Senate Bill 56

In The Senate

January 5, 1981	Introduced and referred to Committee on State Administration.
April 23, 1981	Died in Committee.

1	SENATE BILL NO. 56
2	INTRODUCED BY B. BROWN
3	BY REQUEST OF THE MONTANA HUMAN RIGHTS COMMISSION
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO GENERALLY REVISE AND
6	CLARIFY LAWS RELATING TO HUMAN RIGHTS BY SHOWING THE
7	INTERELATIONSHIP OF CHAPTERS 2 AND 3 DF TITLE 49, MCA; BY
8	PROVIDING A METHOD OF APPOINTING AN ACTING COMMISSIONER TO
9	REPLACE AN ABSENT COMMISSIONER; BY CLARIFYING ADMINISTRATIVE
10	CONTESTED CASE PROCEDURES; AMENDING SECTIONS 49-2-101,
11	49-2-202, 49-2-204, 49-2-301, 49-2-401, 49-2-402, 49-2-501,
12	49-2-502, 49-2-505, 49-2-601, 49-3-101 THROUGH 49-3-104,
13	49-3-202, 49-3-204, 49-3-205, 49-3-302, AND 49-3-303, MCA."
14	
15	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
16	Section 1. Section 49-2-101, MCA, is amended to read:
17	¶49-2-101. Definitions. As used in thischapter
18	<u>chapters 2 and 3</u> , unless the context requires otherwise, the
19	following definitions apply:
20	(1) "Age" means number of years since birth. It does
21	not mean level of maturity or ability to handle

22 responsibility. These latter criteria may represent
23 legitimate considerations as reasonable grounds for
24 discrimination without reference to age.

25 (2) "Commission" means the commission for human rights

1 provided for in 2-15-1706.

2 (3) "Credit" means the right granted by a creditor to
a person to defer payment of a debt, to incur debt and defer
its payment, or to purchase property or services and defer
payment therefor. It includes without limitation the right
to incur and defer debt which is secured by residential real
property.

8 (4) "Credit transaction" means any invitation to apply
9 for credit, application for credit, extension of credit, or
10 credit sale.

11 (5) "Creditor" means a person who, regularly or as a 12 part of his business, arranges for the extension of credit 13 for which the payment of a financial charge or interest is 14 required, whether in connection with loans, sale of property 15 or services, or otherwise.

16 (6) "Educational institution" means a public or
17 private institution and includes an academy; college;
18 elementary or secondary school; extension course;
19 kindergarten; nursery; school system; university; business,
20 nursing, professional, secretarial, technical, or vocational
21 school; or agent of an educational institution.

(7) "Employee" means any individual employed by an
 employer.

24 (8) "Employer" means an employer of one or more25 persons but does not include a fraternal, charitable, or

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religious association or corporation if the association or
 corporation is not organized either for private profit or to
 provide accommodations or services that are available on a
 nonmembership basis.

5 (9) "Employment agency" means a person undertaking to
6 procure employees or opportunities to work.

7 (10) "Financial institution" means a commercial bank,
8 trust company, savings bank, finance company, savings and
9 loan association, investment company, or insurance company.
10 (11) "Kousing accommodation" means a building or
11 portion of a building, whether constructed or to be
12 constructed, which is or will be used as the sleeping
13 quarters of its occupants.

14 (12) "Labor organization" means an organization or an 15 agent of an organization organized for the purpose, in whole 16 or in part, of collective bargaining, of dealing with 17 employers concerning grievances or terms or conditions of 18 employment, or of other mutual aid and protection of 19 employees.

20 (13) "Mental handicap" means any mental disability
 21 resulting in subaverage intellectual functioning or impaired
 22 social competence.

23 (14) "National origin" means ancestry.

(15) "Person" means one or more individuals, labor
 unions, partnerships, associations, corporations, legal

representatives, mutual companies, joint-stock companies,
 trusts, unincorporated employees' associations, employers,
 employment agencies, or labor organizations.

4 (16) "Physical handicap" means a physical disability, infirmity, malformation, or disfigurement which is caused by 5 6 bodily injury, birth defect, or illness, including epilepsy. 7 It includes without limitation any degree of paralysis; 8 amputation; lack of physical coordination; blindness or 9 visual impediment; deafness or hearing impediment; muteness 10 or speech impediment; or physical reliance on a guide dog 11 for the blind, a wheelchair, or any other remedial appliance 12 or device.

