House Bill 483

In The House

January 26, 1981	Introduced and referred to Committee on Taxation.
January 29, 1981	Fiscal note requested.
February 3, 1981	Fiscal note returned.
April 23, 1981	Died in Committee.

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1	INTRODUCED BY Waldron
2	INTRODUCED BY Walkson
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4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO ESTABLISH A FEE IN
5	LIEU OF TAX FOR AUTOMOBILES AND LIGHT TRUCKS; PROVIDING FOR
6	CHANGING THE FEE ANNUALLY TO REFLECT CHANGES IN THE CONSUMER
7	PRICE INDEX; ESTABLISHING A FLOOR AMOUNT IN BONDING
8	LIMITATIONS TO REFLECT TAXABLE VALUE LOST TO FEES; PROVIDING
9	AN APPLICABILITY DATE; AND AMENDING SECTIONS 7-1-2111,
10	7-3-1321, 7-4-2503, 7-6-2211, 7-6-4121, 7-6-4254, 7-7-107,
11	7-7-108, 7-7-2101, 7-7-2202, 7-7-2203, 7-7-4201, 7-7-4202,
12	7-13-4103, 7-14-236, 7-14-2524, 7-14-4402, 7-16-2327,
13	7-16-4104, 7-31-106, 7-31-107, 7-34-2131, 10-2-301,
14	15-6-139, 15-6-140, 15-6-201, 15-8-201, 15-8-202, 15-24-101
15	THROUGH 15-24-105, 15-24-301, 15-30-121, 15-31-114,
16	15-50-207, 19-11-503, 19-11-504, 19-11-512, 20-9-406,
17	20-9-502, 61-3-303, 61-3-317, 61-3-322, 61-3-332, 61-3-335,
18	61-3-342, 61-3-501, 61-3-503, 61-3-504, 61-3-507, 61-3-509,
19	61-3-521, 61-3-701, 61-10-233, AND 85-7-2001, MCA.*
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21	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
22	Section 1. Section 7-1-2111, MCA, is amended to read:
23	#7-1-2111. Classification of counties. For the purpose
24	of regulating the compensation and salaries of all county
25	officers, not otherwise provided for, and for fixing the

1 penalties of officers* bonds, the several counties of this state shall be classified according to that percentage of the true and full valuation of the property therein upon which the tax levy is made plus the taxable value as of December 31: 1980: of property within the county on which a fee in lieu of tax is charged, as follows: 7 (1) first class--all counties having such a taxable valuation of \$50 million or over; (2) second class--all counties having such a taxable valuation of more than \$30 million and less than \$50 million; 12 (3) third class--all counties having such a taxable valuation of more than \$20 million and less than \$30 million: 15 (4) fourth class--all counties having such a taxable valuation of more than \$15 million and less than \$20 million: (5) fifth class--all counties having such a taxable valuation of more than \$10 million and less than \$15 million; (6) sixth class--all counties having such a taxable 21 valuation of more than \$5 million and less than \$10 million: (7) seventh class--all counties having such a taxable

valuation of less than \$5 million."

Section 2. Section 7-3-1321, MCA, is amended to read:

*7-3-1321. Authorization to incur indebtedness
limitation. (1) The consolidated municipality may borrow
money or issue bonds for any municipal purpose to the extent
and in the manner provided by the constitution and laws of
Montana for the borrowing of money or issuing of bonds by
counties and cities and towns.

(2) The municipality shall not become indebted in any manner or for any purpose to an amount, including existing indebtedness, in the aggregate exceeding 5% of the sum of the value of the taxable property therein, as ascertained by the last assessment for state and county taxes prior to incurring such indebtedness, plus the taxable value as of December 31, 1980, of property within the municipality on which a fee in lieu of tax is charged. All warrants, bonds, or obligations in excess of such amount given by or on behalf of the municipality shall be void.*

Section 3. Section 7-4-2503, MCA, is amended to read: #7-4-2503. Salary schedule for certain county officers. (1) The salary paid to the county treasurer, county clerk and recorder, clerk of the district court, county attorney, county assessor, county superintendent of schools, and county sheriff; the county surveyor in counties where county surveyors receive salaries as provided in 7-4-2812; and the county auditor in all counties wherein such office is authorized is computed by adding the sum of

1	the salary shown in column A, based on population as o
2	January 1, 1979, to the salary shown in column 3, based o
3	taxable valuation as of January 1, 1979, plus the taxabl
4	value as of December 31. 1980, of property within the count
5	on which a fee in lieu of tax is charged, as follows:
6	(a) Population of County Column A
7	Below 3,000 \$4,494
8	3,000 to 3,999 \$4,729
9	4,000 to 4,999 \$4,933
10	5,000 to 5,999 \$4,938
11	6,000 to 6,999 \$5,058
12	7,000 to 7,999\$5,394
13	8,000 to 8,999\$5,487
14	9,000 to 9,999\$5,617
15	10,000 to 12,499 \$5,708
16	12,500 to 14,999 \$5,826
17	15,000 to 17,499 \$5,943
18	17,500 to 19,999 \$6,048
19	20,000 to 24,999 \$6,165
20	25,000 to 29,999 \$6,270
21	30,000 to 39,999 \$6,387
22	40,000 to 49,999 \$6,544
23	50,000 to 59,999 \$6,779
24	60,000 to 69,999 \$7,014
25	70,000 to 79,999 \$7,275

1	80,000 to 89,999 \$7,432	1 40,000,000 to 44,999,999 \$7,275
2	90,000 to 99,999 \$7,676	2 45,000,000 to 49,999,999 \$7,432
3	100,000 and over \$7,902	3 50,000,000 to 54,999,999 \$7,667
4	(b) Taxable Valuation of County	4 55,000,000 to 59,999,999 \$7,902
5	Plus Yalue of Property	5 60,000,000 to 64,999,999 \$8,138
6	Within the County	6 65,000,000 to 69,999,999 \$8,372
7	Subject to Fee in Lieu of Tax Column 3	7 70,000,000 to 74,999,999
8	Below \$2,000,000 \$4,598	8 75,000,000 to 79,999,999
9	2,000,000 to 2,999,999 \$4,729	9 80,000,000 to 84,999,999 \$9,078
10	3,000,000 to 3,999,999 \$4,833	10 85,000,000 to 89,999,999 \$9,313
11	4,000,000 to 4,999,999 \$4,938	11 90,000,000 to 94,999,999 \$9,548
12	5,000,000 to 5,999,999 \$5,069	12 95,000,000 to 99,999,999 \$9,783
13	6,000,000 to 6,999,999 \$5,394	13 100,000,000 to 109,999,999 \$10,019
14	7,000,000 to 7,999,999 \$5,487	14 110,000,000 to 119,999,999 \$10,195
15	8,000,000 to 9,999,999 \$5,617	15 120,000,000 to 129,999,999 \$10,398
16	10,000,000 to 11,999,999 \$5,708	16 130,000,000 to 139,999,999 \$10,606
17	12,000,000 to 13,999,999 \$5,826	17 140,000,000 to 149,999,999 \$10,817
18	14,000,000 to 15,999,999 \$5,942	18 150,000,000 to 159,999,999 \$11,035
19	16,000,000 to 17,999,999 \$6,047	19 160,000,000 and over \$11,265
20	18,000,000 to 19,999,999 \$6,165	20 (2) (a) The county superintendent of schools shall
21	2C,000,000 to 22,499,999 \$6,270	21 receive, in addition to the salary based upon the totals of
2 2	22,500,000 to 24,999,999 \$6,387	22 columns A and B above, the sum of \$400 per year.
23	25,000,000 to 29,999,999 \$6,544	23 (b) The county sheriff shall receive, in addition to
24	30,000,000 to 34,999,999	24 the salary based upon the totals of columns A and B above.

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35,000,000 to 39,999,999..... \$7,014

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the sum of \$2,000 per year.

(c) Except in counties of population greater than 30,000, the county attorney shall receive, in addition to the salary based upon the totals of column A and B above, the sum of \$1,200. In each county with a population in excess of 30,000, the salary of the county attorney shall be \$30,000 per year.

(d) In those counties where the office of the county attorney has been established as a full-time position pursuant to 7-4-2706, the salary of the county attorney shall be set by resolution of the county commission but it shall not exceed the salary of the county attorney in a county with a population in excess of 30,000.**

Section 4. Section 7-6-2211, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-2211. Authorization to conduct county business on a cash basis. (1) In case the total indebtedness of a county, lawful when incurred, exceeds the limit of 18% established in 7-7-2101 by reason of great diminution of the sum of the taxable value plus the taxable value as of December 31. 1980. of property within the county on which a fee in lieu of tax is charged, the county may conduct its business affairs on a cash basis and pay the reasonable and necessary current expenses of the county out of the cash in the county treasury derived from its current revenue and under such restrictions and regulations as may be imposed by the board of county commissioners of the county by a

resolution duly adopted and included in the minutes of the

(2) Nothing in this section restricts the right of the

board to make the necessary tax levies for interest and sinking fund purposes, and nothing in this section affects the right of any creditor of the county to pursue any remedy

now given him by law to obtain payment of his claim.™

- Section 5. Section 7-6-4121, MCA, is amended to read: *7-6-4121. Authorization to conduct municipal business on a cash basis. (1) In case the total indebtedness of a city or town has reached 11% of the sum of the total taxable value of the property of the city or town subject to taxation, as ascertained by the last assessment for state and county taxes, plus the taxable value as of December 31: 1980, of property within the city or town on which a fee in lieu of tax is charged, the city or town may conduct its affairs and business on a cash basis as provided by subsection (2).
 - (2) (a) Whenever a city or town is conducting its business affairs on a cash basis, the reasonable and necessary current expenses of the city or town may be paid out of the cash in the city or town treasury and derived from its current revenues, under such restrictions and regulations as the city or town council may by ordinance prescribe.

(b) In the event that payment is made in advance, the city or town may require a cash deposit as collateral security and indemnity, equal in amount to such payment, and may hold the same as a special deposit with the city treasurer or town clerk, in package form, as a pledge for the fulfillment and performance of the contract or oblication for which the advance is made.

- (c) Before the payment of the current expenses mentioned above, the city or town council shall first set apart sufficient money to pay the interest upon its legal, valid, and outstanding bonded indebtedness and any sinking funds therein provided for and shall be authorized to pay all valid claims against funds raised by tax especially authorized by law for the purpose of paying such claims.
- Section 6. Section 7-6-4254, MCA, is amended to read:

 *7-6-4254. Limitation on amount of emergency budgets
 and appropriations. (1) The total of all emergency budgets
 and appropriations made therein in any one year and to be
 paid from any city fund shall not exceed 25% of the sum of
 the total amount which could be produced for such city fund
 by a maximum levy authorized by law to be made for such
 fund, as shown by the last completed assessment roll of the
 county: plus the taxable value as of December 31, 1980; of
 property within the city on which a fee in lieu of tax is
 charged.

