SENATE BILL 23

IN THE SENATE

January 3, 1979

Introduced and referred to Committee on Local Government.

April 20, 1979

Died in Committee.

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2 INTRODUCED BY Jergeson Statt

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO GENERALLY REVISE AND AMEND THE LAWS RELATING TO LOCAL GOVERNMENT FOR CONSISTENCY WITH SENATE BILLS 11 THROUGH 22 OF THE 46TH LEGISLATURE; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

NEW SECTION. Section 1. Liberal construction. The rule of law that the powers of a local government shall be strictly construed has no application to the powers of local governments in Montana. Any reasonable doubt as to the existence of a power or authority granted by law to local government shall be resolved in favor of the power or authority*s existence.

NEW SECTION. Section 2. Powers vested in governing body. Unless otherwise provided or the context otherwise requires, all powers granted to local governments by law shall be vested in the governing body of the local government.

NEW SECTION: Section 3. Transition. (1) This [act] shall not affect the validity of any bond, debt, contract, obligation, or cause of action accrued prior to [the effective date of this act]. The governing body may have the

power and duty to do all things required by prior law or by covenants and agreements entered into pursuant to such laws for the security of any such bond, debt, contract, or obligation.

- (2) All ordinances, resolutions, regulations, and interlocal agreements in effect [at the time this act becomes effective] shall continue in effect until repealed or amended in the manner provided by law.
- (3) Each officer or employee affected by the 10 reorganization of local government under this [act] is entitled to all rights which he possessed as a local 11 12 government officer or employee before [the effective date of 13 this act), including rights to tenure in position and of rank or grade, rights to vacation and sick pay and leave, 14 rights under any retirement or personnel plan or labor union 16 contract, rights to compensatory time earned, and any other 17 under any law, ordinance, resolution, 18 administrative policy. This section is not intended to 19 create any new rights for any officer or employee but to 20 continue only those rights in effect before [the effective 21 date of this actl.
 - (4) All local government officers and employees holding offices or positions, whether elective or appointive, on [the effective date of this act] shall continue in the performance of the duties of their

respective offices and positions until provision is made for the continued performance of the duties; the discontinuance of such duties; the discontinuance or combination of such office or position; the transfer of the officer or employee to another position; or the termination of employment of the employee.

NEW SECTIONs Section 4. State technical advice and assistance. (1) All state agencies are authorized and encouraged to provide technical assistance to local governments.

- (2) The technical assistance services shall not include those that can be as reasonably and expeditiously obtained through business channels.
- (3) State agencies are encouraged to develop the capacity to provide technical advice and assistance without charge to local governments, but they are also encouraged to establish service charges for special or extraordinary technical advice.
- (4) The department of community affairs shall coordinate technical advice and assistance provided to local governments by state agencies.
- (5) State agencies may lend personnel, equipment, and machinery to local governments.
- NEW_SECTIONs Section 5. Penalty. (1) The failure of an officer or employee to perform a duty imposed by law or

ordinance is of icial misconduct as defined in 45-7-401 and may be punished as such.

(2) Where a local government is required by state law to provide information to a state agency and fails to provide the required information, the department of community affairs may issue an order stopping payment of any state financial aid to the local government. Upon provision of the information, all financial aid which was stopped because of failure to provide the information shall be paid to the local government.

MEM_SECTIONs Section 6. Public servants. All local government officers and employees are public servants for the purpose of determining the offense of obstructing a public servant as provided in 45-7-302.

NEW SECTION. Section 7. Local government legislation. All local government legislation shall be consistent with the organization and terminology of state law and retain the constitutional distinction between general government powers, self-government powers, and duties of all local governments as agents of the state.

MEM_SECTION. Section 8. Joint procedures. If two or more local governments act jointly, they may jointly perform any procedures required by law or the governing body of a local government may delegate to another local government the responsibility for complying with administrative

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procedures such as publication or mailing of notices, but any public hearing shall be conducted by the respective governing bodies in their own jurisdiction or jointly and any final action shall be taken by each local government individually.

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NEW SECTIONs Section 9. General definitions. In this [act], unless otherwise provided or the context requires a technical or other interpretation, the following definitions apply:

- (1) "Appointing authority" means the chief executive or officer of the local government empowered by the plan of government to appoint or remove specified officers, employees, or board members of the local government.
- (2) "Apportionment plan" means a certificate prepared by a governing body or a study commission that contains the districts for electing members of the governing body.
- (3) "Authority" means any one of the independent authorities or districts which a local government is authorized to create by [section 75 of SB 12].
- (4) "Board member" means a person appointed to an administrative or advisory board as provided in {section 53 of SB 121.
- (5) "Budget administrator" means the person or persons designated by the governing body to perform the duties prescribed in [section 41 through section 56 of SB 22].

- (6) "Business" includes all kinds of vocations, occupations, professions, enterprises, establishments, and all other kinds of activities any of which are conducted for private profit or benefit, either directly or indirectly.
- (7) "Charter" means a written document defining the powers, structure, privileges, rights, and duties of the government and limitations thereon.
 - (8) "Chief executive" means the elected executive in a government adopting the commission—executive form, the manager in a government adopting the commission—manager form, the chairman in a government adopting the commission—chairman form, the town chairman in a government adopting the town meeting form, the commission acting as a body in a government adopting the commission form, or the officer or officers so designated in the charter in a government adopting a charter.
- (9) "Civil attorney" means the person designated by the governing body as the legal counsel for the local government as provided in [section 74 of SB 12].
- 20 (10) "Clerk of the governing body" means the person
 21 appointed by the governing body to perform clerical and
 22 other assigned duties to assist the governing body.
- 23 (11) "Commission" means the governing body of a local
 24 government established by the plan of government.
- 25 (12) "Commissioner" means a member of the local

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- (13) "Confederation" means a form of local government that provides for the distribution of the governmental authority between a county and one or more of the municipalities which are located within the county.
- (14) "Consolidation" means the joinder of one or more municipalities with one or more counties to form a single local government that is both a municipality and a county for all purposes.
- (15) "Consolidation plan" means a certificate prepared by a study commission that contains the plan for consolidation of existing local governments.
- (16) "County" means an entity recognized as such by Article XI, section 1, of the Montana constitution.
- (17) "County boundary" means an imaginary line defining the limits of a county.
- (18) "County merger" means a form of local government that provides for the joinder of the corporate existence and government of two or more counties.
- (19) "Elections administrator" means the parson designated as the registrar by the governing body as provided in Title 13.
- (20) "Elector" means a resident of the local government
 qualified and registered to yote under state law.
 - (21) "Emergency" means an unexpected condition that

- 1 Pxists which __mincntly affects public health+ welfare+ and
 2 safety+
- 3 (22) "Employee" means a person other than an officer4 who is employed by a local government.
 - (23) "Executive branch" means that part of the local government, including departments, offices, and boards, charged with implementing actions approved and administering policies adopted by the governing body of the local government or performing the dities required in [section 33 through section 92 of SB 21].
 - (24) "Extraterritorial area" refers to the area beyond the municipal limits of an incorporated municipality bounded by those limits and an imaginary line paralleling the municipal limits at a distance of 5 miles within which the incorporated municipality may provide specified services and facilities and exercise designated regulatory powers.
- 17 (25) "Facility" means a building, property, physical
 18 improvement or system, or structural device that facilitates
 19 the delivery of a service.
- 20 (26) "Finance administrator" means the person or 21 persons designated under [section 57 of SB 22].
 - (27) "Folio" means 100 words, counting every two figures necessarily used as a word, or any portion of a folio, when in the whole paper there is not a complete folio; and when there is an excess over the last folio

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exceeding one-half, it may be computed as a folio.

(28) "Form" means a specific and formal governmental organization authorized as an alternative form of government by Title 7, part 3.

(29) "Franchise" means an exclusive public privilege or right granted by a local government to an individual corporation, or any other public or private entity in the manner prescribed by [section 61 of SB 12].

(30) "Governing body" means the commission or town meeting legislative body established in the alternative form of local government.

(31) "Guideline" means a suggested or recommended standard or procedure to serve as an index of comparison and is not enforceable as a regulation.

(32) "Jurisdictional area" refers, in the case of municipalities, to the area within the municipal limits and the extraterritorial area within which the municipality is providing any service or facilities or exercising any regulatory powers. In the case of counties, it refers to the entire geographical area enclosed within the county boundaries.

(33) "Law" means a statute enacted by the legislature of Montana and approved and signed by the governor or a statute adopted by the people of Montana through statutery initiative procedures.

1 (34) *Local court* means a justice court, municipal
2 court, or small claims court.

3 (35) "Local government" means either a municipality, a
4 county, or a consolidated or confederated unit of
5 government.

6 {36} "Local improvement district" means an area within
7 a local government established as provided in [section 90 of
8 SB 12] with specific boundaries in which property is
9 specially assessed to pay for a specific capital improvement
10 benefiting the property assessed.

11 . (37) "Lot" includes the word "percel" or portion of a
12 lot or parcel.

13 (38) "May" confers a power.

14 (39) "Merger" means the joinder into a single unit of
15 two or more like units of local government. If two counties
16 merge, the resultant entity is a single county. If two
17 municipalities merge, the resultant entity is a
18 municipality.

(40) "Metropolitan service area", which may be established by agreement of municipal and county governing bodies as provided in [section 60 of SB 14], refers to the jurisdictional area of a municipality and any area beyond the extraterritorial area within which a municipality is authorized to provide any service or exercise any regulatory power.

(41) "Multicounty agency" means any organization authorized by state law consisting of two or more counties which is created or required to be created to provide and coordinate services. Participating local governments may provide funding or members to serve on a board, if there is a board, or both.

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- (42) "Municipal limits" means the corporate boundary of an incorporated municipality.
- (43) "Municipality" or "municipal" means an entity which incorporates as provided by [section 47 through section 65 of SB 11] or which was incorporated under the provisions of any prior law as a city or town.
- (44) *Uffice of the local government* means: the permanent location of the seat of government from which the records administrator carries out his duties or the office of the clerk of the governing body where one is appointed.
- (45) "Officer" means a person holding a position with a local government which is ordinarily filled by election and in those local governments with a manager, the manager.
- (46) "Ordinance" means an act adopted and approved by a local government through the procedures in [section 56 of \$8 12] and having effect only within the jurisdiction of the local government.
- (47) "Owner", "record owner", or "owner of record"

 weans owner of record or purchaser of record.

- 1 (48) "Per dies" means actual cost of or a fixed rate
 2 for meals, lodging, and incidental expenses.
- (49) "Person" wans any individual, firm, partnership.
 company, corporation, trust, trustee, assignee or other
 representative, association, or other organized group.
 - (50) "Personal property" seans tangible property other than real property, such as merchandise and stock in trade, machinery and equipment, furniture and fixtures, motor vehicles and vehicles, boats, vessels, and aircraft.
- 10 (51) "Plan of government" means a certificate submitted
 11 by a study commission, a governing body, or petition from
 12 the provisions of Title 7, part 3, that documents the basic
 13 form of government selected including all applicable
 14 suboptions. The plan must establish the terms of all
 15 officers and the number of commissioners, if any, to be
 16 elected.
- 17 (52) "Plat" means a graphical representation of a tract
 18 of annexed land, a townsite, or a subdivision showing the
 19 division of land into lots, parcels, blocks, trafficways,
 20 and other divisions and dedications.
- 21 (53) "Political subdivision" refers to a local 22 government, authority, school district, or multicounty 23 agency.
- 24 (54) "Population" means the number of inhabitants as
 25 determined by an official federal, state, or local census or

official	population	esti m ate	approved	bу	the	department	of
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- (55) "Printed" means the act of reproducing a design on a surface by any process as defined by 1-1-203(3).
 - (56) "Property" means real and personal property.
- (57) "Prosecuting attorney" means the person designated by each county governing body to perform the duties described in [section 53 of SB 21].
 - [58] "Public agency" means a political subdivision.

 Indian tribal council, state and federal department or office, and the Dominion of Canada or any provincial department or office or political subdivision thereof.
 - (59) "Public property" means any and all property owned by a local government or held in the name of a local government by any of the departments, boards, or authorities of the local government.
 - (60) "Real property" means lands, structures, buildings, and interests in land, including lands under water and riparian rights, and all things and rights usually included within the term real property, including not only fee simple absolute but also all lesser interests such as easements, rights-of-way, uses, leases, licenses, and all other incorporeal hereditaments and every estate, interest, or right, legal or equitable, pertaining to real property.

 (61) "Records administrator" means the person

- designated by the governing body as the individual responsible for keeping the records which [section 36 through section 43 of SB 21] requires be kept.
- (62) "Reproduced" means the act of reproducing a design on any surface by any process.
- 6 (63) "Resolution" means a statement of policy by the 7 governing body or an order by the governing body that a 8 specific action be taken.
- 9 (64) "School district" means any territory, regardless
 10 of county boundaries, organized under the provisions of
 11 Title 20 to provide public educational services under the
 12 jurisdiction of the trustees prescribed by that title.
- 13 (65) "Service" means an authorized function or activity
 14 performed by local government.
- 15 (66) "Shall" imposes a duty, is always mandatory, and 16 is not merely directory.
- 17 (67) "Structure" means the entire governmental
 18 organization through which a local government carries out
 19 its duties, functions, and responsibilities.
- 20 (68) "Study commission" means a local government study
 21 commission established pursuant to [section 33 through
 22 section 49 of SB 12].
- 23 (69) "Study commissioner" means an elected or appointed
 24 member of a local government study commission.

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(70) "Subordinate service district" means an area

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within a local government, established as provided in [section 81 of SB 12], with specific boundaries in which cartain services are carried out and in which taxes may be levied to finance the service.

(71) "Tribal council" means the governing body of an Indian reservation.

NEW SECTION. Section 10. Administrative rules. The governing body may by ordinance authorize the chief executive to adopt administrative rules. All administrative rules shall be entered in an administrative code that shall be available in the office of the local government.

NEW SECTION. Section 11. Publish notice. (1) Unless otherwise specifically provided, when a local government is required to publish notice, publications shall be in a newspaper, except that in a municipality with a population of 500 or less or in which no newspaper is published, publication may be made by posting in three public places in the municipality which have been designated by ordinance.

- (2) The newspaper shall be:
- 20 (a) of general paid circulation with a second-class
 21 mailing permit;
 - (b) published at least once a week;
- 23 (c) published in the county;

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(d) published continuously in the county for the 12
 months preceding the awarding of the contract.

- 1 (3) In a county where no newspaper meets these
 2 qualifications, publication shall be made in a qualified
 3 newspaper in an adjicent county.
- 4 (4) If a person is required by law or ordinance to pay
 5 for publication, the payment must be received before the
 6 publication shall be made.

NEW SECTION. Section 12. Notice. Unless otherwise specifically provided, when notice of a hearing or other official act is required, the following shall apply:

- (1) The notice shall be published two times with at least 6 days separating each publication. The first publication shall be no more than 21 days prior to the action and the last no less than 3 days prior to the action.
 - (2) The published notice shall contain:
- 15 (a) the date, time, and place at which the hearing or
 16 other action will occur;
 - (b) a brief statement of the action to be taken;
 - (c) the address and telephone number of the person who can be contacted for further information on the action to be taken; and
- 21 (d) any other information required by the specific
 22 section requiring notice.
- 23 [3] A published notice required by law may be 24 supplemented by a radio or television broadcast of the 25 notice in the manner prescribed in 20-3-105 through

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- NEW SECTION: Section 13. Mail notice. (1) Unless otherwise specifically provided, when a local government is required to give notice of a hearing or other official act by mail; the requirement may be met by:
- 6 (a) deposit of the notice properly addressed in the 7 United States mail with postage paid at the first-class 8 rate:
 - (b) sending the notice by registered or certified mail rather than first class; or
- 11 (c) mailing the notice at the bulk rate instead of
 12 first class when notice is to be given by mail to all
 13 electors or residents of a local government.
- 14 (2) The notice shall contain:
- 15 (a) the date; time; and place at which the hearing or 16 other action will be taken;
- (b) a brief statement of the action to be taken;
- (c) the address and telephone number of the person who can be contacted for further information on the action to be taken; and
- (d) any other information required by the specificsection requiring mail notice.
- 23 (3) When notice by mail is required, the requirement 24 shall apply only to persons whose addresses are known.
- 25 NEW SECTION, Section 14. Petition. (1) Whenever a

- petition is authorized, unless the section authorizing the
 patition establishes different criteria, it shall be valid
 if it is signed by 15% of the electors of the local
 quernment and meets the following requirements:
 - (a) contains a statement of the purpose for which it is circulated sufficient to meet the specific Criteria set out in the section authorizing the petition;
- 8 (b) each signature is followed by the printed name of 9 the signar; the address of the signer's place of residence, 10 and the date of the signing; and
- 11 . (c) the petition contains the date it was first
 12 circulated and a statement that all signatures must be
 13 collected within 90 days of that date.
 - (2) Unless otherwise provided, all petitions shall be filed with the county elections administrator who shall determine the sufficiency of the signatures. No petition filed after the deadline for filing the petition, if any, shall be considered.
- 19 (3) Within 10 working days of the date the petition
 20 was filed, the county elections administrator shall
 21 determine the adequacy of the petition.
- 22 (4) Inadequate petitions shall be returned but way be 23 amended or supplementary signatures may be obtained and the 24 petition may be refiled prior to the deadline for filing the 25 petition.

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- (5) Within 10 days of its second filing, the elections administrator shall again determine the adequacy of the petition. If it is still determined inadequate, it shall be rejected without prejudice to the filing of a new petition to the same effect.
- (6) If a petition is determined adequate, the elections administrator shall certify its adequacy and submit it to the governing body without delay.
- (7) A person may in writing withdraw his signature from a previously filed petition at any time prior to final action of the governing body.
- (8) The department of community affairs in cooperation with the secretary of state shall prepare and provide each county and municipality with:
 - (a) a standard petition form;

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- (b) sample petition forms for initiatives:
 referendums, and recall elections; and
- (c) sample petition forms for creation of subordinate service districts and local improvement districts.
- (9) Each county and municipality shall make available to the public on request sample petition forms.
- NEW SECTION. Section 15. Public hearing. (1) When required, the governing body shall conduct public hearings for the purpose of providing reasonable opportunity for citizen participation prior to final decisions.

- 1 (2) At a minimum, a public hearing shall provide for submission of both oral and written testimony for and against the action of matter at issue. If the hearing is not held before the ultimate decision makers, provision shall be made for the transmittal of a summary or transcript of the testimony received to the ultimate decision makers prior to their determination.
 - (3) Public hearings may be held at regular or special meetings of the governing body.
 - (4) Patitions and letters received by the governing body or executive prior to the hearing shall be entered by reference into the minutes of the governing body and considered as other testimony received at the hearing.
- 14 (5) Hearings may be adjourned from day to day or to a
 15 date certain.
- 16 (6) Except for budget hearings, the governing body or
 17 boards may designate a subcommittee or hearings examiner to
 18 conduct public hearings.
- 19 (7) When a joint hearing between the governing bodies 20 of a county and a municipality is authorized, the county 21 shall be responsible for conducting the hearing.
- NEW SECTION. Section 16. Protest. (1) Whenever a protest is authorized, it is sufficient if it is in writing, signed, and contains the following:
- 25 (a) a description of the action protested sufficient

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- (b) a statement of the protester's qualifications to protest the action against which the protest is lodged. Including ownership of property affected by the action; and
 - (c) the address of the person protestingo

- (2) Protests shall be submitted as provided by law and ordinance. The person receiving protests for a local government shall note on each protest the date it was received.
- (3) A protest which contains the required information may be signed by more than one person. A protest signed by more than one person is a valid protest by each signer.
- (4) A person may in writing withdraw a previously filed protest at any time prior to final action by the governing body.
- (5) Signers are encouraged to print their names after their signatures.
- MEN SECTION. Section 17. Signatures. (1) The signatures and addresses on petitions shall be the same as the signatures and addresses on voter registration cards and, if not registered or if not required by law to be an elector, their common signature.
- (2) The signatures on protests and waivers shall be the accepted common signatures.
 - NEW SECTION. Section 18. Rights on behalf of

government or corporation. The chief executive of a local government or political subdivision of the state, the responsible agent of a federal or state agency, or the chief executive officer of a corporation may exercise the right of petition, protest, or voting on behalf of property owned by the government or corporation.

NEW TECTIONs Section 19. Postings (1) The governing body shall specify by resolution a public location for posting information and shall order erected a suitable posting boards

(2) When posting is required, a copy of the document shall be placed on the posting board, and a copy shall be available at the local government office.

HEM SECTION. Section 20. Oaths and marriages. The chief executive, chairman of the legislative body, municipal judges, justices of the peace, and judges of small claims court may administer oaths and solemnize marriages. The clerk of the district court and all elected local government officers, except members of the governing body, may administer oaths.

NEW SECTION. Section 21. Oath of office. Every elected local government official shall take the oath of office prescribed in Article III. section 4. of the Montana constitution. The oath of office, certified by the official before whom the same was taken, shall be filed with the

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election administrator before the officer exercises any official duties.

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- NEW SECTION. Section 22. Waiver of mail notice or protest. (1) If all persons entitled to mail notice waive in writing the mail notice requirement, the governing body may proceed without the required mail notice.
- (2) If all persons entitled to protest an action waive in writing their right to protest, the governing body may proceed without publishing notice or meeting other requirements designed to permit protests to be filed.
- (3) A waiver is sufficient if it is in writing,
 signed, and contains the following:
 - (a) a description of the mailed notice or protest right waived;
- (b) a statement of the protester's qualifications towaive the mailed notice or protest right;
 - (c) the address of the person;
 - (d) a statement that the waiver of notice is woluntarily and knowingly given, with knowledge of the signer's constitutional rights to notice.
 - (4) Maivers shall be submitted as provided by law and ordinance. The person receiving waivers for a local government shall note on each waiver the date it was received.
 - (5) A waiver which contains the required information

- mo.a than one person. A waiver signed by
- 3 (6) Signers are encouraged to print their names after 4 their signatures.
- 5 NEW SECTION. Section 23. Government in emergencies. (1) In the event that no members of a county governing body are available during or following an enemy attack or natural disaster, the district judge or judges of the judicial district in which the county is located shall appoint successors to acc in place of the unavailable members. If 10 11 the judge or judges of the judicial district in which the 12 vacancy occurs are not available to make the appointment, a district judge of any other judicial district may make such 13 appointment; however, of the available judges in the state 14 15 of Montana, that judge who holds court in the county seat closest to the county seat where the vacancy occurs shall be 16 responsible for making the appointment to fill the vacancy. 17
 - (2) In the event that no members of a municipal governing body are available following an enemy attack or natural disaster: the county governing body of the county in which the municipality is located shall appoint successors to act in place of the unavailable members.
- 23 (3) In the event that the chief executive of a local
 24 government is unavailable to exercise the powers and
 25 discharge the duties of his office following an enemy attack

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or natural disaster, the members of that local government's governing body available shall by majority vote choose a successor to act as chief executive of the local government.

- (4) Following an enemy attack or natural disaster in which the seat of local government, in the opinion of the governing body of that local government, is rendered unsuitable for use in that capacity, the seat of government may be moved by the governing body to another location which it considers most suitable.
- any local government governing body or board is unable to assemble a quorum as defined by law or ordinance, those members of the governing body available for duty shall constitute a quorum. The quorum requirements shall be suspended, and where the affirmative vote of a specified proportion of members for the approval of any action would otherwise be required, the same proportion of those voting thereon shall be sufficient.
- (6) The provisions of this section shall become inoperative when the governing body, a district judge, or the state legislature declares the emergency terminated.
- NEW SECTION. Section 24. Facsimile signature. Any officer or employee may use a facsimile signature or seal as provided in Title 2. chapter 16.
- NEW SECTION. Section 25. Pardons. The chief executive

or the chairman of the governing body, if there is no elected chief executive, may grant pardons and remit fines and forfeitures for offenses against local government ordinances when, in the chief executive's or chairman's judgment, public justice would be thereby served; but the chief executive or chairman must report all pardons granted, with the reasons therefor, to the next session of the governing body.

- MEN. SECTION. Section 26. Public meeting required. (1)
 All meetings of local government governing bodies, boards,
 , authorities, committees, or other entities created by or
 subordinate to a local government shall be open to the
 public except as provided in 2-3-203.
- (2) Appropriate minutes shall be kept of all public meetings and shall be made available upon request to the public for inspection and copying.
- NEW SECTION. Section 27. Public participation. Each local government governing body, committee, board, authority, or entity, in accordance with Article II, section 8, of the 1972 Montana constitution and Title 2, chapter 3, shall develop procedures for permitting and encouraging the public to participate in decisions that are of significant interest to the public.
- MEM SECTION. Section 28. Participation. In any meeting required to be open to the public, the governing

body. committee, board, authority, or entity shall adopt rules for conducting the meeting affording citizens a reasonable opportunity to participate prior to the final decision.

NEW SECTION. Section 29. Public records. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), all records and other written materials in the possession of a local government shall be available for inspection and reproduction by any person during normal office hours. The governing body may impose reasonable fees for providing copies of public records.

(2) Personal records, medical records, and other records which relate to matters in which the right to individual privacy exceeds the merits of public disclosure shall not be available to the public, unless the person they concern requests they be made public.

(3) Except as provided by law and as determined by the chief law enforcement administrator, law enforcement records which relate to matters in which the right to individual privacy or law enforcement security exceeds the merits of public disclosure shall not be available to the public.

(4) In case of attachment, the clerk of the court with whom the complaint is filed must not make public the fact of the filing of the complaint or the issue of such attachment until after the filing or return of service of the attachment.

(5) No i.es in the office of the clerk of the discrict court relating to the adoption of children shall be open to examination or inspection by any person unless the person desiring to examine or inspect any such file shall first obtain written permission from the district judge, and no district judge shall grant any applicant permission to examine or inspect any such file in the office of clerk of district court unless such applicant shall set forth in his application good and sufficient cause for such examination or inspection.

NEW SECTION. Section 30. Destruction of old records.

(1) The governing body may by ordinance establish a procedure for routine destruction of old worthless reports, papers, or records that have served their purpose or are substantiated by permanent records. The ordinance is subject to the approval of the department of community affairs and the historical society.

Commercial Code—Secured Transactions shall be retained by the records administrator for a period of 8 years after receipt, after which they may be destroyed. Financing statements, continuation statements, statements of assignment, and statements of release, the filing of which is authorized by the Uniform Commercial Code—Secured Transactions and as to which no termination statement has

been filed, shall be retained by the filing officer for a period of 8 years after lapse of the original financing statement or of the latest continuation statement, whichever is later. At the expiration of this period all such statements may be destroyed.

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- (3) Court records may be destroyed by order of the district court only when the records have been reproduced. The reproduction, identification, admissibility, and use of the reproductions shall be in accordance with Title 3. chapter 2.
- (4) Any claim, warrant, voucher, bond, or general 11 12 receipt may be destroyed after a period of 25 years.
 - (5) Records relating to the operation of any public utility by a local government may be destroyed only after the expiration of the period during which the public service commission specifies that they must be kept.
 - NEW SECTION. Section 31. State reports. (1) Local government governing bodies, chief executives, officers, employees, departments, boards, and authorities shall file with state agencies in a timely fashion all reports and information required by state law.
 - (2) The department of community affairs shall coordinate to the greatest extent possible the collection of data by state and federal agencies in order to minimize the requests of local governments and to maximize access to

1 information collected on local governments.

