Senate Bill 430

In The Senate

February 11, 1981	Introduced and referred to Committee on State Administration.
	Fiscal note requested.
February 13, 1981	Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.
February 16, 1981	Fiscal note returned.
April 23, 1981	Died in Committee.

	Senate BILL NO. 430
2	INTRODUCED BY Leating & Sung
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A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO TRANSFER FROM THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES TO THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES AND CONSERVATION THE REGULATORY FUNCTIONS RELATING TO AIR AND WATER GUALITY; PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY; SANITATION IN SUBDIVISIONS; MAJOR FACILITY SITING; MINE OVERBURDEN, HASTE, AND TAILINGS DISPOSAL; AND OTHER MISCELLANEOUS FUNCTIONS; TO TRANSFER FROM THE BOARD OF HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES TO THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES AND CONSERVATION THE FUNCTIONS OF SETTING AIR AND WATER QUALITY STANDARDS, CLASSIFYING WATERCOURSES, MAJOR FACILITY SITING, AND HEARING APPEALS FROM DECISIONS OF THE DEPARTMENT; TO GENERALLY REVISE THE LAWS TO CONFORM TO THE TRANSFER; REPFALING

17 SECTION 75-5-502, MCA.**

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

NEW SECTION. Section 1. Board of health and environmental sciences — functions transferred to department of natural resources and conservation. (1) The following functions of the board of health and environmental sciences are transferred to the department of natural resources and conservation:

1 (a) those functions specified in Title 75, chapter 2,
2 relating to air quality, including classifying air
3 contaminant sources, setting emission levels, granting
4 permits for construction and variances, approving local air
5 pollution control programs, and conducting enforcement
6 hearings;

(b) those functions specified in Title 75, chapter 5, relating to water quality, including adopting classifications and standards for state waters; granting, modifying, or denying discharge permits; setting standards of performance; conducting enforcement hearings; and setting local charges for sewage systems;

- (c) those functions specified in Title 75, chapter 6, relating to public water supplies, including standards for contaminant levels, licensing laboratories, and construction of public water systems;
- 17 (d) those functions specified in Title 75, chapter 20,
 18 relating to major facility siting, including emission and
 19 discharge permits; and
- 20 (e) those functions specified in Title 76, chapter 4,
 21 part 1, relating to state regulation of subdivisions,
 22 including conducting hearings on decisions related to water
 23 supply and sewage disposal.
 - (2) Unless inconsistent with this act, any reference in the sections listed in subsection (1):

- (a) to "board of health and environmental sciences" or "board of health" or "board" meaning "board of health and environmental sciences" is changed to "department of natural resources and conservation" or "department" meaning "department of natural resources and conservation"; and
 - (b) to "chairman" is changed to "director".

- (3) The code commissioner shall conform internal references and grammar, including redundancies, to the changes made by this section.
- NEW SECTION. Section 2. Department of health and environmental sciences -- functions transferred to the department of natural resources and conservation. (1) The following functions of the department of health and environmental sciences are transferred to the department of natural resources and conservation:
- (a) those functions specified in Title 37, chapter 42, relating to water treatment plant operators:
- (b) those functions specified in Title 75, chapter 2, relating to air quality, including issuance of permits and enforcement and administration of, and study and testing necessary to implement, air quality laws, rules, and orders;
- (c) those functions specified in Title 75, chapter 5, relating to water quality, including issuance of permits and enforcement and administration of, and study, monitoring, and testing necessary to implement, water quality laws,

rules, and orders;

