SENATE BILL NO. 146

INTRODUCED BY HAZELBAKER, AKLESTAD, E. SMITH, MANUEL

IN THE SENATE

January 15, 1	981	Introduced and referred to Committee on Agriculture, Livestock, and Irrigation.
February 3, 1	981	Committee recommend hill do pass as amended. Report adopted.
February 4, 1		Bill printed and placed on members' deaks.
February 5, 1	981	Second reading, do pass.
February 6, 1	931	Correctly engrossed.
February 7, 1	981	Third reading, passed. Transmitted to House.

IN THE HOUSE

February 9, 1981	Introduced and referred to Committee on Agriculture.
March 10, 1991	Committee recommend bill be concurred in. Report adopted.
March 11, 1981	Second reading, concurred in.
March 14, 1981	Third reading, concurred in.

IN THE SENATE

March 16, 1981 Returned from House. Concurred in. Sent to enrolling.

Reported correctly enrolled.

1	Sente BILL NO. 146
2	INTRODUCED BY Lalloh AKKESTAS Smith Menuel
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4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO REVISE APICULTURE
5	PROVISIONS RELATING TO DEFINITIONS, REGISTRATION OF
á	APIARIES. AND THE INCREASE IN THE NUMBER OF HIVES ON AN
7	APIARY; AMENDING SECTIONS 80-6-101 THROUGH 80-6-103, MCA."
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9	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
lo	Section 1. Section 80-6-101, MCA, is amended to read:
11	#80~6-101. Definitions. Unless the context requires
12	otherwise, in this chapter the following definitions apply:
13	(1) "Apiary" means a place where one or more colonies
۱4	of bees are kept or one or more hives containing honeycombs
15	or bee combs are kept.
16	(2) "Bee diseases" means American or European
L7	foulbrood, sacbrood, bee paralysis, or other disease or
la	abnormal condition of egg, larval, pupal, or adult stages of
19	bees.
20	(3) "Bees" means any stage of the bees in the genus
21	Apis.
22	(4) "Colony" means the hive and all equipment used in
23	connection with the hive.
24	(5) "Department" means the department of agricultures
) c	provided for in 2-15-2001

1	(5)(6) "Equipment" means hives, supers, frames, vails
z	gloves, or any apparatus, tools, machines, or other devices
3	used in the handling and manipulation of bees, honey, wax,
4	and hives and includes containers of honey and wax which may
5	be used in an apiary or in transporting bees and their
6	products and apiary supplies.
7	(7) "Family unit" means two or more persons living
8	together or residing in the Same dwelling, house, or other
9	place of residence.
С	(8) "General apiery" means any apiary other than a
1	pollination apiary, landowner apiary, or hobbyist apiary
2	except the term includes any apiary of 21 or more hives.
3	(6)(9) "Hive" means a frame hive, box hive, box
4	barrel. log gum, skep, or other receptable or container or a
5	part of a container, natural or artificial, which may be
6	used as a domicile for bees.
7	(10) "Hobbyist aplary" means an aplary owned by
8	hobbyist beekeeper.
9	(11) "Hobbyist beekeeper" means a person who owns a
o	total of no more than five hives.
1	[12] "Landowner" means the person who has the actual
2	use and exclusive possession of the land upon which a
3	landowner apiary is to be registered. However, a person
4	leasing or renting land for the primary purpose of locating

or establishing an aplary thereon is not considered a

1	iandowner.
2	113) "Landowner apiary" means an apiary owned by a
3	landowner as defined in this section.
4	(7)(14) "Persons" means individuals, associations,
5	partnerships, or corporations.
6	(15) "Pollination apiary" means an apiary operated for
7	pollination of a commercial seed, fruit, or other commercial
8	agricultural product as provided in [section 4].
9	(8) (116) "Queen apiary" means an apiary or premises in
10	which queen bees are reared or kept for sale or gift."
11	Section 2. Section 80-6-102, MCA, is amended to read:
12	#80-6-102. Registration. (1) A person who owns or
13	possesses an apiary in the state shall, before April ${f 1}$ each
14	year, register the apiary. There are four classes of apiary
15	registration. The conditions under which the department may
16	issue certificates of registration for each class are
17	specified in [sections 3 through 7].
18	(2) Applications shall be made to the department for
19	registration application blanks.
20	(3) Registration application blanks shall be furnished
21	by the department. The applicant shall provide the following
22	information:
23	(a) a statement of the name and place of residence;
24	(b) the number of colonies of bees, hives, and

(c) the location of the apiary, setting fort
specifically the location by sectional division to the
nearest quarter section, and the township and range and, $\ i$
within the corporate limits of a town or city, the number of
the lot and block in the town or city;
(d) the name of the owner, renter, or occupant of the
land on which the apiary is located and when the
application is for a new apiary being registered for the
first times the application must also show that the owner.
renter. or occupant of the land has consented to the apiar
being located on his land:
(e) the date when the aplary was first established
and
(f) the class of apiary registration for which
application is being made: and
<pre>ff)(g) other information the department may require</pre>
under rules adopted by it for the protection, safety, and
welfare of the public and the beekeeping industry.
(4) Upon receipt of the application and payment of the
fees prescribed, the department may issue a certificate of
registration for an apiary, setting forth the name of the
owner, the specific location, and the number of colonies o
bees or size of the apiary authorized under the
registrations and the class of apiary authorized by the
registration.

equipment in the apiary;

(5) In issuing certificates of registration for apiaries, if there is a conflict between applicants with respect to location, the department shall give preference to the applicant having the oldest continuous registered apiary.

- (5) Certificates of registration may not be issued for new apiaries which are within such close proximity to established registered apiaries that there is or may be danger of spread of disease or that the proximity will or may interfere with the proper feeding and honey flow of established apiaries.
- (7) Before registering new apiaries, the department shall give at least 10 days' notice by certified mail to all registered apiarists likely to be affected by the proposed new apiary so that any party affected may file written protests with the department against registering the new apiary. If a written protest is filed, the department may require a hearing. Notice of the time and place of the hearing shall be given all parties interested by certified mail at least 10 days before the date set for the hearing.
- (8) Suitable evidence of registration furnished by the department shall be posted by the apiary registrant in a conspicuous place at or near the apiary. If an owner has more than one apiary, suitable evidence of registration furnished by the department shall be posted at each apiary.

year is a late registration and incurs an added penalty of 10% of the regular registration fee. Registrants who fail to apply for reregistration by April 1 of each year shall be notified of their delinquency by the department. The notification shall be by certified mail and is sufficient if deposited in a United States post office or mail box and addressed to the registrant at his last address appearing in the apiary registration files of the department at least 10 days before May 1. The registration of an apiary for which application for reregistration is not made by May 1 of each year is forfeited and all rights under the registration terminate.

(10) Any person who owns or possesses any bees, hives, colonies, or beekeeping equipment in this state or who owns or possesses an apiary in this state and who fails or refuses to register the same as provided in this part is quilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof is subject to the penalties set forth in 80-6-303.

