CHAPTER NO. 634

HOUSE BILL NO. 150

INTRODUCED BY FABREGA, HUENNEKENS, WILLIAMS, FAGG, SIVERTSEN, VINCENT

BY REQUEST OF THE REVENUE OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE

IN THE HOUSE

January 13, 1979	Introduced and referred to Committee on Taxation.
March 12, 1979	Committee recommend bill do pass as amended. Report adopted.
March 14, 1979	Printed and placed on members' desks.
March 15, 1979	Second reading, do pass.
March 16, 1979	Considered correctly engrossed.
March 17, 1979	Third reading, passed. Transmitted to second house.
IN THE SENA	ATE
March 19, 1979	Introduced and referred to Committee on Taxation.
March 26, 1979	Committee recommend bill be concurred in as amended. Report adopted.
	Statement of Intent adopted.
March 27, 1979	Second reading, pass con- sideration.
March 28, 1979	Second reading, concurred in as amended.
March 30, 1979	Third reading, concurred in as amended.

IN THE HOUSE

March 30, 1979	Returned from second house. Concurred in as amended with Intent statement.
April 2, 1979	Second reading, amendments adopted.
April 3, 1979	Third reading, amendments adopted. Sent to enrolling.
	Reported correctly enrolled.

46th Legislature

INTRODUCED BY THE REVENUE OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE

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A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT CHANGING THE METHOD OF 5 TAXING BANKS AND SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS FOR LOCAL 7 GOVERNMENTS: REMOVING THE CORPORATION LICENSE TAX EXEMPTION FOR INTEREST FROM STATE AND LOCAL OBLIGATIONS: REPEALING THE 9 TAX ON MONEYED CAPITAL AND SHARES OF BANKS: PROVIDING FOR A DIFFERENT METHOD OF COLLECTING AND DISTRIBUTING CORPORATION 10 LICENSE TAXES PAID BY BANKS AND SAVINGS AND LOAN 11 ASSOCIATIONS: AMENDING SECTIONS 7-6-206, 15-1-501, 15-8-104, 12 15-8-111, 15-24-701, 15-24-801, 15-31-101, 15-31-114, 13 15-31-502, 17-5-408, 20-9-343, AND 32-1-413, MCA; REPEALING 14 SECTIONS 15-6-106. 15-24-501 THROUGH 15-24-508. 15 15-24-603+ MCA; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE." 16

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

NEW SECTION. Section 1. Purpose. The legislature recognizes that the property tax on moneyed capital and bank shares is an important element in the tax bases of many local governments. Since, however, the current method of valuing bank shares has legal defects, may be causing the undercapitalization of Montana's banks, and imposes an inegultable tax burden on some financial institutions, the

legislature hereby repeals this tax. Banks and savings and loan associations will be taxed on a more equitable basis, their net income. To make their basis for computing net income comparable to other businesses, the legislature repeals the corporation license tax deduction for interest on public obligations. To replace the property tax revenue lost to local governments, all corporation license taxes paid by banks and savings and loan associations will be collected by counties and distributed to the various local governments, based on their current mill levies.

Section 2. Section 15-31-101, MCA, is amended to read:

"15-31-101. Organizations subject to tax. (1) The term

"corporation" includes associations, joint-stock companies,
common-law trusts and business trusts which do business in
an organized capacity, and all other corporations whether
created, organized, or existing under and pursuant to the
laws, agreements, or declarations of trust of any state,
country, or the United States.

- (2) The terms "engaged in business" and "doing business" both mean actively engaging in any transaction for the purpose of financial or pecuniary gain or profit.
- 23 and except as provided in 33-2-705(5), engaged in business
 24 in the state of Montana shall annually pay to the state
 25 treasurer as a license fee for the privilege of carrying on

-2- INTRODUCED BILL

business in this state such percentage or percentages of its total net income for the preceding taxable year at the rate hereinafter set forth. In the case of corporations having income from business activity which is taxable both within and without this state, the license fee shall be measured by the net income derived from or attributable to Montana sources as determined under part 3. This tax is due and payable on the 15th day of the 5th month following the close of the taxable year of the corporation; however, the tax becomes a lien as provided in this chapter on the last day of the taxable year in which the income was earned and is for the privilege of carrying on business in this state for the taxable year in which the income was earned.