- (2) The term "taxable property", as used herein, means the percentage of the value at which such property is assessed and which percentage is used for the purposes of computing taxes and does not mean the assessed value of such property as the same appears on the assessment roll."
- Section 7. Section 7-7-107, MCA, is amended to read:

 "7-7-107. Limitation on amount of bonds for

 city-county consolidated units. (1) Except as provided in

 7-7-108, no city-county consolidated local government may

 issue bonds for any purpose which, with all outstanding

 indebtedness, may exceed 27% of the sum of the taxable value

 of the property therein subject to taxation, as ascertained

 by the last assessment for state and county taxes, plus the

 taxable value as of December 31, 1980, of property within

 the city-county consolidated government on which a fee in

 lieu of tax is charged.
- (2) The issuing of bonds for the purpose of funding or refunding outstanding warrants or bonds is not the incurring of a new or additional indebtedness but is merely the changing of the evidence of outstanding indebtedness.
- Section 8. Section 7-7-108, MCA, is amended to read:

 #7-7-108. Authorization for additional indebtedness
 for water or sewer systems. (1) For the purpose of

 constructing a sewer system or procuring a water supply or

 constructing or acquiring a water system for a city-county

consolidated government which shall own and control such water supply and water system and devote the revenues therefrom to the payment of the debt, a city-county consolidated government may incur an additional indebtedness by borrowing money or issuing bonds.

- (2) The additional indebtedness which may be incurred by borrowing money or issuing bonds for the construction of a sewer system or for the procurement of a water supply or for both such purposes may not in the aggregate exceed 10% over and above the 27% referred to in 7-7-107 of the sum of the taxable value of the property therein subject to taxation, as ascertained by the last assessment for state and county taxes, plus the taxable value as of December 31, 1980, of property within the city-county consolidated government on which a fee in lieu of tax is charged.
- Section 9. Section 7-7-2101, MCA, is amended to read:

 "7-7-2101. Limitation on amount of county indebtedness. (1) No county may become indebted in any manner or for any purpose to an amount, including existing indebtedness, in the aggregate exceeding 18% of the sum of the taxable value of the property therein subject to taxation, as ascertained by the last assessment for state and county taxes previous to the incurring of such indebtedness, plus the taxable value as of December 31, 1980. of property within the county on which a fee in lieu

of tax is charged.

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- 2 (2) No county may incur indebtedness or liability for
 3 any single purpose to an amount exceeding \$40,000 without
 4 the approval of a majority of the electors thereof voting at
 5 an election to be provided by law, except as provided in
 6 7-21-3413 and 7-21-3414.**
 - Section 10. Section 7-7-2202, MCA, is amended to read:

 #7-7-2202. Authority to issue general obligation bonds

 to satisfy judgments. (1) The board of county commissioners

 of every county of the state is hereby vested with the power

 and authority to issue, negotiate, and sell coupon bonds on

 the credit of the county, as more specifically provided in

 this part, for the purpose of funding, paying in full, or

 compromising, settling, and satisfying any judgment which

 may have been rendered against the county in a court of

 competent jurisdiction when:
 - (a) there are not sufficient funds available to pay such judgment; and
 - (b) sufficient money cannot be raised to satisfy such judgment by an annual tax levy of 10 mills levied on the sum of all the taxable property within the county through a period of 3 years plus the taxable value as of December 31.

 1980: of property within the county on which a fee in lieu of tax is charged.
 - (2) The resolution providing for the issue of such

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bonds must recite the facts concerning the judgment to be funded and the terms of any compromise agreement which may have been entered into between the board and the judgment creditor.

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- Section 11. Section 7-7-2203, MCA, is amended to read:

 #7-7-2203. Limitation on amount of bonded indebtedness. (1) Except as provided in subsections (2) and (3), no county may issue general obligation bonds for any purpose which, with all outstanding bonds and warrants except county high school bonds and emergency bonds, will exceed 9% of the taxable value of the property therein, to be ascertained by the last assessment for state and county taxes prior to the proposed issuance of bonds.
- (2) A county may issue bonds which, with all outstanding bonds and warrants, will exceed 9% but will not exceed 29% of the sum of the taxable value of such property plus the taxable value as of December 31, 1980; of property within the county on which a fee in lieu of tax is charged, when necessary to do so, for the purpose of acquiring land for a site for county high school buildings and for erecting or acquiring buildings thereon and furnishing and equipping the same for county high school purposes.
- (3) The foregoing limitation shall not apply to refunding bonds issued for the purpose of paying or retiring county bonds lawfully issued prior to January 1, 1932."

- Section 12. Section 7-7-4201, MCA, is amended to read: 1 #7-7-4201. Limitation 2 on amount of bonded indebtedness. (1) Except as otherwise provided, no city or 3 town may issue bonds or incur other indebtedness for any purpose in an amount which with all outstanding and unpaid indebtedness will exceed 18% of the sum of the taxable value 7 of the property therein subject to taxation, to be ascertained by the last assessment for state and county taxes, plus the taxable value as of December 31, 1980, of 10 property within the city or town on which a fee in lieu of 11 tax is charged.
 - (2) The issuing of bonds for the purpose of funding or refunding outstanding warrants or bonds is not the incurring of a new or additional indebtedness but is merely the changing of the evidence of outstanding indebtedness.**
 - Section 13. Section 7-7-4202, MCA, is amended to read:

 **7-7-4202. Special provisions relating to water and sewer systems. (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of 7-7-4201, for the purpose of constructing a sewer system, procuring a water supply, or constructing or acquiring a water system for a city or town which owns and controls the water supply and water system and devotes the revenues therefrom to the payment of the debt, a city or town may incur an additional indebtedness by borrowing money or issuing bonds.

(2) The additional total incebtedness that may be incurred by borrowing money or issuing bonds for the construction of a sewer system, for the procurement of a water supply, or for both such purposes, including all indebtedness theretofore contracted which is unpaid or outstanding, may not in the aggregate exceed 36% over and above the 18%, referred to in 7-7-4201, of the sum of the taxable value of the property therein subject to taxations as ascertained by the last assessment for state and county taxes, plus the taxable value as of December 31, 1980, of property within the city or town on which a fee in lieu of tax is charged."

Section 14. Section 7-13-4103, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-13-4103. Limitation on indebtedness for acquisition of natural gas system. The total amount of indebtedness authorized to be contracted in any form, including the then-existing indebtedness, must not at any time exceed 11% of the sum of the total taxable value of the property of the city or town subject to taxation, as ascertained by the last assessment for state and county taxes, plus the taxable value as of December 31, 1980, of property within the city or town on which a fee in lieu of tax is charged."

24 Section 15. Section 7-14-236, MCA, is amended to read: 25 #7-14-236. Limitation on bonded indebtedness. The amount of bonds issued to provide funds for the district and outstanding at any time shall not exceed 5% of the sum of the taxable property therein as ascertained by the last assessment for state and county taxes previous to the

issuance of such bonds. plus the taxable value as of

December 31. 1980. of property within the district on which

7 a fee in lieu of tax is charged."

8 Section 16. Section 7-14-2524, MCA, is amended to 9 read:

excess void. (1) Except as otherwise provided hereafter and in 7-7-2203 and 7-7-2204, no county shall issue bonds which, with all outstanding bonds and warrants except county high school bonds and emergency bonds, will exceed 9% of the sum of the taxable value of the property therein plus the taxable value as of December 31, 1980, of property within the county on which a fee in lieu of tax is charged. The taxable property shall be ascertained by the last assessment for state and county taxes prior to the issuance of such bonds.

(2) A county may issue bonds which, with all outstanding bonds and warrants except county high school bonds, will exceed 9% but will not exceed 18% of the sum of the taxable value of such property plus the taxable value as of December 31: 1980, of property within the county on which

a fee in lieu of tax is charged, when necessary for the purpose of replacing, rebuilding, or repairing county building, bridges, or highways which have been destroyed or damaged by an act of God, disaster, catastrophe, or accident.

(3) The value of the bonds issued and all other outstanding indebtedness of the county, except county high school bonds, shall not exceed 18% of the sum of the taxable value of the property within the county, as ascertained by the last preceding general assessment, plus the taxable value as of December 31, 1980, of property within the county on which a fee in lieu of tax is charged.*

13 Section 17. Section 7-14-4402, MCA, is amended to 14 read:

**T-14-4402. Limit on indebtedness to provide bus service. The total amount of indebtedness authorized under T-14-4401(1) to be contracted in any form, including the then-existing indebtedness, may not at any time exceed 18% of the sum of the total taxable value of the property of the city or town subject to taxation, as ascertained by the last assessment for state and county taxes, plus the taxable value as of December 31. 1980, of property within the city or town on which a fee in lieu of tax is charged. No money may be borrowed or bonds issued for the purposes specified in T-14-4401(1) until the proposition has been submitted to

vote of the taxpayers of the city or town and the majority
vote cast in its favor.

3 Section 18. Section 7~16-2327, MCA, is amended to 4 read:

**7-16-2327. Indebtedness for park purposes. (1) Subject to the provisions of subsection (2), a county park board, in addition to powers and duties now given under law, shall have the power and duty to contract an indebtedness in behalf of a county, upon the credit thereof, for the purposes of 7-16-2321(1) and (2).

- (2) (a) The total amount of indebtedness authorized to be contracted in any form, including the then-existing indebtedness, must not at any time exceed 3% of the sum of the value of the taxable property of the county ascertained by the last assessment for state and county taxes previous to the incurring of such indebtedness plus the taxable value as of December 31, 1980, of property within the county on which a fee in lieu of tax is charged.
- (b) No money must be borrowed on bonds issued for the purchase of lands and improving same for any such purpose until the proposition has been submitted to the vote of those qualified under the provisions of the state constitution to vote at such election in the county affected thereby and a majority vote is cast in favor thereof.
- 25 Section 19. Section 7-16-4104, MCA, is amended to

read:

*7-16-4104. Authorization for municipal indebtedness for various cultural, social, and recreational purposes. (1)

A city or town council or commission may contract an indebtedness on behalf of the city or town, upon the credit thereof, by borrowing money or issuing bonds:

- (a) for the purpose of purchasing and improving lands for public parks and grounds;
- (b) for procuring by purchase, construction, or otherwise swimming pools, athletic fields, skating rinks, playgrounds, museums, a golf course, a site and building for a civic center, a youth center, or combination thereof; and
 - (c) for furnishing and equipping the same.
- (2) The total amount of indebtedness authorized to be contracted in any form, including the then-existing indebtedness, may not at any time exceed 3% of the sum of the value of the taxable property of the city or town, as ascertained by the last assessment for state and county taxes previous to the incurring of such indebtedness, plus the taxable value as of December 31, 1980, of property within the city or town on which a fee in lieu of tax is charged. No money may be borrowed on bonds issued for the purchase of lands and improving the same for any such purpose until the proposition has been submitted to the vote of the qualified electors of the city or town and a

1 majority vote is cast in favor thereof."

