SENATE BILL NO. 5

INTRODUCED BY HAGER

BY REQUEST OF THE CODE COMMISSIONER

IN THE SENATE

IN THE SENATE		
January 4, 1979	Introduced and referred to Committee on Agriculture, Livestock, and Irrigation.	
	On Motion Senator Hager was added as author to the Pre-Filed Bill.	
January 8, 1979	Committee recommend bill do pass. Report adopted.	
January 9, 1979	Printed and placed on members' desks.	
January 10, 1979	Second Reading, do pass.	
January 11, 1979	Considered correctly engrossed.	
January 13, 1979	Third Reading, passed. Transmitted to Second House.	
IN THE HOUS	E	
January 15, 1979	Introduced and referred to Committee on Agriculture, Livestock, and Irrigation.	
January 30, 1979	Committee recommend bill be concurred in and placed on Consent Calendar. Report adopted.	
February 1, 1979	Third Reading Consent Calendar concurred in.	
IN THE SENA	TE	
February 3, 1979	Returned from second house. Sent to enrolling.	

Reported correctly enrolled.

46th Legislature

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1	SENATE BILL NO. 5
2	INTRODUCED BY
3	BY REQUEST OF THE CODE COMMISSIONER

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO GENERALLY REVISE AND CLARIFY THE LAWS RELATING TO AGRICULTURE."

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 80-2-221, MCA, is amended to read:

#80-2-221. Tax for hail insurance -- limitation on
levy. (1) A tax is hereby authorized and directed to be
levied on all lands in this state growing crops subject to
injury or destruction by hail, the owners of which have
elected to become subject to the provisions of this part.

- (2) The board of hail insurance shall annually estimate, as accurately as possible, the amount required to pay all losses, interest on warrants, and costs of administration and shall recommend a levy to be made on each kind of land respectively, subject to the provisions of this part, to the department of revenue. The rates recommended to apply on the lands of owners shall be applied in the same proportions to the crops of those insured on a personal assessment basis.
- 24 (3) It is hereby provided, however, that such tax may
 25 not exceed in any one year \$2.40 per acre on lands sown to

1 grain crops on nonirrigated lands, \$4.80 per acre on 2 Irrigated lands, or \$2.40 per acre on lands producing hay 3 crops.

4 (4) If the tax required to pay the estimated losses,
5 interest on warrants, and costs of administration is less
6 than \$1.20 per acre on lands sown to grain crops on
7 nonirrigated lands and \$2.40 per acre on irrigated lands and
8 a proportionate amount on lands sown to hay crops, the board
9 of hall insurance must recommend a tax levy sufficient to
10 raise the full amount thereof.**

11 Section 2. Section 80-2-245, MCA, is amended to read: 12 "80-2-245. Benefits exempt from execution. All money or benefits received from hail insurance shall-be are exempt 14 from execution: end-shall are not be liable to attachments 15 or-to and may not be selzed, taken, or appropriated by any 16 local process to pay any debt or liability of the insured 17 unless the amount shall-be is assigned and then for no more 18 than the amount of the claim intended to be secured by the 19 assignment, with lawful interest."

Section 3. Section 80-3-501, MCA, is amended to read:

21 "80-3-501. Definitions. Unless the context requires

22 otherwise, as used in this part, the following definitions

23 apply:

(1) "Beans" means all varieties of the bean family(except green beans) whether grown or purchased for seed.

feed, or human consumption.

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- (2) "Storage" or "warehousing" means any method by which beans are held for any party, other than direct ownership, by the party storing the beans.
- (3) "Warehouseman" or "person" means a dealer, shipper (except grower), society, association, organization, corporation, or their agents or representatives."
- Section 4. Section 80-3-508. MCA, is amended to read:

 #80-3-508. Records of bean dealer -- inspection -receipt. (1) A dealer in beans shall keep a complete record
 of all beans handled by him in on a form described --in
 prescribed by the department. The record shall be open to
 the confidential inspection of the department at all times.
- (2) Every warehouseman shall issue a receipt for all beans received for storage on a form approved by the department.
- (3) A person operating under this part shall keep in a place of safety complete records of all beans stored by him. all beans withdrawn from storage, all warehouse receipts issued by him, and all the receipts returned to and canceled by him and shall report to the department as required by the rules of the department."
- Section 5. Section 80-3-513, MCA, is amended to read:

 24 #80-3-513. Penalties for doing business without

 25 license and other violations. Any person who shall—engage

1 engages in or carry carries on any business or occupation 2 for which a license is required by this part without first 3 having obtained a license therefor or who shall-continue continues to engage in or carry on any such business or occupation after such license has been revoked or expired 6 shall—be—deemed is quilty of a misdemeanor and upon 7 conviction thereof shall be fined not less than \$25 or more 8 than \$100, and each end-every day that such business or 9 occupation is so carried on or engaged in shall-be is a separate offense. Any person who shall otherwise violate 10 violates any of the provisions of this part or shall by any 11 manner or means convert converts to his own use or that of 12 13 another any beans so stored or accepted for storage shall, 14 if the value of such converted beans exceeds \$500, be demmed is quilty of a felony end or, if the value is less 15 than \$500, be-desired is quilty of a misdemeanor and in 16 17 either case upon conviction shall be punished by fine or imprisonment, or both, as otherwise provided by law." 18

Section 6. Section 80-4-106, MCA, is amended to read:

#80-4-106. Penalty for misconduct. (1) Any inspector,
sampler, or weigher who shall-be is guilty of any neglect of
duty or who shall knowingly or carelessly inspects,
sample samples, or weigh weighs any grain or who shall,
directly or indirectly, accept accepts any money or other
consideration for any neglect of duty or any improper

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performance of duty as such inspector, sampler, or weigher or any person, persons, corporation, or agent who shell improperly influence influences or attempt attempts to improperly influence any inspector, sampler, or weigher in the performance of his duties shall be deemed is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined punished by a fine of not less than \$100 or more than \$500 or be imprisoned in the county jail not less than 30 days or more than 1 year or by both such fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the court.

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(2) Upon written complaint filed with the department, charging an inspector, sampler, or weigher with official misconduct, inefficiency, incompetency, or neglect of duty, the department shall investigate the charges. If the charges are substantiated, the department shall remove that officer.

Section 7. Section 80-5-202. MCA, is amended to read:

#80-5-202. Licensing -- issuance -- application -- fee

-- bonding -- insurance. (1) All seed processing plants,
seed labelers, seed buyers, and public agricultural seed
warehouses shall obtain a license from the department before
doing business in this state; however, a Montana certified
seed grower, when processing or labeling certified seed from
his own productions is not required to be licensed under
this section. Bin-run seed sales from one farmer to another

are exempt from this part.

(2) All licenses are issued on a fiscal-year basis and expire on June 30 of each year. A license may cover any or as many as all four activities: processing plant, seed labeler, seed buyer, and public agricultural seed warehouse.

- (3) Application for license is made in a manner and on forms provided by the department. A nonresident shall file a written power of attorney designating the secretary of state as his agent, and the power of attorney shall be so prepared and in such form as to render effective the jurisdiction of the courts of the state of Montana over the nonresident applicant. A nonresident who has a duly appointed resident agent upon whom process may be serviced served as provided by law is not required to designate the secretary of state as his agent. The department shall be furnished with a certified copy of the designation of the secretary of state or of a resident agent.
- 18 (4) The department may establish by rule minimum

 19 standards for equipment and handling procedures for

 20 facilities to be licensed and may carry out inspections

 21 during normal business hours to determine that these

 22 standards are being adhered to-
 - (5) Each license shall cost no more than \$50 a year.

