CHAPTER NO. 547

SENATE BILL NO. 393

INTRODUCED BY TOWE

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IN THE SENATE

February 6, 1979	Introduced and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
February 19, 1979	Committee recommend bill do pass as amended. Report adopted.
February 20, 1979	Printed and placed on members' desks.
February 21, 1979	Second reading, do pass.
February 22, 1979	Considered correctly engrossed.
February 23, 1979	Third reading, passed. Transmitted to second house.
	IN THE HOUSE
February 27, 1979	Introduced and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
March 24, 1979	Committee recommend bill be concurred in as amended. Report adopted.
March 26, 1979	Second reading, concurred in.
March 27, 1979	Third reading, concurred in as amended.
	IN THE SENATE
March 28, 1979	Returned from second house. Concurred in as amended.
March 30, 1979	Second reading, amendments adopted.

March 31, 1979

Third reading, amendments adopted. Sent to enrolling.

Reported correctly enrolled.

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frate BILL NO. 393 1 2 INTRODUCED BY 3 A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO GENERALLY REVISE THE 4 LAWS RELATING TO THE TREATMENT OF THE MENTALLY ILL: AMENDING 5 SECTIONS 53-21-102. 53-21-103. 53-21-111. 53-21-112. 6 53-21-115. 53-21-119+ 53-21-120, 53-21-126 THROUGH 7 53-21-128, 53-21-141, 53-21-165, AND 53-21-188, MCA." 8 9 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA: 10 Section 1. Section 53-21-102, MCA, is amended to read: 11 *53-21-102. Definitions. As used in this part, the 12 13 following definitions apply: (1) "Board" or "mental disabilities board of visitors" 14 15 means the mental disabilities board of visitors created by 16 2-15-211. (2) "Court" means any district court of the state of 17 18 Montana. (3) "Department" means the department of institutions 19 20 provided for in Title 2, chapter 15, part 23. 21 (4) "Emergency situation" means a situation in which any person is in imminent danger of death or serious bodily 22 harm from the activity of a person who appears to be 23 24 seriously mentally ill. 25 (5) "Mental disorder" means any organic, mental, or

emotional impairment which has substantial adverse effects
 on an individual's cognitive or volitional functions.

(6) "Mental health facility" or "facility" means a 3 public hospital or a licensed private hospital which is 4 equipped and staffed to provide treatment for persons with 5 mental disorders or a community mental health center or any 6 mental health clinic or treatment center approved by the 7 department. No correctional institution or facility or jail is a mental health facility within the meaning of this part. 9 10 (7) "Next of kin" shall include but need not be 11 limited to the spouse, parents, adult children, and adult 12 brothers and sisters of a person.

13 (8) "Patient" means a person committed by the court
14 for treatment for any period of time or who is voluntarily
15 admitted for treatment for any period of time.

16 (9) "Peace officer" means any sheriff, deputy sheriff,

17 marshal, policeman, or other peace officer.

18 (10) "Professional person" means:

19 (a) a medical doctor; or

20 (b) a person trained in the field of mental health and 21 certified by the department in accordance with standards of 22 professional licensing boards, federal regulations, and the 23 joint commission on accreditation of hospitals.

24 (11) "Reasonable medical certainty" means reasonable
25 certainty as judged by the standards of a professional

1 person.

2 (12) "Respondent" means a person alleged in a petition 3 filed pursuant to this part to be seriously mentally ill. 4 (13) "Responsible-person Friend_of_respondent" means 5 any person willing and able to assume-responsibility-for assist a seriously mentally ill person or person alleged to 6 7 seriously mentally illy in dealing with legal he A proceedings, including consultation with legal course) and 9 others. The friend of respondent may be the including next 10 of kine the person's conservator or legal quardiane if anye 11 representatives of a charitable or religious organizations 12 or any other person appointed by the court to perform the 13 functions of a responsible-person friend of respondent set 14 out in this part. Only one person may at any one time be the 15 responsible-person friend of respondent within the meaning 16 of this part. In appointing a responsible-person friend of 17 respondent, the court shall consider the preference of the respondent. The court may at any time, for good cause shown, 18 19 change its designation of the responsible-person friend of 20 respondent.

(14) "Seriously mentally ill" means suffering from a
mental disorder which has resulted in self-inflicted injury
or injury to others or the imminent threat thereof or which
has deprived the person afflicted of the ability to protect
his life or health. <u>For this purposes injury means physical</u>

1 injury or severe psychological injury. No person may be 2 involuntarily committed to a mental health facility or 3 detained for evaluation and treatment because he is an 4 epileptic, mentally deficient, mentally retarded, senile, or 5 suffering from a mental disorder unless the condition causes 6 him to be seriously mentally ill within the meaning of this 7 part.

8 (15) "State hospital" means the Warm Springs state
9 hospital."

Section 2. Section 53-21-103. NCA. is amended to read: 10 *53-21-103. Court records to be kept separate. Records 11 12 and papers in proceedings under this part shall be maintained separately by the clerks of the several courts. 13 14 Five days prior to the release of a respondent or patient 15 committed to a mental health facility, the facility shall notify the clerk of the court, and the clerk shall 16 17 immediately seal the record in the case and omit the name of 18 the respondent or patient from the index or indexes of case 19 in the court unless the court orders the record opened for 20 good cause shown."

21 Section 3. Section 53-21-111, MCA, is amended to read: 22 "53-21-111. Voluntary admission. (1) Nothing in this 23 part may be construed in any way as limiting the right of 24 any person to make voluntary application for admission at 25 any time to any mental health facility or professional

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person. An application for admission to a mental health 1 facility shall be in writing on a form prescribed by the 2 3 facility and approved by the department. It is not valid unless it is approved by a professional person and a copy is 4 5 given to the person voluntarily admitting himself. The-form shall--contain--a A statement of the rights of the person 6 7 voluntarily applying for admission, as set out in this part, including the right to release shall be furnished to the 8 9 patient_within_12_hours.

(2) Any applicant who wishes to voluntarily apply for 10 11 admission to the state hospital shall first obtain 12 certification from a professional person that the applicant is suffering from a mental disorder and that the facilities 13 available to the mental health region in which the applicant 14 resides are unable to provide adequate evaluation and 15 16 treatment, except such certification is not necessary if the 17 applicant obtains certification from the regional mental 18 health director of his mental health region that the 19 applicant is financially unable to receive evaluation and treatment from the facilities available to the mental health 20 21 region.

(3) An application for voluntary admission shall give
the facility the right to detain the applicant for no more
than 5 days, excluding weekends and holidays, past his
written request for release. <u>A mental health facility may</u>

adopt_rules_providing_for_detention_of_the_applicant_for
 less_than 5_days. The_facility_must_notify_all_applicants_of
 such_rules_and_post_such_rules_as_provided_in_53-21-168.

4 (4) Any person voluntarily entering or remaining in 5 any mental health facility shall enjoy all the rights 6 secured to a person involuntarily committed to the 7 facility."

а Section 4. Section 53-21-112, MCA, is amended to read: 9 #53-21-112. Voluntary admission of minors. (1) 10 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a minor who is 16 years of age or older may consent to receive mental 11 12 health services to be rendered by a facility or a person 13 licensed to practice medicine or psychology in this state. 14 (2) Except as provided by this subsection. voluntary 15 admission of a minor to a mental health facility for an 16 inpatient course of treatment shall be for the same period 17 of time as that for an adult. A minor voluntarily admitted 18 shall have the right to be released within 5 days of his 19 request as provided in 53-21-111(3). The minor himself may make such request. Unless there has been a periodic review 20 21 and a voluntary readmission consented to by the minor 22 patient and his counsel, voluntary admission terminates at the expiration of 1 year. Counsel shall be appointed for the 23 24 minor at the minor's request or at any time he is faced with 25 potential legal proceedings.

