SENATE BILL NO. 142

In the Senate

	In the Sei	nate
January 17, 1979		Introduced and referred to the Committee on Taxation.
January 18, 1979		Fiscal note requested.
January 24, 1979		Fiscal note returned.
March 22, 1979		Committee recommend bill as amended.
March 23, 1979		Printed and placed on members' desks.
March 24, 1979		Second reading do pass.
March 26, 1979		Considered correctly engrossed
March 27, 1979		Third reading passed.
	In the Ho	use
March 28, 1979		Introduced and referred to Committee on Taxation.
April 11, 1979		Committee recommend bill as amended.
April 12, 1979		Second reading concurred.
April 16, 1979		Third reading as amended.
	In the Se	nate

April 17, 1979 Returned from House, concurred as amended.

April 18, 1979

Second reading amendments

adopted.

On motion rules suspended. Bill placed on calendar for third reading this day. Third reading amendments

adopted.

Sent to enrolling.

April 20, 1979

Signed by the President.

Governor

April 20, 1979

Delivered to Governor.

May 15, 1979

Vetoed.

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO LOWER THE TAX RATE LATE ON MOST RESIDENTIAL, INDUSTRIAL, AND COMMERCIAL PROPERTY: MAYER AMENDING SECTIONS 15-6-112, 15-6-116, AND 15-6-119, MCA; REPEALING SECTION 15-7-121. MCA; AND PROVIDING FOR grand) APPLICABILITY AND AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA: Section 1. Section 15-6-112. MCA: is amended to read:

"15-6-112. Class eleven property -- description --

taxable percentage. (1) Class eleven property includes:

(a) all land except agricultural land meeting the qualification of 15-7-202;

- (b) all improvements except those included in classes fifteen and eighteen;
- (c) all trailers affixed to land owned, leased, or under contract for purchase by the trailer owner; and
 - (d) all mobile homes except:
- (i) those held by a distributor or dealer of mobile homes as part of his stock-in-trade; and
 - (ii) those included in class fifteen.
- 24 (2) Class eleven property is taxed at 124 5% of its
- 25 market value or--so--much--of--12%--es-is-determined-under

15-7-121v-whichever-is-less."

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Section 2. Section 15-6-116. MCA. is amended to read: *15-6-116. Class fifteen property -- description -taxable percentage. (1) Class fifteen property includes so much of the market value of any improvement on real property, a trailer affixed to land, or mobile home and appurtenant land not exceeding 5 acres as does not exceed \$35.000, when such dwelling and land are owned or under contract for deed and are actually occupied for at least 10 months per year as the primary residential dwelling of:

- (a) a widow or widower 62 years of age or older who qualifies under the income limitations of (c) of this subsection:
- (b) a widow or widower of any age with dependent children who qualifies under the income limitations of (c) of this subsection; or
- (c) a recipient or recipients of retirement or disability benefits whose total income from all sources is not more than \$7,000 for a single person or \$8,000 for a married couple.
- (2) (a) A person applying for classification of property under this class must make an affidavit to the department of revenue on a form provided by the department without cost as to:
 - (i) his income, if applicable;

SB 142 INTRODUCED BILL

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LC 0898/01 LC 0898/01

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(1 1	1 NIS	retirement	Deneritse	1 T	applicable;

(iii) his marital status, if applicable;

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- (iv) the fact that he maintains the land and improvements as his primary residential dwellings; and
- (v) such other information as is relevant to the applicant's eligibility.
 - (b) This application must be made before March 1 of the year after the applicant becomes eligible under this classification.
 - (c) For the purpose of the affidavit required for classification of property under this class, it shall be sufficient if the applicant signs a statement swearing to or affirming the correctness of the information supplied, whether or not the statement is signed before a person authorized to administer oaths, and mails the application and statement to the department of revenue. This signed statement shall be treated as a statement under oath or equivalent affirmation for the purposes of 45-7-202, relating to the criminal offense of false swearing.
 - (3) Class fifteen property is taxed at 6% 2.5% of its market value or-se-much-of-6%-es-is-determined-under 15-7-121y-whichever-is-less.**
- Section 3. Section 15-6-119. MCA. is amended to read:

 4 #15-6-119. Class eighteen property -- description -
 25 taxable percentage. (1) Class eighteen property includes:

- 1 (a) a dwelling house and the lot on which it is 2 erected, owned and occupied by a resident of the state who:
- 3 (i) has been honorably discharged from active service
 4 in any branch of the armed services; and
 - (ii) is rated 100% disabled due to a service-connected disability by the United States veterans* administration or its successor. In the event of the veteran*s death, the dwelling house and the lot on which it is erected shall remain in this class as long as the surviving spouse remains unmarried and the owner and occupant of the property.
 - (b) all property used and owned by cooperative rural electrical and cooperative rural telephone associations as provided in (2)(a) of this section;
 - (c) air pollution control equipment as defined in this section: and
- 16 (d) new industrial property as defined in this
 17 section.
 - electrical and cooperative rural telephone associations organized under the laws of Montana is included in this class, except that when less than 95% of the electricity consumers or telephone users within the incorporated limits of a city or town are served by the cooperative organization, the property is included in class eighteen.
- 25 (b) "Air pollution control equipment" means

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LC 0898/01

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facilities, machinery, or equipment, attached or unattached to real property, utilized to reduce, eliminate, control, or prevent air pollution. The department of health and environmental sciences determines if such utilization is being made.

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- (c) "New industrial property" means any new industrial plant, including land, buildings, machinery, and fixtures, except mobile machinery, which is used by a new industry during the first 3 years of its operation. The property may not have been assessed prior to July 1, 1961, within the state of Montana.
- 12 (i) New industrial property is limited to industries that: 13
- 14 (A) manufacture, mill, mine, produce, process, or fabricate materials:
 - (B) do similar work, employing capital and labor, in which materials unserviceable in their natural state are extracted, processed, or made fit for use or are substantially altered or treated so as to create commercial products or materials; or
 - (C) engage in the mechanical chemical transformation of materials or substances into new products in the manner defined as manufacturing in the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification Manual prepared by the United States office of management and budget.

- 1 (ii) New industrial property does not include:
- 2 (A) property used by retail or wholesale merchants. commercial services of any type, agriculture, trades, or professions;
- (B) a plant that will create adverse impact on existing state, county, or municipal services; or
- 7 (C) property used or employed in any industrial plant that has been in operation in this state for 3 years or Я longer.
- 10 (d) "New industry" means any person, corporation, 11 firm, partnership, association, or other group that 12 establishes a new plant or plants in Montana for the 13 operation of a new industrial endeavor, as distinguished 14 from a mere expansion, reorganization, or merger of an 15 existing industry or industries.

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(3) The department of revenue shall promulgate rules for the determination of what constitutes an adverse impact, taking into consideration the number of people to be employed and the size of the community in which the location is contemplated. Any person, firm, or other group seeking to qualify its property for inclusion in this class shall make application to the department in such a manner and form as the department requires. Once the department has made an initial determination that the industrial facility qualifies as new industrial property, the department shall then, upon

proper notice, hold a hearing to determine if the new industrial classification should be retained by the property. The local taxing authority may appear at the hearing and may waive its objection to retention of this classification if the industry agrees to the prepayment of taxes sufficient to satisfy tax requirements created by the location and construction of the facility during the construction period. When a prepayment of taxes is required, the maximum amount of prepayment shall be the amount of tax the industry would have paid without the application of the class seven percentage to such property.

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- (4) If a major new industrial facility qualifies under class eighteen, the reduction of its yearly payment of property taxes for reimbursement of its prepaid taxes as provided for in 15-16-201 does not begin until the class eighteen qualification expires.
- (5) Class eighteen property shall be taxed at ?=8% of its market value orv--in-the-case-of-property-classified under-(1)(a)--of--this--sectionv--so--much--of--2+8%--as--is determined under-15-7-121v whichever-is-less-*
- 21 Section 4. Repealer. Section 15-7-121. MCA. is 22 repealed.
- 23 Section 5. Effective date and applicability. This act
 24 is effective on passage and approval and applies to taxable
 25 years beginning after December 31, 1978.

-End-

STATE OF MONTANA

RF	OHE	ST NO	. 3	6-	79
nc	uve:	SI NEL	1v	v	<i> </i>

FISCAL NOTE

Form BD-15

	In compliance with a written request received <u>January 19</u> , 19 79, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note
	for Senate B111 142 pursuant to Chapter 53, Laws of Montana, 1965 - Thirty-Ninth Legislative Assembly.
t,	Background information used in developing this Fiscal Note is available from the Office of Budget and Program Planning, to members
	of the Legislature upon request.

