SENATE BILL 440

IN THE SENATE

February 10, 1979

Introduced and referred to Committee on Fish and Game.

April 20, 1979

Died in Committee.

1 Aust BILL NO. 440
2 INTRODUCED BY Manly

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A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO INCREASE THE RESIDENCE REQUIREMENT FOR RESIDENT FISHING AND HUNTING LICENSES FROM 30 DAYS TO 6 MONTHS FOR MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES STATIONED IN MONTANA; AMENDING SECTION 87-2-102.

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 87-2-102. MCA: is amended to read:

#87-2-102. Resident defined. In determining a resident
for the purpose of issuing resident fishing and hunting
licenses, the following provisions shall apply:

- (1) Members of the armed forces of the United States or members of the armed forces of foreign governments attached to the armed forces of the United States who are assigned to duty in Montana and members of their immediate families after a period of 30-days 6 months within Montana, upon presenting assignment orders emanating from the proper unit commander, shall be considered residents for the purpose of this chapter. The 30-day 6-month residence requirement is waived in time of war.
- (2) Any person who has been a resident of the state of Montana, as defined in 1-1-215, for a period of 6 months

immediately prior to making application for said license shall be eligible to receive a resident hunting or fishing

3 license.

4 (3) Any enrollee of a job corps camp located within
5 the state of Montana shall, after a period of 30 days within
6 Montana, be considered a resident for the purpose of making
7 application for a fishing license as long as he remains an
8 enrollee in a Montana camp.**

-End-

SE 440 INTRODUCED BILL