(4) Every bank organized under the laws of the state of Montanal or of any other state, and or every-national bank-organized under the laws of the United States and every savings and loan association organized under the laws of this state or of the United States are is subject to the Montana corporation license tax provided for under this chapter. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 1972, this subsection is effective in accordance with Public Law 91-156, section 2 (12 U-S-C-548).*

Section 3. Section 15-31-114, MCA, is amended to read:

"15-31-114. Deductions allowed in computing income. In

computing the net income, the following deductions shall be

allowed from the gross income received by such corporation
within the year from all sources:

(1) All the ordinary and necessary expenses paid or incurred during the taxable year in the maintenance and operation of its business and properties. including reasonable allowance for salaries for personal services actually rendered, subject to the limitation hereinafter contained, rentals or other payments required to be made as a condition to the continued use or possession of property to which the corporation has not taken or is not taking title or in which it has no equity. No deduction shall be allowed for salaries paid upon which the recipient thereof has not paid Montana state income tax; provided, however, that where domestic corporations are taxed on income derived from without the state, salaries of officers paid in connection with securing such income shall be deductible.

(2) (a) All losses actually sustained and charged off within the year and not compensated by Insurance or otherwise, including a reasonable allowance for the wear and tear and obsolescence of property used in the trade or business, such allowance to be determined according to the provisions of section 167 of the Internal Revenue Code in effect with respect to the taxable year. All elections for depreciation shall be the same as the elections made for federal income tax purposes. No deduction shall be allowed

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for any amount paid out for any buildings, permanent improvements, or betterments made to increase the value of any property or estate, and no deduction shall be made for any amount of expense of restoring property or making good the exhaustion thereof for which an allowance is or has been made.

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(b) (i) There shall be allowed as a deduction for the taxable period a net operating loss deduction determined according to the provisions of this subsection. The net operating loss deduction is the aggregate of net operating loss carryovers to such taxable period plus the net operating loss carrybacks to such taxable period. The term "net operating loss" means the excess of the deductions allowed by this section, 15-31-114, over the gross income, with the modifications specified in (ii) of this subsection. If for any taxable period beginning after December 31, 1970, a net operating loss is sustained, such loss shall be a net operating loss carryback to each of the three taxable periods preceding the taxable period of such loss and shall be a net operating loss carryover to each of the five taxable periods following the taxable period of such loss. A net operating loss for any taxable period ending after December 31. 1975. in addition to being a net operating loss carryback to each of the three preceding taxable periods. shall be a net operating loss carryover to each of the seven

1 taxable periods following the taxable period of such loss. 2 The portion of such loss which shall be carried to each of 3 the other taxable years shall be the excess, if any, of the amount of such loss over the sum of the net income for each of the prior taxable periods to which such loss was carried. 6 For purposes of the preceding sentence, the net income for 7 such prior taxable period shall be computed with the 8 modifications specified in (ii)(8) of this subsection and by 9 determining the amount of the net operating loss deduction 10 without regard to the net operating loss for the loss period or any taxable period thereafter, and the net income so 11 12 computed shall not be considered to be less than zero.

(ii) The modifications referred to in (i) of this subsection shall be as follows:

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- (A) No net operating loss deduction shall be allowed.
- (8) The deduction for depletion shall not exceed the amount which would be allowable if computed under the cost method.
 - (C) Any net operating loss carried over to any taxable years beginning after December 31, 1978, must be calculated under the provisions of this section effective for the taxable year for which the return claiming the net operating loss carryover is filed.
 - (iii) A net operating loss deduction shall be allowed only with regard to losses attributable to the business

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carried on within the state of Montana.