13 (17) "Public accommodation" means a place which caters 14 or offers its services, goods, or facilities to the general 15 public subject only to the conditions and limitations 16 established by law and applicable to all persons alike. It 17 includes without limitation a public inn, restaurant, eating 18 house, hotel, roadhouse, place where food or alcoholic 19 beverages or malt liquors are sold for consumption, motel, 20 soda fountain, soft drink parlor, tavern, nightclub, trailer 21 park, resort, campground, barbershop, beauty parlor, 22 bathroom, resthouse, theater, swimming pool, skating rink, 23 colf course, cafe, ice cream parlor, transportation company, 24 or hospital and all other public amusement and business 25 establishments.

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(18)_"Right=to=sue_letter"_means_a_letter_requested_by
 a_complainant_from_the_commission_staff_in_order_to_file_a
 discrimination_action_in_district_court_

4 (10)(12) "Staff" or "commission staff" means the staff
5 of the commission for human rights."

Section 2. Section 49-2-202, MCA, is amended to read: 6 7 "49-2-202. Authority to require posted notice. The 8 commission may require any employer, employment agency, 9 labor union, educational institution, or financial 10 institution or the owner, lessee, manager, agent, or 11 employee of any sublic accommodation or housing 12 accommodation subject to this chapter 2 or 3 of this title 13 to post. in a conspicuous place on his premises or in the accommodation, a notice to be prepared or approved by the 14 commission containing relevant information that the 15 commission considers necessary to explain this chapter. Any 16 17 person or institution subject to this section who refuses to comply with an order of the commission respecting the 18 19 posting of a notice is guilty of a misdemeanor and 20 punishable by a fine of not more than \$50."

Section 3. Section 49-2-204, MCA, is amended to read: #49-2-204. Commission to adopt rules. The commission shall adopt procedural and substantive rules necessary to implement this-chapter chapters_2_and_3_of_this_title. Rulemaking procedures shall comply with the requirements of 1 the Montana Administrative Procedure Act.*

2 Section 4. Section 49-2-301, MCA, is amended to read: M49-2-301. Retaliation prohibited. It is an unlawful 3 4 discriminatory practice for a person, educational 5 institution, financial institution, or governmental entity or agency to discharge, expel, blacklist, or otherwise 6 discriminate against an individual because he has opposed 7 any practices forbidden under this chapter 2<u>or_3_of_this</u> 8 9 title. or because he has filed a complaint, testified, 10 assisted, or participated in any manner in an investigation 11 or proceeding under this chapter."

Section 5. Section 49-2-302, MCA, is amended to read: "49-2-302. Aiding, coercing, or attempting. It is unlawful for a person, educational institution, financial institution, or governmental entity or agency to aid, abet, incite, compel, or coerce the doing of an act forbidden under this chapter <u>2_or_3_of_this_title</u> or to attempt to do so."

Section 6. Section 49-2-401. MCA. is amended to read: 19 20 "49-2-401. Procedure for claiming exemption. A person, 21 educational institution, financial institution. or covernmental entity or agency who or which seeks to be 22 exempted from the requirements of chapter 3 of this title or 23 part 3 of this chapter may petition the commission for a 24 declaratory ruling as provided in 2-4-501 of the Montana 25

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Administrative Procedure Act. If the commission finds that 1 2 reasonable grounds for granting an exemption exist, it may 3 issue a ruling exempting the petitioner from the particular 4 provision. This section. however, shall be strictly 5 construed, and the burden is on the petitioner to demonstrate that an exemption should be granted." 6

7 Section 7. Section 49-2-402, MCA, is amended to read: 8 "49-2-402. "Reasonable" to be strictly construed. Any 9 grounds urged as a "reasonable" basis for an exemption under 10 any section of this chapter 2 or 3 of this title shall be 11 strictly construed."

12 Section 8. Section 49-2-501, MCA, is amended to read: "49-2-501. Filing complaints. (1) A complaint may be 13 14 filed by or on behalf of any person claiming to be aggrieved by any discriminatory practice prohibited by this chapter 2 15 16 or 3 of this title. The complaint must be in the form of a 17 written, verified complaint stating the name and address of the person, educational institution, financial institution, 18 19 or governmental entity or agency alleged to have engaged in the discriminatory practice and the particulars of the 20 alleged discriminatory practice. The commission staff may 21 22 file a complaint in like manner when a discriminatory 23 practice comes to its attention.