Section 20. Section 7-31-106, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-31-106. Authorization for county to issue bonds —
election required. (1) If the petition is presented to the
board of county commissioners, it shall be the duty of the
board, for the purpose of raising money to meet the payments
under the terms and conditions of said contract and other
necessary and proper expenses in and about the same and for
the approval or disapproval thereof:

- (a) to ascertain, within 30 days after submission of the petition, the existing indebtedness of the county in the aggregate; and
- (b) to submit, within 60 days after ascertaining the same, to the electors of such county the proposition to approve or disapprove the contract and the issuance of monds necessary to carry out the same.
- (2) The amount of the bonds authorized by this section shall not exceed 5% of the sum of the value of the taxable property therein, inclusive of the existing indebtedness thereof, to be ascertained by the last assessment for state and county taxes previous to the issuance of said bonds and incurring of said indebtedness, plus the taxable value as of December 31, 1980; of property within the county on which a fee in lieu of tax is charged."
- Section 21. Section 7-31-107, MCA, is amended to read:

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#7-31-107. Authorization for municipality to issue bonds — election required. (1) If said petition is presented to the council of any incorporated city or town, the council, for the purpose of raising money to meet the payments under the terms and conditions of said contract and other necessary and proper expenses in and about the same and for the approval or disapproval thereof:

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- 8 (a) shall ascertain, within 30 days after submission 9 of the petition, the aggregate indebtedness of such city or 10 town; and
 - (b) shall submit, within 60 days after ascertaining the same, to the electors of such city or town the proposition to approve or disapprove said contract and the issuance of bonds necessary to carry out the same.
 - shall not exceed 3% of the sum of the value of the taxable property therein, inclusive of the existing indebtedness thereof, to be ascertained in the manner provided in this part. plus the taxable value as of December 31: 1980; of property within the city or town on which a fee in lieu of tax is charged.*
- 22 Section 22. Section 7-34-2131, MCA, is amended to 23 read:
- 24 *7-34-2131. Hospital district bonds authorized. (1) A
 25 hospital district may borrow money by the issuance of its

- bonds to provide funds for payment of part or all of the cost of acquisition, furnishing, equipment, improvement, extension, and betterment of hospital facilities and to provide an adequate working capital for a new hospital.
 - (2) The amount of bonds issued for such purpose and outstanding at any time shall not exceed 5% of the sum of the taxable property therein, as ascertained by the last assessment for state and county taxes previous to the issuance of such bonds, plus the taxable value as of December 31. 1980, of property in the bospital district on which a fee in lieu of tax is charged.
- 12 (3) Such bonds shall be authorized, sold, and issued
 13 and provisions made for their payment in the manner and
 14 subject to the conditions and limitations prescribed for
 15 bonds of second- or third-class school districts by Title
 16 20, chapter 9, part 4.
- 17 (4) Nothing herein shall be construed to preclude the 18 provisions of Title 50, chapter 6, part 1, allowing the 19 state to apply for and accept federal funds.**
- Section 23. Section 19-11-503, MCA, is amended to read:
- The purpose of this section is to provide a means by which each disability and pension fund may be maintained at a level equal to 2% of the sum of the taxable valuation of all

taxable property within the limits of the city or town plus
the taxable value as of December 31. 1980. of property
within the city or town on which a fee in lieu of tax is
charged.

- of the taxable valuation of all taxable property within the limits of the city or town plus the taxable value as of December 31. 1980. of property within the city or town on which a fee in lieu of tax is charged, the governing body of the city or town shall, at the time of the levy of the annual tax, levy a special tax as provided in 19-11-504. The special tax shall be collected as other taxes are collected and, when so collected, shall be paid into the disability and pension fund."
- Section 24. Section 19-11-504, MCA, is amended to read:
 - *19-11-504. Amount of special tax levy. (1) Whenever the total amount of the fund is less than 2% of the sum of the taxable valuation of all taxable property within the limits of the city or town plus the taxable value as of December 31. 1980. of property within the city or town on which a fee in lieu of tax is charged, the special tax levy shall be:
- 24 (a) not less than 1 mill or more than 4 mills on each
 25 dollar of the sum of the taxable valuation of all taxable

- property within the limits of the city or town plus the
 taxable value as of December 31. 1980. of property within
 the city or town on which a fee in lieu of tax is charged;
 and
- 5 {b} an amount sufficient to provide a growth per year
 6 in the fund, considering all sources of income to the fund
 7 and the payment of obligations out of the fund, equal to the
 8 sum produced by 1 mill levied on the sum of the taxable
 9 valuation of all the taxable property in the city or town
 10 plus the taxable value as of December 31: 1980; of property
 11 within the city or town on which a fee in lieu of tax is
 12 charged.
 - (2) The special tax levy shall be a fractional part of 1 mill whenever:

- (a) the total amount of the fund is less than 2% but more than 1% of the sum of the taxable valuation of all taxable property within the city or town plus the taxable value as of December 31: 1980: of property within the city or town on which a fee in lieu of tax is charged; and
- (b) the special tax levy of a fractional part of 1 mill will produce sufficient revenue to cause the fund, considering all sources of income to the fund and all payments to be made out of the fund, to exceed 2% of the sum of the taxable valuation of all taxable property within the city or town plus the taxable value as of December 31, 1980.

of property within the city or town on which a fee in lieu of tax is charged.

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(3) In cities of the third class, when the fund contains an amount which is less than 2% of the sum of the taxable valuation of all taxable property in the city or town plus the taxable value as of December 31: 1980: of property within the city or town on which a fee in lieu of tax is charged, the city council shall levy an annual special tax of not less than 1 mill and not more than 4 mills on each dollar of the sum of the taxable valuation of all taxable property within the city or town plus the taxable value as of December 31: 1980: of property within the city or town on which a fee in lieu of tax is charged." Section 25. Section 19-11-512, MCA, is amended to read:

#19-11-512. State auditor to pay association out of insurance premium taxes. (1) At the end of the fiscal year, the state auditor shall issue and deliver the payment described in this subsection to the board of investments to be credited to the account of each fire department relief association of any city or town of the first or second class which has a fire department relief association entitled by law to receive payments. The state auditor shall, at the same time, report to the treasurer of the association the amount of the payment. The payment shall be for the use and

premium taxes on insurance risks enumerated in subsection (6) collected by the state auditor and shall be equal to 10% of the total annual compensation paid by the city or town to its paid or part-paid firefighters for services in the previous calendar year. The city clerk of the city or town shall certify in writing to the state auditor, on or before April 1 of each year, the amount paid by the city or town as compensation for services to paid or part-paid firefighters. 10 (2) When there is a disaster resulting in death or 11 injury sufficient to draw the pensions of 10% of the active 12 force and the fund, after receiving all moneys provided for 13 in 19-11-501, 19-11-503, 19-11-504, and subsection (1) of 14 this section, does not show at least the 1-mill growth 15 referred to in 19-11-504, the treasurer of the association 16 shall request and the state auditor shall issue and deliver 17 an additional payment under the same conditions described in 18 subsection (1). The payment shall be in an amount sufficient 19 to cause at least the above-mentioned 1-mill growth in the 20 fund.

benefit of the association. It shall be paid out of the

(3) If a city is not entitled to receive a sum equal to 1 1/2 mills of the sum of its total taxable value plus the taxable value as of December 31: 1980: of property 24 within the city or town on which a fee in lieu of tax is charged under subsections (1) and (2), the payment shall be

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made in the amount provided in subsections (4) and (5) for cities of the third class and in the manner described in subsection (1).

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- (4) At the end of the fiscal year, the state auditor shall issue and deliver the warrant described in this subsection to the treasurer of every city or town, except cities and towns of the first or second class, which has a fire department relief association entitled by law to receive payments. The warrant shall be for the use and benefit of the association. It shall be for an amount equal to 1 1/2 mills of the sum of the total taxable value of the city or town plus the taxable value as of December 31: 1980s of property within the city or town on which a fee in lieu of tax is charged and shall be paid out of the premium taxes on insurance risks enumerated in subsection (6) collected by the state auditor.
 - (5) If the payment provided for in subsection (4) is less than \$100, an additional payment shall be made from the same tax moneys so that the total amount received is \$100.
- 20 (6) The risks referred to in subsections (1) and (4)
 21 are:
- 22 (a) insurance of houses, buildings, and all other 23 kinds of property against loss or damage by fire or other 24 casualty;
- 25 (b) all kinds of insurance on goods, merchandise, or

- other property in the course of transportation, whether by land, water, or air;
- (c) insurance against loss or damage to motor vehicles
 resulting from accident, collision, or marine and inland
 navigation and transportation perils;
- 6 (d) insurance of growing crops against loss or damage7 resulting from hail or the elements;

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- (e) insurance against loss or damage by water to any goods or premises arising from the breakage or leakage of sprinklers, pumps, or other apparatus;
 - (f) insurance against loss or legal liability for loss because of damage to property caused by the use of teams or vehicles, whether by accident or collision or by explosion of any engine, tank, boiler, pipe, or tire of any vehicle; and
- 16 (g) insurance against theft of the whole or any part
 17 of any vehicle."
 - Section 26. Section 20-9-406, MCA, is amended to read:

 "20-9-406. Limitations on amount of bond issue. (1)

 The maximum amount for which each school district may become indebted by the issuance of bonds, including all indebtedness represented by outstanding bonds of previous issues and registered warrants, is 29% of the sum of the taxable value of the property subject to taxation, as ascertained by the last completed assessment for state,

county, and school taxes previous to the incurring of such indebtedness. plus the taxable value as of December 31. 1980. of property within the district on which a fee in lieu of tax is charged. The 29% maximum, however, may not pertain to indebtedness imposed by special improvement district obligations or assessments against the school district. All bonds issued in excess of such amount shall be null and void, except as provided in this section.

- (2) When the total indebtedness of a school district has reached the 29% limitation prescribed in this section, the school district may pay all reasonable and necessary expenses of the school district on a cash basis in accordance with the financial administration provisions of this chapter.
- (3) Whenever bonds are issued for the purpose of refunding bonds, any moneys to the credit of the debt service fund for the payment of the bonds to be refunded are applied towards the payment of such bonds and the refunding bond issue is decreased accordingly."
- Section 27. Section 20-9-502, MCA, is amended to read:
 "20-9-502. Purpose and authorization of a building
 reserve fund by an election. (1) The trustees of any
 district, with the approval of the qualified electors of the
 district, may establish a building reserve for the purpose
 of raising money for the future construction, equipping, or

- enlarging of school buildings or for the purpose of purchasing land needed for school purposes in the district.

