HOUSE BILL NO. 409

INTRODUCED BY KEYSER, KEEDY, PAVLOVICH, QUILLCI, DAILY, MARKS, HUENNEKENS

IN THE HOUSE

January 21, 1981	Introduced and referred to Committee on Business and Industry.
February 18, 1981	Committee recommend bill do pass as amended. Report adopted.
February 19, 1981	Bill printed and placed on members' desks.
February 21, 1981	Second reading, do pass as amended.
February 23, 1981	Considered correctly engrossed.
February 24, 1981	Third reading, passed. Ayes, 81; Noes, 18. Transmitted to Senate.

IN THE SENATE

March 2, 1981	Introduced and referred to Committee on Business and Industry.
March 16, 1981	Committee recommend bill be concurred in. Report adopted.
March 18, 1981	Motion pass consideration.
March 19, 1981	Second reading, concurred in.
March 21, 1981	Third reading, concurred in. Ayes, 47; Noes, 1.

IN THE HOUSE

March 23, 1981 Returned from Senate. Concurred in. Sent to enrolling.

Reported correctly enrolled.

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1	BILL NO. FOR
2	INTRODUCED BY Keyle Yeldy Carbon Simlini
3	Daily Male Hurrenden
4	A RILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT ESTABLISHING FAIR TRADE
5	PRACTICES FOR THE DISTRIBUTION AND EXHIBITION OF MOTION
5	PICTURE FILMS; FROHIBITING BLIND GIDDING; PROHIBITING
7	PAYMENT OF MINIMUM GUARANTEES ON PERCENTAGE PICTURES;
3	PROVIDING INFORMATION ON TRADE SCREENINGS; PROHIBITING
9	ADVANCES AS SECURITY."

HOUSE

Section 1. Short title. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Motion Picture Sair Trade Practices Act".

Section 2. Purpose. The purposes of this act are to establish fair and open procedures for the licensing of motion pictures within the state; to prevent unfair and

motion pictures within the state; to prevent unfair and deceptive acts or practices and unreasonable restraints of trade in the business of motion picture distribution within the state; to promote fair and effective competition in that business; and to benefit the moviegoing public by holding down admission prices to motion picture theaters, expanding the choice of motion pictures available to the public, and preventing exposure of the public to objectionable or unsuitable motion pictures by ensuring that exhibitors have

l the opportunity to view a picture before committing
themselves to exhibit it.

3 Section 3. Definitions. As used in [this ect], unless
4 the context requires otherwise, the following definitions
5 apply:

- (1) "Blind bidding" means bidding, negotiating, offering terms, making an invitation to bid, or agreeing to terms for the purpose of entering into a license agreement prior to a trade screening of the motion picture that is the subject of the agreement.
- (2) "Distributor" means any person engaged in the business of renting, selling, or licensing motion pictures to exhibitors.
- (3) "Exhibitor" means any person engaged in the business of operating a theater in this state.
- 16 (4) "License agreement" means any contract between a 17 distributor and an exhibitor for the exhibition of a motion 18 picture by the exhibitor in this state.
- (5) "Market area" means either Salt Lake City, Utah,or a major city in Montana.
 - (6) "Theater" πeans any establishment in which motion pictures are exhibited regularly to the public for a charge.
 - (7) "Trade screening" means the showing of a motion picture by a distributor in the market area. Such showing shall be open to any exhibitor interested in exhibiting the

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motion picture, and such exhibitor or his buying agency will be notified of such trade screening.

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Section 4. Blind bidding prohibited. No distributor or exhibitor may engage in blind bidding.

Section 5. License agreements — unlawful provisions.

(1) It is unlawful for any license agreement that provides for a fee or other payment to the distributor based in whole or in part on the attendance or the box office receipts at a theater within the state to contain or be conditioned upon a

guarantee of a minimum payment to the distributor.

- (2) Any provision, agreement, or understanding that provides for such a guarantee is void, and any purported waiver of the prohibition in subsection (1) is void and unenforceable.
- (3) It is unlawful for any license agreement that provides for a fee or other payment to the distributor based in whole or in part on the attendance or the box office receipts at a theater within the state to contain or be conditioned upon a per capita requirement defining minimum charge per ticket category that the theater cuner must charge for patrons attending the motion picture.

