House Bill 10

In The House

January 6, 1981	Introduced and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
January 7, 1981	Fiscal note requested.
	On motion by Chief Sponsor 55 Representatives were added as authors to the pre-filed bill.
January 13, 1981	Fiscal note returned.
January 22, 1981	Committee recommend bill do pass as amended.
January 23, 1981	Bill printed and placed on members' desks.
January 24, 1981	Second reading do pass as amended.
January 26, 1981	Correctly engrossed.
	Third reading passed.

In The Senate

January 27, 1981	Introduced and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
April 23, 1981	Died in Committee.

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47th Legislature

T	HOUSE EILL NO. IO
5	INTRODUCED BY KEEDY
3	BY REQUEST OF THE INTERIM COMMITTEE ON CORRECTIONS POLICY
4	AND FACILITY NEEDS WITH NO RECOMMENDATION
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6	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO GENERALLY REVISE
7	SENTENCING LAWS; AMENDING SECTIONS 45-5-102 THROUGH
3	45-5-105, 45-5-201 THROUGH 45-5-204, 45-5-302 THROUGH
9	45-5-304, 45-5-401, 45-5-502, 45-5-503, 45-5-505, 45-5-603,
ιo	45-5-613, 45-5-621, 45-5-625, 45-6-101 THROUGH 45-6-103,
11	45-6-204, 46-18-101, 46-18-201, 46-18-222, AND 46-18-223,
.2	MCA; AND REPEALING SECTIONS 46-18-111 THROUGH 46-18-113.
13	46-18-221, AND 46-18-501 THROUGH 46-18-503, MCA.*
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15	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
l 6	Section 1. Section 46-18-101, MCA, is amended to read:
17	#46-18-101. Policy liberal construction. This
18	chapter shall be liberally construed to the end that persons
۱9	a person convicted of a crime shall be dealt with in
20	accordance with theirindividualcharacteristicsy
21	circumstancesyneedsyendpotentialities;that-dengerous
22	offenders-shall-be-correctively-treated-in-custody-forlong
23	termsasneeded;andthat-other-offenders-shall-be-dealt
4	with-by-probationy-suspended-sentencey-or-fine-whenever-such
25	disposition-annears-practicable-and-ant-detrimentaltath-

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2	seriousness of the crime committed and in accordance with
3	his prior record. A person convicted of a crime may be dealt
4	with by fine, when provided for by laws or by deferred
5	imposition or suspension of sentence if the age of the
6	person or the circumstances surrounding the crime warrant
7	such treatment as provided for in this chapter."
8	Section 2. Section 46-18-201, MCA, is amended to read:
9	#46-18-201. Sentences that may be imposed. (1) Whenever
10	a person has been found guilty of an offense upon a verdict
11	or a plea of guilty, the court may:
12	(a) defer imposition of sentence for persons committing
13	a first offense and who are eligible under 46-18-222.
14	excepting sentences for driving under the influence of
15	alcohol or drugs, for a period not exceeding 1 year for any
16	misdemeanor or for a period not exceeding 3 years for any
17	felony. The sentencing judge may impose upon the defendant
18	any reasonable restrictions or conditions during the period
19	of the deferred imposition. Such reasonable restrictions or
20	conditions may include:
21	(i) jail base release;
22	(ii) jail time not exceeding 90 days;
23	(iii) conditions for probation;
24	(iv) restitution;

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reasonable conditions

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considered

necessary	for	rehabilitation	or	for	the	protection	οf
society; o	r						

(vi) any combination of the above:

- (b) suspend execution of sentence for persons sligible under 46-18-222 up to the maximum sentence allowed for the particular offense. The sentencing judge may impose on the defendant any reasonable restrictions during the period of suspended sentence. Such reasonable restrictions may include any of those listed in subsections (1)(a)(i) through (1)(a)(vi).
- (c) impose a fine as provided by law for the offense;
- (d) commit the defendant to a correctional institutionwith or without a fine as provided by law for the offense;
- (e) impose any combination of subsections {1}(b);
 {1}(c); and {1}(d).
- (2) If any restrictions or conditions imposed under subsection (1)(a) or (1)(b) are violated, any elapsed time, except jail time, is not a credit against the sentence
- unless the court orders otherwise.
- (3)--f.xcept-os-provided-in-46-18-222y-the-imposition--or
 execution-of-the-first-2-years-of-a-sentence-of-imprisonment
 imposed--under-the-following-sections-may-not-be-deferred-or
 suspended+----45-5-103(2)y------45-5-202(2)y------45-5-302(2)y
 45-5-303(2)y--45-5-401(2)y--45-5-503(2)-and-(3)y-45-9-101(2)
 and-(3)y-45-9-102(3)y-and-45-9-103(2)y

<pre>f4}Except-as-provided-in-46-18-222y-the-impositionor</pre>
executionofthefirst10yearsofasentenceof
imprisonment-imposed-under-45-5-102(2)-may-notbedeferred
or-suspended**

NEW_SECTION. Section 3. Mandatory sentences to be imposed for felonies -- exceptions. Except as provided in 46-18-201, the court shall impose the mandatory sentence provided by law for a felony offense unless the court finds in accordance with [section 5] that aggravating circumstances are present or in accordance with [section 6] that mitigating circumstances are present.

NEW SECTION. Section 4. Hearing to determine exceptions to mandatory sentences. (1) Upon request of either the defendant or the prosecution, the court shall grant a hearing prior to the imposition of sentence to determine the existence of circumstances enumerated in [section 5 or 6].

- (2) The hearing shall be held before the court sitting without a jury. The defendant and the prosecution are entitled to the assistance of counsel, compulsory process, and cross-examination of witnesses who appear at the hearing.
- (3) If it appears by a preponderance of the evidence submitted during the trial and during the sentencing hearing that none of the circumstances enumerated in [section 5 or

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olexisted, the court shall impose the applicable mandatory sentence. If it appears by a preponderance of the evidence that one or more of the circumstances enumerated in [section 5 or 6] existed, the court shall impose the applicable sentance as provided in [section 5 or 6].

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- (4) The court shall state the reasons for its decision in writing and shall include an identification of the facts relied upon in making its determination. The statement shall be included in the judgment.
- NEW SECTION. Section 5. Aggravating circumstances for felonies -- increased penalties. (1) The court shall add to the mandatory sentence for a felony offense 25% of the mandatory sentence for each of the following aggravating circumstances found by the court to have existed at the time the offense was committed:
- (a) the victim was mentally defective or incapacitated;
 - (b) the victim was physically helpless;
- 18 (c) The victim was less than 16 years old or 65 years 19 of age or older:
 - (d) there were multiple victims;
- 21 (e) the defendant threatened to inflict bodily injury 22 upon any person or knowingly put any person in fear of 23 immediate bodily injury;
- 24 (f) the defendant took advantage of his fiduciary 25 relationship with the victim to commit the offense;

- 1 (q) the defendant used or involved minors in the 2 commission of the crime; or
- 3 (h) the defendant, prior to age 18, had committed an act that would have been a felony if committed by an adult.
- 5 (2) The court shall add to the mandatory sentence for a felony offense 50% of the mandatory sentence for each of the following aggravating circumstances found by the court to 7 have existed at the time the offense was committed:
 - (a) the defendant inflicted bodily injury upon another:
- 10 (b) the defendant received compensation for committing 11 the offense:
- (c) the defendant, while engaged in the commission of 12 the offense, knowingly displayed, brandished, or otherwise 13 used a firearm destructive device as defined in 14 15 45-8-332(1), or other dangerous weapon;
- (d) the defendant had previously been convicted of a 16 17 felonv.
- 13 (3) The court shall add to the mandatory sentence for a 19 felony offense 100% of the mandatory sentence for each of 29 the following aggravating circumstances found by the court 21 to have existed at the time the offense was committed:
 - (a) the defendant is a person who had previously been convicted of an offense committed under 18 U.S.C. 924(c) on a different occasion than the present offense or who had previously been convicted of an offense in this or another

state, committed on a different occasion than the present offense, during the commission of which he knowingly displayed, brandished, or otherwise used a firearm, destructive device as defined in 45-8-332(1), or other dangerous weapon.

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- (b) the defendant is a person who had previously been convicted of a second felony offense and who is presently being sentenced for a third or subsequent felony committed on a different occasion than any of his prior felonies.
- (4) for the purpose of this section, an offender is considered to have been previously convicted of a felony if:
 - (a) the previous felony conviction was for an offense committed in this state or any other jurisdiction for which a sentence to a term of imprisonment in excess of I year could have been imposed; and
 - (b) the offender has not been pardoned on the ground of innocence and the conviction has not been set aside in a postconviction hearing.
- (5) A circumstance that constitutes a lesser included offense of the present offense or a circumstance that constitutes a necessary element of the present offense may not be found to be an aggravating circumstance for purposes of this section.
- NEW SECTION. Section 6. Mitigating circumstances for felonies -- reduced penalties. If appropriate for the

- offense, the court shall reduce the sentence for a felony
 offense by 10% for each of the following mitigating
 circumstances found to be present:
- 4 (1) The defendant, at the time of the commission of the offense for which he is to be sentenced, was acting under unusual and substantial duress. The duress need not be such that it would constitute a defense to the prosecution.
- 8 (2) The defendant was an accomplice, the conduct 9 constituting the offense was principally the conduct of 10 another, and the defendant's participation was relatively 11 minor.
- 12 (3) No serious bodily injury was inflicted on the 13 victim nor was a weapon used in the commission of the 14 offense.
- 15 (4) The defendant has fully compensated or can
 16 reasonably be expected to fully compensate the victim of his
 17 criminal conduct.
- 18 (5) The defendant assisted law enforcement authorities

 19 in the performance of their duties.

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Section 7. Section 46-18-222, MCA, is amended to read:

"46-18-222. Exceptions-to-mandatory-minimum-sentences
and--restrictions-on-deferred-imposition-and-suspended
execution-of-sentence <u>Fligibility for deferred or suspended</u>
sentence. All-mandatory-minimum-sentences-prescribed-by-the

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imposition-and-suspended-execution-of-sentence-preseribed-by
subsections{3}end{4}of46-18-281v-46-18-221{3}-v-end
46-18-582(2)-do-not-apply-if A person is eligible for a
deferred imposition or suspension of sentence as provided in
46-18-201 if:

(1) the defendant was less than 18 years of age at the time of the commission of the offense for which he is to be sentenced;

- (2) the defendant's mental capacity, at the time of the commission of the offense for which he is to be sentenced, was significantly impaired, although not so impaired as to constitute a defense to the prosecution;
- (3) the defendant, at the time of the commission of the offense for which he is to be sentenced, was acting under unusual and substantial duress, although not such duress as would constitute a defense to the prosecution;
- (4) the defendant was an accomplice, the conduct constituting the offense was principally the conduct of another, and the defendant's participation was relatively minor; or
- 21 (5) where applicable, no serious bodily injury was
 22 inflicted on the victim unless a weapon was used in the
 23 commission of the offense.**
- Section 8. Section 46-18-223, MCA, is amended to read:

 45-18-223. Hearing to determine application---of

- exceptions eligibility. (1) When the-application-of-an exception--provided---for---in eligibility_for__deferred imposition or suspension of sentence under 46-13-222 is an issue, upon request the court shall grant the defendant a hearing prior to the imposition of sentence to determine the applicability-of-the-exception such eligibility.
 - (2) The hearing shall be held before the court sitting without a jury. The defendant and the prosecution are entitled to assistance of counsel, compulsory process, and cross-examination of witnesses who appear at the hearing.
- (3) If it appears by a preponderance of the information evidence, including information submitted during the trialy and during the sentencing hearing, and-in-so-much-of-the presentence-report-as-the-court-relies-on, that none of the exceptions-at-issue provisions for eligibility apply, the court shall impose the appropriate applicable mandatory sentence with no deferred imposition or suspension thereof.
- 14) The court shall state the reasons for its decision in writing and shall include an identification of the facts relied upon in making its determination. The statement shall be included in the judgment.
- Section 9. Section 45-5-102, MCA, is amended to read:
 "45-5-102. Deliberate homicide. (1) Except as provided
 in 45-5-103(1), criminal homicide constitutes deliberate
 homicide if:

(a) it is committed purposely or knowingly; or

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- (b) it is committed while the offender is engaged in or is an accomplice in the commission of, an attempt to commit, or flight after committing or attempting to commit robbery, sexual intercourse without consent, arson, burglary, kidnapping, felonious escape, or any other felony which involves the use or threat of physical force or violence against any individual.
- (2) A person convicted of the offense of deliberate homicide shall be punished by death or life imprisonment as provided in 46-18-301 through 46-18-310 or by imprisonment in the state prison for a term of not-less-thon-18-years-or more-than-180 $\underline{\Omega}$ years-except-as-provided-in-46-18-222."
- Section 10. Section 45-5-103, MCA, is amended to read:

