES."

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Mining impact tax on certain mining companies. There is imposed a tax on any mining company within the state that employs or did employ, during any 12-month period, more than 700 employees and subsequently reduces its work force by one-half or more of those employees within a 9-month period. The tax must be paid to the department of revenue and deposited in the mining impact tax account established in [section 4].

Section 2. Rate of tax -- when due. (1) The rate of the tax imposed in [section 1] is equal to the sum of the dollar costs as certified under [section 3] of impacts to local government units caused by the reduction in work force under [section 1].

(2) The tax is due 3 months after the work force is reduced by one-half as provided in [section 1]. Section 3. Department of commerce to compute impact costs -- method. (1) Each local government unit affected under the provisions of [sections 1 and 2] shall submit to the department of commerce a list that specifies the impact costs that will be incurred because of the work force reduction cited in [section 1].

(2) After consultation with the affected mining company, the department of commerce shall determine and certify the total amount of mining impact taxes due.

Section 4. Mining impact tax account established.

There is a mining impact tax account within the earmarked revenue fund. Money is payable into this account under [section 1]. The state treasurer shall draw warrants from this account upon order of the department of commerce.

Section 5. Disposition of tax. The money in the mining impact tax account must be distributed to all affected local government units under a formula developed by the department of commerce based on each unit's share of total impacts. The money must be distributed in two equal portions over a 2-year period after collection.

Section 6. Penalty for failure to pay tax. Failure to pay the tax imposed by [sections 1 through 5] results in a lien against all real and personal property; including mineral property, of the company owing the tax. The department of revenue may institute an action to collect the

- l unpaid taxes. The lien is not removed until the taxes are
- Paid or the property sold for the payment thereof.

-End-

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## LC 1153/01

## committee on Taxation

Recommend do not pass On motion, printed and placed on Second Reading.

INTRODUCED BY Asset BILL NO. 379

INTRODUCED BY Asset Stand Cardinal Halfon Suntant Menaling Company Cardinal Cardinal Keenan Menaling Company That Reduces ITS Work Force Range One-Half During a Nine-Month Period; Providing a Tax Rate Based on impact costs to Local Governments; Providing Penalties."

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

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