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1 (3) If, in any voluntary admission for any period of 2 time to a mental health facility, a minor fails to join in 3 the consent of his parents or quardian to the voluntary admission, then the admission shall be treated as an 4 involuntary commitment. Notice of the substance of this 5 subsection and of the right to counsel shall be set forth in 6 conspicuous type in a conspicuous location on any form or 7 8 application used for the voluntary admission of a minor to a 9 mental health facility. The notice shall be explained to the minor by---the---professional----person----approving----the 10 application.* 11

12 Section 5. Section 53-21-115. MCA, is amended to read: 13 "53-21-115. Procedural rights. In addition to any 14 other rights which may be guaranteed by the constitution of 15 the United States and of this state, by the laws of this 16 state, or by this part, any person who is involuntarily 17 detained or against whom a petition is filed pursuant to 18 this part has the following rights:

19 (1) the right to notice reasonably in advance of any
20 hearing or other court proceeding concerning him;

(2) the right in any hearing to be present, to offer
 evidence, and to present witnesses in any proceeding
 concerning him;

24 (3) the right in any hearing to cross-examine 25 witnesses;

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1	(4) the right to be represented by counsel;			
2	(5) the right to remain silent;			
3	(6) the right in any hearing to be proceeded against			
4	according to the rules of evidence applicable to civil			
5	matters generally;			
6	(7) the right to view and copy all petitions on file			
7	with the court concerning him;			
8	(8) the right to be examined by a professional person			
9	of his choice when such professional person is willing_and			
10	reasonably available;			
11	(9) the right to be dressed in his own clothes at any			
12	hearing held pursuant to this part; and			
13	(10) the right to refuse any but lifesaving medication			
14	for up to 24 hours prior to any hearing held pursuant to			
15	this part."			
16	Section 6. Section 53~21-119. NCA. is amended to read:			
17	#53-21-119. Waiver of rights. (1) A person may waive			
18	his rights, or his if the person is not capable of making a			
19	intentional and knowing decision. these rights may be waived			
20	by his counsel and responsible person acting together if a			
21	record is made of the reasons for the waiver. The right to			
22	counsel may not be waived. The right to treatment provided			
23	for in this part may not be waived.			
24	(2) The right of the respondent to be physically			

25 present at a hearing may also be waived by his attorney and

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the responsible person with the concurrence of the
 professional person and the judge upon a finding supported
 by facts that:

4 (a) the presence of the respondent at the hearing 5 would be likely to seriously adversely affect his mental 6 condition; and

7 (b) an alternative location for the hearing in 8 surroundings familiar to the respondent would not prevent 9 such adverse effects on his mental condition.

10 (3) (a) In the case of a minor, provided that a record 11 is made of the reasons for the walver, his rights may be 12 waived by the mutual consent of his counsel and parents or 13 guardian or guardian ad litem if there are no parents or 14 guardian.

(b) If there is an apparent conflict of interest
between a minor and his parents or guardian, the court shall
appoint a guardian ad litem for him."

Section 7. Section 53-21-120, MCA, is amended to read: 18 19 "53-21-120. Detention to be in Teast restrictive environment -- preference for mental health facility ---20 court relief. (1) A person detained pursuant to this part 21 22 shall be detained in the least restrictive environment 23 required to protect the life and physical safety of the 24 person detained or members of the public: in this respect. 25 prevention of significant injury to property may be

1 considered.

z (2) Whenever possible, a person detained pursuant to this part shall be detained in a mental health facility and 3 in the county of residence. If the person detained demands 4 a jury trial and trial cannot be held within 7 days, the 5 individual may be sent to the state hoosital until time of 7 trial if arrangements can be made to return him to trial. No person may be detained in any hospital or other medical facility which is not a mental health facility unless such 9 hospital or facility has agreed in writing to admit the 10 person. 11

12 (3) A person may be detained in a jail or other 13 correctional facility only if no mental health facility is 14 available or if the available mental health facilities are 15 inadequate to protect the person detained and the public. As soon as a mental health facility becomes available or the 16 17 situation has changed sufficiently that an available mental 18 health facility is adequate for the protection of the person detained and the public, then the detained person shall be 19 20 transferred from the jail or correctional facility to the 21 mental health facility.

(4) A person detained prior to involuntary commitment
may apply to the court for immediate relief with respect to
the need for detention or the adequacy of the facility being
utilized to detain."

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1 Section 8. Section 53-21-126. MCA. is amended to read: 2 *53-21-126. Trial or hearing on petition. (1) The 3 respondent shall be present unless his presence has been waived as provided in 53-21-119(2), and he shall be 4 5 represented by counsel at all stages of the trial. The trial 6 shall be limited to the determination of whether or not the 7 respondent is seriously wentally ill within the meaning set 8 forth in this part.

9 (2) The standard of proof in any hearing held pursuant 10 to this section is proof beyond a reasonable doubt with respect to any physical facts or evidence and clear and 11 12 convincing evidence as to all other matters, except that 13 mental disorders shall be evidenced to a reasonable medical 14 certainty. Imminent threat of self-inflicted injury or 15 injury to others shall be evidenced by overt acts. 16 sufficiently recent in time as to be material and relevant 17 as to the respondent's present condition.

18 (3) The professional person appointed by the court 19 shall be present for the trial and subject to 20 cross-examination. The trial shall be governed by the Montana Rules of Civil Procedure except that, if tried by a 21 jury, at least two-thirds of the jurors must concur on a 22 23 finding that the patient respondent is seriously montally 24 ill. The written report of the professional person that 25 indicates the professional person's diagnosis may be

1 attached to the patitions but any matter otherwise inadmissible, such as hearsay matter, is not admissible 2 а perely because it is contained in the report. The court may order the trial closed to the public for the protection of 4 5 the respondent. . (4) The professional person may testify as to the 7 ultimate issue of whether the respondent is seriously 8 mentally ille This testimony is insufficient unless accompanied by evidence from the professional person or 9 10 others_that: 11 (a) the respondent is suffering from a mental 12 disorder: and 13 ibl the mental disorder has resulted in self-inflicted 14 injury or injury to others or the imminent threat thereof or 15 has deprived the person afflicted of the ability to protect 16 his life or health. 17 (4)(5) The court, upon the showing of good cause and 18 when it is in the best interests of the respondent, may 19 order a change of venue." 20 Section 9. Section 53-21-127, MCA, is amended to read: 21 *53-21-127. Posttrial disposition. (1) If, upon trial, 22 it is determined that the patient respondent is not 23 seriously mentally ill within the meaning of this part, he Z4 shall be discharged and the petition dismissed. 25 (2) (a) If it is determined that the respondent is

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1 seriously mentally ill within the meaning of this part, the court shall hold a posttrial disposition hearing. The 2 disposition hearing shall be held within 5 days (including 3 Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays unless the fifth day falls 4 on a Saturday, Sunday, or holiday), during which time the 5 court may order further evaluation and treatment of the 6 respondent. At the conclusion of the disposition hearing. 7 8 the court shall:

9 (i) commit the respondent to a facility for a period
10 of not more than 3 months;

(ii) order the respondent to be placed in the care and
 custody of his relative or guardian or some other
 appropriate place other than an institution;

14 (iii) order outpatient therapy; or

15 (iv) make some other appropriate order for treatment.
16 (b) No treatment ordered pursuant to this subsection
17 may affect the respondent's custody for a period of more
18 than 3 months.

19 (c) In determining which of the above alternatives to 20 order, the court shall choose the least restrictive 21 alternatives necessary to protect the respondent and the 22 public and to permit effective treatment. The court shall 23 consider and shall describe in its order what alternatives 24 for treatment of the respondent are available, what 25 alternatives were investigated, and why the investigated alternatives were not deemed suitable. The court shall enter into the record a detailed statement of the facts upon which it found the respondent to be seriously mentally ill."

Section 10. Section 53-21-128. MCA. is amended to 5 read:

#53-21-128. Petition for extension of commitment 6 period. (1) (a) Not less than 2 calendar weeks prior to the 7 end of the 3-month period of detention provided for in 8 53-21-127(2), the professional person in charge of the 0 patient at the place of detention may petition the court for 10 11 extension of the detention period. The petition shall be 12 accompanied by a written report and evaluation of the 13 patient's mental and physical condition. The report shall describe any tests and evaluation devices which have been 14 15 employed in evaluating the patient, the course of treatment 16 which has been undertaken for the patient, and the future 17 course of treatment anticipated by the professional person. 18 (b) Upon the filing of the petition, the court shall 19 give written notice of the filing of the petition to the 20 patient, his next of kin, if reasonably available, the responsible person appointed by the court, and the patient's 21 counsel. If any person so notified requests a hearing prior 22 23 to the termination of the previous detention authority, the 24 court shall immediately set a time and place for a hearing on a date not more than 10 days from the receipt of the 25

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request and notify the same people; including the
 professional person in charge of the patient. If a hearing
 is not requested; the court shall enter an order of
 commitment for a period not to exceed 6 months.

5 (c) Procedure on the petition for extension when a 6 hearing has been requested shall be the same in all respects 7 as the procedure on the petition for the original 3-month 8 commitment except the patient is not entitled to trial by 9 jury. The hearing shall be held in the district court 10 having jurisdiction over the facility in which the patient 11 is detained unless otherwise ordered by the court. Court 12 costs and witness feets if anys shall be paid by the county that paid the same costs in the initial commitment 13 14 proceedings.