 The department may by rule establish license fees which bear a reasonable relationship to the cost of administering this

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- (6) Failure on the part of a licensee to comply with the rules issued under the authority of this section is sufficient cause for cancellation of a license by the department, provided the licensee is given a reasonable opportunity to correct inadvertent and nonrecurring deficiencies.
- (7) The department may by rule establish bonding and insurance requirements for each class of license.*
- Section 8. Section 80-5-206, MCA, is amended to read:

 "80-5-206. Rules -- promulgated by department. The department is authorized to promulgate necessary rules as authorized by this part. All rules are to be promulgated in accordance with procedures as set forth in the Montana Administrative Procedure Act."
- Section 9. Section 80-8-202, MCA, is amended to read:

 "80-8-202. Prohibited acts. (1) It shell—be is
 unlawful for any person to distribute, sell, or offer for
 sale within this state or deliver for transportation or
 transport in intrastate commerce between points within this
 state any of the following:
- (a) any pesticide which has not been registered pursuant to the provisions of 80-8-201 or any pesticide if any of the claims made for it or any of the directions for its use differ in substance from the representations made in

- connection with its registration or if the composition of a pesticide differs from its composition as represented in connection with its registration or if registration or reregistration has been refused, revoked, canceled, or suspended. The department of agriculture may allow a change in the labeling or formula of a pesticide within a registration period without requiring reregistration of the produce product when such change does not adversely affect the product for its intended use and if proper application therefor is made.
 - (b) any pesticide unless it is in the registrant's or the manufacturer's unbroken immediate container and there is affixed to such container and to the outside container or wrapper of the retail package, if there be one, through which the required information on the immediate container cannot be clearly read, a label bearing:
- 17 (i) the name and address of the manufacturer,
 18 registrant, or person for whom manufactured;
- (ii) the trade and chemical name, brand, or trademarkunder which said article is sold;
- 21 (iii) the net weight or measure of the content?.

 22 subject however to such reasonable variations as the

 23 department may permit;
- 24 (c) any pesticide which contains any substance or 25 substances in quantities highly toxic to many determined as

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provided in 80-8-105, unless the label shall bear, in addition to any other matter required by this chapter:

(i) the skull and crossbones;

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- (ii) the word "poison" prominently in red on a background of distinctly contrasting color:
- (iii) a statement of an antidote for the pesticide; 6
 - (d) the pesticides commonly known as standard lead arsenate, basic lead arsenate, calcium arsenate, magnesium arsenate, zinc arsenate, zinc arsenite, sodium fluoride. sodium fluosilicate, and barium fluosilicate, unless they have been distinctly colored or discolored, as provided by regulations issued in accordance with this chapter, or any other white powder pesticide which the department, after investigation of and after public hearing on the necessity for such action for the protection of the public health and the environment and the feasibility of such coloration or discoloration, shall by regulations require to be distinctly colored or discolored, unless it has been so colored or discolored. The department may exempt any pesticide to the extent that it is intended for a particular use from the coloring or discoloring required or authorized by this section if it determines that such coloring or discoloring for such use is not necessary for the protection of the public health and the environment.
 - (e) any pesticide which is adulterated or misbranded,

or any device which is misbranded.

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- (2) It shall-be is unlawful for any person to:
- (a) detach, alter, deface, or destroy, in whole or in part, any label or labeling provided for in this chapter or rules promulgated hereunder or to add any substance to or 5 take any substance from a pesticide in a manner that may defeat the purpose of this chapter:
 - (b) use for his own advantage or to reveal, other than to the department or proper officials or employees of the state or the courts of this state in response to a subpoena, to physicians of to veterinarians or in emergencies to pharmacists and other qualified persons for use in the preparation of antidotes, any information relative to formulas of products acquired by authority of 80-8-201."
 - Section 10. Section 8u-8-209; MCA; is amended to read: #80-8-209. Farm applicators. (1) Farm applicators shall be required to obtain a certificate or special-use permit prior to purchasing and using any pesticide designated by the department as a restricted-use pesticide. The certificate, to be issued for 5 calendar years, must be renewed annually by the department or its authorized representative. The 5-year certification period shall commence on January 1, 1978.
- 24 (2) Restricted pesticides may not be utilized by farm applicators of their employees except for the purpose of 25

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producing or protecting any agricultural commodity on property owned, leased, or rented or as provided in (6) of this section.

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- (3) Farm applicators shall qualify for the certificate or permit by either passing a written examination or attending a training course approved by the department with or without an ungraded quit examination. The examination or course shall include practical knowledge as to the ability to:
- 10 (a) recognize common pests to be controlled and damage
 11 caused by them;
 - (b) read and understand the label and labeling information: including the common name of the pesticide(s) applied: pest(s) to be controlled: timing and methods of application: safety precautions: any preharvest or reentry restrictions: and any specific disposal procedures:
 - (c) apply pesticides in accordance with label instructions and warnings, including the ability to prepare the proper concentration of pesticides to be used under particular circumstances, taking into account such factors as area to be covered, speed at which application equipment will be driven, and the quantity dispersed in a given period of operation:
 - (d) recognize local environmental situations that must be considered during application to avoid contamination; and

- (e) recognize poisoning symptoms and procedures to follow in case of a pesticide accident.
- (4) The department may require farm applicators to attend a mandatory training session and pass a written examination for those restricted pesticides which that are extremely toxic or for which an effective antidote is not available. The department may require farm applicators handling these pesticides to maintain use records.
- (5) Farm applicators having verified reading disabilities may become certified to use up to two restricted—use pesticides by passing a specific oral examination on the particular pesticide(s) if the applicator documents that a certified applicator in the immediate vicinity can advise him-
- (6) Provisions of this chapter relating to licensing certification of form applicators shall do not apply to any form applicator applying nonrestricted pesticides on his own land or on lands of his neighbors neighbors—provided—that if he:
- (a) operates farm property and operates and maintains pesticide application equipment primarily for his own use;
- (b) is not regularly engaged in the business of applying pesticides for hire and does not publicly hold himself out as a pesticide applicator;
- (c) operates his pesticide application equipment only

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in the vicinity of his own property and for the accommodation of his immediate neighbors.

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Section 11. Section 80-8-210. MCA. is amended to read: *80-8-210. Licensing nonresidents. Any nonresident applying for a license under this chapter to operate in the state-of Montana shall file a written power of attorney designating the secretary of state as the agent of such nonresident upon whom service of process may be had in the event of any suit against sold the nonresident person. and such power of attorney shall be so prepared and in such form as to render effective the jurisdiction of the courts of the state of Montana over such nonresident applicant: provided, however, that any such nonresident who has a duly appointed resident agent upon whom process may be serviced served as provided by law shall is not be required to designate the secretary of state as such agent. The secretary of state shall be allowed such fees as provided by law for designating resident agents. The department shall be furnished with a copy of such designation of the secretary of state or of a resident agent, such copy to be duly certified by the secretary of state."

Section 12. Section 80-9-101, MCA, is amended to read:

#80-9-101. Definitions. Unless the context requires
otherwise, in this chapter the following definitions apply:

(1) #Brand name# means any word, name, symbol, or

1 oevices or any combination of them identifying the 2 commercial feed of a distributor or registrant and 3 distinguishing it from that of others.

- (2) "Commercial feed" means all materials except the mixed or unmixed whole seeds or physically altered mixed or unmixed entire seeds of cereal grains with or without molasses added, when not adulterated within the meaning of subsections (1) through (5) of 80-9-204, which are distributed for use as feed or for mixing in feed. However, the department may by rule exempt from this definition or from specific provisions of this chapter commodities such as hay, straw, stover, silage, cobs, husks, hulls, and individual chemical compounds or substances when those commodities, compounds, or substances are not intermixed or mixed with other materials and are not adulterated within the meaning of subsections (1) through (5) of 80-9-204.
- 17 (3) "Custom-mixed feed" means commercial feed which consists of a mixture of either commercial feeds or feed 18 19 ingredients or both of them, each batch of which is manufactured according to specifications mutually agreed to 20 21 by the purchaser and the manufacturer. A copy of the 22 specifications or a list of the ingredients, but not 23 necessarily the percentage of each ingredient, shall be on file at the manufacturing facility. 24
- 25 (4) "Distribute" means to offer for sale, sell,

1 exchange, or barter commercial feed.