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- (iv) In the case of a merger of corporations, the surviving corporation shall not be allowed a net operating loss deduction for net operating losses sustained by the merged corporations prior to the date of merger. In the case of a consolidation of corporations, the new corporate entity shall not be allowed a deduction for net operating losses sustained by the consolidated corporations prior to the date of consolidation.
- (v) Notwithstanding the provisions of 15-31-531, interest shall not be paid with respect to a refund of tax resulting from a net operating loss carryback or carryover.
- (vi) The net operating loss deduction shall not be allowed with respect to taxable periods which ended on or before December 31, 1970, but shall be allowed only with respect to taxable periods beginning on or after January 1, 1971.
- (3) In the case of mines, other natural deposits, oil and gas wells, and timber, a reasonable allowance for depletion and for depreciation of improvements; such reasonable allowance to be determined according to the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code in effect for the taxable year. All elections made under the Internal Revenue Code with respect to capitalizing or expensing exploration and development costs and intangible drilling expenses for

- corporation license tax purposes shall be the same as the elections made for federal income tax purposes.
 - (4) The amount of interest paid within the year on its indebtedness incurred in the operation of the business from which its income is derived; but no interest shall be allowed as a deduction if paid on an indebtedness created for the purchase, maintenance, or improvement of property or for the conduct of business unless the income from such property or business would be taxable under this part.
- 10 (5)-Interest-income-from-obligations-of-the--state--or
 11 any-political-subdivision-or-municipality-of-the-state-
- 12 (6)(5) (a) Taxes paid within the year except the 13 following:
 - (i) Taxes imposed by this part.
- 15 (ii) Taxes assessed against local benefits of a kind tending to increase the value of the property assessed.
- 17 (iii) Taxes on or according to or measured by net 18 income or profits imposed by authority of the government of 19 the United States.
- 20 (iv) Taxes imposed by any other state or country upon or measured by net income or profits.
- 22 (b) Taxes deductible under this part shall be 23 construed to include taxes imposed by any county, school 24 district, or municipality of this state.
- 25 (7)(6) That portion of an energy-related investment

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allowed as a deduction under 15-32-103.**

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until paid."

- 2 Section 4. Section 15-31-502, MCA, is amended to read: *15-31-502. Assessment and payment of tax, penalty, 3 4 and interest. All taxpayers shall compute the amount of tax payable under this chapter and shall remit such amount to the department of revenue, except as provided in [section 7 51, on or before the 15th day of the 5th month following the 8 close of the taxable period. If the tax is not paid on or 9 before the due date, there shall be assessed a penalty of 10% of the amount of the tax unless it is shown that the 10 failure was due to reasonable cause and not due to neglect. 11 If any tax due under this chapter is not paid when due, by 12 13 reason of extension granted or otherwise, interest shall be added thereto at the rate of 9% per annum from the due date 14
 - NEW SECTION: Section 5. Banks and savings and loan associations special provisions for filing returns and payment of taxes. (1) County treasurers shall collect corporation license taxes paid by banks and savings and loan associations.
 - (2) Within 10 days after receiving a corporation license tax return from a bank or savings and loan association, the department of revenue shall transmit to the county treasurer of the county in which the business is located a statement showing its tax liability. To insure the

confidentiality of the return, as required under 15-31-507,
the statement sent to the treasurer shall show only the name
and address of the bank or savings and loan association and
tits tax liability.

- (3) Within 5 days after receiving a corporation license tax statement, a county treasurer shall send to the business a demand for payment in the amount shown on the statement.
- (4) The bank or savings and loan association shall make payment to the county treasurer within 5 days after receiving a demand for payment.
- (5) If the department of revenue determines, under the provisions of 15-31-503 and 15-31-531, that a bank or savings and loan association owes more taxes than shown on the original return or has paid more than the tax, penalty, or interest due in any year, it shall notify the bank or savings and loan association and the county treasurer of the county in which the business is located. Additional payment is due within 10 days after receipt of the final determination of taxes due. County treasurers shall issue warrants for overpayment and interest, as provided in 15-31-531.
- (6) The department shall continue to exercise all its duties and powers outlined in this title with respect to auditing returns and enforcing payment of the corporation

license taxes owed by banks and savings and loan associations. Any delinquent taxes collected from the sale of property of a bank or savings and loan association under the provisions of 15-31-525 shall be transmitted to the county in which the corporation owing the delinquent taxes is located. The only duties of the county treasurers in this regard are collecting the taxes, issuing refunds, and distributing the taxes to local taxing jurisdictions.