15 (d) If upon the hearing the court finds the patient not seriously mentally ill within the meaning of this part, 16 he shall be discharged and the petition dismissed. If the 17 court finds that the patient continues to suffer from 18 19 serious mental illness, the court shall order commitment. 20 custody in relatives, outpatient therapy, or other order as set forth in \$3-21-127(2) except that no order may affect 21 22 his custody for more than 6 months. In its order, the court shall describe what alternatives for treatment of the 23 patient are available, what alternatives were investigated, 24 25 and why the investigated alternatives were not deemed suitable. The court shall not order continuation of an alternative which does not include a comprehensive. individualized plan of treatment for the patient. A court order for the continuation of an alternative shall include a specific finding that a comprehensive. individualized plan of treatment exists.

7 (2) Further extensions may be obtained under the same 8 procedure described in subsection (1) of this section except 9 that the patient's custody may not be affected for more than 10 1 year without a renewal of the commitment under the 11 procedures set forth in subsection (1) of this section. 12 including a statement of the findings required by subsection 13 (1)-*

14 Section 11. Section 53-21-141, MCA, is amended to 15 read:

*53-21-141. Civil and legal rights of 16 person committed. (1) Unless specifically stated in an order by the 17 court, a person involuntarily committed to a facility for a 18 19 period of evaluation or treatment does not forfeit any legal right or suffer any legal disability by reason of the 20 21 provisions of this part except insofar as it may be necessary to detain the person for treatment, evaluation, or 22 23 care. All communication between an alleged mentally ill 24 person_ and a professional person is privileged_under_normal 25 privileged communication rules unless it is clearly

1 <u>explained to the person in advance that the purpose of an</u> 2 interview is for evaluation and not treatmente

(2) Whenever a person is committed to a mental health 3 4 facility for a period of 3 months or longer, the court 5 ordering the commitment may make an order stating specifically any legal rights which are denied the 6 respondent and any legal disabilities which are imposed on 7 him. As part of its order, the court may appoint a person 8 9 to act as conservator of the respondent's property. Any 10 conservatorship created pursuant to this section terminates 11 upon the conclusion of the involuntary commitment if not 12 sooner terminated by the court. A conservatorship or quardianship extending beyond the period of involuntary 13 14 commitment may not be created except according to the 15 procedures set forth under Montana law for the appointment 16 of conservators and quardians generally.

17 (3) A person who has been committed to a mental health 13 facility pursuant to this part is automatically restored 19 upon the termination of the commitment to all of his civil 20 and legal rights which may have been lost when he was 21 committed. This subsection does not affect, however, a 22 guardianship or conservatorship created independently of the 23 commitment proceedings according to the provisions of 24 Montana law relating to the appointment of conservators and 25 guardians generally. A person who leaves a mental health facility following a period of evaluation and treatment
 shall be given a written statement setting forth the
 substance of this subsection.

4 (4) A person committed to a mental health facility 5 prior to July 1. 1975. enjoys all the rights and privileges 6 of a person committed after that date."

7 Section 12. Section 53-21-165. MCA. is amended to 8 read:

*53-21-165. Records to be maintained. Complete patient 9 10 records shall be kept by the mental health facility and 11 shall be available to any person authorized in-writing by 12 the patient in writing to receive these records and upon 13 approval of the authorization by the board. The records shall also be made available to any attorney charged with 14 15 representing the patient or any professional person charged with evaluating or treating the patient. These records shall 16 17 include:

18 (1) identification data, including the patient's legal 19 status;

20 (2) a patient history, including but not limited to:
21 (a) family data, educational background, and
22 employment record;

(b) prior medical history. both physical and mental.
including prior hospitalization;

25 (3) the chief complaints of the patient and the chief

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1 complaints of others regarding the patient; 2 (4) an evaluation which notes the onset of illness. 3 the circumstances leading to admission, attitudes, behavior, . estimate of intellectual functioning, memory functioning, 5 orientation, and an inventory of the patient's assets in 6 descriptive rather than interpretative fashion; 7 (5) a summary of each physical examination which 8 describes the results of the examination; 9 (6) a copy of the individual treatment plan and any modifications thereto; 10 11 (7) a detailed summary of the findings made by the 12 reviewing professional person after each periodic review of 13 the treatment plan which analyzes the successes and failures 14 of the treatment program and directs whatever modifications 15 are necessary: (8) a copy of the individualized after-care plan and 16 17 any modifications thereto and a summary of the steps that have been taken to implement that plan; 18 19 (9) a medication history and status which includes the 20 signed orders of the prescribing physician. The staff person 21 administering the medication shall indicate by signature 22 that orders have been carried out.

(10) a detailed summary of each significant contact bya professional person with the patient;

25 (11) a detailed summary on at least a weekly basis, by

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a professional person involved in the patient's treatment. 1 of the patient's progress along the treatment plan; 2 (12) a weekly summary of the extent and nature of the а. patient's work activities and the effect of such activity 4 upon the patient's progress along the treatment plan; 5 6 (13) a signed order by a professional person for any 7 restrictions on visitations and communications; 8 (14) a signed order by a professional person for any 9 physical restraints and isolation; (15) a detailed summary of any extraordinary incident 10 in the facility involving the patient, to be entered by a 11 12 staff member noting that he has personal knowledge of the incident or specifying his other source of information and 13 initialed within 24 hours by a professional person; and 14 15 (16) a summary by the professional person in charge of 16 the facility or his appointed agent of his findings after 17 the 30-day review provided for in 53-21-163.* Section 13. Section 53-21-188. MCA, is amended to 18 19 read: 20 #53-21-188. Maintenance of indigent patients on 21 discharge. Prior to the discharge of a committed patient from a mental health facility, the professional person in 22 23 charge of the facility shall notify the welfare department of the county from which the patient was committed. The 24

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county welfare department shall at once ascertain whether

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the discharged patient is in financial need. If the patient is found to be in financial need, the county welfare department shall properly care for and maintain the discharged patient under the laws of this state relating to public assistance until the patient is able to care for himself or until another provision has been made for care of the patient."

8 Section 14. Instructions to the code commissioner. All 9 references to "responsible person" in Title 53, chapter 21, 10 shall be changed to "friend of respondent" by the code 11 commissioner.

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1 SENATE BILL NO. 393 1 emotional impairment which has substantial adverse effects 2 INTRODUCED BY TOWE on an individual's cognitive or volitional functions. 2 3 (6) "Mental health facility" or "facility" means a з A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO GENERALLY REVISE THE public hospital or a licensed private hospital which is 4 4 LAWS RELATING TO THE TREATMENT OF THE MENTALLY ILL; AMENDING equipped and staffed to provide treatment for persons with 5 5 SECTIONS 53-21-102, 53-21-103, 53-21-111, 53-21-112, mental disorders or a community mental health center or any 6 6 53-21-115+ 53-21-119+ 53-21-120+ 53-21-126 THROUGH 7 mental health clinic or treatment center approved by the 7 53-21-128, 53-21-141, 53-21-165, AND 53-21-188, MCA." 8 department. No correctional institution or facility or jail a 9 9 is a mental health facility within the meaning of this part. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA: (7) "Next of kin" shall include but need not be 10 10 11 Section 1. Section 53-21-102. MCA. is amended to read: 11 limited to the spouse, parents, adult children, and adult #53-21-102. Definitions. As used in this part, the 12 brothers and sisters of a person. 12 13 following definitions apply: 13 (8) "Patient" means a person committed by the court for treatment for any period of time or who is voluntarily 14 (1) "Board" or "mental disabilities board of visitors" 14 means the mental disabilities board of visitors created by 15 admitted for treatment for any period of time. 15 (9) "Peace officer" means any sheriff, deputy sheriff, 2-15-211. 16 16 (2) "Court" means any district court of the state of 17 marshal, policeman, or other peace officer. 17 (10) "Professional person" means: Montana. 18 10 19 (a) a medical doctor; or 19 (3) "Department" means the department of institutions provided for in Title 2, chapter 15, part 23. 20 20 (b) a person trained in the field of mental health and 21 (4) "Emergency situation" means a situation in which 21 certified by the department in accordance with standards of 22 any person is in imminent danger of death or serious bodily 22 professional licensing boards, federal regulations, and the 23 harm from the activity of a person who appears to be 23 joint commission on accreditation of hospitals. 24 seriously mentally ill. (11) #Reasonable medical certaintym means reasonable 24 25 (5) "Mental disorder" means any organic, mental, or 25 certainty as judged by the standards of a professional -2-58 393

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1 person. 2 (12) "Respondent" means a person alleged in a petition 3 filed pursuant to this part to be seriously mentally ill. 4 (13) "Responsible-person Friend_of_respondent" means 5 any person willing and able to assume-responsibility-for assist a seriously mentally ill person or person alleged to 6 7 seriously mentally illy in dealing with legal be 8 proceedings, including consultation with legal coursel, and 9 otherse. The friend of respondent may be the including next of kine the person's conservator or legal guardiane if anye 10 11 representatives of a charitable or religious organization. or any other person appointed by the court to perform the 12 13 functions of a responsible-person friend of respondent set 14 out in this part. Only one person may at any one time be the 15 responsible-person friend of respondent within the meaning 16 of this part. In appointing a responsible-person friend of 17 respondent, the court shall consider the preference of the 18 respondent. The court may at any time, for good cause shown, 19 change its designation of the responsible-person friend of 20 respondent.