DESCRIPTION

This bill would lower the tax rate on most residential, industrial, and commercial property and provides for applicability and an immediate effective date.

ASSUMPTIONS

- 1) The taxable value of the state will increase 5% per year.
- 2) The effect of this bill is to reduce the taxable value of the state by 14.3%.
- 3) The local government levy for all areas is 200 mills.
- 4) The state levy for the University System is 6 mills.

FISCAL IMPACT

6 mill university levy	FY 80	<u>FY 81</u>
under current law under proposed law	\$9,879,837 8,467,010	\$10,373,828 8,890,371
Estimated Decrease	(\$1,412,827)	(\$ 1,483,457)

EFFECT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENTS

This bill would cause local governments to lose \$47.1 M in FY80 and \$49.4 M in FY81. A county by county analysis, using 1978 data, is contained on the attached sheet.

LONG-RANGE EFFECTS

This proposal would decrease the taxable value of the state by 14% each year the bill is in effect.

PREPARED BY DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

BUDGET DIRECTOR

Office of Budget and Program Planning

b	Current Law	Proposed Law		Current Law	Proposed Law
Beaverhead	15,037,659	13,376,104	McCone	10,839,961	10,151,658
Big Horn	58,441,302	56,244,741	Meagher	5,008,686	4,575,270
Blaine	23,279,269	22,358,570	Mineral	4,785,648	4,001,567
Broadwater	6,611,199	5,881,350	Missoula	115,361,385	84,864,426
Carbon	19,796,421	17,509,499	Musselshell	13,470,010	12,681,563
Carter	7,175,092	6,796,503	Park	16,431,009	13,183,620
, Cascade	93,150,492	71,767,474	Petroleum	2,799,172	2,687,302
Chouteau	26,792,694	25,135,528	Phillips	14,549,041	13,215,321
Custer	19,259,990	15,719,603	Pondera	18,690,518	17,047,225
Daniels	7,912,488	7,134,418	Powder River	76,802,794	76,278,132
Dawson	20,138,547	17,182,705	Powell	11,561,491	10,066,812
Deerlodge	18,505,944	15,733,047	Prairie	5,000,428	4 ,64 5,626
Fallon	34,276,491	33,376,230	Ravalli	21,862,328	17,829,457
Fergus	22,271,837	19,850,987	Richland	41,909,574	39,760,786
Flathead	77,720,699	58,362,978	Roosevelt	22,043,043	20,188,856
Gallatin	52,068,881	41,186,719	Rosebud	82,768,264	81,441,255
Garfield	6,254,155	5,947,613	Sanders	18,843,069	15,999,903
Glacier	32,122,376	30,521,853	Sheridan	19,395,309	18,145,972
, Golden Valle	_{ey} 3,872,766	3,650,216	Silver Bow	54,809,850	45,537,482
Granite	5,292,364	4,735,231	Stillwater	12,018,764	10,746,620
H111	35,688,600	31,060,844	Sweet Grass	6,746,691	5,943,711
Jefferson	8,824,416	7,590,389	Teton	16,178,032	14,750,516
Judith Basin	n 9,504,561	8,896,023	Toole	26,687,372	25,172,285
Lake	26,401,108	20,304,772	Treasure	3,653,626	3,481,245
Lewis & Cla		41,831,485	Valley	20,303,536	17,781,746
Liberty	12,825,042	11,912,398	Wheatland	5,002,876	4,618,511
Lincoln	26,114,037	21,772,000	Wibaux	7,824,745	7,490,174
Madison	14,730,953	12,748,089	Yellowstone	175,236,181	132,566,351
			COUNTY TOTAL	1,568,228,032	1,343,440,761

Place that To Figural note on SB1421

SB 0142/02

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Approved by Committee on <u>Texation</u>

