House Bill 82

In The House

January 6, 1981

Introduced and referred
to Committee on Rules.

January 21, 1981

Committee recommend bill

do not pass.

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parties; and

1	HOUSE BILL NO. 82
2	INTRODUCED BY IVERSON
3	BY REQUEST OF THE SELECT COMMITTEE ON INDIAN AFFAIRS
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5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO CREATE A PERMANENT
6	LEGISLATIVE COMMITTES ON INDIAN AFFAIRS.*
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೭	WHEREAS, there are seven Indian reservations and
9	numerous landless Indians in Montana; and
10	WHEREAS $_{ullet}$ the various tribes have treaties with the
11	United States which still require interpretation; and
12	WHEREAS, extremely complex jurisdictional, social,
13	political, and philosophical questions arise in virtually
14	all subject areas, including law enforcement, water rights,
15	pollution control, natural resources, game management,
16	health, social services, education, and taxation that in
17	turn produce tension and conflict in tribal/state and
10	Indian/non-Indian relations; and
19	WHEREAS, Congress, as the ultimate authority on
20	relations with the Indian tribes, has not been able to act
21	in a decisive manner to resolve these questions and is
22	unlikely to do so in the foreseeable future; and
23	WHEREAS, jurisdictional litigation on a case-by-case
24	basis is expensive to the state, tribes, and private

1	WHEREAS, the jurisdictional, social, and philosophical
2	problems between Indians and non-Indians are historical and
3	cannot be expected to dissipate quickly; and
4	WHEREAS, the non-Indian people of Montana find it is to
5	their benefit to have a cooperative and communicative
6	liaison with the Indian people in Montana on a continuing
7	basis; and
8	WHEREAS, the Indian people in Montana have indicated it
9	is also to their benefit to have a legislative committee
10	with which to maintain such a cooperative and communicative
11	liaison•
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13	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
14	Section 1. Definitions. As used in [this act],
15	"committee" means the permanent committee on Indian affairs
16	created in [section 2].
17	Section 2. Committee on Indian affairs appointment
18	and composition. (1) There is a committee on Indian affairs.
19	(2) The committee consists of four members of the

house may be members of the same party.

of a regular session.

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senate, appointed by the president of the senate, and four

members of the house of representatives, appointed by the

speaker of the house. No more than two members from either

(3) Appointments must be made before final adjournment

Section 3. Term of office. Appointments to the committee are for 2 years. A member of the committee serves until his term of office as a legislator is ended or his successor is appointed, whichever occurs first.

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- Section 4. Vacancies. (1) A vacancy occurring during a legislative session must be filled in the same manner as the original appointment.
 - (2) A vacancy occurring when the legislature is not in session must be filled by the selection of a member of the appropriate house and political party by the remaining members of the committee.
- 12 (3) An appointment to the committee under this section 13 is for the unexpired term of the original member.
- Section 5. Officers. The committee shall elect one of 14 its members as chairman and may elect other officers it 15 considers necessary. 16
 - Section 6. Meetings and compensation. (1) The committee shall meet as often as the chairman considers it necessary during and between legislative sessions.
 - (2) Committee members are entitled to receive compensation and expenses as provided in 5-2-302.
- 22 Section 7. Staff assistance. The legislative council 23 shall provide staff assistance to the committee. The legislative council has the same authority of investigation 24 25 and examination and the same authority to hold hearings on

- behalf of the committee as it has for other committees under 2
- 5-11-106 and 5-11-107.

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- 3 Section 8. Duties of the committee. The committee shall:
- (1) act as an available conduit for the Indian people to the legislature;
- 7 (2) seek opinions of and information from Indian tribes, state agencies, local governments, non-Indians living on or near Indian reservations, and other interested 10 persons and agencies to gain insight into Indian/non-Indian 11 relations:
- 12 (3) particularly encourage and foster participation 13 from Indian people at its meetings;
- (4) study the possibility of state plans or mechanisms 14 that would allow and encourage tribal/state or tribal/local government cooperation or otherwise promote solutions for state/Indian and local/Indian jurisdictional, social, and 17 philosophical problems in Montana;
- 19 (5) when requested or when considered appropriate by 20 the committee, hold hearings and act as a negotiating body to facilitate agreements and better understanding between 21 22 the tribes and public agencies;
 - (6) provide a continuing dialogue with the Indian people of Montana in order to improve their knowledge of the legislative process and the structure of state agencies; and

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1 (7) report its activities, findings, recommendations, 2 and any proposed legislation to each legislature in a report 3 to be published not later than November 15 of each year 4 preceding a regular legislative session.

-End-

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