21 {14} "Seriously mentally ill" means suffering from a 22 mental disorder which has resulted in solf-inflicted injury 23 or injury to others or the imminent threat thereof or which 24 has deprived the person afflicted of the ability to protect 25 his life or health. For this purposes injury means obysical

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8 (15) "State hospital" means the Warm Springs state 9 hospital."

10 Section 2. Section 53-21-103. MCA. is amended to read: ***53-21-103.** Court records to be kept separate. Records 11 and papers in proceedings under this part shall be 12 13 maintained separately by the clerks of the several courts. Five days prior to the release of a respondent or patient 14 committed to a mental health facility, the facility shall 15 notify the clerk of the court, and the clerk shall 16 17 immediately seal the record in the case and omit the name of 18 the respondent or patient from the index or indexes of cases 19 in the court unless the court orders the record opened for oood cause shown." 20

21 Section 3. Section 53-21-111, MCA, is amended to read: 22 **53-21-111. Voluntary admission. (1) Nothing in this 23 part may be construed in any way as limiting the right of 24 any person to make voluntary application for admission at 25 any time to any mental health facility or professional

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person. An application for admission to a mental health 1 2 facility shall be in writing on a form prescribed by the facility and approved by the department. It is not valid 3 unless it is approved by a professional person and a copy is 4 given to the person voluntarily admitting himself. The-form 5 5 shall--contain--a A statement of the rights of the person 7 voluntarily applying for admission, as set out in this part, я including the right to release shall be furnished to the 9 patient_within_12_hours.

(2) Any applicant who wishes to voluntarily apply for 10 11 admission to the state hospital shall first obtain 12 certification from a professional person that the applicant 13 is suffering from a mental disorder and that the facilities 14 available to the mental health region in which the applicant 15 resides are unable to provide adequate evaluation and 16 treatmenty-except-such-certification-is-not-necessory-if-the 17 spoticant-obtains-certification--from-the--regional--mental 18 health--director--of--his--mental--health--region--that--the 19 applicant_is_financially_unable_to__receive__evaluation__and 20 treatment-from-the-facilities-available-to-the-mental-health 21 cegion.

(3) An application for voluntary admission shall give
the facility the right to detain the applicant for no more
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written request for release. <u>A mental health_facility_may</u>

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adopt_rules_providing_for_detention_of_the_applicant_for less_than 5_days. The facility_must_notify_all_applicants_of such_rules_and_post_such_rules_as_provided_in_53-2)-168. (4) Any person voluntarily entering_or_remaining_in

5 any mental health facility shall enjoy all the rights 6 secured to a person involuntarily committed to the 7 facility."

8 Section 4. Section 53-21-112, MCA, is amended to read: 9 #53-21-112. Voluntary admission of minors. (1) 10 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a minor who is 11 16 years of age or older may consent to receive mental 12 health services to be rendered by a facility or a person 13 licensed to practice medicine or psychology in this state. 14 (2) Except as provided by this subsection, voluntary 15 admission of a minor to a mental health facility for an 16 inpatient course of treatment shall be for the same period 17 of time as that for an adult. A minor voluntarily admitted 18 shall have the right to be released within 5 days of his 19 request as provided in \$3-21-111(3). The minor himself may 20 make such request. Unless there has been a periodic review 21 and a voluntary readmission consented to by the minor 22 patient and his counsel, voluntary admission terminates at 23 the expiration of 1 year. Counsel shall be appointed for the 24 minor at the minor's request or at any time he is faced with 25 potential legal proceedings-

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Ł (3) If, in any voluntary admission for any period of 2 time to a mental health facility, a minor fails to join in 3 the consent of his parents or guardian to the voluntary admission, then the admission shall be treated as an 5 involuntary commitment. Notice of the substance of this 6 subsection and of the right to counsel shall be set forth in conspicuous type in a conspicuous location on any form or 7 application used for the voluntary admission of a minor to a . 9 mental health facility. The notice shall be explained to 10 the minor by--the--professional---person---approving---the 11 application."

12 Section 5. Section 53-21-115. MCA. is amended to read: 13 *53-21-115. Procedural rights. In addition to any 14 other rights which may be guaranteed by the constitution of 15 the United States and of this state. by the laws of this 16 state. or by this part. any person who is involuntarily 17 detained or against whom a petition is filed pursuant to 18 this part has the following rights:

19 (1) the right to notice reasonably in advance of any
20 hearing or other court proceeding concerning him;

21 (2) the right in any hearing to be present, to offer
22 evidence, and to present witnesses in any proceeding
23 concerning him;

24 (3) the right in any hearing to cross-examine 25 witnesses;

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(4) the right to be represented by counsel; 1 2 (5) the right to remain silent: (6) the right in any hearing to be proceeded against 3 according to the rules of evidence applicable to civil 4 5 matters generally; (7) the right to view and copy all petitions on file 6 7 with the court concerning him; (8) the right to be examined by a professional person ß of his choice when such professional person is willing and 9 reasonably available: 10 33 (9) the right to be dressed in his own clothes at any hearing held pursuant to this part; and 12 (10) the right to refuse any but lifesaving medication 13 14 for up to 24 hours prior to any hearing held pursuant to 15 this part." 16 Section 6. Section 53-21-119, MCA, is amended to read: #53-21-119. Waiver of rights. (1) A person may waive 17 18 his rights, or his if the person is not capable of making an 19 intentional and knowing decision. these rights may be waived by his counsel and responsible person acting together if a 20 record is made of the reasons for the waiver. The right to 21 22 counsel may not be waived. The right to treatment provided for in this part may not be waived. 23 24 (2) The right of the respondent to be physically 25 present at a hearing may also be waived by his attorney and

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the responsible person with the concurrence of the
 professional person and the judge upon a finding supported
 by facts that:

4 (a) the presence of the respondent at the hearing 5 would be likely to seriously adversely affect his mental 6 condition; and

7 (b) an alternative location for the hearing in 8 surroundings familiar to the respondent would not prevent 9 such adverse effects on his mental condition.

10 (3) (a) In the case of a minor, provided that a record 11 is made of the reasons for the waiver, his rights may be 12 waived by the mutual consent of his counsel and parents or 13 guardian or guardian ad litem if there are no parents or 14 guardian.

15 (b) If there is an apparent conflict of interest
16 between a minor and his parents or guardian, the court shall
17 appoint a guardian ad litem for him."

18 Section 7. Section 53-21-120, MCA, is amended to read: 19 *53-21-120. Detention to be in least restrictive 20 environment -- preference for mental health facility -court relief. (1) A person detained pursuant to this part 21 shall be detained in the least restrictive environment 22 23 required to protect the life and physical safety of the person detained or members of the public: in this respects 24 25 prevention of significant injury to property may be

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<u>considered</u>. (2) Whenever possible, a person detained pursuant to this part shall be detained in a mental health facility and in the county of residence. <u>If the person detained demands</u> a jury trial and trial cannot be beld, within 7 days, the

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individual_may_be_sent_to_the_state hepsitel HOSPITAL until
time_of_trial_if_arrangements_can_be_made_to_return_him_to
trials_SUCH_TRIAL_HUST_BE_HELD_WITHIN_A_REASONABLE_PERIOD_OF
IIME_ No person may be detained in any hospital or other
medical facility which is not a mental health facility
unless such hospital or facility has agreed in writing to
admit the person.

13 (3) A person may be detained in a jail or other 14 correctional facility only if no mental health facility is 15 available or if the available mental health facilities are 16 inadequate to protect the person detained and the public. As soon as a mental health facility becomes available or the 17 18 situation has changed sufficiently that an available mental 19 health facility is adequate for the protection of the person detained and the public, then the detained person shall be 20 21 transferred from the jail or correctional facility to the 22 mental health facility.

23 (4) A person detained prior to involuntary commitment
24 may apply to the court for immediate relief with respect to
25 the need for detention or the adequacy of the facility being

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1 utilized to detain."

z Section 8. Section 53-21-126, MCA, is amended to read: 3 #53-21-126. Trial or hearing on petition. (1) The respondent shall be present unless his presence has been 4 5 waived as provided in 53-21-119(2), and he shall be represented by counsel at all stages of the trial. The trial 6 shall be limited to the determination of whether or not the 7 . respondent is seriously mentally ill within the meaning set 9 forth in this part.