- 2 (d) those functions specified in Title 75, chapter 6,
 3 relating to public water supplies, including distribution,
 4 treatment, and investigative and administrative assistance
 5 to local governments;
- (e) those functions specified in Title 75, chapter 20, relating to major facility siting, including emission and discharge permits; and
- 9 (f) those functions specified in 76-3-505 and Title
 10 76, chapter 4, part 1, relating to state regulation of
 11 subdivisions, including sanitary standards, fees, and
 12 enforcement.
 - (2) Unless inconsistent with this act, any reference in the sections listed in subsection (1) to the "department of health and environmental sciences" or "department" or "director" (of health and environmental sciences) is changed to the "department of natural resources and conservation" or "department" (of natural resources and conservation). The code commissioner shall conform internal references and grammare including redundancies, to these changes.
 - NEW SECTION. Section 3. Transfer of board and advisory councils. (1) The board of water and wastewater operators, the air pollution control advisory council, and the water pollution control advisory council, created in Title 2, chapter 15, part 21, are reallocated from the

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department of	health	and	environmental	sciences	to	the
department of	natural	resou	rces and conse	rvation.		

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- 3 (2) Sections 2-15-2105 through 2-15-2107 shall be renumbered to be integral parts of Title 2, chapter 15, part 33.
 - (3) The code commissioner shall change internal references to both section numbers and names accordingly.
 - Section 4. Section 2-15-2103, MCA, is amended to read: *2-15-2103. Division of environmental sciences -functions. There is a division of environmental sciences within the department. The department shall assign all functions performed by the department relating to air pollution--controly--water-pollution-controly radiation control, pesticides control, environmental sanitation, solid waste disposal, industrial hygiene, and related areas to the division."
- 17 Section 5. Section 2-15-2105, MCA, is amended to read: "2-15-2105. Board of water and wastewater operators. 18 19 (1) There is a board of water and wastewater operators.
 - (2) The board consists of seven members. Except as provided in subsection (2)(e) of this section, the members shall be appointed by the governor. The members are:
 - (a) two members who are employed water supply system water treatment plant operators holding valid certificates. One of these members shall hold a certificate

- 1 by examination of the highest class issued by the department of--health--and--environmental---seiences. There is no restriction on the classification of the certificate held by 3 the other operator.
 - (b) two members who are employed wastewater treatment plant operators holding valid certificates. One of these members shall hold a certificate by examination of the highest class issued by the department of--health--and environmental--sciences. There is no restriction on the classification of the certificate held by the other operator.
 - (c) one member serving on the faculty of a university or college whose major field is related to water supply wastewater treatment, chemical or civil systems, engineering, chemistry, or bacteriology:
- 16 (d) one member who is a representative of a municipality required to employ a certified operator and who 17 1.8 holds a position of either city manager, city engineer, director of public works, works manager, or their 19 20 enuivalent:
 - (e) the-agministrator-of-the-division-of-environmental sciences--of--the--department--of--heolth--and-environmental sciences-or a qualified member of his-stoff-appointed-by-the administrator the department's staff.
 - (3) Members, except the ex officio voting member from

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- the department of-health-and-environmental-sciences, shall
 serve for a term of 6 years.
- 3 (4) The board is allocated to the department for 4 administrative purposes only as prescribed in 2-15-121.**
- 5 Section 6. Section 2-15-2107, MCA, is amended to read:
- 6 "2-15-2107. Water pollution control advisory council.
- 7 (1) There is a water pollution control advisory council.
- 8 (2) The council consists of eleven members. The 9 members are:
- 10 (a) the director of fish, wildlife, and parks;
- (b) the administrator-of-the-water-resources-division
- 12 of-the-department--of--natural--resources--and--conservation
- 13 director of the department of health and environmental
- 14 sciences:
- 15 (c) the director of agriculture;
- 16 (d) eight members appointed by the governor as
- 17 follows:
- (i) a representative of industry concerned with the
- 19 disposal of inorganic waste;
- 20 (ii) a representative of industry concerned with the
- 21 disposal of organic waste;
- 22 (iii) a livestock feeder;
- (iv) a representative of municipal government;
- 24 (v) a representative of an organization concerned with
- 25 fishing for sport;

- 1 (vi) a representative from labor;
- 2 (vii) a supervisor of a soil and water conservation
- 3 district:

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- 4 (viii) a representative of an organization concerned
- 5 with water recreation.
- 6 (3) The appointed council members serve at the
- 7 pleasure of the governor.
- 8 (4) Subsections (5) through (8) of 2-15-122 apply to
- 9 the council and members.*
- 10 Section 7. Section 15-6-135, MCA, is amended to read:
- 11 M15-6-135. Class five property -- description --
- 12 taxable percentage. (1) Class five property includes:
- 13 (a) all property used and owned by cooperative rural
- 14 electrical and cooperative rural telephone associations
- 15 organized under the laws of Montana, except property owned
- 16 by cooperative organizations described in subsection (1)(c)
- 17 of 15-6-137;
- 18 (b) air and water pollution control equipment as
- 19 defined in this section;
- (c) truck campers, motor homes, and camping and travel
- 21 trailers, including fifth-wheel trailers, owned by and
- 22 actually used primarily by a person 60 years of age or older
- 23 who:
- 24 (i) is retired from full employment; and
- 25 (ii) whose total income from all sources is not more

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- than \$7,000 for a single person or \$8,000 for a married
 couple;
- 3 (d) new industrial property as defined in this 4 section;
- 5 (e) any personal or real property used primarily in 6 the production of gasonol during construction and for the 7 first 3 years of its operation.

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- (2) (a) "Air and water pollution equipment" means facilities, machinery, or equipment used to reduce or control water or atmospheric pollution or contamination by removing, reducing, altering, disposing, or storing pollutants, contaminants, wastes, or heat. The department of health-und-environmental-sciences natural resources and conservation shall determine if such utilization is being made.
- pollution—equipment]—may—be—appealed—to—the—boord—of—health and—environmental—aciences—and Any person liable—for_taxes on—property—determined—by the department—not to be air or water pollution equipment is entitled to a hearing—before the department of natural resources and conservation. The determination of the department may not be appealed to either a county tax appeal board or the state tax appeal board. However, the appraised value of the equipment as determined by the department of revenue may be appealed to

- the county tax appeal board and the state tax appeal board.
- 2 (3) "New industrial property" means any new industrial
 3 plant, including land, buildings, machinery, and fixtures,
 4 used by new industries during the first 3 years of their
 5 operation. The property may not have been assessed within
 6 the state of Montana prior to July 1, 1961.
 - (4) (a) "New industry" means any person, corporation, firm, partnership, association, or other group that establishes a new plant in Montana for the operation of a new industrial endeavor, as distinguished from a mere expansion, reorganization, or merger of an existing industry.
 - (b) New industry includes only those industries that:
- (i) manufacture, mill, mine, produce, process, or
 fabricate materials;
- (ii) do similar work, employing capital and labor, in which materials unserviceable in their natural state are extracted, processed, or made fit for use or are substantially altered or treated so as to create commercial products or materials; or
 - (iii) engage in the mechanical or chemical transformation of materials or substances into new products in the manner defined as manufacturing in the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification Manual prepared by the United States office of Management and budget.

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- 1 (5) New industrial property does not include:
- (a) property used by retail or wholesale merchants,
 commercial services of any type, agriculture, trades, or
 professions;
- 5 (b) a plant that will create adverse impact on 6 existing state, county, or municipal services; or
- 7 (c) property used or employed in any industrial plant 8 that has been in operation in this state for 3 years or 9 longer•
- 10 (6) Class five property is taxed at 3% of its market
 11 value."
- Section 8. Section 75-2-421, MCA, is amended to read:

 #75-2-421. Persons subject to noncompliance penalties

 -- exemptions. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), the

 department shall assess and collect a noncompliance penalty

 from any person who owns or operates:

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- (a) a stationary source (other than a primary nonferrous smelter which has received a nonferrous smelter order under 42 U.S.C. 7419) which is not in compliance with any emission limitation specified in an order of the board department, emission standard, or compliance schedule under the state implementation plan approved by the federal environmental protection agency:
- (b) a stationary source which is not in compliancewith an emission limitation, emission standard, standard of

- performance, or other requirement under 42 U.S.C. 7411 or 42
 U.S.C. 7412: or
- 3 (c) any source referred to in subsections (1)(a) or 4 (1)(b) which has been granted an exemption, extension, or 5 suspension under subsection (2) or which is covered by a 6 compliance order, or a primary nonferrous smelter which has 7 received a primary nonferrous smelter order under 42 U.S.C. ß 7419, if such source is not in compliance with any interim 9 emission control requirement or schedule of compliance under 10 such extension, order, or suspension.
- (2) Notwithstanding the requirements of subsection (1), the department may, after notice and opportunity for a public hearing, exempt any source from the requirements of 75-2-421 through 75-2-429 with respect to a particular instance of noncompliance which:
- 16 (a) the department finds is de minimus in nature and17 in curation;
- 18 (b) is caused by conditions beyond the reasonable
 19 control of the source and is of no demonstrable advantage to
 20 the source; or
- 21 (c) is exempt under 42 U.S.C. 7420(a)(2)(B) of the 22 federal Clean Air Act.

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(3)--Any--person--who-is-jointly-or-severally-edversely

offected-by-the-department-s-decision-may-requesty-within-15

days--after--the--department--renders--its--decisiony---upon

effidavit--setting--forth--the--grounds--therefory-a-hearing
before--the--boardy--A--hearing--shall--be--held--under--the
provisions-of-the-Hontana-Administrative-frocedure-Acty*

Section 9. Section 75-5-202, MCA, is amended to read:

"75-5-202. Board---hearings Hearings. The board

department shall hold hearings necessary for the proper

administration of this chapter ory-in--the--ease--of--permit

issuance---hearingsy---delegate---this---function---to---the

department."

Section 10. Section 75-5-403, MCA, is amended to read: "75-5-403. Denial or modification of permit. (1) If the department denies an application for a permit or modifies a permit, the department shall give written notice of its action to the applicant or holder and he may request a hearing before the boord department, in the manner stated in 75-5-611, for the purpose of petitioning the board department to reverse or modify the its action of--the department. Such hearing shall be held within 30 days after receipt of written request. After the hearing, the board department shall affirm, modify, or reverse the its action of-the-department. If the holder does not request a hearing before--the--board, modification of a permit shall be effective 30 days after receipt of notice by the holder unless the department specifies a later date. If the holder does request a hearing before-the-board, no order modifying his permit shall be effective until 20 days after he has received notice of the final action of the board department.

(2) This section does not apply to any modification made in permit conditions at the time of reissuance, but only to those modifications made in existing permits during their terms.*

Section 11. Section 75-5-611, MCA, is amended to read:

"75-5-611. Violation of chapter -- notice and hearing.

(1) When the department has reason to believe that a violation of this chapter or a rule made under it has occurred, it may have written notice served personally or by mail on the alleged violator or his agent. The notice shall state the provision alleged to be violated, the facts alleged to constitute the violation, the nature of corrective action which the department requires, and the time within which the action is to be taken. For the purposes of this chapter, service by mail is complete on the date of mailing.

(2) In a notice given under subsection (1) of this section, the department may require the alleged violator to appear before the board department for a public hearing and to answer the charges made against him. The hearing shall be held no sooner than 15 days after service of the notice, except that the board department may set an earlier date for hearing if it is requested to do so by the alleged violator.

The board department may set a later date for hearing at the request of the alleged violator if the alleged violator shows good cause for delay.