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- (3) Prior to requesting reports fros local governments, all state agencies shall notify the department of community affairs of the intended request.
- MEM_SECTION. Section 32. Reports of departments, boards, and authorities. (1) All departments, boards, and authorities shall file an annual report with the chief executive who shall compile the reports and present them to the governing body.
- 10 (2) The chief executive may specify the form, content, and deadline for filing reports. 11
- 12 Section 33. Section 2-2-201, NCA, is amended to read: 13 "2-2-201. Public officers and employees not to have 14 interest in contracts. Members No member of the legislature, and no states -- countys -- citys -- towns or township 16 covernment officers or any deputy or amployee thereof must 17 not be interested may have an interest in any contract made by them in their official capacity or by any body, agency, 18 or board of which they are members or employees. In this 20 section the term:
- 21 (1) "be--interested have an interest in" does not include holding a minority interest in a corporation; 22
 - (2) "contract" does not include:
- 24 (a) contracts awarded to the lowest responsible bidder 25 based on competitive bidding procedures;

- (b) merchandise sold to the highest bidder at public auctions;
- (c) investments or deposits in financial institutions which are in the business of loaning or receiving money; or
 - (d) contracts for professional services.*

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Section 34. Section 2-2-202, MCA, is amended to read:

"2-2-202. Public officers not to have interest in
sales or purchases. Statey-countyy-towny-towny-townshipy and city
local government officers must and amployees may not be
purchasers at any sale or vendors at any purchase made by
them in their official capacity."

Section 35. Section 2-2-204, MCA, is amended to reads #2-2-204. Dealings in warrants and other claims prohibited. The state officersy-the-several-countyy-cityy towny and township local government officers of this statey and their deputies and clerksy are prohibited from purchasing or selling or in any manner receiving to their own use or benefit or to the use or benefit of any person or persons whatever any statey-countyy or city local government warrants, scrip, orders, demands, claims, or other evidences of indebtedness against the state or eny-countyy-cityy-towny or-township-thereof local_government except evidences of indebtedness issued to or held by them for services rendered as such officer, deputy, or clerky and evidences of the funded indebtedness of such state, countyy-cityy-townshipy

1 town local on access or corporation."

Section 36. Section 2-2-206, MCA, is amended to read:

"2-2-206. Officers not to pay illegal warrant.

Officers charged with the disbursement of public moneys must not pay any warrant or other evidence of indebtedness against the state-county-city--towny or township local government when the same has been purchased, sold, received, or transferred contrary to any of the provisions of this part."

Section 37. Section 2-2-207, MCA, is amended to read:

#2-2-207. Settlements to be withheld on affidavit. (1)

Every officer charged with the disbursement of public moneys who is informed by affidavit establishing probable cause that any officer whose account is about to be settled, audited, or paid by him has violated any of the provisions of this part must suspend such settlement or payment and cause such officer to be prosecuted for such violation by the county-attorney public prosecutor of the county.

(2) In case there be judgment for the defendant upon such prosecution, the proper officer may proceed to settle, audit, or pay such account as if no such affidavit had been filed.

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the public records and other matters in the office of any state officer are at all times during office hours open to the inspection of any person.**

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Section 39. Section 2-6-306, MCA, is amended to read:

"2-6-306. Attachment and warrant to enforce. The execution of the order and delivery of the books and papers may be enforced by attachment as for a witness and also, at the request of the plaintiff, by a warrant directed to the sheriff-or-a-constable chief law enforcement administrator of the county, commanding him to search for such books and papers and to take and deliver them to the plaintiff."

Section 40. Section 2-15-501, MCA, is amended to read:
"2-15-501. General duties. It is the duty of the attorney general:

- (1) to attend the supreme court and prosecute or defend all causes to which the state or any officer thereof in his official capacity is a party and all causes to which any county may be a party unless the interest of the county is adverse to the state or some officer thereof acting in his official capacity;
- (2) after judgment in any of the causes referred to in the preceding subsection, to direct the issuing of such process as may be necessary to carry the same into execution;
- 25 (3) to account for and pay over to the proper officer

all moneys which may come into his possession belonging to the state or to any county;

- (4) to keep a register of all cases in which he is required to appear, which must during business hours be open to the inspection of the public. The register must show the county, district, and court in which the cases have been instituted and tried and whether they are civil or criminal. If civil, the register must show the nature of the demand. the stage of proceedings and, when prosecuted to judgment, a memorandum of the judgment, of any process issued thereon. and whether satisfied or not. If not satisfied, the register must show the return of the sheriff. If criminal, the register must show the nature of the crime: the mode of prosecution: the stage of proceedings and, when prosecuted to sentence, a memorandum of the sentence and of the execution thereof, if the same has been executed, and if not executed, of the reason of the delay or prevention. attorney general must deliver the same to his successor in office.
- (5) to exercise supervisory powers over county attorneys in all matters pertaining to the duties of their offices and from time to time require of them reports as to the condition of public business entrusted to their chargew:

 The supervisory powers granted to the attorney general by this subsection include the power to order and direct county

attorneys-in-all-matters-pertaining-to-the-duties--of--their
offices---The-county-attorney-musty-when-ordered-or-directed
by-the-attorney-generaly-promptly-institute--and--diligently
prosecute---in--the-proper-court-and-in-the-name-of-the-state
of--Nontona---any---criminal---ar--civil--action---or---special
proceedings

- (6) when required by the public service or directed by the governor, to assist the county attorney of any county in the discharge of his duties;
- (7) to give his opinion in writing, without fee, to the legislature or either house thereof, to any state officer, board, or commission, to any county attorney, to the city attorney of any city or town, and to the board of county commissioners of any county of the state when required upon any question of law relating to their respective offices. He shall give any such opinion within 3 months following the date it is requested unless he certifles in writing to the requesting party that the question is of sufficient complexity to require additional time. If an opinion issued by the attorney general conflicts with an opinion issued by a city attorney, county attorney, or an attorney employed or retained by any state officer, board, commission, or department, the attorney general's opinion shall be controlling unless overruled by a state district court or the supreme court.

(8) to the upon and our chase in the name of the state and under the direction of the board of investments any property offered for sale under execution issued upon judgments in favor of or for the use of the state and to enter satisfaction, in whole or in part, of such judgments as the consideration for such purchases;

(9) whenever the property of a judgment debtor in any judgment mentioned in the precuding subsection has been sold under a prior judgment or is subject to any judgment. Then, or encumbrance taking precedence of the judgment in favor of the state, under the direction of the board of investments, to redeem such property from such prior judgment. Then, or encumbrance. All sums of money necessary for such redemption aust be paid out of any money appropriated for such purposes.

(10) when in his opinion it is necessary for the collection or enforcement of any judgment hereinbefore mentioned, to institute and prosecute, in behalf of the state, such suits or other proceedings as are necessary to set aside and annul all conveyances fraudulently made by such judgment debtors, the cost necessary to the prosecution must be paid out of any appropriations for the prosecution of delinquents;

(11) to discharge the duties of a member of the board of examiners and state board of land commissioners and other

1	duties	prescribed	by law:

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- (12) to report to the governor, at the time prescribed by 2-7-102, the condition of the affairs of his department, and to accompany the same with a copy of his docket and of the reports received by him from county attorneys;
- (13) to prescribe the form of blanks to be used by the clerks of the district courts in issuing commitments to the several state institutions, admission to which requires a court commitment."
- Section 41. Section 2-16-117, MCA, is amended to read:

 "2-16-117. Office hours. Unless otherwise provided by
 law, every state officer must keep his office open for the
 transaction of business continuously from 8 a.m. until 5
 p.m. each day except upon Saturdays and holidays. Every
 officer shall keep his office open at such other times as
 the accommodation of the public or the proper transaction of
 business requires, excepting the state treasurer, who in his
 discretion may, in the interest of the safekeeping of funds,
 securities, and records under his control, close his office
 during the period from 12 noon to 1 p.m. every day."
- Section 42. Section 2-16-502, MCA, is amended to read:

 "2-16-502. Resignations. Resignations must be in
 writing and made as follows:
- 24 (1) by the governor and lieutenant governor, to the 25 legislature if it is in session and, if not, then to the

1 secretary of state;

- 2 (2) by all officers commissioned by the governor, to 3 the governor;
- 4 (3) by senators and members of the house of representatives, if the legislature is not in session, to the governor and, if it is in session, to the presiding officer of the branch to which the member belongs, who must immediately transmit the same to the governor:
- 9 (+)--by--ell---county---end---township---officers---not
 10 commissioned--by--the-governory-to-the-clerk-of-the-board-of
 11 commissioners-of-their-respective-countiess
- 12 (57(4) by all other appointed officers, to the body or officer that appointed them:
- 14 toti51 in all cases not otherwise provided for, by
 15 filing the resignation in the office of the secretary of
 16 state.**
- 17 Section 43. Section 2-16-506, MCA, is amended to read:
- 18 "Z-16-506. Filling vacancies -- recess appointments.
- 19 (1) When any <u>state</u> office becomes vacant and no mode is
- 20 provided by law for filling the vacancy, the governor shall
- 21 fill the vacancy by appointing a qualified person to fill
- 22 the unexpired term of the person whose office became vacant.
- 23 (2) If the legislature or one house of the legislature 24 must confirm an appointment of a person appointed by the 25 governor to fill a vacancy, the governor may appoint the

person to assume office before the legislature meets in its next regular session to consider the appointment. A person so appointed is vested with all the functions of the office upon assuming the office and is a de jure officer, notwithstanding the fact that the legislature has not yet confirmed the appointment. If the legislature does not confirm the appointment, the governor shall make a new appointment to fill the unexpired term.

Section 44. Section 2-16-507. MCA, is amended to read:

"2-16-507. Powers and duties of officer filling
unexpired term. Any person elected or appointed to fill a
vacancy in a state office, after filing his official oath
and bond, possesses all the rights and powers and is subject
to all the liabilities, duties, and obligations as if he had
been elected to the office for a full term."

Section 45. Section 2-18-501, NCA, is amended to read:
"2-18-501. Meals, lodging, and transportation of
persons in state service. Every elected state official,
appointed members of boards, commissions, councils,
department directors, and all other state employees shall be
reimbursed for meals and lodging while away from the
person's designated headquarters and engaged in official
state business in accordance with the following provisions:

(1) For travel within the state of Montana, the following provisions apply: [(a) The gove nor shall be authorized actual and necessary expenses not to exceed \$40 per day.

(b) All other elected state officials, appointed members of boards, commissions, councils, department directors, and all other state employees shall be authorized the actual cost of lodging not exceeding \$18 per day plus \$2 for the morning meal, \$3 for the midday meal, and \$5 for the evening meal. All claims for lodging expense reimbursement allowed under this section must be documented by an appropriate receipt.

(2) For travel out of the state of Montana: the following provisions apply:

13 (a) The governor shall be authorized actual and necessary travel expenses not to exceed \$70 per day.

(b) All other elected state officials, appointed members of boards, commissions, councils, department directors, and all other state employees shall be authorized the actual cost of lodging not exceeding \$37 per day plus \$3 for the morning meal, \$4 for the midday meal, and \$6 for the evening meal. All claims for the lodging expense reimbursement allowed under this subsection must be documented by an appropriate receipt.

(3) When other than commercial, nonreceiptable lodging facilities are utilized by a state employee while conducting official state business in a travel status, the amount of \$7

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will be authorized for lodging expenses fo	e ac h day in
which travel involves an overnight stay	in lieu of the
amount authorized in subsection (1)(b) or	(2)(b) above.
However, when overnight accommodations are	provided at the
expense of any government entity, no reimbu	sement may be
claimed for lodging.	

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- (4) The actual cost of reasonable transportation expenses and other necessary business expenses incurred by a state official or employee while in an official travel status shall be subject to reimbursement.
- 11 (5) The provisions of this section shall not be 12 construed as affecting the validity of 5-2-301.
 - (6) The department of administration shall prescribe rules necessary to effectively administer this section for state government.
- 16 (7) All commercial air travel shall be by the least
 17 expensive class service available.**
 - Section 46. Section 2-18-502, MCA, is amended to read:

 "2-18-502. Computation of meal allowance. (1) To be
 eligible for the meal allowance provided in 2-18-501, en a
 state employee must have been in a travel status for more
 than 3 continuous hours. If eligible, en a state employee
 receives:
- 24 (a) the morning meal allowance if in a travel status
 25 between the hours of 12:01 a.m. and 10 a.m.;

- (b) the midday meal allowance if in a travel status between the hours of 10:01 a.m. and 3 p.m.; and
- 3 (c) the evening meal allowance if in a travel status
 4 between the hours of 3:01 p.m. and 12 midnight;
- 5 (d) only one of the three meal allowances provided, if 6 the travel was performed within the employee's assigned 7 travel shift;
 - (e) a maximum of two meal allowances if the travel begins before or was completed after the employee's assigned travel shift and the travel did not exceed 24 hours.
- 11 . (2) "Travel shift" is that period of time beginning 1

 12 hour before and terminating 1 hour after the employee's

 13 normally assigned work shift.
 - (3) The department of administration shall prescribe rules necessary to effectively administer this section for state government.
 - Section 47. Section 2-18-503. MCA, is amended to read:

 "2-18-503. Mileage -- allowance. (I) Members of the
 legislature, state officers and employees, jurors,
 witnesses, county-egents, and all other persons who may be
 entitled to mileage paid from public funds, when using their
 own automobiles in the performance of official duties, are
 entitled to collect mileage for the distance actually
 traveled by automobile and no more unless otherwise
 specifically provided by law.

(2) When the individual is authorized to operate a privately owned vehicle even though a government-owned or leased vehicle is available, a rate of 3 cents less per mile than the mileage rate allowed by the United States internal revenue service for the preceding year shall be paid.

- government—owned or leased vehicle is used because a government—owned or leased vehicle is not available or because such use is in the best interest of the governmental entity, a rate equal to the mileage allotment allowed by the United States internal revenue service for the preceding year shall be paid for the first 1,000 miles and 3 cents per mile less for all miles thereafter traveled within a given calendar month.
- (4) Members of the legislature, state officers and employees, jurors, witnesses, county-egents, and all other persons who may be entitled to mileage paid from public funds, when using their own airplanes in the performance of official duties, are entitled to collect mileage for the distance actually traveled at a rate of 20 cents per statute mile and no more unless specifically provided by law.
 - (5) This section does not alter 5-2-301.
- (6) The department of administration shall prescribe rules necessary for the effective administration of this section for state government.
 - Section 48. Section 2-18-511, MCA, is amended to read:

engaged The gayernor, all other elected state officials, appointed members of boards, commissions, or councils, department directors, and all other state employees shall periodically submit a claim containing a schedule of expenses and amounts claimed for said period. Soid The schedule shall show in what capacity such person was engaged each day while away from the department in which said the daily duties arose and shall show expense items of each day in detail, such as the amount of per diem allowance claimed, transportation fare, mileage, and other such items.

Section 49. Section 2-18-702, MCA, is amended to read:

"2-18-702. Group insurance for public employees and officers. (1) All departments, bureaus, boards, commissions, and agencies of the state end-ell-countiesy-citiesy-end towns shall upon approval by two-thirds vote of the officers and employees of each such department, bureau, board, commission, and agencyy-countyy-cityy-end-town enter into group hospitalization, medical, health, including long-term disability, accident, and/or group life insurance contracts or plans for the benefit of their officers, employees, and their dependents.

(2) The premiums required from time to time to maintain such insurance in force shall be paid by the insured officers and employees, and the auditor shall deduct

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said premiums from the salary or wages of each officer or employee who elects to become insured, on the officer or employee's written order, and issue his warrant therefor to the insurer.

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- (3) For the purpose of [40-3905.1, R.C.M. 1947], the plans of health service corporations for defraying or assuming the cost of professional services of licentiates in the field of health, or the services of hospitals, clinics or sanitariums, or both professional and hospital services, shall be construed as group insurance, and the dues payable under such plans shall be construed as premiums therefor.*

 Section 50. Section 2-18-703, MCA, is amended to read; *2-18-703. Contributions. The respective administrative end--governing bodies shall contribute the amount specified in this section towards the insurance premium:
- (1) For employees defined in 2-18-701 other than members of collective bargaining units, and for members of the legislature, the employer contribution for insurance shall be \$240 per year for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1978, and \$360 per year for each fiscal year thereafter. The employer shall prorate this amount for employees who work less than 2,080 hours per year.
- 24 (2) For state employee members of a collective 25 bargaining unit: the employer shall pay the amount

negotiated with the collective bargaining unit-

(3) For employees of elementary and high school districts—and—of—local—government—units, the employer's premium contributions may exceed but shall not be less than \$10 per month.*

Section 51. Section 3-5-504. MCA, is amended to read:

"3-5-504. Register of actions. The clerk must keep
among the records of the court a register of actions. He
must enter therein the title of the action with brief notes
under it. from time to time, of all papers filed and
proceedings had therein. The register must—state—the
nomes—of—the uttorneys—and—all—fees—charged—in—each—actione—

#3-5-510. Duties relating to jurers-and witnesses. The clerk of the district court shalls

(1)--keep-a-book-celled-#Book-of-durars-Certificates**

Section 52. Section 3-5-510. MCA. is amended to read:

which-must-contain-the-blank-certificates-end--stubs--to--be

{2}--keep--a--"Witness--Book"y-Which-must-contain-blank certificates-and-stubs-to-be-filled-as-provided-in--3-5-5111

(3) keep a record of the attendance of all jurors—and witnesses in criminal actions and compute the amount due them for mileage (the distance from any point to the county seat must be determined by the shortest traveled route).*

25 Section 53. Section 7-1-101, MCA, is amended to read:

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or control.

#7-1-101. Self-government powers. As provided by Article XI, section 6, of the Montana constitution, a local government unit with self-government powers may exercise any power not prohibited by the constitution, law, or charter. These powers include but are not limited to the powers granted to general power governments by [section 33 through section 37 of SR 14]."

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Section 54. Section 7-1-102, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-1-102. Authorization for self-government services
and functions. A local government with self-government
powers may provide any services or perform any functions not
expressly prohibited by the Montana constitution, state law,
or its charter. These services and functions include but
are not limited to those services and functions which
general power government units are authorized to provide or
perform by FSB 14s SB 15s SB 16s SB 17s SB 18s SB 19s or SB
203-**

Section 55. Section 7-1-112, MCA, is amended to read:

#7-1-112. Powers requiring delegation. A local
government with self-government powers is prohibited the
exercise of the following powers unless the power is
specifically delegated by law:

(1) the power to authorize a tax on income or the sale of goods or services, except that this section shall not be construed to limit the authority of a lecal government to

1 levy any of ef tex of establish the rate of any other tax;

- (2) the power to regulate private activity beyond its geographic limits;
- 4 (3) the power to impose a duty on another unit of
 5 local government, except that nothing in this limitation
 6 shall affect the right of a self-government unit to enter
 7 into and enforce an agreement on interlocal cooperation;
- (4) the power to exercise any judicial function,
 9 except as an incident to the exercise of an independent
 10 self-qovernment administrative power;
- 11 (5) the power to regulate any form of gambling.
 12 lotteries, or gift enterprises.
- 13 (6) the power to acquire open vacates or change the
 14 orade of trafficuavs:
 - 17) the nower to create authorities."
- Section 56. Section 7-1-113. MCA, is amended to read:

 #7-1-113. Consistency with state regulation required.

 (1) A local government with self-government powers is

 prohibited the exercise of any power in a manner

 inconsistent with state law or administrative regulation in

 any area affirmatively subjected by law to state regulation
 - (2) The exercise of a power is inconsistent with state
 law or regulation if it establishes standards or
 requirements which are lower or less stringent than those

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ī	imposed by state law or regulation.
2	(3) An area is affirmatively subjected to state
3	control if a state agency or officer is directed by law to
4	establish administrative rules governing the matter or if
5	enforcement of standards or requirements established by
6	statute is vested in a state officer or agency.
7	Section 57. Section 7-1-114, MCA, is amended to read:
8	#7-1-114. Mandatory provisions. (1) A local government
9	with self-government powers is subject to the following
10	provisions:
11	(a)All-state-laws-providing-for-tha-incorporationor
12	disincorporationofcitiesand-townsy-for-the-ennexationy
13	disannexationy-or-exclusion-ofterritoryfrom-acityor
14	town;for-the-creationy-abandangonty-or-boundary-alteration
15	of-counties;-and-for-eity-county-consolidation;
16	(b)Sections7-3-104y7-3-105y7-3-111through
17	7-3-114v-and-7-3-1181-through-7-9-1185f
18	(c)Alllawsestablishinglegislative-procedures-or
19	requirements-for-units-of-local-government;
20	(d)Alllawsregulatingtheelectionoflocal
21	officials;
22	(a) [section 1 through section 8 of SB 23] - general
23	provisions:
	
24	(b) [section 9 of SB 23] — definitions and
25	construction:

2	provisions common to all forms of local government:
3	id) [section 33 through section 75 of SB 11] loca
4	government formation:
5	(e) <u>Isection 33 through section 49 of SB 121-</u>
6	reviews amendments and adoption of local government forms
7	if) [section 50 through section 63 of SB 12] -
8	legislative organization and procedure:
9	101 [section 100 through section 117 of SB 12] -
10	electionsi
11	(h) [section 48 through section 65 of \$8 12] -
12	establishment and allocation of services;
13	te)[i] All laws which require or regulate <u>land-us</u>
14	plannings or zonings or subdivision of land:
15	(f)Any-law-directing-or-roquiring-a-localgovernmen
16	oranyofficeror-esployee-of-a-local-government-to-carr
17	out-ony-function-or-provide-any-service;
18	(g)Anylawregulatingthebudgetyfinanceya
19	borrowing-procedures-and-powers-of-local-governmentsexcep
20	that-the-mill-levy-limits-established-by-state-law-shall-no
21	epply:
22	[j] [section 33 through section 92 of SB 21] dutie
23	of local governments as agents of the state:
24	(k) [section 33 through section 40 of 58 22] -

icl [section 10 through section 26 of SB 23] --

general provisions: [section 41 through section 56 of \$8 22]

1	budget and appropriation: [section 57 through section 72
2	of SB 22] local government financial administration:
3	[section BI through section 102 of SB 22] debt
4	management: [section 103 through section 105 of SB 22]
5	fiscal emergencies:
6	th)[1] Title TO, chapters 30 and 31v sminent
7	domaio:
8	(m) [section 45 of SB 20] trafficway record system:
9	in) [section 33 through section 67 of \$8 15] the
10	power to manage agricultural and other pasts:
11	(o) [section 40 of SB 18] astablishing minimum
12	physical and age requirements for firefighters: [section 6]
13	of SB 18] establishing minimum physical and age
14	requirements for law enforcement officersi
15	(a) [section 37 of SB 13] hours of labora
16	(2) These provisions are a prohibition on the
17	self-government unit acting other than as provided."
18	Section 58. Section 7-3-416, MCA, is amended to read:
19	*7-3-416. Terms of commission members. (1) Commission
20	members shall be elected for:
21	(1)(a) concurrent terms of office; or
22	(2)(b) overlapping terms of office.
23	(2) The term of office of commission members may not
24	exceed_4_years."
25	Section 59. Section 7-3-418, MCAs is amended to read:

1	#7-3-418. erss of elected officials. The term of
2	office of elected officials may not exceed 4 yearsy-except
3	the-term-of-office-for-commissionersincountiesadopting
4	the-form-muthorized-by-Article-Xiv-section-3(2)v-of-the
5	Montana-constitution-may-not-exceed-6-years. Terms of office
6	shall be established when the form is adopted by the
7	voters."
8	Section 60. Section 7-3-709, MCA, is amended to read:
9	#7-3-709. Amendment of charter. A charter may be
10	amended only as provided by state law or charter."
11	Section 61. Section 7-4-101, MCA, is amended to read:
12	#7-4-101. Filing of oath of office. Every oath of
13	office, certified by the officer before whom the same was
14	taken, must be filed within the time required by law, except
15	when otherwise specially provided a es-follows:
16	(1)in-the-office-of-the-secretary-ofstatefor Ihe
17	<pre>cath_of all officers whose authority is not limited to any</pre>
16	particular county+ must be filed in the office of the
19	secretary of state.
20	{2}intheofficeoftheelerkof-the-respective
21	county-for-ell-elected-or-appointed-offleers_for-any-countyv
22	all-officers-whose-duties-are-local-orwhoseresidencein
23	any-particular-county-is-preseribed-by-law-end-the-clerks
24	of-the-district-courts
25	Section 62. Section 7-4-2210, MCA, is amended to read:

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-7-4-2210 .	Restrict	ion on	precticeoflawby
activities of	certain	officers.	(1)Sheriffsyclerksy
constablesy-and	their-	-d eputies- -	araprohibitedfrom
procticing law	-or-actin	g -es-attor	neys-or-counselors-at-law
or-having-as-a-p	ertner-a-	hawyer-or-	one-who-eets-es-suchu

я

(2) No county clerk, clerk of any court, or sheriff shall act as agent or solicitor in the prosecution of any claim or application for lands, pensions, patent rights, or other proceedings before any department of the state or general government or courts of the United States during his continuance in office.**

Section 63. Section 7-4-2515, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-4-2515. Fees <u>Publication_costs</u> to be paid in advance. (1)—The officers mentioned—in this chapter—must—not in—any—cose—perform only official services—unless the fees prescribed—for—such—services—are—paid—in—advances—dn—such polymenty—the—officers—must—perform—the—services—required» For—every—failure—or—refusal—to—perform—official—duty—when the—fees—ore—tenderedy—the—officer—is—liable—on—his—official—bonds

(2)--The--county--clerk--is--not--bound--to--record-sny
instrumenty-file-ony-paper--or-noticey-furnish--ony--copiesy
or--render--any--service-connected-with-his-office-until-the
fee-for-the-some-os-prescribed-by-law-isy-if-demandedy--paid
or-tenderedy

then any publication is required by law to be made by an officer of any suit, process, notice, order, or other paper, the costs of the same must be first tendered by the party, if demanded, for whom such order of publication was granted before the officer is compelled to make such publication."