1	SENATE BILL NO. 142
2	INTRODUCED BY FABREGA, ROSKIE, RAMIREZ, HEMSTAD,
3	KEYSER, NORDTVEDT, MOORE, MARKS, HURWITZ, ELLISON,
4	THOFT, TURNAGE, SIVERTSEN, LUND, IVERSON, STOBLE,
5	KOLSTAD, NATHE, PORTER, MEYER, ELLIS, SCHULTZ,
6	ERNST, GODDOVER, RASMUSSEN, JOHNSTON, FAGG, LOWE,
7	HAGER, CURTISS, JENSEN, VINGER, SEIFERT, BURNETT,
. 8	WYRICK, HAYNE, KROPP, UNDERDAL, GALT, O'HARA,
9	AKLESTAD. NELSON, OLSON, E. SMITH. SPILKER
10	LENSINK, STORY, HARRINGTON, HUENNEKENS
11	
12	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO LOWER-THE-TAX-RATE
13	ONMOSTRESIDENTIAL+INDUSTRIAL+-AND-COMMERCIAL-PROPERTY;
14	AMENDING-SECTIONS-15-6-112415-6-1164AND15-6-1194MCA3
15	REPEALING5EETION15-7-121MEA:ANDPROVIDINGFOR
16	APPLICABILITY-AND-ANIMMEDIATEEFFECTIVEDATE LIMIT_THE
17	TAXABLE VALUE ON MOST RESIDENTIAL, INDUSTRIAL, AND
18	COMMERCIAL PROPERTY TO 5% OF ITS TRUE BARKET VALUE: AND
19	PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."
20	Refer to Introduced Bill
21	(Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert:)
22	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Limitation on taxable value.
23	(1) The taxable value as determined under the provisions of
24	15-8-111 of property in 15-6-112, 15-6-116, and
25	15-6-119(1)(a) may not exceed 5% of its true market value.

(2) "True market value" means the most current value at which property would change hands between a willing buyer and a willing seller, neither being under any compulsion to buy or sell and both having reasonable knowledge of relevant facts.

5 Section 2. Effective date. This act is effective on 7 passage and approval and applies to taxable years beginning 8 after December 31. 1978.

-End-

46th Legislature SB 0142/02

1	SENATE BILL NO. 142
2	INTRODUCED BY FABREGA, ROSKIE, RAMIREZ, HEMSTAD,
3	KEYSER, NORDTVEDT, MOORE, MARKS, HURWITZ, ELLISON,
4	THOFT, TURNAGE, SIVERTSEN, LUND, IVERSON, STOBLE,
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9	AKLESTAD, NELSON, OLSON, E. SMITH, SPILKER
10	LENSINK, STORY, HARRINGTON, HUENNEKENS
11	
12	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO LOWER-THETAXRATE
13	ONMOSTRESIDENTIALyINDUSTRIALy-AND-COMMCREIAL-PROPERTY:
14	AMENDING-SECTIONS-15-6-112y15-6-116yAND15-6-119yMEA;
15	REPEALINGSECTION15-7-121HEA:ANDPROVIDINGFOR
16	APPLICABILITY-AND-ANIMMEDIATEEFFECTIVEDATE LIMIT_THE
17	IAXABLE VALUE ON MOST RESIDENTIAL. INDUSTRIAL. AND
18	COMMERCIAL PROPERTY TO 5% OF ITS TRUE MARKET VALUE: AND
19	PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."
20	Refer to Introduced Bill
21	(Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert:)
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23	(1) The taxable value as determined under the provisions of
24	15-8-111 of property in 15-6-112, 15-6-116, and
25	15-6-119(1)(a) may not exceed 5% of its true market value.

at which property would change hands between a willing buyer
and a willing seller, neither being under any compulsion to
buy or sell and both having reasonable knowledge of relevant
facts.

Section 2. Effective date. This act is effective on
passage and approval and applies to taxable years beginning
after December 31, 1978.

(2) "True market value" means the most current value

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SB 0142/02

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1	SENATE BILL NO. 142
2	INTRODUCED BY FABREGA, ROSKIE, RAMIREZ, HEMSTAD,
3	KEYSER, MORDTVEDT, MODRE, MARKS, HURWITZ, ELLISON,
4	THOFT, TURNAGE, SIVERTSEN, LUND, IVERSON, STOBLE,
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14	AMENDING-SECTIONS-15-6-112y15-6-116yAND15-6-119yMCA?
15	REPEALING Section15-7-121yHCA1ANDPROVIDINGFOR
16	APPLICABILITY-AND-ANIMMEDIATEEFFECTIVEBATE LIBIT THE
17	IAXABLE VALUE ON MOST RESIDENTIAL. INDUSTRIAL. AND
18	COMMERCIAL PROPERTY TO 5% OF ITS CURRENT YEAR TRUE MARKET
19	YALUE: AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.
20	Refer to Introduced Bill
21	(Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert:)
22	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Limitation on taxable value.
23	(1) The taxable value as determined under the provisions of
24	15-8-111 of property in 15-6-112, 15-6-116, and
25	15-6-119(1)(a) may not exceed 5% of its true market value.