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- (5) "Distributor" means a person who distributes.
- 3 (o) "Orug" means any article intended for use in the
 4 diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of
 5 disease in animals other than man and articles other than
 6 feed intended to affect the structure or function of the
 7 animal body.
- 8 (7) "Feed ingredient" means each of the constituent
 9 materials making up a commercial feed.
 - (8) "Label" means a display of written, printed, or graphic matter upon or affixed to the container in which a commercial feed is distributed or on the invoice or delivery slip with which a commercial feed is distributed.
 - (9) "Labeling" means all labels and other written, printed, or graphic matter upon a commercial feed, any of its containers, its wrapper, or accompanying the commercial feed.
 - (10) "Manufacture" means to grind, mix, blend, or further process a commercial feed.
- 20 (11) "Wineral feed" means a commercial feed intended to 21 supply primarily mineral elements or inorganic nutrients.
- 22 (12) "Official sample" means a sample of feed taken by 23 the department in accordance with the provisions of 24 subsections (3), (5), or (6) of 80-9-301.
- 25 (13) "Percent" or "percentage" means percentage by

- l weights.
- 2 (14) *Person* means an individual, partnership.
 3 corporation, and or association.
- (15) "Pet" means any domesticated animal normally
 maintained in or near the household of its owner.
- 6 (16) "Pet food" means any commercial feed
 7 prepared and distributed for consumption by pets.
- 8 (17) "Product Name" weans the name of the commercial
 9 feed which identifies it as to kind, class, or specific use.
- 10 (18) "Specialty pet" means any domesticated animal pet
 11 normally maintained in a cage or tank, including but not
 12 limited to gerbils, hamsters, canaries, psittacine birds,
 13 mynahs, finches, tropical fish, goldfish, snakes, and
 14 turtles.
- 15 (19) "Specialty pet food" means any commercial feed
 16 prepared and distributed for consumption by specialty pets.
- 17 (20) "Ton" means a net weight of 2,000 pounds
- 18 avoirdupois.
- 19 Section 13. Section 80-10-210, MCA, is amended to read:
- 21 #80-10-210. Licensee reports -- confidentiality --
- 22 Inspection -- failure to file. (1) Information contained in
- 23 the reports <u>required by 80-10-207(3)</u> shall be held
- 24 confidential by the department. Summary data published by
- 25 the department shall by in a form that will not disclose

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1 details of any operation or business.

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- (2) The department has-the-right-to may inspect and audit, during normal business hours, each licensee's records for the purpose of verifying tonnage reports.
- 5 (3) Failure to file an accurate report constitutes a
 6 violation of this chapter and may be punished by fine,
 7 revocation of license, or both.

-End-

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FRANK HAZELBAKER VICE CHAIRMAN

CHET BLAYLOCK

₽PATM GOODOVER

DIANA'S DOWLING EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR CODE COMMISSIONER

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Montana Legislative Council

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DIRECTOR, RESEARCH

HOUSE MEMBERS

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1979 Legislature Code Commissioner Bill

SENATE Bill No. 5

TO GENERALLY REVISE AND CLARIFY THE LAWS RELATING TO AGRICUL-

(This summary does not include discussion of routine form or grammatical changes.)

Section 1. 80-2-221. Grammatical change in subsection (2).

Section 2. 80-2-245. Grammatical change.

Section 3. 80-3-501. The word "person" is used in the part to apply to all persons generally, rather than just those persons listed in this definition (see 80-3-506), hence the definition creates confusion since it seems to limit "person". The term "warehouseman" is used uniformly in reference to the persons listed in this definition, hence it is not only inappropriate, but also unnecessary, to define "person".

Section 4. 80-3-508. Grammatical change in subsection (1).

Section 5. 80-3-513. Grammatical change.

Section 6. 80-4-106. Grammatical change.

Section 7. 80-5-202. Changed "serviced" to served" in subsection (3) for proper meaning.

Section 8. 80-5-206. Grammatical change.

Section 9. 80-8-202. Changed "produce" to "product" in subsection (1)(a) to correct apparent typographical error in original bill.

Section 10. 80-8-209. Added "to" in subsection (3) for grammatical reasons. Changed "licensing" to "certification" in subsection (6) to make terminology consistent throughout the section.

Section 11. 80-8-210. Same change as 7. above.

Section 12. 80-9-101. Grammatical change in subsection (14).

Section 13. 80-10-210. Added language to indicate what reports are being referred to. Grammatical change in (2).

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Approved by Committee on Agriculture Livestock & Irrigation

1	SENATE JILL NU. 5
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(4) If the tax required to pay the estimated losses. interest on warrants, and costs of administration is less than \$1.20 per acre on lands sown to grain crops on nonirrigated lands and \$2.40 per acre on irrigated lands and a proportionate amount on lands sown to hay crops, the board of hail insurance must recommend a tax levy sufficient to raise the full amount thereof."

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Approved by Committee on Agriculture Livestock & Irrigation

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12 levied on all lands in this state growing crops subject to

13 injury or destruction by half, the owners of which have

14 elected to become subject to the provisions of this part.

- (2) The board of hail insurance shall annually estimate, as accurately as possible, the amount required to pay all losses, interest on warrants, and costs of administration and shall recommend a levy to be made an each kind of lang respectively, subject to the provisions of this part, to the department of revenue. The rates recommended to apply on the lands of owners shall be applied in the same proportions to the crops of those insured on a personal assessment possis.
- 24 (3) It is nereby provided, however, that such tax may not exceed in any one year \$2.40 per sere on lands sown to

grain crops on nonirrigated lands: \$4.80 per acre on irrigated lands: or \$2.40 per acre on lands producing hay crops.

(4) If the tax required to pay the estimated losses, interest on warrants, and costs of administration is less than \$1.20 per acre on lands sown to grain crops on nonirrigated lands and \$2.40 per acre on irrigated lands and a proportionate amount on lands sown to hay crops, the board of hail insurance must recommend a tax levy sufficient to roise the full amount thereof.*

Section 7. Section 80-2-245, MCA, is amended to read:

#80-2-245. Benefits exempt from execution. All money
or benefits received from hail insurance shall—be are exempt
from execution, and—shall are not be liable to attachment,
or—to and may not be seized, taken, or appropriated by any
local process to pay any debt or liability of the insured
unless the amount shall—be is assigned and then for no more
than the amount of the claim intended to be secured by the
assignment, with lawful interest.**

Section 3. Section 80-3-501, MCA, is amended to read:

#80-3-501. Definitions. Unless the context requires

otherwise, as used in this part, the following definitions
apply:

(i) "Beans" means all varieties of the bean family

(except green beans) whether grown or purchased for seed.

feed, or human consumption.

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- (2) "Storage" or "warehousing" means any method by which beans are held for any party, other than direct ownership, by the party storing the beans.
- (3) "Warehouseman" or "person" means a dealer, shippor (except grower), society, association, organization, corporation, or their agents or representatives."
- Section 4. Section 80-3-508. MCA, is amended to read:

 #80-3-508. Records of bean dealer -- inspection -receipt. (1) A dealer in beans shall keep a complete record
 of all beans handled by him +n on a form described--in
 prescribed by the department. The record shall be open to
 the confidential inspection of the department at all times.
- (2) Every warehouseman shall issue a receipt for all beans received for storage on a form approved by the department.
- (3) A person operating under this part shall keep in a place of safety complete records of all beans stored by him, all beans withdrawn from storage, all warehouse receipts issued by him, and all the receipts returned to and canceled by him and shall report to the department as required by the rules of the department.
- 23 Section 5. Section 30-3-513, NCA, is amended to read:
 24 **80-3-513. Penalties for doing business without
 25 license and other violations. Any person who shall—engage

engages in or entry carries on any business or occupation for which a license is required by this part without first having obtained a license therefor or who shall-continue continues to engage in or carry on any such business or occupation after such license has been revoked or expired shall--be--demed is fullty of a misdemeanor and upon 7 conviction thereof shall be fined not less than \$25 or more than \$100, and each end-every day that such business or occupation is so carried on or engaged in shall-be is a 10 separate offense. Any person who shall otherwise violate 11 violates any of the provisions of this part or snell by any 12 manner or means convert converts to his own use or that of 13 another only beans so stered or accepted for storage small; 14 if the value of such converted beans exceeds \$500+ be 15 deemed is juilty of a felony and or, if the value is less 16 than \$500, be-deemed is quilty of a misdemeanor and in 17 either case upon conviction shall be punished by fine or 18 imprisonment, or both, as otherwise provided by law."