- NEW SECTION. Section 6. Distribution of corporation license taxes collected by county treasurers. (1) All corporation license taxes collected by county treasurers shall be distributed to the various taxing jurisdictions within the county in which the bank or savings and loan association is located.
- (2) The corporation license taxes collected shall be allocated to each taxing jurisdiction in the proportion that its mill levy for that fiscal year bears to the total mill levy of the taxing authorities of the district in which the bank or savings and loan association is located.
- (3) "Taxing jurisdictions" means, for the purposes of this section, all taxing authorities within a county permitted under state law to levy mills against the taxable value of property in the taxing district in which the bank or savings and loan association is located.
- 25 (4) If a return filed by a bank or savings and loan

association involves branches or offices in multiple taxing jurisdictions the department of revenue shall provide a method by rule for equitable distribution.

NEW_SECTION: Section 7. Moneyed capital and shares of banks exempt. (1) Moneyed capital and shares of banks are exempt from taxation.

- (2) "Moneyed capital" means money, bonds, notes, and other evidence of indebtedness, including evidence of indebtedness secured by a mortgage on real or personal property, in the hands of individual citizens and corporations coming into competition with the business of national banks or employed in conducting a banking or investment business.
- Section 8. Section 7-6-206, MCA, is amended to read:

 "7-6-206. Time deposits. (1) Such public money not necessary for immediate use by such county, city, or town which is not invested in direct obligations of the United States government as authorized in 7-6-202 may be placed in time or savings deposits with any banky-building and loan association in the county.

 City, or town.
- 22 (2) When more than one banky--building--and--loon
 23 association or savings and loan association is available in
 24 any county for the deposit of such county funds or in any
 25 city or town for the deposit of such city or town funds.

such funds may be distributed ratably among all of such banksy—building—and—loan—associationsy and savings and loan associations qualifying therefor and substantially in proportion to the total property taxes paid during the preceding year in such county or the county in which such city or town is locatedy—including—taxes—on—sheres—of—bank atothy and the corporation license taxes paid by each such banky—building—and—loan—associationy or savings and loan association willing to receive such time or savings deposits under the terms of this part»

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building—and—loan—associations—and savings and loan associations within the county, city, or town, the local governing body may solicit bids without advertising from any bank—building—and—loan—association—or savings and loan association in a county having at least two—such financial institutions. Such institutions may request in writing that they be listed for solicitation on bids for public money not necessary for immediate use by the unit of local government. In counties having less than two such institutions, the local governing body may solicit bids from and deposit public money in such institutions in neighboring counties unless the local financial institution agrees to pay the same rate of interest bid by the neighboring financial institutions. The governing body may solicit bids by notice

sent by mail to the investment institutions whose names are
listed as provided herein. The provisions of this
subsection shall be considered as meeting the requirements
of subsection (2).**

Section 9. Section 15-1-501, NCA, is amended to read:

M15-1-501. Disposition of moneys from certain

designated license and other taxes. (1) The state treasurer

shall deposit to the credit of the state general fund all

moneys received by him from the collection of:

- 10 (a) automobile driver's license fees under subsections
 11 (1) through (6) of 61-5-111;
- (c) metalliferous mines license taxes under chapter
 37;
- 16 (d) oil producer's license taxes under chapter 36;
- 17 (e) liquor license taxes under Title 16;
- 18 (f) telephone license taxes under chapter 53; and
- 19 (g) inheritance and estate taxes under Title 72.
- (2) Seventy-five percent of all moneys received from
 the collection of income taxes under chapter 30 and
 corporation license and income taxes under chapter 31s
 except as provided in [section 6]s shall be deposited in the
 queneral fund subject to the prior pledge and appropriation

of such income tax and corporation license tax collections for the payment of long-range building program bonds. The remaining 25% of the proceeds of the corporation license tax, excluding that collected under [section 6]: corporation income tax, and income tax shall be deposited to the credit of the earmarked revenue fund for state equalization aid to the public schools of Montana.