 In order to submit to the qualified electors of the district a building reserve proposition for the establishment of or addition to a building reserve, the trustees shall pass a resolution that specifies:
 - (a) the purpose or purposes for which the new or addition to the building reserve will be used;
- 9 (b) the duration of time over which the new or
 10 addition to the building reserve will be raised in annual,
 11 equal installments;
- 12 (c) the total amount of money that will be raised 13 during the duration of time specified in subsection (1)(b); 14 and
 - (d) any other requirements under 20-20-201 for the calling of an election.
 - (2) The total amount of building reserve when added to the outstanding indebtedness of the district shall not be more than 5% of the sum of the value of the taxable property of the district plus the taxable value as of December 31.

 1980. of property within the district on which a fee in lieu of tax is charged. Such limitation shall be determined in the manner provided in 20-9-406. A building reserve tax authorization shall not be for more than 20 years.
 - (3) The election shall be conducted in accordance with

the school election laws of this title, and the electors qualified to vote in the election shall be qualified under the provisions of 20-20-301. The ballot for a building reserve proposition shall be substantially in the following form:

DFFICIAL BALLOT

SCHOOL DISTRICT BUILDING RESERVE ELECTION

INSTRUCTIONS TO VOTERS: Make an X or similar mark in the vacant square before the words "BUILDING RESERVE--YES" if you wish to vote for the establishment of a building reserve (addition to the building reserve); if you are opposed to the establishment of a building reserve (addition to the building reserve) make an X or similar mark in the square before the words "BUILDING RESERVE--NO".

Shall the trustees be authorized to impose an additional levy each year for years to establish a building reserve (add to the building reserve) of this school district to raise a total amount of dollars (\$....), for the purpose(s) (here state the purpose or purposes for which the building reserve will be used)?

BUILDING RESERVE--YES.

BUILDING RESERVE--NO.

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(4) The building reserve proposition shall be approved if a majority of those electors voting at the election approve the establishment of or addition to such building

reserve. The annual budgeting and taxation authority of the trustees for a building reserve shall be computed by dividing the total authorized amount by the specified number 3 of years. The authority of the trustees to budget and impose the taxation for the annual amount to be raised for the building reserve shall lapse when, at a later time, a 7 bond issue is approved by the qualified electors of the district for the same purpose or purposes for which the building reserve fund of the district was established. Whenever a subsequent bond issue is made for the same 10 11 purpose or purposes of a building reserve, the money in the 12 building reserve shall be used for such purpose or purposes 13 before any money realized by the bond issue is used." Section 28. Section 85-7-2001, MCA, is amended to 14

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read:

*85-7-2001. Limitations on debt-incurring power. (1)
The board of commissioners or other officers of the district may not incur any debt or liability, either by issuing bonds or otherwise, except as provided in this chapter. No irrigation district may become indebted, in any manner or for any purpose in any one year, in an amount exceeding 15% of the sum of the assessed valuation of the district plus the taxable value as of December 31, 1980, of property within the district on which a fee in lieu of tax is charged, except as provided in subsection (2).

(2) (a) For the purpose of organization; for any of the immediate purposes of this chapter; to make or purchase surveys, plans, and specifications; for stream gauging and gathering data; or to make any repairs occasioned by any calamity or other unforeseen contingency, the board of commissioners may, in any one year, incur the indebtedness of as many dollars as there are acres in the district and may cause warrants of the district to issue therefor.

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- (b) For the purpose of organization, for any of the immediate purposes of this chapter, or to meet the expenses occasioned by any calamity or other unforeseen contingency, the board of commissioners may, in any one year, incur (in addition to the 15% limitation of subsection (1)) an additional indebtedness not exceeding 10% of the sum of the assessed valuation of the district plus the taxable value as of December 31, 1980, of property within the district on which a fee in lieu of tax is charged and may cause warrants of the district to issue therefor.
- (c) The limitation of subsection (1) does not apply to warrants issued for unpaid interest on the valid bonds of any irrigation district.
- (d) The limitation of subsection (1) does not apply to any bonds issued under this chapter pursuant to a provision which expressly supersedes the limitation.
- (3) Any debt or liability incurred in excess of the

limitations pr	ovided by	tne	irrigation	district	IGM2	15
void."						

- Section 29. Section 10-2-301, MCA, is amended to read:

 #10-2-301. Free license plates to disabled veterans.

 Any person who is a veteran of the armed service of the United States and 100% disabled because of an injury which has been determined by the veterans administration to be service connected and who is a citizen and resident of the state of Montana and who is the owner of a passenger automobile or of a truck up to and including three-quarter ton GVW-rated capacity shall be provided with free license plates upon-payment-of-personal-property-tax-equal-to-1%-of the-taxable-velue for such automobile or truck end upon proof of 100% service-connected disability.**
- Section 30. Section 15-6-139, MCA, is amended to read:

 "15-6-139. Class nine property -- description -taxable percentage. (1) Class nine property includes:
- 18 (a) automobilesy busesy and trucks weighing-1-1/2-tons

 19 or-less with a GYM-rated capacity of more than three-quarter

 20 ton and equal to or less than 1 1/2 tons;
 - (b) stocky-compingy-ond-travel trailers;
- (c)--truck-compers-and-toppers-weighing-more--than--300
 poundsy-except-those-included-in-class-five;

2	establishments as defined in this section;
3	+f+(d) x-ray and medical and dental equipment; and
4	(g)(e) citizens band radios and mobile telephones.
5	(2) "Commercial establishment" includes any hotel
6	motel; office; petroleum marketing station; or service
7	wholesale, retail, or food-handling business.
ន	(3) Class nine property is taxed at 13% of its market
9	value.*
10	Section 31. Section 15-6-140, MCA, is amended to read
11	*15-6-140. Class ten property description
12	taxable percentage. (1) Class ten property includes:
13	(a) radio and television broadcasting and transmitting
14	equipment;
15	(b) cable television systems;
16	(c) centrally assessed utility allocations after
17	deductions of locally assessed properties, except as
18	provided in:
19	(i) class five for cooperative rural electrical and
20	cooperative rural telephone associations; and
21	(ii) class seven for rural telephone and electrical
22	organizations;
23	(d) coal and ore haulers;
24	(e) trucks weighing with a GVW-rated capacity of more
25	than 1 1/2 tons, including those prorated under 15-24-102

specifically included in another class, used in commercial

1	(f) trailers, except those included in classes five,
2	eight, or nine, including those prorated under 15-24-102;
3	(g) theater projectors and sound equipment; and
4	(h) all other property not included in the preceding
5	nine classes.
6	(2) Class ten property is taxed at 16% of its market
7	value."
8	Section 32. Section 15-6-201, MCA, is amended to read:
9	*15-6-201. Sxempt categories. (1) The following
10	categories of property are exempt from taxation:
11	(a) the property of:
12	(i) the United States, the state, counties, cities,
13	towns, school districts;
14	(ii) irrigation districts organized under the laws of
15	Montana and not operating for profit;
16	(iii) municipal corporations; and
17	(iv) public libraries;
18	(b) buildings, with land they occupy and furnishings
19	therein, owned by a church and used for actual religious
20	worship or for residences of the clergy, together with
21	adjacent land reasonably necessary for convenient use of
22	such buildings;
23	(c) property used exclusively for agricultural and

horticultural societies, for educational purposes, and for

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hospitals;

1	(d)	property	that	meets	the	following	conditions:
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- (i) is owned and held by any association or corporation organized under Title 35, chapter 2, 3, 20, or 21;
- (ii) is devoted exclusively to use in connection with a cemetery or cemeteries for which a permanent care and improvement fund has been established as provided for in Title 35, chapter 20, part 3; and
- 9 (iii) is not maintained and operated for private or 10 corporate profit;
- 11 (e) institutions of purely public charity;
- 12 (f) evidence of debt secured by mortgages of record 13 upon real or personal property in the state of Montana;
 - (g) public art galleries and public observatories not used or held for private or corporate profit;
 - (h) all household goods and furniture, including but not limited to clocks, musical instruments, sewing machines, and wearing apparel of members of the family, used by the owner for personal and domestic purposes or for furnishing or equipping the family residence;
 - (i) a truck canopy cover or topper weighing less than 300 pounds and having no accommodations attached. Such property is also exempt from the fee in lieu of tax.
- 24 (j) a bicycle, as defined in 61-1-123, used by the 25 owner for personal transportation purposes.

l	(k) a vehicle listed in 61-3-521 on which a fee in
2	lieu of tax is charged.

- 3 (2) (a) The term "institutions of purely public 4 charity" includes organizations owning and operating 5 facilities for the care of the retired or aged or 6 chronically ill, which are not operated for gain or profit.
- 7 (b) The terms "public art galleries" and "public 8 observatories" include only those art galleries and 9 observatories, whether of public or private ownership, that 10 are open to the public without charge at all reasonable 11 hours and are used for the purpose of education only.
 - (3) The following portions of the appraised value of a capital investment made after January 1, 1979, in a recognized nonfossil form of energy generation, as defined in 15-32-102, are exempt from taxation for a period of 10 years following installation of the property:

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- 17 (a) \$20,000 in the case of a single family residential dwelling;
- 19 (b) \$100,000 in the case of a multifamily residential
 20 dwelling or a nonresidential structure.
- Section 33. Section 15-8-201, MCA, is amended to read:

 #15-8-201. General assessment day. (1) The department

 of revenue or its agent must, between January 1 and the

 second Monday of July in each year, ascertain the names of

all taxable inhabitants and assess all property subject to

- taxation in each county. The department or its agent must
 assess property to the person by whom it was owned or
 claimed or in whose possession or control it was at midnight
 of January 1 next preceding. It must also ascertain and
 assess all mobile homes arriving in the county after
 midnight of January 1 next preceding. No mistake in the name
 of the owner or supposed owner of real property, however,
 renders the assessment invalid.
- 9 (2) The procedure provided by this section may not 10 apply to:
- 11 (a) motor vehicles that are required by 15-8-202 to be
 12 assessed on January 1 or upon their anniversary registration
 13 date;
 - (b) motor homes, and travel trailers, and motor vehicles listed in 61-3-521, subject to a fee in lieu of property tax;
 - (c) livestock;

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- (d) property defined in 61-1-104(2) as "special mobile equipment" that is subject to assessment for personal property taxes on the date that application is made for a special mobile equipment plate; and
- (e) mobile homes held by a distributor or dealer of mobile homes as a part of his stock-in-trade.
- 24 (3) Credits must be assessed as provided in 25 15-1-101(1)(c).**

1 Section 34. Section 15-8-202, MCA, is amended to read: 2 *15-8-202. Motor vehicle assessment. (1) (a) The 3 department or its agent must, in each year, ascertain and assess all motor vehicles other than motor homes, travel trailers, or mobile homes, automobiles, or light trucks in 5 each county subject to taxation as of January 1 or as of the 6 anniversary registration date of those vehicles subject to 7 61-3-313 through 61-3-316 and 61-3-501. The motor vehicles shall be assessed in each year to the persons by whom owned 9 10 or claimed or in whose possession or control they were at 11 midnight of January 1 or the anniversary registration date 12 thereof, whichever is applicable.