Section 6. Bid requirements. If bids are solicited from exhibitors for the purpose of entering into a license agreement, the invitation to bid shall include the date, time, and location of the trade screening of the motion

1 picture that is the subject of the invitation to bid.

Section 7. Advance payments as security prohibited.

(1) It is unlawful for any license agreement for the exhibition of a motion picture at a theater within the state to centain or be conditioned upon a provision, agreement, or understanding that the exhibitor shall advance any funds prior to the exhibition of the picture as security for the performance of the license agreement or to be applied to payments under such agreement.

(2) Any provision, agreement, or understanding which provides for such an advance is void, and any purported waiver of the prohibition in subsection (1) is void and unenforceable.

Section 8. Void acts. Any provision of an invitation to bid or a license agreement that waives any of the prohibitions of or fails to comply with [this act] is void and unenforceable.

Section 9. Violation a misdemeanor. It is unlawful for any person to willfully violate any provision of [this act].

Any such violation constitutes a misdemeanor, and the violator shall be punished as provided in 46-18-212.

Section 10. Severability. If a part of this act is invalid, all valid parts that are severable from the invalid part remain in effect. If a part of this act is invalid in one or more of its applications, the part remains in effect

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- 1 in all valid applications that are severable from the
- 2 invalid applications.

-End-

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Approved by Committee on Business and Industry

2	INTRODUCED BY KEYSER, KEEDY, PAVLOVICH,
3	QUILICI, DAILY, MARKS, HUENNEKENS
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT ESTABLISHING FAIR TRADE
6	PRACTICES FOR THE DISTRIBUTION AND EXHIBITION OF MOTION
7	PICTURE FILMS; PROHIBITING BLIND SIDDING; PROHIBITING
8	PAYMENT OF MINIMUM GUARANTEES ON PERCENTAGE PICTURES:
9	PRJVIDING INFORMATION ON TRADE SCREENINGS+PROHIBITING
0	ABVANCES-AS-SECURITY."
1	
2	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
3	Section 1. Short title. This act shall be known and
4	may be cited as the "Motion Picture fair Trade Practices
5	Act".
6	Section 2. Purpose. The purposes of this act are to
7	establish fair and open procedures for the licensing o
8	motion pictures within the state; to prevent unfair and
9	deceptive acts or practices and unreasonable restraints o
0	trade in the business of motion picture distribution within
1	the state; to promote fair and effective competition in tha
2	business; and to benefit the moviegoing public by holdin
3	down admission prices to motion picture theaters. expanding
4	the choice of motion pictures available to the public, an
5	preventing exposure of the public to objectionable o

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- unsuitable motion pictures by ensuring that exhibitors have
- 2 the opportunity to view a picture before committing
- themselves to exhibit it.
- 4 Section 3. Definitions. As used in [this act], unless
- 5 the context requires otherwise, the following definitions
- 6 apply:

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- 7 (1) "Blind bidding" means bidding, negotiating.
 - offering terms, making an invitation to bid, or agreeing to
- 9 terms for the purpose of entering into a license agreement
- 10 prior to a trade screening of the motion picture that is the
 - subject of the agreement.
- 12 (2) "Distributor" means any person engaged in the
- 13 business of renting, selling, or licensing motion pictures
- 14 to exhibitors.
- 15 (3) "Exhibitor" means any person engaged in the
- 16 business of operating a theater in this state.
- 17 (4) "License agreement" means any contract between a
- 18 distributor and an exhibitor for the exhibition of a motion
- 19 picture by the exhibitor in this state.
- 20 (5) "Market area" means either Salt-take-Gityy-Utahy
- 21 or a major city in Montana OR A CITY IN ANY OF THE 11
- 22 WESTERN STATES THAT PROHIBITS BLIND BIDDING.
- 23 (6) "Theater" means any establishment in which motion
- 24 pictures are exhibited regularly to the public for a charge.
- 25 (7) "Trade screening" means the showing of a motion

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picture by a distributor in the market area. Such showing shall be open to any exhibitor interested in exhibiting the motion picture, and such exhibitor or his buying agency will be notified of such trade screening.

Section 4. Blind bidding prohibited. No distributor or exhibitor may engage in blind bidding.

Section 5. License agreements — unlawful provisions.