(11) Nothing contained in this section or in [sections

3 through 7] shall be construed as invalidating, canceling,
amending, terminating, or extending any certificate of
registration issued by the department prior to [the
effective date of this act]. All such previously issued
certificates of registration remain in effect for the period

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- for which they were issued: subjects howevers to farfeitures

 lapses abandonments and termination in the manner provided
- by law."

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- NEW_SECTION. Section 3. General apiary registrations.

 (1) In order to control, limit, and prevent the spread of bee diseases and other contagious or infectious diseases among bees, hives, and apiaries and to control, limit, and prevent interference with the proper feeding and honey flow of established apiaries, general apiaries registered to different persons on [the effective date of this act] must be located 3 or more miles apart, except as otherwise provided in this part. The department shall not register or issue a certificate of registration for any general apiary that is located less than 3 miles from a general apiary registered to another person, except as otherwise provided in this section.
- (2) A person may register a general apiary that is situated less than 3 miles from another general apiary he has registered so long as the location of the general apiary being applied for is 3 or more miles from general apiaries registered to other persons.
- (3) A general apiary may be registered even though it is less than 3 miles from any registered pollination apiary. landowner apiary, or hobbyist apiary.
- 25 (4) A person with an existing apiary that is located

- less than 3 miles from an existing general apiary registered to another person may register his apiary as a general apiary under the following conditions:
- 4 (a) his apiary was established and registered with the 5 department as a general apiary under the department's rules 6 in effect prior to July 1, 1931;
 - (5) his apiary is registered with the department as a general apiary as of July 1, 1981; and
- 9 (c) the registration of his apiary has not been 10 forfeited or abandoned under the provisions of 11 80-6-102(3)(q) or 80-6-104.
- 12 NEW SECTION. Section 4. Pollination appary
 13 registrations. (1) The department may grant pollination
 14 appary registrations to commercial seed and fruit producers
 15 or other commercial agricultural producers under the
 16 following conditions:
 - (a) (i) the applicant must own, lease, or rent the land upon which the pollination apiary is to be located and the applicant must use the land for the purpose of growing a commercial seed, fruit, or other crop which is dependent upon bees or other insects for pollination;
- (ii) the applicant does not own the bees or the hiveswhich are to be placed upon the pollination apiary; and
- 24 (iii) the only purpose of the apiary is to pollinate a 25 commercial agricultural crop.

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1	(b) The applicant shall provide the department wi	tt
2	all pertinent information necessary to determine	i f
3	pollination apiaries are needed to pollinate the applicant	' \$
4	crop adequately.	

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- (c) The department may refuse to register a pollination apiary based upon its own investigation of the matter, but if the department approves the application, it shall specify the number and location of pollination apiaries needed for the purpose of pollinating the applicant's commercial agricultural crop adequately.
- (2) A pollination apiary registration is valid only for the time period specified by the department, and all pollination apiaries must be removed within 2 weeks after the full bloom period of the crop to be pollinated.
- (3) A registered pollination apiary which is sold, leased, rented, or transferred to another person must be reregistered by the lessee, renter, or transferee.
- NEW SECTION. Section 5. Landowner apiary registrations. (1) The department may grant landowner apiary registrations under the following conditions:
- (a) The applicant must be a landowner, as defined in 80-6-101 and must own the land upon which the apiary will be located.
- 24 (b) The applicant must own the bees and the hives that 25 will be placed on the apiary.

1	(c)	The bees	and the	hives	must be	personally	managed
2	and opera	ted by the	applic	ant.			

- 3 (2) A registered landowner apiary which is sold: 4 leased, rented, or transferred to another person must be 5 reregistered by the lessee, renter, or transferee.
- 6 NEW SECTION: Section 6. Hobbyist aplary
 7 registrations. (1) The department may grant hobbyist aplary
 8 registrations to hobbyist beekeepers under the following
 9 conditions:
- 10 (a) The applicant must not own a total of more than

 11 five hives, and all of the hives must be placed on the

 12 hobbyist apiary.
 - (b) The applicant must own the bees and the hives and must personally manage and operate the bees and the hives.
- 15 (c) Only one hobbyist registration is allowed an applicant and only two hobbyist apiary registrations are allowed a family unit.
 - (d) If the department determines that too many hobbyist apiaries are being registered within too close proximity of each other or of other established apiaries so that there is or may be danger of the spread of bee diseases or other contagious or infectious diseases among bees or apiaries or that there will be interference with the proper feeding and honey flow of established apiaries, the department may refuse to grant any further hobbyist

registrations in the locality and area of the danger. In accordance with 80-6-102(6).

(2) A registered hobbyist apiary which is sold, leased, rented, or transferred to another person must be reregistered by the lessee, renter, or transferee.

NEW SECTION. Section 7. Restrictions on aplary locations. Pollination apiaries, landowner apiaries, and hobbyist apiaries may be located less than 3 miles from pollination apiaries, landowner apiaries, hobbyist apiaries, and general apiaries registered to other persons. General apiaries may be located within 3 miles of one another only under the provisions of [section 3].

Section 8. Section 80-6-103, MCA, is amended to reads #80-6-103. Changing locations — enlarging or selling apiaries. (1) An owner of an established registered apiary may not change the location of the apiary without first receiving from the department authorization to establish the new apiary. In making the application, he shall specify the location of the apiary with the same particularity as in the application for original registration. If the new apiary is not used within 60 days after a new certificate of registration lapses and all rights under the registration terminate. Registrations for new apiaries may not be issued for greater areas than the applicant can show are reasonably necessary

for his needs consistent with good beekeeping practice.

2 (2) A registered apiary may be sold or transferred to
3 a purchaser subject to this chapter, if all bees and
4 equipment on the apiary are sold to the purchaser.

(3) No person may increase the number of hives on an apiary to exceed the number of hives authorized by his certificate of registration for that appary, except that a person may increase the number of hives on a general apiary peyond the number authorized by the certificate of registration_in_order_to_protect_his__bees__during_adverse weather or crop conditions or to protect his bees and hives from bears or other predators. A person may also enlarge a ceneral apiary during the spring buildup and in the fall after the end of the honey season in order to gather his bees for shipment out of the state or to winter his bees on that apiary.

the number of hives authorized—under—a—certificate—of registration herein allowed is guilty of a misdemeanor and is subject to the penalties set forth in 80-6-303.

Section 9. Codification instruction. Sections 3 through 7 are intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 80, chapter 6, part 1, and the provisions of Title 80, chapter 6, apply to sections 3 through 7.