Section 64. Section 7-4-2516. MCA, is amended to read:
#7-4-2516. Fees not required in certain-cases haheas
corpus, proceedings. No fees must may be charged the attent
environmental or any subdivision thereof, any public officer
secting—therefore or in habeas corpus proceedings for
official services rendered, and all such services must be
performed without the payment of fees.*

Section 65. Section 7-4-2611, MCA, is amended to read:

#7-4-2611. Role and duties of county clerk. (1)-The
county-clerk-of-any-county-is-also-clerk-of-the-county
commissioners-and-ex-officio-recorders-any-duty-imposed-by
low-upon-such-officers-either-as-county-clerks-clerk-of-the
county-commissionersy-as-recorders-shall-be-performed-or-certified-by
the-county-clerk-shall-be-as-valid-and-effectual-as-if
performed-and-certified-to-by-him-as-clork-of-the-county-county-county-or-as-recorders

- {2}--Inc-county-elork-sust*
- 25 ta)--take--charge--of--and--safely--keep--or-dispose-of

1	according-to-law-all-booksy-papersy-mapsy-end-recordswhich
2	may-be-filed-or-deposited-in-his-office;
3	(b)record-all-the-procoadings-of-the-board;
4	tcjwakefullentriesofallitsresolutions-and
5	daeisions-on-all-questions-concerning-the-raisingofwoney
6	for-end-the-ellowence-of-accounts-age inst-the-county;
7	(d)recordthevoteofeach-member-dn-ony-question
8	upon-which-there-is-e-division-orattherequestofany
9	member-present;
Ð	(a)signall-orders-made-and-werrants-issued-by-order
1	of-the-board-for-the-payment-of-money-and-certifythesame
2	to the county-treesurer;
3	(f)recordthe-reports-of-the-county-treasurer-of-the
4	receipts-and-disbursements-of-the-county;
5	(g)preserve-and-file-all-accounts-acted-uponbythe
6	board?
7	th;preserveandfile-all-petitions-end-applications
8	for-franchises-and-record-the-action-of-the-abourd-sthereons
9	(+)record-wil-orders-levying-taxes;
0	(j)designateupon-every-account-allowed-by-the-board
1	the-amount-offowed-and-defiver-to-any-person-who-maydomand
2	ite-certifiedcopyofenyrecord-in-his-office-or-any
3	account-on-file-thereint
4	(k)as-often-as-B-new-townshipisorganizedorthe
5	boundaries-of-any-township-are-alteredy-immediately-make-out

1	and-transmit-to- :he-s-crutury-of-state-a-cortified-statement
2	ofchenamesendbounds-ri-esendthebounds-ri-esof-eny
3	township-sitered;
4	(1)keep-such-other-records-and-books-and-perfors-such
5	other-duties-as-ere-prescribed-by-law-er-by-rule-or-order-of
6	the-boarde
7	(3) A county clerk and recorder shall:
8	(11) maintain all records and statements filed pursuant
9	to the provisions of Title 13 for a period of 10 years from
10	the date of receiptwi
11	(4)(2): Acountyclerkand-recorder-shall accept and
12	file any information voluntarily supplied that exceeds the
13	requirements of Title 13v2
14	(5)(3) Acounty-clerk-and-recorder-shall file, code
15	and cross-index all reports and statements filed a
16	prescribed by the commissioner of campaign finances an
17	practices*;
18	(6)(4) Acountyclerkandrecordersholl mak
19	statements and other information filed with his offic
20	available for public inspection and copying during regula
21	office hours and make copying facilities available free o
22	charge or at a charge not to exceed actual cost.
23	Section 66. Section 7-4-2631, MCA, is amended to read

must charge, for the use of their respective counties+_a

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#7-4-2631. Fees of county clerk. The county clerks

-	fee of 50 cents	-	Pue Pue
7	(1) for-recording-and-indexingaaritteninstrument	7	tb}foreachadditional-aining-claim-included-in-ity
m	Bilowed-by-law-to-be-recordedy-excrpt-os-otherwise-provided	••	58-centst
4	in-7-4-2632-and-7-4-2633+	*	tstfor-ftling-and-indexing-each-writofattochmenty
5	toj{ij-for-the-first-folioy-68-centsj-and	v	execution,certificateofsaley-liany-or-other-instrument
9	tiij-for-each-subsequent-folio-or-fraction-of-oney30	٥	required-by-tax-to-be-filed-and-indexedy-sit
1	centrat	1	tójforfilingandindexingeucheertifieateof
∞	(b) for-each-entry in index +- 28-cents+	•	incorporation-of-annual-statement-of-a-corporation524
0	fcjforacertificatethataninstrument-has-been	٥	(7)ferrecording-end-platting-each-townsite-of-aspt
2	recorded-with-seal-affixed,-819	10	tajfor-each-lot-up-to-end-including-teby-50-cents+
=	{₽}forrecordingandindexingeachrestate	11	(b)for-each-additions lotinexcessof188v18
71	mortgogeofanassignmentyrenewaly-or-release-of-a-rest	12	centes
13	estate-mortdoge+	13	te)forrecording-thefieldnotesofsurvey-of-e
<u>*</u>	ta}for-each-foliov-48-cents;	14	tounsite58-cents-per-folio
2	(b)for-each-entry-in-indexy-28-cents#	15	tatfor-a-copy-of-a-record-or-papere
91	{c}for-s-certificate-that-thsmortgageassignmentv	16	tojfor-each-foltog-30-centsj-and
1.1	or-release-has-been-recorded-with-seal-affixedy-514	7.1	tbjfor-each-certification-with-seal-affixedy-611
82	(3)forfecordingandindexingeach-certificate-of	18	(9)for-searching-an-indexrecordoffilesofthe
61	tocation-of-e-quartz-or-placer-mining-claimy-millsite-claimy	19	offics-for-cach-year-when-required-in-obstracting-or
50	or-notice-of-appropriation-of-watery-including-a-certificate	0.2	otherwisey-30-cents;
12	that-the-instrument-has-been-recorded-with-seat-affixedy-644	21	(18)-for-each-entry-of-discharge-ar-satisfaction-ofa
22	(4)forrecordingandindexingeachaffidavitof	22	mortgogertieny-ar-other-instrument-on-the-morgin-of-record
23	annuallaboron-a-sining-elaisv-including-certiffcote-that	23	of-it-or-apon-the-original-instrument-and-noting-theentry
54	the-instrument-has-been-recorded-with-seal-affixeds	54	in-the-indexes-concernedy-50-centes;
22	to}for-the-first-mining-claim-in-theaffidavity624	52	(tt)-forodministoringmnooth-with-certificate-and

1	seat v no-charger
2	(12) for taking and certifying an ocknowledgments wit
3	seal-affixear-for-signature-to-ity-no-charge;
4	(13) "for-recording-and-indexing-an-instrument-which-me
5	berecordedunder78-21-207andwhichpertains-to-lan
6	atteted-to-an-Indian-or-tend-within-an-Indianreservation
7	except-fee-petentsy-no-charge;
8	(14)-forfilingindexing-or-other-services-provide
9	for-by-30-3-481-through-30-1-487thefeesprescribedi-
10	those-sections;
11	(15) for recording each stock subscription an
12	contract, stock certificate, and articles of incorporatio
13	for water users* associationsva=50-canta;
14	(16)-for-filing-an-order-creating-a-television -distric
15	pursuant-10-7-13-2509+-63+
16	(27)-forfilingyrecordingyorindexinganyothe
17	instrument-not-expressly-provided-for-the-section
18	7-4-2632vor7-4-2633vthesamefeeprovidedinthi
9	sectiony-7-4-2632y-or-7-4-2633-for-s-similar-service+*
20	Section 67. Section 7-4-2902, MCA, is amended to read
21	#7-4-2902. dwstice fee of justice of peace to-se
22	acting as coroner in certain cases its - if the office
. 2	

•	re-space opyra 1 one and penditives as the coroners
2	(2) A justice of the peace acting as coroner is allowed
3	the same fees as the coroner and no more."
4	Section 68. Section 7-4-2911, MCA, is amended to read
5	#7-4-2911. Buties Fees of county coroner acting a
6	sheriff. (1) The-coronar-must-hold-inquests as provided-i
7	Title-46v-chapter-4v-parts-1-an d-2v
8	(2)in-the-cases-specified-in25-3-205ythecorone
9	must—discharge the duti 15-of—: heriff# If acting as sheriff
10	the coroner is allowed the same fees as the sheriff o
11	constable for like services.
12	(3)When-a-prisoner-confined-in-the-state-prison-dies
13	the-coroner-of-the-county-wherein-the-state-prison-i
14	located-may-hold-an-inquest-as-provided-in-litle-46v-chapte
15	4 -parts-1-and-2-
16	Section 69. Section 7-4-2921, MCA, is amended to read
17	#7-4-29?l. Fees of coroner. The coroner is entitled t
18	receive and collect for his own use the following fees:
19	(1) for each day or fraction of day engaged in makin
20	an investigation relative to a death, whether an inquest i
21	later held or not, the sum of \$5; provided that not mor
32	then1day4sfeesshellbechargedforacking-a
23	invostigation-in-any-one-caseexcaptincountiesofth
24	firsty-secondy-and-third-class;

(2) for each day or fraction of day engaged in holding

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duties-of-his-office-may-be-discharged-by-eny-justice-of-the

peace--of--the-county-with-the-like-authority-and-subject-to

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an	inquest:	\$5; p	rovided	that	not m	Ci. 6	than	. 2	days"	fecs
sha	l be char	ged for	holding	an i	nquest	in	any	one	case	;

- (3) for subpoending each witness, including copy of subpoends 30 cents:
- 5 (4) for summoning each jurer, including copy of summons, 30 cents:
- 7 (5) for each oath administered; 5 cents;

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- 8 (6) for making transcript of testimony, 15 cents per
 9 folio:
- 10 (7) for each mile actually traveled in the performance 11 of any duty, a mileage allowance as provided in 2-18-503;
 - (8) for filing papers, 5 cents each.
 - Section 70. Section 1-4-2922, MCA, is amended to reads "7-4-2922. Limitation on and alternative to fees. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), the total amount of fees allowed by the board of county commissioners to a coroner, except when acting as sheriff, must not exceed \$22188-in-eny-one-yess,-including compensation-publication exceed \$22188-in-eny-one-yess,-including compensation-publication except when acting as sheriff, must not exceed \$22188-in-eny-one-yess,-including compensation-publication except when an acquire established by exclination.
 - (2) In-e-county-having-a-population-of-45v883-co-ware according to the latest-federal consus attachment in Iba coroner easy-at-the discretion-of-the county-commissioners, receive a salary not-to-exceed-#3v750-per-year--and--mileage os-provided-in-7-4-2921 established by ordinate in Ileu of

theregophic helps except as provided in 7-4-7985; chall-be
theredocte such settor; "

Section II. Section 7-5-2142, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-5-2142. Newborship Expenses in connection with
membership in associations of clerk and recorders. (1) The
countration of content of the country
heredy—settor trad—end—exposured—to—take—out—county
semborship—in—and—to—cooperate—with—associations—out
orderivations—of—country—clerk-and-recorders—of-this state

all fees mentioned in 7-4-2921+--and--all--elerical--and

temperation expenses and per dism allowance for attendance upon any general meeting of the Montana association of county clerk and recorders held within the state not more often than once a year, and the proportionate expenses and charges against each county as a member of such association shall be paid by such county.

and-of-other-states-for-the-further and e-of--good--government

end-the-protection-of-county-interesta-

county--membership-in-and-to-cooperate-with-associations-and
erganizations-of-edunty-clorks-of--the--district--courts--of
this--state--Ahd-of--other-states-for-the-furtherence-of-good
eovernment-and-the-protection-of-county-interests-

†2† All county clerks of the district court of the various counties throughout the state shall be allowed actual transportation expenses and per diem allowance for attendance upon any general meeting of the Montana association of clerks of court held within the state not more often than once a year, and the proportionate expenses and charges against each county as a member of such association shall be paid by such county."

throughout the state shall be allowed actual transportation expenses and per diem allowance for attendance upon any

general meet as of the Montana association of county treasurers held within the state not more often than once a year, and the propertionate expenses and charges against each county as a member of such association shall be paid by such county.

Section 74. Section 7-6-4413, MCA, is amended to read:
#7-6-4413. Collection of taxes. (1) Except in case of
such-cities-of-the-firsty-secondy-and-third-classes—as—may
provide—by—or dinance—for the city treasurer—to-collect the
texes—from such-corrected-assessment-booky—the Ind county
treasurer finance_administrator of each county must collect
the tax levied by all cities-and-towns municipalities in his
respective county.

[2] The county treasurer—most finance administrator shall collect such efty-or-town municipal taxesy-including unpaid-road-polit-taxesy at the same time as the state and county taxes and with the same penalties and interest in case of delinquency."

Section 75. Section 7-6-4414, MCA, is amended to read:

#7-6-4414. Sales for delinquent taxes when county

collects municipal tax. (1) All publications dotiges for
sales for delinquent taxes shall include such efty--or--town

municipal taxes, there being but one sale for each piece of
property. The sale shall cover the aggregate of such efty

er--town municipal, county, and state taxes, with the

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penalties, interest, and cost of advertising provided by law.

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(2) All money received from sales and redemptions and from sales by the county, after deed given by the county treesurer finance administrator as provided by law, shall be credited to the state, county, and etty-or-town municipality or orata in the same proportions as provided in 15-18-108.**

pro rata in the same proportions as provided in 15-18-108.** Section 76. Section 7-7-121, MCA, is amended to read: "7-7-121. Misconduct in relation to bond funds. (1) (a) Except as provided in subsection (1)(b), when any officer or officers or board or body of officers of any countyy-cityy-or-other-municipal local government or public corporation of the state are or-shell-be required by law to provide by a levy of taxes or by certifying the amount of money required or otherwise a sinking fund or fund required to pay at maturity any bonds hereafter issued or created, such officer or officers and the members of such board or body of officers shall be jointly and severally liable to the countyy-cityy-or-other-municipal local government or public corporation which they represent if they shall fail to perform any such duties required by law, as specified in this section, in an amount equal to the sum which would have been added to such fund had they performed such duty.

(b) When any such board shall fail or neglect to perform any such duty, no minority member of said board who

shall have moved said board or voted in favor of a performance of such duty shall be held liable.

(2) Any person or persons who shall take, use, or appropriate or permit to be taken, used, or appropriated any portion of any such fund as herein specified for any purpose other than that permitted by law shall be jointly and severally liable to the country-city-or-other-municipal local government or public corporation to which said fund shall belong for the portion of such fund so unlawfully taken, used, or appropriated."

Section 77. Section 7-7-122. MCA. is amended to read:

"7-7-122. Prosecution for misconduct. It shall be the
duty of the county prosecuting attorney in each county to
commence and prosecute all actions to enforce any liability
created in 7-7-121. Such actions shall be tried as civil
actions at law."

17 Section 78. Section 7-13-4304, MCA, is amended to 18 read:

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(2)—Saver-charges—may—take—into—consideration—the quantity—of—savage-produced—and—its—concentration—and—water politition—qualities—in—gene ral—and—the—cast—of—disposal—of savage—and—store—waters»—The—saver—charges—may—be—fixed—on the—basis—of—water—consumption—or—any—other—equitable—basis—the—governing—body—may—deam—appropriates—The—rates—for—savar charges—may—be—fixed—in—advance—or—otherwise—and—shall—be unifors—for—like—services—in—all—parts—of—the—municipalitys—if—the—governing—body—dat-draines—that—the—savage—creatment and/or—store—water—disposal—prevents—polition—of—sources—of water—supplys—the—saver—charges—may—be—established—as—o surcharge—on—the—water—bills—of—water—consumers—or—on—any other—equitable—basis—of—macsuring—the—use—and—banefits——ef such—facilities—and—aervices»

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497 An original charge for the connecting severline between the lot line and the sever main may be assessed when such connecting severline is installed.

Section 79. Section 7-14-101, NCA, is amended to read:

#7-14-101. Acquisition of property for
controlled-access facility. The highway authorities of the
counties——incorporated——cities——and——towney and
municipalities, respectively or in cooperation with each
other or the state, may acquire private or public property
and property rights for controlled-access highways or
controlled-access facilities and service roads. Such rights

be acquired by gift, devise, purchase, or condemnation in the same manner as may now or hereafter be authorized by law for the acquisition of property or property rights in connection with highways, roads, and streets in their respective jurisdictions.

7 Section 80. Section 7-33-2313, MCA, is amended to 8 read:

"7-33-2313. Duties of thief. #11-The-chief-of-every fire-department-nust-inquire-into-the-cause--of--every--fire occurring-in-the-town-in-which-he-is-chief-and-keep-a-record thereofe--He-must-sid-in-the-enforcement-of-mil-duly-enseted fire--ordinancesy--examine--buildings--in--the--process---of erectiony---report--violetions--of--ordinances--relating--to prevention-or-extinguishment-of-fires-endy-when-directed-by the proper-authoritiesy-institute-prosecutions-therefory-and perform-such-other-duties-es-es-esy-be-imposed-upon-hiw-by proper-authority-His-compensationy-if-anyv--must--be--fixed and-paid-by-the-city-or-town-authorities-Heraust-attend-all firesy-with-his-bodge-of-office-conspicuously-displacedw-He ppst-prevent-injury-toy-take-charge-afy--and--preserve-ail property--rescued--from--fires-and-return-it-to-the-owner-on the payment of the expenses incurred in-raving and keeping its-The-ensure of the-expenses, when not egreed toy shell be fixed-by-s-justice-of-the-peaceu

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(2)—He The chief of every fire department must devise
and formulate or cause to be devised and formulated a course
or plan of instruction or training program making available
to each regular member of his department not less than 30
hours of instruction per year in matters pertaining to
firefighting, and he must supervise the operation of such
plan or program."

Section 81. Section 13-1-101, MCA, is amended to read:
#13-1-101. Definitions. As used in this title, funless
the context clearly indicates otherwise, the following
definitions apply:

- (1) "Anything of value" means any goods that have a certain utility to the recipient that is real and that ordinarily is not given away free but is purchased.
- (2) "Candidate" means an individual who has filed a declaration of nomination, certificate of nomination, or acceptance of nomination for public office as required by law but does not include a candidate for national office who is subject to the provisions of federal election campaign laws.
- (3) "City" means any incorporated city---or---town municipality.
- 23 (4) "Commissioners" means the board--of--county
 24 commissioners governing body of a county.
- 25 (5) "Contribution" means:

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- 1 (a) an advance, gift, loan, conveyance, deposit,
 2 payment, or distribution of money or anything of value to
 3 influence an election:
 - (b) a transfer of funds between political committees;
- (c) the payment by a person other than a candidate or political committee of compensation for the personal services of another person that are rendered to a candidate or political committee; but
 - (d) not services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all of their time on behalf of a candidate or political committee or meals and lodging provided by individuals in their private residence for a candidate or other individual.
- 14 (6) "Council" means any municipal council—--or
 15 commission governing body.
- 16 {7} "Election" means a general, special, or primary
 17 election held to choose a public officer or submit an issue
 18 for the approval or rejection of the people.
- 19 (8) "Expenditure" means a purchase, payment,
 20 distribution, loan, advance, promise, pledge, or gift of
 21 money or anything of value made for the purpose of
 22 influencing the results of an election, but "expenditure"
 23 does not mean:
- 24 (a) services, food, or lodging provided in a manner 25 that they are not contributions under subsection (5); or

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- (b) payments:by-a candidate for his personal travel expenses or for foods clothing lodging or personal necessities for hisself and his family.
- (9) "General election" means an election held for the election of public officers throughout the state at times specified by law.
 - (10) "Individual" means a human being.

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- (11) "Issue" or "ballot issue" means a proposal submitted to the people at an election for their approval or rejection including but not limited to initiatives, referends, proposed constitutional amendments, recall questions, school levy questions, bond issue questions, or a ballot questions.
- (12) "Party" means any political organization which at the last preceding election for governor polled at least 3% of the votes for governor.
- (13) "Person" means an individual, corporation, association, firm, partnership, cooperative, committee, club, union, or other organization or group of individuals or a candidate as defined in subsection (2) of this section.
- (14) "Political committee" means a combination of two or more individuals or a person other than an individual; the primary or incidental purpose of which is to support or oppose a candidate or issue or to influence the result of an election by any expenditure.

- 1 (15) "Pri.a.y" or "primary election" means, a statutory.
 2 procedure for nominating candidates to public office at the.
 3 polls.
- (16) "Public office" means a state, county, municipal, school, or other district office that is filled by the people at an election.
 - (17) "Registrar" means the county-elerk-and-recorder
 officer or employee designated by the governing body to
 perform the dries of the election administrator and any
 regularly appointed deputy elerk-and-recorder.
 - (18) "Special election" means an election ealed-by-the prepare authorities to fill vacancies or to raise maney held on a date other than the date of a schools primary, generals or other election regularly scheduled by law or an election on one or more particular issues held in comjunction with hut not required by law to coincide with a regularly scheduled election.
 - (19) "Taxpayer" means a person who has paid a tax. on property assessed on a county or city assessment roll next preceding the election at which a question is to be submitted to the vote of the taxpayers.
- 22 (20) "Vecancy" means an office which does not have an incumbent who has a right to exercise its functions and take its fees or empluments."
- 25 Section 82. Section 13-2-101, MCA, is amended to readt

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*13-2-101. County elerk-as-county registrar. (1) Each county. elerk-and-recorder-is-ex-officio-county-registrar. He shall serve-without--extra--pay-or-compensation appoint an elections administrator as registrar.

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(2) The official register of electors is an official record of the county-clerk-and-recorder.*

Section 83. Section 13-2-102. MCA, is amended to read:
#13-2-102. Deputy registrars. (1) All notaries public
are deputy registrars in the county in which they reside.

- appoint a minimum of two deputy registrars who are not notaries public, a minimum of one from each of the two major political parties, for each precinct in the county from lists of persons recommended by the political parties. If the parties fail to submit lists, the commissioners governing body shall appoint deputy registrars without recommendations from the parties. The number of appointed deputy registrars for each county shall always be equally divided between the two major political parties. An appointed deputy registrar shall be a qualified resident elector in the precinct for which he is appointed.
- (3) No deputy registrar may register a voter until that deputy registrar has been issued a certificate of approval by the county registrar certifying that the deputy registrar has received instructions on registration

procedure from the county registrar.

- 2 (4) A deputy registrar who has been issued the 3 certificate required by subsection (3) may register electors 4 residing in any precinct of the county for which he is a 5 deputy registrar.
- 6 (5) Within 3 days after a registration card is filled
 7 out. deputy registrars shall forward the card to the
 8 registrar. Registration cards properly executed prior to the
 9 registration deadline shall be accepted by the registrar for
 10 3 days after the deadline.
- Section 84. Section 13-2-111. MCA, is amended to read:

 "13-2-111. Custody and care of records. Unless
 otherwise provided, the county elerk-and-recorder registrar
 shall have custody of registration books, cards, and other
 records required by the election laws of this state."
- Section 85. Section 13-3-101. MCA, is amended to read:

 "13-3-101. Establishment of election precincts. (1)

 The territorial unit for elections is the election precinct.

 All election precincts shall be designated by numbers.

 names. or both.
- 21 (2) The commissioners governing body of each county
 22 shall establish a convenient number of election precincts
 23 equalizing the number of electors in each precinct as nearly
 24 as possible.**
- 25 Section 86. Section 13-3-102. MCA. is amended to read:

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#13-3-102. Precinct boundaries. (1) The commissioners
County Styning body may change the boundaries of precincts
but not between Jahruary 1 and December 1 in any year during
which a general biennial election will be held, except that
the commissioners governing body m ay change the boundaries
of precincts in the year during which a general biennial
election will be held when the changes are required to make
precinct boundaries conform to legislative district
boundaries following the adoption of reapportionment plans
under Article V, section 14, of the 1972 Montana
constitution. In those instances, the changing of precinct
boundaries must be accomplished within 60 days of the filing
of the final reapportionment plan-

- (2) All changes must be certified to the registrar 3 days or less after the change is made.
- (3) The boundaries of election precincts may conform to the words of cities of the firsty secondy and third class commissioner election districts of counties and to the commissioner election districts of municipalities with a population greater than 1:500 and may conform to the boundaries of first-class school districts.
- Section 87. Section 13-3-103. MCA. is amended to read:
 #13-3-103. Certification of boundary changes. (1) Not
 more than 10 days after an order of the commissioners county
 #20/erning_body has established or changed the boundaries of

ar election pre ruct: the commissioners governing body shall caular to be prepared and delivered a map to the registrar showing the borders of all precincts and school districts within the county.

t27-Not more than 10-days-after-ward-boundaries-have been-changed - the city-council must-cartify-any-changes-or alteration-in-the-ward-boundaries-to-the-registrar-and deliver-to-his-s-map-showing-boundaries-of-the-wards-by numbers of the marks-by numbers of the marks-by

Section 88. Section 13-3-104, MCA, is amended to read:
"13-3-104. Precincts and words commissioner election
districts. (1) A word commissioner election district or
school district may be divided into two or more precincts,
and a precinct may be divided into two or more polling
places.

(2) In cities not of the firsty secondy or third-class a municipality with a population of less than 1:500, precincts may include two or more words combissioner election districts or may comprise territory included by one or more words combissioner election districts together with contiguous territory lying outside the incorporated limits of the cities applicability."

Section 89. Section 13-3-105, MCA, is amended to read:

#13-3-105. Designation of polling place. (1) The

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commissioners-shall-make-an-orderdesignatingthepolling
place-for-each-precincty-at-the-session-at-which-election
judges-ere-appointedw-Such-order-mayprovideforpolling
places-to-be-lacated-outside-the-boundaries-of-the-precinct-
Polling places shall be designated as provided in [section
106 of \$8 12]a

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(2) Not more than 10 or less than 3 days before an election, the registrar or—city-clerk shall publish in a newspaper of general circulation in the county, a statement of the locations of the precinct polling places.

Section 90. Section 13-4-101, MCA, is amended to reads #13-4-101. Appointment of election judges and clarks -- second board of election judges. (1) [a] At their regular meeting next preceding a general primary election, the commissioners county: governing body shall appoint five election judges and two clarks for each precinct having 200 or more electors and three election judges and two clarks for each precinct having 12ss than 200 electors. Judges for new precincts shall be appointed based upon the estimated number of electors.

t2)(b) If a precinct has 350 or more electors, the commissioners county governing body may appoint a second board of five election judges and two clerks who shall have the same qualifications as the first board.

(2) The municipal governing body shall appoint

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2	the manner provided by this chapter. At the option of the
3	aunicipal governing body. the number of election judges, and
4	clarks required by subsection (1) may be based on the number
5	of votes cast at the last general sunicipal election rather
6	than on the number of electors in the precinct. The election
7	judges and clerks so appointed shall perform the duties of
8	their offices as specified by this title for all municipal
9	elections."
10	Section 91. Section 13-10-202, MCA, is amended to

election judges and clerks for all municipal elections in

- #13-10-202. Filing fees. Filing fees are as follows:

 (1) for offices having an annual salary of \$1,000 or

 less, \$10, except candidates for the legislature must pay

 \$15;
- 16 (2) for offices having an annual salary of more than 17 \$1,000, 1% of the total annual salary;
- 18 t3}--for-the-office-of-county-commissioner+
- 19 taj--in-counties-of-the-first-classy-948+
- 20 (b)--in-counties-of-the-second-classy-#351
- 21 (c)--in-counties-of-the-third-classy-\$30;
- 22 (d)--in-counties-of-the-fourth-classy-\$251
- 23 (e)--in-counties-of-other-classesy-\$101
- 24 (4)(3) for offices in which compensation is paid in
- 25 fees, \$5;

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.read:

423797	for	state: cour	tty+ and	precinct	committeemen,
delogates	ŧo	netional	conventio	ons, and	presidential
electors, so	fee	s are requir	ed."		

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Section 92. Section 13-11-102, MCA, is amended to read:

#13-11-102. Publication and posting by county commissioners governing hody. When a proclamation prescribed by 13-11-101 is received, the commissioners governing hody shall have a copy published in a newspaper published in the county if a newspaper is published therein, otherwise in a newspaper of general circulation therein, and shall post a copy 10 days or more before the election at each polling place."

14 Section 93. Section 13-11-103, MCA, is amended to read:

"13-11-103» Election proclamation by county commissioners governing body. When a special election is ordered by the commissionersy-they governing body. It must issue an election proclamation containing the statement contained in 19-11-101(1). The statement must be published and posted in the same manner as a proclamation issued by the governor."

23 Section 94. Section 13-12-102, MCA, is amended to 24 read:

25 "13-12-102. Items to be furnished by commissioners.

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- 2 (1) furnish pollbooks to each election precinct in a 3 form prescribed by the secretary of state;
- furnish printed blanks for precinct registers, pollbooks, tally sheets, lists of electors, tickets, and returns, together with envelopes in which to enclose the returns; and
 - (3) furnish for each polling precinct a ballot box or canvas pouch with a lock and key for the ballots and detached stubsts
- 11 (+)--provide---all---poll---listsy---proclomations---of
 12 electionsy--and--other--appropriate-and-necessory-appliances
 13 for-holding-all-elections-in-the-county-and-allow-reasonable
 14 charges-therefore-and
- 15 (5)-provide-for-the-tronsmission-and-return-of-the 16 same-to-the-proper-officers*
- 17 Section 95. Section 13-12-103. MCA. is amended to read:
- 19 "13-12-103. City----clerk Municipal elections
 20 administrator to act in city municipal elections. In city
 21 municipal elections, the city-clerk municipal elections
 22 administrator shall perform all duties prescribed for
 23 registrers in this chapter. "
- 24 Section 96. Section 13-13-105, MCA, is amended to read:

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1 **13-13-105. Provision and use of election booths. (1)
2 All officers who designate polling places shall:

- 3 (a) provide in each polling place a sufficient number
 4 of booths. The officers must furnish each booth with a door
 5 or curtain to screen the voter from observation.
- (b) furnish the booths adequately to enable the
 elector to prepare his ballot;

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- (c) furnish at least one booth for every 50 electors registered in the precinct or as provided in subsection (3).
 - (2) No more than one person may occupy a booth at one time. No person may occupy a booth longer than is reasonably necessary to prepare his ballot, after which the election ludges may eject him.
 - (3) At the option of the municipal governing bodys for municipal elections, the number of booths required by subsection (1)(c) may be based on the number of votes cast at the last general municipal election rather than on the number of electors in the precipate.
- 19 Section 97. Section 13-16-505, MCA, is amended to read:
 - "13-16-505. Tie in election for county commissioner.