24 (2) A complaint under this chapter 2 or 3 of this title must be filed with the commission within 180 days 25

after the alleged unlawful discriminatory practice occurred 1 2 or was discovered. Any complaint not filed within the time set forth herein may not be considered by the commission." 3 Section 9. Section 49-2-502. MCA. is amended to read: 4 "49-2-502. Notification of and action by commission. 5 6 The staff shall notify the commission in writing of all 7 complaints filed with the commission. The commission shall 8 meet a minimum of four times a year to hear and act upon all 9 complaints filed. The chairman of the commission may appoint 10 an acting commission member to vote in place of an absent 11 member." 12 Section 10. Section 49-2-505, MCA, is amended to read: "49-2-505. Contested case hearing. (1) If the informal 13 14 efforts to eliminate the alleged discrimination are 15 unsuccessful and the complainant does not request a 16 right-to-sue letter, the staff shall inform the commission 17 of the failure and the commission shall cause written notice

18 to be served, together with a copy of the complaint, 19 requiring the person, educational institution, financial institution, or governmental entity or agency charged in the 20 21 complaint to answer the allegations of the complaint at a 22 hearing before the commission.

23 (2) The hearing must be held by the commission in the 24 county where the unlawful conduct is alleged to have 25 occurred unless the person, institution, entity, or agency

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1 charged in the complaint or the commission requests a change 2 of venue for good cause shown. The case in support of the 3 complaint may be presented before the commission by the 4 staff, the complainant, or an attorney representing the 5 complainant. The hearing and any subsequent proceedings under this chapter must be held in accordance with the 6 7 Montana Administrative Procedure Act except as provided in 8 49-2-508-

9 (3) The commission may make provisions for defraying
10 the expenses of an indigent party in a contested case
11 hearing held pursuant to this chapter.

12 (4) The prevailing party in a hearing under this 13 section may bring an action in district court for attorneys^{*} 14 fees. The court in its discretion may allow the prevailing 15 party reasonable attorneys^{*} fees. An action under this 16 section must comply with the Montana Rules of Civil 17 Procedure.[#]

18 Section 11. Section 49-2-601, MCA, is amended to read: #49-2-601. Criminal penalty. A person, educational 19 20 institution, or financial institution, either public or 21 private, or a governmental entity or agency who or which willfully engages in an unlawful discriminatory practice 22 23 prohibited by this chapter 2 or 3 of this titles or 24 willfully resists, prevents, impedes, or interferes with the 25 commission, the department, or any of its authorized

1 representatives in the performance of a duty under this
2 chapter <u>2 or 3 of this titles</u> or who or which willfully
3 violates an order of the commission or willfully violates
4 this chapter <u>2 or 3 of this title</u> in any other manner is
5 guilty of a misdemeanor and is punishable by a fine of not
6 more than \$500 or by imprisonment for not more than 6
7 months, or poth."

8 Section 12. Section 49-3-101, MCA, is amended to read:
9 "49-3-101. Definitions. As used in this--chapter
10 <u>chapters 2 and 3 of this title</u>, the following definitions
11 apply:

12 (1) "State and local governmental agencies" means:

(a) all branches, departments, offices, boards,
bureaus, commissions, agencies, university units, colleges,
and other instrumentalities of state government; and

(b) counties, cities, towns, school districts, and
cther units of local government and all instrumentalities of
local government.

(2) "Qualifications" means such qualifications as are
genuinely related to competent performance of the particular
occupational task."

Section 13. Section 49-3-102, MCA, is amended to read:
"49-3-102. What local governmental units affected.
Local governmental units affected by this-chapter chapters 2
and 3 of this title include all political subdivisions of

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1 the state, including school districts."

Section 14. Section 49-3-103, MCA, is amended to read:
"49-3-103. Permitted distinctions. Nothing in this
chapter or chapter 2 of this title shall prohibit any public
or private employer:

6 (1) from enforcing a differentiation based on age or 7 physical or mental handicap when based on a bona fide 8 occupational qualification reasonably necessary to the 9 normal operation of the particular business or where the 10 differentiation is based on reasonable factors other than 11 age;

12 (2) from observing the terms of a bona fide seniority 13 system or any bona fide employee benefit plan such as a 14 retirement, pension, or insurance plan which is not a 15 subterfuge to evade the purposes of this chapter, except 16 that no such employee benefit plan shall excuse the failure 17 to hire any individual; or

18 (3) from discharging or otherwise disciplining an
 19 individual for good cause."

20 Section 15. Section 49-3-104, MCA, is amended to read: 21 "49-3-104. Quotas not required. Nothing in this 22 chapter <u>2 or 3 of this title</u> shall be construed as requiring 23 the institution of a system of quotas for representation of 24 any sex, age, religious, racial, ethnic, or other group 25 affected by this chapter."

