## SENATE BILL NO. 269

# INTRODUCED BY CONOVER, OCHSNER, TOWE

#### IN THE SENATE

January 24, 1981	Introduced and referred to Committee on Taxation.
February 20, 1981	Committee recommend bill do pass as amended. Report adopted.
February 21, 1981	Bill printed and placed on members' desks.
February 23, 1981	Second reading, do pass as amended.
February 24, 1981	Correctly engrossed.
February 25, 1981	Third reading, passed. Ayes, 49; Noes, 0. Transmitted to House.

## IN THE HOUSE

March 2, 1981	Introduced and referred to Committee on Taxation.
April 11, 1981	Committee recommend bill be concurred in as amended. Report adopted.
April 16, 1981	Second reading, concurred in.
	On motion rules suspended and bill placed on third reading this day.
	Third reading, concurred in as amended. Ayes, 73; Noes, 24.

#### IN THE SENATE

April 17, 1981

April 20, 1981

Returned from House with amendments.

Second reading, amendments concurred in.

On motion rules suspended. Bill placed on calendar for third reading this day.

Third reading, amendments concurred in. Ayes, 47; Noes, 0. Sent to enrolling.

Reported correctly enrolled.

INTRODUCED BY CONOVA O Cherry Der.

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO REVISE THE METHODS

OF PAYMENT IN EMINENT DOMAIN PROCEEDINGS; PROVIDING FOR

PAYMENT OF CURRENT FAIR MARKET VALUE; REQUIRING PRORATION OF

TAXES AND WEED CONTROL; AND AMENDING SECTIONS 70-30-301,

70-30-302, AND 70-30-308, MCA."

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 70-30-301, MCA, is amended to read:

#70-30-301. Hearing -- judge to preside -
determinations by commissioners. (1) Immediately upon
nomination and appointment of commissioners under 70-30-207,
the same shall proceed to meet at the time and place stated
in the order appointing them, which time shall not be more
than 10 days after the order of appointing, and proceed to
examine the lands sought to be appropriated. At a time
appointed by the judge and within said 10-day period they
shall hear the allegations and evidence of all persons
interested in each of the several parcels of land.

- (2) Such hearing shall be attended by and presided over by the presiding judge who shall make all necessary rulings upon procedure and the admissibility of evidence.
  - (3) At the conclusion of the aforesaid hearing, the

court or judge shall instruct the commissioners as to the law applicable to their deliberations and shall instruct them that their duty is to determine, solely upon the basis of said examination of lands, the evidence produced at the hearing or hearings, and the instructions of the court, the

following:

7 (a) the <u>current fair warket</u> value of the property
8 sought to be appropriated and all improvements thereon
9 pertaining to the realty and of each and every separate
10 estate and interest therein. If it consists of different
11 parcels, the <u>current fair warket</u> value of each parcel and
12 each estate or interest therein must be separately assessed.

(b) if the property sought to be appropriated constitutes only a part of a larger parcel, the depreciation in <u>current fair market</u> value which will accrue to the portion not sought to be condemned by reason of its severance from the portion sought to be condemned and the construction of the improvements in the manner proposed by the plaintiff;

(c) separately, how much the portion not sought to be condemned and each estate or interest therein will be benefited, if at all, by the construction of the improvements proposed by the plaintiff; and if the benefit shall be equal to the amount assessed under subsection (3)(b), the owner of the parcel shall be allowed no

compensation except the value of the portion taken; but if the benefits shall be less than the amount assessed under subsection (3)(b), the former shall be deducted from the latter, and the remainder shall be the only amount allowed in addition to the current fair market value:

- (d) if the property sought to be condemned be for a railroad, the cost of good and sufficient fences along the line of such railroad and the cost of cattle guards where fences may cross the line of such railroad.
- (4) Where there are two or more estates or divided interests in property sought to be condemned, the plaintiff is entitled to have the amount of the award for said property first determined, as hereinbefore stated, as between plaintiff and all defendants claiming any interests therein. Thereafter in the same proceeding the respective rights of each of such defendants in and to the award shall be determined by the commissioners, under supervision and instruction of the court, and the award apportioned accordingly.\*
- Section 2. Section 70-30-302, MCA, is amended to read:

  #70-30-302. Assessing compensation date and measure

   interest. (1) For the purpose of assessing compensation,
  the right thereto shall be deemed to have accrued at the
  date of the service of the summons, and its actual current
  fair market value as of that date shall be the measure of

- compensation for all property to be actually taken and the basis of depreciation in the current fair market value of property not actually taken but injuriously affected. This shall not be construed to limit the amount of compensation payable by the department of highways under the provisions of any legislation enacted pursuant to the federal Highway Beautification Act of 1965.
  - (2) If an order be made letting the plaintiff into possession, as provided in 70-30-311, the full amount finally awarded shall draw interest at the rate of 10% per annum from the date on which the property owner surrenders possession of the property in accordance with the terms of such order to the earlier of the following dates:
  - (a) the date on which the right to appeal to the Montana supreme court expires or, if appeal is filed, to the date of final decision by the supreme court; or
  - (b) the date on which the property owner withdraws from court the full amount finally awarded.
  - (3) If the property owner withdraws from court a fraction of the amount finally awarded, interest on such fraction shall cease on the date it is withdrawn but interest on the remainder of the amount finally awarded shall continue to the earlier of the aforesaid dates defined in (2)(a) and (2)(b) of this section until the full amount is withdrawn from the court.

(4) None of the amount finally awarded shall draw interest after the date on which the right to appeal to the Montana supreme court expires.

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- (5) No improvements put upon the property subsequent to the date of the service of summons shall be included in the assessment of compensation or depreciation in <u>current fair market</u> value, nor shall the same be used as the basis of computing such compensation or depreciation.\*
- Section 3. Section 70-30-308, MCA, is amended to read:
  #70-30-308. How payment made -- execution or annulment
  for nonpayment. (1) Payment may be made to the defendants
  entitled thereto, or the money may be deposited in court for
  the defendants and be distributed to those entitled thereto.
  However, at the option of the defendants, payments may be
  made:
- 16 (a) on an annual basis, utilizing the installment
  17 contract method:
  - 1b) by means of a land exchange between the defendants and plaintiffs if the land to be provided by the plaintiffs in the exchange is of equal or more value than the land being condemned; or
  - (c) if an easement over or through the defendants' property is involved, payments may be made on an annual basis. Such payments must be for the value of the use of the land in the same manner as a lease payment. The payments

- shall continue for the duration of the easement.
- 2 (2) If the money be not so paid or deposited, the
  3 defendants may have execution as in civil cases, and if the
  4 money cannot be made on execution, the court or judge, upon
  5 a showing to that effect, must set aside and annul the
  6 entire proceedings and restore possession of the property to
  7 the defendant if possession has been taken by the
  8 plaintiff.\*\*
- 9 <u>NEW SECTION</u> Section 4. Current fair market value.
  10 Current fair market value is the price that would be agreed
  11 to by a willing and informed seller and buyer, taking into
  12 consideration, but not limited to, the following factors:
- (1) the highest and best reasonably available use of the property and its value for such use;
- 15 (2) the machinery, equipment, and fixtures forming 16 part of the real estate taken; and
- 17 (3) any other relevant factors as to which evidence is offered.
- NEW SECTIONs Section 5. Weed control responsibility.

  The plaintiff, upon taking possession of the land, is
  responsible for the control and destruction of noxious weeds
  on such land until natural grasses have taken over the
  property and noxious weeds have ceased to exist.
- 24 <u>NEW SECTION</u>. Section 6. Proration of taxes. The 25 plaintiff shall be assessed his pro rata share of taxes for

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the land being condemned as of the date of possession. The
plaintiff shall be assessed for all taxes accruing after the
date of possession.

Section 7. Codification instruction. Sections 4. 5.
and 6 are intended to be codified as an integral part of
Title 70, chapter 30, part 3, and the provisions of Title
70, chapter 30, apply to sections 4, 5, and 6, and sections
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-End-