Section 6. Section au-4-106, MCA, is amended to read:
#80-4-106. Penalty for misconduct. (1) Any inspector,
sampler, or weigher who small-be is guilty of any neglect of
duty or who shall knowingly or carelessly inspects,
sample samples, or weight weight any grain or who shall,
directly or indirectly, eccept accepts any money or other
consideration for any reglect of duty or any improper

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performance of duty as such inspector, sampler, or weigher or any person, persons, corporation, or agent who shall improperly influence influences or attempt attempts to improperly influence any inspector, sampler, or weigher in the performance of his duties shall be deemed is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined punished by a fine of not less than \$100 or more than \$500 or be imprisoned in the county jail not less than 30 days or more than 1 year or by both such fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the court.

charging an inspector, sampler, or weigher with official misconduct, inefficiency, incompetency, or neglect of duty, the department shall investigate the charges. If the charges are substantiated, the department shall remove that officer.

Section 7. Section 80-5-202, MCA, is amended to read:

#80-5-202. Licensing -- issuance -- application -- fee

-- bonding -- insurance. (1) All seed processing plants,
seed labelers, seed buyers, and public agricultural seed
warehouses shall obtain a license from the department before
doing business in this state; however, a Montana certified
seed grower, when processing or labeling certified seed from
his own productions is not required to be licensed under
this section. Bin-run seed sales from one farmer to another

are exempt from this part.

(2) All licenses are issued on a fiscal-year basis and expire on June 30 of each year. A license may cover any or as many as all four activities: processing plant, seed labeler, seed buyer, and public agricultural seed warehouse.

(3) Application for license is made in a manner and on forms provided by the department. A nonresident shall file a written power of attorney designating the secretary of state as his agent, and the power of attorney shall be so prepared q and in such form as to render effective the jurisdiction of the courts of the state of Montana over the nonresident applicant. A nonresident who has a duly appointed resident agent upon whom process may be serviced served as provided by law is not required to designate the secretary of state as his agent. The department shall be furnished with a certified copy of the designation of the secretary of state or of a resident agent.

(4) The department may establish by rule minimum standards for equipment and handling procedures for facilities to be licensed and may carry out inspections during normal business hours to determine that these standards are being adhered to.

(5) Each license shall cost no more than \$50 a year.

The department may by rule establish license fees which bear a reasonable relationship to the cost of administering this

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- (6) Failure on the part of a licensee to comply with the rules issued under the authority of this section is sufficient cause for cancellation of a license by the department, provided the licensee is given a reasonable opportunity to correct inadvertent and nonrecurring deficiencies.
- (7) The department may by rule establish bonding and insurance requirements for each class of license.
- Section 8. Section 80-5-206, MCA, is amended to read:

 "80-5-206. Rules promulgated by department. The
 department is authorized to promulgate necessary rules as
 authorized by this part. All rules are to be promulgated in
 accordance with procedures as set forth in the Montana
 Administrative Procedure Act."
- Section 9. Section 80-8-202, MCA, is amended to read:

 #80-8-202. Prohibited acts. (1) It shell---be is
 unlawful for any person to distribute, sell, or offer for
 sale within this state or deliver for transportation or
 transport in intrastate commerce between points within this
 state any of the following:
- (a) any pesticide which has not been registered pursuant to the provisions of 80-8-201 or any pesticide if any of the claims made for it or any of the directions for its use differ in substance from the representations made in

- connection with its registration or if the composition of a pesticide differs from its composition as represented in connection with its registration or if registration or reregistration has been refused, revoked, canceled, or suspended. The department of agriculture may allow a change in the labeling or formula of a pesticide within a registration period without requiring reregistration of the produce product when such change does not adversely affect the product for its intended use and if proper application therefor is made.
 - (b) any pesticide unless it is in the registrant's or the manufacturer's unbroken immediate container and there is affixed to such container and to the outside container or wrapper of the retail package, if there be one, through which the required information on the immediate container cannot be clearly read, a label bearing:
- 17 (i) the name and address of the manufacturer.
 18 registrant, or person for whom manufactured;
- (ii) the trade and chemical name, brand, or trademarkunder which said article is sold;
- 21 (iii) the net weight or measure of the contents.

 22 subject however to such reasonable variations as the

 23 department may permit;
- 24 (c) any pesticide which contains any substance or
 25 substances in quantities highly toxic to many determined as

provided in 80-8-105, unless the label shall bear, in addition to any other matter required by this chapter:

(i) the skull and crossbones;

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- (ii) the word "poison" prominently in red on a background of distinctly contrasting color;
 - (iii) a statement of an antidote for the pesticide;
- (d) the pesticides commonly known as standard lead arsenate, basic lead arsenate, calcium arsenate, magnesium arsenate, zinc arsenate, zinc arsenite, sodium fluoride, sodium fluosilicate, and barium fluosilicate, unless they have been distinctly colored or discolored, as provided by regulations issued in accordance with this chapter, or any other white powder pesticide which the department, after investigation of and after public hearing on the necessity for such action for the protection of the public health and the environment and the feasibility of such coloration or discoloration, shall by regulations require to be distinctly colored or discolored, unless it has been so colored or discolored. The department may exempt any pesticide to the extent that it is intended for a particular use from the coloring or discoloring required or authorized by this section if it determines that such coloring or discoloring for such use is not necessary for the protection of the public health and the environment.
 - (e) any pesticide which is adulterated or misbranded.

or any device which is misbranded.

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- (2) It shall-be is unlawful for any person to:
- a) (a) detach, alter, deface, or destroy, in whole or in part, any label or labeling provided for in this chapter or rules promulgated hereunder or to add any substance to or take any substance from a pesticide in a manner that may defeat the purpose of this chapter;
 - (b) use for his own advantage or to reveal, other than to the department or proper officials or employees of the state or the courts of this state in response to a subpoena, to physicians or to veterinarians or in emergencies to pharmacists and other qualified persons for use in the preparation of antidotes, any information relative to formulas of products acquired by authority of 80-8-201.
 - Section 10. Section 80-8-209, MCA, is amended to read:

 #80-8-209. Farm applicators. (1) Farm applicators
 shall be required to obtain a certificate or special—use
 permit prior to purchasing and using any pesticide
 designated by the department as a restricted—use pesticide.
 The certificate, to be issued for 5 calendar years, must be
 renewed annually by the department or its authorized
 representative. The 5-year certification period shall
 commence on January 1, 1978.
 - (2) Restricted pesticides may not be utilized by farm applicators or their employees except for the purpose of

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producing or protecting any agricultural commodity on property owned, leased, or rented or as provided in (6) of this section.