 If there is a tie vote for commissioner, the senior district judge shall appoint an eligible person to fill the office-es in-other-cases-of-vocancy."
- 25 Section 98. Section 13~16~506, MCA, is amended to

l read:

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2 "13-16-506. Tie in election for other county officers.
3 If there is a tie vote for clerk of the district court,
4 county attorney, or any county officer, except county
5 commissioner, the commissioners shall—appoint an eligible
6 person shall be appointed as in case of other vacancies in
7 the office."

Section 99. Section 10-2-228, MCA, is amended to reads "10-2-228. Absence for military service-treates no Mo vacancy in office created by absence for military service. It is specifically provided that the provisions of 2-16-112, subsections (5), (6), and (7) of 2-16-501, and 7-4-2208 [section 70 of SB 12], shall not be, and the same are declared not to be, applicable insofar as they relate to absence or residence of any officer of the state or political subdivision thereof caused by the military service of such officer as set forth in 10-2-221. It is specifically declared that the absence of such officer caused by such military service shall not create a vacancy in the office to which he was elected."

- 21 Section 100. Section 10-3-606, MCA; is amended to 22 read:
- 23 "10-3-606. Quorum requirement. If, following an enemy
 24 attack, the legislature or any state or-local-government
 25 council, board, or commission is unable to assemble a guorum

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as defined by the constitution of Montana or by statute, then those legislators or members of the council, board, or commission available for duty, shall constitute the legislature, board, or commission and quorum requirements shall be suspended. Where the affirmative vote of a specified proportion of members for the approval of any action would otherwise be required, the same proportion of those voting thereon shall be sufficient.

Section 101. Section 15-8-102, MCA, is amended to

"15-8-102. County assessor as agent of department — counties to furnish office space. (1) The county assessors of the various counties of the state are agents of the department of revenue for the purpose of locating and providing the department a description of all taxable property within the county, together with other pertinent information, and for the purpose of performing such other administrative duties as are required for placing taxable property on the assessment roles. The assessors shall perform such other duties as are required by law, not in conflict with the provisions of this subsection.

(2) The county-counts stoners governing body of the various counties shall provide existing office space in the county courthouse for use by the county assessor, his deputies and staff, and the state appraiser and staff, if

uch space is casorably available. If such space is not
reasonably available in the courthouse and the same must be
contracted for, the department shall pay the cost—thereof
tent for the effice space in the courthouse and for any
space contracted for by the department. Additional personal
property required by the department for the assessor to
perform his duties as agent of the department shall be
provided by the department.

(3) The department must provide maps for the use of its agents, showing the private lands owned or claimed in the county and, if surveyed under authority of the United States, the divisions and subdivisions of the survey. Maps of cities municipalities and villages or school districts may in like manner be provided. The cost of making such maps is a state charge and must be paid from the state general fund."

17 Section 102. Section 15-10-203, MCA, is amended to 18 read:

*15~10~203. Increase of tax revenue --- advertising of intention required. No taxing authority shall budget an increased amount of ad valorem tax revenue exclusive of revenue from ad valorem taxation on properties appearing for the first time on the assessment roll unless it advertises gives notice of its intention to do so at the same time that it advertises gives notice of its intention to fix its

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budget for the forthcoming fiscal year. <u>For the purposes of</u> this <u>sections</u> notice shall mean the same as provided in [section 12 of SB 23]."

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Section 103. Section 15-10-204, MCA, is amended to read:

"15-10-204. Resolution or ordinance for increase over certified millage. No millage in excess of the department of revenue's certified millage shall be levied until a resolution or ordinance has been approved by the governing board of the taxing authority, which resolution or ordinance must shall be approved by said taxing authority according to the following procedure:

- (1) The taxing authority shall edvertise give notice of its intent to exceed the department's certified millage in a newspaper of general circulation in the county, as provided in 15-10-203. The edvertisement notice shall state that the taxing authority will meet on a day, at a time and place fixed in the edvertisement notice, which shall be approximately-7-days-ofter-the-day-that-the-edvertisement-is publishedy for the purpose of hearing comments regarding the proposed increase and to explain the reasons for the proposed increase. The meeting may coincide with the meeting on the tentative proposed budget as required by law.
- (2) After the public hearing has been held in accordance with the above procedures, the taxing authority

1 may adopt a resolution or ordinance levying a millage rate 2 in excess of the certified millage. If the resolution or ordinance adopting said millage rate is not approved on the day of the public hearing, the day, time, and place at which the resolution or ordinance will be scheduled for consideration and approval by the taxing authority must shall be announced at the public hearing. If the resolution 8 or ordinance is to be considered at a day and time that is more than 2 weeks from the public hearing, the taxing 9 10 authority must again advertise give notice in the same 11 manner as provided in 15-10-203 and subsection (1) of this 12 section.

- (3) Public notice given and public hearings held in compliance with the requirements of Title 20, chapter 9, part 1, in setting school budgets satisfy the requirements contained in this section.
- 17 Section 104. Section 15-10-207, MCA, is amended to 18 read:
- 19 #15-10-207. Additional millage increase 20 readvartising new notice and revoting. If, after the initial 21 millage vote provided for in 15-10-203 the taxing authority 22 determines that it requires a greater millage or fails to 23 act in the specified period, it shall readvertise give new 24 notice and revote as required in 15-10-203 and 15-10-204.** 25 Section 105. Section 15-30-111, MCA, is amended to

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*15-30-111. Adjusted gross income. (1) Adjusted gross income shall be the taxpayer's federal income tax adjusted gross income as defined in section 62 of the internal Revenue Code of 1954 or as that section may be labeled or amended and in addition shall include the following:

- (a) interest received on obligations of another state or territory or county, aunicipality, district, or other political subdivision thereof;
- (b) refunds received of federal income tax, to the extent the deduction of such tax resulted in a reduction of Montana income tax liability.
- (2) Adjusted gross income does not include the following which are exempt from taxation under this chapter:
- (a) interest income from obligations of the United States government, the state of Montana, county, municipality, district, or other political subdivision thereofi
- (b) all benefits received under the Federal Employees* Retirement Act not in excess of \$3,600;
- (c) all benefits paid under the teachers retirement law which are specified as exempt from taxation by 19-4-706;
- (d) all benefits paid under The Public Employees* Retirement System Act which are specified as exempt from taxation by 19-3-105;

- 1 (e) all page('ts gaid under the highway patro) retirement law which are specified as exempt from taxation by 19-6-705:
 - (f) all Montana income tax refunds or credits thereof;
- (a) all benefits paid under 19-11-602, 19-11-604, and 19-11-605 to retired and disabled firefighters, their 7 surviving spouses and orphans;
 - (h) all benefits paid by-first--or-second-class-cities for under the policemen's retirement system provided for by Title 19. chapter 9.
- (3) In the case of a shareholder of a corporation with respect to which the election provided for under subchapter S. of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, is in effect but with respect to which the election provided for under 15-31-202, as amended, is not in effect, adjusted gross income does not include any part of the corporation's undistributed taxable income, net operating loss, capital gains or other gains, profits, or losses required to be included in the shareholder's federal income tax adjusted gross income by reason of the said election under subchapter 21 5. However, the shareholder's adjusted gross income shall include actual distributions from the comporation to the extent they would be treated as taxable dividends if the subchapter S. election were not in effect."
- 25 Section 106. Section 16-1-205, MCA, is amended to

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"16-1-205. Local option. The electors of a county may, by approving an initiative as provided under Fitte-Ty chapter-5y part-22 [section 50 through section 63 of SB 12], prohibit the sale and consumption of liquor or of all alcoholic beverages within the county. If such initiative is presented to the board-of county commissioners governing body, the board may not approve it but shall submit the proposal to the people under 7-5-2212 through 7-5-2214 [section 62 of SB 12]."

11 Section 107. Section 17-5-101, MCA, is amended to 12 read:

#17-5-101. Definitions. The following terms as used in this part have the following meanings:

debentures, certificates of indebtedness, temporary bonds, temporary notes, interim receipts, interim certificates, and all instruments or obligations evidencing or representing indebtedness or evidencing or representing the borrowing of money or evidencing or representing a charge, lien, or encumbrance on specific revenues, special assessments, income, or property of a political subdivision, including all instruments or obligations payable from a special funda
{2} "Political subdivision" includes a eounty-eityy towny school district, irrigation district, drainage

district: special...-improvement...districts or any other governmental subdivision of the state but shall not include Counties: municipalities: the state of Montana: the board of examiners: the division of water resources of the department of natural resources and conservation: the state highway commission: or any other board: agency: or commission of the state.

(3) "Governing body" means the board, council, commission, or other body charged with the general control of the issuance of bonds of a political subdivision."

11 . Section 108. Section 17-5-102, MCA, is amended to read:

13 *17-5-102. Rate of interest on bonds to be determined by governing bodies -- limitations and exceptions. Bonds of 14 a political subdivision shall bear interest at such rate or 15 rates as its governing body shall determine, except that no 16 such rate shall exceed 7% except revenue bonds issued-under 17 the-terms-of-Title-Ty-chapter-Ty-parts-44-and-45y--Title--Ty 16 19 chapter--13y--part--43y-and-90-5-101-through-98-5-113y which 20 rate shall not exceed 9%."

21 Section 109. Section 17-6-103, MCA, is amended to read:

23 "17-6-103. Security for deposits of public funds. The 24 following kinds of securities may be pledged or guarantees 25 may be issued to secure deposits of public funds:

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- (1) direct obligations of the United States;
 - (2) securities as to which the payment of principal and interest is quaranteed by the United States:
 - (3) securities issued or fully guaranteed by the following agencies of the United States: whether or not guaranteed by the United States:
 - (a) commodity credit corporation;
 - (b) federal intermediate credit banks;
 - (c) federal land bank:

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- 10 (d) bank for cooperatives;
 - (e) federal home loan banks;
 - (f) federal national mortgage association;
 - (q) qovernment national mortgage association;
- 14 (h) small business administration; and
- 15 (i) federal housing administration (not including 16 insured mortgages);
 - (4) general obligation bonds of the state or of any county, city, school district, or other political subdivision of the state;
 - (5) revenue bonds of any county, city, or other political subdivision of the state, when backed by the full faith and credit of such subdivision:
- 23 (6) interest-bearing warrants of the state or of any
 24 county, city, school district, or other political
 25 subdivision of the state issued in evidence of claims in an

- mount which, the abount validly appropriated in the current budget for expenditure from the fund in the year in which they are issued:
- (7) obligations of housing authorities of the state secured by a pledge of annual contributions or by a loan agreement made by the United States or any agency thereof providing for contributions or a loan sufficient with other funds pledged to pay the principal of and interest on the obligations when dues; Subject to rules prescribed by the department of community affairs, the bonds and other obligations made oligible for investment in 32-1 424(3) and 7-15-4505 may be used as accurity for all departments of public funds or other accurities are required or day by law be described as accurity.
- 17 (8) general obligation bonds of other states and of 18 municipalities and counties of other states; and
- (9) undertaking or guarantees issued by a surety
 company authorized to do business in the state.
- 21 Section 110. Section 19-10-404; MCA. is amended to read:
- 23 #19-10-404. Reinstatement to retired list. An
 24 applicant---for---reinstatement---under--the--previsions--of
 25 7-92-418-may-be-reinstated-and-massed-into A malice officer

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who has retired from a police department and who subsequently rejoins the police department may later pass to the retired list of police officers so as to enjoy all the benefits, pensions, and rights which accrue to police officers placed on the retired list in said city or town. The pension benefits to be allowed to such reinstated officer shall be computed upon the basis of his last full year of active service on said police force.

Section 111. Section 19-11-107, MCA, is amended to read:

"19-11-107. Retention of firefighters rights when local government consolidated. A firefighter who has vested rights in a disability and pension fund maintains prior vested rights in the fund upon its transfer to a consolidated county municipality. A disability and pension fund established as required by law in a city—or—town municipality of the county prior to the—election—and qualification—of—a—commission—under—litle—7—or—other—acts—of consolidation or disincorporation shall be continued as one such fund for the fire department of the municipality, subject, however, to the prior vested rights of firefighters employed by any fire department established as required by law in a city—or—town municipality of the county prior to the—election—and—qualification—of—a—commission—under—Title—7 or—other—acts—of consolidation or disincorporation. The

board of trustees of the disability and pension fund shall continue as provided in 19-11-104. Except as provided in this section, the disability and pension fund shall be continued and administered in the manner prescribed by law for such funds."

Section 112. Section 20-3-205, MCA, is amended to 7 read:

*20-3-205. Powers and duties. The county superintendent has general supervision of the schools of the county within the limitations prescribed by this title and shall perform the following duties or acts:

- (1) determine, establish, and reestablish trustee nominating districts and fill additional trustee position vacancies in accordance with the provisions of 20-3-352, 20-3-353, and 20-3-354;
- 16 (2) administer and file the caths of members of the 17 boards of trustees of the districts in his county in 18 accordance with the provisions of 20-3-307;
- 19 (3) fill by appointment any trustee position vacancies
 20 when required under the provisions of 20-3-309;
 - (4) register the teacher certificate or emergency authorization of employment of any person employed in the county as a teacher, principal, or district superintendent in accordance with the provisions of 20-4-202;
 - (5) act on each tuition application submitted to him

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in accordance with the provisions of 20-5-301, 20-5-302, 20-5-304, and 20-5-311 and transmit the tuition information required by 20-5-312:

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- (6) file a copy of the audit report for a district in accordance with the provisions of 20-9-203;
- 6 (7) classify districts in accordance with the 7 provisions of 20-6-201 and 20-6-301:
 - (8) keep a transcript and reconcile the district boundaries of the county in accordance with the provisions of 20-6-103;
 - (9) fulfill all responsibilities assigned to him under the provisions of this title regulating the organization. alteration or abandonment of districts;
 - (10) act on any unification proposition and, if approved, establish additional trustee nominating districts in accordance with 20-6-312 and 20-6-313;
 - (11) estimate the average number belonging (ANA) of an opening school in accordance with the provisions of 20-6-502: 20-6-503: 20-6-504: or 20-6-506;
 - (12) process and, when required, act on school isolation applications in accordance with the provisions of 20-9-302;
- 23 (13) complete the pudgets, compute the pudgeted
 24 revenues and tax levies, give notices of the budget
 25 meetings, file final and emergency budgets, and fulfill such

- other responsion it es assigned to him under the provisions of this title regulating school budgeting systems:
- 3 (14) submit an annual financial report to the 4 superintendent of public instruction in accordance with the 5 provisions of 20-9-211;
- 12 (16) act on any request to transfer average number 13 belonging (ANB) in accordance with the provisions of 14 20-9-313(3);
 - (17) calculate the estimated budgeted general fund sources of revenue in accordance with the provisions of 20-9-348 and the other general fund revenue provisions of the general fund part of this title;
 - (18) compute the revenues and the district and county levy requirements for each fund included on each district's final budget and report such computations to the board-of county commissioners governing body in accordance with the provisions of the general fund, transportation, bonds, and other school funds parts of this title;
- 25 (19) file and forward bus driver certifications:

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transportation contracts, and state transportation reimbursement claims in accordance with the provisions of 20-10-103, 20-10-143, or 20-10-145;

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- (20) for districts which do not employ a district superintendent or principal, recommend library book and textbook selections in accordance with the provisions of 20-7-204 or 20-7-602;
- (21) notify the superintendent of public instruction of a textbook dealer's activities when required under the provisions of 20-7-605 and otherwise comply with the textbook dealer provisions of this title;
- (22) act on district requests to allocate federal moneys for indigent children for school food services in accordance with the provisions of 20-10-205;
 - (23) perform any other duty prescribed from time to time by this title, any other act of the legislature, an ordinance of the county governing body, the policies of the board of public education, or the rules of the superintendent of public instruction;
- (24) administer the oath of office to trustees without the receipt of pay for administering the oath;
- (25) keep a record of his official acts, preserve all reports submitted to him under the provisions of this title, preserve all books and instructional equipment or supplies, keep all documents applicable to the administration of the

- office, and surrender such records, books, supplies, and equipment to his successor:
- 3 (26) within 90 days after the close of the school
 4 fiscal year, publish an annual report in the county
 5 newspaper stating the following financial information for
 6 the school fiscal year just ended for each district of the
 7 county:
- (a) the total of the cash balances of all funds
 maintained by the district at the beginning of the year;
- 10 (b) the total receipts that were realized in each fund
 11 maintained by the district;
- 12 (c) the total expenditures that were made from each
 13 fund maintained by the district; and
- 14 (d) the total of the cash balances of all funds 15 maintained by the district at the end of the school fiscal 16 year; and
- 17 (27) hold meetings for the members of the trustees from 18 time to time at which matters for the good of the districts 19 shall be discussed."
- 20 Section 113. Section 20-9-142, MCA, is amended to 21 read:
- 22 "20-9-142. Fixing and levying taxes by board of county
 23 commissioners governing body. [1] On the second Monday in
 24 August, the county superintendent shall place before the
 25 board of county commissioners governing body the final

adopted budget of the district and any emergency budget adopted by the district during the previous school fiscal year. It shall be the duty of the board—of county commissioners governing body to fix and levy on all the taxable value of all the real and personal property within the district all district and county taxation required to finance, within the limitations provided by law, the final budget and any emergency budget of the district.

12) The mili levies established by the county governing body shall be certified to the county finance administrator for collection within 7 days of the date of the fixing."

Section 114. Section 20-9-152, MCA, is amended to read:

#28-9-152. Fixing and levying taxes , for joint districts. (1) At the time of fixing levies for county-end school purposes on the second Monday in August, the board-of county county county county governing body of each county in which a part of a joint district is located shall fix and levy taxes on that portion of the joint district located in such board-of governing body's county at the number of mills for each such levy recommended by the joint statement of the county superintendents.

(2) The board—of county commissioners gaverning bady
shall include in the amounts to be raised by the county

1 'evies for a policial the amounts required for the final
2 by 'get of each part of a joint district located in the
3 county, in accordance with the recommendations of the county
4 superintendent.

13) The mill levies established by the county governing buty shall be countified to the county finance administrator for collection within 7 days of the date of the fixing."

9 Section 115. Section 20-9-212, MCA, is amended to 10 read:

11 #20-9-212. Duties of county tressurer finance
12 administrator. The county tressurer finance administrator of
13 each county shall:

- (1) receive and hold all school moneys subject to apportionment and keep a separate accounting of their apportionment to the several districts which are entitled to a portion of such moneys according to the apportionments ordered by the county superintendent. A separate accounting shall be maintained for each county fund supported by a countywide levy for a specific, authorized purpose, including:
- 22 (a) the basic county tax in support of the elementary
 23 foundation programs;
- 24 (b) the basic special tax for high schools in support
 25 of the high school foundation programs;

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(c) the county tax in support of the county's high school transportation obligation;

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- (d) the county tax in support of the high school obligations to the retirement systems of the state of Montana:
- (e) any additional county tax required by law to provide for deficiency financing of the elementary foundation programs:
- (f) any additional county tax required by provide for deficiency financing of the foundation programs;
- for postsecondary (q) the county tax vocational-technical center when levied by the board-of county commissioners governing body; and
- (h) any other county tax for schools which may be authorized by law and levied by the county commissioners governing body:
- requested, notify the county (2) whenever superintendent and the superintendent of public instruction of the amount of county school moneys on deposit in each of the funds enumerated in subsection (1) of this section and amount of any other school moneys subject to apportionment and apportion such county and other school moneys to the districts in accordance with the apportionment ordered by the county superintendent;

- 1 (3) keep a separate accounting of the expenditures for each budgeted fund included on the final budget of each 2 district:
 - (4) keep a separate accounting of the receipts. expenditures, and cash balances for each budgeted fund included on the finel budget of each district and for each nonbudgeted fund established by each district;
 - (5) except as otherwise limited by law, pay all warrants properly drawn on the county or district school moneys and properly endorsed by their holders;
- 11 . (6) receive all revenue collected by and for each district and deposit these receipts in the fund designated by law or by the district if no fund is designated by law. Interest and penalties on delinquent school taxes shall be credited to the same fund and district for which the original taxes were levied.
- 17 (7) send all revenues received for a joint district. 18 part of which is situated in his county, to the county treasurer finance administrator designated as the custodian 19 20 of such revenues, no later than December 15 of each year and 21 every 3 months thereafter until the end of the school fiscal 22 year:
- 23 (8) register district warrants drawn on a budgeted 24 fund in accordance with 7-6-2604 [section 33 through section 25 105 of SB 221 when there are insufficient moneys available

in the sum of moneys in all funds of the district to make payment of such warrants. Redemption of registered warrants shall be made in accordance with 7-6-2126y-7-6-2685y-and 7-6-2686 (section 33 through section 105 of SR 22).

- (9) invest the moneys of any district as directed by the trustees of the district; and
 - (10) give to the trustees of each district, at least quarterly, an itemized report for each fund maintained by the district showing the paid warrants, outstanding warrants, registered warrants, amount and types of revenue received, and the cash balance.
- 12 Section 116. Section 20-9-215, MCA, is amended to 13 read:
 - "20-9-215. Destruction of certain financial records.

 Any claim, warrant, voucher, bond, or treasurer's general receipt may be destroyed by any county-city-or-town, local government or school district officer after a period of 25 years."
- 19 Section 117. Section 20-9-406, NCA, is amended to 20 read:
 - The maximum amount for which each school district may become indebted by the issuance of honds, including all indebtedness represented by outstanding bonds of previous issues and registered warrants, is 29% of the taxable value

of the propercy subject to taxation as ascertained by the last completed assessment for state, county, and school taxes previous to the incurring of such indebtedness. The 29% maximum, however, may not pertain to indebtedness imposed by special improvement district obligations or assessments against the school district. All bonds issued in excess of such amount shall be null and void, except as provided in this section.

- (2) When the total indebtedness of a school district has reached the 29% limitation prescribed in this section, the school district may pay all reasonable and necessary expenses of the school district on a cash basis in accordance with the financial administration provisions of this chapter.
- (3) Whenever bonds are issued for the purpose of refunding bonds, any moneys to the credit of the debt service fund for the payment of the bonds to be refunded are applied towards the payment of such bonds and the refunding bond issue is decreased accordingly.
- (4) No county may issue general obligation bonds which, with all outstanding general obligation bonds for the same purposes will exceed 2.1/2% of the assessed value of the property in the county for the purpose of acquiring land for a site for county high school buildings and for erecting or acquiring buildings there or and furnishing and

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equipping the same for county high school purposes."

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Section 118. Section 20-9-435, MCA, is amended to read:

m20-9-435. Delivery of school district bonds and disposition of sale moneys. (1) After the school district bonds have been registered, the county treasurer finance administrator shall:

- (a) when the board of land commissioners has purchased such bonds, forward the bonds to such state board which, in turn, shall cause the bonds to be sent to the state treasurer and shall cause the bonds to be paid for in the manner provided by law; or
- (b) when the purchaser is anybody other than the board of land commissioners, deliver the bonds to such purchaser when full payment of the bonds has been made by the purchaser.
- (2) If any of the trustees shall fail or refuse to pay into the proper county treasury the money arising from the sale of any bonds, he shall be decided considered guilty of a felony. If convicted, he shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for not less than 1 year or more than 10 years.
- (3) All moneys realized from the sale of school district bonds shall be paid to the county treasurer finance administrator, and he shall credit such moneys to the

building fund of the school district issuing such bonds, 1 except goneys realized for the purposes defined in 20-9-403(1)(c) and (1)(d) shall be deposited in the debt 3 service fund for the purchase of such bonds. The moneys realized from the sale of school district bonds shall be immediately available to such school district, and the 7 trustees may expend such moneys without budgeted authorization for the purpose or purposes, but only for such purposes, for which the bonds were authorized by the school district bond election. Under the provisions of 7-6-2002 10 11 . Isection 62 of SB 221, the trustees may invest such moneys for which there is no immediate demand--end--the--interest 12 13 earned--by--such--investment--shell--be--used--in-the-manner provided therein. Interest earned from such investments. 14 except interest on the sale of boods accrued in the period 15 16 between the date of issue and the time of purchase which 17 aust be credited to the sinking fund, may be credited to the 18 sinking fund of the county high schools provided that in the event construction of the buildings is delayed for a period 19 20 longer than 6 months due to court action or other causes 21 beyond the control of the trustees, the trustees may direct 22 that interest earned be credited to the fund from which the 23 money was withdrawn. The trustees may authorize 24 expenditures from interest earned, except as provided above. 25 for furnishing and equipping the buildings for which the

read:

bonds were solds. After the full accomplishment of the purpose or purposes of a bond issue, the excess moneys realized from such bond issue shall be transferred to the debt service fund of the school district to be used for the redemption or purchase of bonds of such issue."

Section 119. Section 20-9-445, MCA, is amended to read:

Section 120. Section 20-9-446. MCA. is amended to read:

#20-9-446. Duty of equity prosecuting attorney to prosecute. It shall be the duty of the county prosecuting attorney in each county to commence and prosecute all actions to enforce any liability created by 20-9-444 or 20-9-445. Such actions shall be tried as civil actions at law."

Section 121. Section 25-3-201, MCA, is amended to

2 #25-3-201. Delivery of papers to officer. (1) It is
3 the duty of the clerk of any district court, at the request
4 of a party in any civil action pending in such court or his
5 agent or attorney, to forward by mail any process, summons,
6 or other papers required in the cause; and it is the duty of
7 the sheriff or other officer to whom said papers may be
8 directed to receive the same at the place where the same are
9 directed. When process is one county is intended for service
10 in another, it is the duty of the clerk to forward the same
11 in like manner.

t2}-Any-write-orders-or-other-paper-for-service-must
be--received-at-any-place-in-the-county-where-e-sheriff-or-a
deputy-is-founds-but-if-papers-ore-delivered--for-service
away-free-the-county-seaty-ell-necessary-copies-thereof-must
be-furnished-for-services

17 (3)(2) If any sheriff or other officer refuse to
18 receive any summons or other process at the point where
19 directed to him or to serve the same, he is guilty of a
20 misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof must be fined in any
21 sum not exceeding \$100.**

22 Section 122. Section 32-1-424, MCA, is amended to 23 read:

24 **32-1-424. Investments of financial institutions. (1)
25 Trust and investment componies may lease, purchase, held,

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and convey all such real or personal property as may be necessary to carry on their authorized business, as well as such real or personal property as the board of directors may deem necessary to acquire in the enforcement or settlement of any claims or demands arising out of business transactions and may execute and issue, in the transaction of their business, all necessary receipts, certificates, and contracts.

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(2) The board of directors of any such corporation is authorized to invest the capital and assets of said corporation and keep the same invested in securities to be approved by the board, and it shall be lawful for the board to make such investments of its capital and assets and of the funds accumulated by its business, including money, deposits, or any part thereof, in negotiable or nonnegotiable notes or bonds, mortgages on unencumbered real estate, stocks and bonds of corporations, or bonds and warrants of any county, city, town, or school district of this state or any other state of the United States legally authorized to issue the same, or bonds or obligations of the United States.

(3)--Notwithstanding-other-provisions-of--the--law--it shall--be--lawful--for--any--banky-trust-companyy-investment company-and-other-financial-institutions-operating-under-the lews-of-this-state-to-invest-the-funds-or--moneys--in--their

l	custodyor-possessiony-aligible-for-investmenty-in-bonds-of
2	the-Hose-Buners A-toon-Eorporationy-in-debanturesissuedby
3	thefederalhousingodministratoryand-in-abligations-of
4	National-Hortqage-Associationse

Section 123. Section 32-2-406. MCA. is amended to reads

#32-2-406. Investments. (1) A building and loan association may invest the money of the association in:

- (a) the bonds and securities of the United States, bonds and other obligations quaranteed as to interest and principal by the United States, and the stocks, bonds, 11 12 debentures, and other securities and obligations of any 13 federal home loan bank created under the laws of the United 14 States:
- (b) the bonds and warrants of any state and of any 15 16 county. city. or school district of the state of Montana;
 - (c) the obligations of the federal savings and loan insurance corporation lawfully issued pursuant to Title IV of the National Housing Act;
 - (d) improved real estate which has been sold under contract, including suburban homes but not including farm lands or mining property. However, the total remaining so invested, excluding real estate otherwise acquired, shall at no time exceed 15% of its assets. amount so invested may not exceed 85% of the price

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stipulated in the contract of sale or 85% of the value of the property so purchased, whichever is the lesser.