(1) It is unlawful for any license agreement that provides for a fee or other payment to the distributor based in whole or in part on the attendance or the box office receipts at a theater within the state to contain or be conditioned upon a guarantee of a minimum payment to the distributor.

(2) Any provision, agreement, or understanding that provides for such a guarantee is void, and any purported waiver of the prohibition in subsection (1) is void and unenforceable.

(3)--It-is-unlawful--for--any--license--agreement--that
provides-for-a-fee-or-other-payment-to-the-distributor-based
in--whole--or--in--part--on-the-attendance-or-the-bax-office
receipts-at-a-theater-within-the--state--to--contain--or--ba
conditioned--upon--a-per-capita-requirement-defining-minimum
charge-per-ticket--category--that--the--theater--owner--must
charge-for-patrons-attending-the-motion-picture*

Section 6. Bid requirements. If bids are solicited from exhibitors for the purpose of entering into a license

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agreement, the invitation to bid shall include the date, time, and location of the trade screening of the motion picture that is the subject of the invitation to bid.

Section-7*--Advance--payments--as--security-prohibited*

(i)-it--is--unlawful--for--any--license--agreement--for--the
exhibition-of-a-motion-picture-at-a-theater-within-the-state
to-contain-or-be-conditioned-upon-o-provisiony-agreementy-or
understanding--that--the--exhibitor--shall-advance-any-funds
prior-to-the-exhibition-of-the-picture-as-security--for--the
performance--of--the--license--agreement-or-to-be-applied-to
payments-under-such-agreement*

(2)--Any-provision-agreementy-or--understanding--which provides--for--such--an--advance--is-voidy-and-any-purported waiver-of-the-prohibition-in--subsection--(1)--is--voidy-and unenforceables

Section 7. Void acts. Any provision of an invitation to bid or a license agreement that waives any of the prohibitions of or fails to comply with [this act] is void and unenforceable.

Section 8. Violation a misdemeanor. It is unlawful for any person to willfully violate any provision of [this act].

Any such violation constitutes a misdemeanor, and the violator shall be punished as provided in 46-18-212.

Section 9. Severability. If a part of this act is invalid, all valid parts that are severable from the invalid

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1 part remain in effect. If a part of this act is invalid in

one or more of its applications, the part remains in effect

in all valid applications that are severable from the

4 invalid applications.

-End-

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1	HOUSE BILL NO. 409
2	INTRODUCED BY KEYSER, KEEDY, PAYLOVICH,
3	QUILICI, DAILY, MARKS, HUENNEKENS
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT ESTABLISHING FAIR TRADE
6	PRACTICES FOR THE DISTRIBUTION AND EXHIBITION OF MOTION
7	PICTURE FILMS; PROHIBITING BLIND BIODING; PROHIBITING
8	PAYMENT OF MINIMUM GUARANTEES ON PERCENTAGE PICTURES;
9	PROVIDING INFORMATION ON TRADE SCREENINGS+PROMIBITING
10	*BY*NEES-#5-5E6 HR ## **
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12	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
13	Section 1. Short title. This act shall be known and
14	may be cited as the "Motion Picture Fair Trade Practices
15	Act*•
16	Section 2. Purpose. The purposes of this act are to
17	establish fair and open procedures for the licensing of
18	motion pictures within the state; to prevent unfair and
19	deceptive acts or practices and unreasonable restraints of
20	trade in the business of motion picture distribution within

the state; to promote fair and effective competition in that

business; and to benefit the moviegoing public by holding

down admission prices to motion picture theaters: expanding

the choice of motion pictures available to the public, and

preventing exposure of the public to objectionable or

1	unsu i tal	ble motion	pic	tures	by	ensuring	that	exhib	itors	have
2	the op	portunity	to	view	a	picture	befo	ore e	commit	ting
3	themselv	ves to exhi	bit	it.						