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- (3) Farm applicators shall qualify for the certificate or permit by either passing a written examination or attending a training course approved by the department with or without an ungraded quie examination. The examination or course shall include practical knowledge as to the ability to:
- 10 (a) recognize common pests to be controlled and damage
 11 caused by them;
 - (b) read and understand the label and labeling information, including the common name of the pesticide(s) applied, pest(s) to be controlled, timing and methods of application, safety precautions, any preharvest or reentry restrictions, and any specific disposal procedures;
 - (c) apply pesticides in accordance with label instructions and warnings, including the ability to prepare the proper concentration of pesticides to be used under particular circumstances, taking into account such factors as area to be covered, speed at which application equipment will be driven, and the quantity dispersed in a given period of operation;
- (d) recognize local environmental situations that must
 be considered during application to avoid contamination; and

- 1 (e) recognize poisoning symptoms and procedures to
 2 follow in case of a pesticide accident.
- 3 (4) The department may require farm applicators to
 4 attend a mandatory training session and pass a written
 5 examination for those restricted pesticides which that are
 6 extremely toxic or for which an effective antidote is not
 7 available. The department may require farm applicators
 8 handling these pesticides to maintain use records.
 - (5) Farm applicators having verified reading disabilities may become certified to use up to two restricted—use pesticides by passing a specific oral examination on the particular pesticide(s) if the applicator documents that a certified applicator in the immediate vicinity can advise him.
 - (6) Provisions of this chapter relating to licensing certification of farm applicators shall do not apply to any farm applicator applying nonrestricted pesticides on his own land or on lands of his neighbor's neighborsy-provided—that if he:
- (a) operates form property and operates and maintains
 pesticide application equipment primarily for his own use;
- 22 (b) is not regularly engaged in the business of 23 applying pesticides for hire and does not publicly hold 24 himself out as a pesticide applicator:
- 25 (c) operates his pesticide application equipment only

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in the vicinity of his own property and for the accommodation of his immediate neighbors.

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Section 11. Section 80-8-210. MCA. is amended to read: #80-8-210. Licensing nonresidents. Any nonresident applying for a license under this chapter to operate in the state-of Montana shall file a written power of attorney designating the secretary of state as the agent of such nonresident upon whom service of process may be had in the event of any suit against soid the nonresident person. and such power of attorney shall be so prepared and in such form as to render effective the jurisdiction of the courts of-the state of Montana over such nonresident applicant; provided. however, that any such nonresident who has a duly appointed resident agent upon whom process may be serviced served as provided by law shall is not be required to designate the secretary of state as such agent. The secretary of state shall be allowed such fees as provided by law for designating resident agents. The department shall be furnished with a copy of such designation of the secretary of state or of a resident agent, such copy to be duly certified by the secretary of state.*

Section 12. Section 80-9-101, MCA, is amended to read:
#80-9-101. Definitions. Unless the context requires
otherwise, in this chapter the following definitions apply:

(1) "Brand name" means any word, name, symbol, or

devices or any combination of them identifying the commercial feed of a distributor or registrant and distinguishing it from that of others.

(2) "Commercial feed" means all materials except the mixed or unmixed whole seeds or physically altered mixed or unmixed entire seeds of cereal grains with or without molasses added, when not adulterated within the meaning of subsections (1) through (5) of 80-9-204, which are distributed for use as feed or for mixing in feed. However, the department may by rule exempt from this definition or from specific provisions of this chapter commodities such as hay, straw, stover, silage, cobs, husks, hulls, and individual chemical compounds or substances when those commodities, compounds, or substances are not intermixed or mixed with other materials and are not adulterated within the meaning of subsections (1) through (5) of 80-9-204.

(3) "Custom-mixed feed" means commercial feed which consists of a mixture of either commercial feeds or feed ingredients or both of them, each batch of which is manufactured according to specifications mutually agreed to by the purchaser and the manufacturer. A copy of the specifications or a list of the ingredients, but not necessarily the percentage of each ingredient, shall be on file at the manufacturing facility.

(4) "Distribute" means to offer for sale, sell.

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exchange, or barter commercial feed.

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- (5) "Distributor" means a person who distributes.
- (6) "Drug" means any article intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in animals other than man and articles other than feed intended to affect the structure or function of the animal body.
- (7) "Feed ingredient" means each of the constituent materials making up a commercial feed.
 - (8) "Label" means a display of written, printed, or graphic matter upon or affixed to the container in which a commercial feed is distributed or on the invoice or delivery slip with which a commercial feed is distributed.
 - (9) "Labeling" means all labels and other writtenprinted, or graphic matter upon a commercial feed, any of
 its containers, its wrapper, or accompanying the commercial
 feed.
- 18 (10) "Manufacture" means to grind, mix, blend, or

 19 further process a commercial feed.
- 20 (11) "Mineral feed" means a commercial feed intended to
 21 supply primarily mineral elements or inorganic nutrients.
- 22 (12) "Official sample" means a sample of feed taken by
 23 the department in accordance with the provisions of
 24 subsections (3), (5), or (6) of 80-9-301.
- 25 (13) "Percent" or "percentage" means percentage by

- l weights.
- 2 (14) "Person" πεans an individual, partnership.
- 3 corporation, and or association.
- 4 (15) "Pet" means any domesticated animal normally
 5 maintained in or near the household of its owner.
- 6 (16) "Pet food" means any commerces commercial feed
 7 prepared and distributed for consumption by pets.
- 8 (17) "Product name" means the name of the commercial
 9 feed which identifies it as to kind, class, or specific use.
- 10 (18) "Specialty pet" means any domesticated animal pet
 11 normally maintained in a cage or tank, including but not
 12 limited to gerbils, hamsters, canaries, psittacine birds,
 13 mynahs, finches, tropical fish, goldfish, snakes, and
 14 turtles.
- 15 (19) "Specialty pet food" means any commercial feed
 16 prepared and distributed for consumption by specialty pets.
- 17 (20) "Ton" means a net weight of 2,000 pounds

 18 avoirdupois."
- 19 Section 13. Section 80-10-210, MCA, is amended to 20 read:
- 21 **80-10-210. License: reports -- confidentiality -22 inspection -- failure to file. (1) Information contained in
 23 the reports required by 80-10-207(3) shall be held
 24 confidential by the department. Summary data published by
 25 the department shall be in a form that will not disclose

- 1 details of any operation or business.
- 2 (2) The department has the right to may inspect and
 3 audit, during normal pusiness hours, each licensee's records
 4 for the purpose of verifying tonnage reports.
- 5 (3) Failure to file an accurate report constitutes a
 6 violation of this chapter and may be punished by fine,
 7 revocation of license, or both.**

-End-

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assessment basis.

2	INTRODUCED BY
3	BY REQUEST OF THE CODE CONNISSIONER
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5	A BILL FOR AM ACT ENTITYED: "AN ACT TO GENERALLY REVISE AND
6	CLARIFY THE LAWS RELATING TO AGRICULTURE.
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8	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
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10	#80-2-221. Tax for hall insurance limitation on
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12	levied on all lands in this state growing crops subject to
13	injury or destruction by hail, the owners of which have
14	elected to become subject to the provisions of this part.
15	(2) The board of hail insurance shall annually
16	estimate, as accurately as possible, the amount required to
17	pay all losses, interest on warrants, and costs of
16	administration and shall recommend a levy to be made on each
19	kind of land respectively, subject to the provisions of this
20	part, to the department of revenue. The rates recommended to

apply on the lands of owners shall be applied in the same proportions to the crops of those insured on a personal

not exceed in any one year \$2.40 per acre on lands sown to

(3) It is hereby provided, however, that such tax may

SENATE 3 ILL NO. 5

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3	crops.
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- 21 (iii) the net weight of measure of the contents 22 subject however to such reasonable variations as the 23 department may permit:
- 24 (c) any posticide which contains any substance or
 25 substances in quantities highly toxic to many determined as

provided in 80-8-105, unless the label shall bear, in addition to any other matter required by this chapter:

(i) the skull and crossbones:

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- 4 (ii) the word "poison" prominently in red on a background of distinctly contrasting Color;
 - (iii) a statement of an antidote for the pesticide;
 - (d) the pesticides commonly known as standard lead arsenate, basic lead arsenate, Calcium arsenate, magnesium arsenate, zinc arsenate, zinc arsenite, sodium fluoride. sodium fluosilicate, and barium fluosilicate, unless they have been distinctly colored or discolored, as provided by regulations issued in accordance with this chapter, or any other white powder pesticide which the department, after investigation of and after public hearing on the necessity for such action for the protection of the public health and the environment and the feasibility of such coloration or discoloration, shall by regulations require to be distinctly colored or discolored, unless it has been so colored or discolored. The department may exempt any pesticide to the extent that it is intended for a particular use from the coloring or discoloring required or authorized by this section if it determines that such coloring or discoloring for such use is not necessary for the protection of the public health and the environment.
 - (e) any pesticide which is adulterated or misbranded.

or any device which is misbranded.