Approved by Committee on Texation

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7	TAXES AND WEED CONTROL: AND AMENDING SECTIONS 70-30-301.
8	70-30-302. AND 70-30-308. MCA."
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10	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
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13	determinations by commissioners. (1) Immediately upon
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15 .	the same shall proceed to meet at the time and place stated
16	in the order appointing them, which time shall not be more
17	than 10 days after the order of appointing, and proceed to
18	examine the lands sought to be appropriated. At a time
19	appointed by the judge and within said 10-day period they
20	shall hear the allegations and evidence of all persons
21	interested in each of the several parcels of land.
22	(2) Such hearing shall be attended by and presided
23	over by the presiding judge who shall make all necessary
24	rulings upon procedure and the admissibility of evidence.
25	(3) At the conclusion of the aforesaid hearing, the

court or judge shall instruct the commissioners as to the law applicable to their deliberations and shall instruct them that their duty is to determine, solely upon the basis of said examination of lands, the evidence produced at the hearing or hearings, and the instructions of the court, the following:

(a) the current fair market value of the property

R sought to be appropriated and all improvements thereon pertaining to the realty and of each and every separate estate and interest therein. If it consists of different 10 11 parcels, the current fair market value of each parcel and each estate or interest therein must be separately assessed. 12 13 (b) if the property sought to be appropriated 14 constitutes only a part of a larger parcel, the depreciation in current fair market value which will accrue to the 15 16 portion not sought to be condemned by reason of its 17 severance from the portion sought to be condemned and the 18 construction of the improvements in the manner proposed by the plaintiff: 19

(c) separately, how much the portion not sought to be condemned and each estate or interest therein will be benefited, if at all, by the construction of the improvements proposed by the plaintiff; and if the benefit shall be equal to the amount assessed under subsection (3)(b), the owner of the parcel shall be allowed no

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compensation except the value of the portion taken; but if the benefits shall be less than the amount assessed under subsection (3)(b), the former shall be deducted from the latter, and the remainder shall be the only amount allowed in addition to the <u>current fair market</u> value;

- (d) if the property sought to be condemned be for a railroad, the cost of good and sufficient fences along the line of such railroad and the cost of cattle guards where fences may cross the line of such railroad.
- (4) Where there are two or more estates or divided interests in property sought to be condemned, the plaintiff is entitled to have the amount of the award for said property first determined, as hereinbefore stated, as between plaintiff and all defendants claiming any interests therein. Thereafter in the same proceeding the respective rights of each of such defendants in and to the award shall be determined by the commissioners, under supervision and instruction of the court, and the award apportioned accordingly."
- Section 2. Section 70-30-302, MCA, is amended to read:

  "70-30-302. Assessing compensation -- date and measure

  -- interest. (1) For the purpose of assessing compensation, the right thereto shall be deemed to have accrued at the date of the service of the summons, and its actual current fair market value as of that date shall be the measure of

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- compensation for all property to be actually taken and the basis of depreciation in the current fair market value of property not actually taken but injuriously affected. This shall not be construed to limit the amount of compensation payable by the department of highways under the provisions of any legislation enacted pursuant to the federal Highway Beautification Act of 1965.
- (2) If an order be made letting the plaintiff into possession, as provided in 70-30-311, the full amount finally awarded shall draw interest at the rate of 10% per annum from the date on which the property owner surrenders possession of the property in accordance with the terms of such order to the earlier of the following dates:
- (a) the date on which the right to appeal to the Montana supreme court expires or, if appeal is filed, to the date of final decision by the supreme court; or
- (b) the date on which the property owner withdraws from court the full amount finally awarded.
  - (3) If the property owner withdraws from court a fraction of the amount finally awarded, interest on such fraction shall cease on the date it is withdrawn but interest on the remainder of the amount finally awarded shall continue to the earlier of the aforesaid dates defined in (2)(a) and (2)(b) of this section until the full amount is withdrawn from the court.

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  for nonpayment. (1) Payment may be made to the defendants

  entitled thereto, or the money may be deposited in court for

  the defendants and be distributed to those entitled thereto.

  However, at the option of the defendants: payments may be

  made:
- 16 <u>[a] on an annual basis, utilizing the installment</u>
  17 contract method;
- 18 (b) by means of a land exchange between the defendants

  19 and plaintiffs if the land to be provided by the plaintiffs

  20 in the exchange is of equal or more value than the land

  21 being condemned; or
- 22 (c) if an easement over or through the defendants\*
  23 property is involved, payments may be made on an annual
  24 basis. Such payments must be for the value of the use of the
  25 land in the same manner as a lease payment. The payments

- shall continue for the duration of the easement. THE

  DEFENDANT SHALL EXERCISE THE OPTION GRANTED IN THIS SECTION

  BY FILING A WRITTEN ELECTION WITH THE DISTRICT COURT AT

  LEAST 15 DAYS BEFORE TRIAL. IF THE OPTION IS EXERCISED THE

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  CONSIDERED THE JUST COMPENSATION REQUIRED UNDER ARTICLE 2.