(2) "True market value" means the mest current YEAR

MARKET value at which property would change hands between a
wilting buyer and a willing seller, neither being under any
compulsion to buy or sell and both having reasonable
knowledge of relevant facts.

Section 2. Effective date. This act is effective on
passage and approval and applies to taxable years beginning

-End-

after December 31, 1978.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES April 11, 1979

Committee on Taxation Amendments to Senate Bill No. 142, third reading copy, as follows:

1. Title, line 18. Following: "ITS" Insert: "CURRENT YEAR"

2. Page 2, line 1.
Following: "the"
Strike: "most"
Following: "current"
Insert: "year market"

AND AS AMENDED BE CONCURRED IN

The Big Sky Country



MONTANA STATE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

W.J. FABREGA (R)
REPRESENTATIVE DIST. #44
COMMITTEES:
HIGHWAYS & TRANSPORTATION
HUMAN SERVICES
TAXATION

HOME ADDRESS: 312 GRIZZLY DRIVE GREAT FALLS, MT, 59404

May 14, 1979

The Honorable Thomas L. Judge Governor of the State of Municipa Capi of Building Heleva, Montana 59501

Dear Covernor Judge:

As chief co-sponsor of Senate Bill 142, I am hereby requesting that you veto this bill in view of the information that has surfaced since the legislature adjourned regarding the loss of some 3.2 million dollars of income to local governments from the taxation of mobile homes and the additional loss of revenue to the school foundation mill levy and the University mill levy. It is most unfortunate for all the property tax payers of Montana that this matter was not pointed out by the Department of Revenue during the hearings held on this bill. It is, therefore, with great regret that I request that you veto Senate Bill 142, which, in my opinion, would have provided the property tax payers of Montana, as well as the County and State Tax Appeal Boards, with a formula with which to determine an equitable application of property tax in Montana.

Again, I want to thank you for your personal telephone call of last Friday to discuss the problems that had been brought to your attention regarding this bill.

Very truly yours,

W. Way Fabrega

House District #4

WJF/jpf

State of Montana Office of The Governor Melona 59601

THOMAS L. JUDGE

May 14, 1979

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The Honorable William Mathers President of the Senate State Capitol Helena, Montana 59601

The Honorable Harold Gerke Speaker of the House State Capitol Helena, Montana 59601

Dear President Mathers and Speaker Gerke:

In accordance with the power vested in me as Governor pursuant to the laws and the Constitution of the State of Montana, I hereby veto Senate Bill No. 142, "AN ACT TO LIMIT THE VALUE ON MOST RESIDENTIAL, INDUSTRIAL, AND COMMERCIAL PROPERTY TO 5% OF ITS CURRENT YEAR TRUE MARKET VALUE: AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."

Senate Bill No. 142 was presented to the Legislature as a limitation on property assessments which would have no immediate effect on local government revenues. It now appears that there would be a 42% reduction in revenues from mobile homes caused by the 5% limitation together with confusion as to what the bill really means.

This legislation would not reduce assessments on most real property since its taxable value is less than 5% of current value. Moreover, taxable value will not reach this limit in the foreseeable future. Thus, for most people the bill holds an empty promise of relief. However, because of the effect on mobile homes, local tax bases will be eroded and mill levies will necessarily rise, shifting the tax burden to other kinds of property. The tax relief implied, turns out to be a tax increase for the majority.

The sponsor of Senate Bill No. 142, numerous legislators who voted for it, a broad cross section of county commissioners, mayors, local officials and school boards, have now asked for my veto. While I continue to support the concept of property tax limitation, I am convinced that this bill is not the proper vehicle for it. It will cause immediate dislocations in local government budgets; administrative entanglements in revising assessments already made; and foster litigation to clarify its effects.

For these reasons, I veto Senate Bill No. 142.

Sincerely,

THOMAS L. JUQGE

Governor

cc: Honorable Frank Murray