## HOUSE BILL NO. 866

Introduced: 02/15/83

Referred to Committee on Taxation: 02/15/83

Hearing: 3/4/83
Died in Committee

1 2	INTRODUCED	BY	House on		
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A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR A SALE

BY ADVERTISEMENT OF PROPERTY IN COUNTY RURAL IMPROVEMENT

DISTRICTS AND CITY SPECIAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS IN LIEU OF

A TAX SALE ON SUCH PROPERTIES WHEN ASSESSMENTS BECOME

DELINQUENT; AMENDING SECTIONS 7-6-4423, 7-12-2168, AND

7-12-4182 THROUGH 7-12-4184, MCA."

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

dEM\_SECTIONA Section 1. Sale on delinquent assessment -- notice -- sale -- payment. A delinquent assessment may be foreclosed by advertisement and sale as follows:

- (1) The county attorney shall prepare a notice of assessment sale. A copy of the notice must be filed with the county clerk and recorder for record. The notice must contain:
- (a) the name of the delinquent person as his name appears on the latest assessment roll of the county;
- 21 (b) the amount of the delinquent assessments and the 22 total amount of accelerated assessments;
  - (c) a description of the property to be sold; and
  - (d) the date: time: and place of the assessment sale.
  - (2) The county shall give notice of the sale in the

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- 2 (a) At least 120 days before the date fixed for the 3 sale; a copy of the notice of sale must be mailed by 4 certified mail to:
- fi) each person designated in the latest assessment role as the owner of the property for which the assessment is delinquent, at the address shown on the assessment role;
  - (ii) any person having a lien or interest subsequent to the interest of the county and whose lien or interest and address appear of record on the filing date and time of the notice of sale.
  - (b) At least 20 days before the data fixed for the sale, a copy of the notice of sale must be posted in some conspicuous place on the property to be sold. Upon request of the county, the notice of sale may be posted by the sheriff.
  - (c) A copy of the notice of sale must be published in a newspaper of general circulation published in the county in which the property is located at least once each week for 3 successive weeks. The last publication must be made at least 20 days before the date fixed for the sale.
  - (3) The county attorney must, before the date of the sale, file for record in the office of the clerk and recorder of the county where the property is situated

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affidavits of mailing, posting, and publication showing compliance with the requirements of this section.

- (4) On the date and at the time and place designated in the notice of sale, the county attorney or his designee shall sell the property at public auction to the highest bidder. The property may be sold in one parcel or in separate parcels, and any person may bid at the sale. The person making the sale may, for any cause he considers expedient, postpone the sale for a period not exceeding 15 days by public proclamation at the time and place fixed in the notice of sale. No other notice of the postponed sale need be given.
- (5) The purchaser at the sale must pay the price bid in cash, and upon receipt of payment, the county attorney shall execute and deliver an assessment sale deed to the purchaser. If the purchaser refuses to pay the purchase price in cash, the person conducting the sale has the right to resell the property at any time to the highest bidder. The party refusing to so pay is liable for any loss occasioned thereby, and the person making the sale may in his discretion thereafter reject any other bid of such person.
- 23 NEH\_SECTIONs Section 2. Disposition of proceeds of 24 sale. The county shall apply the proceeds of the sale as 25 follows:

- 1 (1) to the costs and expenses of the sale, including
  2 reasonable county fees for conducting the sale, and attorney
  3 fees;
- 4 (2) to the assessment delinquency plus interest and 5 penalties;
- 1 (3) the surplus, if any, to the person or persons
  1 legally entitled thereto; or the county attorney in his
  1 discretion may deposit the surplus with the clerk and
  1 recorder of the county in which the sale took place. Upon
  1 depositing such surplus, the county is discharged from all
  1 further responsibility therefor and the clerk and recorder
  1 shall deposit the funds with the county treasurer, subject
  1 to the order of the district court of the county.
  - NEW SECTION. Section 3. Deficiency judgment not allowed. When an assessment delinquency executed in conformity with [sections 1 through 6] is foreclosed by advertisement and sale, no other or further action, suit, or proceedings may be taken or judgment entered for any deficiency against the delinquent owner or his surety, guarantor, or successor in interest, if any, on the delinquent assessment.
  - NEW SECTION. Section 4. Assessment sale deed. (1) The assessment sale deed to the purchaser at the trustee's sale may contain. In addition to a description of the property conveyed, recitals of compliance with the requirements of

(sections 1 through 6) relating to the exercise of the power of sale and the sale, including recitals of the facts concerning the delinquency, the notice given, the conduct of the sale, and the receipt of the purchase money from the purchaser.