- (3) The state treasurer shall also deposit to the credit of the state general fund all moneys received by him from the collection of license taxes, fees, and all net revenues and receipts from all other sources under the operation of the Montana Alcoholic Beverage Code."
- Section 10. Section 15-8-104, MCA, is amended to read:

 "15-8-104. Department audit of taxable value costs
 of audit paid by county penalty for underreporting. (1)
 When in the judgment of the director of revenue it is
 necessary, audits may be made for the purpose of determining
 the taxable value of net proceeds of mines and oil and gas
 wells, benk—shares, business inventories, and all other
 types of property subject to ad valorem taxation. The costs
 incurred by the department, including per diem and mileage
 expense as well as salaries and benefits, shall be
 reimbursed from the amount collected as a result of the
 audit. In the event the property subject to audit is
 assessed within two or more counties, the department shall

- allocate the cost among the collections due each of the counties. Reimbursement shall be made solely for audit expense and not for other services provided to the counties by the department and may not exceed the amounts collected.
- (2) The taxable value of any underreported portion of any business inventory found as a result of an audit to have been underreported by the owner shall be increased by 25% as a penalty for underreporting.
- (3) The 25% penalty may be waived by the department if reasonable cause for failure to report the total value of a business inventory is provided to the department.
- (4) The cost of the audit shall be paid to the state treasurer for credit to the general fund.**
- Section 11. Section 15-8-111. MCA. is amended to read:

 "15-8-111. Assessment market value standard —
 exceptions. (1) All taxable property must be assessed at
 1001 of its market value except as provided in subsection
 (5) of this section and in 15-7-111 through 15-7-114.
- (2) Market value is the value at which property would change hands between a willing buyer and a willing seller, neither being under any compulsion to buy or to sell and both having reasonable knowledge of relevant facts.
- (3) The department of revenue or its agents may not adopt a lower or different standard of value from market value in making the official assessment and appraisal of the

1 value of property in class one and classes seven through 2 eighteen. For purposes of taxation, assessed value is the same as appraised value.

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- (4) The taxable value for all property in class one and classes seven through eighteen is the percentage of market value established for each class of property in 15-6-102 and 15-6-108 through 15-6-119.
- (5) The assessed value of properties in 15-6-103. 15-6-104: 15-6-105: through 15-6-107: and 15-6-120 is as follows: 10
 - tol---Property--in--15-6-1864--under--class---fivey---is assessed--at-188%-of-book-value-by-the-method-established-in 15-6-106-end-the-sections-cited-thereins
 - tbi(a) Properties in 15-6-103, under class two, are assessed at 100% of the annual net proceeds after deducting the expenses specified and allowed by 15-23-503.
 - tet(b) Properties in 15-6-104, 15-6-105, and 15-6-120, under classes three, four, and nineteen are assessed at 100% of the annual gross proceeds.
 - +d+(c) Properties in 15-6-107, under class six, are assessed at 100% of the productive capacity of the lands when valued for agricultural purposes. All lands that meet the qualifications of 15-7-202 are valued as agricultural lands for tax purposes.
 - (6) Land and the improvements thereon are separately

- assessed when any of the following conditions occur: 1
- (a) ownership of the improvements is different from 2 3 ownership of the land;
- (b) the taxpayer makes a written request; or
- (c) the land is outside an incorporated city or town.
- (7) The taxable value of all property in classes two through four and class six is the percentage of assessed 7 value established in 15-6-103<u>. 15-6-104. 15-6-105.</u> through 9 and 15-6-107, and 15-6-120 for each class of property.*
- 10 Section 12. Section 15-24-701, MCA, is amended to 11 read:

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*15-24-701. Production credit associations assessment and payment. (1) Every production credit association organized under the provisions of section 1131d of Title 12, United States Codes Annotated, shall be assessed for and pay taxes upon all real and personal property owned by such association-and-also-upon-the-moneyed capital-employed-in-such-businessy-such-moneyed--capital--to be--ascertained--by--deducting--from--the--amount--of-losnsy including-loans--secured--by--mortgage--on--real--estate--or personal--propertyy--the-amount-of-such-loans-discounted-ond any-indebtedness-representing--money--borrowed--for--use--as moneyed-capitaly--Said-moneyed-capital-shall-be-taxed-at-the some--rate--and--take--the--same-classification-as-shares-of stock-in-a-notional-bank--or--moneyed--capital--coming--into substantial-competition-therewith.