 M45-5-103. Mitigated deliberate homicide. (1) Criminal homicide constitutes mitigated deliberate homicide when a homicide which would otherwise be deliberate homicide is committed under the influence of extreme mental or emotional stress for which there is reasonable explanation or excuse. The reasonableness of such explanation or excuse shall be determined from the viewpoint of a reasonable person in the actor's situation.
- (2) A person convicted of mitigated deliberate homicide shall be imprisoned in the state prison for a term of not less-than-2-years-or--more--than-40 20 years--except--as

- 1 provided-in-46-18-222."
- 2 Section 11. Section 45-5-104, MCA, is amended to read: 3 "45-5-104. Negligent homicide. (1) Criminal homicide 4 constitutes negligent homicide when it is committed 5 negligently.
- 6 {2} A person convicted of negligent homicide shall be
 7 imprisoned in the state prison for any a term not-to-exceed
 8 10 of 20 years.**
- 9 Section 12. Section 45-5-105, MCA, is amended to read:
 10 "45-5-105. Aiding or soliciting suicide. (1) A person
 11 who purposely aids or solicits another to commit suicide,
 12 but such suicide does not occur, commits the offense of
 13 aiding or soliciting suicide.
- 14 (2) A person convicted of the offense of aiding or 15 soliciting a suicide shall be imprisoned in the state prison 16 for any g term not-to-exceed of 10 years."
- 17 Section 13. Section 45-5-201, MCA, is amended to read:
 18 "45-5-201. Assault. (1) A person commits the offense of
 19 assault if he:
- 20 (a) purposely or knowingly causes bodily injury to 21 another;
- (b) negligently causes bodily Injury to another with a weapon;
- 24 (c) purposely or knowingly makes physical contact of an 25 insulting or provoking nature with any individual; or

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(d) purposel:	y or	knowingly	causes	reasonable
appreh	ension of	bodily	injury in	another. T	he purpose to
cause	reasonable	appreh	ension or	the kno	wledge that
reason	able appreh	ension w	ould be caus	ed shall b	e presumed in
any c	ase in which	h a pers	on knowingly	points a	firearm at or
in the	direction	of anoth	er, whether	or not	the offender
believ	es the fire	arm to b	e loaded.		

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- (2) Except as provided in subsection (3), a person convicted of assault shall be fined not to exceed \$500 or be imprisoned in the county jail for any term not to exceed 6 months, or both.
- 12 (3) If the victim is less than 14 years old and the
 13 offender is 18 or more years old, the offender, upon
 14 conviction under subsection (1)(a), shall be imprisoned in
 15 the state prison for a term not-to-exceed-5 of 10 years.**
- Section 14. Section 45-5-202, MCA, is amended to read:

 #45-5-202. Aggravated assault. (1) A person commits the

 offense of aggravated assault if he purposely or knowingly

 causes:
 - (a) serious bodily injury to another;
 - (b) bodily injury to another with a weapon;
- (c) reasonable apprehension of serious bodily injury inanother by use of a weapon; or
- 24 (d) bodily injury to a peace officer.
- 25 (2) A person convicted of aggravated assault shall be

- imprisoned in the state prison for a term of not-less-than-2
 years--or--more--than 20 years--except--as--provided--in
 46-18-222.**
- Section 15. Section 45-5-203, MCA, is amended to read:

 **45-5-203. Intimidation. (1) A person commits the

 offense of intimidation when, with the purpose to cause

 another to perform or to omit the performance of any act, he

 communicates to another a threat to perform without lawful

 authority any of the following acts:
- 10 (a) inflict physical harm on the person threatened or 11 any other person or on property;
- 12 (b) subject any person to physical confinement or
 13 restraint;
- 14 (c) commit any criminal offense;
- 15 (d) accuse any person of an offense;
- 16 (e) expose any person to hatred, contempt, or ridicule;
- 17 or
- 18 (f) take action as a public official against anyone or 19 anything, withhold official action, or cause such action or 20 withholding.
- 21 (2) A person commits the offense of intimidation if he 22 knowingly communicates a threat or false report of a pending 23 fire, explosion, or disaster which would endanger life or 24 property.
- 25 (3) A person convicted of the offense of intimidation

1	shall	be	imprisoned	in the	state	prison	for	any s	term	not
2	to-exc	eed-	lθ <u>of</u>_2 ye ar	rs.#						

Section 16. Section 45-5-204, MCA, is amended to read:

"45-5-204. Mistreating prisoners. (1) A person commits

the offense of mistreating prisoners if, being responsible

for the care or custody of a prisoner, he purposely or

knowingly:

- (a) assaults or otherwise injures a prisoner;
- (b) intimidates, threatens, endangers, or withholds reasonable necessities from the prisoner with the purpose to obtain a confession from him or for any other purpose; or
- 12 (c) violates any civil right of a prisoner.

- (2) A person convicted of the offense of mistreating prisoners shall be removed from office or employment and imprisoned in the state prison for a term not-to-exceed-10 of 2 years.
- Section 17. Section 45-5-302, MCA, is amended to read:

 "45-5-302. Kidnapping. (1) A person commits the offense
 of kidnapping if he knowingly or purposely and without
 lawful authority restrains another person by either
 secreting or holding him in a place of isolation or by using
 or threatening to use physical force.
- (2) A person convicted of the offense of kidnapping shall be imprisoned in the state prison for a term of not less—than—2—years—or—more—than—10 20 years—except—as

1 provided-in-46-18-222.**

Section 18. Section 45-5-303, MCA, is amended to read:

"45-5-303. Aggravated kidnapping. (1) A person commits

the offense of aggravated kidnapping if he knowingly or
purposely and without lawful authority restrains another
person by either secreting or holding him in a place of
isolation or by using or threatening to use physical force,
with any of the following purposes:

- 9 (a) to hold for ransom or reward or as a shield or 10 hostage;
- (b) to facilitate commission of any felony or flightthereafter;
- (c) to inflict bodily injury on or to terrorize the victim or another;
 - (d) to interfere with the performance of any governmental or political function; or
- 17 (e) to hold another in a condition of involuntary
 18 servitude.
 - (2) Except as provided in 46-18-222, a person convicted of the offense of aggravated kidnapping shall be punished by death or life imprisonment as provided in 46-18-301 through 46-18-310 or be imprisoned in the state prison for a term of not-less-than-2-years-or-more-than-189 40 years, unless he has voluntarily released the victim alive, in a safe place, and not suffering from serious bodily injury, in which event

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he shall be imprisoned in the state prison for a term of not less-then-2-years-or-more-then-10 6 years."

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Section 19. Section 45-5-304. MCA: is amended to read: #45-5-304. Custodial interference. (1) A person commits the offense of custodial interference if, knowing that he has no legal right to do so, he takes, entices, or withholds from lawful custody any child, incompetent person, or other person entrusted by authority of law to the custody of another person or institution.

- (2) A person convicted of the offense of custodial interference shall be imprisoned in the state prison for any a term not-to-exceed-10 of 5 years.
- (3) A person who has not left the state does not commit an offense under this section if he voluntarily returns such person to lawful custody prior to arraignment. A person who has left the state does not commit an offense under this section if he voluntarily returns such person to lawful custody prior to arrest."
- Section 20. Section 45-5-401, MCA, is amended to read: "45-5-401. Robbery. (1) A person commits the offense of robbery if in the course of committing a theft he:
 - (a) inflicts bodily injury upon another;
- (b) threatens to inflict bodily injury upon any person or purposely or knowingly puts any person in fear of immediate bodily injury; or

- (c) commits or threatens immediately to commit any felony other than theft.
- (2) A person convicted of the offense of robbery shall be imprisoned in the state prison for a term of not-less than-2-years-or-more-than-40 20 yearsy-except-as-provided-in 46-18-222.
- (3) "In the course of committing a theft" as used in this section includes acts which occur in an attempt to commit or in the commission of theft or in flight after the attempt or commission."
- Section 21. Section 45-5-502, MCA, is amended to read: *45-5-502. Sexual assault. (1) A person who knowingly subjects another not his spouse to any sexual contact without consent commits the offense of sexual assault.
- (2) A person convicted of sexual assault shall be fined 16 not to exceed \$500 or be imprisoned in the county jail for 17 any term not to exceed 6 months.
 - (3) If the victim is less than 16 years old and the offender is 3 or more years older than the victim or if the offender inflicts bodily injury upon anyone in the course of committing sexual assault, he shall be imprisoned in the state prison for any a term not-to-exceed-20 of 10 years.
- 23 (4) An act *in the course of committing sexual assault* 24 shall include an attempt to commit the offense or flight 25 after the attempt or commission.

(5)	Consent	is	ineffective	under	this	secti	on	if	the
victim i	s less th	an 14	years old.	and the	offer	nder	i s	3	or
more yea	rs older	than	the victime	*					

- Section 22. Section 45-5-503, MCA, is amended to read:

 "45-5-503. Sexual intercourse without consent. (1) A
 person who knowingly has sexual intercourse without consent
 with a person of the opposite sex not his spouse commits the
 offense of sexual intercourse without consent.
- (2) A person convicted of sexual intercourse without consent shall be imprisoned in the state prison for a term of not-less-than-2-years-or-more-than 20 years-except-as provided-in-46-18-222.
- (3) If the victim is less than 16 years old and the offender is 3 or more years older than the victim or if the offender inflicts bodily injury upon anyone in the course of committing sexual intercourse without consent, he shall be imprisoned in the state prison for any term of not-less-than 2-years-or-more-than-40 30 years-except-as--provided-in 46-10-222.
- (4) An act win the course of committing sexual intercourse without consent shall include an attempt to commit the offense or flight after the attempt or commission.
- (5) No evidence concerning the sexual conduct of the victim is admissible in prosecutions under this section,

ept:

- 2 (a) evidence of the victim's past sexual conduct with 3 the offender;
 - (b) evidence of specific instances of the victim's sexual activity to show the origin of semen, pregnancy, or disease which is at issue in the prosecution under this section.
 - (6) If the defendant proposes for any purpose to offer evidence described in subsection (5)(a) or (5)(b), the trial judge shall order a hearing out of the presence of the jury to determine whether the proposed evidence is admissible under subsection (5).
 - (7) Evidence of failure to make a timely complaint or immediate outcry does not raise any presumption as to the credibility of the victim.**
 - Section 23. Section 45-5-505, MCA, is amended to read:

 #45-5-505. Deviate sexual conduct. (1) A person who knowingly engages in deviate sexual relations or who causes another to engage in deviate sexual relations commits the offense of deviate sexual conduct.
- 21 (2) A person convicted of the offense of deviate sexual
 22 conduct shall be imprisoned in the state prison for any a
 23 term not-to-exceed-10 of 2 years.
- 24 (3) A person convicted of deviate sexual conduct
 25 without consent shall be imprisoned in the state prison for

- 1 env a term not-to-exceed-20 of 10 years."
- 2 Section 24. Section 45-5-603, MCA, is amended to read:
- 3 *45-5-603. Aggravated promotion of prostitution. (1) A
- 4 person commits the offense of aggravated promotion of
- 5 prostitution if he purposely or knowingly commits any of the
- 6 following acts:
- 7 (a) compels another to engage in or promote
- 6 prostitution;
- 9 (b) promotes prostitution of a child under the age of
- 10 18 years, whether or not he is aware of the child's age;
- (c) promotes the prostitution of one's spouse, child,
- 12 ward, or any person for whose care, protection, or support
- 13 he is responsible.
- 14 (2) A person convicted of aggravated promotion of
- 15 prostitution shall be imprisoned in the state prison for eny
- 16 a term not-to-exceed-20 of 10 years."
- 17 Section 25. Section 45-5-613, MCA, is amended to read:
- 18 "45-5-613. Incest. (1) A person commits the offense of
- 19 incest if he knowingly marries or cohabits or has sexual
- 20 intercourse with an ancestor, a descendant, a brother or
- 21 sister of the whole or half blood. The relationships
- 22 referred to herein include blood relationships without
- 23 regard to legitimacy and relationships of parent and child
- 24 by adoption.
- 25 (2) A person convicted of incest shall be imprisoned in

- 1 the state prison for any a term not-to-exceed-10 of 2
- 2 years.™
- 3 Section 26. Section 45-5-621, MCA, is amended to read:
- 4 #45-5-621. Nonsupport. (1) A person commits the offense
- 5 of nonsupport if he fails to provide support which he can
- 6 provide and which he knows he is legally obliged to provide
- 7 to a spouse, child, or other dependent.
 - 8 (2) A person commits the offense of aggravated
 - 9 nonsupport if:
- 10 (a) the offender has left the state to avoid the duty
- 11 of support; or
- 12 (b) the offender has been previously convicted of the
- 13 offense of nonsupport.
- 14 (3) A person convicted of nonsupport shall be fined not
- 15 to exceed \$500 or be imprisoned in the county [ail for any
- 16 term not to exceed 5 months, or both. A person convicted of
- 17 aggravated nonsupport shall be imprisoned in the state
- 18 prison for any a term not-to-exceed-10 of_2 years.
- 19 (4) The court may order, in its discretion, any fine
- 20 levied or any bond forfeited upon a charge of nonsupport
- 21 paid to or for the benefit of any person that the defendant
- 22 has failed to support.*
- 23 Section 27. Section 45-5-625, MCA, is amended to read:
- 24 "45-5-625" Sexual abuse of children (1) A person
- 25 commits the offense of sexual abuse of children if he