- (2) When the assessment sale deed is recorded in the deed records of the county where the property described in the deed is situated, the recitals contained in the deed and in the affidavits required under [section 1] are prima facie evidence in any court of the truth of the matters set forth therein, except that the same are conclusive evidence in favor of subsequent bona fide purchasers and encumbrancers for value and without notice.
- (3) The assessment sale deed operates to convey to the purchaser, without right of redemption, all right, title, interest, and claim of the county to such property.

YEM\_SECTION. Section 5. Possession. The purchaser at the sale is entitled to possession of the property on the 10th day following the sale, and any persons remaining in possession after that date under any interest are considered to be tenants at will.

NEM\_SECTION. Section 6. County fees and attorney fees. Reasonable county fees and attorney fees to be charged under [section 2] for advertisement and sale may not exceed, in the aggregate, 5% of the amount due on the assessment,

including penalties and interest, at the time of the sale.

If prior to the sale the delinquency is extinguished by the payment of all delinquent assessments and if the assessments have been accelerated by payment of all accelerated assessments, the reasonable county fees and attorney fees to be charged may not exceed \$150.

Section 7. Section 7-12-2168, MCA, is amended to read:

#7-12-2168. Assessments and certain other charges as
liens. (1) Any special assessment made and levied to defray
the cost and expenses of any of the work enumerated in this
part, together with any percentages imposed for delinquency
and for cost of collection, shall constitute a lien upon and
against the property upon which such assessment is made and
levied from and after the date of the passage of the
resolution levying such assessment. This lien can only be
extinguished by payment of such assessment, with all
penalties, costs, and interest.

(2) Any special assessment levied and made for any of the purposes mentioned in 7-12-2120 and 7-12-2161, together with all costs and penalties, shall constitute a lien upon and against the property upon which said assessment is made and levied from and after the date of the final passage and adoption of the resolution levying the same, which lien can only be extinguished by payment of such assessment, with all penalties, costs, and interest.

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- (a) sell property with delinquent assessments the same as other property is sold for taxes: or
- (b) declare by appropriate resolutions that when a payment becomes delinquent all payments are delinquent and the property may be sold by advertisement as provided in [sections | through 6].\*
- 8 NEW\_SECTION. Section 8. Sale on delinquent assessment
  9 -- notice -- sale -- payment. A delinquent assessment may be
  10 foreclosed by advertisement and sale as follows:
  - (I) The city attorney shall prepare a notice of assessment sale. A copy of the notice must be filed with the county clerk and recorder for record. The notice must contain:
  - (a) the name of the delinquent person as his name appears on the latest assessment roll of the county:
- 17 (b) the amount of the delinquent assessments and the 18 total amount of accelerated assessments;
  - (c) a description of the property to be sold; and
    - (d) the date, time, and place of the assessment sale.
- 21 (2) The city or town shall give notice of the sale in
  22 the following manner:
- 23 (a) At least 120 days before the date fixed for the 24 sale, a copy of the notice of sale must be mailed by 25 certified mail to:

- 1 (i) each person designated in the latest assessment
  2 role as the owner of the property for which the assessment
  3 is delinquent, at the address shown on the assessment role;
  4 and
  - (ii) any person having a lien or interest subsequent to the interest of the city or town and whose lien or interest and address appear of record on the filing date and time of the notice of sale.
  - (b) At least 20 days before the date fixed for the sale, a copy of the notice of sale shall be posted in some conspicuous place on the property to be sold. Upon request of the city or town, the notice of sale my be posted by the sheriff.
  - (c) A copy of the notice of sale must be published in a newspaper of general circulation published in the city or town in which the property is located at least once each week for 3 successive weeks. If there is no such newspaper, it must be published in a newspaper of general circulation published in the county in which the property is located. The last publication must be made at least 20 days before the date fixed for the sale.
  - (3) The city or town attorney must, before the date of sale, file for record in the office of the clerk and recorder of the county where the property is situated affidavits of mailing, posting, and publication showing

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compliance with the requirements of this section.