-End~

47th Legislature

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58 0146/02

SENATE BILL NO. 146

INTRODUCED BY HAZELBAKER. AKLESTAD. E. SMITH, MANUEL

Approved by Committee on Agriwulture Livestock & Irrigation

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4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO REVISE APICULTUR
5	PROVISIONS RELATING TO DEFINITIONS. REGISTRATION C
6	APIARIES, AND THE INCREASE IN THE NUMBER OF HIVES ON A
7	APIARY; AMENDING SECTIONS 80-6-101 THROUGH 80-6-103. MCA.
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9	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
0	Section 1. Section 80-6-101, MCA, is amended to read
1	"80-6-101. Definitions. Unless the context require
2	otherwise, in this chapter the following definitions apply
3	(1) "Apiary" means a place where one or more colonie
4	of bees are kept or one or more hives containing honeycomb
5	or bee combs are kept.
6	(2) "Bee diseases" means American or Europea
7	foulbrood, sacbrood, bee paralysis, or other disease o
8	abnormal condition of egg, larval, pupal, or adult stages o
9	bees.
o	(3) "Bees" means any stage of the bees in the genu
1	Apis.
2	(4) "Colony" means the hive and all equipment used i
3	connection with the hive.
4	(5) "Department" means the department of agriculture
5	provided for in 2-15-3001.

l	(5) (6) "Equipment" means hives, supers, frames, veils,
2	gloves, or any apparatus, tools, machines, or other devices
3	used in the handling and manipulation of bees, honey, wax,
4	and hives and includes containers of honey and wax which may
5	be used in an apiary or in transporting bees and their
6	products and apiary supplies.
7	[7] "Family unit" means two or more persons living
8	together or residing in the same dwelling, house, or other
9	place of residence.
0	(a) "General apiary" means any apiary other than a
1	pollination apiary, landowner apiary, or hobbyist apiary
2	except-the-term-includes-any-apiory-of-21-or-more-hives.
3	to) [9] "Hive" means a frame hive, box hive, box,
4	barrel, log gum, skep, or other receptacle or container or a
5	part of a container, natural or artificial, which may be
6	used as a domicile for bees.
7	(10) "Hobbyist apiary" means an apiary owned by a
8	hobbyist_beekeeper.
9	(11) "Hobbyist beekeeper" means a person who owns a
o	total of no more than five hives.
1	(12) "Landowner" means the person who has the actual
2	use and exclusive possession of the land upon which a
3	landowner apiary is to be registered. However, a person
4	<u>leasing or renting land for the primary purpose of locating</u>
5	or establishing an apiary thereon is not considered a

SB 0146/02

1	<u>raudomue.</u>
2	(13) "Landowner apiary" means an apiary owned by
3	landowner as defined in this section.
4	f7+(14) "Persons" means individuals: associations
5	partnerships+ or corporations-
6	(15) "Pollination apiary" means an apiary operated for
7	pollination of a commercial seed, fruit, or other commercial
8	agricultural product as provided in [section 4]-
9	$\{8\}$ (16) "Queen apiary" means an apiary or premises in
10	which queen bees are reared or kept for sale or gift."
11	Section 2. Section 80-6-102, MCA, is amended to read
12	™80-6-102. Registration. (1) A person who owns o
13	possesses an apiary in the State shall, before April 1 each
14	year, register the aplary. <u>There are four classes of aplar</u>
15	registration. The conditions under which the department ma
16	issue certificates of registration for each class are
17	specified in [sections 3 through 7].
18	(2) Applications shall be made to the department for
19	registration application blanks.
20	(3) Registration application blanks shall be furnished
21	by the department. The applicant shall provide the following
22	information:
23	(a) a statement of the name and place of residence;

1	(c) the location of the apiary, setting forth
2	specifically the location by sectional division to the
3	nearest quarter section, and the township and range and, if
4	within the corporate limits of a town or city, the number of
5	the lot and block in the town or city;
6	(d) the name of the owner, renter, or occupant of the
7	land on which the apiary is located and, when the
8	application is for a new apiary being registered for the
9	first time, the application must also show that the owner.
10	renter, or occupant of the land has consented to the aplary
11	, being located on his land;
12	(e) the date when the apiary was first established;
13	and
14	(f) the class of apiary registration for which
15	application is being made; and
16	<pre>(f)(q) other information the department may require</pre>
17	under rules adopted by it for the protection, safety, and
18	welfare of the public and \underline{the} beekeeping industry.
19	(4) Upon receipt of the application and payment of the
20	fees prescribed, the department may issue a certificate of
21	registration for an apiary, setting forth the name of the

owner, the specific location, and the number of colonies of

bees or size of the apiary authorized under the

registration, and the class of apiary authorized by the

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equipment in the apiary;

24 25 (b) the number of colonies of bees, hives, and

(5) In issuing certificates of registration for apiaries, if there is a conflict between applicants with respect to location, the department shall give preference to the applicant having the oldest continuous registered apiary.

- (6) Certificates of registration may not be issued for new apiaries which are within such close proximity to established registered apiaries that there is or may be danger of spread of disease or that the proximity will or may interfere with the proper feeding and honey flow of established apiaries.
- (7) before registering new apiaries, the department shall give at least iO days' notice by certified mail to all registered apiarists likely to be affected by the proposed new apiary so that any party affected may file written protests with the department against registering the new apiary. If a written protest is filed, the department may require a hearing. Notice of the time and place of the hearing shall be given all parties interested by certified mail at least 10 days before the date set for the hearing.
- (8) Suitable evidence of registration furnished by the department shall be posted by the apiary registrant in a conspicuous place at or near the apiary. If an owner has more than one apiary, suitable evidence of registration furnished by the department shall be posted at each apiary.

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(9) A registration not applied for by April 1 of each year is a late registration and incurs an added penalty of 10% of the regular registration fee, Registrants who fail to apply for reregistration by April 1 of each year shall be notified of their delinquency by the department. The notification shall be by certified mail and is sufficient if deposited in a United States post office or mail box and addressed to the registrant at his last address appearing in the apiary registration files of the department at least 10 days before May 1. The registration of an apiary for which application for reregistration is not made by May 1 of each year is forfeited and all rights under the registration terminate.

(10) Any person who owns or possesses any bees, hives, colonies, or beekeeping equipment in this state or who owns or possesses an apiary in this state and who fails or refuses to register the same as provided in this part is quilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof is subject to the penalties set forth in 80-6-303.

(11) Nothing contained in this section or in [sections 3 through 7] shall be construed as invalidating, canceling, amending, terminating, or extending any certificate of registration issued by the department prior to [the effective date of this act]. All such previously issued certificates of registration remain in effect for the period

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1	for which they were issued; subject, however, to forfeiture
2	lapse, abandonment, and termination in the manner provided
3	by law."

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NEW SECTION. Section 3. General appary registrations. (1) In order to control, limit, and prevent the spread of bee diseases and other contagious or infectious diseases among bees, hives, and apiaries and to control. limit, and prevent interference with the proper feeding and honey flow of established apiaries, general apiaries registered to different persons on [the effective date of this act] must be located 3 or more miles apart, except as otherwise provided in this part. The department shall not register or issue a certificate of registration for any general appary that is located less than 3 miles from a general apiary registered to another person, except as otherwise provided in this section.

- (2) A person may register a general apiary that is situated less than 3 miles from another general apiary he has registered so long as the location of the general apiary being applied for is 3 or more miles from general apiaries registered to other persons.
- (3) A general apiary may be registered even though it is less than 3 miles from any registered pollination apiary. landowner apiary, or hobbyist apiary.
- (4) A person with an existing apiary that is located

less than	3 miles	from	an	existí	ng ge	neral	api	ary	re	gistered
to another	person	may	reg	ister	hís	apiar	y	a 5	a	general
apiary und	er the f	follos	v i no	condi	tions	:				

- (a) his apiary was established and registered with the department as a general apiary under the department's rules in effect prior to July 1, 1981;
- (b) his apiary is registered with the department as a general apiary as of July 1, 1981; and
- (c) the registration of his apiary has not been forfeited or abandoned under the provisions 11 88-6-102(3) tg + 80-6-102(9) or 80-6-104.