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- (a) employs, uses, or permits the employment or use of a child in an exhibition of sexual contact, actual or simulated;
- (b) photographs, films, videotapes, or records a child engaging in sexual contact, actual or simulated;
- (c) persuades, entices, counsels, or procures a child to engage in sexual contact, actual or simulated, for use as designated in (1)(a), (1)(b), or (1)(d);
- (d) processes, develops, prints, publishes, transports, distributes, sells, possesses with intent to sell, exhibits, or advertises material consisting of or including a photograph, photographic negative, undeveloped film, videotape, or recording representing a child engaging in sexual contact, actual or simulated; or
- (e) finances any of the activities described in subsections (1)(a) through (1)(d) knowing that the activity is of the nature described in those subsections.
- (2) A person convicted of the offense of sexual abuse of children shall be fined not to exceed \$10,000 or be imprisoned in the state prison for any a term not-to-exceed of 20-years, or both.
- 23 (3) For the purposes of this section, "child" means any 24 person less than 16 years old."
- 25 Section 28. Section 45-6-101, MCA, is amended to read:

1 "45-6-101. Criminal mischief. (1) A person commits the 2 offense of criminal mischief if he knowingly or purposely:

- 3 (a) injures, damages, or destroys any property of 4 another or public property without consent;
- (b) without consent tampers with property of another or
 public property so as to endanger or interfere with persons
 or property or its use;
 - (c) damages or destroys property with the purpose to defraud an insurer; or
 - (d) fails to close a gate previously unopened which he has opened, leading in or out of any enclosed premises. This does not apply to gates located in cities or towns.
 - (2) A person convicted of the offense of criminal mischief shall be fined not to exceed \$500 or be imprisoned in the county jail for any term not to exceed 6 months, or both. If the offender commits the offense of criminal mischief and causes pecuniary loss in excess of \$150, injures or kills a commonly domesticated hoofed animal, or causes a substantial interruption or impairment of public communication, transportation, supply of water, gas, or power, or other public services, he shall be imprisoned in the state prison for any a term not to exceed to of criminal mischief and causes pecuniary loss in excess of \$150, injures or kills a commonly domesticated hoofed animal, or causes a substantial interruption or impairment of public communication, transportation, supply of water, gas, or power, or other public services, he shall be imprisoned in the state prison for any a term not to exceed to of criminal mischief and causes pecuniary loss in excess of \$150, injures or kills a commonly domesticated hoofed animal, or causes a substantial interruption or impairment of public communication, transportation, supply of water, gas, or power, or other public services, he shall be imprisoned in
 - Section 29. Section 45-6-102, MCA, is amended to read:
 #45-6-102. Negligent arson. (1) A person commits the

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starts a fire or causes an explosion, whether on his own property or property of another, and thereby negligently:

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- (a) places another person in danger of death or bodily injury; or
- 6 (b) places property of another in danger of damage or 7 destruction.
 - (2) A person convicted of the offense of negligent arson shall be fined not to exceed \$500 or be imprisoned in the county jail for any term not to exceed 5 months, or both. If the offender places another person in danger of death or bodily injury, he shall be imprisoned in the state prison for any a term not-to-exceed-10 of 5 years.

Section 30. Section 45-6-103, MCA, is amended to read:

"45-6-103. Arson. (1) A person commits the offense of arson when, by means of fire or explosives, he knowingly or purposely:

- (a) damages or destroys an occupied structure which is property of another without consent; or
- (b) places another person in danger of death or bodily injury.
- (2) A person convicted of the offense of arson shall be imprisoned in the state prison for any a term not-to-exceed 20 of 10 years."
- Section 31. Section 45-6-204, MCA, is amended to read:

1 *45-6-204. Burglary. (1) A person commits the offense 2 of burglary if he knowingly enters or remains unlawfully in 3 an occupied structure with the purpose to commit an offense 4 therein.

- (2) A person commits the offense of aggravated burglary if he knowingly enters or remains unlawfully in an occupied structure with the purpose to commit a felony therein and:
- (a) in effecting entry or in the course of committing the offense or in immediate flight thereafter, he or another participant in the offense is armed with explosives or a weapon; or
- (b) in effecting entry or in the course of committing the offense or in immediate flight thereafter, he purposely, knowingly, or negligently inflicts or attempts to inflict bodily injury upon anyone.
- 16 (3) A person convicted of the offense of burglary shall
 17 be imprisoned in the state prison for any a term not-to
 18 exceed of 10 years. A person convicted of the offense of
 19 aggravated burglary shall be imprisoned in the state prison
 20 for any a term not-to-exceed-10 of 20 years.*
- Section 32. Codification. Sections 3 through 6 are intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 46, chapter 18, and the provisions contained in Title 46, chapter 18, apply to sections 3 through 6.
- 25 Section 33. Repealer. Sections 46-18-111 through

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- 1 46-18-113, 46-18-221, and 46-18-501 through 46-18-503, MCA,
- 2 are repealed.

-End-

STATE OF MONTANA

REQUEST NO. 26-81 Revised

FISCAL NOTE

Form BD-15

In compliance with a written requ	uest received <u>February 6</u> , 19 <u>81</u> , there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note
for House Bill 10	pursuant to Title 5, Chapter 4, Part 2 of the Montana Code Annotated (MCA).
Background information used in dev	eloping this Fiscal Note is available from the Office of Budget and Program Planning, to members
of the Legislature upon request.	

Description of Proposed Legislation

A proposal to implement manditory sentences for persons convicted of a certain crime.

Assumptions

- 1. The population of Montana State Prison will increase 25%*each year of the 1982-83 biennium from a current population of 643.
- 2. After the currently available 53 beds are filled, additional inmates will be contracted to other states or community programs.
- 3. A new 500 bed prison will be constructed with construction being completed by July 1, 1984.
- 4. Reduced plea bargaining will increase the number of cases that go to a jury trial.

Fiscal Impact

- 1. Construction cost of a new prison will be \$26,705,000
- 2. The costs of caring for additional inmates will be as follows:

FY 1982 FY 1983 \$1,213,710 \$4,755,575

General Fund

- 3. In calendar year 1980, of 2,633 criminal filings in Montana, only 13% went to jury trial with a cost of \$2,000-\$10,000 per trial; the proposed legislation would cause more cases to go to trial, however, the number cannot be estimated.
- 4. The increased number of trials would also increase local costs for prosecution and public defender services.

*U.S. Department of Justice, Handbook for Decision Makers, July, 1980

BUDGET DIRECTOR

Office of Budget and Program Planning

Date: 2 - (6)

STATE OF MONTANA

FISCAL NOTE

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Form BD-15

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of the Legislature upon request.	

Description of Proposed Legislation

A proposal to implement manditory sentences for persons convicted of certain crimes.

Assumptions

- 1. A 50% increase in prison population over the biennium with 25% increase each year.
- 2. The construction of a new 500 bed facility.

Fiscal Impact

Cost to state: 500 corrections beds at \$49,000 each = \$24,500,000.

BUDGET DIRECTOR

Office of Budget and Program Planning

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1	HOUSE BILL NO. 10
2	INTRODUCED BY KEEDY, NILSON, STOBLE, NORDTVEDT, MODRE,
3	ANDERSON, SMITH, PISTORIA, SPILKER, MENAHAN, BRIGGS,
4	SEIFERT, KROPP, BENNETT, PHILLIPS, ELLISON, KITSELMAN,
5	COZZENS, OTHARA, SCHULTZ, ASAY, SHONTZ, ROTH, CONN,
6	THOFT, IVERSON, MANUEL, HEMSTAD, KANDUCH, MATSKO,
7	VINGER, ROBBINS, GOULD, JENSEN, ROUSH, BROWN, McLANE,
8	DAILY, HARP, SIVERTSEN, ELLERO, BURNETT, PAVLGVICH,
9	CURTISS, MANNING, KEYSER, CONROY, SALES, UNDERDAL,
10	O*CONNELL, ZABROCKI, WILLIAMS, TEAGUE, FEDA, EUDAILY
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12	BY REQUEST OF THE INTERIM COMMITTEE ON CORRECTIONS POLICY
13	AND FACILITY NEEDS WITH NO RECOMMENDATION
14	
15	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO GENERALLY REVISE
16	SENTENCING LAWS; AMENDING SECTIONS 45-5-102 THROUGH
17	45-5-103: 45-5-105: 45-5-201 THROUGH 45-5-204: 45-5-302
18	THROUGH 45-5-304, 45-5-401, 45-5-502, 45-5-503, 45-5-505,
19	45-5-603, 45-5-613, 45-5-621, 45-5-625, 45-6-101THROUGH
20	45-6-102: 45-6-103, 45-6-204, 45-9-101, 45-9-103: 46-18-101,
21	46-18-201, 46-18-222, AND 46-18-223, MCA; AND REPEALING
22	SECTIONS 46-18-111 THROUGH 46-18-113, 46-18-221, AND
23	46-19-501 THROUGH 46-18-503, MCA: AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE
24	DATE."

2	Section 1. Section 46-18-101, MCA, is amended to read:
3	*46-18-101• Policy liberal construction• This
4	chapter shall be liberally construed to the end that persons
5	a person convicted of a crime shall be dealt with in
6	accordance with theirindividualcharacteristics
7	e ircumstancesy-needsyandpotentialities;thatdanger ous
8	offendersshall-be-correctively-treated-in-custody-for-long
9	terms-as-needed;-and-that-otheroffendersshallbedealt
10	with-by-probationy-suspended-sentencey-or-fine-whenever-such
11	dispositionappearspracticable-and-not-detrimental-to-the
12	needs-of-public-safety-and-the-welfare-of-the-individual the
13	seriousness of the crime committed and in accordance with
14	his prior record. A person convicted of a crime may be dealt
15	with by fine, when provided for by law, or by deferred
16	imposition or suspension of sentence if the age of the
17	person or the circumstances surrounding the crime warrant
18	such treatment as provided for in this chapter."
19	Section 2. Section 46-18-201, MCA, is amended to read:
20	#46-18-201. Sentences that may be imposed. (1)
21	Whenever a person has been found guilty of an offense upon a
22	verdict or a plea of guilty, the court may:
23	(a) defer imposition of sentence <u>for persons A PERSON</u>
24	committing a first-offense FELONY OR MISDEMEANOR, SO LONG AS

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

HE HAS NOT COMMITTED A PRIOR FELONY, and who are IS eligible

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under 46-18-222, excepting sentences for driving under the
influence of alcohol or drugs, for a period not exceeding 1
year for any misdemeanor or for a period not exceeding 3 10
years for any felony. The sentencing judge may impose upon
the defendant any reasonable restrictions or conditions
during the period of the deferred imposition. Such
reasonable restrictions or conditions may include:

- (i) jail base release;
- (ii) jail time not exceeding 90 days;
- 10 (iii) conditions for probation;
- 11 (iv) restitution;

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- 12 (v) any other reasonable conditions considered 13 necessary for rehabilitation or for the protection of 14 society; or
 - (vi) any combination of the above;
 - (b) suspend execution of sentence for persons eligible under 46-18-222 up to the maximum sentence allowed for the particular offense. The sentencing judge may impose on the defendant any reasonable restrictions during the period of suspended sentence. Such reasonable restrictions may include any of those listed in subsections (1)(a)(i) through (1)(a)(vi).
 - (c) impose a fine as provided by law for the offense;
- (d) commit the defendant to a correctional institutionwith or without a fine as provided by law for the offense;

- 1 (e) impose any combination of subsections (1)(b).
 2 (1)(c), and (1)(d).
 - (2) If any restrictions or conditions imposed under subsection (1)(a) or (1)(b) are violated, any elapsed time, except jail time, is not a credit against the sentence unless the court orders otherwise.
 - #3}--Except-as-provided-in-46-18-222y-the-imposition-or
 execution-of-the-first-2-years-of-a-sentence-of-imprisonment
 imposed-under-the-following-sections-may-not-be-deferred--or
 suspended*-----45-5-183{2}y-----45-5-282{2}y-----45-5-382{2}y
 45-5-383{2}y-45-5-481{2}y-45-5-583{2}-and--{3}y--45-9-181{2}y
 and-{3}y-45-9-182{3}y-and-45-9-183{2}y
 - (4)--Except-as-provided-in-46-18-222y-the-imposition-or execution--of---the---first--18--years--of--a--sentence--of imprisonment-imposed-under-45-5-182(2)-may-not--be--deferred or-suspended**
 - NEW SECTION: Section 3. Mandatory sentences to be imposed for felonies -- exceptions. Except as provided in 46-18-201, the court shall impose the mandatory sentence provided by law for a felony offense unless the court finds in accordance with [section 5] that aggravating circumstances are present or in accordance with [section 6] that mitigating circumstances are present.
 - NEW SECTION. Section 4. Hearing to determine exceptions to mandatory sentences. (1) Upon request of

either the defendant or the prosecution, the court shall 1 orant a hearing prior to the imposition of sentence to 2 determine the existence of circumstances enumerated in [section 5 or 6].