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- (e) other bonds and securities, not to exceed 10% of the association assets.
- (2) Not over 10% of the assets of an association may be invested in home office buildings, furniture, and fixtures. Other real property acquired in any manner or for any purpose may not be held for more than 5 years, except by permission of the department.
- (3)--Notwithstanding-other-provisions-of--the--lawy--it
 shall--be--lawful-for-any--building-and-lean-association-ond
 other-financial-institution-operating-under-the-laws-of-this
 state-to-invest-she-funds-or--sameys--in--their--custody--or
 possessiony--eligible--for--investmenty-in-bends-of-the-Home
 Owners---boan--Gerporationy--in--debentures---lawed-by---the
 federal----busing----administratory--and--in---obligations---of
 National-Nortages-Associations--
- 18 Section 124. Section 37-2-301, MCA, is amended to read:
 - "37-2-301. Duty to report cases of communicable disease. (1) If a physician or other practitioner of the healing arts examines or treats a person whom he believes has a communicable disease or a disease declared reportable by the department of health and environmental sciences, he shall immediately report the case to the local health

.?fficer. The report shall be in the form and contain in ermation prescribed by the department of demalth and environmental sciences.

- (2) A person who violates the provisions of this section or rules adopted by the department of health and environmental sciences under the provisions of this chapter is guilty of a misdemeanor. On conviction, he shall be fined not less than \$10 or more than \$500, imprisoned for not more than \$0 days; or both. Each day of violation constitutes a separate offense. Fines shall be paid to the county treesurer finance administrator of the county in which the violation occurs.
- Section 125. Section 37-40-102, MCA, is amended to read:
 - *37-40-102. Exemptions. Persons exempt from the requirements of this chapter, unless practicing the profession of sanitarian, are:
- 18 (1) any person teaching, lecturing, or engaging in 19 research in environmental sanitation, but only insofar as 20 such activities are performed as part of an academic 21 position in a college or university;
- 22 (2) any person who is a sanitary engineer, public 23 health engineer, registered professional engineer, or 24 engineer-in-training;
 - (3) any public health officer employed pursuant to

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50-2-116	[section_44	through	section	50 of	SB 711:	and
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- (4) any person employed by a federal governmental agency, but only at such times as the person is carrying out the functions of his employment.
- 5 Section 126. Section 37-61-212, MCA, is amended to 6 read:
 - #37-61-212. Collection of delinquent license tax. If any practicing attorney or counselor at law shall fail, neglect, or refuse to pay to the clerk of the supreme court the license tax imposed by this chapter for a period of 30 days after the same is due and payable, it shall be the duty of the clerk of the supreme court to take such action for the collection of the same-as-is-required of the county trecsurer-in-cases-of-nonpayment-of-other-licenses-es provided by 7-21-2116 and the provisions of 7-21-2115 through 7-21-2117 shall control in-said proceedings so-far as-the-same-are-applicable—thereto license tax.
- 18 Section 127. Section 39-3-402: MCA: is amended to 19 read:
- 20 **39-3-402. Definitions. As used in this part the 21 following definitions apply:
- 22 (1) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of labor and industry.
 - (2) "Employ" means to suffer or permit to work.
- 25 (3) "Employee" includes any individual employed by an

1 employers including local government law enforcement
2 officers and firefighters.

- (4) "Farm or ranch" shall mean any endeavor primarily engaged in cultivating the soil or in connection with raising or harvesting any agricultural or horticultural commodity, including the raising, shearing, feeding, caring for, training, and management of livestock, bees, and poultry and fur-bearing animals and wildlife.
 - (5) "Farm worker" means any person employed to do any service performed on a farm or fanch.
 - (6) "Occupation" means any occupation: service: trade; business: industry: or branch or group of industries or employment or class of employment in which employees are qainfully employed.
 - reason of his employment, payable in legal tender of the United States or check on banks convertible into cash on demand at full face value, subject to such allowance as may be permitted by regulations of the commissioner under 39-3-403. The term "waye" includes the reasonable cost to the employer of furnishing such employee with board, lodging, or other facilities, if such board, lodging, or other facilities, if such board, lodging, or other facilities are customarily furnished by such employer to his employees; provided, however, that in no case shall such inclusion exceed an amount equal to 40% of the total

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Section 128+ Section 39-4-107, MCA, is amended to read:

school districts, mines, mills, and smelters. (1) A period of 8 hours shall constitute a day's work in all works and undertakings carried on or aided by any-municipaly-county, or state governments or first-class school districts, and on all contracts let by them and for all janitors, except in courthouses of sixth-and-seventh-class-countles, engineers, firemen firstighters, caretakers, custodians, and laborers employed in or about any buildings, works, or grounds used or occupied for any purpose by any-municipaly-county, or state governments, or school districts of first class, and in mills and smelters for the treatment of ores, in underground mines, and in the washing, reducing, and treatment of coal, except in cases of emergency when life or property is in imminent danger.

(2)---for-firefighters-in-cities-of-the-first-end-second
class---a--work--wook--sholt--be-a-period-of-a-maximum-of-40
hours-during-s-5-day-work-

(3)--In--counties--where--regular---read---and---bridge

departments--are--waintain-dy--the-county-countissioners-wayy
with-the-approval-of-the-nmpleyees-or-their-duly-constituted
representativey-establish-a-49-hour-work-week-consisting--of

this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$100 or more than \$600 or by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than 30 days or more than 7 months or by both such fine and imprisonment...

11 Section 129. Section 40-3-114, MCA, is amended to read:

"40-3-114. Budget. The provisions of the county budget system. Title-Ty-chopter-6y-part-23y [section 61 through section 56 of 58 22] shall, except as provided by 40-3-125(3), be applicable to expenditures for the court of conciliations—provided—howevery-thet-the-court-may-submit to—the-board—of-county-commissioners—the—information required-by-7-6-2311-on-or-before-duly-1-of-each-year."

20 Section 130. Section 45-8-201, MCA, is amended to 21 read:

22 "45-8-201. Obscenity. (1) A person commits the offense 23 of obscenity when, with knowledge of the obscene nature 24 thereof, he purposely or knowingly:

(a) sells, delivers, or provides or offers or agrees

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to sell, deliver, or provide any obscene writing, picture
record, or other representation or embodiment of the obscene
to anyone under the age of 18;

- (b) presents or directs an obscene play, dance, or other performance, or participates in that portion thereof which makes it obscene, to anyone under the age of 18;
- 7 (c) publishes, exhibits, or otherwise makes available 8 anything obscene to anyone under the age of 18;
 - (d) performs an obscene act or otherwise presents an obscene exhibition of his body to anyone under the age of 18;
- 12 (e) creates, buys, procures, or possesses obscene

 13 matter or material with the purpose to disseminate it to

 14 anyone under the age of 18; or
 - (f) advertises or otherwise promotes the sale of obscene material or materials represented or held out by him to be obscene.
 - (2) A thing is obscene if:

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- 19 (a) (i) it is a representation or description of 2D perverted ultimate sexual acts, actual or simulated;
- 21 (ii) it is a patently offensive representation or 22 description of normal ultimate sexual acts, actual or 23 simulated; or
- (iii) it is a patently offensive representation or description of masturbation, excretory functions, or lead

- 1 exhibition of the genitals; and
- 2 (b) taken as a whole the material:
- (i) applying contemporary Montana standards, appeals
 to the prurient interest in sex;
- 5 (ii) portrays conduct described in {2}(a}(i), {ii}, or 6 (iii) of this section in a patently offensive way; and
- 7 (iii) lacks serious literary, artistic, political, or 8 scientific value.
- 9 (3) In any prosecution for an offense under this
 10 section, evidence shall be admissible to show:
- 11 . (a) the predominant appeal of the material and what
 12 effect, if any, it would probably have on the behavior of
 13 people;
- (b) the artistic, literary, scientific, educational,
 or other merits of the material;
- 16 (c) the degree of public acceptance of the material in 17 this state;
- 18 (d) appeal to prurient interest or absence thereof in
 19 advertising or other promotion of the material: or
- (e) purpose of the author, creator, publisher, or
 21 disseminator.
- 22 (4) A person convicted of obscenity shall be fined at 23 least \$500 but not more than \$1,000 or imprisoned in the
- 24 county jail for a term not to exceed 6 months, or both.
- 25 (5) No city-or municipal or county ordinance may be

adopted which	is more restrictive as	to obscenity	than	the
provisions of	this section and 45-8-2	02-1		

- 3 Section 131. Section 46-6-202, MCA, is amended to 4 read:
 - "46-6-202. Form of warrant -- execution. (1) A warrant of arrest shall:
 - (a) be in writing in the name of the state of Montana or in the name of a municipality the local government if a violation of a municipal local government ordinance is charged:
- (b) set forth the nature of the offense;

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- (c) Command that the person against whom the complaint was made be arrested and brought before the court issuing the warrant or, if the judge is absent or unable to act, before the nearest or most accessible court in the same county or the adjoining county;
- (d) specify the name of the person to be arrested or, if his name is unknown, designate the person by any name or description by which he can be identified with reasonable certainty;
- (e) state the date when issued and the municipality or county where issued: and
- 23 (f) be signed by the judge of the court with the title 24 of his office.
- 25 (2) The warrant or arrest may specify the amount of

(3): The warrant shall be directed to all peace officers in the state. It shall be executed by a peace officer and may be executed in any county of the state. However, warrants issued for the violation of city excounty ordinances cannot be executed outside the city or county

limits, except as otherwise provided by T-98-4306---and

8 7-98-4508 [section 60 of SB 141 for much cinalities.

Jail.

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(4) If an arrest is made in a county other than the one in which the warrant was issued, the arrested person shall be taken without unnecessary delay before the nearest and most accessible judge in the county where the arrest was made or the adjoining county.

14 Section 132. Section 50-1-104, "MGA, is amended to read:

"50-1-104. Summed possibly yieldties of public health laws or rules. Ill if a person refuses or neglects to comply with a written order of a state or local health officer or other local public health personnel acting in the performance of their duries within a removable time specifies in the orders the state or local health officer east

23 <u>ial. obtains a court order deforcing commitments with the</u>
24 orders on:

25 (b) if the conditions indicate an important to

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2	alleviate the conditions which prompted the order.
3	(2) The state or local health officer may initiate
4	action to recover any expenses incurred from the person wh
5	refused or neglected to comply with the order. The action t
6	recover expanses shall be brought in the name of the count
7	involved.
8	(3) No person may remove or deface any placard of
9	notice posted by the local bealth officer or other local
10	public health personnel acting in the performance of the
11	duties or violate a quarantine regulation.
12	(4) Anyone who knowingly violates a public health la
13	or a rule adopted by the board or the department of healt
14	and environmental sciences or a local health department for
15	which no penalty is specified is guilty of a misdemeanor.
16	Section 133. Section 50-1-202, MCA, is amended t
17	read:
18	#50-1-202. General powers and duties. The departmen
19	shall:
20	(I) study conditions affecting the citizens of th
21	state by making use of birth, death, and sickness records
22	(2) make investigations, disseminate information, ar
23	make recommendations for control of diseases and improvemen
24	of public health to persons, groups, or the public;

public health, take whatever action is necessary to

1	federal health program for which responsibilities an
2	delegated to states;
3	(4) inspect and work in conjunction with custodia
4	institutions and Montana university system unit
5	periodically as necessary and at other times on request o
6	the governor:
7	(5) after each inspection made under subsection (4) o
8	this section, submit a written report on samitary condition
9	to the governor and to the director of institutions of
10	commissioner of higher education and include recommendation
11	for improvement in conditions if necessary;
12	(6) advise state agencies on location, drainage, water
13	supply, disposal of excreta, heating, plumbing, sewe
14	systems, and ventilation of public buildings;
15	(7) organize taboratory services and provide equipment
16	and personnel for those services;
17	(8) develop and administer activities for th
18	protection and improvement of dental health and supervis
19	dentists employed by the state y-local-boards-ofhealthy o
20	schools;
21	(9) develop and administer a program to protect th
22	health of mothers and children;
23	(10) conduct health education programs;
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(3) at the request of the governor, administer any

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the performance of their duties:

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(129(11) consult with the superintendent of public instruction on health measures for schools:

to handicapped children including diagnosis, medical, surgical, and corrective treatment, and after—care and related services:

(14) supervise-local-boards-of-health;

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the health laws and defend actions brought against the board
or department;

(14) evaluate propress and services provided by local

tiby(15) accept and expend federal funds available for
public health services;

departments of health to assist in the administration of laws relating to public health—end. If such personnel are utilized for these purposes however local health departments shall be reimbursed for the costs involved out of money from any sources available to the department.

tion that will reimburse the department for the costs incurred in performing tests and services. All fees shall be

1 deposited in nu general fundom

Section 134. Section 50-3-103, MCA, is amended to 3 read:

*50-3-103. Rules promulgated by state fire marshal. ٠ (1) Rules promulgated by the state fire marshal by authority 5 of 50-3-102 shall be reasonable and calculated to effect the 7 purposes of this chapter. They shall include but not be to requirements for design, construction, installation, overation, storage, handling, maintenance, or 10 of structural requirements for various types of construction; building restrictions within congested 11 12 districts; exit facilities from structures; fire alarm 13 systems and fire extinguishing systems; fire emergency 14 drills; flue and chimney construction; heating devices; 15 electrical wiring and equipment; air conditioning, 16 ventilating, and other duct systems; refrigeration systems; 17 flammable liquids; oil and gas wells; application of 18 flammable finishes; explosives, acetylene, liquefied 19 petroleum gas, and similar products; calcium carbide and 20 acetylene generators; flammable motion picture film, 21 combustible fibers; hazardous chemicals; rubbish, open flame 22 devices; parking of vehicles; dust explosions; lightning 23 protection; and other special fire hazards.

24 (2) If rules relate to building and equipment
25 standards covered by the state or a municipal local

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<u>covernment</u> building code, the rules are effective upon approval of the department of administration and filing with the secretary of state.

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- 4 (3) Standards of the national fire protection 5 association, United States bureau of standards, and American 6 insurance association may be adopted in whole or in part by 7 reference.
- 8 (4) Rules shall be adopted as prescribed in the 9 Montana Administrative Procedure Act.
 - (5) Any person violating any rule made under the provisions of this part shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.* Section 135. Section 50-37-102, MCA, is amended to read:

#50-37-102. Where chapter not to apply. (1) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit the sale of any kind of fireworks to a person holding a permit from any municipality or county at the display covered by such permits, the use of fireworks by railroads or other transportation agencies for signal purposes or illumination or when—used the use of fireworks in quarrying or blasting or other industrial use, or the sale or use of blank cartridges for a show or theater, for signal or ceremonial purposes in athletics or sports, or for use by military organizations or organizations composed of veterans of the United States army, navy, or marine corps.

- 1 (2) This chapter does not apply to toy paper caps
 2 containing less than one-fourth of a grain of explosive
 3 composition per cape to the manufacture, storage, sale, or
 4 use of signals necessary for the safe operation of railroads
 5 or other classes of public or private transportation, to the
 6 military or naval forces of the United States or this state,
 7 to peace officers, or to the sale or use of blank cartridges
 8 for ceremonial, theatrical, or athletic events.
- 9 Section 136. Section 50-37-107. MCA, is amended to read:
 - #50-37-107. Supervised public display of fireworks authorized. (1) The state fire marshal and the governing body of a cityv-townv municipality or county may, under reasonable rules adopted by them, grant permits for supervised public displays of fireworks to be held by municipalities, counties, fair associations, amusement parks, and other organizations or groups of individuals.
 - (2) Each display shall:

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- (a) be handled by a competent operator, who must be approved by the state fire marshal or the governing body of the county or municipality in which the display is to be held; and
- (b) be located, discharged, or fired as, in the opinion of the chief of the fire department or other officer designated by the governing body of the <u>county</u> or

- municipality after proper inspection, not to be hazardous to persons or property.
- (3) Application for permits shall be made in writing
 at least 15 days prior to the date of the display.

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read:

- (4) After the privilege has been granted, sales, possession, use, and distribution of fireworks for the display are lawful for that purpose only.
- 8 (5) No permit granted under this section is9 transferable.
- 10 (6)—The—term—*municipalities=-includes--cities--end
 11 incorporated-towns-*
- Section 137. Section 50-37-108. MCA, is amended to read:
 - #50-37-108. Damage indemnity bond required for public display. The governing body of the municipality or county shall require a bond deemed considered adequate by the municipality or county from the licensee in a sum not less than \$500, conditioned for the payment of all damages which may be caused either to a person or persons or to property by reason of the licensee display and arising from any acts of the licensee, his agents, employees, or subcontractors.**

 Section 13d. Section 50-50-201, MCA, is amended to
- #50-50-201. License required. (1) A person operating
 an establishment shall procure an annual license from the

- 1 'epartment.
- 2 (2) A separate license is required for each
 3 establishment, but if more than one type of establishment is
 4 operated on the same premises and under the same monagement,
 5 only one license is required.
- (3) Only one license is required for a person owning
 and operating one or more vending machines.
- 8 (4) No license issued under this chapter is valid Q until counters oned by the local health officer having 10 jurisdiction in each county is which the business will be conducted. The department shall refer all licenses to the 11 12 local health officer for his signature prior to the issuance 13 of a license by the department. The initial license and 14 subsequent renewals shall be invalid until the validation 15 signature is affixed. The validation signature shall be 16 affixed only after the local health officer is satisfied 17 that the establishment has met saditary conditions required 18 by rules of the department. The local health officer shall, 19 within 30 days after the department has made a decision to 20 issue a license under this chapter, make a final decision on 21 whether the license will be validated. If the local health 22 officer refuses to validate the license- he shall matify the 23 applicants the departments and any other interested person 24 in writing. The applicant may appeal the decision to the 25 state board of health and environmental sciences, within 30

1	days after receiving written notice of the local health
2	officer's decision. The hearing before the state board of
3	health and environmental sciences shall be held pursuant to
4	the contested case procedures of the Montana Administrative
5	Procedure Act."
6	Section 139. Section 50-50-202, MCA, is amended to
7	read:
8	#50-50-202. Publicly owned establishment exempt from
9	license requirement. Establishments owned or operated by the
10	state or a political subdivision of the state are exempt
11	from licensure but must comply with the requirements of this
12	chapter and rules adopted by the department of health and
13	environmental sciences under this chapter.
14	Section 140. Section 50-50-208, MCA, is amended to
15	read:
16	#50-50-208. Local boord health department to report
17	number of licensees to department. Before June 1 of each
18	year, the local board-of health <u>department</u> shall submit to
19	the department of health and environmental sciences a list
20	of the establishments in each jurisdiction that are licensed
21	under this chapter."
22	Section 141. Section 50-50-305. MCA. is amended to

1	shall pay to a local boardof health department, as
2	established under 50-2-104y-50-2-106y-oy-50-2-107y <u>[sectio</u>
3	44 through section 50 of SB 21] an amount from any general
4	fund appropriation to the department which is for the
5	purpose of inspecting establishments licensed under this
6	chapter; provided, however, that there is a functioning
7	local board-of health <u>department</u> and that the local board-of
8	health <u>department</u> , local health officers, and sanitarians
9	assist in the enforcement of the provisions of this chapter
10	and the rules adopted under it.

- 11 (2) The funds received by the local board—of health
 12 department shall be deposited with the appropriate local
 13 fiscal authority and shall be in addition to the funds
 14 appropriated under 58-2-108--through-58-2-114 [section 57]
 15 through section 72 of SB 22].**
- Section 142. Section 50-51-201, NCA+ is amended to read:
- 18 "50-51-201. License required. (1) Each year, every
 19 person engaged in the business of conducting or operating a
 20 hotel, motel, tourist home, retirement home, or roominghouse
 21 shall procure a license issued by the department.
- 22 (2) A separate license is required for each
 23 establishment; however, where more than one of each type of
 24 establishment is operated on the same premises and under the
 25 same management, only one license is required which shall

inspections. (1) Before June 30 of each year, the department

*50-50-305. Department to pay local board for

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read:

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enumerate on the certificate thereof the types of establishments licensed.

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Procedure Act.

13) No license issued under this chapter is valid until countersigned by the local health officer having jurisdiction in each county in which the business will be conducted. The department shall refer all licenses to the local health officer for his signature prior to the issuance of a license by the department. The initial license and subsequent renewals shall be invalid until the validation signature is affixed. The validation signature shall be affixed only after the local health officer is satisfied that the establishment has set sanitary conditions required by rules of the department. The local health officer shalls within 30 days after the department has made a decision to issue a license under this chapter, make a final decision on whether the license will be validated. If the local health officer refuses to validate the licenses he shall notify the applicant, the department, and any other interested person in writing. The applicant way appeal the decision to the state_board of health and environmental sciences with in 30 days after receiving written notice of the local health officer's decision. The hearing before the state board of health and environmental sciences shall be held oursuant to the contested case procedures of the Montega Administrative

read:

3 "50-51-208. Local board health department to report

4 number of licensees to <u>state</u> department. Before June 1 of

5 each year, the local board of health <u>department</u> shall submit

6 to the department <u>of health and environmental sciences</u> a

7 list of the establishments in each jurisdiction that are

8 licensed pursuant to this part.*

9 Section 14%. Section 50-51-303, MCA, is amended to

Section 3.3. .ection 50-51-208, MCA, is amended to

*50-51-303. Department State department to pay local board health department of health and environmental sciences for inspections. (1) Before June 30 of each year, the department shall pay to a local board-of health department. as established under 50-2-104y-50-2-106y-or-50-2-107 [section 44 through section 50 of SB 21], an amount from any general fund appropriation to the department of health and environmental sciences which is for the purpose of inspecting establishments licensed under this chapter; provided, however, that there is a functioning local board of health department and the local board—of health department. local health officers, and sanitarians assist in the enforcement of the provisions of this chapter and the rules adopted under it.

(2) The funds received by the local board-of health

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1	department shall be deposited with the appropriate loca
2	fiscal authority and shall be in addition to the fund
3	appropriated under 58-2-108through58-2-114 [section 4
4	through section 50 of SB 21]."

5 Section 145. Section 50-52-201, MCA, is amended to read:

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24 25 #50-52-201. Application for license — <u>local approval</u>
required. (11 Application for a license is <u>shall be</u> made to
the department on forms containing information required by
the department.

(2) No license issued under this chapter is valid until countersioned by the local bealth officer baying jurisdiction in each county in which the business will be conducted. The department shall refer all licenses to the local health officer for his signature prior to the issuance of a license by the department. The initial license and subsequent renewals shall be invalid until the validation signature is affixed. The validation signature shall be affixed only after the local health officer is satisfied that the establishment has met sanitary conditions required by rules of the department. The local health officer shalls within 30 days after the department has make a final decision on whether the license will be validated. If the local health officer refuses to validate the license, he shall notify the

- applicants the departments and any other interested person
 in writing. The applicant may appeal the decision to the
- TO BETTERING THE SHIPTEONE MAY WHO THE THE THEFT STON TO THE
- 3 state board of health and environmental sciences with in 30
- 4 days after receiving written notice of the local health
- 5 officer's decision. The hearing before the state board of
- 6 bealth and environmental sciences shall be held pursuant to
- 1 the contested case procedures of the Hontana Administrative
- 8 Frocedure Acta
- 9 Section 146. Section 50-52-204, MCA; is amended to 10 read:
- 11 **50-52-204. Local board <u>health department</u> to report
 12 number of licensees to <u>state</u> department. Sefore June 1 of
- 13 each year, the local board-of health department shall submit
- 14 to the department of health and environmental sciences a
- 15 list of the establishments in each jurisdiction, which are
- 16 licensed under this part."
- 17 Section 147. Section 50-52-302, MCA, is amended to
- 16 read:
- 19 *50-52-302. Department to pay local board fo
- inspection. (I) Before June 30 of each year, the department
- 21 shall pay to a local board-of health department, as
- 22 established under 50-2-104y-50-2-106y-or-50-2-107 [section
- 23 33 through section 92 of \$8 21], an amount from any general
- 24 fund appropriation to the department which is for the
- 25 purpose of inspecting establishments licensed under this

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chapter; provided, however, that there—is-a-functioning bucol-board of health and that the local board of health department, local health officers, and sanitarians assist in the enforcement of the provisions of this chapter and the rules adopted under it.

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(2) The funds received by the local beard—of health department shall be deposited with the appropriate-local fiscal authority county finance administrator and shall be in addition to the funds appropriated under 50-2-108 through 50-2-114 [section 33 through section 92 of SB 21].*

Section 148. Section 50-60-101, MCA, is amended to read:

#50-60-101. Definitions. As used in parts 1 through 4 of this chapter, unless the context requires otherwise, the following definitions apply:

- (1) "Building" weams a combination of any materials, whether mobile, portable, or fixed, <u>used</u> to form a structure and the related facilities for the use or occupancy by persons or property. The word "building" shall be construed as though followed by the words "or part or parts thereof".
- (2) "Building regulations" means any law, rule, resolution, regulation, ordinance, or code, general or special, or compilation thereof enacted or adopted by the state or any municipality local government, including departments, boards, bureous, commissions, or other agencies

the state o . menicipality local government relating to the design, construction, reconstruction, alteration, conversion, repair, inspection, or use of buildings and installation of equipment in buildings. The term does not include zoning ordinances.

- equipment of buildings and requirements or standards relating to or affecting materials used, including provisions for safety and sanitary conditions.
- 10 (4) "Department" means the department of 11 administration provided for in Title 2, chapter 15, part 10.
 - (5) "Equipment" "means plumbing, heating, electrical, ventilating, air conditioning, and refrigerating equipment, elevators, dumbwaiters, escalators, and other mechanical additions or installations.
 - (6) "Local building department" means the agency or agencies of any municipality local government charged with the administration, supervision, or enforcement of building regulations, approval of plans, inspection of buildings, or the issuance of permits, licenses, certificates, and similar documents prescribed or required by state or local building regulations.
 - consolidated or confederated unit of local government authorized by law.

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(7) (8)	"Local	legislat	ive body	means	the coun	cil or
commission c	harged w	ith gove	rning th	e muni	c ipality	local
government.						

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(8)(9) "Municipality" means any incorporated eity-or town municipality and its jurisdictional area as defined by subsection (9) (10) of this section.

(9)(10) (a) "Municipal jurisdictional area" means the area within the limits of an incorporated municipality unless the area is extended at the written request of a municipality as provided in [section 60 of SB 14] and subsection (10)(b) of this section.

- (b) Upon <u>written</u> request <u>by a local government</u>, the council may approve extension of the Jurisdictional area to include:
- (i) all or part of the area within 4-1/2 5 miles of the corporate limits of a municipality;
- (ii) all of any platted subdivision which is partially within 4-1/2 5 miles of the corporate limits of a municipality; and
- (c) Distances shall be measured in a straight line in a horizontal plane.

ì	(10)[11] "Owner" means the owner or owners of the
2	premises or lesser estate, a mortgagee or vendee in
3	possession, assignee of rents, receiver, executor, trustee,
4	lessee, or other person, firm, or corporation in control of
5	a building.