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- (2) It shall-be is unlawful for any person to:
- (a) defach, alter, deface, or destroy, in whole or in part, any label or labeling provided for in this chapter or rules promulgated hereunder or to add any substance to or take any substance from a pesticide in a manner that may defeat the purpose of this chapter;
 - (b) Use for his own advantage or to reveal, other than to the department or proper officials or employees of the state or the courts of this state in response to a subpoena, to physicians or to veterinarians or in emergencies to pharmacists and other qualified persons for use in the preparation of antidoten, any information relative to formulas of products acquired by authority of 80-8-201.
 - Section 10. Section 80-8-209, MCA, is amended to read:

 #80-8-209. Farm applicators. (1) Farm applicators

 shall be-required to obtain a certificate or special-use

 permit prior to purchasing and using any pesticide

 designated by the department as a restricted-use pesticide.

 The certificate, to be issued for 5 calendar years, must be

 renewed annually by the department or its authorized

 representative. The 5-year certification period shall

 commence on January 1, 1978.
- (2) Restricted pesticides may not be utilized by farm applicators or their employees except for the purpose of

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producing or protecting any agricultural commodity on property owned, leased, or rented or as provided in (6) of this section.

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- (3) Farm applicators shall qualify for the certificate or permit by either passing a written examination or attending a training course approved by the department with or without an ungraded quie cramination. The examination or course shall include practical knowledge as 10 the ability to:
- 10 (a) recognize common posts to be controlled and desage
 11 caused by them;
 - (b) read and understand the label and labeling information, including the common name of the pesticide(s) applied, pest(s) to be controlled, timing and methods of application, safety precautions, any preharment or reentry restrictions, and any specific disposal procedures;
 - (c) apply posticides in accordance with label instructions and warnings, including the ability to prepare the proper concentration of pesticides to be used under particular circumstances, taking into account such factors as area to be covered, speed at which application equipment will be driven, and the quantity dispersed in a given period of operations
- 24 (d) recognize local novironmental situations that must 25 pe considered during application to avoid contamination; and

- (e) recognize poisoning symptoms and procedures to follow in case of a pesticide accident.
 - (4) The department may require farm applicators to attend a mandatory training session and pass a written examination for those restricted pesticides which that are extremely toxic or for which an effective antidote is not available. The department may require farm applicators handling these pesticides to maintain use records.
 - (5) farm applicators having verified reading disabilities may become certified to use up to two restricted-use pesticides by passing a specific oral examination on the particular pesticide(s) if the applicator documents that a certified applicator in the immediate vicinity can advise him.
 - (6) Provisions of this chapter relating to ticonaing certification of form applicators wheth do not apply to any farm applicator applying nonrestricted pesticides on his own land or on lands of his neighbors maighbors provided that if he:
 - (a) operates farm property and operates and maintains
 pesticide application equipment primarily for his own use;
 - (b) is not rejularly engaged in the business of applying pesticides for hire and does not publicly hold himself out as a pesticide applicator;
 - (c) operates his pesticide application equipment only

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in the vicinity of his own property and for the accommodation of his immediate neighbors.**

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Section 11. Section 80-8-210. MCA. is amended to read: #80-8-210. Licensing nonresidents. Any nonresident applying for a license under this chapter to operate in the state-of Montana shall file a written power of attorney designating the secretary of state as the agent of such nonresident upon whom service of process may be had in the event of any suit against soid the nonresident person, and such power of attorney shall be so prepared and in such form as to render offective the jurisdiction of the courts of the state of Montana over such nonresident applicant: provided. however, that any such nonresident who has a duly appointed resident agent upon whom process may be serviced served as provided by law shall is not be required to designate the secretary of state as such agent. The secretary of state shall be allowed such fees as provided by law for designating resident agents. The department shall be furnished with a copy of such designation of the secretary of state or of a resident agent, such copy to be duly certified by the secretary of state.*

Section 12. Section 80-9-101. MCA, is amended to read:
#80-9-101. Definitions. Unless the context requires
otherwise, in this chapter the following definitions apply:

(1) Marand name means any word, name, symbol, or

devices or any combination of them identifying the commercial feed of a distributor or registrant and distinguishing it from that of others.

(2) "Commercial feed" means all materials except the mixed or unmixed whole seeds or physically altered mixed or unmixed entire seeds of cereal grains with or without molasses added, when not adulterated within the meaning of subsections (1) through (5) of 80-9-204, which are distributed for use as feed or for mixing in feed. However, the department may by rule exempt from this definition or from specific provisions of this chapter commodities such as hay, straw, stover, silage, cobs, husks, hulls, and individual chemical compounds or substances when those commodities, compounds, or substances are not intermixed or mixed with other materials and are not adulterated within the meaning of subsections (1) through (5) of 80-9-204.

- (3) "Custom-mixed feed" means commercial feed which consists of a mixture of either commercial feeds or feed ingredients or both of them, each batch of which is manufactured according to specifications mutually agreed to by the purchaser and the manufacturer. A copy of the specifications or a list of the ingredients, but not necessarily the percentage of each ingredient, shall be on file at the manufacturing facility.
- (4) "Distribute" means to offer for sale, sell,

exchange, or barter commercial feed.

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- (5) "Distributor" means a person who distributes.
- fol "Drug" means any article intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in animals other than man and articles other than feed intended to affect the structure or function of the animal body.
- (7) "Feed ingredient" means each of the constituent materials making up a commercial feed.
 - (8) "Label" means a display of written, printed, or graphic matter upon or affixed to the container in which a commercial feed is distributed or on the invoice or delivery slip with which a commercial feed is distributed.
 - (9) "Labeling" means all labels and other writtenprinted, or graphic matter upon a commercial feed, any of its containers, its wrapper, or accompanying the commercial feed.
- (10) "Manufacture" means to grind, mix, blend, or further process a commercial feed.
- (11) "Mineral feed" means a commercial feed intended to 20 21 supply primarily mineral elements or inorganic nutrients.
- (12) "Ufficial sample" means a sample of feed taken by 22 23 the department in accordance with the provisions of 24 subsections (3), (5), or (6) of 80-9-301-
- (13) "Percent" or "percentage" means percentage by 25

1 weights.

- 2 (14) "Person" means an individual, partnership, corporation, and or association. 3
- (15) "Pet" means any domesticated animal normally maintained in or near the household of its owner.
- (16) "Pet food" means any commercial feed 7 prepared and distributed for consumption by pets.
- (17) "Product name" means the name of the commercial 8 feed which identifies it as to kind. class, or specific use.
- (18) "Specialty pet" means any domesticated animal pet 10 normally maintained in a cage or tank, including but not 1.1 1.2 limited to perbils, hansters, caparies, psittacine birds, 13 aynahs, finches, tropical fish, goldfish, snakes, and turtles. 14
- 15 (19) "Specialty pet food" means any commercial feed prepared and distributed for consumption by specialty pets. 16
- 17 (20) "Ton" means a set weight of 2.000 pounds avoirdupois.*
- 19 Section 13. Section 80-10-210, MCA, is amended to 20 read:
- 21 #80-10-210. License: reports -- confidentiality -inspection -- failure to file. (1) Information contained in 22 23 the reports commed by 40-10-101131 shall be held confidential by the department. Sugmery data published by 24 25 the department shall be in a form that will not disclose

details of any operation or business.