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- (2) The hearing shall be held before the court sitting without a jury. The defendant and the prosecution are entitled to the assistance of counsel, compulsory process, and cross-examination of witnesses who appear at the hearing.
- (3) If it appears by a preponderance of the evidence submitted during the trial and during the sentencing hearing that none of the circumstances enumerated in [section 5 or 6] existed, the court shall impose the applicable mandatory sentence. If it appears by a preponderance of the evidence that one or more of the circumstances enumerated in [section 5 or 6] existed, the court shall impose the applicable sentence as provided in [section 5 or 6].
- (4) The court shall state the reasons for its decision in writing and shall include an identification of the facts relied upon in making its determination. The statement shall be included in the judgment.
- NEW_SECTION. Section 5. Aggravating circumstances for felonies -- increased penalties. (1) The court shall add to the mandatory sentence for a felony offense 25% of the mandatory sentence for each of the following aggravating

- circumstances found by the court to have existed at the time
- 2 the offense was committed. KNOWN BY THE DEFENDANT ID EXIST.
- AND CONSIDERED BY THE DEFENDANT IN THE COMMISSION OF THE 3
- **OEEENSE:**

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- 5 (a) the victim mentally defective was incapacitated;
 - (b) the victim was physically helplass;
- 8 (c) The victim was less than 16 years old or 65 years of age or older:
 - (d) there were multiple victims:
- 11 (e) the defendant threatened to inflict bodily injury 12 upon any person or knowingly put any person in fear of 13 immediate bodily injury;
- 14 (f) the defendant took advantage of his fiduciary 15 relationship with the victim to commit the offense;
- 16 (q) the defendant used or involved minors in the 17 commission of the crime; or
- 18 (h) the defendant, prior to age 18, had committed an 19 act that would have been a felony if committed by an adult.
- 20 (2) The court shall add to the mandatory sentence for a felony offense 50% of the mandatory sentence for each of 21 22 the following aggravating circumstances found by the court 23 to have existed at the time the offense was committed:
- 24 (a) the defendant inflicted bodily injury upon 25 another:

(b) the defendant received compensation for committing the offense;

- (c) the defendant, while engaged in the commission of the offense, knowingly displayed, brandished, or otherwise used a firearm, destructive device as defined in 45-8-332(1), or other dangerous weapon;
- (d) the defendant had previously been convicted of a felony.
- (3) The court shall add to the mandatory sentence for a felony offense 100% of the mandatory sentence for each of the following aggravating circumstances found by the court to have existed at the time the offense was committed:
- (a) the defendant is a person who had previously been convicted of an offense committed under 18 U·S·C· 924(c). AS

 AMENDED: on a different occasion than the present offense or who had previously been convicted of an offense in this or another state, committed on a different occasion than the present offense, during the commission of which he knowingly displayed, brandished, or otherwise used a firearm, destructive device as defined in 45-8-332(1), or other dangerous weapon.
- (b) the defendant is a person who had previously been convicted of a second felony offense and who is presently being sentenced for a third or subsequent felony committed on a different occasion than any of his prior felonies.

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- (4) For the purpose of this section, an offender is considered to have been previously convicted of a felony if:
- (a) the previous felony conviction was for an offense committed in this state or any other jurisdiction for which a sentence to a term of imprisonment in excess of 1 year could have been imposed; and
- (b) the offender has not been pardoned on the ground of innocence and the conviction has not been set aside in a postconviction hearing.
- (5) A circumstance that constitutes a lesser included offense of the present offense or a circumstance that constitutes a necessary element of the present offense may not be found to be an aggravating circumstance for purposes of this section.
- NEW SECTION. Section 6. Mitigating circumstances for felonies reduced penalties. If appropriate for the offense, the court shall reduce the sentence for a felony offense by 10% for each of the following mitigating circumstances found to be present:
- (1) The defendant, at the time of the commission of the offense for which he is to be sentenced, was acting under unusual and substantial duress. The duress need not be such that it would constitute a defense to the prosecution.
- (2) The defendant was an accomplice, the conduct

constitut	ting	the	e offense	was	principally	the	conduct	of
another•	and	the	defendant's	s pa	rticipation	was	relative	ıT y
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- (3) No serious bodily injury was inflicted on the victim nor was a weapon used in the commission of the offense.
- (4) The defendant has fully compensated or can reasonably be expected to fully compensate the victim of his criminal conduct.
- (5) The defendant assisted law enforcement authoritiesin the performance of their duties.
 - Section 7. Section 46-18-222, MCA, is amended to read:

 "46-18-222. Exceptions-to-mandatory-minimum-sentences
 and---restrictions--on--deferred--imposition--and--suspended
 execution-of-sentence <u>Eligibility for deferred or suspended</u>
 sentence. All-mandatory-minimum-sentences-prescribed-by-the
 laws--of--this--state--and--the--restrictions--on---deferred
 imposition-and-suspended-execution-of-sentence-prescribed-by
 subsections--(3)--and--(4)--of--46-18-201y-46-18-221(3)y-and
 46-18-502(2)-do-not-apply-if <u>A person is eligible for a</u>
 deferred imposition or suspension of sentence as provided in
 46-18-201 if:
- 23 (1) the defendant was less than 18 years of age at the 24 time of the commission of the offense for which he is to be 25 sentenced;

1	(2) the defendant's mental capacity, at the time	of
2	the commission of the offense for which he is to	be
3	sentenced, was significantly impaired, although not	so
4	impaired as to constitute a defense to the prosecution;	

- (3) the defendant, at the time of the commission of the offense for which he is to be sentenced, was acting under unusual and substantial duress, although not such duress as would constitute a defense to the prosecution;
- 9 (4) the defendant was an accomplice, the conduct 10 constituting the offense was principally the conduct of 11 another, and the defendant's participation was relatively 12 minor; or
- 13 (5) where applicable, no serious bodily injury was
 14 inflicted on the victim unless a weapon was used in the
 15 commission of the offense: _OR
- 16 161 THE DEFENDANT HAS NOT BEEN UNDER THE SUPERVISION
 17 OF ANY STATE OR FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION OR COURT
 18 FOR A PERIOD DE 5 YEARS IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING COMMISSION OF
 19 THE PRESENT OFFENSE.**
- Section 8. Section 46-18-223, MCA, is amended to read:

 "46-18-223. Hearing to determine application--of
 exceptions eligibility. (1) When the-application--of-an
 exception--provided--for---in eligibility for deferred
 imposition or suspension of sentence under 46-18-222 is an
 issue, upon request the court shall grant the defendant a

hearing	prior	to	the	imposition	of	sentence	to	determine	the
applical	b ility	of-	the-	exception :	suci	_elioibil	it	1 •	

- (2) The hearing shall be held before the court sitting without a jury. The defendant and the prosecution are entitled to assistance of counsel, compulsory process, and cross-examination of witnesses who appear at the hearing.
- (3) If it appears by a preponderance of the information exidence, including information submitted during the trialy and during the sentencing hearing, and-in-so-much of-the-presentence-report as-the-court-relies-ony that none of the exceptions-at-issue provisions for eligibility apply, the court shall impose the appropriate applicable mandatory sentence with no deferred imposition or suspension thereof.
- 151 The court shall state the reasons for its decision in writing and shall include an identification of the facts relied upon in making its determination. The statement shall be included in the judgment.
- Section 9. Section 45-5-102, MCA, is amended to read:

 #45-5-102. Deliberate homicide. (1) Except as provided
 in 45-5-103(1), criminal homicide constitutes deliberate
 homicide if:
 - (a) it is committed purposely or knowingly; or
- (b) it is committed while the offender is engaged in or is an accomplice in the commission of, an attempt to commit, or flight after committing or attempting to commit

robbery,	5exua	1 i	nterc	ourse	e with	out	consent	, arso) TI 9
burglary:	kidnap	ping,	felo	ni cu:	s escape	• or	any other	r felo	'ny
which in	volves	the	use	or	threat	of	physical	force	or
violence	against	any	indiv	i dua	١.				

- (2) A person convicted of the offense of deliberate homicide shall be punished by death or life imprisonment as provided in 46-18-301 through 46-18-310 or by imprisonment in the state prison for a term of not-less-then-18-years-or more-than-180 60 yearsy-except-as-provided-in-46-18-220."
- Section 10. Section 45-5-103, MCA, is amended to read:

 "45-5-103. Hitigated deliberate homicide. (1) Criminal
 homicide constitutes mitigated deliberate homicide when a
 homicide which would otherwise be deliberate homicide is
 committed under the influence of extreme mental or emotional
 stress for which there is reasonable explanation or excuse.
 The reasonableness of such explanation or excuse shall be
 determined from the viewpoint of a reasonable person in the
 actor's situation.
- (2) A person convicted of mitigated deliberate homicide shall be imprisoned in the state prison for a term of not-less-than-2-years-or-more-than-40 30 years-except-as provided-in-46-18-222.**
- Section-11*--Section-45-5-104y-MCAy-is-amended-to-read+
 #45-5-104y-Negligent--homicidey--(1)-Criminal-homicide
 constitutes--negligent--homicide--when--it---is---committed

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- {2}--A--person-convicted-of-negligent-homicide-shall-be
 imprisoned-in-the-state-prison-for-any-g term-not-to--exceed
 10 of-20 years**
- Section 11. Section 45-5-105, MCA, is amended to read:

 **45-5-105. Aiding or soliciting suicide. (1) A person

 who purposely aids or solicits another to commit suicide,

 but such suicide does not occur, commits the offense of

 aiding or soliciting suicide.
- 10 (2) A person convicted of the offense of aiding or
 11 scliciting a suicide shall be imprisoned in the state prison
 12 for any a term not-to-exceed of 10 years.**
- Section 12. Section 45-5-201, MCA, is amended to read:

 14 "45-5-201. Assault. (1) A person commits the offense

 15 of assault if he:
- 16 (a) purposely or knowingly causes bodily injury to another;
- 18 (b) negligently causes bodily injury to another with a 19 weapon;
 - (c) purposely or knowingly makes physical contact of an insulting or provoking nature with any individual; or
 - (d) purposely or knowingly causes reasonable apprehension of bodily injury in another. The purpose to cause reasonable apprehension or the knowledge that reasonable apprehension would be caused shall be presumed in

- any case in which a person knowingly points a firearm at or
 in the direction of another, whether or not the offender
 believes the firearm to be loaded.
 - (2) Except as provided in subsection (3), a person convicted of assault shall be fined not to exceed \$500 or be imprisoned in the county jail for any term not to exceed 6 months, or both.
 - (3) If the victim is less than 14 years old and the offender is 18 or more years old, the offender, upon conviction under subsection (1)(a), shall be imprisoned in the state prison for a term not-to-exceed-5 of 10 years.*
- Section 13. Section 45-5-202, MCA, is amended to read:

 #45-5-202. Aggravated assault. (1) A person commits

 the offense of aggravated assault if he purposely or

 knowingly causes:
 - (a) serious bodily injury to another;
 - (b) bodily injury to another with a weapon;
- 18 (c) reasonable apprehension of serious bodily injury
 19 in another by use of a weapon; or
- 20 (d) bodily injury to a peace officer.
- 21 (2) A person convicted of aggravated assault shall be
 22 imprisoned in the state prison for a term of not-less-thon-2
 23 years-or-more-than 20 years-except-as-provided---in
 24 46-18-222.**
- 25 Section 14. Section 45-5-203, MCA, is amended to read:

*45-5-203. Intimidation. (1) A person commits the
offense of intimidation when, with the purpose to cause
another to perform or to omit the performance of any act, he
communicates to another a threat to perform without lawful
authority any of the following acts:

- (a) inflict physical harm on the person threatened or any other person or on property;
- 8 (b) subject any person to physical confinement or 9 restraint;
 - (c) commit any criminal offense;

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- (d) accuse any person of an offense;
- 12 (e) expose any person to hatred, contempt. ridicule; or 13
 - (f) take action as a public official against anyone or anything, withhold official action, or cause such action or withholding.
 - (2) A person commits the offense of intimidation if he knowingly communicates a threat or false report of a pending fire, explosion, or disaster which would endanger life or property.
 - (3) A person convicted of the offense of intimidation shall be imprisoned in the state prison for any a term not to-exceed-10 of 2 years."
- 24 Section 15. Section 45-5-204, MCA, is amended to read: 25 *45-5-204. Nistreating prisoners. (1) A person commits

- the offense of mistreating prisoners if, being responsible 1 2 for the care or custody of a prisoner, he purposely or knowingly:
 - (a) assaults or otherwise injures a prisoner;
 - (b) intimidates, threatens, endangers, or withholds reasonable necessities from the prisoner with the purpose to obtain a confession from him or for any other purpose; or
 - (c) violates any civil right of a prisoner.

