## HOUSE BILL NO. 628

# INTRODUCED BY HARPER, O'CONNELL

## IN THE HOUSE

February 3, 1983	Introduced and referred to Committee on Judiciary.			
February 10, 1983	Committee recommend bill do pass. Report adopted.			
February 11, 1983	Bill printed and placed on members' desks.			
February 12, 1983	Second reading, do pass.			
February 14, 1983	Considered correctly engrossed.			
February 15, 1983	Third reading, passed. Transmitted to Senate.			
IN THE SENATE				
February 16, 1983	Introduced and referred to Committee on Judiciary.			
March 25, 1983	Committee recommend bill be concurred in as amended. Report adopted.			
March 25, 1983	Second reading, concurred in as amended.			

March 28, 1983

Third reading, concurred in. Ayes, 46; Noes, 0.

# IN THE HOUSE

March 28, 1983	Returned to House with amendments.
April 1, 1983	Second reading, amendments concurred in.
April 4, 1983	Third reading, amendments concurred in.
	Sent to enrolling.
	Reported correctly enrolled.

1 House BILL NO. 628
2 INTRODUCED BY Hoper Of Cincell
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A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROVIDING THAT A PERSON WHO IS NOT INFORMED OF HIS RIGHT TO APPEAL A COURT ORDER FINDING HIM TO BE SERIOUSLY MENTALLY ILL AND TO WHOM THE REMEDY OF HABEAS CORPUS IS UNAVAILABLE MAY COMMENCE A PRUCEEDING FOR REVIEW OF THAT ORDER IN THE SUPREME COURT WITHIN 5 YEARS OF THE ENTRY OF SUCH ORDER; SPECIFYING THE CONTENT OF A PETITION FOR REVIEW; SPECIFYING THE GROUNDS FOR RELIEF THAT MAY BE RAISED AND HOW PROCEEDINGS ON THE PETITION ARE TO BE CONDUCTED BY THE SUPREME COURT; AMENDING SECTION 53-21-131, MCA."

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 53-21-131, MCA, is amended to read:

#53-21-131. \*\*Appeal Review\*\* procedure == appeal and postorder relief. (1) Appellate review of any order of short-term evaluation and treatment or long-term commitment may be had by appeal to the supreme court of Montana in the manner as other civil cases. The patient shall not be released pending appeal unless ordered by the court. The appeal shall have priority above all other matters before the supreme court.

(2) A person who was not informed of his right to

appeal under subsection (1) and to whom the remedy of habeas
corpus is unavailable may file a petition for postorder
relief in accordance with the provisions of [sections 2
through 4]="

NEW SECTION: Section 2. Petition for postorder relief
-- time and manner of filing. (1) A person who was not
informed of his right to appeal under 53-21-131(1). as
required by 53-21-114 and 53-21-168, and to whom the remedy

years of the date of the order committing him or ordering other treatment or disposition authorized by law, file a verified petition for postorder relief.

(2) The petition must be filed with the clerk of the supreme court, who shall docket the petition upon its

of habeas corpus is unavailable may at any time within 5

NEW SECTION. Section 3. Content of petition. The petition must identify the proceeding in which the petitioner was committed or ordered to undergo treatment or in which any other disposition was made, give the date of the rendition of the order complained of, and clearly set forth the alleged violation or violations. The petition must have attached thereto affidavits, records, or other evidence supporting its allegations or must state why the same are not attached. It must identify any previous proceedings that the petitioner may have taken to secure relief from the

order complained of. The petition must be accompanied by a supporting memorandum, including appropriate arguments and citations, and discussion of authorities.

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NEW SECTION. Section 4. What grounds for relief waived if not raised. All grounds for relief claimed by a petitioner under [sections 1 through 3] must be raised in his original or amended petition. Any grounds not so raised are waived unless the court, on hearing a subsequent petition, finds grounds for relief asserted therein which could not reasonably have been raised in the original or amended petition.

NEW SECTION. Section 5. Proceedings on the petition. (1) Unless the petition and the files and records of the case conclusively show that the petitioner is entitled to no relief, the court shall cause notice thereof to be served upon the county attorney in the county in which the order complained of was made and order him to file a responsive pleading to the petition. Following its review of the responsive pleading, the court may dismiss the petition as a matter of law for failure to state a claim for relief or it may grant a prompt hearing thereon, determine the issue, and make findings of fact and conclusions with respect thereto.