- (b) No tax may be assessed against motor vehicles that constitute inventory of motor vehicle dealers as of January 1. These vehicles and all other motor vehicles brought into the state subsequent to January 1 as motor vehicle dealers. inventories shall be assessed to their respective purchasers as of the dates the vehicles are registered by the purchasers.
- 20 (c) "Purchasers" includes dealers who apply for 21 registration or reregistration of motor vehicles, except as 22 otherwise provided by 61-3-502.
- 23 (d) Goods, wares, and merchandise of motor vehicle
 24 dealers, other than new motor vehicles and new mobile homes,
 25 shall be assessed at market value as of January 1.

(2) In all cases where taxes or a fee in lieu of tax were required to be paid, the applicant for registration or reregistration of a motor vehicle, other than a mobile home, is not relieved of the duty of paying taxes or the fee in lieu of tax if the taxes or fees have not been paid by a prior applicant or owner.

- 7 Section 35. Section 15-24-101, MCA, is amended to 8 read:
 - interstate motor vehicle fleets tax payment required for registration. (1) The department of revenue shall assess, for the purpose of personal property taxes, unless subject to a fee in lieu of taxe interstate motor vehicle fleets proportionally registered under the provisions of 61-3-711 through 61-3-733, and said assessment shall be apportioned on the ratio of total miles traveled to in-state miles traveled formula as prescribed by 61-3-721. Interstate motor vehicle fleets are hereby declared assessable for taxation purposes, unless subject to a fee in lieu of taxe upon application for proportional registration and shall be assessed to the persons who own or claim or in whose possession or control the fleet is at the time of the application.
- 24 (2) Any fleet contained in an original application
 25 which has a situs for purpose of property taxation or fees

- in lieu of taxes in Montana by the terms of this part or any other provision of the laws of Montana between January 1 and April 1 shall be taxed or charged for a full year. Any fleet contained in an original application which acquires a situs for the purpose of property taxation or fees in lieu of taxes in Montana under the provisions of this part or any other law of the state of Montana after April 1 shall have
- 9 (3) Any fleet contained in a renewal application shall
 10 be assessed and taxed or be charged fees in lieu of taxes
 11 for a full year.

taxes apportioned as provided in 15-24-303.

- (4) Vehicles contained in a fleet for which current fees in lieu of taxes or taxes have been assessed and paid shall not be assessed under this section upon presentation to the department of proof of payment of tax or fee in lieu of tax for the current registration year. The payment of personal property taxes or fees in lieu of taxes is a condition precedent to proportional registration or reregistration of an interstate motor vehicle fleet."
- 20 Section 36. Section 15-24-102, MCA, is amended to 21 read:
- 22 **15-24-102. Valuation of interstate fleets -23 determination of aggregate tax due. The department of
 24 revenue shall assess any interstate motor vehicle fleet not
 25 subject to a fee in lieu of tax. making application for

proportional registrations as follows:

- (1) The purchase price depreciated by a schedule as prescribed by the department shall determine the depreciated value.
- (2) The depreciated value multiplied by the percent of miles traveled in Montana as prescribed by 61-3-721 shall be the assessed value.
- (3) The sum of the assessed value of all vehicles included in the fleet multiplied by 16% shall be the taxable value for the entire fleet.
- (4) To determine the amount of tax due, the taxable value of the entire fleet shall be multiplied by the statewide average county mill levy plus state levies as hereinafter provided.
- (5) On vehicles subject to a fee in lieu of tax. the sum of the applicable fees shall be charged.
- Section 37. Section 15-24-103, MCA, is amended to read:
 - application to interstate fleets -- cost stated in application for registration. (1) The department of revenue shall determine the aggregate tax in the entire state for state, county, and local purposes levied on the general property of the state in the previous year, excluding special levies on property for local improvements and

- special state levies on livestock for bounties, inspection,
 and protection purposes.
 - (2) From the total taxable valuation of the general property of the state including net proceeds and the aggregate tax as determined, the department shall compute the average levy by dividing the aggregate tax by the total state taxable valuation. The rate so determined shall constitute the rate of taxation on the taxable value of all interstate trucks not subject to a fee in lieu of tax.
 - (3) The original cost of each vehicle shall be included on the application for proportional registration under the provisions of 61-3-711 through 61-3-733. The department shall determine the original cost when the owner does not have this information on new or used vehicles or in the case of rebuilt vehicles."
- Section 38. Section 15-24-104, MCA, is amended to read:
- 18 #15-24-104. Situs in state of proportionally
 19 registered fleets. (1) For the purposes of this part, any
 20 vehicle previously registered or which has had application
 21 for registration made under the provisions of 61-3-711
 22 through 61-3-733 is hereby declared to have a situs in the
 23 state for the purposes of taxation or charging fees in lieu
 24 of tax.
- 25 (2) The department or its designated agent shall

- collect the personal property taxes or fees in lieu of taxes

 prescribed herein.**
- 3 Section 39. Section 15-24-105, MCA, is amended to 4 read:

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- "15-24-105. Deposit and distribution of taxes and fees on proportionally registered fleets. The personal property taxes or fees in lieu of taxes described herein and collected shall be deposited with the state treasurer for distribution to the general fund of each county according to the ratio of the taxable valuation of each county to the total state taxable valuation."
- 12 Section 40. Section 15-24-301, MCA, is amended to read:
- 14 #15-24-301. Personal property brought into the state
 15 -- assessment -- exceptions -- custom combine equipment. (1)
 16 Property in the following cases is subject to <u>fees in lieu</u>
 17 <u>of taxes or</u> taxation and assessment for all taxes levied
 12 that year in the county in which it is located:
 - (a) any personal property (including livestock)

 prought, driven, or coming into this state at any time

 during the year that is used in the state for hire,

 compensation, or profit;
- (b) property whose owner or user is engaged in gainfuloccupation or business enterprise in the state; or
- 25 (c) property which comes to rest and becomes a part of

the general property of the state.

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- 2 (2) The taxes or fees in lieu of taxes on this
 3 property are levied in the same manner and to the same
 4 extent, except as otherwise provided, as though the property
 5 had been in the county on the regular assessment date,
 6 provided that the property has not been regularly assessed
 7 for the year in some other county of the state.
 - (3) Nothing in this section shall be construed to levy a tax against a merchant or dealer within this state on goods, wares, or merchandise brought into the county to replenish the stock of the merchant or dealer in addition to the tax levied against the inventory of said merchant or dealer on the regular assessment date.
 - (4) This section does not apply to any motor vehicle brought, driven, or coming into this state by any nonresident person temporarily employed in Montana for a period not exceeding 90 days if the motor vehicle is used exclusively for transportation of such person.
 - (5) Agricultural harvesting machinery classified under class eight, licensed in other states, and operated on the lands of persons other than the owner of the machinery under contracts for hire shall be subject to a fee in lieu of taxation of \$35 per machine for a 60-day period. The machines shall be subject to taxation under class eight only if they are sold in Montana."

- Section 41. Section 15-30-121, MCA, is amended to
 read:
- 3 "15-30-121. Deductions allowed in computing net 4 income. In computing net income, there are allowed as 5 deductions:
- 6 (1) the items referred to in sections 161 and 211 of
 7 the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, or as sections 161 and
 8 211 shall be labeled or amended, subject to the following
 9 exceptions which are not deductible:
- 10 (a) items provided for in 15-30-123;
- 11 (b) state income tax paid;

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- 12 (2) federal income tax paid within the taxable year;
 - (3) child and dependent care expenses determined in accordance with the provisions of section 214 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 that were in effect for the taxable year that began January 1, 1974. However, the limitation set forth in section 214(e)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 as that section was in effect for the taxable year that began January 1, 1974, applies only to payments made to a child of the taxpayer who is under 19 years of age at the close of the taxable year and to payments made to an individual with respect to whom a deduction is allowable under 15-30-112(5) to the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse.
- 25 (4) that portion of an energy-related investment

l allowed as a deduction under 15+32-103;

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- 2 (5) in the case of an individual, political
 3 contributions determined in accordance with the provisions
 4 of section 218(a) and (b) of the Internal Revenue Code that
 5 were in effect for the taxable year ended December 31,
 6 1978*: and
 - (6) fees in lieu of taxes on motor vehicles."
- 8 Section 42. Section 15-31-114, MCA, is amended to 9 read:
- 10 #15-31-114. Deductions allowed in computing income. In
 11 computing the net income, the following deductions shall be
 12 allowed from the gross income received by such corporation
 13 within the year from all sources:
 - (1) All the ordinary and necessary expenses paid or incurred during the taxable year in the maintenance and operation of its business and properties, including reasonable allowance for salaries for personal services actually rendered, subject to the limitation hereinafter contained, rentals or other payments required to be made as a condition to the continued use or possession of property to which the corporation has not taken or is not taking title or in which it has no equity. No deduction shall be allowed for salaries paid upon which the recipient thereof has not paid Montana state income tax; provided, however, that where domestic corporations are taxed on income derived

connection with securing such income shall be deductible.

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(2) (a) All losses actually sustained and charged off within the year and not compensated by insurance or otherwise, including a reasonable allowance for the wear and tear and obsolescence of property used in the trade or business, such allowance to be datermined according to the provisions of section 167 of the Internal Revenue Code in effect with respect to the taxable year. All elections for depreciation shall be the same as the elections made for federal income tax purposes. No deduction shall be allowed for any amount paid out for any buildings, permanent improvements, or betterments made to increase the value of any property or estate, and no deduction shall be made for any amount of expense of restoring property or making good the exhaustion thereof for which an allowance is or has been made.

(b) (i) There shall be allowed as a deduction for the taxable period a net operating loss deduction determined according to the provisions of this subsection. The net operating loss deduction is the aggregate of net operating loss carryovers to such taxable period plus the net operating loss carrybacks to such taxable period. The term "net operating loss" means the excess of the deductions allowed by this section, 15-31-114, over the gross income, with the modifications specified in (ii) of this subsection.