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- (2) A person convicted of the offense of mistreating prisoners shall be removed from office or employment and imprisoned in the state prison for a term not-to--exceed--16 of_2 years.*
- Section 16. Section 45-5-302, MCA, is amended to read: "45-5-302. Kidnapping. (1) A person commits the offense of kidnapping if he knowingly or purposely and without lawful authority restrains another person by either secreting or holding him in a place of isolation or by using or threatening to use physical force.
- (2) A person convicted of the offense of kidnapping shall be imprisoned in the state prison for a term of not less-than-2-years-or--sore--than--10 20 yearsy--except--as provided-in-46-18-222.*
- 23 Section 17. Section 45-5-303. MCA. is amended to read: 24 #45-5-303. Aggravated kidnapping. (1) A person commits the offense of aggravated kidnapping if he knowingly or

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purposely and without lawful authority restrains another person by either secreting or holding him in a place of isolation or by using or threatening to use physical force, with any of the following purposes:

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- 5 (a) to hold for ransom or reward or as a shield or 6 hostage;
- 7 (b) to facilitate commission of any felony or flight 8 thereafter;
- 9 (c) to inflict bodily injury on or to terrorize the
 10 victim or another;
 - (d) to interfere with the performance of any governmental or political function; or
- (e) to hold another in a condition of involuntary
 servitude.
 - (2) Except as provided in 46-18-222, a person convicted of the offense of aggravated kidnapping shall be punished by death or life imprisonment as provided in 46-18-301 through 46-18-310 or be imprisoned in the state prison for a term of not-less-then-2-years-or-more-then-100 40 years, unless he has voluntarily released the victim alive, in a safe place, and not suffering from serious bodily injury, in which event he shall be imprisoned in the state prison for a term of not-less-then-2-years-or-more then-10 6 years."
- 25 Section 18. Section 45-5-304, MCA, is amended to read:

- "45-5-304. Custodial interference. (1) A person commits the offense of custodial interference if, knowing that he has no legal right to do so, he takes, entices, or withholds from lawful custody any child, incompetent person, or other person entrusted by authority of law to the custody of another person or institution.
- (2) A person convicted of the offense of custodial interference shall be imprisoned in the state prison for any a term not-to-exceed-10 of 5 years.
- 10 (3) A person who has not left the state does not
 11 commit an offense under this section if he voluntarily
 12 returns such person to lawful custody prior to arraignment.
 13 A person who has left the state does not commit an offense
 14 under this section if he voluntarily returns such person to
 15 lawful custody prior to arrest.**
- Section 19. Section 45-5-401, NCA, is amended to read:

 17 "45-5-401. Robbery. (1) A person commits the offense

 18 of robbery if in the course of committing a theft he:
 - (a) inflicts bodily injury upon another;
- 20 (b) threatens to inflict bodily injury upon any person
 21 or purposely or knowingly puts any person in fear of
 22 immediate bodily injury; or
- 23 (c) commits or threatens immediately to commit any 24 felony other than theft.
- 25 (2) A person convicted of the offense of robbery shall

be imprisoned in the state prison for a term of not-less than-2-years-or-more-than-40 20 years-except-as-provided-in 46-18-222.

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- (3) "In the course of committing a theft" as used in this section includes acts which occur in an attempt to commit or in the commission of theft or in flight after the attempt or commission.*
- Section 20. Section 45-5-502, MCA, is amended to read: *45-5-502. Sexual assault. (1) A person who knowingly subjects another not his spouse to any sexual contact without consent commits the offense of sexual assault.
- (2) A person convicted of sexual assault shall be fined not to exceed \$500 or be imprisoned in the county jail for any term not to exceed 6 months.
- (3) If the victim is less than 16 years old and the offender is 3 or more years older than the victim or if the offender inflicts bodily injury upon anyone in the course of committing sexual assault, he shall be imprisoned in the state prison for any a term not-to-exceed-20 of_10 years.
- (4) An act "in the course of committing sexual assault* shall include an attempt to commit the offense or flight after the attempt or commission.
- (5) Consent is ineffective under this section if the victim is less than 14 years old and the offender is 3 or .more years older than the victim."

1	Section 21. Section 45-5-503, MCA, is amended to read:
2	<pre>"45-5-503. Sexual intercourse without consent. (1) A</pre>
3	person who knowingly has sexual intercourse without consent
4	with a person of the opposite sex not his spouse commits the
5	offense of sexual intercourse without consent.

- (2) A person convicted of sexual intercourse without consent shall be imprisoned in the state prison for a term of not--less--thon-2-years-or-more-thon 20 yearsy-except-os provided-in-46-28-222.
- (3) If the victim is less than 16 years old and the offender is 3 or more years older than the victim or if the offender inflicts bodily injury upon anyone in the course of committing sexual intercourse without consent, he shall be imprisoned in the state prison for A any term of not-less than-2-years-or-more-than-48 30 yearsy-except-os-provided-in 46-18-222.
- 14) IF THE VICTIM'S LACK OF CONSENT IS BASED SOLELY UPON HIS INCAPACITY TO CONSENT BECAUSE HE HAS LESS THAN 16 YEARS OF AGE: A PERSON CONVICTED DE SEXUAL INTERCOURSE HITHOUT CONSENT OF SUCH VICTIM SHALL BE IMPRISONED IN THE STATE PRISON FOR A TERM OF NOT LESS THAN 2 OR MORE THAN 20 YEARS.
- 141151 An act "in the course of committing sexual intercourse without consent" shall include an attempt to commit the offense or flight after the attempt or

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(5)(6) No evidence concerning the sexual conduct of the victim is admissible in prosecutions under this section, except:

- 5 (a) evidence of the victim's past sexual conduct with 6 the offender;
 - (b) evidence of specific instances of the victim's sexual activity to show the origin of semen, pregnancy, or disease which is at issue in the prosecution under this section.
 - (6)(1) If the defendant proposes for any purpose to offer evidence described in subsection (5)(a) or (5)(b), the trial judge shall order a hearing out of the presence of the jury to determine whether the proposed evidence is admissible under subsection (5).
- Section 22. Section 45-5-505, MCA, is amended to read:

 "45-5-505. Deviate sexual conduct. (1) A person who
 knowingly engages in deviate sexual relations or who causes
 another to engage in deviate sexual relations commits the
 offense of deviate sexual conduct.
- 24 (2) A person convicted of the offense of deviate 25 sexual conduct shall be imprisoned in the state prison for

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1 any a term not-to-exceed-10 of 2 y	1	eny a	term	Not-to-exceed-10	ot_z	years.
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- 2 (3) A person convicted of deviate sexual conduct
 3 without consent shall be imprisoned in the state prison for
 4 eny a term not-to-exceed-20 of 10 years.**
- Section 23. Section 45-5-603, MCA, is amended to read:

 "45-5-603. Aggravated promotion of prostitution. (1) A

 person commits the offense of aggravated promotion of

 prostitution if he purposely or knowingly commits any of the

 following acts:
- 10 (a) compels another to engage in or promote
 11 prostitution:
- 12 (b) promotes prostitution of a child under the age of 13 18 years, whether or not he is aware of the child's age;
- 14 (c) promotes the prostitution of one's spouse, child,
 15 ward, or any person for whose care, protection, or support
 16 he is responsible.
- 17 (2) A person convicted of aggravated promotion of
 18 prostitution shall be imprisoned in the state prison for any
 19 a term not-to-exceed-20 of 10 years.**
- Section 24. Section 45-5-613, NCA, is amended to read:

 "45-5-613. Incest. (1) A person commits the offense of
 incest if he knowingly marries or cohabits or has sexual
 intercourse with an ancestor, a descendant, a brother or
 sister of the whole or half blood. The relationships
 referred to herein include blood relationships without

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regard to legitimacy and relationships of parent and child by adoption.

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- 3 (2) A person convicted of incest shall be imprisoned
 4 in the state prison for any a term not-to-exceed-10 of 2
 5 years.*
 - Section 25. Section 45-5-621, NCA, is amended to read:

 "45-5-621. Nonsupport. (1) A person commits the
 offense of nonsupport if he fails to provide support which
 he can provide and which he knows he is legally obliged to
 provide to a spouse, child, or other dependent.
- 11 (2) A person commits the offense of aggravated
 12 nonsupport if:
 - (a) the offender has left the state to avoid the duty of support; or
 - (b) the offender has been previously convicted of the offense of nonsupport.
 - (3) A person convicted of nonsupport shall be fined not to exceed \$500 or be imprisoned in the county jail for any term not to exceed 6 months, or both. A person convicted of aggravated nonsupport shall be imprisoned in the state prison for any a term not-to-exceed-10 of 2 years.
 - (4) The court may order, in its discretion, any fine levied or any bond forfeited upon a charge of nonsupport paid to or for the benefit of any person that the defendant has failed to support.

1	Section 26.	Section 45-5-	625, MCA, i	s amended to read
2	*45-5-625•	Sexual abuse	of childre	n. (1) A perso
3	commits the off	fenise of sexu	al abuse	of children if h
4	knowingly:			

- (a) employs, uses, or permits the employment or use of a child in an exhibition of sexual contact, actual or simulated;
- (b) photographs, films, videotapes, or records a child engaging in sexual contact, actual or simulated;
- (c) persuades, entices, counsels, or procures a child to engage in sexual contact, actual or simulated, for use as designated in (1)(a), (1)(b), or (1)(d);
- (d) processes, develops, prints, publishes, transports, distributes, sells, possesses with intent to sell, exhibits, or advertises material consisting of or including a photograph, photographic negative, undeveloped film, videotape, or recording representing a child engaging in sexual contact, actual or simulated; or
- (e) finances any of the activities described in subsections (1)(a) through (1)(d) knowing that the activity is of the nature described in those subsections.
- (2) A person convicted of the offense of sexual abuse of children shall be fined not to exceed \$10,000 or be imprisoned in the state prison for any a term not-to-exceed of 20 years, or both.

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injury.

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1	(3) For the purposes of this section, "child" means
4	eny person less than 16 years old."
3	Section-28*Section-45-6-101*-MCAy-is-amended-to-read+
4	#45-6-101wCriminolmischiefw(1)A-person-commits
5	theoffenseofcriminalmischiefifheknowinglyor
6	purposely+
7	{a}injuresydamagesyordestroysanyproperty-of
8	another-or-public-property-without-consent;
9	(b)without-consent-tempers-with-propertyofenother
10	orpublicpropertysoastoendanger-or-interfere-with
11	persons-or-property-or-its-uset
12	(c)damages-or-destroys-property-with-thepurposeto
13	defroud-on-insurer;-or
14	(d)fails-to-clase-a-gate-previously-unopened-which-he
15	has-openedy-leading-in-or-out-of-any-enclosed-premisesy-This
16	does-not-apply-to-gates-located-in-cities-or-towns*
17	(2)Apersonconvictedoftheoffense-of-criminal
18	mischief-shall-be-fined-not-to-exceed-\$500-or-beimprisoned
19	inthecounty-jail-for-any-term-not-to-exceed-6-monthsy-or

boths-if--the--offender--commits--the--offense--ef--criminal

mischief--ond--couses--pecuniary--loss--in--excess--of-\$150;

injures-or-kills-a-commonly-domesticated-hoofed--animaly--or

causes--a--substantial--interruption-or-impairment-of-public

communicationy-transportationy--supply--of--watery--gasy--or

powery--or--other-public-servicesy-he-shell-be-imprisoned-in

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2	years**
3	Section 27. Section 45-6-102, MCA, is amended to read:
4	#45-6-102. Negligent arson. (1) A person commits the
5	offense of negligent arson if he purposely or knowingly
6	starts a fire or causes an explosion, whether on his own
7	property or property of another, and thereby negligently:
8	(a) places another person in danger of death or bodily
9	injury; or
10	(b) places property of another in danger of damage or
11	destruction.
12	(2) A person convicted of the offense of negligent
13	arson shall be fined not to exceed \$500 or be imprisoned in
14	the county jail for any term not to exceed 6 months, or
15	both. If the offender places another person in danger of
16	death or bodily injury, he shall be imprisoned in the state
17	prison for ony <u>a</u> term not-to-exceed-10 <u>of 5</u> years.**
18	Section 28. Section 45-6-103, MCA, is amended to read:
19	#45-6-103. Arson. (1) A person commits the offense of
20	arson when, by means of fire or explosives, he knowingly or
21	purposely:
22	(a) damages or destroys an occupied structure which is
23	property of another without consent; or
24	(b) places another person in danger of death or bodily

the-state-prison-for-any-g term--not--to--exceed--10 of--4

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(2) A person convicted of the offense of arson shall be imprisoned in the state prison for any a term not-to exceed-20 of 10 years.

