## HOUSE BILL NO. 92

# INTRODUCED BY STOBLE, DAILY, SCHULTZ, HARPER

### BY REQUEST OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE CODE COMMITTEE

#### IN THE HOUSE

January 5, 1983	Introduced and referred to Committee on State Administration.
January 11, 1983	Committee recommend bill do pass. Report adopted.
January 12, 1983	Bill printed and placed on members' desks.
	On motion rules suspended and bill placed on second reading this day.
January 14, 1983	Second reading, do pass.
January 15, 1983	Considered correctly engrossed.
January 17, 1983	Third reading, passed. Transmitted to Senate.
IN THE S	enats
January 18, 1983	Introduced and referred to Committee on State Administration.
March 2, 1983	Committee recommend bill be concurred in as amended. Report adopted.
March 4, 1983	Second reading, concurred in.
March 7, 1983	Third reading, concurred in. Ayes, 47; Noes, 0.

## IN THE HOUSE

March 7, 1983	Returned to House with amendments.
March 9, 1983	Second reading, amendments concurred in.
March 10, 1983	Third reading, amendments concurred in.
	Sent to enrolling.
March 12, 2983	Correctly enrolled.
March 14, 1983	Signed by President.
	Signed by Speaker.
March 15, 1983	Delivered to Governor.
March 19, 1983	Governor's recommendation for amendments submitted to the House.
March 31, 1983	Second reading, Governor's amendments not concurred in.
April 1, 1983	On motion, previous action reconsidered.
April 4, 1983	Second reading, Governor's amendments concurred in.
April 5, 1983	Third reading, Governor's amendments concurred in.
in thi	: Senate
April 6, 1983	Governor's amendments transmitted to Senate.
2mmil 7 1692	Second reading, Governor's
April 7, 1983	amendments concurred in.
April 8, 1983	Third reading, Governor's amendments concurred in. Ayes, 47; Noes, 1.

## IN THE HOUSE

April 9, 1983

Returned to House. Sent to enrolling.

Reported correctly enrolled.

INTRODUCED BY

BY REQUEST OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE CODE COMMITTEE

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE ADMINISTRATIVE CODE COMMITTEE TO OBJECT TO ANY RULE UPON THE GROUND THAT IT WAS ADOPTED IN SUBSTANTIAL VIOLATION OF THE PROCEDURAL OR SUBSTANTIVE AUTHORITY DELEGATED TO THE AGENCY; REQUIRING THE AGENCY, AFTER OBJECTION BY THE COMMITTEE, TO PROVE THE LAWFULNESS OF THE RULE; AWARDING COSTS AND ATTORNEY FEES AGAINST THE AGENCY IF THE RULE IS INVALIDATED BY COURT JUDGMENT; AMENDING SECTION 2-4-506, MCA."

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

NEW SECTION. Section 1. Committee objection to violation of authority for rule — effect. (1) If the administrative code committee objects to all or some portion of a proposed or adopted rule because the committee considers it not to have been proposed or adopted in substantial compliance with Z-4-302, 2-4-303, and 2-4-305, the committee shall send a written objection to the agency which promulgated the rule. The objection must contain a concise statement of the committee's reasons for its action.

objection to a rule, the agency promulgating the rule shall

respond in writing to the committee. After receipt of the response, the committee may withdraw or modify its objection.

- (3) If the committee fails to withdraw or substantially modify its objection to a rule, it may vote to send the objection to the secretary of state, who shall, upon receipt thereof, publish the objection in the Montana Administrative Register adjacent to any notice of adoption of the rule and in the ARM adjacent to the rule. Costs of publication of the objection shall be borne by the committee.
- (4) If an objection to all or a portion of a rule has been published pursuant to subsection (3), the agency bears the burden, in any action challenging the legality of the rule or portion of a rule objected to by the committee, of proving that the rule or portion of the rule objected to was adopted in substantial compliance with 2-4-302, 2-4-303, and 2-4-305. If a rule is invalidated by court judgment because the agency failed to meet its burden of proof imposed by this subsection, the court shall award costs and reasonable attorney fees against the agency.