NEW SECTION. Section 4. Pollination apiary registrations. (1) The department may grant pollination apiary registrations to commercial seed and fruit producers or other commercial agricultural producers under the following conditions:

- (a) (i) the applicant must own, lease, or rent the land upon which the pollination appary is to be located and the applicant must use the land for the purpose of growing a commercial seed, fruit, or other crop which is dependent upon bees or other insects for pollination;
- (ii) the applicant does not own the bees or the hives which are to be placed upon the pollination apiary; and
- 24 (iii) the only purpose of the apiary is to pollinate a 25 commercial agricultural crop.

SB 0146/02

1	(b) The applicant shall provide the department wi	th
2	all pertinent information necessary to determine	1 F
3	pollination apiaries are needed to pollinate the applicant	۱5
4	crop adequately.	

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- (c) The department may refuse to register a pollination apiary based upon its own investigation of the matter, but if the department approves the application, it shall specify the number and location of pollination apiaries needed for the purpose of pollinating the applicant's commercial agricultural crop adequately.
- (2) A pollination apiary registration is valid only for the time period specified by the department, and all pollination apiaries must be removed within 2 weeks after the full bloom period of the crop to be pollinated.
- (3) A-registered-politination-aptary-which-is-soldy
 leasedy--rentedy--or--transferred--to-another-person-must-be
 reregistered--by--the--leaseey--rentery--or--transferred-- NO

 CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION OF A POLLINATION APIARY MAY BE
 LEASED, ASSIGNED, OR TRANSFERRED AND NO PERSON OTHER: THAN
 THE POLLINATION APIARY REGISTRANT MAY EXERCISE ANY RIGHTS OR
 PRIVILEGES, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY: AUTHORIZED BY THE
 CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION.
- NEW SECTION. Section 5. Landowner appary
 registrations. (i) The department may grant landowner appary
 registrations under the following conditions:

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ı	(a)	The	app	olica	ant	must	pe 9	lando	ner i	, as	det	ined	in
2	80-6-101	and	must	own	the	land	upon	which	the	apia	r y	will	be
3	located.												

- 4 (b) The applicant must own the bees and the hives that will be placed on the apiary.
- 6 (c) The bees and the hives must be personally managed7 and operated by the applicant.
- 8 (2) A--registered-landowner-aptary-whiteh-te-soldy
 9 leasedy-rentedy-or-transferred-to-another-person-must-oe
 10 reregistered-by-the-lesseey-rentery-or-transferee* NO
 11 CERTIFICATE UF REGISTRATION OF A LANDOWNER APIARY MAY BE
 12 LEASED, ASSIGNED, OR TRANSFERRED AND NO PERSON OTHER THAN
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 14 PRIVILEGES, OIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, AUTHORIZED BY THE
 15 CERTIFICATE UF REGISTRATION.
- 16 <u>NEW SECTION</u>. Section 6. Hobbyist apiary
 17 registrations. (1) The department may grant hobbyist apiary
 18 registrations to hobbyist beekeepers under the following
 19 conditions:
- 20 (a) The applicant must not own a total of more than 21 five hives, and all of the hives must be placed on the 22 hobbyist apiary.
- 23 (b) The applicant must own the bees and the hives and 24 must personally manage and operate the bees and the hives.
- 25 (c) Only one hobbyist registration is allowed an

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applicant and only two hopbyist apiary registrations are allowed a family unit.

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- (d) If the department determines that too many hobbyist apiaries are being registered within too close proximity of each other or of other established apiaries so that there is or may be danger of the spread of bee diseases or other contagious or infectious diseases among bees or apiaries or that there will be interference with the proper feeding and honey flow of established aplanies, the department may refuse to grant any further hobbyist registrations in the locality and area of the danger. in accordance with 80-6-102(6).
- (2) A---registered--hobbyist--apiery--which--is--soldy teasedy-rentedy-or-transferred-to--another--person--must--be rereqistered--by--the--lesseev--renter;--or--transfereev NO CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION OF A HOBBYIST APIARY MAY SE LEASED. __ASSIGNED. DR_ TRANSFERRED AND NO PERSON OTHER THAN THE HOBBYIST APIARY REGISTRANT MAY EXERCISE ANY RIGHTS OR PRIVILEGES. DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY. AUTHORIZED BY THE CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION.
- NEW SECTION Section 7. Restrictions apiary locations. Pollination apiaries, landowner apiaries, and hobbyist apiaries may be located less than 3 miles from pollination apiaries, landowner apiaries, hobbyist apiaries, and general apiaries registered to other persons. General

-11-

apiaries may be located within 3 miles of one another only under the provisions of [section 3].

Section 8. Section 80-6-103, MCA, is amended to read: "80-6-103. Changing locations -- enlarging or selling apiaries. (1) An owner of an established registered apiary may not change the location of the apiary without first receiving from the department authorization to establish the new apiary. In making the application, he shall specify the location of the apiary with the same particularity as in the application for original registration. If the new apiary is not used within 60 days after a new certificate of registration is issued, the certificate of registration lapses and all rights under the registration terminate. Registrations for new apiaries may not be issued for greater areas than the applicant can show are reasonably necessary for his needs consistent with good beekeeping practice.

- 12) A registered appary may be sold or transferred to a purchaser subject to this chapter, if all bees and equipment on the apiary are sold to the purchaser.
- (3) No person may increase the number of hives on an apiary to exceed the number of hives authorized by his certificate of registration for that apiary, except that a 23 person may increase the number of hives on a general apiary beyond the number authorized by the certificate of 25 registration in order to protect his bees during adverse

SB 0146/02

L	weather or crop conditions or to protect his pees and hives
2	from bears or other predators. A person may also enlarge a
3	general apiary during the spring buildup and in the fall
÷	after the end of the honey season in order to gather his
5	bees for shipment out of the state or to winter his bees on
5	that apiary.
7	(3) (4) A person enlarging an apiary so as to exceed
В	the number of hives authorizedunderacertificate-of
9	registration <u>herein allowed is quilty of a misdemeanor</u> and
o	is subject to the penalties <u>set forth</u> in 80-6-303.
ı	Section 9. Codification instruction. Sections 3
	Section 70 Cooff Teation Instructions Sections 3
2	through 7 are intended to be codified as an integral part of
2	
	through 7 are intended to be codified as an integral part of

-End-

provided for in 2-15-3001.