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- Section 29. Section 45-6-204, MCA, is amended to read:

 "45-6-204. Burglary. (1) A person commits the offense

 of burglary if he knowingly enters or remains unlawfully in

 an occupied structure with the purpose to commit an offense

 therein.
 - (2) A person commits the offense of aggravated burglary if he knowingly enters or remains unlawfully in an occupied structure with the purpose to commit a felony therein and:
 - (a) in effecting entry or in the course of committing the offense or in immediate flight thereafter, he or another participant in the offense is armed with explosives or a weapon; or
 - (b) in effecting entry or in the course of committing the offense or in immediate flight thereafter, he purposely, knowingly, or negligently inflicts or attempts to inflict bodily injury upon anyone.
 - (3) A person convicted of the offense of burglary shall be imprisoned in the state prison for env a term not to-exceed of 10 years. A person convicted of the offense of aggravated burglary shall be imprisoned in the state prison for env a term not-to-exceed-40 of 20 years.*

SECTION 30. SECTION 45-9-101. MCA. IS AMENDED TO READ:
#45-9-101. Criminal sale of dangerous drugs. (1) A
person commits the offense of criminal sale of dangerous
drugs if he sells: barters: exchanges: gives away: or offers
to sell, barter, exchange, or give away or manufactures,
prepares, cultivates, compounds, or processes any dangerous
druge as defined in 50-32-101.

- (2) A person convicted of criminal sale of an opiate, as defined in 50-32-101(18), shall be imprisoned in the state prison for a term of not-less-then-2 10 years or-more then-life, except as provided in 46-18-222.
- (3) A person convicted of criminal sale of a dancerous drug included in Schedule I or Schedule II pursuant to 50-32-224. 50-32-222 or except mari juana or tetrahydrocannabinols. who has a prior conviction for criminal sale of such a drug shall be imprisoned in the state prison for a term of not-less-then-5 20 years or-more than-life, except as provided in 46-18-222. Upon a third or subsequent conviction for criminal sale of such a drug, he shall be imprisoned in the state prison for a term of not tess--thon-10 40 years or-more-thon-life, except as provided in 46-18-222. Whenever a conviction under this subsection is for criminal sale of such a drug to a minor or a person, who is mentally defective, the sentence shall be increased by 5 years and include the restriction that the defendant be

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ì	ineligible for parole and participation in the prisoner
2	furlough program while serving his term. A sentence imposes
3	under this section may not be increased by the aggravating
÷	circumstances_listed_in_subsections_(a)_and_(c)_of_[section
5	5] .

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- (4) A person convicted of criminal sale of dangerous drugs not otherwise provided for in subsection (2) or (3) shall be imprisoned in the state prison for a term of not less than I year or more than life.
- (5) Practitioners and agents under their supervision acting in the course of a professional practice, as defined by 50-32-101, are exempt from this section."
- SECTION 31. SECTION 45-9-103. MCA. IS AMENDED TO READ:

 "45-9-103. Criminal possession with intent to sell.

 (1) A person commits the offense of criminal possession with intent to sell intent to sell in the possesses with intent to sell any dangerous drug as defined in 50-32-101. No person commits the offense of criminal possession with intent to sell marijuana unless he possesses 1 kilogram or more.
 - (2) A person convicted of criminal possession of an opiate, as defined in 50-32-101(18), with intent to sell shall be imprisoned in the state prison for a term of not less-than-2-years-or-more-than-20 5 years, except as provided in 46-18-222.
 - (3) A person convicted of criminal possession with

- intent to sell not otherwise provided for in subsection (2)
 shall be imprisoned in the state prison for a term of not
 more-than-20 5 years.
- 4 (4) Practitioners and agents under their supervision
 5 acting in the course of a professional practice as defined
 6 by 50-32-101 are exempt from this section.**
- 7 Section 32. Codification. Sections 3 through 6 are 8 intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 46, 9 chapter 18, and the provisions contained in Title 46, 10 chapter 18, apply to sections 3 through 6.
- 11 Section 33. Repeater. Sections 46-18-111 through 12 46-18-113, 46-18-221, and 46-18-501 through 46-18-503, MCA, 13 are repealed.
- 14 SECTION 34 EFFECTIVE DATE THIS ACT IS EFFECTIVE
 15 JANUARY 1: 1982

-End-

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47th Legislature

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1	HOUSE BILL NO. 10
2	INTRODUCED BY KEEDY, NILSON, STOBIE, NORDTVEDT, MOORE,
3	ANDERSON, SMITH, PISTORIA, SPILKER, MENAHAN, BRIGGS,
4	SEIFERT, KROPP, BENNETT, PHILLIPS, ELLISON, KITSELMAN,
5	COZZENS, O'HARA, SCHULTZ, ASAY, SHONTZ, ROTH, CONN, THOFT,
6	DONALOSON, IVERSON, MANUEL, HEMSTAD, KANDUCH, MATSKO,
7	VINGER, ROBBINS, GOULD, JENSEN, ROUSH, BROWN, MCLANE,
8	DAILY, HARP, SIVERTSEN, ELLERD, BURNETT, PAVLOVICH,
9	CURTISS, MANNING, KEYSER, CONROY, SALES, UNDERDAL,
10	O'CONNELL, ZABROCKI, WILLIAMS, TEAGUE, FEDA, EUDAILY
11	
12	BY REQUEST OF THE INTERIM COMMITTEE ON CORRECTIONS POLICY
13	AND FACILITY WEEDS WITH NO RECOMMENDATION
14	
15	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO GENERALLY REVISE
16	SENTENCING LAWS; AMENDING SECTIONS 45-5-102 THROUGH
17	45-5-103: 45-5-105: 45-5-201 THROUGH 45-5-204: 45-5-302
18	THROUGH 45-5-304, 45-5-401, 45-5-502, 45-5-503, 45-5-505,
19	45-5-603, 45-5-613, 45-5-621, 45-5-625, 45-6-101
20	45-6-102: 45-6-103: 45-6-204: 45-9-101: 45-9-103: 46-18-101:
21	46-18-201, 46-18-222, AND 46-18-223, MCA; AND REPEALING
22	SECTIONS 46-18-111 THROUGH 46-18-113, 46-18-221, AND
23	46-18-501 THROUGH 46-18-503, MCA: AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE
24	DAIE.*

2 Section 1. Section 46-18-101, MCA, is amended to read: #46-18-101. Policy -- liberal construction. This 3 chapter shall be liberally construed to the end that persons a person convicted of a crime shall be dealt with in their----individual---characteristics, accordance circumstancesy-needsy--and--potentialities;--that--dangerous offenders--shall-be-correctively-treated-in-custody-for-long terms-as-needed;-and-that-ather--offenders--shall--be--dealt with-by-probationy-suspended-sentencey-or-fine-whenever-such 10 disposition--appears--practicable-and-not-detrimental-to-the 11 12 needs-of-public-safety-and-the-welfare-of-the-individual the seriousness of the crime committed and in accordance with 13 14 his prior record. A person convicted of a crime may be dealt 15 with by fine, when provided for by law, or by deferred imposition or suspension of sentence if the age of the 16 17 person or the circumstances surrounding the crime warrant 18 such treatment as provided for in this chapter." 19 Section 2. Section 46-18-201, MCA, is amended to read: 20 #46-18-201. Sentences that may be imposed. 21 Whenever a person has been found guilty of an offense upon a verdict or a plea of quilty, the court may: 23 (a) defer imposition of sentence for persons A_PERSON consitting a first-offense FELONY OR MISDEMEANOR. SO LONG AS 24

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

HE HAS NOT COMMITTED A PRIOR FELONY, and who are IS eligible

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- under 46-18-222, excepting sentences for driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs, for a period not exceeding 1 year for any misdemeanor or for a period not exceeding 3 10 years for any felony. The sentencing judge may impose upon the defendant any reasonable restrictions or conditions period of the deferred imposition. Such during the reasonable restrictions or conditions may include:
- (i) jail base release:
 - (ii) jail time not exceeding 90 days;
- 10 (iii) conditions for probation;
- 11 (iv) restitution:

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- 12 (v) any other reasonable conditions considered 13 necessary for rehabilitation or for the protection of 14 society; or
- 15 (vi) any combination of the above;
 - (b) suspend execution of sentence for persons eligible under 46-18-222 up to the maximum sentence allowed for the particular offense. The sentencing judge may impose on the defendant any reasonable restrictions during the period of suspended sentence. Such reasonable restrictions may include any of those listed in subsections (1)(a)(i) through (1)(a)(vi).
 - (c) impose a fine as provided by law for the offense:
- 24 (d) commit the defendant to a correctional institution 25 with or without a fine as provided by law for the offense;

- 1 (e) impose any combination of subsections (1)(b), 2 (1)(c), and (1)(d).
- 3 (2) If any restrictions or conditions imposed under 4 subsection (1)(a) or (1)(b) are violated, any elapsed time. 5 except jail time, is not a credit against the sentence unless the court orders otherwise.
 - #37--Except-as-provided-in-46-18-222y-the-imposition-or execution-of-the-first-2-years-of-a-sentence-of-imprisonment imposed-under-the-following-sections-may-not-be-deferred--or suspended+----45-5-103+2++----45-5-202+2++----45-5-302+2++ 45-5-303{2}y-45-5-401{2}y-45-5-503{2}-and--{3}y--45-9-101{2} and-{3}y-45-9-102{3}y-and-45-9-103{2}w
 - f4}--Except-ms-provided-in-46-18-222y-the-imposition-or execution---of---the---first--10--years--of--a--sentence--of imprisonment-imposed-under-45-5-102(2)-may-not--be--deferred or-suspendeds*
- 17 NEW SECTION. Section 3. Mandatory sentences to be 18 imposed for felonies -- exceptions. Except as provided in 46-18-201, the court shall impose the mandatory sentence 19 20 provided by law for a felony offense unless the court finds 21 accordance with [section 5] that aggravating 22 circumstances are present or in accordance with [section 6] 23 that mitigating circumstances are present.
- 24 NEW_SECTION. Section 4. Hearing determine 25 exceptions to mandatory sentences. (1) Upon request of

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either the defendant or the prosecution, the court shall grant a hearing prior to the imposition of sentence to determine the existence of circumstances enumerated in [section 5 or 6].

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- (2) The hearing shall be held before the court sitting without a jury. The defendant and the prosecution are entitled to the assistance of counsel, compulsory process, and cross-examination of witnesses who appear at the hearing.
- (3) If it appears by a preponderance of the evidence submitted during the trial and during the sentencing hearing that none of the circumstances enumerated in [section 5 or 6] existed, the court shall impose the applicable mandatory sentence. If it appears by a preponderance of the evidence that one or more of the circumstances enumerated in [section 5 or 6] existed, the court shall impose the applicable sentence as provided in [section 5 or 6].
- (4) The court shall state the reasons for its decision in writing and shall include an identification of the facts relied upon in making its determination. The statement shall be included in the judgment.
- NEW_SECTION. Section 5. Aggravating circumstances for felonies -- increased penalties. (1) The court shall add to the mandatory sentence for a felony offense 25% of the mandatory sentence for each of the following aggravating

L	circumstances found by the court to have existed at the time
2	the offense was committed. KNOWN BY THE DEFENDANT TO EXIST.
3	AND CONSIDERED BY THE DEFENDANT IN THE CONMISSION OF THE

4 DEFENSE:

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- 5 (a) the victim was mentally defective or 6 incapacitated;
 - (b) the victim was physically helpless;
- 8 (c) The victim was less than 16 years old or 65 years 9 of age or older;
 - (d) there were multiple victims;
 - (e) the defendant threatened to inflict bodily injury upon any person or knowingly put any person in fear of immediate bodily injury;
- 14 (f) the defendant took advantage of his fiduciary
 15 relationship with the victim to commit the offense;
- 16 (g) the defendant used or involved minors in the 17 commission of the crime; or
 - (h) the defendant, prior to age 18, had committed an act that would have been a felony if committed by an adult.
- 20 (2) The court shall add to the mandatory sentence for 21 a felony offense 50% of the mandatory sentence for each of 22 the following aggravating circumstances found by the court 23 to have existed at the time the offense was committed:
- 24 (a) the defendant inflicted bodily injury upon
 25 another;

(b) the defendant received compensation for committing the offense;

- (c) the defendant, while engaged in the commission of the offense, knowingly displayed, brandished, or otherwise used a firearm, destructive device as defined in 45-8-332(1), or other dangerous weapon;
- (d) the defendant had previously been convicted of a felony.
 - (3) The court shall add to the mandatory sentence for a felony offense 100% of the mandatory sentence for each of the following aggravating circumstances found by the court to have existed at the time the offense was committed:
 - (a) the defendant is a person who had previously been convicted of an offense committed under 18 U·S·C· 924(c). AS AMENDED. on a different occasion than the present offense or who had previously been convicted of an offense in this or another state, committed on a different occasion than the present offense, during the commission of which he knowingly displayed, brandished, or otherwise used a firearm, destructive device as defined in 45-8-332(1), or other dangerous weapon.
 - (b) the defendant is a person who had previously been convicted of a second felony offense and who is presently being sentenced for a third or subsequent felony committed on a different occasion than any of his prior felonies.