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- (2) The department hes—the—right—to may inspect and audit, during normal business hours, each licensee's records for the purpose of verifying tonnage reports.
- 5 (3) Failure to file an accurate report constitutes a violation of this chapter and may be punished by fine, 7 revocation of license, or both.**

-End-

46th Legislature SB 0005/02

SENATE BILL NO. 5 1 INTRODUCED BY HAGER 2 BY REQUEST OF THE CODE CONKISSIONER 3 A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO GENERALLY REVISE AND 5 CLARIFY THE LAWS RELATING TO AGRICULTURE. ٨ 7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA: / A 9 Section 1. Section 80-2-221, MCA, is amended to read: #80-2-221. Tax for hail insurance -- limitation on 10 levy. [1] A tax is hereby authorized and directed to be 11 levied on all lands in this state growing crops subject to 12 injury or destruction by hail: the owners of which have 13 elected to become subject to the provisions of this part. 14 (2) The board of hail insurance shall annually 15 estimate, as accurately as possible, the amount required to 16 pay all losses, interest on warrants, and costs of 17 administration and shall recommend a levy to be made on each 18 kind of land respectively, subject to the provisions of this 19 part, to the department of revenue. The rates recommended to 20 apply on the lands of owners shall be applied in the same 21 proportions to the crops of those insured on a personal 22 23 assessment basis.

(3) It is hereby provided, however, that such tax may

not exceed in any one year \$2.40 per acre on lands sown to

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grain crops on nonirrigated lands. \$4.80 per acre on irrigated lands. or \$2.40 per acre on lands producing hay crops.

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(4) If the tax required to pay the estimated losses, interest on warrants, and costs of administration is less than \$1.20 per acre on lands sown to grain crops on nonirrigated lands and \$2.40 per acre on irrigated lands and a proportionate amount on lands sown to hay crops, the board of hail insurance sweet recommend a tax levy sufficient to raise the full amount thereof."

Section 2. Section 80-2-245; MCA, is amended to read:

"80-2-245. Benefits exempt from execution. All money
or benefits received from hall insurance shell-be are exempt
from execution, end-shell are not be liable to attachment,
er--to and may not be seized, taken, or appropriated by any
local process to pay any debt or liability of the insured
unless the amount shell-be is assigned and then for no more
than the amount of the claim intended to be secured by the
assignment, with lawful interest."

Section 3. Section 80-3-501, MCA, is amended to read:

#80-3-501. Definitions. Unless the context' requires

the otherwise, as used in this part, the following definitions

apply:

(1) "Beans" means all varieties of the bean family (except green beans) whether grown or purchased for seed.

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feed, or human consumption.

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- (2) "Storage" or "warehousing" means any method by which beans are held for any party, other than direct ownership, by the party storing the beans.
- (3) "Harehouseman" er-"person" means a dealer, shipper (except grower), society, association, organization, corporations or their agents or representatives.*
- Section 4. Section 80-3-508, MCA, is amended to read: *80-3-508. Records of bean dealer -- inspection -receipt. (1) A dealer in beans shall keep a complete record of all beans handled by him in on a form described -- in prescribed by the department. The record shall be open to the confidential inspection of the department at all times.
- (2) Every warehouseman shall issue a receipt for all beans received for storage on a form approved by the department.
- (3) A person operating under this part shall keep in a place of safety complete records of all beans stored by himall beans withdrawn from storage, all warehouse receipts issued by hime and all the receipts returned to and canceled by him and shall report to the department as required by the rules of the department."
- Section 5. Section 80-3-513, MCA, is amended to read: *80-3-513. Penalties for doing business without license and other violations. Any person who shall--engage

angages in or earry carries on any business or occupation 2 for which a license is required by this part without first having obtained a license therefor or who shall-continue 3 continues to engage in or carry on any such business or occupation after such license has been revoked or expired shall--be--deemed is quilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not less than \$25 or more than \$100, and each end-every day that such business or occupation is so carried on or engaged in shell-be is a separate offense. Any person who shall otherwise violate 10 violates any of the provisions of this part or shell by any 11 manner or means convert converts to his own use or that of 12 13 another any beans so stored or accepted for storage shall. 14 if the value of such converted beans exceeds \$500, be 15 deemed is quilty of a felony and or, if the value is less 16 than \$500, be-deemed is quilty of a misdemeanor and in 17 either case upon conviction shall be punished by fine co 18 imprisonment, or both, as otherwise provided by law."

Section 6. Section 80-4-106, MCA, is amended to read: *80-4-106. Penalty for misconduct. (1) Any inspector. sampler, or weigher who shell-be is quilty of any neglect of duty or who shall knowingly or carelessly inspect inspects. sample samples, or weigh weighs any grain or who shall: directly or indirectly, accept accepts any money or other consideration for any neglect of duty or any imp per SB 0005/02 SB 0005/02

performance of duty as such inspector, sampler, or weigher or any person, persons, corporation, or agent who shell improperly influence influences or attempt attempts to improperly influence any inspector, sampler, or weigher in the performance of his duties shell—be—deemed is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined punished by a fine of not less than \$100 or more than \$500 or be imprisoned in the county jail not less than 30 days or more than 1 year or by both such fine and imprisonment. In the discretion of the court.

(2) Upon written complaint filed with the department, charging an inspector, sampler, or weigher with official misconduct, inefficiency, incompetency, or neglect of duty, the department shall investigate the charges. If the charges are substantiated, the department shall remove that officer."

Section 7. Section 80-5-202. MCA: is amended to read:

"80-5-202. Licensing -- issuance -- application -- fee

-- bonding -- insurance. (1) All seed processing plants:
seed labelers, seed buyers, and public agricultural seed
warehouses shall obtain a license from the department before
doing business in this state; however, a Montana certified
seed grower, when processing or labeling certified seed from
his own productions is not required to be licensed under
this section. Bin-run seed sales from one farmer to another

are exempt from this part.

(2) All licenses are issued on a fiscal-year basis and expire on June 30 of each year. A license may cover any or as many as all four activities: processing plant, seed labeler, seed buyer, and public agricultural seed warehouse.

- (3) Application for license is made in a manner and on forms provided by the department. A nonresident shall file a written power of attorney designating the secretary of state as his agent, and the power of attorney shall be so prepared and in such form as to render effective the jurisdiction of the courts of the state of Montana over the nonresident applicant. A nonresident who has a duly appointed resident agent upon whom process may be serviced served as provided by law is not required to designate the secretary of state as his agent. The department shall be furnished with a certified copy of the designation of the secretary of state or of a resident agent.
- (4) The department may establish by rule minimum standards for equipment and handling procedures for facilities to be licensed and may carry out inspections during normal business hours to determine that these standards are being adhered to.
- (5) Each license shall cost no more than \$50 a year.

 The department may by rule establish license fees which bear a reasonable relationship to the cost of administering this

part.

- (6) Failure on the part of a licensee to comply with the rules issued under the authority of this section is sufficient cause for cancellation of a license by the department, provided the licensee is given a reasonable opportunity to correct inadvertent and nonrecurring deficiencies.
- (7) The department may by rule establish bonding and insurance requirements for each class of license."

Section 8. Section 80-5-206, NCA, is amended to read:

#80-5-206. Rules --- promulgated by department. The
department is authorized to promulgate necessary rules as
authorized by this part. All rules are to be promulgated in
accordance with procedures as set, forth in the Montana
Administrative Procedure Act.

Section 9. Section 80-8-202. MCA, is amended to read:

"80-8-202. Prohibited acts. (1) It shell---be is

unlawful for any person to distribute. sells or offer for
sale within this state or deliver for transportation or

transport in intrastate commerce between points within this
state any of the following:

(a) any pesticide which has not been registered pursuant to the provisions of 80-8-201 or any pesticide if any of the claims made for it or any of the directions for its use differ in substance from the representations made in

connection with its registration or if the composition of a pesticide differs from its composition as represented in connection with its registration or if registration or reregistration has been refused, revoked, canceled, or suspended. The department of agriculture may allow a change in the labeling or formula of a pesticide within a registration period without requiring reregistration of the produce graduct when such change does not adversely affect the product for its intended use and if proper application therefor is made.