- (3) If the department does not require an alleged violator to appear before the board department for a public hearing, he may request the board department to conduct the hearing. The request shall be in writing and shall be filed with the department no later than 30 days after service of a notice under subsection (1) of this section. If a request is filed, a hearing shall be held within a reasonable time.
- (4) If a hearing is held under this section, it shall be public and shall, if the board <u>department</u> considers it practicable, be held in a county in which the violation is alleged to have occurred.
- (5) After a hearing or on failure of an alleged violator to make a timely request for a hearing, the board department may issue an appropriate order for the prevention, abatement, or control of pollution. It shall state the date or dates by which a violation shall cease and may prescribe timetables for necessary action in preventing, abating, or controlling the pollution.
- (6) The alleged violator may petition the board department for a rehearing on the basis of new evidence, which petition the board department may grant for good cause shown.

- (7) In addition to or instead of issuing an order, the board-may-direct the department to may initiate appropriate action for recovery of a penalty under 75-5-631, 75-5-632, 75-5-633, or 75-5-635.**
- Section 12. Section 75-5-621, MCA, is amended to reads "75-5-621. Emergencies. (1) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, if the department finds that a person is committing or is about to commit an act in violation of this chapter or an order or rule issued under it which, if it occurs or continues, will cause substantial pollution the harmful effects of which will not be remedied immediately after the commission or cessation of the act, the department shall order the person to stop, avoid, or moderate the act so that the substantial injury will not occur. The order shall be effective immediately upon receipt by the person to whom it is directed, unless the department provides otherwise.
- (2) Notice of the order shall conform to the requirements of 75-5-611(1) so far as practicable. The notice shall indicate that the order is an emergency order.
- (3) Upon issuing such an order, the department shall fix a place and time for a hearing before-the-board, not later than 5 days thereafter unless the person to whom the order is directed shall request a later time. The department may deny a request for a later time if it finds that the

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1 person to whom the order is directed is not complying with 2 the order. The hearing shall be conducted in the manner specified in 75-5-611. As soon as practicable after the 3 hearing, the board department shall affirm, modify, or set 5 aside the its order of-the-department. The final order of the board department shall be accompanied by the statement 6 7 specified in 75-5-611(5). An action for review of the final 8 order of the board department may be initiated in the manner 9 specified in 75-5-641. The initiation of such an action or 10 taking of an appeal may not stay the effectiveness of the 11 final order unless the court finds that the board department 12 did not have reasonable cause to issue an order under this 13 section."

Section 13. Section 75-5-641, MCA, is amended to read:

#75-5-641. Appeals from board department orders -review by district court. (1) An appeal of an a_final order
of the board department shall be in the district court of
the county in which the alleged source of pollution is
located.

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- (2) A person interested in the order may intervene, in the manner provided by the rules of civil procedure, if he shows good cause. An intervenor is a party for the purposes of this chapter.
- 24 (3) The attorney general shall represent the board 25 <u>department</u> if requested, or the department may appoint

special counsel for the proceedings, subject to the approval
of the attorney general.

- (4) The initiation of an action for review or the taking of an appeal does not stay the effectiveness of any order of the board department unless the court finds that there is probable cause to believe:
- (a) that refusal to grant a stay will cause serious harm to the affected party; and
- (b) that any violation found by the beard department will not continue or, if it does continue, any harmful effects on state waters will be remedied immediately on the cessation of the violation.
- (5) If a court does not stay the effectiveness of an order of the board department, it may enforce compliance with that order by issuing a temporary restraining order or an injunction at the request of the board department.
- 17 Section 14. Section 75-20-216, MCA, is amended to 18 read:
- 19 #75-20-216. Study, evaluation, and report on proposed
 20 facility -- assistance by other agencies. (1) After receipt
 21 of an application, the department and-department-of-health
 22 shall within 90 days notify the applicant in writing that:
- 23 (a) the application is in compliance and is accepted
- 24 as complete; or
 - (b) the application is not in compliance and list the

deficiencies therein; and upon correction of these deficiencies and resubmission by the applicant, the department and-department-of-health shall within 30 days notify the applicant in writing that the application is in compliance and is accepted as complete.

