SENATE BILL NO. 296

Introduced: 01/27/83

Referred to Committee on Agriculture, Livestock, & Irrigation:

01/27/83

Hearing: 2/4/83 Died in Committee.

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A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "THE MONTANA FARM PRESERVATION 5 ACT; PROHIBITING CERTAIN CORPORATIONS AND BUSINESS ASSOCIATIONS FROM OWNING AGRICULTURAL LAND OR ENGAGING IN 7 AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITIES; AMENDING SECTIONS 35-1-107, 8 35-1-108. AND 35-12-509. MCA.*

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10 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

NEW SECTION. Section 1. Short title. [Sections 1 through 81 may be cited as the "Montana Farm Preservation Actm.

NEW SECTION. Section 2. Purpose. It is the purpose of [sections 1 though 8] to preserve free private enterprise, to protect small business and prevent monopoly, to protect opportunities for family farmers in the state, and to protect consumers. Specifically, it is the purpose of [sections & through 8] to preserve competition in the agricultural industry and to provide for the continuance of the family farm.

NEW SECTION. Section 3. Definitions. As used in [sections 1 through 8], unless the context requires otherwise, the following definitions apply:

(1) "Agricultural activity" means:

1 (a) the cultivation of land for the production of agricultural crops, fruit, or other horticultural products; 3 or

(b) the keeping, breeding, or feeding of animals for the production of livestock or poultry or livestock or 5 poultry products.

(2) "Agricultural land" means any rural real estate that is used or usable for agricultural activity.

9 (3) "Corporation" means any corporation organized 10 under the laws of any state of the United States or of any other country. The term includes partnerships in which a corporation is a partner and limited partnerships organized under the laws of any state or of any country, other than limited partnerships in which all of the partners are members of a family related to one another within the fourth degree of consanguinity or affinity, at least one of whom is a person residing on or actively engaged in the day-to-day labor and management of the farm or ranch and none of whom are nonresident aliens.

(4) (a) "Family farm corporation" means a corporation owning agricultural land or engaged in agricultural activity, in which the majority of the voting stock is held by members of a family or by a trust created for the benefit of a member of that family, related to one another within the fourth degree of consanguinity or affinity.

-2- INTRODUCED BILL

5B 296

(b) For purposes of this definition:

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- (i) at least one of the family members must be a person residing on or actively engaged in the day-to-day labor and management of the farm or ranch: and
- (ii) no stockholder may be a nonresident alien.
- NEW SECTION. Section 4. Restriction on corporate land ownership and agricultural activity. Except as provided in [section 5], no corporation may acquire or own agricultural land in this state or engage in any agricultural activity.
- NEW SECTION. Section 5. Exemptions. The restrictions imposed by [section 4] do not apply to:
- 12 (1) family farm corporations as defined in [section 13 3];
 - (2) educational institutions engaged in research as a part of their academic and extension activities;
- (3) nonprofit institutions engaged in agricultural
 activity solely for charitable or research purposes;
 - (4) grazing associations if membership is comprised solely of Montana residents;
- 20 (5) political subdivisions, including school
 21 districts, engaged in agricultural production or research;
 - (6) the production or harvesting of forest products;
- (7) custom spraying, fertilizing, or harvestingoperations;
 - (8) the purchase of livestock for slaughter or resale

1 within 2 weeks;

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- 2 (9) agricultural land acquired by a corporation by
 3 bequest or devise or in the regular course of business in
 4 partial or full satisfaction of a mortgage, lien, or other
 5 encumbrance, provided the land is disposed of as provided in
 6 [section 6].
 - NEW SECTION. Section 6. Disposal of land. (1) Unless exempted by [section 5], all corporations owning agricultural land or engaging in agricultural activity as of [the effective date of this act] shall dispose of such land and cease such activity before January 1, 1988.
 - (2) A corporation acquiring agricultural land by bequest or devise or in satisfaction of a mortgage, lien, or encumbrance shall dispose of such land within 5 years and may not use the land for an agricultural purpose prior to disposal, except under a lease to a family farm corporation or to a noncorporate lessee.
 - (3) Any corporation ceasing to qualify as an exempted corporation under [section 5] shall dispose of its agricultural land and cease its agricultural activity within 5 years.
- 22 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 7. Enforcement. (1) The 23 secretary of state shall monitor corporate agricultural land 24 purchases and corporate agricultural activities and shall 25 notify the appropriate county attorney of any possible

violations.

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- (2) If a county attorney has reason to believe that a corporation is in violation of [section 4], he shall bring an action in district court to enjoin any pending illegal land purchase or agricultural activity or to force divestiture of land held in violation of [section 4]. or both.
- (3) Except as provided in [section 6], land determined to be held in violation of [section 4] must be divested within 2 years, and if not so divested, the land escheats to the State of Montana.
- NEW SECTION. Section 8. Penalty. corporation violating [section 4] or an injunction or order issued under fsection ?] must be fined not more than \$1,000 for each day of violation.
- Section 9. Section 35-1-107, MCA, is amended to read: *35-1-107. Permissible purposes for incorporation. Corporations may be organized under this chapter for any lawful purpose or purposes, except for the purpose of banking or insurance and except as provided in [section 4].*
- 21 Section 10. Section 35-1-108, MCA, is amended to read: 22 *35-1-108. General powers. Each corporation shall have 23 power to:
- 24 (1) have perpetual existence by its corporate name 25 unless a limited period of duration is stated in its