- 6 the public or a place where the public has the right to
 9 qo and be-
- 10 (12)(13) "Recreational vehicle" means anything defined
 11 as a recreational vehicle in the adition of MFPA No. 501C or
 12 ANSI Alig.2 most recently adopted by the state in accordance
 13 with 50-60-401.
- 14 <u>†13†(14)</u> "State agency" means any state officer, 15 department, board, bureau, commission, or other agency of 16 this state.
- 17 (14)(15) "State building code" means the state building
 18 code provided for in 50-60-203 or any portion of the code of
 19 limited application and any of its modifications or
 20 amendments."
- Section 149. Section 50-60-102, MCA, is amended to read:
- 23 #50-60-102. Applicability. (1) Outside municipalities
 24 and their jurisdictional area, as defined by 50-60-101(9).
 25 parts 1 through 4 apply to "public places", as defined in

50-60-101(11), unless a county governing body has adopted	a
local_building_rode.	

- (2) Where good and sufficient cause exists, a written request for limitation of the state building code may be filed with the department for filing as a permanent record.
- (3) The department may limit the application of any rule or portion of the state building code to include or exclude:
- (a) specified classes or types of buildings according to use or other distinctions as may make differentiation or separate classification or regulation necessary, proper, or desirable;
- (b) specified areas of the state based upon size, population density, special conditions prevailing therein, or other factors which make differentiation or separate classification or regulation necessary, proper, or desirable.
- 141 A county governing body may adopts as provided in 50-60-301s local building codes to apply to any area of the county not regulated by a building code adopted by a municipal government."
- 22 Section 150. Section 50-60-106. MCA, is amended to read:
- *50-60-106. Powers and duties of municipalities local
 *government. (1) The examination, approval, or disapproval of

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plans and specifications, the issuance and revocation of brilding permits. Dicenses, certificates, and similar documents, the inspection of buildings, and the administration and enforcement of building regulations within the municipal local government jurisdictional area shall be the responsibility of the municipalities local governments of the state.

- (2) Each municipality local government may:
- (a) examine, approve, or disapprove plans and specifications for the construction of any building, the construction of which is pursuant or purports to be pursuant to the provisions of the state or municipal local government building code, and direct the inspection of the buildings during and in the course of construction;
- (b) require that construction of buildings be in accordance with the applicable provisions of the state or municipal local government building code; subject to the powers of variance or modification granted to the department;
- (c) order in writing the remedying of any condition found to exist in, on, or about any building in violation of the state or municipal local government building code; orders may be served upon the owner or his authorized agent personally or by sending by registered or certified mail a copy of the order to the owner or his authorized agent at

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the address set forth in the application for permission for the construction of the building; any local building department, by action of an authorized officer, may grant in writing such time as may be reasonably necessary for achieving compliance with the order;

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- certificates of occupancy. (d) issue permits. licenses, and such other documents in connection with the construction of the buildings as required;
- rules for (e) make, amend. and repeal administration and enforcement of the provisions of this section and for the collection of reasonable fees, which shall be comparable to fees imposed or prescribed by existing local building regulations:
- (f) prohibit the commencement of construction until a permit has been issued by the local building department after a showing of compliance with the requirements of the applicable provisions of the state or municipal local government building code."
- Section 151. Section 50-60-107. MCA. is amended to 19 read: 20
 - *50-60-107. Certificate of occupancy. (1) certificate of occupancy for a building constructed in accordance with the provisions of the state or municipal local government building code shall certify that the building conforms to the requirements of the building

1 regulations applicable to it.

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2 (2) Every certificate of occupancy, unless and until set aside or vacated by a court of competent jurisdiction, is binding and conclusive upon all municipal local <u>covernment</u> agencies as to all matters set forth, and no order, directive, or requirement at variance therewith may be made or issued by any other state or municipal local government agency.*

Section 152. Section 50-60-109, MCA, is amended to 9 read: 10

11 *50-60-109. Injunctions authorized. (1) The 12 construction or use of the building in violation of any provision of the state or municipal local government 13 building code or any lawful order of a state building 14 15 official or a local building department may be enjoined by a 16 judge of the district court in the judicial district in 17 which the building is located.

18 (2) This section will be governed by the Montana Rules 19 of Civil Procedure."

Section 153. Section 50-60-110. MCA. is amended to 20 21 read:

*50-60-110. Violation a misdemeanor. Any person served with an order pursuant to the provisions of parts 1 through 4 who fails to comply with the order not later than 30 days after service or within the time fixed by the department or

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a local building department for compliance, whichever is the greater, or any owner, builder, architect, tenant, contractor, subcontractor, construction superintendent, their agents, or any person taking part or assisting in the construction or use of any building who knowingly violates any of the applicable provisions of the state building code or a municipal local government building code is guilty of a misdemeanor."

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Section 154. Section 50-60-205, MCA, is amended to read:

"50-60-205. When state building code applies. If a municipality or county local government does not adopt a building code as provided in 50-60-301, the state building code applies within the municipal or county local government jurisdictional area and the state will enforce the code in these areas."

Section 155. Section 50-60-301, MCA, is amended to read:

#50-60-301. Municipal--end--county Local government building codes authorized. (1) The local legislative body of a municipality--or--councy local government may adopt a building code by ordinance to apply to the municipal--or county local government jurisdictional area.

24 (2) A municipel--er-county <u>local government</u> building 25 code may include only codes adopted by the department.** Section 15 . Section 50-60-302+ MCA+ is amended to read:

3 #50-60-302. Certification of municipal-and-sounty
4 local government building codes. (1) A county-----------5 municipality local government may not enforce a building
6 code unless the code adopted and a plan for enforcement of
7 the code have been filed with the department.

(2) The department shall set forth rules and standards
governing the certification of municipal-and-county local
government building code programs as required in subsection
(1)."

Saction 157. Section 50-60-303. MCA: is amended to read:

procedure. (1) If a municipality local government adopts a municipality local government adopts a municipality local government adopts a municipal local government building code, it shall also establish an appeal procedure by ordinance which is acceptable to the department.

19 (2) If a <u>municipality local government</u> does not adopt
20 a code, appeals on the application of the state building
21 code within the <u>municipal local government</u> jurisdictional
22 area shall be <u>made</u> to the department.

23 .Section 158. Section 50-62-101. NCA. is amanded to read:

25 #50-62-101. Entering of buildings for purpose of

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examination authorized. The state fire marshal, his deputies and subordinates, the chief of the fire department of each municipality local government or district where a fire department is established, or the county sheriff where no fire department exists at all reasonable hours may enter into all buildings and upon all premises within their jurisdiction for the purpose of determining whether the building or premise conforms to laws and rules relating to fire hazards and fire safety."

10 Section 159. Section 50-63-202, MCA, is amended to ll read:

"50-63-202. Fire chief or sheriff to conduct investigation. If the fire occurs within a municipality. an organized county fire department's jurisdiction. or an organized fire district, the chief of the fire department shall make the investigation. If the fire occurs outside a municipality. an organized county fire department's jurisdiction. or an organized fire district, the county sheriff shall make the investigation."

20 Section 160. Section 53-2-323, MCA, is amended to read:

"53-2-323. Grants from state funds to counties. A
county may apply to the department for an emergency
grant-in-aid, and the grant shall be made to the county upon
the following conditions:

or a duly elected or appointed executive officer of the county shall make written application to the department for emergency assistance and shall show by written report and sworn affidavit of the county clerk and recorder and chairman of the board-of county commissioners governing body or other duly elected or appointed executive officer of the county the following:

- (a) that the county will not be able to meet its obligations under law to provide assistance to the needy of the county or meet its proportionate share of any public assistance activity carried on jointly with the department;
- (b) that all lawful sources of revenue and other income to the county poor fund will be exhausted;
- 15 (c) that all expenditures from the county poor fund 16 have been lawfully made; and
 - (d) any other information required by the department.
 - (2) Within 10 days of receipt of the application and affidavit, the department shall determine whether the county poor fund will be depleted and shall give notice to the county of the department's intention to deny or allow the grant-in-aid. Wefore-e-grant-in-aid-for-any-fiscal-year-may be made to a county-under-this-sectiony-any-money-credited during-that-fiscal-year-to-the-depletion-allowance-reserve fund-from-the-sources-provided-by-7-34-2402(2)-shall-be

transferred-to-the-county-poor-fund-to-be-used-for-lawful-poor-fund-empenditures---The-amount-of-the-grant-in-aid shall-be-determined-after-all-sources-of-income-available-to the-spoor--fundy--including--the-depletion-allowance-reserve fund-transfers-have-boom-exhausteds

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- (3) Within 10 days of receiving notice from the department that a grant-in-aid will be made to the county. the board of county commissioners or other duly elected or appointed executive officer of the county shall adopt an emergency budget. There is no requirement of notice and hearing for that emergency budget. The emergency budget shall state the amount required to meet the obligation of the county and shall allocate that whole amount among the various classes of expenditures for which the grant was made.
- (4) Upon receipt and approval of the county emergency budget, the department shall issue a warrant to the county treasurer of the county for the total amount stated in the approved emergency budget.
- (5) The grant-in-aid received by the county shall be placed in an emergency fund account to be kept separate and distinct from the poor fund account. All expenditures from the emergency fund account shall be made by a separate series of warrants or checks marked as emergency warrants or checks.

(6) The grants-in-aid from the department may be used only for public assistance activities lawfully conducted by the county, including but not limited to medical aid, hospitalization, and institutional care. No part of a grant-in-aid may be used, directly or indirectly, to pay for the erection or improvement of any county building or for furniture, fixtures, appliances, or equipment for a county building.

- (7) In the event the county poor fund is replenished by other lawful sources of revenue, the county shall issue warrants to meet its obligations from the county poor fund until such time as that fund is again so depleted that warrants can no longer lawfully be drawn on that account. Upon depletion of the county poor fund, the county may again make disbursements from the emergency fund account as provided in subsection (5). At the close of the county fiscal year, the county shall return to the department any amounts remaining in the county poor fund and the emergency fund account, but the remaining amount to be returned may not exceed the total amount of the emergency grant-in-aid for that fiscal year.
- (8) Any amount which is unlawfully disbursed or transferred from the emergency fund account or used for a purpose other than that specified in the grant-in-aid shall be returned by the county to the department.*

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Section 161. Section 53-8-101, MCA, is amended to read:

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"53-8-101. Purpose and intent. It is the purpose of this part to enable the state of Montana-end-the-counties. citiesy--towns, school districts, and other governmental subdivisions of the state and other organizations or agencies authorized to receive federa) assistance under Public Law 88-452, 88th congress, to secure for the citizens of Montana the benefits offered by the United States government to the several states and their citizens in the law of August 20. 1964 (Public Law 88-452 of the 88th congress; 78 Stats. 508) for economic betterment and the relief of poverty. It is the intent of this part to grant to the state and its subdivisions the widest possible authority, within the limits set by law, to cooperate and combine their efforts with those of the appropriate federal agencies and to comply with any federal regulations not in conflict with the laws of the state of Montana to carry out the purposes of the congressional act and secure the resulting benefits for Montana and its people."

Section 162. Section 53-8-102, MCA; is amended to read:

23 *53-8-102. Agreements with federal agencies 24 authorized. The state of Montana and all offices, agencies, 25 departments, and divisions thereof-end-oll-countiesy-citiesy

towns, school districts, and other dovernmental subdivisions 2 of the state and other organizations or agencies authorized 3 to receive federal assistance under Public Law 88-452, 88th 4 congress, singly or in combination, are hereby authorized 5 and empowered, within the limits set by the respective laws governing them, to enter into and carry out contracts, agreements, and plans with any authorized agency of the United States government for the implementation and operation within the areas of their respective jurisdictions of the act of congress of August 20, 1964 (Public Law 88-452 10 11 of the 88th congress; 78 Stats. 508).*

12 Section 163. Section 53-8-103, MCA, is amended to 13 read:

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#53-8-103. Expenditure of public funds to carry out agreements. The agencies of the state and—local—government enumerated—in—the preceding-section may, within the limits of the laws governing their respective authorities to raise and expend public moneys, budget for and/or expend public moneys in order to enter into and carry out contracts, agreements, and plans under this part and Public Law 88-452. Any such expenditures must be made from the budgets, budget items, or appropriations set up for the general purpose to be served by the project.

Section 164. Section 53-21-132, MCA, is amended to read:

"53-21-132. Cost of examination and commitment. (1)
The cost of the examination, committal, and taking a person who is seriously mentally ill to a mental health facility must be paid by the county in which he resides at the time he is adjudged to be seriously mentally ill. The sheriff must be allowed the actual expenses incurred in taking a person who is seriously mentally ill to the facility, as provided by 7-32-2144 [section 60 of SB 21].

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(2) The county of residence shall also pay all precommitment expenses, including transportation to a mental health facility, incurred in connection with the detention, examination, and precommitment custody of the respondent. The fact that a person is examined, hospitalized, or receives medical, psychological, or other mental health treatment pursuant to this part does not relieve a third party from a contractual obligation to pay for the cost of the examination, hospitalization, or treatment.

Section 165. Section 53-21-204, MCA, is amended to read:

#53-21-204. Mental health corporations. (1) Mental health regions shall be established in the state mental health plan and shall conform to the mental health regions as established in the state mental health construction plan promulgated by the board of health and environmental sciences under the federal Community Mental Health Centers

1 Act.

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2 (2) The mental health regions shall establish themselves under Title 35, chapter 2. Upon incorporation, a mental health region may enter into contracts with the department in order to carry out the department's plan for mental health. These nonprofit comprehensive corporations shall not be considered agencies of the 7 department or the state of Montana; however, they may retain 9 and enter into retirement programs as established under Title 19. chapte. 3. The Public Employees' Retirement System 10 11 Act. Upon the establishment of the mental health regions, the county commissioners governing body in each of the 12 various counties in the region shall designate a person from 13 their respective county to serve as a representative of the 14 county on the regional mental health corporation board. The 15 board shall be established under guidelines adopted by the 16 17 bylaws of the corporation. All appointments to the board shall be for terms of 2 years, and the department shall be 18 notified in writing of all appointments. 19

- (3) The duties of an organized regional mental health corporation board include:
- (a) annual review and evaluation of mental health
 needs and services within the region;
 - (b) preparation and submission to the department and to each of the counties in the region of plans, and budget

proposals to provide und support mental health services
within the region;

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- (c) establishment of a recommended proportionate level of financial participation of each of the counties within the region in the provision of mental health services within the limits of this section;
- (d) receipt and administration of moneys and other support made available for the purposes of providing mental health services by the participating agencies, including grants from the United States government and other agencies, receipts for established fees for services rendered, tax moneys, gifts, donations, and any other type of support or income. All funds received by the board in accordance with this part shall be used to carry out the purposes of this part.
- (e) supervision of appropriate administrative staff personnel of the operation of community mental health services within the region;
- (f) keeping all records of the board and making reports required by the department.
- (4) Regional mental health board members shall be reimbursed from funds of the board for actual and necessary expenses incurred in attending meetings and in the discharge of board duties when assigned by the board.
- (5) Prior to June 10 of each year, the board of mental

health shall submit to the board-of county commissioners poverning body of each of the counties within the constituted mental nealth region an annual budget. specifying each county's recommended proportionate share. If the board of county commissioners governing body includes in the county budget the county's proportionate share of the 7 regional board's budget, it shall be designated as a participating county. Funds for each participating county's proportionate share for the operation of mental health services within the region shall be derived from the 10 county's general fund. if-the-general-fund-is-insufficient 11 12 to-meet-the-approved-budgety-o-levy-not-to-excod-l-will-may be-made-on-the-taxable-valuation-of-the-county--in--addition 13 14 to--all--ather--toxes--allawed--by--law-to-be-layled-on-such 15 propertys

(6) The regional board of mental health with the approval of the department shall establish a schedule of fees for mental health services. The fees may be received by the board and used to implement the budget in accordance with 53-21-204(3)(d).*

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- 21 Section 166. Section 60-1-102, MCA, is amended to 22 read:
- 23 "60-1-102. Legislative policy and intent. Consistent
 24 with the foregoing determinations and declarations, the
 25 legislature intends:

(1) to place a high degree of trust in the hands of those officials whole duty it is, within the limits of available funds, to plan, develop, operate, maintain, and protect the highway facilities of this state for present as well as for future use:

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- (2) to make the department of highways custodian of the federal-aid and state highways and to impose similar responsibilities upon the boards of county commissioners governments with respect to county roads and upon municipal officials with respect to the streets under their jurisdiction:
- (3) that the state shall have integrated systems of highways, roads, and streets and that the department of highways, the counties, and the municipalities assist and cooperate with each other to that end:
- (4) to provide sufficiently broad authority to enable the highway officials at all levels of government to function adequately and enficiently in all areas of their respective responsibilities, subject to the limitations of the constitution and the legislative mandate hereinafter imposed.*
- Section 107. Section 60-1-103, MCA, is amended to read:
- 24 #60m1-103. General definitions, Subject to additional 25 definitions contained in this title which are applicable to

i	specific	chap ders	or	sections	and	นกโess	the	concext
2	othatwi se	requires.	tera	s are def	in⊝d	as follo	ws:	

- (1) *abandons of necessation of use of right-of-way

 (easement) or activity thereon with no intention to reclaim

 or use again (sometimes called vacation);
- (2) "ccemission"—highway commission provided for in 2-15-2502;
- (3) "condemnation"—taking by exercise of the right of eminent domain;
 - (4) *construction*--supervising* inspecting* actual building* and all expenses incidental to the construction or reconstruction of a highway* including locating* surveying* mapping* and costs of right-of-way or other interests in land and elimination of nazards at railway grade crossings;
 - (5) "control of access"—the condition in which the right of owners or occupants of abutting land or other persons to access, light, air, or view in connection with a highway is fully or partially controlled by public authority:
- (6) "county road"—any public highway opened, established, constructed, maintained, abandoned, or discontinued by a county in accordance with Title Ty chapter to [section 33 through section 98 of 58 20];
- (7) "department"--department of highways provided for in Title 2, chapter 15, part 25;

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(8)	"director"director	of	highways:	a	position
provided	for in 2-15-2501;				

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- (9) "easement"—-a right acquired by public authority to use or control property for a designated purpose;
- (10) "eminent domain" -- the right of the state to take private property for public use;
- (11) *federal-aid highway**--any public highway which is
 a portion of any of the federal-aid highway systems;
 - (12) "federal-aid high way systems"—all of the systems
 named hereafter and their urban extensions;
 - (13) "federal-aid interstate system"——that system of public highways selected by the commission in cooperation with adjoining states, subject to the approval of the secretary of commerce, as provided in the Federal Highway Act, as amended;
 - (14) "federal-aid primary system"—that system of connected public highways designated by the commission, subject to the approval of the secretary of commerce, as provided in the Federal Highway Act, as amended:
 - (15) "federal-aid secondary system"—that system of public highways not on the federal-aid primary or interstate systems selected by the commission in cooperation with the boords—of county commissioners governing bodies, subject to the approval of the secretary of commerce, as provided in the Federal Highway Act, as amended;

(16) "fce	simple"an	absolute e	state or	ownership	in
property inclu	ding unlimite	ed power of	alienati	on:	

- 3 (17) "highway"-mincludes rights-of-way or other 4 interests in land, embankments, retaining walls, culverts, 5 sluices, drainage structures, bridges, railroad-highway 6 crossings, tunnels, signs, guardrails, and protective 7 structures;
- 8 (18) "highway", "road", "street"--whether they appear
 9 together or separately or are preceded by the adjective
 10 "public", these are general terms denoting a public way for
 11 purposes of vehicular travel, including the entire area
 12 within the right-of-way;
 - (19) "highway authority(ies)"--the entity(ies) at any level of government authorized by law to construct and maintain highways;
 - (20) *maintenance**--preservation of the entire highways including surfaces shoulders, roadsides, structures, and such traffic-control devices as are necessary for its safe and efficient utilization;
- (21) "public highways"——all streets, roads, highways,
 bridges, and related structures which have been or shall be:
- 22 (a) built and maintained with appropriated funds of 23 the United States or the state or any political subdivision 24 thereof;
- 25 (b) dedicated to public use:

- 1 (c) acquired by eminent domain;
- 2 (d) acquired by adverse user by the public.
 3 jurisdiction having been assumed by the state or any
 4 political subdivision thereof:
 - (22) "right-of-way"--a general term denoting land, property, or any interest therein, usually in a strip, acquired for or devoted to highway purposes;
 - (23) "state highway"—-any public highway planned. laid out. altered. constructed. reconstructed. improved. repaired. maintained. or abandoned by the department:
- 12 department, together with all appurtenances, additions,
 13 alterations, improvements, replacements, and the approaches
 14 thereto, lands used therefor, and improvements thereon.**
- Section 168. Section 60-1-201, MCA, is amended to 16 read:
- 17 "60-1-201. Classification -- highways and roads. (1)
 18 Public highways of this state are classed as follows:
 - (a) federal-aid highways:
 - (b) state highways;
 - (c) county roads;
- 22 (d) city streets.

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23 (2) All highways which are not designated, selected,
24 or established by the commission constructed or maintained
25 by the department are county roads or eity manicipal

l streets.

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- 2 {3} County roads are those opened, established,
 3 constructed, maintained, changed, abandoned, or discontinued
 4 by a county in accordance with Title-Ty-chapter-14 [section
 5 41 through section 83 of SB 20].
- 6 (4) 6+ty Municipal streets are those public highways
 7 under the jurisdiction of municipal officials.
- s Section 16% Section 60-2-104, MCA, is amended to
- 10 m60-2-104. Designation of federal-aid primary
 11 highways. (1) The commission shall designate such public
 12 highways in the state as shall be classed as the federal-aid
 13 primary system.
 - (2) The commission shall, in cooperation with the board—of county commissioners governing body, select such public highways in the state as shall be classed as the federal—aid secondary system, taking into consideration the traffic count on those highways, the continuity of the highways in relation to the state highway systems as they may connect or tie into a unified system of federal—aid highways, and the taxable valuations which are affected by those public highways.
- 23 (3) The commission shall, in cooperation with 24 adjoining states, select the routes of the federal-aid 25 interstate system.

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(4)	The	COMM	ission	sha	ll d	esi 3n	ate	suct	n	public
highwa ys	in	the	state	as	shall	be	clas	sed	as	state
highways.	•									

Section 170. Section 60-2-111, MCA, is amended to read:

"60-2-111. Letting of contracts on state and federal-aid highways. All contracts for work on state and federal-aid highways. including portions in cities and towns municipalities. and all contracts entered into under T-14-4100 state law shall be let by the commission. Except as otherwise specifically provided, the commission may enter such types of contracts and upon such terms as it may decide. All contracts shall meet the requirements of Title 18, chapter 2, part 4. When there is no prevailing rate of wages set by collective bargaining, the commission shall determine the prevailing rate to be stated in the contract."

Section 171. Section 60-2-206, MCA, is amended to read:

"60-2-206. Compilation of statistics -- investigation
-- consultation. (1) The department shall compile statistics
regarding public highways throughout the state and collect
all related information deemed considered expedient.

(2) It shall investigate various methods of construction adapted to different sections of the state and decide the best methods of construction and maintenance of

highways: bridges: and road markers:

- (3) The department may be consulted at all reasonable times by county and municipal officers having care and authority over highways and bridges and shall advise them on constructions repair, alterations or maintenance.
- (4) The department shall furnish such information and advice as may be requested by persons interested in the construction, maintenance, and marking of public highways. It shall at all times lend its aid in promoting highway improvement throughout the state.
- (5) Each local government chief executive shall make reports relating to trafficways under the local government's supervision which are requested by the department."
- Section 172. Section 60-4-105. MCA. is amended to read:
- #60-4-105. Acquisition of whole parcel sale of excess. (1) Whenever any interest in a part of a parcel of land or other real property is to be acquired for highway purposes leaving the remainder in a shape or condition as to be of little market value or to-give giving rise to claims or litigation over severance or other damage, the department may acquire the whole parcel. It may sell or exchange the remainder for other property needed for highway purposes.
- (2) Whenever a part of a parcel of land acquired for highway purposes is in a shape or size as to come within

ftt-614] <u>Title 76: chapter 3</u>: the department shall prepare and file the required plat in the office of the county clark end-recorder records administrator.**

Section 173. Section 60-5-104, MCA. is amended to read:

#60-5-104. Powers of highway authorities. {1} Those authorities of the state, counties, and municipalities authorized to participate in construction and maintenance of highways may plan, designate, establish, regulate, vacate, alter, improve, maintain, and provide controlled-access facilities for public use. Each such authority shall by resolution make the findings and determinations provided for in 60-5-103.

- (2) The highway authorities of the state, counties, incorporated-cities, and towns municipalities, respectively, or in cooperation each with the other, may acquire private or public property and property rights for controlled-access highways or controlled-access facilities and service roads. Such rights may include rights of access, mir, view, and light. They may be acquired by gift, devise, purchase, or condemnation, in the same manner as may now or hereafter be authorized by law for the acquisition of property or property rights in connection with highways, roads, and streets in their respective jurisdictions.

1 <u>Aunicipalities and open county roads or secondary highways</u>
2 the department of highways shall not control access without
3 the consent of the appropriate governing body.

(4) Each authority may also exercise with relation to controlled-access facilities any and all additional authority now or hereafter vested in it over highwayse roads, or streets within its respective jurisdiction. It may regulate, restrict, or prohibit the use of controlled-access facilities by any vehicles or traffice.

10 Section 174. Section 61-2-102, MCA, is amended to 11 read:

*61-2-102. Definitions. Unless the context requires otherwise, in this part the following definitions apply:

- designed to reduce traffic accidents, deaths, injuries to persons, and damage to property. The program shall be in accordance with uniform standards established by the secretary of commerce of the United States under Title 23, U.S.C., as amended. Nothing in this part restricts or prohibits the establishment of standards which enlarge or implement the federal standards.
- (2) "Political subdivisions" means every countys incorporated—city—or—towny—and municipalitys or school district within the boundaries of the states
- 25 (3) "Department" means the department of community

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affairs provided for in part 11, chapter 15, Title 2.**

Section 175. Section 61-7-116, MCA, is amended to read:

"61-7-116. Any-incorporated-city—permitted Authority of local government to require accident reports. Any incorporated-cityv—towny—villages—or—other—municipality local government may by ordinance require that the driver of a vehicle involved in an accident shall also file with a designated city department a report of such accident or a copy of any report herein required to be filed with the division. All such reports shall be for the confidential use of the city designated department and subject to the provisions of 61-7-114."

"61-8-301. Reckless driving. (1) A person commits the
offense of reckless driving if he:

- (a) operates any vehicle in willful or wanton disregard for the safety of persons or property; or
- (b) flees or attempts to flee from or elude a peace officer who is lawfully in pursuit and whose vehicle is at the time in compliance with the requirements of 61-9-402.
- 23 (2) Each municipality local government in this state
 24 may enact and enforce 61-8-715 and subsection (1) of this
 25 section as an ordinance.**

1 Section 177. Section 61-8-308, MCA, is amended to 2 read:

w61-8-308. Permission of authorities to hold speed contest. No race or contest for speed shall be held and no person shall engage in or aid or abet in any motor vehicle speed contest or exhibition of speed on a public highway or street without written permission of the authorities of the state, county, or city municipality having jurisdiction and unless the same is fully and efficiently patrolled for the entire distance over which such race or contest for speed is to be held.

12 Section 178. Section 61-8-401, MCA, is amended to 13 read:

M61-a-401. Persons under the influence of alcohol or drugs. (1) It is unlawful and punishable as provided in 61-8-714(1) for any person who is under the influence of alcohol or any narcotic drug or any other drug to a degree which renders him incapable of safely driving a motor vehicle to drive or be in actual physical control of a motor vehicle within this state. The fact that any person charged with a violation of this subsection is or has been entitled to use such a drug under the laws of this state does not constitute a defense against any charge of violating this subsection.