  SECTION 29. MONTANA CONSTITUTION. IT MAY NOT BE CHANGED OR

  ALTERED AS A RESULT OF SUBSEQUENT CIRCUMSTANCES.
- 9 (2) If the money be not so paid or deposited, the
  10 defendants may have execution as in civil cases, and if the
  11 money cannot be made on execution, the court or judge, upon
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  13 entire proceedings and restore possession of the property to
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NEW SECTION. Section 5. Weed control responsibility. The plaintiff, upon taking possession of the land, is responsible for the control and destruction of noxious weeds on such land until natural grasses have taken over the property and noxious weeds have ceased to exist.

NEW SECTION. Section 6. Proration of taxes. The plaintiff shall be assessed his pro rata share of taxes for the land being condemned as of the date of possession OR SUMMONS, WHICHEVER OCCURS FIRST. The plaintiff shall be assessed for all taxes accruing after the date of possession OR-SUMMONS, WHICHEVER OCCURS FIRST.

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  the right thereto shall be deemed to have accrued at the

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- compensation for all property to be actually taken and the basis of depreciation in the current fair market value of property not actually taken but injuriously affected. This shall not be construed to limit the amount of compensation payable by the department of highways under the provisions of any legislation enacted pursuant to the federal Highway Beautification Act of 1965.
  - (2) If an order be made letting the plaintiff into possession, as provided in 70-30-311, the full amount finally awarded shall draw interest at the rate of 10% per annum from the date on which the property owner surrenders possession of the property in accordance with the terms of such order to the earlier of the following dates:
- 14 (a) the date on which the right to appeal to the 15 Montana supreme court expires or+ if appeal is filed, to the 16 date of final decision by the supreme court; or
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  from court the full amount finally awarded.
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  entitled thereto, or the money may be deposited in court for

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  made:
- 16 (a) IF A FEE SIMPLE INTEREST IN THE DEFENDANT'S LAND
  17 IS TAKEN, on an annual basis, utilizing the installment
  18 contract method;
  - (b) IF OTHER LAND IS REASONABLY AVAILABLE AND THE
    PLAINTIFF CONSENTS, by means of a land exchange between the
    defendants and plaintiffs if the land to be provided by the
    plaintiffs in the exchange is of equal or more value than
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- 24 (c) if an easement over or through the defendants'
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- 1 basis. Such payments must be for the value of the use of the
- 2 land in the same manner as a lease payment. The payments
- 3 shall continue for the duration of the easement. THE
- 4 DEFENDANT SHALL EXERCISE THE OPTION GRANTED IN THIS SECTION
- 5 BY FILING A WRITTEN ELECTION WITH THE DISTRICT COURT AT
- 6 LEAST 15 DAYS BEFORE TRIAL. IF THE OPTION IS EXERCISED THE
- 7 AGREEMENT, OR COURT ORDER FOR ANNUAL PAYMENTS, SHALL BE
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  date of the service of the summons: and its actual current

  fair market value as of that date shall be the measure of

- compensation for all property to be actually taken and the basis of depreciation in the current fair market value of property not actually taken but injuriously affected. This shall not be construed to limit the amount of compensation payable by the department of highways under the provisions of any legislation enacted pursuant to the federal Highway Beautification Act of 1965.
- 8 (2) If an order be made letting the plaintiff into possession, as provided in 70-30-311, the full amount finally awarded shall draw interest at the rate of 10% per annum from the date on which the property owner surrenders possession of the property in accordance with the terms of such order to the earlier of the following dates:
  - (a) the date on which the right to appeal to the Montana supreme court expires or, if appeal is filed, to the date of final decision by the supreme court; or
  - (b) the date on which the property owner withdraws from court the full amount finally awarded.
  - (3) If the property owner withdraws from court a fraction of the amount finally awarded, interest on such fraction shall cease on the date it is withdrawn but interest on the remainder of the amount finally awarded shall continue to the earlier of the aforesaid dates defined in (2)(a) and (2)(b) of this section until the full amount is withdrawn from the court.