Section 2. Section 2-4-506, MCA, is amended to read:
#2-4-506. Declaratory judgments on validity or
application of rules. (1) A rule may be declared invalid or
inapplicable in an action for declaratory judgment if it is

found that the rule or its threatened application interferes with or impairs or threatens to interfere with or impair the legal rights or privileges of the plaintiff.

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- (2) A rule may also be declared invalid in such an action on the grounds that the rule was <u>not</u> adopted with——an orbitrary or copricious disregard for the purpose of suthorizing-statutey-as-evidenced-by-documented--legislative intent In substantial compliance with 2-4-302, 2-4-303, and 2-4-305-
- 13) -- If -the-administrative-code-committee-has-objected to-the-adoption-or-sucndent-of-a-rule-on-the-grounds-set forth in-subsection (2), the opency-beers the burdeny-in-ony oction-brought-under-this-sections-of-proving-that-its--rule was--not--adopted--with-an-arbitrary-or-easticloss-disregard for the purpose of the authorising statutes
- 141131 A declaratory judgment may be rendered whether or not the plaintiff has requested the agency to pass upon the validity or applicability of the rule in question.
- 15-1141 The action may be brought in the district court for the county in which the plaintiff resides or has his principal place of business or in which the agency maintains its principal office. The agency shall be made a party to the action."
- 24 NEW SECTION. Section 3. Codification instruction. Section 1 is intended to be codified as an integral part of

- Title 2, chapter 4, part 4, and the provisions of Title 2, 1
- 2 chapter 4, apply to section 1.

~End-

#### STATE OF MONTANA

REQUEST	MO	055-83
REILIEST	NII I	

#### FISCAL NOTE

Form BD-15

In compliance with a written request received <u>January 6</u> , 19 83, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Not	e
for House Bill 92 pursuant to Title 5, Chapter 4, Part 2 of the Montana Code Annotated (MCA).	
Background information used in developing this Fiscal Note is available from the Office of Budget and Program Planning, to member	rs
of the Legislature upon request.	

#### DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

House Bill 92 gives the Administrative Code Committee the authority to object to rules proposed or adopted in violation of the requirements of the Administrative Procedure Act, and places upon the promulgating agency, the burden of proof, in any subsequent legal challenge to the rule, to prove that the rule was in fact adopted in compliance with the act.

#### ASSUMPTIONS:

The fiscal impact of HB 92 depends upon:

- 1) The number of rules objected to by the committee;
- 2) The response of agencies to committee objections and committee reponses thereto;
- 3) The number of law suits brought challenging administrative rules objected to by the committee;
- 4) The holding of the Court; and
- 5) The substance of the rule.

#### FISCAL IMPACT:

Impossible to determine.

FISCAL1:X/1

BUDGET DIRECTOR

Office of Budget and Program Planning

Date: 1-1-85

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Approved by Committee on State Administration

INTRODUCED BY She Sale Sale

BY REQUEST OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE CODE CONNITTEE

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE ADMINISTRATIVE CODE COMMITTEE TO OBJECT TO ANY RULE UPON THE GROUND THAT IT WAS ADOPTED IN SUBSTANTIAL VIOLATION OF THE PROCEDURAL OR SUBSTANTIVE AUTHORITY DELEGATED TO THE AGENCY; REQUIRING THE AGENCY, AFTER OBJECTION BY THE COMMITTEE. TO PROVE THE LAWFULNESS OF THE RULE; AWARDING COSTS AND ATTORNEY FEES AGAINST THE AGENCY IF THE RULE IS INVALIDATED BY COURT JUDGHENT: AMENDING SECTION 2-4-506. MCA."

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

NEW SECTION. Section 1. Committee objection to violation of authority for rule — effect. (1) If the administrative code committee objects to all or some portion of a proposed or adopted rule because the committee considers it not to have been proposed or adopted in substantial compliance with 2-4-302, 2-4-303, and 2-4-305, the committee shall send a written objection to the agency which promulgated the rule. The objection must contain a concise statement of the committee's reasons for its action.