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- (2) Upon receipt of an application complying with 75-20-211 through 75-20-215, and this section, the department shall commence an intensive study and evaluation of the proposed facility and its effects, considering all applicable criteria listed in 75-20-301 and 75-20-503; and the-department-of-health-shall-commence-a-study to enable it or-the-board-of-health to issue a decision, opinion, order, certification, or permit as provided in subsection (3). The department end-department-of-health shall use, to the extent they-consider it considers applicable, valid and useful existing studies and reports submitted by the applicant or compiled by a state or federal agency.
- (3) The department of—health shall within 1 year following the date of acceptance of an application, and the board-of-health, if applicable a hearing is held, within an additional 6 months, issue any decision, opinion, order, certification, or permit required by state or federal air and water quality laws and this chapter. The department of health-end-the-board-of-health shall determine compliance with air and water quality standards and implementation

1 plans for the primary and reasonable alternate locations in 2 their its decision, opinion, order, certification, or 3 permit. The decision, opinion, order, certification, or permit, with or without conditions, is conclusive on all matters of air and water quality impacts under the federal and state air and water quality statutes that the department 7 of--health--and--board-of-health-administers administers, and any of the criteria specified in 75-20-503(3) and (4) that 9 are a part of the determinations made under federal and state air and water quality statutes. Although the decision, 10 11 opinion, order, certification, or permit issued under this 12 subsection is conclusive, the board retains authority to 13 make the determination required under 75-20-301(2)(c). The decisiony--opiniony--ordery--certificationy-or-permit-of-the 14 15 department-of-health-or-the-board-of--health--satisfies--the 16 review---requirements---by---those--agencies--and--shall--be 17 acceptable-in-lieu--of--an--environmental--impact--statement 18 under--the--Montana--Environmental-Policy-Acty A copy of the 19 decision, opinion, order, certification, or permit shall be served upon the--department--and the board and shall be 20 21 utilized as part of their final site selection process. 22 Prior to the issuance of a preliminary decision by-the 23 department-of-health-and-pursuant-to-rules--adopted--by--the 24 boord-of-health on air and water quality permits, the 25 department of-health shall provide an opportunity for public

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review and comment. A <u>final</u> decision by the department of

health-or-board-of-health <u>on air and water quality permits</u>

is subject to appellate review pursuant to the air and water

quality statutes administered by the department of-health

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(4) Within 22 months following acceptance of an application for a facility as defined in (a) and (d) of 75-20-104(10) and for a facility as defined in (b) and (c) of 75-20-104(10) which is more than 30 miles in length and within 1 year for a facility as defined in (b) and (c) of 75-20-104(10) which is 30 miles or less in length, the department shall make a report to the board which shall contain the department*s studies. evaluations. recommendations, other pertinent documents resulting from its study and evaluation, and an environmental impact statement or analysis prepared pursuant to the Montana Environmental Policy Act, if any. If the application is for a combination of two or more facilities, the department shall make its report to the board within the greater of the lengths of time provided for in this subsection for either of the facilities.

(5) The departments of highways; community affairs; fish, wildlife, and parks; state lands; revenue; and public service regulation shall report to the department information relating to the impact of the proposed site on

each department's area of expertise. The report may include opinions as to the advisability of granting, denying, or modifying the certificate. The department shall allocate funds obtained from filing fees to the departments making reports to reimburse them for the costs of compiling information and issuing the required report.

7 Section 15. Section 75-20~218, MCA, is amended to 8 read:

"75-20-218. Hearing date -- location -- department to act as staff -- hearings to be held jointly. (1) Upon receipt of the department's report submitted under 75-20-216, the board shall set a date for a hearing to begin not more than 120 days after the receipt. Except for those hearings involving applications submitted for facilities as defined in (b) and (c) of 75-20-104(19), certification hearings shall be conducted by the board in the county seat of Lewis and Clark County or the county in which the facility or the greater portion thereof is to be located.