(2) The court may receive proof by affidavits. depositions, oral testimony, or other evidence. In its discretion the court may order the petitioner brought before the court for the hearing.

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(3) If the court finds in favor of the petitioner, it 2 shall enter an appropriate order with respect to the order complained of in the former proceedings and such supplementary orders as may be necessary and proper.

NEW SECTION. Section 6. Codification instruction. Sections 2 through 5 are intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 53, chapter 21, part 1, and the provisions of Title 53, chapter 21, apply to sections 2 through 5.

-End-

#### STATE OF MONTANA

REQUEST NO. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_327-83

#### FISCAL NOTE

Form BD-15

In compliance with a written request received	February 7,	, 19 <u>83</u> , there	is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note
for House Bill 627 pursuan	t to Title 5, Chapter 4,	, Part 2 of the Monta	na Code Annotated (MCA).
Background information used in developing this Fiscal Note is available from the Office of Budget and Program Planning, to members			
of the Legislature upon request.			

#### DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

House Bill 627 amends Section 2-18-104, MCA, to increase from 5 to 10 the number of members of the Public Service Commission personal staff that are exempt from certain provisions of the state employee classification and pay plan.

#### ASSUMPTIONS:

- 1) To bring the number of exemptions in line with all other elected officials.
- 2) No additional FTE's would be hired. The requested funds would upgrade present salaries in order to attract and retain competent and professional staff.
- 3) A non-quantifiable amount of savings to the state could be realized in the training of new employees if the present staff is retained.

## FISCAL IMPACT:

General Fund Cost

FY	84
\$ 20,	000

FY 85 20,000

FISCAL NOTE 12:D/1

BUDGET DIRECTOR

Office of Budget and Program Planning

Date: 2-10-83

LC 2109/01

Approved by Committee on Judiciary

House BILL NO. 628

2 INTRODUCED BY Horger A Connell

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A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROVIDING THAT A PERSON WHO IS NOT INFORMED OF HIS RIGHT TO APPEAL A COURT ORDER FINDING HIM TO BE SERIOUSLY MENTALLY ILL AND TO WHOM THE REMEDY OF HABEAS CORPUS IS UNAVAILABLE MAY COMMENCE A PROCEEDING FOR REVIEW OF THAT ORDER IN THE SUPREME COURT WITHIN 5 YEARS OF THE ENTRY OF SUCH ORDER; SPECIFYING THE CONTENT OF A PETITION FOR REVIEW; SPECIFYING THE GROUNDS FOR RELIEF THAT MAY BE RAISED AND HOW PROCEEDINGS ON THE PETITION ARE TO BE CONDUCTED BY THE SUPREME COURT; AMENDING SECTION 53-21-131, MCA."

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 53-21-131, MCA, is amended to read:

"53-21-131. Appeal Review procedure — appeal and

postorder relief. (1) Appellate review of any order of
short-term evaluation and treatment or long-term commitment
may be had by appeal to the supreme court of Montana in the
manner as other civil cases. The patient shall not be
released pending appeal unless ordered by the court. The
appeal shall have priority above all other matters before
the supreme court.

(2) A person who was not informed of his right to

appeal under subsection (1) and to whom the remedy of habeas corpus is unavailable may file a petition for postorder relief in accordance with the provisions of [sections 2 through 41."

NEW SECTION. Section 2. Petition for postorder relief
— time and manner of filing. (1) A person who was not
informed of his right to appeal under 53-21-131(1), as
required by 53-21-114 and 53-21-168, and to whom the remedy
of habeas corpus is unavailable may at any time within 5
years of the date of the order committing him or ordering
other treatment or disposition authorized by law, file a
verified petition for postorder relief.

(2) The petition must be filed with the clerk of the

supreme court, who shall docket the petition upon its

receipt and bring it promptly to the attention of the court.