1	SENATE BILL NO. 146
2	INTRODUCED BY HAZELBAKER, AKLESTAD, E. SMITH, MANUEL
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO REVISE APICULTURE
5	PROVISIONS RELATING TO DEFINITIONS: REGISTRATION OF
6	APIARIES, AND THE INCREASE IN THE NUMBER OF HIVES ON AN
7	APIARY; AMENDING SECTIONS 80-6-101 THROUGH 80-6-103. MCA.
8	
9	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
10	Section 1. Section 80-6-101, MCA, is amended to read:
11	"80-6-101. Definitions. Unless the context requires
12	otherwise, in this chapter the following definitions apply:
13	(1) "Apiary" means a place where one or more colonies
14	of bees are kept or one or more hives containing honeycombs
15	or bee combs are kept.
16	(2) "Bee diseases" means American or European
17	foulbrood, sacbrood, bee paralysis, or other disease or
18	abnormal condition of egg. larval, pupal, or adult stages of
19	bees.
20	(3) "Bees" means any stage of the bees in the genus
21	Apis.
22	(4) "Colony" means the hive and all equipment used in
23	connection with the hive.
24	(5) "Department" <u>means the department of agriculture</u>

3	used in the handling and manipulation of bees, honey, wax,
4	and hives and includes containers of honey and \ensuremath{wax} which \ensuremath{may}
5	be used in an apiary or in transporting bees and their
6	products and apiary supplies.
7	[7] "Family unit" means two or more persons living
8	together or residing in the same dwelling, house, or other
9	place of residence.
0	[8] "General apiary" means any apiary other than a
1	pollination apiary, landowner apiary, or hobbyist apiary
2	except-the-term-includes-any-apiary-of-li-or-more-hives.
3	tot(9) "Hive" means a frame hive, box hive, box,
4	barrel, log gum, skep, or other receptable or container or a
5	part of a container, natural or artificial, which may be
6	used as a domicile for bees.
7	(10) "Hobbyist apiary" means an apiary owned by a
В	habbyist beekeeper.
9	(11) "Hobbyist beekeeper" means a person who owns a
0	total of no more than five hives.
1	(12) "Landowner" means the person who has the actual
2	use and exclusive possession of the land upon which a
3	landowner apiary is to be registered. However, a person
4	leasing or renting land for the primary purpose of locating

#5†(6) "Equipment" means hives, supers, frames, veils,
qloves, or any apparatus, tools, machines, or other devices

or establishing an aplary thereon is not considered a

<u>landowner.</u>

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- 2 (13) "Landowner apiary" means an apiary owned by a
 3 landowner as defined in this section.
- 4 (7)(14) "Persons" means individuals, associations,
 5 partnerships, or corporations.
 - [15] "Pollination apiary" means an apiary operated for pollination of a commercial seed, fruit, or other commercial agricultural product as provided in [section 4].
- 9 (8)(16) "Queen apiary" means an apiary or premises in
 10 which queen bees are reared or kept for sale or oift."
- Section 2. Section 80-6-102. MCA, is amended to read:

 "80-6-102. Registration. (1) A person who owns or

 possesses an apiary in the state shall, before April 1 each
 year, register the apiary. <u>There are four classes of apiary</u>

 registration. The conditions under which the department may
 issue certificates of registration for each class are
 specified in fsections 3 through 71.
 - (2) Applications shall be made to the department for registration application blanks.
 - (3) Registration application blanks shall be furnished by the department. The applicant shall provide the following information:
 - (a) a statement of the name and place of residence;
- 24 (b) the number of colonies of bees, hives, and 25 equipment in the apiary;

- 1 (c) the location of the apiary, setting forth
 2 specifically the location by sectional division to the
 3 nearest quarter section, and the township and range and, if
 4 within the corporate limits of a town or city, the number of
 5 the location of the town or city;
- 6 (d) the name of the owner, renter, or occupant of the
 7 land on which the apiary is located and, when the
 8 application is for a new apiary being registered for the
 9 first time, the application must also show that the owner,
 10 renter, or occupant of the land has consented to the apiary
 11 being located on his land;
- 12 (e) the date when the apiary was first established;
 13 and
- (f) the class of apiary registration for which
 application is being made; and
- 16 (ff)(g) other information the department may require
 17 under rules adopted by it for the protection, safety, and
 18 welfare of the public and the beekeeping industry.
- 19 (4) Upon receipt of the application and payment of the 20 fees prescribed, the department may issue a certificate of 21 registration for an apiary, setting forth the name of the 22 owner, the specific location, and the number of colonies of 23 bees or size of the apiary authorized under the 24 registration, and the class of apiary authorized by the 25 registration.

SB 146

(5) In issuing certificates of registration for apiaries, if there is a conflict between applicants with respect to location, the department shall give preference to the applicant having the oldest continuous registered apiary.

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- (6) Lertificates of registration may not be issued for new apiaries which are within such close proximity to established registered apiaries that there is or may be danger of spread of disease or that the proximity will or may interfere with the proper feeding and honey flow of established apiaries.
- (7) Before registering new apiaries, the department shall give at least 10 days notice by certified mail to all registered apiarists likely to be affected by the proposed new apiary so that any party affected may file written protests with the department against registering the new apiary. If a written protest is filed, the department may require a hearing. Notice of the time and place of the hearing shall be given all parties interested by certified mail at least 10 days before the date set for the hearing.
- (a) Suitable evidence of registration furnished by the department shall be posted by the apiary registrant in a conspicuous place at or near the apiary. If an owner has more than one apiary, suitable evidence of registration furnished by the department shall be posted at each apiary.

1 (9) A registration not applied for by April 1 of each 2 year is a late registration and incurs an added penalty of 3 10% of the regular registration fee. Registrants who fail to apply for reregistration by April 1 of each year shall be notified of their delinquency by the department. The notification shall be by certified mail and is sufficient if deposited in a United States post office or mail box and addressed to the registrant at his last address appearing in the apiary registration files of the department at least 10 10 days before May l. The registration of an apiary for which 11 application for reregistration is not made by May 1 of each 12 year is forfeited and all rights under the registration 13 terminate.

14 101 Any person who owns or possesses any bees, hives,
15 colonies, or beekeeping equipment in this state or who owns
16 or possesses an apiary in this state and who fails or
17 refuses to register the same as provided in this part is
18 quilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof is
19 subject to the penalties set forth in 80-6-303.

20 (11) Nothing contained in this section or in [sections
21 3 through 7] shall be construed as invalidating, canceling,
22 amending, terminating, or extending any certificate of
23 registration issued by the department prior to [the
24 effective date of this act]. All such previously issued
25 certificates of registration remain in effect for the period

- for which they were issued; subject, however, to forfeiture,

 lapse, abandonment, and termination in the manner provided

 by law.**
 - NEW SECTION. Section 3. General apiary registrations.

 (1) In order to control. limit, and prevent the spread of bee diseases and other contagious or infectious diseases among bees, hives, and apiaries and to control. limit, and prevent interference with the proper feeding and honey flow of established apiaries, general apiaries registered to different persons on [the effective date of this act] must be located 3 or more miles apart, except as otherwise provided in this part. The department shall not register or issue a certificate of registration for any general apiary that is located less than 3 miles from a general apiary registered to another person, except as otherwise provided in this section.