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- 2 (4) On the date and at the time and place designated 3 in the notice of sale, the city or town attorney or his designee shall sell the property at public auction to the highest bidder. The property may be sold in one parcel or in separate parcels, and any person may bid at the sale. 7 The person making the sale may, for any cause he considers expedient, postpone the sale for a period not exceeding 15 9 days by public proclamation at the time and place fixed in the notice of sale. No other notice of the postponed sale need be given-
  - (5) 'The purchaser at the sale must pay the price bid. in cash, and upon receipt of payment, the city or town attorney shall execute and deliver an assessment sale deed. to the purchaser. If the purchaser refuses to pay the purchase price in cash, the person conducting the sale has the right to resell the property at any time to the highest bidder. The party refusing to so pay is liable for any loss occasioned thereby, and the person making the sale may in his discretion thereafter reject any other bid of such person.
  - NEW SECTION. Section 9. Disposition of proceeds of sale. The city or town shall apply the proceeds of the sale as follows:
    - (1) to the costs and expenses of the sale, including

- reasonable city or town fees for conducting the sale, and attorney fees:
- (2) to the assessment delinquency plus interest and penalties:
- (3) the surplus, if any, to the person or persons legally entitled thereto; or the city or town attorney way. in his discretion deposit the surplus with the clerk and recorder of the county in which the sale took place. Upon depositing such surplus, the city or town is discharged from all further responsibility therefor and the clerk and recorder shall deposit the funds with the county treasurer, subject to the order of the district court of the county.

MEW SECTION. Section 10. Deficiency judgment not When an assessment delinquency executed in allowed. conformity with [sections 8 through 16] is foreclosed by advertisement and sale, no other or further action, suit, or proceedings may be taken or judgment entered for any deficiency against the delinquent owner or his surety, quarantor, or successor in interest, if any, on the delinguent assessment.

NEW\_SECTION. Section 11. Assessment sale deed. [1] The assessment sale deed to the purchaser at the trustee's sale may contain. In addition to a description of the property conveyed, recitals of compliance with the requirements of [sections 8 through 13] relating to the

exercise of the power of sale and the sale, including recitals of the facts concerning the delinquency, the notice given, the conduct of the sale, and the receipt of the purchase money from the purchaser.

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- (2) When the assessment sale deed is recorded in the deed records of the county where the property described in the deed is situated, the recitals contained in the deed and in the affidavits required under [section 8] are prima facile evidence in any court of the truth of the matters set forth therein, except that the same are conclusive evidence in favor of subsequent bona fide purchasers and encumbrancers for value and without notice.
- (3) The assessment sale deed operates to convey to the purchaser, without right of redemption, the city or town's title and all right, title, interest, and claim of the city or town to such property.
- NEW\_SECTIONs Section 12. Possession. The purchaser at the sale is entitled to possession of the property on the 10th day following the sale, and any persons remaining in possession after that date under any interest are considered to be tenants at will.
- MEM\_SECTION. Section 13. City or town fees and attorney fees. Reasonable city or town fees and attorney fees to be charged under [section 9] on foreclosure by advertisement and sale may not exceed, in the aggregate, 5%

- of the amount due on the assessment, including penalties and
- 2 interest, at the time of the sale. If prior to the sale the
- 3 delinquency is extinguished in accordance with the
- .4 provisions of 7-12-4184, the reasonable city or town fees
- 5 and attorney fees to be charged may not exceed \$150.
- 6 Section 14. Section 7-6-4423, MCA, is amended to read:
- 7 "7-6-4423. Sales for delinquent taxes when
- 8 municipality collects municipal tax. (1) (a) Whenever, in a
- 9 city or town whose city treasurer or town clerk collects its
- 10 own taxes or special assessments or both, any such taxes or
- 11 assessments shall become delinquent, no tax sale, except a
- 12 sale by advertisement as provided in [sections & through
- 13 13] shall be held therefor by such city treasurer or town
  - clerk but such city treasurer or town clerk must, within 10
- 15 days after the date the same become delinquent, certify all
- 16 such delinquent taxes and assessments to the county
- 17 treasurer of the county in which the city or town is
- 18 situated.

- 19 (b) Such certificate shall contain:
- 20 (i) the description of each lot or parcel of land on
- 21 which any tax or assessment has become delinquent;
- 22 (ii) the name and address of the person to whom
- 23 assessed:
- 24 (iii) the date when the same became delinquent;
- 25 (iv) the amount of the delinquent tax or assessments

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the panalty to be added thereto, and the total amount of such delinquent tax or assessment with penalty added.