- (b) any posticide unless it is in the registrant's or the manufacturer's unbroken immediate container and there is affixed to such container and to the outside container or wrapper of the retail package, if there be one, through which the required information on the immediate container cannot be clearly read, a label bearing:
- (i) the name and address of the manufacturer registrant, or person for whom manufactured;
- 19 (ii) the trade and chemical name: brand, or trademark
 20 under which said article is sold;
 - (iii) the net weight or measure of the content; subject however to such reasonable variations as the department may permit;
- 24 (c) any pesticide which contains any substance or
 25 substances in quantities highly toxic to man, determin as

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provided in 80-8-105; unless the label shall bear; in addition to any other matter required by this chapter:

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- 4 (ii) the word "poison" prominently in red on a
 5 background of distinctly contrasting color:
- 6 (iii) a statement of an antidote for the pesticide;
 - (d) the pesticides commonly known as standard lead arsenate, basic lead arsenate, calcium arsenate, magnesium arsenate, zinc arsenate, zinc arsenite, sodium fluoride, sodium fluosilicate, and barium fluosilicate, unless they have been distinctly colored or discolored, as provided by regulations issued in accordance with this chapter, or any other white powder pesticide which the department, after investigation of and after public hearing on the necessity for such action for the protection of the public health and the environment and the feasibility of such coloration or discoloration, shall by regulations require to be distinctly colored or discolored, unless it has been so colored or discolored. The department may exempt any pesticide to the extent that it is intended for a particular use from the coloring or discoloring required or authorized by this section if it determines that such coloring or discoloring for such use is not necessary for the protection of the public health and the environment.
 - (e) any pesticide which is adulterated or misbranded,

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1 or any device which is misbranded.

- 2 (2) It shall-be is unlawful for any person to:
- 3 (a) detach, alter, deface, or destroy, in whole or in part, any label or labeling provided for in this chapter or rules promulgated hereunder or to add any substance to or take any substance from a pesticide in a manner that may defeat the purpose of this chapter;
 - (b) use for his own advantage or to reveal, other than to the department or proper officials or employees of the state or the courts of this state in response to a subpoenation physicians or to veterinarians or in emergencies to pharmacists and other qualified persons for use in the preparation of antidotes, any information relative to formulas of products acquired by authority of 80-8-201.
 - Section 10. Section 80-8-209, MCA, is amended to read:

 "80-8-209. Farm applicators. (1) Farm applicators

 shall be-required-to obtain a certificate or special-use
 permit prior to purchasing and using any pesticide
 designated by the department as a restricted-use pesticide.

 The certificate, to be issued for 5 calendar years, must be
 renewed annually by the department or its authorized
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- 24 (2) Restricted pesticides may not be utilized by farm
 25 applicators or their employees except for the purpose of

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- 10 (a) recognize common pests to be controlled and damage caused by them: 11
 - (b) read and understand the label and labeling information, including the common name of the pesticide(s) applied, pest(s) to be controlled, timing and methods of application, safety precautions, any preharvest or reentry restrictions, and any specific disposal procedures;
 - (c) apply pesticides in accordance with label instructions and warmings, including the ability to prepare the proper concentration of pesticides to be used under particular circumstances, taking into account such factors as area to be covered, speed at which application equipment will be driven, and the quantity dispersed in a given period of operation;
- 24 (d) recognize local environmental situations that must be considered during application to avoid contamination; and

- (e) recognize poisoning symptoms and procedures to follow in case of a pesticide accident.
- (4) The department may require farm applicators to attend a mandatory training session and pass a written examination for those restricted pesticides which that are extremely toxic or for which an effective antidote is not available. The department may require farm applicators handling these pesticides to maintain use records.
- having verified reading applicators (5) Farm disabilities may become certified to use up restricted-use pesticides, by passing a specific oral examination on the particular pesticide(s) if the applicator documents that a certified applicator in the immediate vicinity can advise him-
- (6) Provisions of this chapter relating to licensing certification of farm applicators shell do not apply to any farm applicator applying nonrestricted pesticides on his own land or on lands of his neighbors neighbors - provided-thit if he:
- (a) operates farm property and operates and maintains pesticide application equipment primarily for his own use;
- (b) is not regularly engaged in the business of 22 applying pesticides for hire and does not publicly hold 23 nimself out as a pesticide applicator: 24
 - (c) operates his pesticide application equipment only

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in the vicinity of his own property and for the accommodation of his immediate neighbors.

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Section 12. Section 80-9-101, MCA, is amended to read:

#80-9-101. Definitions. Unless the context requires

otherwise, in this chapter the following definitions apply:

(1) "Brand name" means any word, name, symbol, or

devices or any combination of them identifying the commercial feed of a distributor or registrant and distinguishing it from that of others.

(2) "Commercial feed" means all materials except the mixed or unmixed whole seeds or physically altered mixed or unmixed entire seeds of cereal grains with or without molasses added, when not adulterated within the meaning of subsections (1) through (5) of 80-9-204, which are distributed for use as feed or for mixing in feed. However, the department may by rule exempt from this definition or from specific provisions of this chapter commedities such as hay, straw, stover, silage, cobs, husks, hulls, and individual chemical compounds or substances when those commodities, compounds, or substances are not intermixed or mixed with other materials and are not adulterated within the meaning of subsections (1) through (5) of 80-9-204.

- (3) "Custom-mixed feed" means commercial feed which consists of a mixture of either commercial feeds or feed ingredients or both of them, each batch of which is manufactured according to specifications mutually agreed to by the purchaser and the manufacturer. A copy of the specifications or a list of the ingredients, but not necessarily the percentage of each ingredient, shall be on file at the manufacturing facility.
- 25 (4) "Distribute" means to offer for sale, sell,

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- (5) "Distributor" means a person who distributes-
- (6) "Drug" means any article intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in animals other than man and articles other than feed intended to affect the structure or function of the animal body.
- (7) "Feed ingredient" means each of the constituent materials making up a commercial feed.
- (8) "Label" means a display of written: printed: or graphic metter upon or affixed to the container in which a commercial fend is distributed or on the invoice or delivery slip with which a commercial feed is distributed.
- (9) "Labeling" means all labels and other writtens printeds or graphic matter upon a commercial feeds any of its containers, its wrappers or accompanying the commercial feeds.
- (10) "Manufacture" means to grind, mix, blend, or further process a commercial feed.
- (11) "Mineral feed" means a commercial feed intended to supply primarily mineral elements or inorganic nutrients.
- (12) "Official sample" means a sample of feed taken by the department in accordance with the provisions of subsections (3), (5), or (6) of 80-9-301.
- 25 (13) "Percent" or "percentage" means percentage by

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- 2 (14) "Person" means an individual, partnership, corporation, and or association.
- (15) *Pet* means any domesticated animal normally maintained in or near the household of its owner.
- 6 (16) "Pet food" means any commercial commercial feed
 7 prepared and distributed for consumption by pets.
 - (17) "Product name" means the name of the commercial feed which identifies it as to kind, class, or specific use.
- 10 (18) "Specialty pet" means any domesticated animal pet
 11 normally maintained in a cage or tank, including but not
 12 limited to gerbils, hamsters, canaries, psittacine birds,
 13 mynahs, finches, tropical fish, goldfish, snakes, and
 14 turtles.
- 15 (19) "Specialty pet food" means any commercial feed 16 prepared and distributed for consumption by specialty pets.
- 17 (20) "Ton" means a net weight of 2,000 pounds

 18 avoirdupois."
- 19 Section 13. Section 80-10-210. MCA. is amended to
- 21 **80-10-210. Licensee reports -- confidentiality -22 inspection -- failure to file. (1) Information contained in
 23 the reports required by 80-10-207(3) shall be held
 24 confidential by the department. Summary data published by
- 25 the department shall be in a form that will not disclose

-16-

read:

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1 details of any operation or business.

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- (2) The department has the right to may inspect and audit, during normal business hours, each licensee's records for the purpose of verifying tonnage reports.
- 5 (3) Failure to file an accurate report constitutes a
 6 violation of this chapter and may be punished by fine.
 7 revocation of license, or both.**

-End-