(2) In any criminal prosecution for a violation of

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subsection (1) of this section relating to driving a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, the amount of alcohol in the defendant's blood at the time alleged, as shown by chemical analysis of the defendant's blood, urine, breath, or other bodily substance, shall give rise to the following presumptions:

- (a) If there was at that time 0.05% or less by weight of alcohol in the defendant's blood, it shall be presumed that the defendant was not under the influence of alcohol.
- (b) If there was at that time in excess of 0.05% but less than 0.10% by weight of alcohol in the defendant's blood, such fact shall not give rise to any presumption that the defendant was or was not under the influence of alcohol, but such fact may be considered with other competent evidence in determining the guilt or innocence of the defendant.
- (c) If there was at that time 0.10% or more by weight of alcohol in the defendant's blood, it shall be presumed that the defendant was under the influence of alcohol.
- (3) Percent by weight of alcohol in the blood shall be based upon grams of alcohol per 100 cubic contineters of blood.
- (4) Each municipality local government in this state is given authority to enact 61-8-714 and subsections (1) through (3) of this section, with the word "state" in the

1 First sentence of subsection (1) of this section changed to
2 road "municipality" or "county", as an ordinance and is
3 given jurisdiction of the enforcement of the ordinance and
4 of the imposition of the fines and penalties therein
5 provided."

6 Section 179. Section 61-8-704, MCA, is amended to 7 read:

motor wehicle may be arrested under 61-8-703 unless signs have been placed at or near the state line on the primary highway system, outside towns--or--cities municipalities having over 2,500 population, and outside county seats on the primary highways to indicate the legal rate of speed.

- (2) Any municipality local government which uses radio microwaves or other electrical device for law enforcement purposes shall erect and maintain appropriate signs giving notice of such use at a conspicuous place at or near the corporate limits of the municipality, upon each state highway and arterial street or highway entering the municipality, and at such other places as may be deemed considered necessary by the municipal local government authorities for the information of the traveling public.
- (3) Signs giving notice that the speed of vehicles may be measured by radio microwaves or other electrical device shall be placed as required for speed signs in subsection

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(1) above. However, the absence of such signs shall not in itself invalidate an otherwise proper arrest.

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Section 180. Section 61-10-225, MCA, is amended to read:

61-10-225. Disposition of fees collected by county treasurer finance administrator. At the time of collecting the fees provided for in 61-10-222, each county treasurer finance administrator shall retain 5% of the fees collected by him for the cost of administration and for deposit in the general fund of the county. The remaining 95% shall be remitted monthly to the state treasurer for deposit to the credit of the department of highways. The remittance shall be made on forms furnished to the county treasurer finance administrator by the department.

15 Section 181. Section 61-10-227. MCA. is amended to

#61-10-227. Blank forms furnished county treasurers finance administrators. The department shall furnish all county treesurers finance administrators with the following:

- (1) blank application forms and affidavit forms outlining and providing for the information needed in each classification of registration required;
- 23 (2) registration, license, or certificates in a form
 24 determined most suitable by the department;
 - (3) the other forms, stickers, certificates, or blanks

the department considers necessary to carry out this part.

Section 182. Section 67-6-202, MCA, is amended to read:

"67-6-202. Airport zoning regulations -- procedure -commission. (1) In adopting, amending, and or repealing
airport zoning regulations under this chapter, the political
subdivision or joint airport zoning board shall follow the
procedure prescribed by the laws of this state for the
adoption, amendment, or repeal of comprehensive zoning
regulations, as provided in Title-Toy-chapter-2y-part-3
[section 73 through section 77 of SB 16].

area under this chapter, the political subdivision or joint airport zoning board which is to adopt the regulations shall appoint a commission board, to be known as the airport zoning commission board, to recommend the boundaries of the various zones to be established and the regulations to be adopted therefor. Such commission board shall make a preliminary report and hold public hearings thereon before submitting its final report, and the legislative body of the political subdivision or the joint airport zoning board shall not hold its public hearings or take other action until it has received the final report of such commission board. Where a city planning commission board already exists, it may

be appointed as the airport zoning commission board.*

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Section 183. Section 67-6-206, MCA, is amended to read:

"67-6-206. Board of adjustment. All airport zoning regulations adopted under this chapter shall provide for a board of adjustment to be appointed in the manner and have and exercise all the powers provided in 76-2-321—through 76-2-328 [section 78 through section 79 of 58 16], and each and all of the provisions of said these sections relating to appeals and judicial review shall be applicable to this chapter."

12 Section 184. Section 67-11-301, MCA, is amended to 13 read:

may certify annually to the governing bodies the amount of tax to be levied by each municipality participating in the creation of the airport authority, and the municipality shall levy the amount certified, pursuant to the provisions of level authorizing cities and other political subdivisions of this state to levy taxes for airport purposes 67-11-302. The levy made shall not exceed the maximum levy permitted by the levy made shall not exceed the maximum levy permitted by the levy made imit as may have been established by the municipality or municipalities in the resolution creating the authority. The majoripality—shall realles—the taxes

ertified by a pirport authority shall be collected in the sause manner as other taxes are levied-and collected and make 7 payment shall be made to the airport authority. The proceeds of such taxes when and as paid to the airport authority shall be deposited in a special account or accounts in which other revenues of the authority are deposited and may be expended by the authority as provided for in this chapter. Prior to the issuance of bonds under 67-11-303, the airport authority or the municipality may by resolution covenant and agree that the total amount of such taxes then authorized by 10 laws or such portion thereof as may be specified by the 11 12 resolution, will be certified, levied, and deposited 13 annually as herein provided until the bonds and interest 14 thereon are fully paid."

16 read:

17 "67-11-302. County Municipal tax levy. In counties

18 municipalities supporting airports or airport authorities, a

19 levy-ma-provided-for-in-67-10-402-may-be-made-for-such

Section 185. Section 67-11-302. MCA. is amended to

20 purposes tax may be levied for such purpose against the

21 taxable property therein in an amount not to exceed 2 mills
22 on the value thereof, and such tax shall be in addition to

23 all other taxes authorized to be levied by the

24 municipality."

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25 Section 186. Section 67-11-303, MCA, is amended to

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read:

may borrow money for any of its corporate purposes and issue its bonds therefor, including refunding bonds, in such form and upon such terms as it may determine, payable out of any revenues of the authority, including revenues derived from:

(a) an airport or air navigation facility or facilities:

- 9 {b} taxes levied pursuant to 67-11-301 or other law
 10 for airport purposes;
- 11 (c) grants or contributions from the federal government; or
- 13 (d) other sources.
 - (2) The bonds may be issued by resolution of the authority, without an election and without any limitation of amount, except that no such bonds may be issued at any time if the total amount of principal and interest to become due in any year on such bonds and on any then outstanding bonds for which revenues from the same source or sources are pledged exceeds the amount of such revenues to be received in that year as estimated in the resolution authorizing the issuance of the bonds. The authority shall take all action necessary and possible to impose, maintain, and collect rates, charges, rentals, and taxes, if any are pledged, sufficient to make the revenues from the pledged source in

such year at least equal to the amount of such principal and interest due in that year.

- 3 (3) The bonds may be sold at public or private sale
 4 and may beer interest at a rate not exceeding 10% a year.
 5 Except as otherwise provided herein, any bonds issued
 6 pursuant to this chapter by an authority may be payable as
 7 to principal and interest solely from revenues of the
 8 authority and shall state on their face the applicable
 9 limitations or restrictions regarding the source from which
 10 such principal and interest are payable.
- 11 (4) Bonds issued by an authority or municipality
 12 pursuant to the provisions of this chapter are declared to
 13 be issued for an essential public and governmental purpose
 14 by a political subdivision within the meaning of
 15 15-30-111(2)(a).

or municipality may by resolution make and enter into any covenant, agreement, or indenture and may exercise any additional powers authorized to be exercised by a municipality under Fitte-7v-chapter-7v-ports-44-and-45 [section 81 through section 107 of \$8 22]. The sums required from time to time to pay principal and interest and to create and maintain a reserve for the bonds may be paid from any revenues referred to in this chapter, prior to the payment of current costs of operation and maintenance of the

facilities.

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(6) Subject to the conditions stated in this subsection (6), the governing body of any municipality. having a population in excess of 10,000, with respect to bonds issued pursuant to this chapter by the municipality or by an authority in which the municipality is included, may by resolution covenant that in the event that at any time all revenues, including taxes, appropriated and collected for such bonds are insufficient to pay principal or interest then dues it will levy a general tax upon all of the taxable property in the municipality for the payment of such deficiency; and may further covenant that at any time a deficiency is likely to occur within 1 year for the payment of principal and interest due on such bonds, it will levy a general tax upon all the taxable property in the municipality for the payment of such deficiency, and such taxes are not subject to any limitation of rate or amount applicable to other municipal taxes but shall be limited to a rate estimated to be sufficient to produce the amount of the deficiency. In the event more than one municipality having a population in excess of 10,000 is included in an authority issuing bonds pursuant to this chapter, the municipalities may apportion the obligation to levy taxes for the payment of, or in anticipation of, a deficiency in the revenues appropriated for such bonds in such manner as

1 the municipal lies way determine. The resolution shall state 2 the principal amount and purpose of the bonds and the 3 substance of the co-enant respecting deficiencies. No such 4 resolution becomes effective until the question of its approval has been submitted to the qualified electors of the 5 municipality at a special election called for that purpose 7 by the governing body of the nunicipality and a majority of В the electors voting on the question have voted in favor 9 thereof. The notice and conduct of the election shall be 10 governed, to the extent applicable, by 7-7-4227 through 11 7-7-4232--for--an--election--called-by-cities-ond-townsy-and 12 7-7-2229-through-7-7-2234-for-an-election-called-by-counties 13 [section 113 of SB 12]. If a majority of the electors voting thereon vote against approval of the resolution, the 14 15 municipality has no authority to make the covenant or to levy a tax for the payment of deficiencies pursuant to this 16 section, but such municipality or authority may nevertheless 17 issue bonds under this chapter payable solely from the 18 19 sources referred to in subsection (1) above.** Section 187. Section 69-3-301, MCA, is amended to 20 21 read: "69-3-301. Schedule of rates, tollis, and charges. (1)

22 "69+3+301. Schedule of rates, tolls, and charges. (1)
23 Every public utility shall file with the commission, within
24 a time fixed by the commission, schedules which shall be
25 open to public inspection showing all rates, tolls, and

charges which it has established and are in force at the time for any service performed by it within the state or for any service in connection therewith or performed by any public utility controlled or operated by it. The rates, tolls, and charges shown on such schedules shall not exceed the rates, tolls, and charges in force on March 4, 1913. Every public utility shall file with and as a part of such schedule all rules that in any manner affect the rates charged or to be charged for any service. When a schedule of joint rates or charges is or may be in force between two or more public utilities, such schedule shall in like manner be printed and filed with the commission.

(2) A copy of so much of seid the schedule as the commission shell-deem considers necessary for the use of the public shall be printed in plain type and kept on file in every station or office of such public utility where payments are made by the consumers or users, open to the public and in such form and place as to be readily accessible to the public and as can be conveniently inspected.

(3) Rates for water or sever supply and distribution services provided by municipalities and counties shall be established as provided in [section 64 of SB 19] and are not subject to 69-3-301 through 69-3-304.*

Section 188. Section 69-3-321, MCA, is amended to

l read:

**69-3-321* Complaints against public utility —
hearing* (1) The commission shall proceed, with or without
notice, to make such investigation as it may deem necessary
upon a complaint made against any public utility or local
government providing water or sever services by any
mercantile, agricultural, or manufacturing society or club;
by any body politic or municipal organization or
association, the same being interested; or by any person,
firm, or corporation, provided such person, firm, or
corporation is directly affected thereby, that:

- (a) any of the rates, tolls, charges, or schedules or any joint rate or rates are in any way unreasonable or unjustly discriminatory;
- (b) any regulations, measurements, practices, or acts whatsoever affecting or relating to the production, transmission, delivery, or furnishing of heat, light, water, or power or any service in connection therewith or the conveyance of any telegraph or telephone message or any service in connection therewith is in any respect unreasonable, insufficient, or unjustly discriminatory; or
 - (c) any service is inadequate.
- (2) No order affecting such rates, tolls, charges, schedules, regulations, measurements, practices, or acts complained of shall be entered without a formal hearing,

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except the commission may issue an order to provide service to a residential consumer pending a hearing on a complaint by such consumer or by the consumer counsel on behalf of such consumer against a public utility or local unvernments providing that the hearing is held within 20 days unless further delayed by consent of all parties.

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Section 189. Section 69-3-325, MCA, is amended to read:

#69-3-325. Notice of hearing. The commission shall give the public utility or local government and the complainant or complainants at least 10 days notice of the time when and the place where such hearing will be held.

Section 190. Section 69-3-326, MCA, is amended to read:

*69-3-326. Conduct of hearing. At the hearing both the complainant and the public utility or local government shall have the right to appear by counsel or otherwise and be fully heard. Either party shall be entitled to an order by the commission for the appearance of witnesses or the production of books, papers, and documents containing material testimony. Witnesses appearing upon the order of the commission shall be entitled to the same fees and mileage as witnesses in civil cases in the courts of the state, and the same shall be paid out of the state treasury in the same manner as other claims equinst the state are

paid. No fe on mileage shall be allowed unless the chairman of the commission shall certify to the correctness of the claim.

4 'Section=19% Jectron= 69~4~101, HCA; is amended to read:

*69-4-101. Use of public right-of-way for utility lines and facilities. A telegraph, telephone, natural gas. electric light, or electric power line corporation or public body or any other person owning or operating such is hereby authorized to install its respective plants and appliances necessary for service and to supply, and distribute electricity or natural gas for lighting, heating, power, and other purposes and to that end, to construct such telegraph, telephone, natural gas, electric light, or electric power lines, from point to point, along, and under, or upon any of the public roads, streets, and highways in the state, by the erection of necessary fixtures, including posts, piers, and abutments necessary for the wires or lines. The same shall be so constructed as not to incommode impede or endanger the public in the use of said roads, streets, or highways, and nothing herein shall be so construed as to restrict the powers of city-or-town-councils local governments."

23 Section 192* Section 72~15-301, MCA; is amended to read:

25 "72-15-301. Compensation of public administrator. The

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public administrator shall receive end-collect-for-his-own use as full compensation for his services, including attorney's fees, the amounts provided for in 72-3-631 and 72-3-633; provided, that in no case shall the compensation be less than \$25.0

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Section 193. Section 75-2-301, MCA, is amended to 6 read:

"75-2-301. Local air pollution control programs. (1) A municipality-or-county local government may establish a local air pollution control program an-being-petitioned-by 15%-of-the-qualified-electors-in-its--jurisdiction and, if the program is consistent with this chapter and is approved by the board after a public hearing conducted under 75-2-111, may thereafter administer in its jurisdiction the air pollution control program which?

- (a) provides by ordinance or---local---low for requirements compatible with, more stringent, or more extensive than those imposed by 75-2-203, 75-2-212, and 75-2-402 and rules issued under these sections:
- (b) provides for the enforcement of these requirements by appropriate administrative and judicial process; and
- 22 (c) provides for administrative organization, staff, financial, and other resources necessary to effectively and 23 efficiently carry out its program. 24
- 25 (2) If the board finds that the location, character,

contaminant sources, or deographic, topographic, or 3 meteorological considerations or any combination of these are such as to make impracticable the maintenance of appropriate levels of air quality without an areawide air pollution control program, the board may determine the boundaries within which the program is necessary and require 7 it as the only acceptable alternative to direct state administration.

or extent of particular concentrations of population, air

- (3) If the board has reason to believe that an air pollution control program in force under this section is inadequate to prevent and control air pollution in the jurisdiction to which the program relates or that the program is being administered in a manner inconsistent with this chapter, the board shall, on notice, conduct a hearing on the matter.
- (4) If, after the hearing, the board determines that the program is inadequate to prevent and control air pollution in the jurisdiction to which it relates or that it is not accomplishing the purposes of this chapter, it shall require that necessary corrective measures be taken within a reasonable time, not to exceed 60 days.
- (5) If the jurisdiction fails to take these measures within the time required, the department shall administer within such jurisdiction all of the provisions of this

chapter. The department's control program supersedes all sunicipal or county local government air pollution laws, rules, ordinances, and requirements in the affected jurisdiction. The cost of the program shall be a charge on the sunicipality or county local government.

- (6) If the board finds that the control of a particular class of air contaminant source because of its complexity or magnitude is beyond the reasonable capability of the local jurisdiction or may be more efficiently and economically performed at the state level, it may direct the department to assume and retain control over that class of air contaminant source. No charge may be assessed against the jurisdiction therefor. Findings made under this subsection may be either on the basis of the nature of the sources involved or on the basis of their relationship to the size of the communities in which they are located.
- (7) A jurisdiction in which the department administers its air pollution control program under subsection (5) of this section may, with the approval of the board, establish or resume an air pollution control program which meets the requirements of subsection (1) of this section.
- ### -- municipality -- or -- county -- may administer all-or part-of-its-air-pollution -- control--program -- in -- cooperation with-one-or-more-municipalities or -- counties-of-this-state-or of-other-states."

1 Section 1 4. Section 75-10-214. MCA, is amended to 2 result

#75-10-214. Exclusions -- exceptions to exclusions.

(1) (a) This part may not be construed to prohibit a person from disposing of his own solid waste, except hazardous waste, upon land owned, leased, or covered by easement or permit as long as it does not create a nuisance or public health hazard.

- (b) A person may dispose of his own hazardous wastes upon land owned, leased, or covered by easement or permit after complying with the licensing requirements of this part and the rules that shall be adopted to regulate the disposal or transport of hazardous wastes.
- (c) The exclusion contained in subsection (1)(3) of this section does not apply to a division of land of 5 acres or less made after July 1, 1977, which falls within the definition of subdivision in Title 76, chapter 4, part 1, or the Montana Subdivision and Platting Act in Title 76, chapter 3.
- 20 (2) The licensing requirements of this part do not
 21 apply to the transportation of marketable hazardous wastes
 22 to a manufacturing or processing center.
- 23 (3) The county or district board of health may adopt
 24 rules controlling the disposal of solid waste on private
 25 land to prevent development of a public nuisance.*

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1	Section 195.	Section 75-10-231+	MCA.	is	amende d	to
2	read:					

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- #75-10-231. Actions. The department may, through the attorney general or appropriate county <u>prosecuting</u> attorney, initiate and maintain in district court enforcement actions as provided in this part, including actions to collect a criminal penalty or to enjoin the operation of a solid waste management system that is in violation of this part or a rule adopted by the department or order issued as provided in this part."
- 11 Section 196. Section 75-15-103, MCA, is amended to read:
 - "75-15-103. Definitions. As used in this part, the
 following definitions apply:
 - (1) "Commercial or industrial activities" means for purposes of subsection (14) those activities generally recognized as commercial or industrial by zoning authorities in this state, except that none of the following activities shall be considered commercial or industrial:
- 20 (a) agricultural, forestry, grazing, farming, and 21 related activities, including wayside fresh produce stands;
 - (b) transient or temporary activities:
 - (c) activities not visible from the main-traveled way;
- (d) activities conducted in a building principallyused as a residence;

- (e) railroad tracks and minor sidings:
- 2 (f) activities more than 660 feet from the nearest 3 edge of the right-of-way.
 - which is used or reserved for business, commerce, or trade pursuant to comprehensive local zoning ordinances or regulations or enabling state legislation or state legislation itself, including highway service areas lawfully zoned as highway service zones, where the primary use of the land is or-is-reserved for commercial and roadside services, other than outdoor advertising, to serve the traveling public. Areas temporarily zoned as commercial or industrial by an interim regulation or map adopted as an emergency measure pursuant to 76-2-206 [section 73 of 58 22] shall not be considered as covered by this definition.
- 16 (3) **Commission** means the highway commission of 17 Montana.
 - (4) *Department* means the department of highways.
 - (5) "Information center" means an area or site established or maintained at safety rest areas for the purpose of informing the public of places of interest within the state and providing such other information as the commission may consider desirable.
 - (6) "Interchange" or "intersection" means those areas and their approaches where traffic is channeled off or onto

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an interstate route, including the deceleration lanes or acceleration lanes from or to another federal, state, county, city, or other route.

- (7) "Interstate system" means that portion of the national system of interstate and defense highways located within this state as officially designated or as may hereafter be so designated by the commission and approved by the secretary pursuant to the provisions of Title 23, United States Code, "Highways".
- 10 (8) "Maintain" means to allow to exist, subject to the 11 provisions of this part.
 - (9) "Maintenance" means to repair, refurbish, repaint, or otherwise keep an existing sign structure in a state suitable for use.
 - (10) "Outdoor advertising" means any outdoor signed displaye light, devices figure, painting, drawing, messages plaque, poster, billboard, or other structure which is designed, intended, or used to advertise or inform and which is visible from any place on the main-traveled way of the interstate or primary systems.
 - (11) "Primary system" means that portion of connected main highways as officially designated or as may hereafter be so designated by the commission and approved by the secretary pursuant to the provisions of Title 23: United States Code: "Highways"

- (12) "Sanisty lest area" means an area or site established and maintained within or adjacent to the right-of-way, by or under public supervision or control, for the convenience of the traveling public.
- (13) "Secretary" means the secretary of the United States department of transportation.
- (14) "Unz oned commercial or industrial area" means an area not zoned by state or local law, regulation, or ordinance which is occupied by one or more industrial or commercial activities, other than outdoor advertising, on the lands along the highway for a distance of 600 feet immediately adjacent to the activities and those lands directly opposite on the other side of the highway to the extent of the same dimensions and to a maximum depth of 660 feet when measured from the highway right-of-way; provided those lands on the opposite side of the highway are not deamed considered scenic or having aesthetic value as determined by the commission.
- (15) "Urban area" means an urbanized area or place, as designated by the United States bureau of the census, having a population of 5,000 or more and within boundaries fixed by the department of highways, which boundaries shall as a minimum encompass the entire urban place designated by said bureau of the census.
 - (16) "Visible" weans capable of being seen and legible

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without visual aid by a person of normal visual acuity."

Section 197. Section 76-3-103, MCA, is amended to read:

#76-3-103. Definitions. As used in this chapter.
unless the context or subject matter clearly requires
otherwise, the following words or phrases shall have the
following meanings:

- (1) "Certificate of privey" means a drawing of a field survey prepared by a registered surveyor for the purpose of disclosing facts pertaining to boundary locations.
- (2) "Dedication" means the deliberate appropriation of land by an owner for any general and public use, reserving to himself no rights which are incompatible with the full exercise and enjoyment of the public use to which the property has been devoted.
- (3) "Division of land" means the segregation of one or more parcels of land from a larger tract held in single or undivided ownership by transferring or contracting to transfer title to or possession of a portion of the tract or properly filing a certificate of survey or subdivision plat establishing the identity of the segregated parcels pursuant to this chapter.
- (4) "Examining land surveyor" means a registered land surveyor duly appointed by the governing body to review surveys and plats submitted for filing.

parcel of land other than an aliquot part of the United States government survey section or a United States government lot, the boundaries or areas of which cannot be determined without a survey or trigonometric calculation.

**Decasional sale* means one sale of a division of land within any 12-month period*

tetill "Planned unit development" means a land development project consisting of residential clusters, industrial parks, shopping centers, office building parks, or any combination thereof which comprises a planned mixture of land uses built in a prearranged relationship to each other and having open space and community facilities in common ownership or use.

(9)(E) "Plat" means a graphical representation of a subdivision showing the division of land into lots, parcelse blocks, streets, alleys, and other divisions and dedications.

tienting of a proposed subdivision showing the layout of streets, alleys, lots, blocks, and other elements of a subdivision which furnish a basis for review by a governing

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-{111/101 "Final plat" means the final drawing of the subdivision and dedication required by this chapter to be prepared for filing for record with the county clerk and recorder and containing all elements and requirements set forth in this chapter and in regulations adopted pursuant thereto.

tt2)(11) "Registered land surveyor" means a person licensed in conformance with the Montana Professional Engineers* Registration Act (Title 37, chapter 67) to practice surveying in the state of Montana.

t131112) "Registered professional engineer" means a person licensed in conformance with the Montana Professional Engineers' Registration Act (Title 37, chapter 67) to practice engineering in the state of Montana.

thttll3: "Subdivider" means any person who causes land
to be subdivided or who proposes a subdivision of land.

t15;114) "Subdivision" means a division of land or land so divided which creates one or more parcels containing less than 20 acres, exclusive of public roadways, in order that the title to or possession of the parcels may be sold, rented, leased, or otherwise conveyed and shall include any resubdivision and shall further include any condominium or area, remardless of its size, which provides or will provide multiple space for recreational camping vehicles, or mobile

l homes."

Section 198. Section 76-3-601, MCA, is mamended to 3 read:

4 **76-3-601. Submission of preliminary plat for review.
5 (1) Except where a plat is eligible for summary approval,
6 the subdivider shall present to the governing body or the
7 agent or agency designated thereby the preliminary plat of
8 the proposed subdivision for local review. The preliminary
9 plat shall show all pertinent features of the proposed
10 subdivision and all proposed improvements.

- (2) (a) When the proposed subdivision lies within the boundaries of en-incorporated-eity-or-town a municipality the preliminary plat shall be submitted to and approved by the eity-or-town municipal governing body.
- (b) When the proposed subdivision is situated entirely in an unincorporated area, the preliminary plat shall be submitted to and approved by the governing body of the county. However, if—the—proposed—subdivision—lies—within to—mile of a third class—city—or—town—or—within—2-miles—of a second-class—city or—within—3-miles—of a first-class—city the—county—governing—body—shall—submit the—preliminary—plat to the—city—or—town—governing—body—or—its—adesignated—eigent for—review—and—comment—a municipality—may—by—resolution establish—its—authority—to—review—and—comment—on subdivisions—within its extraterritorial—area.

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(c) If the proposed subdivision lies partly within an incorporated city-or-town <u>municipality</u>, the proposed plat thereof must be submitted to and approved by both the city or-town <u>municipal</u> and the county governing bodies.

(3)--This-section-and-76-3-664v-76-3-665v-and--76-3-666
through--76-3-610--do--not--1imit--the--authority-of-certain
municipalities--to--regulate---subdivisions---beyond---their
corporate-limits-pursuant-to-7-3-4444v=

Section 199. Section 76-4-121, MCA, is amended to read:

Until the local governing body has certified that a subdivision is to be provided with municipal facilities for a supply of water and disposal of sewage and solid waste or that the department has indicated that the subdivision is subject to no restrictions, a person may not file a subdivision plat with a county elerk—end—recorder records administrator, make disposition of any lot within a subdivision, erect any facility for the supply of water or disposal of sewage or solid waste, erect any building or shelter in a subdivision which requires facilities for the supply of water or disposal of sewage or solid waste, or occupy any permanent buildings in a subdivision."

Section 200. Section 76-4-122, MCA, is amended to read:

"76-4-122. Filing or recording of noncomplying map or plat prohibited. (1) The county clerk-and-recorder records administrator shall not file or record any map or plat showing a subdivision unless it complies with the provisions of this part.

- (2) A county clerk and recorder records administrator
 may not accept a subdivision plat for filing until one of
 the following conditions has been met:
- (a) the person wishing to file the plat has obtained approval of the local health officer having jurisdiction and has filed the approval with the department, and the department has indicated by stamp or certificate that it has approved the plat and plans and specifications and that the subdivision is subject to no sanitary restriction whenever department approval is necessary; or
- (b) whenever department approval is not necessary, the
 person wishing to file the plat has obtained a certificate
 from the governing body that the subdivision is inside a
 master planning area and will be provided with municipal
 facilities for the supply of water and disposal of sewage
 and solid waste.**
- Section 201. Section 76-4-123, MCA, is amended to read:
- 24 **76-4-123. Department review and approval required 25 outside master planning areas. Outside master planning areas

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1 adopted pursuant to chapter 1, a person may not file a 2 subdivision plat with a county elerk-and-recorder records administrator, make disposition of a lot within a subdivision, erect any facility for the supply of water or disposal of sewage or solid waste, erect a building or shelter in a subdivision which requires facilities for the 6 supply of water or disposal of sewage or solid waste, or occupy a permanent building in a subdivision until the department has indicated that the subdivision is subject to no sanitary restriction."