articles of incorporation; 1

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- 2 (2) sue and be sued, complain and defend, in its 3 corporate name:
- (3) have a corporate seal which may be altered at pleasure and to use the same by causing it or a facsimile thereof to be impressed or affixed or in any other manner 7 reproduced:
 - (4) except as provided in fsection 41, purchase, take, receive, lease, or otherwise acquire, own, hold, improve, use, and otherwise deal in and with real or personal property or any interest therein, wherever situated, and to acquire property by proceedings in eminent domain;
- 13 (5) sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, transfer, and otherwise dispose of all or any part of its 15 property and assets;
 - (6) lend money and use its credit to assist its employees:
 - (7) purchase, take, receive, subscribe for, or otherwise acquire, own, hold, vote, use, employ, sell, mortgage, lend, pledge, or otherwise dispose of and otherwise use and deal in and with shares or other interests in or obligations of other domestic or foreign corporations, associations, partnerships, joint ventures, cooperatives, or individuals or direct or indirect obligations of the United States or of any other government, state, territory,

governmental district, or municipality or of any instrumentality thereof:

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- 3 (8) make contracts and guarantees and incur 4 liabilities, borrow money at such rates of interest as the 5 corporation may determine, issue its notes, bonds, and other obligations, and secure any of its obligations by mortgage 7 or pledge of all or any of its property, franchises, and income:
- 9 (9) lend money for its corporate purposes, invest and 10 reinvest its funds, and take and hold real and personal 11 property as security for the payment of funds so loaned or 12 invested:
- 13 (10) conduct its business, carry on its operations, and have offices and exercise the powers granted by this chapter 14 in any state, territory, district, or possession of the United States, or in any foreign country;
- 17 (11) elect or appoint officers and agents of the 18 corporation and define their duties and fix their 19 compensation;
 - (12) make and alter bylaws, not inconsistent with its articles of incorporation or with the laws of this state, for the administration and regulation of the affairs of the corporation;
- 24 (13) make donations for the public welfare or for 25 charitable, religious, scientific, or educational purposes

- and in time of war to make donations in aid of war 1 activities; 2
- (14) transact any lawful business in aid of 3 governmental policy;
- (15) pay pensions and retirement benefits and establish 5 pension plans, pension trusts, profit-sharing plans, stock bonus plans, stock option plans, insurance plans, and incentive plans for any or all of its directors, officers, and employees;
- (16) cease its corporate activities and surrender its 10 11 corporate franchise;
- (17) be a promoter, partner, member, associate, or 12 manager of any partnership, joint venture, trust, or other 13 14 enterprise;
- 15 (18) have and exercise all powers necessary or convenient to effect any or all of the purposes for which 16 17 the corporation is organized."
- Section 11. Section 35-12-509, MCA, is amended to 18 19 read:
- #35-12-509. Nature of business. A limited partnership 20 21 may carry on any business that a partnership without limited
- 22 partners may carry on, except as provided in [sections]
- 23 through 81."
- NEW SECTION. Section 12. Severability. If a part of 24 this act is invalid, all valid parts that are severable from 25

- 1 the invalid part remain in effect. If a part of this act is
- 2 invalid in one or more of its applications, the part remains
- 3 in effect in all valid applications that are severable from
- 4 the invalid applications.

-End-

STATE OF MONTANA

REQUEST NO.

270-83

FISCAL NOTE

Form BD-15

In compliance with a written request received <u>January 28,</u> , 19 83, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note
for <u>Senate Bill 296</u> pursuant to Chapter 53, Laws of Montana, 1965 - Thirty-Ninth Legislative Assembly.
Background information used in developing this Fiscal Note is available from the Office of Budget and Program Planning, to members
of the Legislature upon request.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

Senate Bill 296 prohibits corporations, except family farm corporations as defined by proposed legislation, from owning agricultural land or engaging in agricultural activities.

ASSUMPTIONS:

- 1) Enforcement activity required by Section 7 will increase workload in the corporate bureau by approximately 50%.
- 2) County clerks and recorders will provide data on agricultural land transfers to Secretary of State's office at no charge.

FISCAL IMPACT:

	FY 84	FY 85
FTE	4.00	4.00
Personal Services	\$ 78,692	\$ 78,692
Operating Services	48,500	48,500
Capital Equipment	3,480	-0-
Increase in Expenditures	\$ 130,672	\$ 97,582

AFFECT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENT:

Enforcement activity required by Section 7 will require notification of all agricultural land transfers from county clerks and recorders to Secretary of State. Costs of this notification not quantifiable but potentially significant.

TECHNICAL DEFECT:

Secretary of State does not currently have statutory authority to require disclosure of stockholders. Hence section 3(4)(b)(ii) essentially unenforceable.

FISCAL NOTE 10:C/1

BUDGET DIRECTOR

Office of Budget and Program Planning

Date: 2 - 2 · 0 -3

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STATE OF MONTANA

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FISCAL NOTE

	270-83
REQUEST NO.	
Corrected	Fiscal; Note

Form BD-15

n compliance with a written request received <u>January 28</u> , 19 83, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note
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Capital Equipment	3,480	-0-
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FISCAL NOTE 10:N/1

BUDGET DIRECTOR

Office of Budget and Program Planning

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STATE OF MONTANA

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FISCAL NOTE

REQUEST, NO. 270-

#2 Corrected Fiscal Note

Form BD-15

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FISCAL NOTE 10:N/1

BUDGET DIRECTOR

Office of Budget and Program Planning

Date: 2 - 8 - 63