Section 16. Section 49-3-202, MCA, is amended to read: 1 2 #49-3-202. Employment referrals and olacement services. (1) All state and local governmental agencies. 3 including educational institutions, which provide employment 4 referrals or placement services to public or privata 5 employers shall accept job orders on a fair practice basis. 6 A job request indicating an intention to exclude a person 7 8 because of race, color, religion, creed, political ideas, 9 sex, age, marital status, physical or mental handicap, or 10 national origin shall be rejected.

11 (2) All state and local governmental agencies shall 12 cooperate in programs developed by the commission for human 13 rights for the purpose of breadening the base of job 14 recruitment and shall further cooperate with employers and 15 unions providing such programs.

15 (3) The department of labor and industry shall 17 cooperate with the commission for human rights in 18 encouraging and enforcing compliance by employers and labor unions with the policy of this-chapter chapters 2 and 3 of 19 this title and promotion of equal employment opportunities." 20 21 Section 17. Section 49-3-204, MCA, is amended to read: "49-3-204. Licensing. No state or local governmental 22 agency may grant, deny, or revoke the license or charter of 23

a person on the grounds of race, color, religion, creed,
political ideas, sex, age, marital status, physical or

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mental handicap, or national origin. Each state or local governmental agency shall take such appropriate action in the exercise of its licensing or regulatory power as will assure equal treatment of all persons, eliminate discrimination, and enforce compliance with the policy of

6 this-chapter chapters 2 and 3 of this title."

Section 18. Section 49-3-205, MCA, is amended to read:
"49-3-205. Governmental services. (1) All services of
every state or local governmental agency must be performed
without discrimination based upon race, color, religion,
creed, political ideas, sex, age, marital status, physical
or mental handicap, or national origin.

(2) No state or local facility may be used in the
furtherance of any discriminatory practice, nor may a state
or local governmental agency become a party to an agreement,
arrangement, or plan which has the effect of sanctioning
discriminatory practices.

(3) Each state or local governmental agency shall 15 analyze all of its operations to ascertain possible 19 20 instances of noncompliance with the policy of this-chapter 21 chapters 2 and 3 of this title and shall initiate 22 comprehensive programs to remedy any defect found to exist." 23 Section 19. Section 49-3-302, MCA, is amended to read: #49-3-302. Annual reports to governor. All state 24 25 governmental agencies which report to the governor shall

include in their annual reports to the governor activities undertaken in the past year to effectuate this--chapter chapters 2 and 3 of this title. Such reports shall cover both internal activities and external relations with the public or with other state agencies and shall contain other information as specifically requested by the governor."

7 Section 20. Section 49-3-303, 4CA, is emended to read:

#49-3-303. Remedies for individuals. (1) Any person 8 claiming to be aggrieved by a violation of any provision of q this chapter may file a complaint for redress of the 10 violation with the commission for human rights.____The 11 complaint shall be filed within the time limit set forth in 12 13 49-2-501(2) and shall be considered by the commission according to the procedures in chapter 2. 14 (2) After a complaint has been filed under this 15 section or 42-2-501 for 180 days or after the commission 16 17 staff_determines_that_its_informal_efforts_to_eliminate_the alleged_discrimination_are_unsuccessful,_whichever_comes 18

- 19 first, it shall, at the request of the complainant, issue a
- 20 right-to-sue letter. The commission shall dismiss a
- 21 complaint when a right-to-sue letter is issued.

(3) <u>A complainant who has been issued a right=to:sue</u>
 letter <u>mays</u> within 90 days of the date of that letters and
 upon-filing-that-complaint-mays-in-additions petition the
 district court in the district where the-complainant-resides

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1 or--where the alleged violation occurred for appropriate 2 relief. The court may grant such relief, by injunction or 3 otherwise, as it considers appropriate. Commencement of the 4 administrative remedy does not preclude the judicial remedy 5 unless the case has already been certified to the commission 6 for a contested case hearing. 7 +2+14) Actions under this section are original 3 actions." 9 NEW_SECTION. Section 21. Other provisions applicable. 10 In addition to the provisions of this chapter, the following 11 sections apply to this chapter: 49-3-101 through 49-3-104, 12 49-3-202, 49-3-204, 49-3-205, and 49-3-302. 13 NEW SECTION. Section 22. Applicability of other 14 provisions. In addition to the provisions of this chapter, 15 the following sections apply to this chapter: 49-2-101, 16 49-2-202, 49-2-204, 49-2-301, 49-2-302, 49-2-401, 49-2-402, 49-2-501, and 49-2-601. 17 18 Section 23. Codification instructions. (1) Section 21 19 is intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 49, 20 chapter 2. 21 (2) Section 22 is intended to be codified as an 22 integral part of Title 49, chapter 3.

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