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respond in writing to the committee. After receipt of the response, the committee may withdraw or modify its objection.

- 4 (3) If the committee fails to withdraw or substantially modify its objection to a rule, it may wote to 6 send the objection to the secretary of state, who shall, 7 upon receipt thereof, publish the objection in the Montana 8 Administrative Register adjacent to any notice of adoption of the rule and in the ARM adjacent to the rule. Costs of publication of the objection shall be borne by the 11 committee.
  - (4) If an objection to all or a portion of a rule has been published pursuant to subsection (3), the agency bears the burden, in any action challenging the legality of the rule or portion of a rule objected to by the committee, of proving that the rule or portion of the rule objected to was adopted in substantial compliance with 2-4-302, 2-4-303, and 2-4-305. If a rule is invalidated by court judgment because the agency failed to meet its burden of proof imposed by this subsection, the court shall award costs and reasonable attorney fees against the agency.
  - Section 2. Section 2-4-506, MCA, is amended to read:
    #2-4-506. Declaratory judgments on validity or
    application of rules. (1) A rule may be declared invalid or
    inapplicable in an action for declaratory judgment if it is

- found that the rule or its threatened application interferes
  with or impairs or threatens to interfere with or impair the
  legal rights or privileges of the plaintiff.
  - (2) A rule may also be declared invalid in such an action on the grounds that the rule was not adopted with—an arbitrary—or capricious—disregard—for—the—purpose—of authorizing—statutes—as evidenced by documented—legislative intent in substantial compliance with 2-4-302, 2-4-303, and 2-4-305.

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- (3)---If-the-administrative-code-committee-has---objected to---the---adoption---or-amendment-of-a-rule-on-the-grounds-set forth-in-subsection-(2)---the-agency-backs the-burdeny-in-ony action-brought-under-this-sectiony-of-proving-that-its---rule was---not---adopted---with-an-arbitrary-or-capricious-disregard for-the-purpose-of-the-authorizing-statutes
- this. A declaratory judgment may be rendered whether or not the plaintiff has requested the agency to pass upon the validity or applicability of the rule in question.
- for the county in which the plaintiff resides or has his principal place of business or in which the agency maintains its principal office. The agency shall be made a party to the action."
- 24 <u>NEW SECTION</u> Section 3. Codification instruction.
  25 Section 1 is intended to be codified as an integral part of

- 1 Title 2, chapter 4, part 4, and the provisions of Title 2,
- 2 chapter 4, apply to section 1.

-End-

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objection to a rule, the agency promulgating the rule shall

respond in writing to the committee. After receipt of the response, the committee may withdraw or modify its objection.

- (3) If the committee fails to withdraw or substantially modify its objection to a rule, it may vote to send the objection to the secretary of state, who shall, upon receipt thereof, publish the objection in the Montana Administrative Register adjacent to any notice of adaption of the rule and in the ARM adjacent to the rule. Costs of publication of the objection shall be borne by the committee.
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- (2) A rule may also be declared invalid in such an action on the grounds that the rule was not adopted with on erbitvery or capricious disregard for the purpose of authorising statuter as evidenced by documented legislative intent in substantial compliance with 2-4-302, 2-4-303, and 2-4-305.
- to the adoption or devoluent of a rule on the grounds set forth in subsection (2), the agency beers the burdens in any action brought under this section of praving that its rule was not adopted with an arbitrary or aspricious disregard for the purpose of the sutherising statutes
- 747(23) "A declaratory judgment may be rendered whether or not the plaintiff has requested the agency to pass upon the validity or applicability of the rule in question.
- (5)(4) The action may be brought in the district court for the county in which the plaintiff resides for the his principal place of business or in which the agency maintains its principal office. The agency shall be made a party to the action."
- 24 <u>MEM\_SECTIONs</u> Section 3. Codification instruction.
  25 Section 1 is intended to be codified as an integral part of

- 1 Title 2, chapter 4, part 4, and the provisions of Title 2,
- 2 chapter 4, apply to Section 1.