(2) Except as provided in 75-20-221(2), the department shall act as the staff for the board throughout the decisionmaking process and the board may request the department to present testimony or cross-examine witnesses as the board considers necessary and appropriate.

(3) At the request of the applicant, the duly authorized-state-air-and-water-quality-agencies department

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shall hold any required permit hearings required under the state air and water quality laws administered-by-those agencies in conjunction with the board certification hearing. In such a conjunctive hearing the time periods established for reviewing an application and for issuing a decision on certification of a proposed facility under this chapter supersade the time periods specified in other the state air and water quality laws administered by the duly authorized-state-air-and-water-quality-agencies department.* Section 16. Section 75-20-219, MCA, is amended to read:

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"75-20-219. Amendments to a certificate. (1) Within 30 days after notice of an amendment to a certificate is given as set forth in 75-20-213(1) including notice to all active parties to the original proceeding, the department shall determine whether the proposed change in the facility would result in any material increase in any environmental impact of the facility or a substantial change in the location of all or a portion of the facility other than as provided in the alternates set forth in the original application. If the department determines that the proposed change would result in any material increase in any environmental impact of the facility or a substantial change in the location of all or a portion of the facility, the board shall hold a hearing in the same manner as a hearing is held on an application for a 1 certificate. After hearing, the board shall grant, denv. or modify the amendment with such conditions as it deems appropriate.

- (2) In those cases where the department determines that the proposed change in the facility would not result in any material increase in any environmental impact or would not be a substantial change in the location of all or a portion of the facility, the board shall automatically grant the agendment either as applied for or upon such terms or conditions as the board considers appropriate unless the department's determination is appealed to the board within 15 days after notice of the department's determination is given.
- (3) If a hearing is required, the applicant has the burden of showing by clear and convincing evidence that the amendment should be granted.
- 17 (4) If an amendment is required to a certificate which 18 would affect, amend, alter or modify a decision, opinion, 19 order, certification, or permit issued by the department of 20 heelth-or-board-of-health under the state air and water 21 quality statutes, such amendment must be processed under the 22 applicable statutes administered by the department of-heelth 23 or-board-af-health."
- 24 Section 17. Section 75-20-220. MCA. is amended to 25 read:

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duties. (1) If the board appoints a hearing examiner to conduct any certification proceedings under this chapter, the hearing examiner may not be a member of the boardy or an employee of the departmenty-or-e-member-or-employee-of-the department-of-health-or-board-of-health. A hearing examiner, if any, shall be appointed by the board within 20 days after the department's report has been filed with the board. If a hearing is held before the board-of-health department under air and water quality laws, the board and the board-of-health department of a hearing examiner to preside at both hearings.

- (2) A prehearing conference shall be held following notice within 60 days after the department's report has been filed with the board.
- (3) The prehearing conference shall be organized and supervised by the hearing examiner.
 - (4) The prehearing conference shall be directed toward a determination of the issues presented by the application, the department's report, and an identification of the witnesses and documentary exhibits to be presented by the active parties who intend to participate in the hearing.
 - (5) The hearing examiner shall require the active parties to submit, in writing, and serve upon the other active parties, all direct testimony which they propose and

any studies, investigations, reports, or other exhibits that
any active party wishes the board to consider. These
written exhibits and any documents that the board itself
wishes to use or rely on shall be submitted and served in
like manner, at least 20 days prior to the date set for the
hearing. For good cause shown, the hearing examiner may
allow the introduction of new evidence at any time.

