## SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 13

## INTRODUCED BY S. BROWN, McCALLUM

## IN THE SENATE

6, 1981	Introduced and referred to Committee on Education and Cultural Resources.
18, 1981	Committee recommend bill do pass. Report adopted.
19, 1981	Bill printed and placed on members desks.
20, 1981	Second reading, do pass.
23, 1981	Correctly engrossed.
24, 1981	Third reading, passed.  Ayes, 43; Noes, 7.  Transmitted to House.
	6, 1981 18, 1981 19, 1981 20, 1981 23, 1981 24, 1981

		IN THE H	OUSE
March	3, 1981		Introduced and referred to Committee on Education.
March	11, 1981		Committee recommend bill be concurred in. Report adopted.
March	26, 1981		Second reading, pass con- sideration.
			Second reading, pass con- sideration to the 71st legislative day.
April	1, 1981		Second reading, pass con- sideration to the 75th legislative day.
April	7, 1981		Second reading, pass con- sideration.
April	9, 1981		Second reading, concurred in.

April 9, 1981

On motion rules suspended and bill placed on third reading this day.

Third reading, concurred in. Ayes, 86; Noes, 8.

## IN THE SENATE

April 10, 1981

Returned from House. Concurred in. Sent to enrolling.

Reported correctly enrolled.

1	Sente JOINT RESOLUTION NO.	13
2	INTRODUCED BY TIEVE BROWN Melon	Um e

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A JOINT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE OF MONTANA REQUESTING AN 5 INTERIM STUDY OF PUBLIC SCHOOL TRANSPORTATION NEEDS. INCLUDING FUNDING AND ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS FOR SUCH TRANSPORTATION.

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WHEREAS, section 20-10-101, MCA, requires that any child, to be eligible for transportation provided by the school district, must reside at least 3 miles from the nearest school: and

14 WHEREAS, urban areas of the state are experiencing 15 sprawl, which results in school children living within 3 15 miles from school being forced to walk to school along 17 unsafe streets and highways: and

18 WHEREAS, the 3-mile limit is strictly arbitrary; and 19 WHEREAS, significant energy conservation would result 20 from providing school bus transportation within 3 miles of 21 schools; and

22 WHEREAS, only one-third of the school children in the 23 State receive public transportation; and

24 WHEREAS, taxpayers residing in school districts 25 providing transportation presently are forced to assume the

largest share of the cost of such transportation, without 1

receiving a proportionate benefit because of the 3-mile

3 limit: and

WHEREAS, additional and more equitable transportation

funding alternatives are needed. 5

5 7

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE SENATE AND. THE HOUSE

OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE OF MONTANA: а

9 (1) That an appropriate interim committee be assigned 10 to study public school transportation needs, including 11 funding and eliqibility requirements for such

12 transportation.

13 (2) That the committee include in its study a consideration of at least the following: 14

(a) the rationale of the 3-mile rule concerning 15 eligibility for public school transportation and whether it 16 17 continues to be valid:

18 (b) alternative methods funding of school 19 transportation, with particular emphasis on seeking the most 20 equitable method considering the responsibility of the state as a whole for the education of its youth. 21

(3) That the committee submit to the 48th Legislature 22 a report of its findings, together with recommendations for 23 24 legislation, if any, necessary to implement such findings.

-End-

Approved by Committee on Education

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2	INTRODUCED BY TIEVE BROWN Makedley
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10	WHEREAS, section 20-10-101, MCA, requires that any
11	child, to be eligible for transportation provided by the
12	school district, must reside at least 3 miles from the
13	nearest school; and
14	WHEREAS, urban areas of the state are experiencing
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16	miles from school being forced to walk to school along
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- 21 as a whole for the education of its youth.
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-End-

-z- SECOND READING 53円 13

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2	INTRODUCED BY TIEVE BROWN McBalline
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-End-

-2- THIRD READING 5JR 13

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