-End-

## SENATE STANDING COMMITTEE REPORT (State Administration)

## That House Bill No. 92 be amended as follows:

1. Title, line 10.

Strike: "AWARDING"
Insert: "ALLOWING"

2. Page 2, line 9.

Following: "to the rule"
Insert: ",provided an agency response must also

be published if requested by the agency"

3. Page 2, line 10.

Following: "objection"

Insert: "and the agency response"

4. Page 2, line 20.

Strike: "shall"

Insert: "may"

5. Page 3, line 5.

Strike: "not"

6. Page 3, line 8.

Following: "intent"

Insert: "with an arbitrary or capricious disregard for

the purpose of the authorizing statute as evidenced by

documented legislative intent, or was not"

48th tegislature HB 0092/02 HB 0092/02

1 HOUSE BILL NO. 92
2 INTRODUCED BY STOBIE:
3 DAILY: SCHULTZ: HARPER
4 BY REQUEST OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE CODE COMMITTEE

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE ADMINISTRATIVE CODE COMMITTEE TO OBJECT TO ANY RULE UPON THE GROUND THAT IT WAS ADOPTED IN SUBSTANTIAL VIOLATION OF THE PROCEDURAL OR SUBSTANTIVE AUTHORITY DELEGATED TO THE AGENCY; REQUIRING THE AGENCY, AFTER OBJECTION BY THE COMMITTEE, TO PROVE THE LAWFULNESS OF THE RULE; AMARBING ALLOWING COSTS AND ATTORNEY FEES AGAINST THE AGENCY IF THE RULE IS INVALIDATED BY COURT JUDGMENT; AMENDING SECTION 2-4-506, MCA."

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- 1 (2) Within 14 days after the mailing of a committee
  2 objection to a rule, the agency promulgating the rule shall
  3 respond in writing to the committee. After receipt of the
  4 response, the committee may withdraw or modify its
  5 objection.
- (3) If the committee fails to withdraw or substantially modify its objection to a rule, it may vote to send the objection to the secretary of state, who shall, upon receipt thereof, publish the objection in the Montana Administrative Register adjacent to any notice of adoption of the rule and in the ARM adjacent to the rule. PROVIDED AN AGENCY...RESPONSE .. MUST ALSO BE PUBLISHED IF REQUESTED BY THE AGENCY. Costs of publication of the objection AND THE AGENCY RESPONSE shall be borne by the committee.
  - (4) If an objection to all or a portion of a rule has been published pursuant to subsection (3), the agency bears the burden, in any action challenging the legality of the rule or portion of a rule objected to by the committee, of proving that the rule or portion of the rule objected to was adopted in substantial compliance with 2-4-302, 2-4-303, and 2-4-305. If a rule is invalidated by court judgment because the agency failed to meet its burden of proof imposed by this subsection, the court shall MAY award costs and reasonable attorney fees against the agency.
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49)(3) A declaratory judgment may be rendered whether or not the plaintiff has requested the agency to pass upon the validity or applicability of the rule in question.

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principal place of business or in which the agency maintains tits principal office. The agency shall be made a party to

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NEW SECTION. Section 3. Codification instruction.

Section 1 is intended to be codified as an integral part of

Title 2, chapter 4, part 4, and the provisions of Title 2.

-End-

-4- HB 92

1.

Page 2, line 23 Following: "subsection"

"and the court finds that the rule was adopted in arbitrary and capricious disregard for the purposes of the authorizing Insert:

statute"

2.

Page 3, line 13
Following: "INTENT"

"OR WAS NOT in substantial compliance with 2-4-302, 2-4-303, and 2-4-305" Delete:

ADOPT

REJECT.



HB 0092/03

1	HOUSE BILL NO. 92
2	INTRODUCED BY STOBLE.
3	DAILY, SCHULTZ, HARPER
4	BY REQUEST OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE CODE COMMITTEE
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HB 92