If for any taxable period beginning after December 31, 1970, 2 a net operating loss is sustained, such loss shall be a net 3 operating loss carryback to each of the three taxable periods preceding the taxable period of such loss and shall be a net operating loss carryover to each of the five 6 taxable periods following the taxable period of such loss. A 7 net operating loss for any taxable period ending after December 31, 1975, in addition to being a net operating loss я 9 carryback to each of the three preceding taxable periods. 10 shall be a net operating loss carryover to each of the seven 11 taxable periods following the taxable period of such loss. 12 The portion of such loss which shall be carried to each of 13 the other taxable years shall be the excess, if any, of the 14 amount of such loss over the sum of the net income for each 15 of the prior taxable periods to which such loss was carried. 16 For purposes of the preceding sentence, the net income for 17 such prior taxable period shall be computed with the 18 modifications specified in (ii)(8) of this subsection and by 19 determining the amount of the net operating loss deduction 26 without regard to the net operating loss for the loss period 21 or any taxable period thereafter, and the net income so 22 computed shall not be considered to be less than zero.

(ii) The modifications referred to in (i) of this subsection shall be as follows:

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(A) No net operating loss deduction shall be allowed.

(B) The deduction for depletion shall not exceed the amount which would be allowable if computed under the cost method.

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- (C) Any net operating loss carried over to any taxable years beginning after December 31, 1973, must be calculated under the provisions of this section effective for the taxable year for which the return claiming the net operating loss carryover is filed.
- (iii) A net operating loss deduction shall be allowed only with regard to losses attributable to the business carried on within the state of Montana.
- (iv) In the case of a merger of corporations, the surviving corporation shall not be allowed a net operating loss deduction for net operating losses sustained by the merged corporations prior to the date of merger. In the case of a consolidation of corporations, the new corporate entity shall not be allowed a deduction for net operating losses sustained by the consolidated corporations prior to the date of consolidation.
- (v) Notwithstanding the provisions of 15-31-531, interest shall not be paid with respect to a refund of tax resulting from a net operating loss carryback or carryover.
- (vi) The net operating loss deduction shall not be allowed with respect to taxable periods which ended on or before December 31, 1970, but shall be allowed only with

- respect to taxable periods beginning on or after January 1, 2 1971.
- 3 (3) In the case of mines, other natural deposits, oil and gas wells, and timber, a reasonable allowance for depletion and for depreciation of improvements; such reasonable allowance to be determined according to the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code in effect for the 7 taxable year. All elections made under the Internal Revenue 9 Code with respect to capitalizing or expensing exploration 10 and development costs and intangible drilling expenses for corporation license tax purposes shall be the same as the 11 12 elections made for federal income tax purposes.
 - (4) The amount of interest paid within the year on its indebtedness incurred in the operation of the business from which its income is derived; but no interest shall be allowed as a deduction if paid on an indebtedness created for the purchase, maintenance, or improvement of property or for the conduct of business unless the income from such property or business would be taxable under this part.
 - (5) (a) Taxes or fees in lieu of taxes paid within the year except the following:
 - (i) Taxes imposed by this part.

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- 23 (ii) Taxes assessed against local benefits of a kind 24 tending to increase the value of the property assessed.
 - (iii) Taxes on or according to or measured by net

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- income or profits imposed by authority of the government of the United States.
- 3 (iv) Taxes imposed by any other state or country upon
 4 or measured by net income or profits.
- 5 (b) Taxes deductible under this part shall be
 6 construed to include taxes or fees in lieu of taxes imposed
 7 by any county, school district, or municipality of this
 5 state.
- 9 (6) That portion of an energy-related investment 10 allowed as a deduction under 15-32-103.
- 11 Section 43. Section 15-50-207, MCA, is amended to read:

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- "15-50-207. Credit against other taxes -- credit for personal property taxes. (1) The additional license fees withheld or otherwise paid as provided herein may be used as a credit on the contractor's corporation license tax provided for in chapter 31 of this title or on the contractor's income tax provided for in chapter 30, depending upon the type of tax the contractor is required to pay under the laws of the state.
- (2) Personal property taxes or fees in lieu of taxes
 paid in Montana on any personal property of the contractor
 which is used in the business of the contractor and is
 located within this state may be credited against the
 license fees required under this chapter. However, in

- computing the tax credit allowed by this section against the contractor's corporation license tax or income tax, the personal property tax credit against the license fees herein required shall not be considered as license fees paid for the purpose of such income tax or corporation license tax credit."
 - Section 44. Section 61-3-303, MCA, is amended to read:

 "61-3-303. Application for registration. (1) Every
 owner of a motor vehicle operated or driven upon the public
 highways of this state shall for each motor vehicle owned,
 except as herein otherwise expressly provided, file or cause
 to be filed in the office of the county treasurer where the
 motor vehicle is owned or-taxable an application for
 registration or reregistration upon a blank form to be
 prepared and furnished by the division. The application
 shall contain:
 - (a) name and address of owner, giving county, school district, and town or city within whose corporate limits the motor vehicle is texable owned;
- 20 (b) name and address of the holder of any security
 21 interest in the motor vehicle:
- (c) description of motor vehicle, including make, year model, engine or serial number, manufacturer's model or letter, gross weight, type of body, and if truck, the rated capacity;

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- (d) in case of reregistration, the license number for the preceding year: and
- 3 (e) such other information as the division may 4 require.

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- 5 (2) A person who files an application for registration 6 or reregistration of a motor vehicle, except of a mobile 7 home as defined in 15-1-101(1), shall upon the filing of the application pay to the county treasurer:
- 9 (a) the registration fee, as provided in 61-3-311 and 10 61-3-321; and
 - (b) the personal property taxes assessed, the new motor vehicle sales tax against the vehicle for the current year of registration, or in the case of a motor home, travel trailer, or camper, light truck, or automobile, the fee in lieu of property tax for the current year of registration. unless the same shall have been theretofore paid for the year, before the application for registration or reregistration may be accepted by the county treasurer.
 - (3) The county treasurer may make full and complete investigation of the tax status of the vehicle. Any applicant for registration or reregistration must submit proof from the tax records of the proper county at the request of the county treasurer."
- 24 Section 45. Section 61-3-317, MCA, is amended to read: 25 *61-3-317. New registration required for transferred

1 vehicle -- grace period -- penalty -- display of proof of 2 purchase. Except as otherwise provided herein, the new owner of a transferred motor vehicle shall have a grace period of 20 calendar days from the date of purchase to make application and pay the taxesy-as-provided-by-pert-5-of-this 5 દ chapter or the fee in lieu of tax as provided by 61-3-521 part 5 of this chapter unless the tax or fee has been paid for the year, as if the vehicle were being registered for the first time in that registration year. If the motor 10 vehicle was not purchased from a duly licensed motor vehicle dealer as provided in this chapter, it is not a violation of 11 this chapter or any other law for the purchaser to operate 12 the vehicle upon the streets and highways of this state 13 14 without a certificate of registration during the 20-day 15 period, provided that at all times during that period a bill 16 of sale or other proof of purchase reciting the date of 17 purchase is clearly displayed in the rear window of the motor vehicle. Registration and license fees collected under 16 61-3-321 are not required to be paid when a license plate is 19 transferred under this section and 61-3-335. Failure to make 20 application within the time provided herein subjects the 21 purchaser to a penalty of \$10. The penalty shall be 22 collected by the county treasurer at the time of 23 registration and shall be in addition to the fees otherwise 24 provided by law."

Section 46. Section 61-3-322, MCA, is amended to read:

#61-3-322. Certificates of registration -- issuance.

(1) Upon completion of the application for registration on forms furnished by the division, the county treasurer shall file one copy in his office and issue to the applicant two copies of the application marked "Cwner's Certificate of Registration and Fax Payment Receipt", one of which shall be marked "file copy".

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- (2) The certificate of registration shall contain upon the face thereof the information described in 61-3-202(2).
- (3) Every owner, upon receiving a registration receipt, shall write his signature thereon with pen and link in the space provided. Every registration receipt or a notarized photostatic copy or a duplicate thereof furnished by the division shall at all times be carried in the vehicle to which it refers or shall be carried by the person driving or in control of such vehicle, who shall display it upon demand of a police officer or any officer or employee of the division or the highway department.
- (4) The county treasurer shall daily forward to the division one copy of all applications for registration received that day.
- (5) It shall not be necessary for the county treasurer to segregate the amount of taxes or fees in lieu of taxes for state, county, school district, and municipal purposes

in the receipt."

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2 Section 47. Section 61-3-332, MCA, is amended to read: #61-3-332. Number plates. (1) Every motor vehicle 3 which shall be driven upon the streets or highways of this state shall display both front and rear a number plate, bearing the distinctive number assigned such vehicle. Such number plate shall be in eight series: one series for owners 7 of motorcars, one for owners of motor vehicles of the motorcycle type, one for trailers, one for trucks, one for dealers in vehicles of the motorcycle type which shall bear 10 the distinctive letters "MCD" or the letters "MC" and the 11 12 word "DEALER", one for franchised dealers in new motorcars 13 (including trucks and trailers) or new and used motorcars (including trucks and trailers) which shall bear the 14 15 distinctive letter "D" or the word "DEALER", one for dealers in used motorcars only (including used trucks and trailers) 16 17 which shall bear the distinctive letters "UD" or the letter 18 "U" and the word "DEALER", and one for dealers in trailers and/or semitrailers (new or used) which shall bear the 19 20 distinctive letters "DTR" or the letters "TR" and the word 21 "DEALER". All such markings for the aforementioned kinds of 22 dealers plates shall be placed on the number plates 23 assigned thereto in such position thereon as the division may designate. 24

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issued for a minimum period of 4 years, shall bear a
distinctive marking, and shall be furnished by the state.
In years when number plates are not issued, the division
shall provide nonremovable stickers bearing appropriate
registration numbers which shall be affixed to the license
plates in use.