- (4) For the purpose of this section, an offender is considered to have been previously convicted of a felony if:
- (a) the previous felony conviction was for an offense committed in this state or any other jurisdiction for which a sentence to a term of imprisonment in excess of 1 year could have been imposed; and
- (b) the offender has not been pardoned on the ground of innocence and the conviction has not been set aside in a postconviction hearing.
- (5) A circumstance that constitutes a lesser included offense of the present offense or a circumstance that constitutes a necessary element of the present offense may not be found to be an aggravating circumstance for purposes of this section.
 - NEW SECTION. Section 6. Mitigating circumstances for felonies reduced penalties. If appropriate for the offense, the court shall reduce the sentence for a felony offense by 10% for each of the following mitigating circumstances found to be present:
- 20 (1) The defendant, at the time of the commission of
 21 the offense for which he is to be sentenced, was acting
 22 under unusual and substantial duress. The duress need not
 23 be such that it would constitute a defense to the
 24 prosecution.
 - (2) The defendant was an accomplice, the conduct

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constituting the offense was principally the conduct of another, and the defendant's participation was relatively minor.

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- (3) No serious bodily injury was inflicted on the victim nor was a weapon used in the commission of the offense.
- (4) The defendant has fully compensated or can reasonably be expected to fully compensate the victim of his criminal conduct.
- (5) The defendant assisted law enforcement authoritiesin the performance of their duties.
 - Section 7. Section 46-18-222, MCA, is amended to read:

 #46-18-222. Exceptions-to-mandatory-minimum-sentences

 and---restrictions--on--deferred--imposition--and--suspended

 execution-of-sentence Eligibility for deferred or suspended

 sentence. All-mandatory-minimum-sentences-prescribed-by-the

 taws--of--this--state--and--the--restrictions--on---deferred

 imposition-and-suspended-execution-of-sentence-prescribed-by

 subsections--(3)--and--(4)--of--46-18-281y-46-18-221(3)y-and

 46-18-582(2)-do-not-opply-if A_person_is_eligible_for_a

 deferred_imposition_or_suspension_of_sentence_as_provided_in

 46-18-201_if:
 - (1) the defendant was less than 18 years of age at the time of the commission of the offense for which he is to be sentenced;

1 (2) the defendant's mental capacity, at the time of
2 the commission of the offense for which he is to be
3 sentenced, was significantly impaired, although not so
4 impaired as to constitute a defense to the prosecution;

- (3) the defendant, at the time of the commission of the offense for which he is to be sentenced, was acting under unusual and substantial duress, although not such duress as would constitute a defense to the prosecution;
- (4) the defendant was an accomplice, the conduct constituting the offense was principally the conduct of another, and the defendant's participation was relatively minor; or
- 13 (5) where applicable, no serious bodily injury was
 14 inflicted on the victim unless a weapon was used in the
 15 commission of the offense: OR
- 16 161 THE DEFENDANT HAS NOT BEEN UNDER THE SUPERVISION

 17 OF ANY STATE OR FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION OR COURT

 18 FOR A PERIOD OF 5 YEARS IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING COMMISSION OF

 19 THE PRESENT OFFENSE.**
 - Section 8. Section 46-18-223, MCA, is amended to read:

 "46-18-223. Hearing to determine application--of
 exceptions eligibility. (1) When the--application--of-an
 exception--provided--for---in eligibility for deferred
 imposition or suspension of sentence under 46-18-222 is an
 issue, upon request the court shall grant the defendant a

hearing prior	to	the	imposition	of	sentence	to	determine	the
applicability-of-the-exception such eligibility.								

- (2) The hearing shall be held before the court sitting without a jury. The defendant and the prosecution are entitled to assistance of counsel, compulsory process, and cross-examination of witnesses who appear at the hearing.
- (3) If it appears by a preponderance of the information submitted during the trialy and during the sentencing hearing, end-in-so-much of-the-presentence-report-as-the-court-relies-ony that none of the exceptions-at-issue provisions for eligibility apply, the court shall impose the appropriate applicable mandatory sentence with no deferred imposition or suspension thereof.
- (4) The court shall state the reasons for its decision in writing and shall include an identification of the facts relied upon in making its determination. The statement shall be included in the judgment.
- Section 9. Section 45-5-102, MCA, is amended to read:

 "45-5-102. Deliberate homicide. (1) Except as provided

 in 45-5-103(1), criminal homicide constitutes deliberate

 homicide if:
 - (a) it is committed purposely or knowingly; or
 - (b) it is committed while the offender is engaged in or is an accomplice in the commission of, an attempt to commit, or flight after committing or attempting to commit

robbery.	sexual	intercour	se without	consent,	arson
burglary,	kidnappii	ng, felonio	us escape, or	any other	felony
which in	volves t	ne use or	threat of	physical	force or
violence	against a	ny individu	al.		

- (2) A person convicted of the offense of deliberate homicide shall be punished by death or life imprisonment as provided in 46-18-301 through 46-18-310 or by imprisonment in the state prison for a term of not-less-than-18-years-or more-than-180 60 years-except-as-provided-in-46-18-222."
- Section 10. Section 45-5-103, MCA, is amended to read:

 #45-5-103. Mitigated deliberate homicide. (1) Criminal homicide constitutes mitigated deliberate homicide when a homicide which would otherwise be deliberate homicide is committed under the influence of extreme mental or emotional stress for which there is reasonable explanation or excuse. The reasonableness of such explanation or excuse shall be determined from the viewpoint of a reasonable person in the actor's situation.
- (2) A person convicted of mitigated deliberate homicide shall be imprisoned in the state prison for a term of not-less-than-2-years-or-more-than-40 30 years-except-as

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t2}--A--person-convicted-of-negligent-homicide-shall-be
imprisoned-in-the-state-prison-for-any-a term-not-to--exceed

10 of-20 years**

Section 11. Section 45-5-105, MCA, is amended to read:

"45-5-105. Aiding or soliciting suicide. (1) A person
who purposely aids or solicits another to commit suicide,
but such suicide does not occur, commits the offense of
aiding or soliciting suicide.

(2) A person convicted of the offense of aiding or soliciting a suicide shall be imprisoned in the state prison for any a term not-to-exceed of 10 years."

Section 12. Section 45-5-201, MCA, is amended to read:

#45-5-201. Assault. (1) A person commits the offense
of assault if he:

- (a) purposely or knowingly causes bodily injury to another;
- - (c) purposely or knowingly makes physical contact of an insulting or provoking nature with any individual; or
 - (d) purposely or knowingly causes reasonable apprehension of bodily injury in another. The purpose to cause reasonable apprehension or the knowledge that reasonable apprehension would be caused shall be presumed in

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any case in which a person knowingly points a firearm at or in the direction of another, whether or not the offender believes the firearm to be loaded.

- (2) Except as provided in subsection (3), a person convicted of assault shall be fined not to exceed \$500 or be imprisoned in the county jail for any term not to exceed 6 months, or both.
- (3) If the victim is less than 14 years old and the offender is 18 or more years old, the offender, upon conviction under subsection (1)(a), shall be imprisoned in the state prison for a term not-to-exceed-5 of 10 years.
- Section 13. Section 45-5-202, MCA, is amended to read:

 "45-5-202. Aggravated assault. (1) A person commits

 the offense of aggravated assault if he purposely or

 knowingly causes:
 - (a) serious bodily injury to another;
 - (b) bodily injury to another with a weapon;
- 18 (c) reasonable apprehension of serious bodily injury
 19 in another by use of a weapon; or
 - {d} bodily injury to a peace officer.
 - (2) A person convicted of aggravated assault shall be imprisoned in the state prison for a term of not-less-than-2 years-or-more-than 20 years-except-as-provided---in 46-18-222."
- 25 Section 14. Section 45-5-203, MCA, is amended to read:

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*45-5-203.	Intimidation.	(1)	A person	commits the
offense of inti	midation when,	with	the purpo	se to cause
another to perf	orm or to omit	the per	formance o	of any act, he
communicates t	o another a th	reat to	perform w	ithout lawful
authority any o	f the following	acts:		

- (a) inflict physical harm on the person threatened orany other person or on property;
 - (b) subject any person to physical confinement or restraint:
 - (c) commit any criminal offense;

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- (d) accuse any person of an offense:
- 12 (e) expose any person to hatred, contempt, or 13 ridicule: or
 - (f) take action as a public official against anyone or anything, withhold official action, or cause such action or withholding.
 - (2) A person commits the offense of intimidation if he knowingly communicates a threat or false report of a pending fire, explosion, or disaster which would endanger life or property.
 - (3) A person convicted of the offense of intimidation shall be imprisoned in the state prison for any a term not to-exceed-10 of 2 years.**
- 24 Section 15. Section 45-5-204, MCA, is amended to read: 25 "45-5-204. Mistreating prisoners. (1) A person commits

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the offense of mistreating prisoners if, being responsible
for the care or custody of a prisoner, he purposely or
knowingly:

- (a) assaults or otherwise injures a prisoner;
- (b) intimidates, threatens, endangers, or withholds reasonable necessities from the prisoner with the purpose to obtain a confession from him or for any other purpose; or
 - (c) violates any civil right of a prisoner.
- (2) A person convicted of the offense of mistreating prisoners shall be removed from office or employment and imprisoned in the state prison for a term not-to--exceed--18 of_2 years.**
- Section 16. Section 45-5-302, MCA, is amended to read:

 **M45-5-302. Kidnapping. (1) A person commits the

 offense of kidnapping if he knowingly or purposely and

 without lawful authority restrains another person by either

 secreting or holding him in a place of isolation or by using

 or threatening to use physical force.
- (2) A person convicted of the offense of kidnapping shall be imprisoned in the state prison for a term of not less-than-2-years-or-more-than-10 20 6 years--except--as provided-in-46-10-222.*
- 23 Section 17. Section 45-5-303, MCA, is amended to read:
 24 "45-5-303. Aggravated kidnapping. (1) A person commits
 25 the offense of aggravated kidnapping if he knowingly or

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purposely and without lawful authority restrains another person by either secreting or holding him in a place of isolation or by using or threatening to use physical force, with any of the following purposes:

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- 5 (a) to hold for ransom or reward or as a shield or 5 hostage:
- 7 (b) to facilitate commission of any felony or flight 8 thereafter;
- 9 {c} to inflict bodily injury on or to terrorize the 10 victim or another:
 - (d) to interfere with the performance of any governmental or political function; or
- (e) to hold another in a condition of involuntary
 servitude.
 - (2) Except as provided in 46-18-222, a person convicted of the offense of aggravated kidnapping shall be punished by death or life imprisonment as provided in 46-18-301 through 46-18-310 or be imprisoned in the state prison for a term of not-less-then-2-years-or-more-then-1884 years, unless he has voluntarily released the victim alive, in a safe place, and not suffering from serious bodily injury, in which event he shall be imprisoned in the state prison for a term of not-less-then-2-years-or-more then-18 6 years."
- 25 Section 18. Section 45-5-304, MCA, is amended to read:

#45-5-304. Custodial interference. (1) A person commits the offense of custodial interference if, knowing that he has no legal right to do so, he takes, entices, or withholds from lawful custody any child, incompetent person, or other person entrusted by authority of law to the custody of another person or institution.

- (2) A person convicted of the offense of custodial interference shall be imprisoned in the state prison for any a term not-to-exceed-10 of 5 years.
- 10 (3) A person who has not left the state does not
 11 commit an offense under this section if he voluntarily
 12 returns such person to lawful custody prior to arraignment.
 13 A person who has left the state does not commit an offense
 14 under this section if he voluntarily returns such person to
 15 lawful custody prior to arrest.
- - (a) inflicts bodily injury upon another;
- 20 (b) threatens to inflict bodily injury upon any person
 21 or purposely or knowingly puts any person in fear of
 22 immediate bodily injury; or
- 23 (c) commits or threatens immediately to commit any 24 felony other than theft.
- 25 (2) A person convicted of the offense of robbery shall

- be imprisoned in the state prison for a term of not-less than-2-years-or-more-than-40 20 yearsy-except-as-provided-in 46-10-222.
- (3) *In the course of committing a theft* as used in this section includes acts which occur in an attempt to commit or in the commission of theft or in flight after the attempt or commission.**
- Section 20. Section 45-5-502, MCA, is amended to read:

 "45-5-502. Sexual assault. (1) A person who knowingly
 subjects another not his spouse to any sexual contact
 without consent commits the offense of sexual assault.
- (2) A person convicted of sexual assault shall be fined not to exceed \$500 or be imprisoned in the county jail for any term not to exceed 6 months.
- (3) If the victim is less than 16 years old and the offender is 3 or more years older than the victim or if the offender inflicts bodily injury upon anyone in the course of committing sexual assault, he shall be imprisoned in the state prison for any a term not-to-exceed-20 of 10 years.
- (4) An act "in the course of committing sexual assault" shall include an attempt to commit the offense or flight after the attempt or commission.
- (5) Consent is ineffective under this section if the victim is less than 14 years old and the offender is 3 or more years older than the victim.