NEM\_SECTION. Section 3. Content of petition. The petition must identify the proceeding in which the petitioner was committed or ordered to undergo treatment or in which any other disposition was made, give the date of the rendition of the order complained of, and clearly set forth the alleged violation or violations. The petition must have attached thereto affidavits, records, or other evidence supporting its allegations or must state why the same are

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not attached. It must identify any previous proceedings that

order complained of. The petition must be accompanied by a supporting memorandum, including appropriate arguments and citations, and discussion of authorities.

 NEW SECTION. Section 4. What grounds for relief waived if not raised. All grounds for relief claimed by a petitioner under [sections 1 through 3] must be raised in his original or amended petition. Any grounds not so raised are waived unless the court, on hearing a subsequent petition, finds grounds for relief asserted therein which could not reasonably have been raised in the original or amended petition.

NEW SECTION. Section 5. Proceedings on the petition. (1) Unless the petition and the files and records of the case conclusively show that the petitioner is entitled to no relief, the court shall cause notice thereof to be served upon the county attorney in the county in which the order complained of was made and order him to file a responsive pleading to the petition. Following its review of the responsive pleading, the court may dismiss the petition as a matter of law for failure to state a claim for relief or it may grant a prompt hearing thereon, determine the issue, and make findings of fact and conclusions with respect thereto-

(2) The court may receive proof by affidavits.

depositions, oral testimony, or other evidence. In its

discretion the court may order the petitioner brought before

1 the court for the hearing.

(3) If the court finds in favor of the petitioner, it shall enter an appropriate order with respect to the order complained of in the former proceedings and such supplementary orders as may be necessary and proper.

6 NEW SECTION. Section 6. Codification instruction.
7 Sections 2 through 5 are intended to be codified as an
8 integral part of Title 53, chapter 21, part 1, and the
9 provisions of Title 53, chapter 21, apply to sections 2
10 through 5.

-End-

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2 INTRODUCED BY Traper Dennell

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short-term evaluation and treatment or long-term commitment

may be had by appeal to the supreme court of Montana in the

manner as other civil cases. The patient shall not be
released pending appeal unless ordered by the court. The
appeal shall have priority above all other matters before
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appeal under subsection (1) and to whom the remedy of habeas
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(2) The court may receive proof by affidavits, depositions, oral testimony, or other evidence. In its discretion the court may order the petitioner brought before

1 the court for the hearing.

2 (3) If the court finds in favor of the petitioner, it 3 shall enter an appropriate order with respect to the order 4 complained of in the former proceedings and such 5 supplementary orders as may be necessary and proper.

6 NEW SECTION. Section 6. Codification instruction.
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8 integral part of Title 53, chapter 21, part 1, and the
9 provisions of Title 53, chapter 21, apply to sections 2
10 through 5.

-End-

-3-

# SENATE STANDING COMMITTEE REPORT (Judiciary)

That House Bill No. 628 be amended as follows:

1. Title, line 5 through 13.

Strike: lines 5 through 13 in their entirety

Insert: "INVOLUNTARILY DETAINED OR EXAMINED, OR SUBJECT TO AN ORDER

FOR SHORT-TERM TREATMENT OR LONG-TERM CARE AND TREATMENT UNDER TITLE

53, CHAPTER 21, MCA, MUST BE GIVEN NOTICE IN WRITING OF HIS RIGHT TO

APPEAL; PROVIDING FOR APPEALS TO BE FILED WITHIN 90 DAYS OF SERVICE

OF NOTICE; AMENDING SECTIONS 53-21-114 AND 53-21-131, MCA."

2. Pages 1 through 4.
Strike: all of the bill following the enacting clause
Insert: "Section 1. Section 53-21-114, MCA, is amended to read: "53-21-114. Notice of rights to be given. (1) Whenever a person is involuntarily detained or is examined pursuant to 53-21-121 through 53-21-126, the person shall, within 3 days of such detention or examination, be informed in writing by the county attorney of his constitutional rights and his rights under this part.

(2) Every respondent subject to an order for short-term treatment or long-term care and treatment shall be advised in writing of his right to appeal the order by the court at the conclusion of any hearing the result of which such an order may be entered."