- (3) In the case of motorcars and trucks, number plates shall be of metal 6 inches wide and 12 inches in length. For number plates issued after 1976, the outline of the state of Montana shall be used as a distinctive border on such license plates, and the word "Montana" with the year shall be placed across the bottom of the plate. Such registration plate shall be treated with a reflectorized background material according to specifications prescribed by the division.
- (4) The distinctive registration numbers shall begin with a number one or with a letter-number combination such as "A 1" or "AA 1", or any other similar combination of letters and numbers and be numbered consecutively for each series of plates. The distinctive registration number or letter-number combination assigned to the vehicle shall appear on the plate preceded by the number of the county and appearing in horizontal order on the same horizontal baseline, and the county number shall be separated from the distinctive registration number by a separation mark unless

- a letter-number combination is used. The dimensions of such numerals and letters shall be determined by the division, provided that all county and registration numbers shall be of equal height.
- (5) For the use of tax-exempt motor vehicles exempt from taxes and fees in lieu of taxes, in addition to the markings herein provided, number plates shall have thereon the following distinctive markings:
- (a) For vehicles owned by the state the division may designate the prefix number for the various state departments, and all numbered plates issued to state departments shall bear the words "State Owned" and no year number will be indicated thereon as these numbered plates will be of a permanent nature, and will be replaced by the division at such time when the physical condition of numbered plates requires same.
- (b) For vehicles owned by the counties, municipalities, irrigation districts organized under the laws of Montana and not operating for profit, and school districts and used and operated by officials and employees thereof in line of duty as such, and for vehicles on loan from the United States government or the state of Montana, to, or owned by, the civil air patrol and used and operated by officials and employees thereof in the line of duty as such, there shall be placed on the number plates assigned

thereto, in such position thereon as the division may designate, the letter "X" or the word "EXEMPT". Distinctive registration numbers for plates assigned to motor vehicles of each of the counties in the state and those of the municipalities and school districts situated within each of said counties and those of the irrigation districts which obtain plates within each county shall begin with number one and be numbered consecutively.

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- (6) On all number plates assigned to motor vehicles of the truck and trailer type, other than tax-exempt trucks and trailers, there shall appear the letter "T" or the word "TRUCK" for plates assigned to trucks and the letters "TR" or the word "TRAILER" for plates assigned to trailers and housetrailers. The letters "MC" or the word "CYCLE" shall appear for plates assigned to vehicles of the motorcycle type.
- (7) Number plates issued to a passenger car, truck, trailer, or vehicle of the motorcycle type may be transferred only to a replacement passenger car, truck, trailer, or motorcycle type vehicle. No registration or license fee may be assessed upon a transfer of a number plate under 61-3-317 and 61-3-335.
- (8) For the purpose of this chapter, the several counties of the state shall be assigned numbers as follows:

 Silver Bow, 1; Cascade, 2; Yellowstone, 3; Missoula, 4;

Lewis and Clark, 5: Gallatin, 6; Flathead, 7; Fergus, 8; 2 Powder River, 9; Carbon, 10; Phillips, 11; Hill, 12; Ravalli. 13; Custer, 14; Lake, 15; Dawson, 16; Roosevelt, 17: Beaverhead, 18; Chouteau, 19; Valley, 20; Toole, 21; Big Horn, 22; Musselshell, 23; Blaine, 24; Madison, 25; Pondera, 5 26; Richland, 27; Powell, 28; Rosebud, 29; Deer Lodge, 30; 6 7 Teton, 31; Stillwater, 32; Treasure, 33; Sheridan, 34; Sanders, 35; Judith Basin, 36; Daniels, 37; Glacier, 38; Fallon, 39; Sweet Grass, 40; McCone, 41; Carter, 42; Broadwater 43: Wheatland 44: Prairie 45: Granite 46: 10 11 Meagher, 47: Liberty, 48; Park, 49; Garfield, 50; Jefferson, 12 51: Wibaux, 52: Golden Valley, 53; Mineral, 54; Petroleum, 13 55; Lincoln, 56. Any new counties shall be assigned numbers by the division as they may be formed, beginning with the 14 15 number 57."

Section 48. Section 61-3-335, MCA, is amended to read: 16 17 #61-3-335. Transfer of license plates to another motor 18 vehicle. (1) Should the transferor make application for the 19 registration of another motor vehicle at any time during the 20 remainder of the current registration year as shown on the 21 original certificate of registration, he may file an 22 application in the office of the county treasurer where the motor vehicle is taxable or where the fee in lieu of tax is 23 payable, upon a form to be prepared and furnished by the 24 division, accompanied by the original certificate of 25

registration, for the transfer of the license plates. The application for transfer of the license plates from the motor vehicle for which originally issued to a motor vehicle acquired by the same person in whose name the original license plates were issued shall be made within 20 days from date of acquiring the vehicle. The use of the license plates shall not be legalized until proper transfer of license plates has been made.

- (2) License plates may be transferred pursuant to this section without transferring ownership of the first vehicle.
- (3) Upon transfer of the license plates, the registration of the motor vehicle from which the license plates were transferred expires. The certificate of registration for such vehicle must be surrendered to the county treasurer with the application for transfer.**
- Section 49. Section 61-3-342, MCA, is amended to read:

 "61-3-342. Temporary windshield sticker. Any purchaser
 of a motor vehicle who is unable to obtain license plates
 from the county treasurer at the time he makes application
 for registration or reregistration of said vehicle because
 the certificate of ownership is lost, in the possession of
 third parties, or in the process of reissuance in this state
 or alsewhere may, upon making affidavit to that effect upon
 a form prescribed by the division and upon the payment of a
 fee of \$2 to be collected by the county treasurer and

fee of \$2 to be collected by the county treasurer and remitted to the division, obtain from the county treasurer of the county in which said vehicle is subject to tax or a fee in lieu of tax: a temporary windshield sticker of such size, color, and design as the division may prescribe, to be validated by the county treasurer for a period of 60 days from the date of issuance. Such purchaser, upon displaying such sticker on the lower right-hand corner of the windshield of such motor vehicle, shall be entitled to operate such vehicle during the period for which such windshield sticker has been validated without displaying the registration certificate or number plates or plate for the current year. Provided, however, the county treasurer shall not sell, and no person shall purchase, more than one 60-day temporary windshield sticker for any vehicle, the ownership of which has not changed since the issuance of the previous 60-day windshield sticker."

Section 50. Section 61-3-501, MCA, is amended to read:

**61-3-501. When vehicle property tax is due. (1)

Property taxes, new car taxes, and fees in lieu of tax on a

**motor--home--or--travel--trailer vehicles listed in 61-3-521

**must be paid on the date of registration or reregistration of the vehicle.

(2) If the anniversary date for reregistration of a vehicle passes while the vehicle is owned and held for sale

fee in lieu of property taxes abate on such vehicle properly reported with the department of revenue until the vehicle is sold and thereafter the purchaser shall pay the pro rate balance of the taxes or the fee in lieu of tax due and owing on the vehicle.

changed under 61-3-315, all taxes and other fees due thereon shall be prorated and paid from the last day of the old period until the first day of the new period in which the vehicle shall be registered. Thereafter taxes and other fees must be paid from the first day of the new period for a minimum period of 1 year. When the change is to a later registration period, taxes and fees shall be prorated and paid based on the same tax year as the original registration period. Thereafter, during the appropriate anniversary registration period, each vehicle shall again register or reregister and shall pay all taxes and fees due thereon for a 12-month period.

Section 51. Section 61-3-503, MCA, is amended to read:
#61-3-503. Assessment. (1) A person who files an
application for registration or reregistration of a motor
vehicle, other than a motor-homey-travel-trailer vehicle on
which a fee in lieu of tax is charged, or a mobile home as
defined in 15-1-101(1), shall before filing such application
with the county treasurer submit the application to the

county assessor. The county assessor shall enter on the application in a space to be provided for that purpose the market value and taxable value of the vehicle for the year for which the application for registration is made.

- (2) Except as provided in subsection (3), motor vehicles, other than motor-homes, travel-trafters vehicles on which a fee in lieu of tax is charged, or mobile homes as defined in 15-1-101(1), are assessed for taxes on January 1 in each year irrespective of the time fixed by law for the assessment of other classes of personal property and irrespective of whether the levy and tax may be a lien upon real property within the state. In no event may any motor vehicle be subject to assessment, levy, and taxation more than once in each year.
- (3) Vehicles subject to the provisions of 61-3-313 through 61-3-316 shall be assessed as of the first day of the registration period, and a lien for taxes and fees due thereon shall occur on the anniversary date of the registration and shall continue until such fees and taxes have been paid."
- Section 52. Section 61-3-504, MCA, is amended to read:

 "61-3-504. Computation of tax. The amount of taxes on
 a motor vehicle, other than a motor-homey-travel-trailer

 yehicle on which a fee in lieu of tax is charged, or a
 mobile home as defined in 15-1-101(1), is computed and

determined by the county treasurer on the basis of the levy of the year preceding the current year of application for registration or reregistration. The determination is entered on the application form in a space provided therefor.

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Section 53. Section 61-3-507, MCA, is amended to read:

"61-3-507. Exemption. Motor vehicles subject to
anniversary date registration as provided in 61-3-313
through 61-3-316 and vehicles subject to a fee in lieu of
tax are exempt from the provisions of 61-3-503(2) and
61-3-505.**

Section 54. Section 61-3-509, MCA, is amended to read:

"61-3-509. Disposition of taxes and fees in lieu of
tax. The county treasurer shall credit all taxes on motor
vehicles and fees in lieu of tax on motor homes, and travel
trailers, automobiles, and light trucks collected to a motor
vehicle suspense fund, and at some time between March 1 and
March 10 of each year and every 60 days thereafter, the
county treasurer shall distribute the money in the motor
vehicle suspense fund in the relative proportions required
by the levies for state, county, school district, and
municipal purposes in the same manner as other personal
property taxes are distributed."

23 Section 55. Section 61-3-521, MCA, is amended to read:
24 "61-3-521. Fee in lieu of tax for certain vehicles.
25 (1) There is a fee in lieu of property tax imposed on motor

homes, travel trailers, and campers, light trucks, and
automobiles. The fee is in addition to annual registration
fees.

4 (2) The fee imposed by subsection (1) need not be paid
5 by a dealer for vehicles that constitute inventory of the
6 dealership.**

7 Section 56. Section 61-3-701, MCA, is amended to read: 8 #61-3-701. Foreign vehicles used in gainful occupation 9 to be registered -- reciprocity. (1) Sefore any foreign 10 licensed motor vehicle may be operated on the highways of 11 this state for hire, compensation, or profit or before the 12 owner and/or user thereof uses the vehicle if such owner 13 and/or user is engaged in gainful occupation or business 14 enterprise in the state, including highway work, the owner of the vehicle shall make application to a county treasurer 15 for registration upon an application form furnished by the 16 division. Upon satisfactory evidence of ownership submitted 17 13 to the county treasurer and the payment of property taxes as 19 required by 15-8-201 through---15-8-203, 15-8-202, or 20 15-24-301 or fees in lieu of taxes, the treasurer shall 21 accept the application for registration and shall collect 22 the regular license fee required for the vehicle.

(2) The treasurer shall thereupon issue to the applicant a copy of the application entitled "Owner's Certificate of Registration and Tex Payment Receipt" and

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forward a duplicate copy of the certificate to the division.

The treasurer shall at the same time issue to the applicant the proper license plates or other identification markers, which shall at all times be displayed upon the vehicle when operated or driven upon roads and highways of this state during the period of the life of the license.