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(4) None of the amount finally awarded shall draw interest after the date on which the right to appeal to the Montana supreme court expires.

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(5) No improvements put upon the property subsequent to the date of the service of summons shall be included in the assessment of compensation or depreciation in <u>current fair market</u> value, nor shall the same be used as the basis of computing such compensation or depreciation."

Section 3. Section 70-30-308, MCA, is amended to read:

#70-30-308. How payment made -- execution or annulment
for nonpayment. (1) Payment may be made to the defendants
entitled thereto, or the money may be deposited in court for
the defendants and be distributed to those entitled thereto.

However, at the option of the defendants, payments may be
made:

16 (a) IF A FEE SIMPLE INTEREST IN THE DEFENDANT'S LAND
17 IS TAKEN: on an annual basis: utilizing the installment
18 contract method:
19 (b) IF OTHER LAND IS REASONABLY AVAILABLE AND THE

19 <u>[b] 1F OTHER LAND IS REASONABLY AVAILABLE AND THE</u>
20 <u>PLAINTIFF CONSENTS</u>, by means of a land exchange between the
21 <u>defendants</u> and plaintiffs if the land to be provided by the
22 <u>plaintiffs in the exchange is of equal or more value than</u>
23 <u>the land being condemned; or</u>

25 <u>property is involved, payments-may-be-made-on-an-annual</u>

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basis--Such-payments-must-be-for-the-value-of-the-use-of-the 1 2 land--in--the--same--manner-as-a-lease-payment\*-The-payments 3 shall--continue--for--the--duration--of--the--easement\* FHE DEFENDANT--SHALL-EXERGISE-THE-OPTION-GRANTED-IN-THIS-SEGTION 8Y-F1E1NG-A-WRITTEN-ELECTION--WITH--THE--015TRICT--COURT--AT teast--ts-mays-mereme-triata---if-the-option-is-exercised-the 7 AGREEMENTY-OR-E BURT-ORDER--FOR--ANNUAL--PAYMENTSY--SHALL--BE SECTION-29+-MONTANA-CONSTITUTION-IT-MAY-NOT-8E--CHANGED-:OR 10 ALTERED-AS-A-RESULT-OF-SUBSEQUENT-CIRCUMSTANCES IN\_EITHER\_A 11 SINGLE PAYMENT OR IN NOT MORE THAN FIVE CONSECUTIVE ANNUAL 12 INSTALLMENTS.

13 {2} If the money be not so paid or deposited, the
14 defendants may have execution as in civil cases, and if the
15 money cannot be made on execution, the court or judge, upon
16 a showing to that effect, must set aside and annul the
17 entire proceedings and restore possession of the property to
18 the defendant if possession has been taken by the
19 plaintiff."

NEW SECTION. Section 4. Current fair market value.

Current fair market value is the price that would be agreed

to by a willing and informed seller and buyer, taking into

consideration, but not limited to, the following factors:

24 (1) the highest and best reasonably available use of 25 the property and its value for such use;

- (2) the machinery, equipment, and fixtures forming part of the real estate taken; and
- (3) any other relevant factors as to which evidence is offered.

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NEW SECTION. Section 5. Weed control responsibility. The plaintiff, upon taking possession of the land is responsible for the control and destruction of noxious weeds on such land until natural grasses have taken over the property and noxious weeds have ceased to exist.

NEW SECTION. Section 6. Proration of taxes. The plaintiff shall be assessed his pro rata share of taxes for the land being condemned as of the date of possession OR SUMMONS, WHICHEVER OCCURS FIRST. The plaintiff shall be assessed for all taxes accruing after the date of possession OR SUMMONS, WHICHEVER OCCURS FIRST.

Section 7. Codification instruction. Sections 4, 5, and 6 are intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 70, chapter 30, part 3, and the provisions of Title 70, chapter 30, apply to sections 4, 5, and 6, and sections 4, 5, and 6 apply to Title 70, chapter 30.

-End-

#### April 11, 1981

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TAXATION AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL 269:

Page 5, line 25 through line 10, page 6.
 Following: "involved," on page 5, line 25
 Strike: line 25 through line 10 on page 6 in their entirety
 Insert: "in either a single payment or in not more than five consecutive annual installments."