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- (2) A person may register a general apiary that is situated less than 3 miles from another general apiary he has registered so long as the location of the general apiary being applied: for is 3 or more miles from general apiaries registered to other persons.
- (3) A general apiary may be registered even though it is less than 3 miles from any registered pollination apiary. landowner apiary, or hobbyist apiary.
- (4) A person with an existing apiary that is located

l	less than 3 m	iles from	an existin	ng gen	eral api	ary r	egistered
2	to another pe	rson may	register	his .	apiary	as a	general
3	apiary under	the follo	wing condit	tions:			

- (a) his apiary was established and registered with the department as a general apiary under the department's rules in effect prior to July 1, 1981;
- 7 (b) his apiary is registered with the department as a8 general apiary as of July 1+ 1981; and
- 9 (c) the registration of his apiary has not been 10 forfeited or abandoned under the provisions of 11 80-6-102431fat 80-6-102(9) or 80-6-104.

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- NEW SECTION: Section 4. Pollination apiary registrations. (1) The department may grant pollination apiary registrations to commercial seed and fruit producers or other commercial agricultural producers under the following conditions:
- (a) (i) the applicant must own, lease, or rent the land upon which the pollination apiary is to be located and the applicant must use the land for the purpose of drowing a commercial seed, fruit, or other crop which is dependent upon bees or other insects for pollination;
- (ii) the applicant does not own the bees or the hives which are to be placed upon the pollination apiary; and
- 24 (iii) the only purpose of the apiary is to pollinate a
 25 commercial agricultural crop•

(b) The applicant shall provide the department with all pertinent information necessary to determine if pollination apparies are needed to pollinate the applicant's crop adequately.

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- (c) The department may refuse to register a pollination apiary based upon its own investigation of the matter, but if the department approves the application, it shall specify the number and location of pollination apiaries needed for the purpose of pollinating the applicant's commercial agricultural crop adequately.
- (2) A pollination apiary registration is valid only for the time period specified by the department, and all pollination apiaries must be removed within 2 weeks after the full bloom period of the crop to be pollinated.
- (3) A-registered-politination--opiory--which--is--soldy
 leasedy--rentedy--or--transferred--to-another-person-must-be
 reregistered--by--the--leaseey--rentery--or--transfereev NO
 CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION OF A POLLINATION APIARY MAY BE
 LEASED: ASSIGNED: OR TRANSFERRED AND NO PERSON OTHER THAN
 THE POLLINATION APIARY REGISTRANT MAY EXERCISE ANY RIGHTS OR
 PRIVILEGES: DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY: AUTHORIZED BY THE
 CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION:
- 23 <u>NEW_SECTION</u> Section 5. Landowner aprary 24 registrations. (1) The department may grant landowner aprary 25 registrations under the following conditions:

- 1 (a) The applicant must be a landowner as defined in 2 80-6-101 and must own the land upon which the apiary will be 3 located.
- 4 (b) The applicant must own the bees and the hives that
 5 will be placed on the apiary.
- 6 (c) The bees and the hives must be personally managed7 and operated by the applicant.
- 8 (2) A--registered-landowner-aptary-which-is-soldy
 9 leasedy-rentedy-or-transferred-to-another-person-must-oc
 10 reregistered-by-the-lesseey-rentery-or-transfereey NO
 11 CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION OF A LANDOWNER APIARY MAY BE
 12 LEASED, ASSIGNED, OR TRANSFERRED AND NO PERSON OTHER THAN
 13 THE LANDOWNER APIARY REGISTRANT MAY EXERCISE ANY RIGHTS OR
 14 PRIVILEGES, OIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, AUTHORIZED BY THE
- 16 <u>NEW SECTION</u>. Section 6. Hobbyist apiary
 17 registrations. (1) The department may grant hobbyist apiary
 18 registrations to hobbyist beekeepers under the following
 19 conditions:

CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION.

- 20 (a) The applicant must not own a total of more than 21 five hives, and all of the hives must be placed on the 22 hobbyist apiary.
- 23 (b) The applicant must own the bees and the hives and 24 must personally manage and operate the bees and the hives.
- 25 (c) unly one hobbyist registration is allowed an

applicant and only two hobbyist apiary registrations are allowed a family unit.

- (d) If the department determines that too many hobbyist apiaries are being registered within too close proximity of each other or of other established apiaries so that there is or may be danger of the spread of bee diseases or other contagious or infectious diseases among bees or apiaries or that there will be interference with the proper feeding and honey flow of established apiaries, the department may refuse to grant any further hobbyist registrations in the locality and area of the danger, in accordance with 80-6-102(6).
- (2) A--registered-hobbyist-apiary-which-is-soldy leasedy-rentedy-or-transferred-to-another-person-must-be reregistered-by-the-lesseey-rentery-or-transfereev NO CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION OF A HOBBYIST APIARY MAY de LEASED, ASSIGNED, OR TRANSFERRED AND NO PERSON OTHER THAN THE HOBBYIST APIARY REGISTRANT MAY EXERCISE ANY RIGHTS OR PRIVILEGES, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, AUTHORIZED BY THE CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION.
- NEW SECTIONS Section 7. Restrictions on apiary locations. Pollination apiaries, landowner apiaries, and hobbyist apiaries may be located less than 3 miles from pollination apiaries, landowner apiaries, hobbyist apiaries, and general apiaries registered to other persons. General

apiaries may be located within 3 miles of one another only
under the provisions of [section 3].

Section 8. Section 80-6-103, MCA, is amended to read:

#80-6-103. Changing locations -- enlarging or selling apiaries. (1) An owner of an established registered apiary may not change the location of the apiary without first receiving from the department authorization to establish the new apiary. In making the application, he shall specify the location of the apiary with the same particularity as in the application for original registration. If the new apiary is not used within 60 days after a new certificate of registration lapses and all rights under the registration terminate. Registrations for new apiaries may not be issued for greater areas than the applicant can show are reasonably necessary for his needs consistent with good beekeeping practice.

- (2) A registered apiary may be sold or transferred to a purchaser subject to this chapter, if all bees and equipment on the apiary are sold to the purchaser.
- 20 (3) No person may increase the number of hives on an
 21 apiary to exceed the number of hives authorized by his
 22 certificate of registration for that apiary: except that a
 23 person may increase the number of hives on a general apiary
 24 beyond the number authorized by the certificate of
 25 registration in order to protect his bees during adverse

SB 0146/02

weather or crop conditions or to protect his nees and hives from bears or other predators. A person may also enlarge a general apiary during the spring buildup and in the fall after the end of the honey season in order to gather his bees for shipment out of the state or to winter his bees on that apiary. +3+(4) A person enlarging an apiary so as to exceed the number of hives authorized-under--a-certificate-of registration herein allowed is quilty of a misdemeanor and is subject to the penalties set forth in 80-6-303.* 10 11 Section 9. Codification instruction. Sections 3 12 through 7 are intended to be codified as an integral part of 13 Title 80, chapter 6, part 1, and the provisions of Title 80, 14 chapter 6, apply to sections 3 through 7.