- (3) The registration receipt shall not constitute evidence of ownership but shall be used only for registration purposes. No Montana certificate of ownership shall be issued for this type of registration.
- (4) This section is not applicable to any vehicle covered by a valid and existing reciprocal agreement or declaration entered into under the provisions of the laws of Montana.*
- 15 Section 57. Section 61-10-233, MCA, is amended to read:
 - w61-10-233. Excess weight -- penalties. (1) The operator is subject to the penalties stated in 61-10-232 whenever the gross loaded weight of any trucks, truck tractor, trailer, or semitrailer operated upon any highway in this state exceeds the gross vehicle weight shown on:
 - (a) the owner's certificate of registration and tax

 payment receipt issued under 61-3-322; or
- 24 (b) the gross vehicle weight receipt issued under 25 61-10-227•

(2) In addition, the operator shall immediately pay to the nearest county treasurer or to the department the difference between the fee already paid and that applicable to the gross weight of his vehicle before unloading the excess, provided that it does not exceed the legal axle weight."

NEW SECTION: Section 58. Light truck. "Light truck" means a truck whose GVW-rated capacity is three-quarters of a ton or less.

NEW SECTION. Section 59. Schedule of fees for automobiles and light trucks. (1) The owner of an automobile or light truck weighing 3,000 pounds or less, manufacturer's shipping weight, shall pay a fee, based on the age of the vehicle, according to the following schedule:

15	less than 2 years old	\$165
16	2 years old and less than 3 years old	145
17	3 years old and less than 4 years old	115
18	4 years old and less than 5 years old	85
19	5 years old and less than 6 years old	70
20	6 years old and less than 7 years old	50
21	7 years old and less than 3 years old	40
22	8 years old and less than 9 years old	30
23	9 years old and less than 10 years old	. 20
24	10 years old and less than 11 years old	15
25	11 years old and less than 12 years old	10

1	12 years old and older	5
2	(2) The owner of an automobile or light tr	uck weighing
3	more than 3,000 pounds, manufacturer's shipp	ing weight,
4	shall pay a fee, based on the age of the vehicl	e, according
5	to the following schedule:	•
6	less than 2 years old	\$205
7	2 years old and less than 3 years old	185
8	3 years old and less than 4 years old	150
9	4 years old and less than 5 years old	115
10	5 years old and less than 6 years old	90
11	6 years old and less than 7 years old	70
12	7 years old and less than 8 years old	50
13	8 years old and less than 9 years old	40
14	9 years old and less than 10 years old	30
15	10 years old and less than 11 years old	20
16	11 years old and less than 12 years old	15
17	12 years old and older	10
18	(3) The age of a vehicle is determined by	subtracting
19	the manufacturer's designated model year from	the current
20	calendar year•	

1	nearest dollar amount reflecting the percentage change in
2	the consumer price index. The fees shall be raised for an
3	increase in the consumer price index and lowered for a
4	decrease in the consumer price index.
5	Section 60. Codification instruction. (1) Section 58
6	is intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 61,
7	chapter 1, part 1, and section 58 applies to Title 61 and
8	Title 61 applies to section 58.
9	(2) Section 59 is intended to be codified as an
10	integral part of Title 61, chapter 3, part 5, and the
11	provisions of Title 61 apply to section 59.
12	Section 61. Applicability. This act is applicable to
13	automobiles and light trucks registered during and after
14	1982•

-End-

or decrease the fees in subsections (1) and (2) according to

the change in the consumer price index for urban wage

earners and clerical workers, U.S. city average; all items,

1967=100; for each year. The fees shall be changed to the

(4) The department of revenue shall annually increase

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STATE OF MONTANA

REQUEST NO. 244-81

FISCAL NOTE

Form BD-15

				d January						
for	HB 483	3	purs	uant to Chapter 5	3, Laws of Mo	ntana, 196!	5 Thirty	-Ninth Legi	islative Assem	bly.
Background information used in developing this Fiscal Note is available from the Office of Budget and Program Planning, to members										
of the Legi	slature u	pon reques	it.	<u> </u>						

DESCRIPTION

This proposal would replace the present ad valorem tax on automobiles and light trucks with a fee system based on the age and weight of the vehicle. The fee structure would be indexed using the CPI for urban wage earners.

The data from the 1980 plate year Motor Vehicle Division computer tape is used in deriving these estimates. About 12.7% of the records in the data file are flawed in a way which renders them unusable for computation purposes. Consequently, the estimates are made based on the 87.3% of the file which is usable and the results are expanded to the entire file under the assumption that the 87.3% is a representative sample.

The computation indicates that the fee system would have raised \$31,542,083 compared with \$29,817,729 for the ad valorem tax - an increase of 5.78%. Assume that

- 1) the taxable value of the state will be \$2.083 B for 1981 and \$2.263 B for 1982;
- 2) Automobiles and light trucks constitute 7% of the tax base for both years;
- 3) the average mill levy applied to motor vehicles will be 230 mills each year and the university levy will be 6 mills; and
- 4) the inflation rate for 1982 will be 10%

02	Current	Proposed	Increase/(Decrease)
Local Gov't	\$32.661 M	\$34.550 M	\$1.889 M
University Fund	\$ 0.875 M	\$ 0.925 M	\$.050 M
<u>82</u>	Current	Proposed	Increase/(Decrease)
Local Gov't	\$35.483 M	\$41.389 M	\$5.906 M
University Fund	\$ 0.951 M	\$ 1.005 M	\$ 0.054 M

EFFECT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENT

A county-by-county analysis is attached.

LONG-RANGE EFFECTS

If inflation continues at rates near the 10% mark the revenue generated by this fee system would probably increase at a more rapid pace than revenue generated by the ad valorem tax.

BUBGET DIRECTOR

(Continued on page two)

Office of Budget and Program Planning

Date: 2-3-8/

STATE OF MONTANA

REQUEST NO. $\frac{244-81}{}$

FISCAL NOTE

Form BD-15

January 30	, 19	, there is hereby submitted	a Fiscal Note
to Chapter 53, Laws	of Montana, 196	55 - Thirty-Ninth Legislative	ative Assembly.
_			
	to Chapter 53, Laws cal Note is available f caxable value a ls charged". I upon which a f	to Chapter 53, Laws of Montana, 196 cal Note is available from the Office of caxable value as of Decemb is charged". There are it upon which a fee is levie	January 30 , 19 81 , there is hereby submitted to Chapter 53, Laws of Montana, 1965 - Thirty-Ninth Legislative and Note is available from the Office of Budget and Program Plannic Caxable value as of December 31, 1980, of process charged". There are items of property (moupon which a fee is levied which were not as aically impossible to fulfill the requirement

It would be advisable to fix the year long period upon which the change in the CPI will be based. (for instance: set the June 30, 1981 CPI as the base value and calculate the inflation factor by comparing the CPI of June 30, 198x with the base value. This change would require some additional language in Section 59.)

PREPARED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

BUDGET DIRECTOR
Office of Budget and Program Planning
Uate:

IMPACT OF FEE SYSTEM APPLIED TO 1980 PLATE YEAR DATA

				INCREASE
			•	(DECREASE)
COUNTY	# OF VEHICLES	# COUNTY TAX	# UNIFORM FEE	IN REVENUE
Cd I Po	71 404	1 900 175	1 470 060	(222 106)
Silver Bow	21,484	1,803,175	1,470,069 3,280,918	(333, 106)
Cascade	49,101	3,698,285	4,931,331	(417,370) 252,274
Yellowstone Missoula	64,361 43,746	4,679,057 3,030,741	3,009,871	(20,870)
	26,204	1, 976, 865	1,835,074	(141,791)
Lewis & Clark Gallatin	24,752			(84,323)
Flathead	32,635	1,778,438 2,039,345	1,694,115 2,243,421	204,076
Fergus	7,818	490, 220	496,623	6,403
Powder River	1,586	81,825	154,085	72,260
Carbon	3,970	230, 972	268,963	37,991
Phillips	2,868	152,094	220,054	67,960
Hill	6,586	472,681	522,554	49,873
	•	656,037	855,946	199,909
Ravalli	13,659 7,804	584,256	534,724	(49,532)
Custer		•	* .	160,513
Lake	11,280	589,713	750,226	
Dawson	7,048	509,827	536,901	27,074
Roosevelt	4,158 3,700	306, 305	368,527 283,538	62,222
Beaverhead	-	225, 160	•	58,378
Chouteau	3,115	178, 175	247,298	69,123
Valley	4,800	327, 289	367 ,6 50	40,361
Toole	3,692	232,092	270,429	38,337
Big Horn	5,363	257,518	475,965	218, 447
Musselshell	2,376	121,629	165,585	43,956
Blaine	2,715	171,020	231,039	60,019
Madison	3,032	171,604	226,617	55,013
Pondera	2,554	150, 343	192,192	41,849
Richland	6,429	360, 738	568,376	207,638
Powell	3,768	223,502	257,704	34,202
Rosebud	4,270	203,810	355,349	151,539
Deer Lodge	5,879	569,473	380,702	(188,771)
Teton	3,776	217,897	252,704	34,807
Stillwater	2,956	165,404	208,606	43,202
Treasure	537	28,272	44,539	16,267
Sheridan	3,329 3,934	182,736 198,926	268,843	86,107 71,795
Sanders Judith Basin		94, 151	270,721	
Daniels	1,758 1,089	71,925	125,627 87,904	31,476 15,979
Glacier	5,557	327,780	458,658	130,938
Fallon	2,121	116,480	179,398	62,918
Sweetgrass	1,931	103, 374	125,501	22,127
McCone	999	60,946	82,005	21,059
Carter	635	43, 169	55,294	12, 125
Broadwater	1,732	99,823	132,677	32,854
Wheatland	139	54,988	60,970	5,982
Prairie	944	54, 109	66,897	10 700
Granite	1,704	100, 489	115,754	12,788 15,265
Meagher	1,326	76, 797	90,893	14,096
Liberty	1,449	83, 154	122,781	39,627
Park	8,646	539,305	570,925	31,620
Garfield	700	36,133	50,987	14,854
Jefferson	3,516	236, 793	240,631	3,838
Wibaux	683	36, 338	53, 152	16,814
Golden Valley	480	25,479	36,160	10,681
Mineral	1,624	119,556	104,701	(14,855)
Petroleum	234	10,879	18,321	7,442
Lincoln	7,563	388, 137	518,150	130,013
	. ,		,	

The numbers and amounts appearing in this table were obtained by expanding a sample from the motor vehicle data file. The reader is cautioned that they will not coincide precisely with actual numbers of vehicles and tax collections data obtained from local sources. This information is presented for the purpose of allowing comparison between the present system and the proposed system and is valid for this purpose only.