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- (c) If any special assessment is payable in installments and any installment thereof becomes delinquent, the amount of such delinquent installment shall be included in such certificate; provided, however, that if the city or town council, by the adoption of an appropriate resolution, shall declare the whole of the assessment remaining unpaid to be delinquent as provided in 7-12-4181, then the whole of the assessment remaining unpaid shall be included in such certificate.
- treasurer shall enter such delinquent taxes and assessments in the delinquent tax list of the county, and the county treasurer in selling property for delinquent taxes must include all such city and town delinquent taxes and assessments. There shall be but one sale for each piece of property. Such sale shall cover the aggregate of such city or town, county, and state taxes and special assessments, with the penalties, interest, and costs provided by law."
- 21 Section 15. Section 7-12-4182, MCA, is amended to 22 read:
- 23 "7-12-4182. Collection of district assessments by city 24 treasurer in cities collecting their own taxes --25 delinquencies. (1) In every city or town which shall provide

- by ordinance for the collection of its taxes for general. municipal, and administrative purposes by its city treasurer 3 or town clerk, such city treasurer or town clerk shall collect all special assessments and taxes levied and 5 assessed in accordance with any of the provisions of this part and part 42 in the same manner and at the same time as said taxes for general, municipal, and administrative 7 purposes are collected by him. All of the provisions of 8 9 T-6-4423 shall apply to the collection of such special taxes and assessments in the same manner as such provisions apply 10 11 to the collection of other city or town taxes.
  - (2) When one payment becomes delinquent, all payments shall, at the option of the city or town council and by appropriate resolutions duly adopted, become delinquent and the whole property shall be sold the same as other property is sold for taxes or, at the option of the council, by sale by advectisement as provided in [sections & through 13].
- 18 Section 16. Section 7-12-4183, MCA, is amended to 19 read:
  - \*7-12-4183. Collection of district assessments by city treasurer in cities where county collects taxes. (1) In any city or town where taxes for general, municipal, and administrative purposes are certified to and collected by the county treasurer in accordance with the provisions of 7-6-4407 and 7-6-4423, the city or town may, nevertheless,

provide by ordinance for the collection by its city treasurer or town clerk of all special assessments and taxes levied and assessed in accordance with any of the provisions of this part and part 42 in the same manner and at the same time as said taxes for general, municipal, and administrative purposes are collected by the county treasurer. All of the provisions of 7-6-4423 shall apply to the collection of such special taxes and assessments in the same manner as such provisions apply to the collection of other city or town taxes.

- special assessment becomes delinquent, all payments of subsequent installments shall, at the option of the city or town council and by appropriate resolution duly adopted, become delinquent. Such delinquent special assessments shall may be collected through sale by advertisement by the city or town as provided in [sections 8 through 13], or they may be certified to the county clerk of the county in which such city or town is situated, and the county treasurer must collect such delinquent special assessments and taxes in the same manner and at the same time as said taxes for general, municipal, and administrative purposes are collected by him. In case the same are not paid, the whole property shall be sold, the same as other property is sold for taxes.
- 25 Section 17. Section 7-12-4184, MCA, is amended to

1 read:

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(1) Whenever any special assessment or installment is delinquent, is declared to be delinquent by appropriate resolution of the city or town council; and is certified to the county clerk and county treasurer for collection as herein provided, the city or town council may, nevertheless, at its option, by appropriate resolution, order the delinquent assessment to be withdrawn from the county treasurer; canceled from his records and proceedings, and reinstated in the office of the city treasurer and on the assessment book thereof upon the payment to the city treasurer of the assessment or the installment and interest up to date.

- (2) The certified copy of the resolution of the council with reference to such payment, withdrawal, and reinstatement, filed with the county treasurer, is authority for the county treasurer to cancel and withdraw the delinquent special assessment or installment.
- 20 (3) The withdrawal and reinstatement may be made at
  21 any time before or after sale of the property for delinquent
  22 taxes and before a tax deed therefor is executed or before
  23 the sale of the property as provided in [section 8].\*\*
- 24 NEW\_SECTION. Section 18. Codification instructions.
  25 (1) Sections 1 through 6 are intended to be codified as an

- 1 integral part of Title 7, chapter 12, part 21.
- 2 (2) Sections 8 through 13 are intended to be codified
- 3 as an integral part of Title 7, chapter 12, parts 41 and 42.

-End-