Section 2. "Section 53-21-131, MCA, is amended to read:
"53-21-131. Appeal procedure. Appellate review of any order
of short-term evaluation and treatment or long-term commitment
may be had by appeal to the supreme court of Montana in the
manner as other civil cases, except that the appeal may be
taken at any time within 90 days of the actual service of the
written notice of the right to appeal required by 53-21-114
or within 90 days after discharge, whichever is later. The
patient shall not be released pending appeal unless ordered
by the court. The appeal shall have priority above all other
matters before the supreme court.""

#### SENATE COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE AMENDMENT

That House Bill No. 628, Senate Standing Committee Report, Amendment No. 2, be amended as follows:

1. Section 1

Strike: subsection (1)

Insert: "(1) Whenever a person is involuntarily detained or is examined pursuant to 53-21-121 through 53-21-126, the person shall at the time of detention or examination be informed of his constitutional rights and his rights under this part. Within 3 days of such detention or examination he must also be informed in writing by the county attorney of such rights."

48th Legislature HB 0628/02 HB 0628/02

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1	HOUSE BILL NO. 628
2	INTRODUCED BY HARPER, O'CONNELL
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4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROVIDING THAT A PERSON
5	WHO-IS-NOT-INFURMED-OF-HIS-RIGHT-TOAPPEALACOURTBRDER
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9	WITHIN-5-YEARS-8F-THE-ENTRY-8F-SUGH8RBER;SPEGIFYINGTHE
10	EBNTENT-BF-A-PETITIBN-FBR-REVIEW+-SPEGIFYING-THE-GROUNDS-FBR
11	RELIEFTHATMAYBERAISEBANDHOWPROCEEDINGSON-THE
12	PETTTTON-ARE-TO-BE-EGNOWETEB-BY-THE-SUPREME-EGURT;AMENDING
13	SECTION-53-21-131-MCA INVOLUNTARILY DETAINED OR EXAMINED OR
14	SUBJECT_TO_AN_ORDER_FOR_SHORY-TERM_TREATMENT_OR_LONG-TERM
15	CARE AND IREAIMENT UNDER TITLE 53. CHAPTER 21. MCA. MUST BE
16	GIVEN NOTICE IN HRITING DE HIS RIGHT TO APPEAL: PROVIDING
17	FOR APPEALS TO BE FILED WITHIN 90 DAYS OF SERVICE OF NOTICE:
18	AMENDING SECTIONS 53-21-114 AND 53-21-131. MCA."
19	
20	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
21	(Refer to Third Reading Bill)
22	Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert:
23	Section 1. Section 53-21-114, MCA, is amended to read:
24	"53-21-114. Notice of rights to be given. (1)-Whenever
25	a-person-is-involuntarily-detoined-or-isexaminedparauont

to--53-21-121--through-53-21-126y-the-person-shell-maithin-3 daramoficauch\_detention\_accessoringtions be-informed in writing--by-che-county-attorney of-his-constitutional-rights and-his-rights under-this-party [1] HHENEYER A PERSON IS INVOLUNTARILY DETAINED OR IS EXAMINED PURSUANT\_ID 53-21-121 THROUGH 53-21-126. THE PERSON SHALL AT THE TIME OF DETENTION OR EXAMINATION BE INFORMED OF HIS CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS AND HIS\_RIGHTS\_UNDER\_THIS\_PART. WITHIN\_3\_DAYS\_DE\_SUCH\_DETENTION OR EXAMINATION HE MUST ALSO BE INFORMED IN WRITING BY THE 10 COUNTY\_ATTORNEY\_OF\_SUCH\_RIGHTS.

(2) Every respondent subject to an order for short-term treatment or long-term care and treatment shall be advised in writing of his right to appeal the order by the court at the conclusion of any hearing the result of which such an order may be entered.\*

Section 2. Section 53-21-131, MCA, is amended to read: \*53-21-131. Appeal procedure. Appellate review of any order of short-term evaluation and treatment or long-term commitment may be had by appeal to the supreme court of Montana in the manner as other civil cases, except that the appeal may be taken at any time within 90 days of the actual service of the written notice of the right to appeal required by 53-21-114 or within 90 days after discharge. whichever is later. The patient shall not be released pending appeal unless ordered by the court. The appeal shall

- 1 have priority above all other matters before the supreme
- 2 court.\*

-End-