10 (2) The standard of proof in any hearing held pursuant to this section is proof beyond a reasonable doubt with 11 12 respect to any physical facts or evidence and clear and convincing evidence as to all other matters, except that 13 mental disorders shall be evidenced to a reasonable medical 14 certainty. Imminent threat of self-inflicted injury or 15 injury to others shall be evidenced by overt acts. 16 sufficiently recent in time as to be material and relevant 17 as to the respondent's present condition. 18

19 (3) The professional person appointed by the court 20 shall be present for the trial and subject to 21 cross-examination. The trial shall be governed by the 22 Montana Rules of Civil Procedure except that, if tried by a 23 jury, at least two-thirds of the jurors must concur on a 24 finding that the petient respondent is seriously mentally 25 ill. <u>The written report of the professional person that</u>

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1	indicates the professional person's diagnosis may be
Z	attached to the petition, but any matter otherwise
3	inadaissible.such as hearsay matter.is not admissible
4	perely because it is contained in the report. The court may
5	order the trial closed to the public for the protection of
6	the respondent.
7	(4) The professional person may testify as to the
8	ultimateissueofwhethertherespondentisseriously
9	mentally ill. This testimony is insufficient unless
10	accompanied_by_evidence_from_the_professional_person_or
11	<u>stbers_tbeti</u>
12	(a) the respondent is suffering from a mental
13	disorder:_and
14	(b)_tbe_mental_disorder_has_resulted_in_self-inflicted
15	isjury or injury to others or the imminent threat thereof or
16	bas deprived the person afflicted of the ability to protect
17	bis_life_or_bealth.
18	<pre>t4f(5) The court, upon the showing of good cause and</pre>
19	when it is in the best interests of the respondent, may
20	order a change of venue."
21	Section 9. Section 53-21-127, MCA, is amended to read:
22	*53-21-127。 Posttrial disposition。(1) If, upon trial,
23	it is determined that the petient <u>respondent</u> is not
24	seriously mentally ill within the meaning of this part, he
25	shall be discharged and the petition dismissed.

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(2) (a) If it is determined that the respondent is 1 z seriously mentally ill within the meaning of this part, the 3 court shall hold a posttrial disposition hearing. The disposition hearing shall be held within 5 days (including 4 Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays unless the fifth day falls 5 on a Saturday, Sunday, or holiday), during which time the 6 court may order further evaluation and treatment of the 7 respondent. At the conclusion of the disposition hearing, 8 Q the court shall:

10 (i) commit the respondent to a facility for a period 11 of not more than 3 months;

12 (ii) order the respondent to be placed in the care and
13 custody of his relative or guardian or some other
14 appropriate place other than an institution;

15 (iii) order outpatient therapy; or

16 (iv) make some other appropriate order for treatment.
17 (b) No treatment ordered pursuant to this subsection
18 may affect the respondent's custody for a period of more
19 than 3 months.

20 (c) In determining which of the above alternatives to 21 order, the court shall choose the least restrictive 22 alternatives necessary to protect the respondent and the 23 public and to permit effective treatment. The court shall 24 consider and shall describe in its order what alternatives 25 for treatment of the respondent are available, what

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alternatives were investigated, and why the investigated
 alternatives were not deemed suitable. The court shall enter
 into the record a detailed statement of the facts upon which
 it found the respondent to be seriously mentally ill."

5 Section 10. Section 53-21-128. MCA, is amended to 6 read:

7 #53-21-128. Petition for extension of commitment 8 period. (1) (a) Not less than 2 calendar weeks prior to the Q. end of the 3-month period of detention provided for in 10 53-21-127(2), the professional person in charge of the 11 patient at the place of detention may petition the court for 12 extension of the detention period. The petition shall be 13 accompanied by a written report and evaluation of the 14 patient's mental and physical condition. The report shall 15 describe any tests and evaluation devices which have been 16 employed in evaluating the patient, the course of treatment 17 which has been undertaken for the patient, and the future 18 course of treatment anticipated by the professional person-19 (b) Upon the filing of the petition, the court shall 20 give written notice of the filing of the petition to the 21 patient, his next of kin, if reasonably available, the Z2 responsible person appointed by the court, and the patient's 23 counsel. If any person so notified requests a hearing prior 24 to the termination of the previous detention authority. the court shall immediately set a time and place for a hearing 25

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on a date not more than 10 days from the receipt of the
 request and notify the same people. including the
 professional person in charge of the patient. If a hearing
 is not requested, the court shall enter an order of
 commitment for a period not to exceed 6 months.

6 (c) Procedure on the petition for extension when a 7 hearing has been requested shall be the same in all respects as the procedure on the petition for the original 3-month 8 9 commitment except the patient is not entitled to trial by jury. The hearing shall be held in the district court 10 11 having jurisdiction over the facility in which the patient is detained unless otherwise ordered by the court. Court 12 13 costs and witness feese if any shall be haid by the county 14 that paid the same costs in the initial commitment 15 proceedings.

16 (d) If upon the hearing the court finds the patient 17 not seriously mentally ill within the meaning of this party 18 he shall be discharged and the petition dismissed. If the 19 court finds that the patient continues to suffer from 20 serious mental illness, the court shall order commitment, custody in relatives, outpatient therapy, or other order as 21 set forth in 53-21-127(2) except that no order may affect 22 his custody for more than 6 months. In its order, the court 23 24 shall describe what alternatives for treatment of the 25 patient are available, what alternatives were investigated.

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and why the investigated alternatives were not deemed
 suitable. The court shall not order continuation of an
 alternative which does not include a comprehensive.
 individualized plan of treatment for the patient. A court
 order for the continuation of an alternative shall include a
 specific finding that a comprehensive. individualized plan
 of treatment exists.

8 (2) Further extensions may be obtained under the same 9 procedure described in subsection (1) of this section except 10 that the patient's custody may not be affected for more than 11 1 year without a renewal of the commitment under the 12 procedures set forth in subsection (1) of this section; 13 including a statement of the findings required by subsection 14 (1).*

15 Section 11. Section 53-21-141, MCA, is amended to 16 read:

*53-21-141. Civil and legal rights of 17 person committed. (1) Unless specifically stated in an order by the 18 court. a person involuntarily committed to a facility for a 19 20 period of evaluation or treatment does not forfeit any legal right or suffer any legal disability by reason of the 21 provisions of this part except insofar as it may be 22 necessary to detain the person for treatment, evaluation, or 23 24 care. All compunication between an alleged mentally ill person and a professional person is privileged under normal 25

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1 privileged communication rules unless it is clearly 2 explained to the person in advance that the purpose of an 3 interview is for evaluation and not treatment. (2) Whenever a person is committed to a mental health 4 facility for a period of 3 months or longer, the court 5 ordering the commitment may make an order stating 6 specifically any legal rights which are denied the 7 respondent and any legal disabilities which are imposed on 8 him. As part of its order, the court may appoint a person 9 to act as conservator of the respondent's property. Any 10 conservatorship created pursuant to this section terminates 11 upon the conclusion of the involuntary commitment if not 12 sooner terminated by the court. A conservatorship or 13 quardianship extending beyond the period of involuntary 14 15 commitment may not be created except according to the procedures set forth under Montana law for the appointment 16 17 of conservators and quardians generally. (3) A person who has been committed to a mental health 18 19 facility pursuant to this part is automatically restored 20

20 upon the termination of the commitment to all of his civil 21 and legal rights which may have been lost when he was 22 committed. This subsection does not affect, however, a 23 guardianship or conservatorship created independently of the 24 commitment proceedings according to the provisions of 25 Montana law relating to the appointment of conservators and guardians generally. A person who leaves a mental health
 facility following a period of evaluation and treatment
 shall be given a written statement setting forth the
 substance of this subsection.

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5 (4) A person committed to a mental health facility
6 prior to July 1, 1975, enjoys all the rights and privileges
7 of a person committed after that date."

8 Section 12+ Section 53-21-165+ MCA+ is amended to 9 read:

10 #53-21-165. Records to be maintained. Complete patient 11 records shall be kept by the mental health facility and 12 shall be available to any person authorized in-writing by 13 the patient in writing to receive these records and upon 14 approval of the authorization by the board. The records 15 shall also be made available to any attorney charged with 16 representing the patient or any professional person charged 17 with evaluating or treating the patient. These records shall 18 include:

19 (1) identification data, including the patient's legal

20 status;

21 (2) a patient history, including but not limited to:
22 (a) family data, educational background, and
23 employment record;

(b) prior medical history, both physical and mental,
 including prior hospitalization;

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{3} the chief complaints of the patient and the chief
 complaints of others regarding the patient;

3 (4) an evaluation which notes the onset of illness.
4 the circumstances leading to admission, attitudes, behavior.
5 estimate of intellectual functioning, memory functioning.
6 orientation, and an inventory of the patient's assets in
7 descriptive rather than interpretative fashion;

8 (5) a summary of each physical examination which
 9 describes the results of the examination;

10 (6) a copy of the individual treatment plan and any 11 modifications thereto;

12 (7) a detailed summary of the findings made by the 13 reviewing professional person after each periodic review of 14 the treatment plan which analyzes the successes and failures 15 of the treatment program and directs whatever modifications 16 are necessary;

17 (8) a copy of the individualized after-care plan and
18 any modifications thereto and a summary of the steps that
19 have been taken to implement that plan;

(9) a medication history and status which includes the
 signed orders of the prescribing physician. The staff person
 administering the medication shall indicate by signature
 that orders have been carried out.