- 4 Section 3. Definitions. As used in [this act], unless the context requires otherwise, the following definitions apply:
- 7 (1) "Blind bidding" means bidding, negotiating, offering terms, making an invitation to bid, or agreeing to terms for the purpose of entering into a license agreement 10 prior to a trade screening of the motion picture that is the 11 subject of the agreement.
- 12 (2) "Distributor" means any person engaged in the 13 business of renting, selling, or licensing motion pictures 14 to exhibitors.
- 15 (3) "Exhibitor" means any person engaged in the 16 business of operating a theater in this state.
- 17 (4) "License agreement" means any contract between a 18 distributor and an exhibitor for the exhibition of a motion 19 picture by the exhibitor in this state.
 - (5) "Market area" means either Salt-take-Eityv-Utahv er a majer city in Montana OR A CITY IN ANY OF THE 11 WESTERN STATES THAT PROHIBITS BLIND BIDDING.
 - (6) "Theater" means any establishment in which motion pictures are exhibited regularly to the public for a charge.
- 25 (7) "Trade screening" means the showing of a motion

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picture by a distributor in the market area. Such showing shall be open to any exhibitor interested in exhibiting the motion picture, and such exhibitor or his buying agency will be notified of such trade screening.

Section 4. Blind bidding prohibited. No distributor or exhibitor may engage in blind bidding.

Section 5. License agreements — unlawful provisions.

(1) It is unlawful for any license agreement that provides for a fee or other payment to the distributor based in whole or in part on the attendance or the box office receipts at a theater within the state to contain or be conditioned upon a guarantee of a minimum payment to the distributor.

(2) Any provision, agreement, or understanding <u>ENTERED</u>

<u>INTO AFTER [THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS ACT]</u> that provides for such a guarantee is void, and any purported waiver of the prohibition in subsection (1) is void and unenforceable.

t3)--it--is--unlawful--for--any--license-agreement-thot
provides-for-a-fee-or-other-payment-to-the-distributor-based
in-whole-or-in-part-on-the--attendance--or--the--bax--office
receipts--at--a--theater--within--the-state-to-contain-or-be
conditioned-upon-a-per-copita-requirement--defining--minimum
charge--per--ticket--category--that--the--theater-owner-must
charge-for-patrons-attending-the-motion-picture*

Section 6. Bid requirements. If bids are solicited from exhibitors for the purpose of entering into a license

agreement, the invitation to bid shall include the date, time, and location of the trade screening of the motion picture that is the subject of the invitation to bid.

Section-7:-Advance-payments-as-security--prohibited (1)--it--is--unlawful--for--any--license--agreement--for-the exhibition-of-a-motion-picture-at-a-theater-within-the-state to-contain-or-be-conditioned-upon-a-provisiony-agreementy-or understanding-that-the-exhibitor--shall--advance--any--funds prior--to--the-exhibition-of-the-picture-as-security-for-the performance-of-the-license-agreement-or--to--be--applied--to payments-under-such-agreement+

†2)--Any--provision--agreementy-or-understanding-which
provides-for-such-an-advance--is--voidy--and--any--purported
waiver--of--the--prohibition--in--subsection-(1)-is-void-and
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Section 7. Void acts. Any provision of an invitation to bid or a license agreement EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS ACT] that waives any of the prohibitions of or fails to comply with [this act] is void and unenforceable.

Section 8. Violation a misdemeanor. It is unlawful for any person to willfully violate any provision of [this act].

Any such violation constitutes a misdemeanor, and the violator shall be punished as provided in 46-18-212.

25 Section 9. Severability. If a part of this act is

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1 invalid, all valid parts that are severable from the invalid

2 part remain in effect. If a part of this act is invalid in

one or more of its applications, the part remains in effect

4 in all valid applications that are severable from the

5 invalid applications.