- (6) The hearing examiner shall allow discovery which shall be completed before the commencement of the hearing upon good cause shown and under such other conditions as the hearing examiner shall prescribe.
- (7) Public witnesses and other interested public parties may appear and present oral testimony at the hearing or submit written testimony to the hearing examiner at the time of their appearance. These witnesses are subject to cross-examination.
- (8) The hearing examiner shall issue a prehearing order specifying the issues of fact and of law, identifying the witnesses of the active parties, naming the public witnesses and other interested parties who have submitted written testimony in lieu of appearance, outlining the order in which the hearing shall proceed, setting forth those section 75-20-301 criteria as to which no issue of fact or law has been raised which are to be conclusively presumed and are not subject to further proof except for good cause

shown, and any other special rules to expedite the hearing which the hearing examiner shall adopt with the approval of the board.

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- examiner shall declare the hearing closed and shall, within 60 days of that date, prepare and submit to the board and in the case of a conjunctive hearing, within 90 days to the board and the board-of-health department proposed findings of fact, conclusions of law, and a recommended decision.
- (10) The hearing examiner appointed to conduct a certification proceeding under this chapter shall insure that the time of the proceeding, from the date the department's report is filed with the board until the recommended report and order of the examiner is filed with the board, does not exceed 9 calendar months unless extended by the board for good cause.
- (11) The board or hearing examiner may waive all or a portion of the procedures set forth in subsections (2) through (8) of this section to expedite the hearing for a facility when the department has recommended approval of a facility and no objections have been filed.
- NEW SECTION. Section 18. Mining overburden, wastes, and tailings. The department of natural resources and conservation shall require that all mining overburden, wastes, and tailings be treated, stored, and disposed of in

- accordance with all requirements imposed pursuant to federal
- 2 law and may adopt rules necessary for this purpose.
- 3 Section 19. Reorganization -- existing personnel.
- 4 rules, transactions. The provisions of 2-15-131 through
- 5 2-15-137 apply to the reorganization required by this act.
- Section 20. Repealer. Section 75-5-502. HCA, is
- repealed.

-End-

STATE OF MONTANA

REQUEST NO. 356-81

FISCAL NOTE

Form BD-15

In compliance with a written request received <u>February 11</u> , 19 81 , there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note	9					
for Senate Bill 430 pursuant to Title 5, Chapter 4, Part 2 of the Montana Code Annotated (MCA).						
Background information used in developing this Fiscal Note is available from the Office of Budget and Program Planning, to members						
of the Legislature upon request.						

Description of Proposed Legislation

A bill for an act entitled: "An act to transfer from the Department of Health and Environmental Sciences to the Department of Natural Resources and Conservation the regulatory functions relating to air and water quality; public water supply; sanitation in subdivisions; major facility siting; mine overburden, waste, and tailings disposal; and other miscellaneous functions to transfer from the Health and Environmental Sciences to the Department of Natural Resources and Conservation the functions of setting air and water quality standards, classifying watercourses, major facility siting, and hearing appeals from decisions of the Department; to generally revise the laws to conform to the transfer.

Assumptions

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- 1. The Bureaus will stay housed where they are currently located in the renovated Cogswell Building.
- 2. The rent for these facilities would not be charged to the Montana State Department of Health and Environmental Sciences.
- 3. All legal, support staff accountants, and clerical personnel are transferred along with the professional staff.
- 4. Grant activity and current dollar levels transferred to local health agencies will continue.
 - If the Bureaus are requested to move, then the Department of Natural Resources and Conservation will be appropriated funds to:
 - a. pay for the physical move of approximately 75 staff members, equipment, files, etc.
 - b. pay for all telephone and data system hookups
 - c. pay for rule hearings to transfer the necessary rules
 - d. pay for the printing of rules, pamphlets, forms, and other material required by these functional units
 - e. pay for laboratory support provided by the Montana State Department of Health and Environmental Sciences
- 6. The Department of Administration will be billing the Department of Natural Resources and Conservation for the space occupied by the bureaus involved in this legislation

Fiscal Impact

Assuming that all FTE are transferred to DNRC, and that the full appropriations would follow that move, there is no fiscal impact.

BUDGET DIRECTOR

Office of Budget and Program Planning

Date: 2 - 16 - 8/