(10) a detailed summary of each significant contact bya professional person with the patient;

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1 (11) a detailed summary, on at least a weekly basis, by a professional person involved in the patient's treatment, 2 з of the patient's progress along the treatment plan; (12) a weekly summary of the extent and nature of the 4 5 patient's work activities and the effect of such activity upon the patient's progress along the treatment plan; 6 7 (13) a signed order by a professional person for any restrictions on visitations and communications; 8 (14) a signed order by a professional person for any 9 10 physical restraints and isolation; (15) a detailed summary of any extraordinary incident 11 in the facility involving the patient, to be entered by a 12 13 staff member noting that he has personal knowledge of the incident or specifying his other source of information and 14 initialed within 24 hours by a professional person; and 15 (16) a summary by the professional person in charge of 16 17 the facility or his appointed agent of his findings after the 30-day review provided for in 53-21-163." 18 19 Section 13. Section 53-21-188, MCA, is amended to read: 20 21 *53-21-188. Maintenance of indigent patients on 22 discharge. Prior to the discharge of a committed patient 23 from a mental health facility, the professional person in 24 charge of the facility shall notify the welfare department

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of the county from which the patient was committed. The

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ł county welfare department shall at once ascertain whether the discharged patient is in financial need. If the patient 2 3 is found to be in financial need, the county welfare 4 department shall properly care for and maintain the 5 discharged patient under the laws of this state relating to 6 public assistance until the patient is able to care for himself or until another provision has been made for care of 7 8 the patient."

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9 Section 14. Instructions to the code commissioner. All
10 references to "responsible person" in Title 53. chapter 21.
11 shall be changed to "friend of respondent" by the code
12 commissioner.

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ì	SENATE BILL NO. 393	1	emotional impairment which has substantial adverse effects
2	INTRODUCED BY TOWE	2	on an individual's cognitive or volitional functions.
و		3	(6) "Mental health facility" or "facility" means a
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO GENERALLY REVISE THE	4	public hospital or a licensed private hospital which is
5	LAWS RELATING TO THE TREATMENT OF THE MENTALLY ILL; AMENDING	5	equipped and staffed to provide treatment for persons with
6	SECTIONS 53-21-102, 53-21-103, 53-21-111, 53-21-112,	6	mental disorders or a community mental health center or any
7	53-21-115, 53-21-119, 53-21-120, 53-21-126 THROUGH	7	mental health clinic or treatment center approved by the
6	53-21-128, 53-21-141, 53-21-165, AND 53-21-188, MCA.*	8	department. No correctional institution or facility or jail
9		9	is a mental health facility within the meaning of this part.
10	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:	10	(7) "Next of kin" shall include but need not be
11	Section 1. Section 53-21-102, MCA, is amended to read:	11	limited to the spouse, parents, adult children, and adult
12	#53-21-102. Definitions. As used in this part. the	12	brothers and sisters of a person.
13	following definitions apply:	13	(8) "Patient" means a perSon committed by the court
14	(1) "Board" or "mental disabilities board of visitors"	14	for treatment for any period of time <u>or who is voluntarily</u>
15	means the mental disabilities board of visitors created by	15	admitted_for_treatment_for_any_period_of_time.
16	2~15-211•	16	(9) "Peace officer" means any sheriff+ deputy sheriff+
17	(2) "Court" means any district court of the state of	17	marshal, policeman, or other peace officer.
18	Montana.	18	(10) "Professional person" means:
19	(3) "Department" means the department of institutions	19	(a) a medical doctor; or
20	provided for in Title 2+ chapter 15+ part 23-	20	(b) a person trained in the field of mental health and
21	(4) "Emergency situation" means a situation in which	21	certified by the department in accordance with standards of
22	any person is in imminent danger of death or serious bodily	22	professional licensing boards, federal regulations, and the
23	harm from the activity of a person who appears to be	23	joint commission on accreditation of hospitals.
24	seriously mentally ill.	24,	(11) "Reasonable medical certainty" means reasonable
25	(5) "Mental disorder" means any organic, mental, or	25	certainty as judged by the standards of a professional
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1 person. 2 (12) "Respondent" means a person alleged in a petition filed pursuant to this part to be seriously mentally ill. 3 (13) "Responsible-person Friend_of_respondent" means 4 any person willing and able to assume-responsibility-for 5 assist a seriously mentally ill person or person alleged to 6 7 be seriously mentally illy in dealing with legal 8 proceedings, including consultation with legal_counsel_and 9 others. The friend of respondent may be the including next 10 of kin. the person's conservator or legal guardian, if any, 11 representatives of a charitable or religious organization. 12 or any other person appointed by the court to perform the 13 functions of a responsible-person friend of respondent set 14 out in this part. Only one person may at any one time be the 15 responsible-person friend of respondent within the meaning of this part. In appointing a responsible-person friend_of 16 17 respondent, the court shall consider the preference of the respondent. The court may at any time, for good cause shown. 18 change its designation of the responsible-person friend_of 19 20 respondent.

(14) "Seriously mentally ill" means suffering from a mental disorder which has resulted in self-inflicted injury or injury to others or the imminent threat thereof or which has deprived the person afflicted of the ability to protect his life or health. <u>Eor this purposes injury means physical</u>

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1 injury=:or=aexere=:psychological=:injury= No person may be 2 involuntarily committed to a mental health facility or 3 detained for evaluation and treatment because he is an 4 epileptic, mentally deficient, mentally retarded, senile, or 5 suffering from a mental disorder unless the condition causes 6 him to be seriously mentally ill within the meaning of this 7 part.

8 (15) "State hospital" means the Warm Springs state 9 hospital."

Section 2. Section 53-21-103, MCA, is amended to read: 10 #53-21-103. Court records to be kept separate. Records 11 and papers in proceedings under this part shall be 12 maintained separately by the clerks of the several courts. 13 Five days prior to the release of a respondent or patient 14 committed to a mental health facility, the facility shall 15 notify the clerk of the court, and the clerk shall 16 immediately seal the record in the case and omit the name of 17 the respondent or patient from the index or indexes of cases 18 in the court unless the court orders the record opened for 19 20 good cause shown."

21 Section 3. Section 53-21-111, MCA, is amended to read: 22 "53-21-111. Voluntary admission. (1) Nothing in this 23 part may be construed in any way as limiting the right of 24 any person to make voluntary application for admission at 25 any time to any mental health facility or professional

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person. An application for admission to a mental health 1 2 facility shall be in writing on a form prescribed by the facility and approved by the department. It is not valid 3 unless it is approved by a professional person and a copy is 4 given to the person voluntarily admitting himself. The-form 5 6 shall--contain--o A statement of the rights of the person 7 voluntarily applying for admission, as set out in this part, 8 including the right to release shall be furnished to the 9 patient_within_12_hours.

(2) Any applicant who wishes to voluntarily apply for 10 admission to the state hospital shall first obtain 11 certification from a professional person that the applicant 12 is suffering from a mental disorder and that the facilities 13 available to the mental health region in which the applicant 14 resides are unable to provide adequate evaluation and 15 treatmenty-except-such-certification_is_not_necessary_if=the 16 17 poplicent-obtaina-certification--from--the--regional--mental health-_director__of-_his__mental__health__region__that__the 18 19 applicant-is-financially_unable-to=_receive__evaluation=_end 20 treatment-from-the-facilities-evailable-to-the-mental-health region: EXCEPT SUCH CERTIFICATION IS NOT NECESSARY IF. THE 21 22 APPLICANT OBTAINS CERTIFICATION FROM THE REGIONAL BENIAL 23 HEALTH_DIRECTOR_OF_HIS_BENTAL_HEALTH_BEGION_IHAT_THE APPLICANT_IS_FINANCIALLY_UNABLE_TO__RECEIVE_EVALUATION_AND 24 IREAIMENT_FROM_THE_FACILITIES_AVAILABLE_TO_THE_MENTAL_HEALTH 25

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2 (3) An application for voluntary admission shall give 3 the facility the right to detain the applicant for no more 4 than 5 days, excluding weekends and holidays, past his 5 written request for release. <u>A mental health facility may</u> 6 adopt rules providing for detention of the applicant for 7 less than 5 days. The facility must notify all applicants of 8 such rules and post such rules as provided in 52-21-168.