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Section 202. Section 76-4-127, MCA, is amended to 11 12 read:

*76-4-127. Notice of certification to department that water and waste services will be provided by local government. (1) When a subdivision is reviewed under the master plan provisions of 76-4-124, the local governing body shall, within 20 days after receiving an application under the Montana Subdivision and Platting Act, send notice of certification to the department that a subdivision has been submitted for approval and that municipal facilities for the supply of water and disposal of sewage and solid waste will be provided for the subdivision.

- 23 (2) The notice of certification shall include the 24 following:
 - (a) the name and address of the applicant:

(b) a pycf the preliminary plat or a final plat where a preliminary plat is not necessary:

- (c) the number of proposed parcels in the subdivision;
- (d) a copy of any applicable zoning ordinances in effect:
- (e) how construction of the sewage disposal and water 7 supply systems or extensions will be financed;
- (f) a copy of the master plan if one has not yet been 8 submitted to the department;
- (q) the relative location of the subdivision to the 10 11 eity-or-town municipality; and
- 12 (h) certification that adequate municipal facilities 13 for the supply of water and disposal of sewage and solid 14 waste are available or will be provided within 1 year after 15 the notice of certification is issued.
- 16 Section 203. Section 76-5-1117, MCA, is amended to 17 read:
 - "76-5-1117. Bonds authorized -- procedure. Cities. towns, and counties are hereby authorized to contract indebtedness issue general obligation or revenue bonds and to--issue--speciet local improvement district op---runet improvement district bonds to provide funds for the payment of the cost of improvements contemplated by this part by following the following procedures prescribed inclsection 33 through section 105 of SB 221-

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1	(1)The-governing-body-of-the-city:townyorcounty
2	maycall-a-special-election-to-vote-upon-the-proposition-of
3	issuing-said-bondsormayรบซิลitthepropositionasa
4	special-question-at-a-regular-sunicipal-or-general-alection*
5	(2)~-The-notice-of-the-election-and-the-election-jeself
6	shall-be-corried-out-in-accordance-with-Title-Ty-chapter-12y
7	parts-41-and-42-as-to-cities-and-in-accordance-with-Tiele-7*
8	chapter-12y-part-21-as-to-the-counties.
9	(3)Taxassessmentsforthepaymentof-said-bonds
10	sholl-be-levied-in-accordancewithfitleTychapter12y
11	ports 11ond12und71tlo-7-chaptor-12-part-21-os-to
12	cities-and-countiesy-respectivelyw
13	Section 204. Section 76-6-104, MCA, is amended to
14	read:
15	#76-6-104. Definitions. The following terms whenever
16	used or referred to in this chapter shall have the following
17	meanings unless a different meaning is clearly indicated by
18	the context:
19	(1)Comprehensive
20	developmentand-shall-includes
21	to;preparation-of-general-physical-plans-with-respect
22	to-the-pattern-and-intensity-of-land-use-and-theprovision
23	ofpublicfacilitiesy-including-transpartation-facilitiesy
24	together-with-long-range-fiseal-plans-forsuchdevelopment
25	a s-a-guide-for-long-range- deve lopment :

1	(b)programmingandfinancingplansfarcapital
2	improvements:
3	(c)coordination-ofallrelatedplansendplanned
4	ectivitiesboththeintragovernmentaland
5	intergovernme ntal-levels; and
6	(d)preparationofregulatoryandadministrative
7	mensures-in-support-of-thm-foregoinge
8	(2)(1) "Conservation easement" means an easement or
9	restriction, running with the land and assignable, whereby
10	an owner of land voluntarily relinquishes to the holder of
11	such easement or restriction any or all rights to construct
12	improvements upon the land or to substantially alter the
13	natural character of the land or to permit the construction
14	of improvements upon the land or the substantial alteration
15	of the natural character of the land, except as this right
16	is expressly reserved in the instruments evidencing the
17	easement or restriction.
18	(3)(2) "Open-space land" means any land which is
19	provided or preserved for:

(b) conservation of land or other natural resources;

(d) assisting in the shaping of the character,

የተን[3] "Public body" means the state, counties,

(a) park or recreational purposes;

(c) historic or scenic purposes; or

direction, and timing of community development.

citiesy-townsy and other municipalities.

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(45)(4) *Qualified private organization* means a private organization:

- (a) competent to own interests in real property:
- (b) which qualifies and holds a general tax examption under the federal Internal Revenue Code, section 501(c); and
- (c) whose organizational purposes are designed to further the purposes of this chapter.
- totici "Urban area" means any area which is urban in character, including surrounding areas which form an economic and socially related region, taking into consideration such factors as present and future population trends and patterns of urban growth, location of transportation facilities and systems, and distribution of industrial, commercial, residential, governmental, institutional, and other activities."
- 17 Section 205. Section 76-6-107, MCA, is amended to 18 read:
 - **76-6-107. Conversion or diversion of open-space land.

 (1) No open-space land, the title to or interest or right in which has been acquired under this chapter, shell may be converted or diverted fram open-space land use unless the conversion or diversion is:
 - (a) necessary to the public interest;
- 25 (b) not in confliktawith thempresented to apprehensive

local government anning for the area; and

- (c) permitted by the conditions imposed at the time of
 the creation of the conservation easement.
- 4 (2) Other real property of at least equal fair market
 5 value and of as nearly as feasible equivalent usefulness and
 6 location for use as open-space land shall be substituted
 7 within a reasonable period not exceeding 1 year for any real
 8 property converted or diverted from open-space land use.
 9 Property substituted is subject to the provisions of this
 10 chapter.**
- Section 206. Section 76-6-109, MCA, is amended to read:
- 76-6-109. Powers of public bodies. (1) A public body

 14 shall have all the powers necessary or convenient to carry

 15 out the purposes and provisions of this chapter, including

 16 the following powers in addition to others granted by this

 17 chapter:
- 18 (a) to borrow funds and make expenditures necessary to
 19 carry out the purposes of this chapter;

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- (b) to advance or accept advances of public funds;
- (c) to apply for and accept and utilize grants and any other assistance from the federal government and many other public or private sources, to give such security as may be required, to enter into and carry out contracts or agreements in connection with the assistance, and to include

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in any	у со	ntra	t for	assista	nce fr	om the	e fede	eral g	overr	ıme nt
such c	ondit	ions	impos	ed pursu	ant t	o fec	deral	1 aws	a s	the
public	body	may	de es	consider	reaso	nable	and a	pprop	riate	and
which	are	not	inco	ns i stent	with	the	pur	00565	of	this
chapter	r:									

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- (d) to make and execute contracts and other instruments necessary or convenient to the exercise of its powers under this chapter;
 - (e) in connection with the real property acquired or designated for the purposes of this chapter, to provide or to arrange or contract for the provision, construction, maintenance, operation, or repair by any person or agency, public or private, of services, privileges, works, streets, roads, public utilities, or other facilities or structures that may be necessary to the provision, preservation, maintenance, and management of the property as open-space land;
 - (f) to insure or provide for the insurance of any real or personal property or operations of the public body against any risks or hazards, including the power to pay premiums on the insurance;
- (g) to demolish or dispose of any structures or facilities which may be detrimental to or inconsistent with the use of real property as open-space land; and
- (h) to exercise any or all of its functions and powers

ì	under this chapter jointly or cooperatively with public
?	bodies of one or more states, if they are so authorized by
3	state law, and with one or more public bodies of this state
•	and to enter into agreements for joint or cooperative
,	action•

- (2) For the purposes of this chapter, the state or—e citys-towns-other-municipalitys-or-county may:
- (a) appropriate funds;
- 9 (b)--levy--taxes--and-assessments-according-to-existing
 10 codes-and-statutes-not-to-exceed 2-mills
- 11 the manner and within the limitations prescribed by the
 13 applicable laws of the state; and
- 14 (d)[c] exercise its powers under this chapter through
 15 a board or commission or through such office or officers as
 16 its governing body by resolution determines or as the
 17 governor determines in the case of the state.
- 18 (31 For the purposes of this Chapters municipalities

 19 and counties shall proceed according to the provisions of

 20 [SB 11: SB 12: SB 13: SB 14: SB 15: SB 16: SB 17: SB 18: SB
- 21 19. S8 20. SB 21. and SB 223.
- 22 Section 207. Section 76-6-110, MCA; is amended to 23 read:
- 24 *76-6-110. Authorization end-funding for planning
 25 commission __requirements. (1) The state, counties, cities,

townsy-or-other and municipalities in an urban area, acting
jointly or in cooperation, are authorized to perform
comprehensive planning for the urban area and to establish
and maintain a planning commission—for—this-purpose—and
related-planning-activities agency.

- (2) Funds-may-be-appropriated-and-made--evellable--for the--comprehensive--plonnings--financial-or-other-assistance from-the-federal-government-and-ony-other-public-or--private sources--may--be-accepted-and-utilized-for-the-plannings Iba planning authorized by subsection (11 shall include:
- 11 (a) the preparation of a long-range development

 12 program which includes elements pertaining to:
- 13 (i) the nature and extent of the use of land:
- 14 (ii) the provision of public facilities:

- 15 (iii) the provision of transportation facilities: and
- 16 <u>(iv) a long-range fiscal plan for implementation of the</u>
 17 elements:
- 18 (b) a capital improvements program:
- 19 (c) the preparation of regulatory and administrative
- 20 measures necessary to implement the various elements.
- 21 (3) The planning required by this section shall be coordinated with any local government planning taking place
- 23 in the vicinity of the urban area.
- 24 (6) A government conducting the ofening authorized by
- 25 this section may find the place the place through any somey

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Section 20% Section 76-6-203, MCA, is amended to

#76-6-203. Types of permissible easements. (1)
Easements or restrictions under this chapter may prohibit or
b limit any or all of the following:

- (a) structures—construction or placing of buildings, camping trailers, housetrailers, mobile homes, roads, signs, billboards or other advertising, utilities, or other structures on or above the ground:
- 11 (b) landfill--dumping or placing of soil or other 12 substance or material as landfill or dumping or placing of 13 trash, waste, or unsightly or offensive materials;
- 14 (c) vegetation—removal or destruction of trees,
 15 shrubs, or other vegetation;
- 16 (d) loamy--gravely--etes--excavation, dredging, or 17 removal of loam, peat, gravel, soil, rock, or other material 18 substance;
- 19 (e) surface-user-surface use except for such purposes
 20 permitting the land or water area to remain predominantly in
 21 its existing condition;
 - (f) acts -- detrimental -- to -- conservation -- activities detrimental to drainage, flood control, water conservation, erosion control, soil conservation, or fish and wildlife habitat and preservation;

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{g} subdivision-of--land-subdivision of land as defined in 76-3-103y-76-3-104y and 76-3-202 76-4-102;

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- (h) other-acts—other acts or uses detrimental to such retention of land or water areas in their existing conditions.
- (2) The term "land" in subsections (1)(b) and (1)(c) above includes land under water, water, and water surface."

 Section 209. Section 76-6-206, MCA, is amended to read:

*76-6-206. Review by local planning authority agency. In order to minimize confilet with local comprehensive planning, all conservation easements shall be subject to review prior to recording by the appropriate local planning sutho ity agency for the county within which the land lies. It shall be the responsibility of the entity, acquiring the conservation easement to present the proposed conveyance of the conservation easement to the appropriate local planning outhority agency. The local planning outhority agency shall have 90 days from receipt of the proposed conveyance within which to review and to comment upon the relationship of the proposed conveyance to comprehensive planning for the area. Such comments will not be binding on the proposed grantor or grantee but shall be merely advisory in nature. The proposed conveyance may be recorded after comments have been received from the local planning sutherity agency or the

- l local planning authority agency has indicated in writing it
- 2 will have no comments or 90 days have elapsed, whichever
- 3 occurs first.
- 4 Section 210. Section 76-6-207, MCA, is amended to
- 5 read:

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- 6 "76-6-207" Recording and description of easement. (1)
 7 All conservation pasements shall be duly recorded in the
 8 county where the land lies so as to effect their titles in
 9 the manner of other conveyances of interest in land and
 10 shall describe the land subject to said conservation
 11 easement by adequate legal description or by reference to a
 12 recorded plat showing its boundaries.
 - (2) The county clerk——and——recorder records administrator shall upon recording course place a copy of the conservation easement to-be-placed in a separate file within the office of the county elerk—and—recorder records administrator and shall—course mail a copy of the conservation easement to—be—mailed to the department of revenue.
- 20 Section 211. Section 76-15-506, MCA; is amended to 21 read:
- 22 #76-15-506. Bonds authorized -- election. (1) Whenever
 23 a board of supervisors deems considers it necessary, it may
 24 issue bonds payable from revenues, assessments, or both, or

the district may use other financing as provided for by this

part and part 6 for the cost of works.

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- election to vote upon the proposition of issuing the bonds or may submit the proposition as a special question at a regular or general election. The notice of the election and the election itself shall be carried out in accordance with 76-15-605 and 76-15-606. If from the returns of the election it appears that the majority of votes cast at such election was in favor of and assented to the incurring of the indebtedness, then the board of supervisors may by resolution provide for the issuance of such bonds.
- (3) The authorization of such undertakings the forms and content shall be carried out in accordance with TT 4426v: TT 4427v and TT 4432 through TT 4435 [section 33.15couch section 105 of SB 22]s. Validity of such bonds, use of revenue, and refunding shall be in accordance with the provisions of TT 4425v TT 4430v TT 4501 (2) and (3)v and TT 4502 through TT 4505 [section 33 through section 105 of SB 22]s.
- (4) Any bonds issued under this part and part 6 have the same force, value, and use as bonds issued by a municipality and are exempt from taxation as property within the state of Montange.*
- Section 212. Section 77-1-104, MCA, is amunded to read:

*77-1-104, Survey of lands. If the board considers it 1 2 necessary that any of the lands mentioned in 77-1-192 be 3 surveyed, it shall have the lands surveyed-by-the-county surveyor-of-the-county-in-which-the-lands--ore--located. If there--is--no--county--surveyory--if--the-county-surveyor-is unable-to-make-the-survey-or-if-the-best-interests--ef--the state--requirey--the The board shall appoint a qualified surveyor to make the surveys. The county-surveyor--or--other surveyor appointed shall make an actual survey thereof establishing four corners of every quarter section and 10 11 connecting the same with a United States survey and within 12 30 days after such survey file with the county clerk--and 13 recorder records, administrator of that county a copy under 14 path of his field notes and plat and a duly certified copy of his field notes and plat with the department. For the 15 services-required-in-connection-with-the-surveyy-the-county 16 17 surveyor--or-other-surveyor-appointed-is-entitled-to-fees-as prescribed in 7-4-2821, Such-fees shell-be-poid-in-the--same 18 19 monner-os-other-expenses-of-the-department+" Section 213. Section 80-7-501, MCA, is amended to

- 20 Section 213- Section 80-7-501, MCA, is amended to 21 read:
- 22 **80-7-501. Definitions. As used in this part, the 23 following definitions apply:
- 24 (11 "Agricultural insect pest" neads those insects
 25 which reduce the quantity or quality of food, feeds forage.

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1	timber or fiber during production: damage commodities during
2	harvest or storage; or transmit disease organisms to
3	valuable_plants. Agricultural_insert_pests_include_but_are
4	not limited to grasshoppers, cutworms, pale western
5	cutworms, army cutworms, chinch bugs, and any other insect
6	or arthropod generally recognized as a destroyer of grains
7	have ranges or horticultural crops.

(11)[2] "Alternative control program" means a system of controlling insect pest populations through biological or other means not involving toxic chemicals.

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t2)[3] "Cropland" means land used for the production of foods timbers and forage, including the headlands, ditches, and rights-of-way adjacent to such land.

(3)(4) "Cropland spraying program" means the application of chemical or other substances to croplands for the purpose of preventing or destroying insect pests.

17 (4)(5) "Emergency" means a serious insect pest
18 infestation that meets the conditions of 10-3-311.

t5)16) "Infestation" means that a pest exists in such numbers, under certain conditions, end or at certain times as to destroy or substantially damage or threaten to destroy livestock or other agricultural crops or damage or threaten to damage human health.

24 t6)(1) "Insect post" includes the grasshopper+
25 cutworm, pale western cutworm, army worm, chinch

bug, and any other insect or arthropod generally recognized
 as a destroyer of grain, hay, range, and horticulture crops.

[8] "Insect pest detection and surveillance program"

4 means annual field surveys of cropland for the purpose of
5 detecting new or unusual insect pests and monitoring the

7 Section 214. Section 80-7-502, MCA, is amended to 8 read:

number and movement of insect past dopulations."

9 "80-7-502. Insect detections and surveillances and
10 control-progress cropland spraying progress. The department
11 may:

- (1) employ permanent and seasonal personnel to administer this part;
- 14 (2) survey for and maintain surveillance of
 15 <u>agricultural</u> insect pests during appropriate seasons and
 16 enter upon any croplands in the course of conducting such
 17 surveillance;
- 18 (3) provide insect pest management services to
 19 particular agricultural commodity groups for the resolution
 20 of special or unusual insect pest problems;
- 21 (4) determine or assist a county to determine, upon 22 investigation, whether a serious infestation exists or 23 threatens to occur within a county;
- (5) declare that an insect pest infestationconstitutes a serious infestation;

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(6) operates contract fors or assist a county to
obtain spraying or other appropriate services to counteract
an actual or threatening serious infestation, having first
determined that any person contracting to supply such
services is properly equipped to apply substances designated
and approved by the department;

- (7) conduct, cooperate in, or coordinate upon request by any affected county, insect pest management services for serious pest infestations in one or more countles:
- 10 (8) assist counties, upon request, to coordinate
 11 county insect pest management programs in contiguous
 12 counties:

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- 13 (9) assist a county as provided in [section 4] and
 14 section 62 of SB 151e*
- 15 Section 215. Section 80-7-203, MCAs is amended to 16 read:
 - #80-7-503. Duties of department. The department shall:
- (1) develop and publish a list of pesticides approved
 for control of insect pests;
 - (2) develop and publish technical guidelines on techniques of controlling insect pests;
- (3) notify a county of its survey results and statewhether the infestation is normal or serious;
- 24 (4) review and comment on or review and approve all county agricultural insect post management class as provided

nv local gover int-statutes [section 62 of SB 41] and consider whether the plan conforms to the technical guidelines of the department and whether implementation of the plan will probably counteract the condition of insect pest infestation in a timely and proper manner;

- 6 (5) consider whether an alternative control program
 7 would be as efficient as spraying on a ratio of total costs
 8 to total benefits and provide the county with a summery of
 9 Its findings prior to conducting or approving any cropland
 10 spraying program. If the alternative control program is
 11 considered adequate, the department may conduct or approve
 12 such a program.**
- 13 Section 216. Section 80-7-504, MCA, is amended to 14 read:
 - of the costs of a cropland spraying program of alternative program conducted by the state shall be paid by the state.

 Conthird of the costs shall be paid by the state.

 Conthird of the costs shall be paid by the county in which the program is conducted. One third of the costs shall be paid by the costs of cropland in the costs of elimination of any state or county control program, the department and the governing body of any county for which the program is proposed shall enter into an interlocal or—configuration agreement on the maximum amount of moneys each shall

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appropriate or provide toward the proposed program. If pither party does not sign and approve the agreement, the program may not be conducted.

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- (2) Individual -- form-and-ranch-landowners-may-formally netition-by-written--affidavit--protesting--their--inclusion within---the---proposed---cropland---spraying--program---the department--or--local--governing--body--shall--refrain--from sproving--ony--land-petitimed-to-be-excluded--fuch-excluded land-remains-subject-to-essessment-under-08-7-505v The governing body of any county for which a control program is intended shall proceed as provided by local-government statutes [section 5] through section 54 of SB 15].
- (3) If the department conducts the program, it shall pay all costs of the program. The county shall pay its share and the landowner's share as provided in 80-7-505 to the department for deposit in the appropriate fund.
- (4) If the county conducts the program, it shall pay all costs of the program including its share. The department shall pay one-third of the costs of the cropland spraying program from moneys appropriated for that purpose to the county in which the program was conducted. The county finance administrator shall collect the treasurer landowner's special assessment as provided in 80-7-505."
- Section 217. Section 80-7-505, MCA, is amended to 24 25 read:

1 *80-7-505. Computation and collection of assessments on landowners. Each owner of cropland benefited banefiting under a cropland spraying program is liable for such portion a of the landowner's share of the program costs as his cropland is a portion of all cropland within the boundaries 5 of the program. The county treesures finance administrator shall compute each landowner's liability and mail a special 7 assessment therefor to each owner or occupier of land within the boundaries of the program. Unless otherwise mutually 10 agreed upon, this assessment is due and payable within 32 days of mailing or 30 days of receipt if receipt is shown to 11 be more than 2 days after mailing. A delinquent assessment 12 13 is a lien upon the land assessed.*

14 Section 218. Section 80-7-701. MCA, is amended to 15 read:

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#80-7-701. Embargo against introduction of noxious weed plant seed from other states. If the department believes that movements of grain, plants, seed, tubers, nursery stock, hay, straw, fruit, or other materials containing noxious weed plant seed or plants dangerous or inimical to the horticultural or agricultural industries are about to be introduced into the state, it-may the department 22 shall advise the governor. The governor shall, by proclamation, declare an embargo against the importation or shipment of the grain, plants, tubers, nursery stock, seed,

hay, straw, fruit, or other materials into the state, except
under restrictions established in this part and provided in
the rules adopted by the department."

Section 219. Section 80-7-702, MCA, is amended to read:

#80-7-702. Rules for enforcement of interstate embargo. The department of agriculture shall may promulgate and adopt all necessary rules in for the enforcement of embargo prior to or upon its being proclaimed—emprovided—in—68-7-701. The department in adopting the rules may provide for the establishment of inspection stations, the appointment of inspectors, the establishment of the inspection fees, the issuance of certificates, the methods of transporting and packaging, and other rules and procedures necessary to carry out 69-7-701 through—68-7-104 the embargo.

Section 220. Section 80-7-703, MCA, is amended to read:

#80-7-703. Violations of interstate embargo —
penalty. Any person who refuses to obey an order of an
appointed inspector or willfully disobeys the <u>embargo</u>
provisions of 60-7-701 through 60-7-704 shall be guilty of a
misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined not less than
\$50 and not more than \$200.**

Section 221. Section 80-7-704. MiA. is askeded to

2 **80-7-704. Disposition of fines and inspection fees.
3 All fines levied **s-provided-in-88-7-783 for violations of
4 **enhargo provisions** and all fees collected from inspections
5 **shall be deposited with the state treasurer to the credit of

the earmarked revenue fund for the use of the department for
the purpose of administering and enforcing 60-7-701-through

8 80-7-704 the cabargo."

ead:

9 Section 22% Section 81-4-403, MCA, is amended to read:

B1-4-403. Impounding animals — duties of cities-and teams local governments. When any livestock or domestic animals of any kind are impounded, seized, restrained, or held by any city-or-town local government or its officers or agents, it shall be the duty of such city-or-town local government. its officers or agents, to give notice to the owner of such livestock or domestic animals so impounded, seized, restrained, or held by such city-or town local government. if the owner is known, in the manner hereinafter provided.

21 Section 223. Section 81-4-408. MCA, is amended to read:

23 ***S1-4-408. Duty of officers to ascertain brands. It 24 shall be the duty of such eity-or-town local generoment and 25 its officers or agents to use reasonable diligence to

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ascertain any and all marks and brands on such stock, and in case such animals are not branded or marked or the brand or marks are mutilated or undeterminable, such facts shall be noted in said the notice."

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5 Section 224. Section 81-4-409, MCA, is amended to 6 read:

"81-4-409. Department to ascertain owner -- notice. When the notice is served, the department shall ascertain the owner of the stock, if possible, and when the owner is ascertained, immediately furnish the owner with the information contained in the notice. The department shall notify the eity-or-town local government, its officers or agents, of the name and post-office address of the owner."

Section 225. Section 85-7-2143, MCA, is amended to read:

"85-7-2143. Prosecution for misconduct. It shall be the duty of the county prosecuting attorney in each county to commence and prosecute all actions to enforce any liability created in 85-7-2142. Such actions shall be tried as civil actions at law."

Section 226. Severability. If a part of this act is invalid, all valid parts that are severable from the invalid part remain in effect. If a part of this act is invalid in one or more of its applications, the part remains in effect in all valid applications that are severable from the

1 invalid applications.

Section 227. Repealer.

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through 2-9-704, 2-9-801 through 2-9-805, 2-15-1102, 2-18-504, 7-1-2101 through 7-1-4118, 7-2-101 7-2-103+ 7-2-2104+ 7-2-2105+ 7-2-2301 through 7-2-4920+ 7-3-104 through 7-3-114. 7-3-1101 through 7-3-4466. 7-4-2101 7 through 7-4-2209; 7-4-2211 through 7-4-2403; 7-4-2405 through 7-4-2514, 7-4-2517 through 7-4-2601, 7-4-2612 9 through 7-4-2614, 7-4-2616 through 7-4-2623, 7-4-2632 through 7-4-2901, 7-4-2903, 7-4-2912 through 7-4-2914, 10 7-4-2923, 7-4-3006 through 7-4-4701, 7-5-101 11 12 7-5-2107, 7-5-2121 through 7-5-2131, 7-5-2141, 7-5-2201 13 through 7-5-4110, 7-5-4112 through 7-5-4124, 7-5-4201 through 7-5-4409, 7-6-201 through 7-6-2118, 7-6-2202 through 14 7-6-2802, 7-6-4102, 7-6-4104 through 7-6-4124, 7-6-4133, 15 16 7-6-4201 through 7-6-4405, 7-6-4408, 7-6-4501 through 7-6-4603, 1-7-107, 7-7-108, 7-7-123 through 7-7-4102, 17 18 7-7-4111 through 7-7-4633, 7-8-101 through 7-8-2233. 19 7-8-2308 through 7-8-2403, 7-8-260 through 7-8-4201, 20 7-11-101 through 7-11-230, 7-12-2101 through 7-12-4504, 21 7-13-101 through 7-13-2104, 7-13-2401 through 7-13-4303. 7-13-4305 through 7-13-4308. 7-13-4310 through 7-13-4406. 22 23 7-14-102 through 7-14-2103, 7-14-2105 through 7-14-4801, 7-15-2101 through 7-15-4532: 7-16-101 through 7-16-4309: 24 25 7-21-2101 through 7-21-4211, 7-22-2101 through 7-22-4101,

1 7-25-101' through 7-23-4104, 7-31-101 through 7-31-4207, 2 7-32-101 through 7-32-4106, 7-32-4108 through 7-32-4118. 3 7-32-4151 through 7-32-4311. 7-33-2101 through 7-33-2209. 7-33-2301 through 7-33-2312, 7-33-2314 through 7-33-4127, 7-33-4130, 7-33-4132 through 7-33-4208, 7-34-101 through 5 7-34-104. 7-34-2201 through 7-34-4101. 7-35-2101 through 7 7-35-4109, 10-1-108, 10-3-405, 10-3-603 through 10-3-605, 10-3-608, 15-10-104, 15-16-103, 15-16-117, 17-3-231, 8 17-3-232, 20-3-201 through 20-3-204, 20-7-801 through 10 20-7-804, 33-2-833, 49-4-311, 49-4-312, 50-1-203, 50-1-205, 11 50-2-101 through 50-2-124, 53-8-104, 53-20-208, 60-2-210, 12 60-2-211+ 67-10-101 through 67-10-406+ 69-4-301 through 69-4-305, 69-4-311 through 69-4-333, 69-4-351 through 13 14 69-4-358, 71-3-705, 71-3-810, 72-31-102, 75-7-201 through 15 75-7-216+ 76-1-101 through 76-1-606+ 76-2-101 through 76-2-328, 77-6-114, 81-4-102, 81-7-201 through 81-7-206, 16 17 81-7-301 through 81-7-305, 81-8-503, 81-8-504, 90-5-101 18 through 90-5-113, MCA, are repealed. Section 228. Effective date. This act is effective on 19

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July 1, 1981.

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