CHAPTER NO. 302

HOUSE BILL NO. 666

INTRODUCED BY CONROY, HAND, BRAND, NATHE

IN THE HOUSE

February 8, 1979	Introduced and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
February 14, 1979	Committee recommend bill do pass. Report adopted.
February 15, 1979	Second reading, do pass.
February 16, 1979	Considered correctly engrossed.
February 17, 1979	Third reading, passed. Transmitted to second house.

IN THE SENATE

February 19, 1979	Introduced and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
March 9, 1979	Committee recommend bill be concurred in. Report adopted.
March 12, 1979	Second reading, concurred in.
March 15, 1979	Third reading, concurred in.

IN THE HOUSE

March 16, 1979	Returned from second house. Concurred in. Sent to enrolling.
	Reported correctly enrolled.

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1		House BILL NO.	666
2	INTRODUCED BY	Conray, Hand	Brond NATHE

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT CEDING TO THE UNITED STATES CONCURRENT JURISDICTION OVER CRIMES AND OFFENSES UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OVER AND WITHIN CERTAIN LANDS DEDICATED TO NATIONAL PARK PURPOSES; AND ACCEPTING JURISDICTION OVER FEDERAL LANDS USED FOR NATIONAL PARK PURPOSES IN MONTANA THAT THE UNITED STATES IS WILLING TO RELINQUISH."

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Concurrent jurisdiction of the United States over certain lands dedicated to national park purposes. (1) Concurrent jurisdiction over crimes and offenses under the laws of the state is ceded to the United States over and within all the lands dedicated to national park purposes in the following tracts:

- (a) Big Horn Canyon;
- (b) Grant-Kohrs national historic site;
- 21 (c) Big Hole national battlefield; and
 - (d) Fort Union trading post.
- 23 (2) The concurrent jurisdiction ceded by subsection
- 24 (1) is vested upon acceptance by the United States by and
- 25 through its appropriate officials and shall continue so long

as the lands within the designated areas are dedicated to

Section 2. Acceptance of jurisdiction over federal lands. The consent of the state is hereby given to the retrocession of jurisdiction, either partially or wholly, by the United States of America over lands owned by the United States of America within the boundaries of Montana that are used for national park purposes. The governor is authorized to accept for the state retrocession of jurisdiction.

Section 3. Filing of acceptance of jurisdiction over federal lands. (1) When the state receives written notification from the authorized official or agent of the United States of America that the United States desires or is willing to relinquish to the state jurisdiction, or a portion thereof, over certain lands owned by the United States within Montana that are used for national park purposes, the governor may accept relinquishment.

(2) After acceptance and approval by the governor, retrocession of jurisdiction becomes effective upon filing of the original acceptance with the secretary of state of Montana.

-End-

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- (a) Big Horn Canyon;
- 20 (b) Grant-Kohrs national historic site;
- 21 (c) Big Hole national battlefield; and
- 22 (d) Fort Union trading post-
 - (2) The concurrent jurisdiction ceded by subsection
- 24 (1) is vested upon acceptance by the United States by and
- 25 through its appropriate officials and shall continue so long

1 as the lands within the designated areas are dedicated to 2 park purposes.

Section 2. Acceptance of jurisdiction over federal lands. The consent of the state is hereby given to the retrocession of jurisdiction. either partially or wholly, by the United States of America over lands owned by the United States of America within the boundaries of Montana that are used for national park purposes. The governor is authorized to accept for the state retrocession of jurisdiction.

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-End-

46th Legislature HB 0666/02

1	HOUSE BILL NO. 666
2	INTRODUCED BY CONROY. HAND, BRAND. NATHE
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4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT CEDING TO THE UNITED
5	STATES CONCURRENT JURISDICTION OVER CRIMES AND OFFENSES
6	UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OVER AND WITHIN CERTAIN LANDS
7	DEDICATED TO NATIONAL PARK PURPOSES; AND ACCEPTING
В	JURISDICTION OVER FEDERAL LANDS USED FOR NATIONAL PARK
9	PURPOSES IN MONTANA THAT THE UNITED STATES IS WILLING TO
10	RELINQUISH."
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12	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
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14	States over certain lands dedicated to national park
15	purposes. (1) Concurrent jurisdiction over crimes and
16	offenses under the laws of the state is ceded to the United
17	States over and within all the lands dedicated to national
18	park purposes in the following tracts:
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HB 0666/02