9 {4} Any person voluntarily entering or remaining in
10 any mental health facility shall enjoy all the rights
11 secured to a person involuntarily committed to the
12 facility.#

13 Section 4. Section 53-21-112, MCA. is amended to read: 14 #53-21-112. Voluntary admission of minors. (1) 15 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a minor who is 16 16 years of age or older may consent to receive mental 17 health services to be rendered by a facility or a person 18 licensed to practice medicine or psychology in this state. 19 (2) Except as provided by this subsection, voluntary 20 admission of a minor to a mental health facility for an 21 inpatient course of treatment shall be for the same period 22 of time as that for an adult. A minor voluntarily admitted **Z**3 shall have the right to be released within 5 days of his 241 request as provided in 53-21-111(3). The minor himself may 25 make such request. Unless there has been a periodic review

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and a voluntary readmission consented to by the minor
 patient and his counsel, voluntary admission terminates at
 the expiration of 1 year. Counsel shall be appointed for the
 minor at the minor 's request or at any time he is faced with
 potential legal proceedings.

(3) If, in any voluntary admission for any period of 6 7 time to a mental health facility, a minor fails to join in 8 the consent of his parents or guardian to the voluntary 9 admission, then the admission shall be treated as an involuntary commitment. Notice of the substance of this 10 11 subsection and of the right to counsel shall be set forth in 12 conspicuous type in a conspicuous location on any form or 13 application used for the voluntary admission of a minor to a mental health facility. The notice shall be explained to 14 15 the minor by--the--professional---person---approving---the application.* 16

Section 5. Section 53-21-115. NCA, is amended to read: *53-21-115. Procedural rights. In addition to any other rights which may be guaranteed by the constitution of the United States and of this state. by the laws of this state, or by this part. any person who is involuntarily detained or against whom a petition is filed pursuant to this part has the following rights:

24 (1) the right to notice reasonably in advance of any25 hearing or other court proceeding concerning him;

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(2) the right in any hearing to be present, to offer
 evidence, and to present witnesses in any proceeding
 concerning him;

4 (3) the right in any hearing to cross-examine 5 witnesses;

6 (4) the right to be represented by counsel;

(5) the right to remain silent;

8 (6) the right in any hearing to be proceeded against
 9 according to the rules of evidence applicable to civil
 10 matters generally:

11 (7) the right to view and copy all petitions on file

12 with the court concerning him;

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13 (8) the right to be examined by a professional person
14 of his choice when such professional person is <u>willing_and</u>
15 reasonably available;

16 (9) the right to be dressed in his own clothes at any17 hearing held pursuant to this part; and

18 (10) the right to refuse any but lifesaving medication
19 for up to 24 hours prior to any hearing held pursuant to
20 this part.**

21 Section 6. Section 53-21-119, MCA+ is amended to read:

22 "53-21-119. Waiver of rights. (1) A person may waive

23 his rights, or his if the person is not capable of making an

24 intentional and knowing decision: these rights may be waived

25 by his counsel and responsible person acting together if a

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record is made of the reasons for the waiver. The right to
 counsel may not be waived. The right to treatment provided
 for in this part may not be waived.

4 (2) The right of the respondent to be physically 5 present at a hearing may also be waived by his attorney and 6 the responsible person with the concurrence of the 7 professional person and the judge upon a finding supported 8 by facts that:

9 (a) the presence of the respondent at the hearing
10 would be likely to seriously adversely affect his mental
11 condition; and

12 (b) an alternative location for the hearing in
13 surroundings familiar to the respondent would not prevent
14 such adverse effects on his mental condition.

15 (3) (a) In the case of a minor, provided that a record 16 is made of the reasons for the waiver, his rights may be 17 waived by the mutual consent of his counsel and parents or 18 guardian or guardian ad litem if there are no parents or 19 guardian.

(b) If there is an apparent conflict of interest
between a minor and his parents or guardian. the court shall
appoint a guardian ad litem for him."

23 Section 7. Section 53-21-120, MCA, is amended to read:
 24 **53-21-120. Detention to be in least restrictive
 25 environment -- preference for mental health facility --

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1 court relief. (1) A person detained pursuant to this part 2 shall be detained in the least restrictive environment 3 required to protect the life and physical safety of the 4 person detained or members of the public<u>i in this respects</u> 5 prevention_of_significant_injury_to_property__may__be 6 considered.

7 (2) Whenever possible, a person detained pursuant to 8 this part shall be detained in a mental health facility and 9 in the county of residence. If the person detained demands 10 a jury trial and trial cannot be held within 7 days, the 11 individual____may_be_sent_to_the_state heesitel HOSPITAL until 12 time of trial if arrangements can be made to return him to 13 trial. SUCH_TRIAL_MUST_BE_HELD_WITHIN A-BEASONABLE-PERIOD-OF TIME 30 DAYS. THE COUNTY OF RESIDENCE SHALL PAY THE COST OF 14 15 TRAVEL AND PROFESSIONAL SERVICES ASSOCIATED WITH THE TRIAL. 16 No person may be detained in any hospital or other medical facility which is not a mental health facility unless such 17 18 hospital or facility has agreed in writing to admit the 19 person.

20 (3) A person may be detained in a jail or other 21 correctional facility only if no mental health facility is 22 available or if the available mental health facilities are 23 inadequate to protect the person detained and the public. As 24 soon as a mental health facility becomes available or the 25 situation has changed sufficiently that an available mental

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health facility is adequate for the protection of the person
 detained and the public: then the detained person shall be
 transferred from the jail or correctional facility to the
 mental health facility.

5 (4) A person detained prior to involuntary commitment 6 may apply to the court for immediate relief with respect to 7 the need for detention or the adequacy of the facility being 8 utilized to detain.*

9 Section B. Section 53-21-126, MCA, is amended to read: 10 *53-21-126. Trial or hearing on petition. (1) The 11 respondent shall be present unless his presence has been 12 waived as provided in 53-21-119(2), and he shall be 13 represented by counsel at all stages of the trial. The trial 14 shall be limited to the determination of whether or not the 15 respondent is seriously mentally ill within the meaning set forth in this part. 16

17 (2) The standard of proof in any hearing held pursuant 18 to this section is proof beyond a reasonable doubt with 19 respect to any physical facts or evidence and clear and 20 convincing evidence as to all other matters, except that 21 mental disorders shall be evidenced to a reasonable medical **2**Z certainty. Imminent threat of self-inflicted injury or 23 injury to others shall be evidenced by overt acts, 24 sufficiently recent in time as to be material and relevant 25 as to the respondent's present condition.

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t (3) The professional person appointed by the court 2 shall be present for the trial and subject to 3 cross-examination. The trial shall be governed by the Montana Rules of Civil Procedure except that, if tried by a 5 surv. at least two-thirds of the jurors must concur on a 6 finding that the patient respondent is seriously mentally 7 ill. <u>The written report of the professional person that</u> 8 indicates_the_professional_person's_diagnosis__may..._be o attached to the petition, but any matter otherwise 10 inadmissible. such as hearsay matters is not admissible 11 merely because it is contained in the report. The court may 12 order the trial closed to the public for the protection of 13 the respondent. 14 [4] The professional person may testify as to the 15 ultimate__issue__of__whether__the__respondent__is__seriously 16 mentaliy_ill._This_testimony__is__insufficient__unless 17 accompanied by evidence from the professional person or 18 others_that: 19 (a) the respondent is suffering from a mental 20 disorder:_and 21 (b) the mental disorder has resulted in self-inflicted 22 injury or injury to others or the imminent threat thereof or 23 has deprived the person afflicted of the ability to protect 24 his_life_or_bealths 25 ffils1 The court, upon the showing of good cause and

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when it is in the best interests of the respondent, may
 order a change of venue."

3 Section 9. Section 53-21-127. MCA, is amended to read:
4 "53-21-127. Postrial disposition. (1) If, upon trial,
5 it is determined that the patient respondent is not
6 seriously mentally ill within the meaning of this part. he
7 shall be discharged and the petition dismissed.

(2) (a) If it is determined that the respondent is 8 9 seriously mentally ill within the meaning of this part, the court shall hold a posttrial disposition hearing. The 10 disposition hearing shall be held within 5 days (including 11 12 Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays unless the fifth day falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or holiday), during which time the 13 14 court may order further evaluation and treatment of the respondent. At the conclusion of the disposition hearing. 15 16 the court shall:

17 (i) commit the respondent to a facility for a period
18 of not more than 3 months;

19 {ii} order the respondent to be placed in the care and
20 custody of his relative or guardian or some other
21 appropriate place other than an institution;

22 (iii) order outpatient therapy; or

23 (iv) make some other appropriate order for treatment.
24 (b) No treatment ordered pursuant to this subsection
25 may affect the respondent's custody for a period of more

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1 than 3 months.