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1	Section 21. Section 45-5-503, MCA, is amended to read:
2	#45-5-503. Sexual intercourse without consent. (1) A
3	person who knowingly has sexual intercourse without consent
4	with a person of the opposite sex not his spouse commits the
5	offense of sexual intercourse without consent.

- (2) A person convicted of sexual intercourse without consent shall be imprisoned in the state prison for a term of not--less--thon-2-years-or-more-than 20 years-except-as provided-in-46-18-222.
- (3) If the victim is less than 16 years old and the offender is 3 or more years older than the victim or if the offender inflicts bodily injury upon anyone in the course of committing sexual intercourse without consent, he shall be imprisoned in the state prison for A ony term of not-less than-2-years-or-more-than-40 30 years-except-as-provided-in 16-10-222.
- (4) IF THE VICTIM'S LACK OF CONSENT IS BASED SOLELY

 UPON HIS INCAPACITY TO CONSENT BECAUSE HE WAS LESS THAN 16

 YEARS OF AGE. A PERSON CONVICTED OF SEXUAL INTERCOURSE

 WITHOUT CONSENT OF SUCH VICTIM SHALL BE IMPRISONED IN THE

 STATE PRISON FOR A TERM OF NOT LESS THAN 2 OR MORE THAN 20

 YEARS.
- 23 (4)(5) An act "in the course of committing sexual
 24 intercourse without consent" shall include an attempt to
 25 commit the offense or flight after the attempt or

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45)(6) No evidence concerning the sexual conduct of the victim is admissible in prosecutions under this section, except:

- 5 (a) evidence of the victim's past sexual conduct with 6 the offender:
 - (b) evidence of specific instances of the victim's sexual activity to show the origin of semen, pregnancy, or disease which is at issue in the prosecution under this section.
 - t6†(7) If the defendant proposes for any purpose to offer evidence described in subsection (5)(a) or (5)(b)+ the trial judge shall order a hearing out of the presence of the jury to determine whether the proposed evidence is admissible under subsection (5).
 - {77(8) Evidence of failure to make a timely complaint
 or immediate outcry does not raise any presumption as to the
 credibility of the victim.**
- Section 22. Section 45-5-505, MCA, is amended to read:

 #45-5-505. Deviate sexual conduct. (1) A person who knowingly engages in deviate sexual relations or who causes another to engage in deviate sexual relations commits the offense of deviate sexual conduct.
- (2) A person convicted of the offense of deviate sexual conduct shall be imprisoned in the state prison for

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1 any a term not-to-exceed-10 of 2 years.

- 2 (3) A person convicted of deviate sexual conduct
 3 without consent shall be imprisoned in the state prison for
 4 any a term not-to-exceed-20 of 10 years.
- Section 23. Section 45-5-603, MCA, is amended to read:

 "45-5-603. Aggravated promotion of prostitution. (1) A

 person commits the offense of aggravated promotion of

 prostitution if he purposely or knowingly commits any of the

 following acts:
- 10 (a) compels another to engage in or promote
 11 prostitution:
- (b) promotes prostitution of a child under the age of
 18 years, whether or not he is aware of the child's age;
- 14 (c) promotes the prostitution of one's spouse, child,
 15 ward, or any person for whose care, protection, or support
 16 he is responsible.
- 17 (2) A person convicted of aggravated promotion of
 18 prostitution shall be imprisoned in the state prison for eny
 19 a term not-to-exceed-20 of 10 years.**
- Section 24. Section 45-5-613, MCA, is amended to read:

 "45-5-613. Incest. (1) A person commits the offense of

 incest if he knowingly marries or cohabits or has sexual

 intercourse with an ancestor, a descendant, a brother or

 sister of the whole or half blood. The relationships

 referred to herein include blood relationships without

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1	regard	to	legitimacy	and	relationships	of	parent	and	child
2	by adop	tion	•						

- 3 (2) A person convicted of incest shall be imprisoned
 4 in the state prison for any a term not-te-exceed-10 of 2
 5 years.**
- 11 (2) A person commits the offense of aggravated
 12 nonsupport if:

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- (a) the offender has left the state to avoid the duty of support; or
- 15 (b) the offender has been previously convicted of the offense of nonsupport.
 - (3) A person convicted of nonsupport shall be fined not to exceed \$500 or be imprisoned in the county jail for any term not to exceed 6 months, or both. A person convicted of aggravated nonsupport shall be imprisoned in the state prison for any a term not-to-exceed-18 of.2 years.
 - (4) The court may order, in its discretion, any fine levied or any bond forfeited upon a charge of nonsupport paid to or for the benefit of any person that the defendant has failed to support.

1	Section 26.	Section	45-5-625+	MCA. F	s amende	d to	rea	d:
2	*45-5-625•	Sexual at	use of	childre	en. (1)	A ş	pers	or
3	commits the off	ense of	sexual	abuse	of chil	dren	if	he
4	knowingly:							

- (a) employs, uses, or permits the employment or use of a child in an exhibition of sexual contact, actual or simulated;
- (b) photographs, films, videotapes, or records a child engaging in sexual contact, actual or simulated;
- (c) persuades, entices, counsels, or procures a child to engage in sexual contact, actual or simulated, for use as designated in (1)(a), (1)(b), or (1)(d);
- (d) processes, develops, prints, publishes, transports, distributes, sells, possesses with intent to sell, exhibits, or advertises material consisting of or including a photograph, photographic negative, undeveloped film, videotape, or recording representing a child engaging in sexual contact, actual or simulated; or
- 19 (e) finances any of the activities described in 20 subsections (1)(a) through (1)(d) knowing that the activity 21 is of the nature described in those subsections.
 - (2) A person convicted of the offense of sexual abuse of children shall be fined not to exceed \$10,000 or be imprisoned in the state prison for eny a term not-to-exceed of 20 years, or both.

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1	(3) For the purposes of this section, "child" means
2	any person less than 16 years old•™
3	Section-20Section-45-6-101-MGAy-is-amended-to-reads
4	#45-6-101Eriminalmischief(1)A-person-commits
5	theoffenseoferiminalmischiefifheknowinglyo
6	purposely+
7	(a)injuresydomagesyordestroysanyproperty- of
8	another-or-public-property-without-consent;
9	tb}without-consent-tampers-with-propertyofanother
10	orpublicpropertysoastoendanger-or-interfere-with
11	persons-or-property-or-its-use;
12	(c)damages-or-destroys-property-with-thepurposeto
13	defraud-an-insurer;-or
14	{d}fsils-to-close-a-gate-previously-uno pened-which-he

t2;--A--person--convicted--of--the--offense-of-criminal mischief-shall-be-fined-not-to-exceed-\$500-or-be--imprisoned in--the--county-jail-for-sny-term-not-to-exceed-6-monthsy-or bothy-If--the--offender--commits--the--offense--of--criminal mischief--and--causes--pecuniary--loss--in--excess--of-\$150y injures-or-kills-a-commonly-domesticated-hoofed--animaly--or causes--a--substantial--interruption-or-impairment-of-public communicationy-transportationy--supply--of--watery--gasy--or powery--or--other-public-servicesy-he-shall-be-imprisoned-in

has-openedy-leading-in-or-out-of-any-enclosed-premisesy-This

does-not-apply-to-gates-located-in-cities-or-townsv

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2	years**
3	Section 27. Section 45-6-102, MCA, is amended to read:
4	"45-6-102. Negligent arson. (1) A person commits the
5	offense of negligent arson if he purposely or knowingly
6	starts a fire or causes an explosion, whether on his own
7	property or property of another, and thereby negligently:

the-state-prison-for-any-g term--not--to--exceed--10 of--4

- 8 (a) places another person in danger of death or bodily9 injury; or
 - (b) places property of another in danger of damage or destruction.
 - (2) A person convicted of the offense of negligent arson shall be fined not to exceed \$500 or be imprisoned in the county jail for any term not to exceed 6 months, or both. If the offender places another person in danger of death or bodily injury, he shall be imprisoned in the state prison for any a term not-to-exceed-10 of 5 years."
- Section 28. Section 45-6-103, MCA, is amended to read:

 #45-6-103. Arson. (1) A person commits the offense of

 arson when, by means of fire or explosives, he knowingly or

 purposely:
 - (a) damages or destroys an occupied structure which is property of another without consent; or
- 24 (b) places another person in danger of death or bodily 25 injury.

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(2) A person convicted of the offense of arson shall be imprisoned in the state prison for any a term not-to exceed-20 of 10 years.**

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- Section 29. Section 45-6-204, MCA, is amended to read:

 "45-6-204. Burglary. (1) A person commits the offense
 of burglary if he knowingly enters or remains unlawfully in
 an occupied structure with the purpose to commit an offense
 therein.
 - (2) A person commits the offense of aggravated burglary if he knowingly enters or remains unlawfully in an occupied structure with the purpose to commit a felony therein and:
 - (a) in effecting entry or in the course of committing the offense or in immediate flight thereafter, he or another participant in the offense is armed with explosives or a weapon; or
 - (b) in effecting entry or in the course of committing the offense or in immediate flight thereafter, he purposely, knowingly, or negligently inflicts or attempts to inflict bodily injury upon anyone.
 - (3) A person convicted of the offense of burglary shall be imprisoned in the state prison for env a term not to-exceed of 10 years. A person convicted of the offense of aggravated burglary shall be imprisoned in the state prison for env a term not-to-exceed-40 of 20 years."

SECTION 30. SECTION 45-9-101. MCA. IS AMENDED TO READ:
#45-9-101. Criminal sale of dangerous drugs. (1)
person commits the offense of criminal sale of dangerous
drugs if he sells, barters, exchanges, gives away, or offers
to sell, barter, exchange, or give away or manufactures,
prepares, cultivates, compounds, or processes any dangerous
drug. as defined in 50-32-101.

- (2) A person convicted of criminal sale of an opiate, as defined in 50-32-101(18), shall be imprisoned in the state prison for a term of not-less-than-2 10 years or-more than-life, except as provided in 46-18-222.
- (3) A person convicted of criminal sale of a dangerous drug included in Schedule I or Schedule II pursuant to 50-32-222 or 50-32-224. except mari juana or tetrahydrocannabinols, who has a prior conviction for criminal sale of such a drug shall be imprisoned in the state prison for a term of not-less-than-5.20 years or-more than-life, except as provided in 46-18-222. Upon a third or subsequent conviction for criminal sale of such a drug, he shall be imprisoned in the state prison for a term of not tess--thon-18 40 years or-more-thon-life, except as provided in 46-18-222. Whenever a conviction under this subsection is for criminal sale of such a drug to a minor or a person, who is mentally defective, the sentence shall be increased by 5 years and include the restriction that the defendant be

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- ineligible for parole and participation in the prisoner
 furlough program while serving his term. A sentence imposed
- 3 under this section may not be increased by the approvating

circumstances listed in subsections (1)(a) and (1)(c) of

5 [section 5]

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- (4) A person convicted of criminal sale of dangerous drugs not otherwise provided for in subsection (2) or (3) shall be imprisoned in the state prison for a term of not less than 1 year or more than life.
- (5) Practitioners and agents under their supervision acting in the course of a professional practice, as defined by 50-32-101, are exempt from this section.
- SECTION 31. SECTION 45-9-103. MCA: IS AMENDED TO READ:

 "45-9-103. Criminal possession with intent to sell.

 (1) A person commits the offense of criminal possession with intent to sell if he possesses with intent to sell any dangerous drug as defined in 50-32-101. No person commits the offense of criminal possession with intent to sell
- 20 (2) A person convicted of criminal possession of an opiate, as defined in 50-32-101(18), with intent to sell shall be imprisoned in the state prison for a term of not less-than-2-years-or--more--than--20 2 years, except as

marijuana unless he possesses 1 kilogram or more.

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- 24 provided in 46-18-222.
 - (3) A person convicted of criminal possession with

- intent to sell not otherwise provided for in subsection (2)
- 2 shall be imprisoned in the state prison for a term of not
- 3 more-than-20 5 years.
- 4 (4) Practitioners and agents under their supervision
 5 acting in the course of a professional practice as defined
- 6 by 50-32-101 are exempt from this section.
- 7 Section 32. Codification. Sections 3 through 6 are
 - intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 46,
- 9 chapter 18, and the provisions contained in Title 46,
- 10 chapter 18, apply to sections 3 through 6.
- 11 Section 33. Repealer. Sections 46-18-111 through
- 12 46-18-113, 46-18-221, and 46-18-501 through 46-18-503, MCA,
- 13 are repealed.
- 14 SECTION 34. EFFECTIVE DATE. THIS ACT IS EFFECTIVE

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15 JANUARY 1 . 1982 .

-End-