House Bill 772

In The House

February 14, 1981 Introduced and referred to Committee on Rules.

February 23, 1981 Committee recommend bill do not pass.

HOUSE BILL NO. 772

INTRODUCED BY KLEAN MALKON HINKASA

VINCENT BALL OUT

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO INCREASE THE LENGTH OF THE REGULAR SESSION OF THE 1980 LEGISLATURE TO A TOTAL OF 120 DAYS AND TO PROVIDE FOR AN INTERIM RECESS DURING THE 1983 LEGISLATIVE SESSION AND A RECONVENING OF THE MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE ON THE LAST MONDAY OF OCTOBER 1983 TO CONSIDER CERTAIN LEGISLATIVE MATTERS."

WHEREAS, any Lagislature of the State of Montana is authorized to increase the limit on the length of any subsequent session under Article V, section 5, of the Constitution of Montana and section 5-2-103, MCA; and

*HEREAS, each house of the Legislature of the State of Montana may recess for more than 3 days during the session with the consent of the other house under Article V, section 10, of the Constitution of Montana.

SE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HONTAMA:

Section 1. Length of 1983 legislative session —
recess — matters for consideration upon reconvening. (1)
The length of the legislative session in 1983 shall be 120
days. Members of the legislature shall convene for 90 days
at the seat of government as provided in 5-2-103. At the end

of this 90-day period the members of the legislature shall recess, on the condition that each house consents to the recess as provided in subsection (2), until the last Monday of October of 1983, at which time the members of the legislature shall reconvene into regular session at the seat of government at 12 noon until the last Tuesday of November to consider the following matters:

- (a) legislation relating to the budget and financing;
- (b) if consideration is approved during the 30-day portion by a two-thirds vote of the members of either house, holdover legislation from the 90-day portion or legislation to be introduced for the first time during the session;
- (c) review of delegated agency action, if referred to the legislature by the administrative code committee according to the provisions of section 3; and
 - (d) legislation that has been vetoed by the governor.
- (2) The members of both houses of the 48th legislature are considered to have consented to a recess if no affirmative action either in the form of a positive vote on a bill or passage of a resolution is taken to prevent the recess. If the legislators vote in the affirmative against recessing, this vote shall be considered to be a vote in favor of adjourning at the end of the 90-day active portion for the entire 1983 session, in which case this act becomes void and of no effect.

Section 2. Round trips — interim program. (1) For the purposes of this act, legislators are entitled to a mileage allowance as specified in 2-18-503 for each mile of travel for three additional round trips to their place of residence during the 1983 session.

 (2) For the purposes of this act, the legislative intern program under Title 5, chapter 6, part 1, is suspanded after the 90-day portion specified in section 1.

Section 3. Referral by the administrative code committee. During the recess between the active in-session portions of the 1983 session, in place of a poll as provided in 2-4-403, the administrative code committee shall refer matters normally appropriate for the poll to the legislature for review during the 30-day portion of the 1983 session.

Section 4. Construction with other laws. During the period between the first Monday in January of 1983 and the end of the 30-day portion in November of 1983, the legislature shall be considered to be "in session" for the purposes of all laws, except that the legislature shall be considered to be "not in session" during the recess between the active 90-day portion and the 30-day portion of the session for the purposes of Title 5, chapter 5, part 2.

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