-End-

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PRACTICES FOR THE DISTRIBUTION AND EXHIBITION OF MOTION PICTURE FILMS; PROHIBITING BLIND BIDDING; PROHIBITING PAYMENT OF MINIMUM GUARANTEES ON PERCENTAGE PICTURES; PROVIDING INFORMATION ON TRADE SCREENINGS;—PROHIBITING ADVANCES—AS—SECURITY." BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA: Section 1. Short title. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Motion Picture Fair Trade Practices Act". Section 2. Purpose. The purposes of this act are to establish fair and open procedures for the licensing of motion pictures within the state; to prevent unfair and deceptive acts or practices and unreasonable restraints of trade in the business of motion picture distribution within		
A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT ESTABLISHING FAIR TRADE PRACTICES FOR THE DISTRIBUTION AND EXHIBITION OF MOTION PICTURE FILMS; PROHIBITING BLIND BIDDING; PROHIBITING PAYMENT OF MINIMUM GUARANTEES ON PERCENTAGE PICTURES; PROVIDING INFORMATION ON TRADE SCREENINGS;——PROHIBITING ADVANCES—AS—SECURITY." BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA: Section 1. Short title. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Motion Picture Fair Trade Practices Act". Section 2. Purpose. The purposes of this act are to establish fair and open procedures for the licensing of motion pictures within the state; to prevent unfair and deceptive acts or practices and unreasonable restraints of trade in the business of motion picture distribution within	2	INTRODUCED BY KEYSER. KEEDY, PAVLOVICH.
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- unsuitable motion pictures by ensuring that exhibitors have
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- 7 (1) "81 ind bidding" means bidding, negotiating,
- B offering terms, making an invitation to bid, or agreeing to
- 9 terms for the purpose of entering into a license agreement
- 10 prior to a trade screening of the motion picture that is the
- 11 subject of the agreement.
- 12 (2) "Distributor" means any person engaged in the
- 13 business of renting, selling, or licensing motion pictures
- 14 to exhibitors.
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- 16 business of operating a theater in this state.
- 17 (4) "License agreement" means any contract between a
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- 19 picture by the exhibitor in this state.
- 20 (5) "Market area" means either 5alt-take-Gity-Utah
- 21 or a major city in Montana OR A CITY IN ANY OF THE 11
- 22 WESTERN STATES THAT PROHIBITS BLIND BIDDING.
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- 24 pictures are exhibited regularly to the public for a charge.
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Section 4. Blind bidding prohibited. No distributor or exhibitor may engage in blind bidding.

Section 5. License agreements — unlawful provisions.

(1) It is unlawful for any license agreement that provides for a fee or other payment to the distributor based in whole or in part on the attendance or the box office receipts at a theater within the state to contain or be conditioned upon a guarantee of a minimum payment to the distributor.

(2) Any provision, agreement, or understanding <u>ENTERED</u>

<u>INTO AFTER (THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS ACT)</u> that provides for such a guarantee is void, and any purported waiver of the prohibition in subsection (1) is void and unenforceable.

(3)--It--is--unlawful--for--any--license-agreement-that provides-for-a-fee-or-other-payment-to-the-distributor-based in-whole-or-in-part-on-the--attendance--or--the--box--office receipts--at--a--theater--within--the-state-to-contain-or-be conditioned-upon-a-per-capita-requirement--defining--minimum charge--per--ticket--category--that--the--theater-owner-must charge-for-patrons-attending-the-motion-picture*

Section 6. Bid requirements. If bids are solicited from exhibitors for the purpose of entering into a license

agreement, the invitation to bid shall include the date,
time, and location of the trade screening of the motion
picture that is the subject of the invitation to bid.

Section-7*--Advance-payments--as--security--prohibited*

(i)--It--is--unlawful--for--any--license--agreement--for-the

exhibition-of-a-motion-picture-at-a-theater-within-the-state

to-contain-or-be-conditioned-upon-a-provisiony-agreementy-or

understanding-that-the-exhibitor--shall--advance--any--funds

prior--to--the-exhibition-of-the-picture-as-security-for-the

performance-of-the-license-agreement-or--to--be--applied--to
payments-under-such-agreement*

{2}--Any--provisiony--agreementy-or-understanding-which
provides-for-such-an-advance--is--voidy--and--any--purported
waiver--of--the--prohibition--in--subsection-(1)-is-void-and
unenforceabley

Section 7. Void acts. Any provision of an invitation to bid or a license agreement <u>ENTERED INTO AFTER [THE EFFECTIVE DATE DF THIS ACT]</u> that waives any of the prohibitions of or fails to comply with [this act] is void and unenforceable.

Section 8. Violation a misdemeanor. It is unlawful for any person to willfully violate any provision of [this act].

Any such violation constitutes a misdemeanor, and the violator shall be punished as provided in 46-18-212.

Section 9. Severability. If a part of this act is

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- 1 invalid, all valid parts that are severable from the invalid
- 2 part remain in effect. If a part of this act is invalid in
- 3 one or more of its applications, the part remains in effect
- 4 in all valid applications that are severable from the
- 5 invalid applications.

-End-