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ı	SENATE BILL NO. 146
Z	INTRODUCED BY HAZELBAKER. AKLESTAD. E. SMITH. MANUEL
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO REVISE APICULTURE
5	PROVISIONS RELATING TO DEFINITIONS, REGISTRATION OF
6	APIARIES, AND THE INCREASE IN THE NUMBER OF HIVES ON AN
7	APIARY; AMENDING SECTIONS 80-6-101 THROUGH 80-6-103. MCA."
8	•
9	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
.0	Section 1. Section 80-6-101, MCA, is amended to read:
ıı	*80-6-101. Definitions. Unless the context requires
2	otherwise, in this chapter the following definitions apply:
3	(1) "Apiary" means a place where one or more colonies
4	of bees are kept or one or more hives containing honeycombs
15	or bee combs are kept.
16	(2) "Bee diseases" means American or European
17	foulbrood, sacbrood, bee paralysis, or other disease or
18	abnormal condition of egg, larval, pupal, or adult stages of
19	bees.
20	(3) "Bees" means any stage of the bees in the genus
21	Apis.
22	(4) "Colony™ means the hive and all equipment used in
23	connection with the hive.
24	(5) "Department" means the department of agriculture.

provided for in 2-15-3001.

1	(5)(6) "Equipment" means hives, supers, frames, veils
2	gloves, or any apparatus, tools, machines, or other devices
3	used in the handling and manipulation of bees, honey, waxe
4	and hives and includes containers of honey and wax which may
5	be used in an apiary or in transporting bees and their
6	products and apiary supplies.
7	17) "Family unit" means two or more persons living
8	together or residing in the same dwelling, house, or other
9	place of residence.
10	181 "General apiary" means any apiary other than a
11	pollination apiary, landowner apiary, or hobbyist apiary
12	except-the-term-includes-any-apiary-of-21-or-more-hives.
13	(6)[9] "Hive" means a frame hive, box hive, box,
14	barrel, log gum, skep, or other receptable or container or a
15	part of a container, natural or artificial, which may be
16	used as a domicile for bees.
17	[10] "Hobbyist apiary" means an apiary owned by a
18	hobbyist_beekeeper.
19	(11) "Hobbyist beekeeper" means a person who owns
20	total of no more than five hives.
21	(12) "Landowner" means the person who has the actua
22	use and exclusive possession of the land upon which
23	landowner apiary is to be registered. However, a person
24	leasing or renting land for the primary purpose of location

or establishing an apiary thereon is not considered a

1	landowner.
2	(13) "Landowner apiary" means an apiary owned by a
3	landowner as defined in this section.
4	† 7)(14) "Persons" means individuals, associations,
5	partnerships, or corporations.
6	(15) "Pollination apiary" means an apiary operated for
7	pollination of a commercial seed, fruit, or other commercial
8	agricultural product as provided in [section 4].
9	t0)[16] "Queen apiary" means an apiary or premises in
10	which queen bees are reared or kept for sale or gift."
11	Section 2. Section 80+6+102, MCA, is amended to read:
12	#80-6-102. Registration. (1) A person who owns or
13	possesses an apiary in the state shall, before April 1 each
14	year, register the apiary. There are four classes of apiary
15	registration. The conditions under which the department may
16	issue certificates of registration for each class are
17	specified in [sections 3 through 7].
18	(2) Applications shall be made to the department for
19	registration application blanks.
20	(3) Registration application blanks shall be furnished
21	by the department. The applicant shall provide the following

(a) a statement of the name and place of residence;(b) the number of colonies of bees, hives, and

1	(c) the location of the apiary, setting fort
2	specifically the location by sectional division to th
3	nearest quarter section, and the township and range and, i
4	within the corporate limits of a town or city, the number o
5	the lot and block in the town or city;
6	(d) the name of the owner, renter, or occupant of th
7	land on which the apiary is located <u>and; when th</u>
8	application is for a new apiary being registered for the
9	first time, the application must also show that the owner
10	renter, or occupant of the land has consented to the apiar
11	being located on his land:
12	(e) the date when the apiary was first established
13	and
14	(f) the class of apiary registration for whic
15	application is being made; and
16	<pre>ff;{q} other information the department may requir</pre>
17	under rules adopted by it for the protection, safety, an
18	welfare of the public and <u>the</u> beekeeping industry.
19	(4) Upon receipt of the application and payment of th
20	fees prescribed, the department may issue a certificate o
21	registration for an apiary, setting forth the name of th
22	owner, the specific location, and the number of colonies o
23	bees or size of the apiary authorized under th
24	registration, and the class of apiary authorized by th
25	registration.

equipment in the apiary;

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information:

(5) In issuing certificates of registration for apiaries, if there is a conflict between applicants with respect to location, the department shall give preference to applicant having the oldest continuous registered apiary.

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- (6) Certificates of registration may not be issued for new apjaries which are within such close proximity to established registered apjaries that there is or may be danger of spread of disease or that the proximity will or may interfere with the proper feeding and honey flow of established apiaries.
- (7) Before registering new apiaries, the department shall give at least 10 days' notice by certified mail to all registered apparists likely to be affected by the proposed new apiary so that any party affected may file written protests with the department against registering the new apiary. If a written protest is filed, the department may require a hearing. Notice of the time and place of the hearing shall be given all parties interested by certified mail at least 10 days before the date set for the hearing.
- (8) Suitable evidence of registration furnished by the department shall be posted by the apiary registrant in a conspicuous place at or near the apiary. If an owner has more than one apiary, suitable evidence of registration furnished by the department shall be posted at each apiary.

(9) A registration not applied for by April 1 of each 1 year is a late registration and incurs an added penalty of 2 10% of the regular registration fee. Registrants who fail to 3 apply for reregistration by April 1 of each year shall be notified of their delinquency by the department. The notification shall be by certified mail and is sufficient if deposited in a United States post office or mail box and 7 addressed to the registrant at his last address appearing in the apiary registration files of the department at least 10 10 days before May I. The registration of an appary for which 11 application for reregistration is not made by May 1 of each 12 year is forfeited and all rights under the registration 13 terminate.

(10) Any person who owns or possesses any bees, hives, colonies, or beekeeping equipment in this state or who owns or possesses an apiary in this state and who fails or 17 refuses to register the same as provided in this part is quilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof is 18

19 subject to the penalties set forth in 80-6-303. 20 (11) Nothing contained in this section or in [sections 21 3 through 7) shall be construed as invalidating, canceling. 22 amending, terminating, or extending any certificate of 23 registration issued by the department prior to [the 24 effective date of this act]. All such previously issued certificates of registration remain in effect for the period

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I	for which they were issued; subject, however, to forfeiture,
2	lapse, abandonment, and termination in the manner provided
3	by law."

NEW SECTION. Section 3. General apiary registrations. (1) In order to control, limit, and prevent the spread of 5 bee diseases and other contagious or infectious diseases 6 among bees, hives, and apiaries and to control, limit, and prevent interference with the proper feeding and honey flow of established apiaries, general apiaries registered to different persons on [the effective date of this act] must 10 11 be located 3 or more miles apart, except as otherwise 12 provided in this part. The department shall not register or 13 issue a certificate of registration for any general apiary 14 that is located less than 3 miles from a general apiary registered to another person, except as otherwise provided 15 16 in this section.

(2) A person may register a general apiary that is situated less than 3 miles from another general apiary he has registered so long as the location of the general apiary being applied for is 3 or more miles from general apiaries registered to other persons.