2 (c) In determining which of the above alternatives to order, the court shall choose the least restrictive 3 4 alternatives necessary to protect the respondent and the 5 public and to permit effective treatment. The court shall consider and shall describe in its order what alternatives 6 7 treatment of the respondent are available, what for 8 alternatives were investigated, and why the investigated 9 alternatives were not deemed suitable. The court shall enter 10 into the record a detailed statement of the facts upon which 11 it found the respondent to be seriously mentally ill."

12 Section 10. Section 53-21-128, MCA, is amended to 13 read:

14 #53-21-128. Petition for extension of commitment 15 period. (1) (a) Not less than 2 calendar weeks prior to the 16 end of the 3-month period of detention provided for in 17 53-21-127(2), the professional person in charge of the 18 patient at the place of detention may petition the court for 19 extension of the detention period. The petition shall be 20 accompanied by a written report and evaluation of the patient's mental and physical condition. The report shall 21 22 describe any tests and evaluation devices which have been employed in evaluating the patient, the course of treatment 23 24. which has been undertaken for the patient, and the future 25 course of treatment anticipated by the professional person.

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1 (b) Upon the filing of the petition, the court shall Z give written notice of the filing of the petition to the patient, his next of kin, if reasonably available, the 3 responsible person appointed by the court, and the patient's 4 counsel. If any person so notified requests a hearing prior 5 to the termination of the previous detention authority. the 6 court shall immediately set a time and place for a hearing 7 on a date not more than 10 days from the receipt of the R request and notify the same people+ including the 9 professional person in charge of the patient. If a hearing 10 is not requested, the court shall enter an order of 11 commitment for a period not to exceed 6 months. 12

13 (c) Procedure on the petition for extension when a 14 hearing has been requested shall be the same in all respects as the procedure on the petition for the original 3-month 15 commitment except the patient is not entitled to trial by 16 jury. The hearing shall be held in the district court 17 having jurisdiction over the facility in which the patient 18 is detained unless otherwise ordered by the court. Court 19 costs and witness fees, if any, shall be paid by the county 20 that paid the same costs in the initial commitment 21 proceedings. 22

(d) If upon the hearing the court finds the patient
not seriously mentally ill within the meaning of this parts
he shall be discharged and the petition dismissed. If the

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1 court finds that the patient continues to suffer from 2 serious mental illness, the court shall order commitment, custody in relatives, outpatient therapy, or other order as 3 set forth in 53-21-127(2) except that no order may affect 4 his custody for more than 6 months. In its order, the court 5 shall describe what alternatives for treatment of the 6 patient are available, what alternatives were investigated, 7 and why the investigated alternatives were not deemed 8 9 suitable. The court shall not order continuation of an 10 alternative which does not include a comprehensive, individualized plan of treatment for the patient. A court 1.1 12 order for the continuation of an alternative shall include a 13 specific finding that a comprehensive, individualized plan 14 of treatment exists. 15 (2) Further extensions may be obtained under the same

procedure described in subsection (1) of this section except that the patient's custody may not be affected for more than 18 1 year without a renewal of the commitment under the procedures set forth in subsection (1) of this section, including a statement of the findings required by subsection 21 (1)."

22 Section 11. Section 53-21-141, MCA, is amended to 23 read:

24 "53-21-141. Civil and legal rights of person
25 committed. (1) Unless specifically stated in an order by the

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court, a person involuntarily committed to a facility for a 1 2 period of evaluation or treatment does not forfeit any legal right or suffer any legal disability by reason of the 3 4 provisions of this part except insofar as it may be necessary to detain the person for treatment, evaluation, or 5 6 care. All_communication_between_an_alleged_mentally_ill 7 person_and_a_professional_person_is_privileged_under_normal 8 privileged_communication_rules_unless___it___is___clearly 9 explained_to_the_person_in_advance_that_the_purpose_of_an 10 interview is for evaluation and not treatment.

(2) Whenever a person is committed to a mental health 11 12 facility for a period of 3 months or longer, the court 13 ordering the commitment may make an order stating specifically any legal rights which are denied the 14 15 respondent and any legal disabilities which are imposed on him. As part of its order, the court may appoint a person 16 17 to act as conservator of the respondent's property. Any conservatorship created pursuant to this section terminates 18 upon the conclusion of the involuntary commitment if not 19 sooner terminated by the court. A conservatorship or 20 21 quardianship extending beyond the period of involuntary commitment may not be created except according to the 22 23 procedures set forth under Montana law for the appointment of conservators and quardians generally. 24

25 (3) A person who has been committed to a mental health

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facility pursuant to this part is automatically restored 1 upon the termination of the commitment to all of his civil 2 3 and legal rights which may have been lost when he was committed. This subsection does not affect, however, a 4 guardianship or conservatorship created independently of the 5 commitment proceedings according to the provisions of 6 7 Montana law relating to the appointment of conservators and quardians generally. A person who leaves a mental health я facility following a period of evaluation and treatment • shall be given a written statement setting forth the 10 11 substance of this subsection.

12 (4) A person committed to a mental health facility
13 prior to July 1, 1975, enjoys all the rights and privileges
14 of a person committed after that date."

15 Section 12. Section 53-21-165. MCA. is amended to 16 read:

17 "53-21-165. Records to be maintained. Complete patient records shall be kept by the mental health facility and 18 19 shall be available to any person authorized in-writing by 20 the patient in writing to receive these records and upon approval_of_the_authorization_by the board. The records 21 shall also be made available to any attorney charged with 22 representing the patient or any professional person charged 23 with evaluating or treating the patient. These records shall 24, 25 include:

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(1) identification data, including the patient's legal status; (2) a patient history, including but not limited to: (a) family data. educational background, and employment record: (b) prior medical history, both physical and mental, including prior hospitalization; (3) the chief complaints of the patient and the chief complaints of others regarding the patient; (4) an evaluation which notes the onset of illness. the circumstances leading to admission, attitudes, behavior, estimate of intellectual functioning, memory functioning, orientation, and an inventory of the patient's assets in descriptive rather than interpretative fashion; (5) a summary of each physical examination which describes the results of the examination: (6) a copy of the individual treatment plan and any modifications thereto; (7) a detailed summary of the findings made by the reviewing professional person after each periodic review of the treatment plan which analyzes the successes and failures of the treatment program and directs whatever modifications are necessary; (8) a copy of the individualized after-care plan and any modifications thereto and a summary of the steps that

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1 have been taken to implement that plan;

2 (9) a medication history and status which includes the 3 signed orders of the prescribing physician. The staff person 4 administering the medication shall indicate by signature 5 that orders have been carried out. 6 (10) a detailed summary of each significant contact by 7 a professional person with the patient; (11) a detailed summary, on at least a weekly basis, by A 9 a professional person involved in the patient's treatment. 10 of the patient's progress along the treatment plan; 11 (12) a weekly summary of the extent and nature of the 12 patient's work activities and the effect of such activity

13 upon the patient's progress along the treatment plan;

(13) a signed order by a professional person for any
 restrictions on visitations and communications;

(14) a signed order by a professional person for anyphysical restraints and isolation;

18 (15) a detailed summary of any extraordinary incident 19 in the facility involving the patient, to be entered by a 20 staff member noting that he has personal knowledge of the 21 incident or specifying his other source of information and 22 initialed within 24 hours by a professional person; and 23 (16) a summary by the professional person in charge of

24 the facility or his appointed agent of his findings after

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and the second second

25 the 30-day review provided for in 53-21-163."

1 Section 13. Section 53-21-188, MCA, is amended to 2 read:

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3 "53-21-188. Maintenance of indigent patients on discharge. Prior to the discharge of a committed patient 4 from a mental health facility, the professional person in 5 charge of the facility shall notify the welfare department 6 of the county from which the patient was committed. The 7 county welfare department shall at once ascertain whether 8 9 the discharged patient is in financial need. If the patient 10 is found to be in financial need, the county welfare 11 department shall properly care for and maintain the discharged patient under the laws of this state relating to 12 13 public assistance until the patient is able to care for himself or until another provision has been made for care of 14 15 the patient."

Section 14. Instructions to the code commissioner. All references to "responsible person" in Title 53, chapter 21, shall be changed to "friend of respondent" by the code commissioner.

-End-

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March 23, 1979

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Judiciary Committee amendments to SENATE BILL NO. 393, third reading copy, as follows:

1. Page 5, line 21.
Following: "region"

Insert: ", except such certification is not necessary if the applicant obtains certification from the regional mental health director of his mental health region that the applicant is financially unable to receive evaluation and treatment from the facilities available to the mental health region"

Page 10, lines 8 and 9. 2. Following: "WITHIN" Strike: "A REASONABLE PERIOD OF TIME" Insert: "30 days. The county of residence shall pay the cost of travel and professional services associated with the trial"

AND AS AMENDED BE CONCURRED IN