HOUSE BILL NO. 202

Introduced: 01/13/83

Referred to Committee on Taxation: 01/13/83

Hearing: 1/19/83

Report: 01/25/83, Do Pass

2nd Reading: 01/27/83, Do Pass 3rd Reading: 01/29/83, Do Pass

Transmitted to Senate: 1/29/83

Referred to Committee on Taxation: 01/31/83

Hearing 3/3/83

Died in Senate Committee

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1		House BILL NO. 200	
2	INTRODUCED BY	D. Brown	
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A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO ALLOW PERSONAL PROPERTY TO BE SEIZED AND SOLD FOR NONPAYMENT OF FEES IN LIEU OF TAX ON THE PROPERTY; AMENDING SECTIONS 15-16-111, 15-16-113, 15-17-901, AND 15-17-902, MCA."

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

*15-16-111. Personal property — duty of department.

(1) It shall be the duty of the department of revenue or its agent, upon discovery of any personal property in the county the taxes or fees upon which are not a lien upon real property sufficient to secure the payment of such taxes or fees, to immediately and in any event not more than 5 days thereafter make a report to the treasurer, setting forth the nature, kind, description, and character of such property in such a definite manner that the treasurer can identify the same, the amount and assessed valuation of such property. Where the same is located, the amount of taxes or fees due thereon, and the name and address of the owner, claimant, or other person in possession of the same.

(2) Where such personal property is located in any city or town which shall have provided by ordinance for the

collection of its taxes or fees for general, municipal, and
administrative purposes by its city treasurer or town clerk,
the department also and at the same time shall furnish to
said city treasurer or town clerk a duplicate of such notice
to the county treasurer. For the purpose of determining the
taxes or fees due on such personal property, the department
or its agent must use the levy made during the previous
year.**

Section 2. Section 15-16-113. MCA: is amended to read: *15-16-113. Personal property -- duty of treasurer. (1) The county treasurer shall collect taxes and fees payable to him on all personal property and, in the case provided in 15-16-111, shall immediately upon receipt of the report prescribed by 15-16-111 notify the person or persons against whom the tax or fee is assessed and any person who has a properly perfected security interest of record with the division of motor vehicles, department of justice, that the amount of such tax or fee is due and payable at the county treasurer's office. The county treasurer shall, at the time of receiving the report and in any event within 30 days from the receipt of such report, levy upon and take into his possession the personal property against which a tax or fee is assessed or any other personal property in the hands of the delinquent taxpayer and proceed to sell the same in the same manner as property is sold on execution by

the sheriff. The county treasurer may, for the purpose of making the levy and sale, direct the sheriff to make the levy and sale. The sheriff, undersheriff, or any deputy sheriff of the county is ex officio a deputy county treasurer for such purposes, and either may act and receive payment of such taxes or fees. The sheriff may receive the same fees as he is entitled to in making a seizure and sale under execution.

- (2) The county treasurer and his sureties are liable on his official bond for all taxes or fees on personal property remaining uncollected by reason of the willful failure and neglect of the treasurer to levy upon and sell such personal property for the taxes or fees levied thereon.*
- Section 3. Section 15-17-901, MCA, is amended to read:

 "15-17-901. Sale of personal property for delinquent
 taxes or fees. (1) The tax or fee on personal property may
 be collected and the payment thereof enforced by the seizure
 and sale of any personal property in the possession of the
 person assessed at any time after the date the assessment is
 made or by the institution of a civil action for its
 collection in any court of competent jurisdiction. A resort
 to any one of the methods provided for does not bar the
 right to resort to either or both of the other methods. Any
 of the methods provided for may be used until the full

amount of the tax or fee is collected.

- 2 (2) The provisions of this part and 15-16-113 apply to
 3 such seizure and sale.
- (3) The sale must be at public auction and of a sufficient amount of the property to pay the taxes or fees, percentages, and costs.
- 7 (4) For seizing or selling personal property, the
 8 treasurer may charge in each case the sum of \$3 for the use
 9 of the county and the same mileage as is allowed by law to
 10 the sheriff of the county and reasonable expenses for
 11 seizing, handling, keeping, or caring for any property so
 12 seized or sold.
 - (5) On the payment of the price bid for any property sold, the delivery thereof, with a bill of sale, vests the title thereto in the purchaser.
 - Section 4. Section 15-17-902, MCA, is amended to read:

 #15-17-902. Deposit of excess proceeds from sale. All
 excess over the taxes or fees, percent, and costs of the
 proceeds of any such sale must be returned to the owner of
 the property sold and until claimed must be deposited in the
 county treasury, subject to the order of the owner, heirs,
 or assigns.**

-End-

STATE OF MONTANA

REQUEST NO. ____112-83

FISCAL NOTE

Form BD-15

n compliance with a written request re	eceived January 17,	, 19 ,	there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note				
for House Bill 202	pursuant to Title 5, Chapter 4, F	Part 2 of the M	fontana Code Annotated (MCA).				
Background information used in developing this Fiscal Note is available from the Office of Budget and Program Planning, to members							
of the Legislature upon request.							

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

House Bill 202 allows personal property to be seized and sold for nonpayment of fees in lieu of tax on the property.

FISCAL IMPACT:

The proposed legislation will give counties the same authority to collect delinquent personal property fees as they now have to collect delinquent personal property taxes. The fiscal impact should be minimal.

FISCAL NOTE 4:BB/1

BUDGET DIRECTOR

Office of Budget and Program Planning

Date: 1-18-83

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Approved by Committee on <u>Taxation</u>

INTRODUCED BY BROWN

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(2) Where such personal property is located in any city or town which shall have provided by ordinance for the

collection of its taxes or fees for general, municipal, and
administrative purposes by its city treasurer or town clerk,
the department also and at the same time shall furnish to
said city treasurer or town clerk a duplicate of such notice
to the county treasurer. For the purpose of determining the
taxes or fees due on such personal property, the department
or its agent must use the levy made during the previous
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- (2) The county treasurer and his sureties are liable on his official bond for all taxes or fees on personal property remaining uncollected by reason of the willful failure and neglect of the treasurer to levy upon and sell such personal property for the taxes or fees levied thereon.**
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 and sale of any personal property in the possession of the
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- 1 amount of the tax or fee is collected.
- 2 (2) The provisions of this part and 15-16-113 apply to such seizure and sale.
- 4 (3) The sale must be at public auction and of a sufficient amount of the property to pay the taxes or fees, 6 percentages, and costs.
- 7 (4) For seizing or selling personal property, the
 8 treasurer may charge in each case the sum of \$3 for the use
 9 of the county and the same mileage as is allowed by law to
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 11 seizing, handling, keeping, or caring for any property so
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- 13 (5) On the payment of the price bid for any property

 14 sold, the delivery thereof, with a bill of sale, vests the

 15 title thereto in the purchaser.
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 "15-17-902. Deposit of excess proceeds from sale. All

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