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- (3) A general apiary may be registered even though it is less than 3 miles from any registered pollination apiary. landowner apiary, or hobbyist apiary.
- 25 (4) A person with an existing apiary that is located

-7-

1	less than 3 miles	from an	existing	general	apiary	register	rec
2	to another person	may re	gister h	is apia	ry as	a gen e r	'a
3	apiary under the	fallowin	q condition	ons:			

- (a) his apiary was established and registered with the department as a general apiary under the department's rules in effect prior to July 1, 1981;
- (b) his apiary is registered with the department as a general apiary as of July 1, 1981; and
- 9 (c) the registration of his appary has not been 10 forfeited or abandoned under the provisions of 80-6-102(3)(g) 80-6-102(9) or 80-6-104.
 - NEW SECTION. Section 4. Pollination apiary registrations. (1) The department may grant pollination apiary registrations to commercial seed and fruit producers or other commercial agricultural producers under the following conditions:
 - (a) (i) the applicant must own, lease, or rent the land upon which the pollination apiary is to be located and the applicant must use the land for the purpose of growing a commercial seed, fruit, or other crop which is dependent upon bees or other insects for pollination;
 - (ii) the applicant does not own the bees or the hives which are to be placed upon the pollination apiary; and
- 24 (iii) the only purpose of the apiary is to pollinate a 25 commercial agricultural crop.

	(b) The app	plicant shall p	provide the	department	with
al I	pertinent	information	necessary	to determin	ne if
po11	ination apia	ries are neede	to pollina	te the applic	ant*s
crop	adequately.				

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- (c) The department may refuse to register a pollination apiary based upon its own investigation of the matter, but if the department approves the application, it shall specify the number and location of pollination apiaries needed for the purpose of pollinating the applicant's commercial agricultural crop adequately.
- (2) A pollination apiary registration is valid only for the time period specified by the department, and all pollination apiaries must be removed within 2 weeks after the full bloom period of the crop to be pollinated.
- (3) A-registered-pollination-apiary-which-is-soldy
 leasedy-rentedy-or-transferred-to-another-person-must-be
 reregistered-by-the-leaseey-rentery-or-transferees NO

 CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION OF A POLLINATION APIARY MAY BE
 LEASED, ASSIGNED, OR TRANSFERRED AND NO PERSON OTHER THAN
 THE POLLINATION APIARY REGISTRANT MAY EXERCISE ANY RIGHTS OR
 PRIVILEGES: DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY: AUTHORIZED BY THE
 CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION.
- 22 CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION.
 23 NEW SECTION. Section 5. Landowner apiary
 24 registrations. (1) The department may grant landowner apiary
 25 registrations under the following conditions:

- 1 (a) The applicant must be a landowner, as defined in 2 80-6-101 and must own the land upon which the apiary will be located.
- 4 (b) The applicant must own the bees and the hives that will be placed on the apiary.
- 6 (c) The bees and the hives must be personally managed
 7 and operated by the applicant.
- (2) A-registered-tondowner-opiory-which-is-soldy

 9 leasedy-rentedy-or-transferred-to-another-person-must-be
 10 reregistered-by-the-lessecy-rentery-or-transferees NO

 11 CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION OF A LANDOHNER APIARY MAY BE
 12 LEASED, ASSIGNED, OR TRANSFERRED AND NO PERSON OTHER THAN
 13 THE LANDOWNER APIARY REGISTRANT MAY EXERCISE ANY RIGHTS OR
 14 PRIVILEGES, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, AUTHORIZED BY THE
 15 CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION.
- 16 <u>NEW SECTION</u> Section 6. Hobbyist apiary
 17 registrations. (1) The department may grant hobbyist apiary
 18 registrations to hobbyist beekeepers under the following
 19 conditions:
- 20 (a) The applicant must not own a total of more than
 21 five hives, and all of the hives must be placed on the
 22 hobbyist apiary.
- 23 (b) The applicant must own the bees and the hives and 24 must personally manage and operate the bees and the hives.
- 25 (c) Only one hobbyist registration is allowed an

applicant and only two hobbyist apiary registrations are allowed a family unit.

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- (d) If the department determines that too many hobbyist apiaries are being registered within too close proximity of each other or of other established apiaries so that there is or may be danger of the spread of bee diseases or other contagious or infectious diseases among bees or apiaries or that there will be interference with the proper feeding and honey flow of established apiaries, the department may refuse to grant any further hobbyist registrations in the locality and area of the danger, in accordance with 80-6-102(6).
- (2) A--registered-hobbyist-optory-which-is-soldy
 leasedy-rentedy-or-transferred-to-another-person-must-be
 reregistered-by-the-lesseey-rentery-or-transfereey NO
 CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION OF A HOBBYIST APIARY MAY BE
 LEASED, ASSIGNED, OR TRANSFERRED AND NO PERSON OTHER THAN
 THE HOBBYIST APIARY REGISTRANT MAY EXERCISE ANY RIGHTS OR
 PRIVILEGES, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, AUTHORIZED BY THE
 CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION.
- NEW SECTION. Section 7. Restrictions on apiary
 locations. Pollination apiaries, landowner apiaries, and
 hobbyist apiaries may be located less than 3 miles from
 pollination apiaries, landowner apiaries, hobbyist apiaries,
 and general apiaries registered to other persons. General

-11-

apiaries may be located within 3 miles of one another only under the provisions of [section 3].

Section 8. Section 80-6-103. MCA, is amended to read:

#80-6-103. Changing locations -- enlarging or selling
apiaries. (1) An owner of an established registered apiary
may not change the location of the apiary without first
receiving from the department authorization to establish the
new apiary. In making the application, he shall specify the
location of the apiary with the same particularity as in the
application for original registration. If the new apiary is
not used within 60 days after a new certificate of
registration is issued, the certificate of registration
lapses and all rights under the registration terminate.
Registrations for new apiaries may not be issued for greater
areas than the applicant can show are reasonably necessary
for his needs consistent with good beekeeping practice.

- (2) A registered apiary may be sold or transferred to a purchaser subject to this chapter, if all bees and equipment on the apiary are sold to the purchaser.
- (3) No person may increase the number of hives on an apiary to exceed the number of hives authorized by his certificate of registration for that apiary, except that a person may increase the number of hives on a general apiary beyond the number authorized by the certificate of registration in order to protect his bees during adverse

SB 0146/02

1	weather or crop conditions or to protect his bees and hives
2	from bears or other predators. A person may also enlarge a
3	general apiary during the spring buildup and in the fall
4	after the end of the honey season in order to gather his
5	bees for shipment out of the state or to winter his bees on
6	that apiary.
7	†3† <u>[4]</u> A person enlarging an apiary so as to exceed
8	the number of hives authorized-runderacertificate-of
9	registration herein allowed is quilty of a misdemeanor and
10	is subject to the penalties <u>set forth</u> in 80-6-303.**
11	Section 9. Codification instruction. Sections 3
12	through 7 are intended to be codified as an integral part of
13	Title 80, chapter 6, part 1, and the provisions of Title 80,
14	chapter 6, apply to sections 3 through 7.

-End-

-13-