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(2) The secretary or managing agent of every such association shall furnish to the assessor of the county in which the principal office of such association is located. within 5 days after demand therefore a statement in such detail as the department of revenue or its agent may require, verified by his oath, of the resources and liabilities of such association as disclosed by its books at the close of business on December 31 of the preceding year. If such secretary or managing agent shall fail to make the statement hereby required, the department or its agent shall forthwith obtain such information from any other available source, and for this purpose it shall have access to the books of such association. The department or its agent shall thereupon make an assessment of the real estate and personal property owned by such association and-of-the-moneyed capital-employed-in-the-business-of-such-association, which assessment shall be as fair and equitable as it may be able to make from the best information available, or said assessor may for the purpose of said assessment adopt the figures disclosed by any prior report made by such association to any state or federal officer pursuant to any state or federal law. Any person required by this section to make the statement hereinabove provided who shall fail to furnish the same shall be quilty of a misdemeanor and shall 1 be punished accordingly.**

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2 Section 13. Section 15-24-801, MCA, is amended to 3 read:

*15-24-801. Bufleing Savings and loan associations -taxation. (1) Every building-end-loom-or savings and loan association subject to regulation under Title 32, chapter 2, shall be assessed for and pay taxes upon all real and personal property owned by the association-and-also-upon-the moneyed-copital--employed--in--the--business. The--moneyed capital-shall-be-ascertained-by-deducting-from-the-amount-of bondsy--notesy--and--other--avidences-of-indebtedness-of-the associationy-including-evidences-of-indebtedness-secured--by mortgage--on--real--estate--or-personal-propertyy-the-amount standing-to-the-credit-of-the-magbers-of-an-essociation-upon its-books-and-any-indebtodness-representing--money--borrowed for--use--as--moneyed--capitalw--The--moneyed--capital-as-so ascertained-shail-be-taxed-at-the-same--rate--and--take--the same-classification-as-shares-of-stock-in-a-national-bank-or moneyed---copitel---coming---into---substantial--competition therewith. The secretary of an association shall furnish to the department of revenue or its agent in the county in which the principal office of the association is located. within 5 days after demand, a condensed statement verified by his oath of the resources and liabilities of the association as disclosed by its books at noon on January 1

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in each year. If the secretary fails to make the statement hereby required, the department or its agent shall immediately obtain the information from any other available source, and for this purpose it shall have access to the books of the association. The department or its agent shall thereupon make an assessment of the real estate and personal property owned by the association-and-of-the-moneyed-capital employed---in---the---business--of--the--association, which assessment shall be as fair and equitable as it may be able to make from the best information available, or the assessor may, for the purpose of the assessment, adopt the figures disclosed by any prior report made by the association to any state or federal officer under a state or federal law. A person required by this section to make the statement provided for in this section who fails to furnish it is quilty of a misdemeanor.

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(2)—The—emount—standing-upon—its—books—to—the—credit

of—each—member—of—an—association—shall—be—eansidered—and
held—as—the—individual—credit—of—each—member—Each—member
shall—list—the—shares—held—by—him—for—taxation—at—their—real
value—in—moneyy—in—the—county—of—his—residencey—the—same——as
other—credits—are—listedy—except—shares—from—which—loans
have—been—made—or—money—advanced—by—the—associationy—and—as
to—such—shares—they—shall—be—listed—for—taxation—at—the—net
eash—value—of—the—stocky—to—be—ascertained—by—deducting—the

2 organized-under-or-controlled-by-fitle-32y--chapter--2y--are 3 subject-to-texation-in-no-other-weve* Section 14. Section 17-5-408, MCA, is amended to read: 5 *17-5-408. Percentage of income, corporation license, 6 and cigarette tax pledged. (1) The state pledges and 7 appropriates and directs to be credited as received to the sinking fund account 11% of all money. except as provided in 9 [section 6 of this act] received from the collection of the 10 income tax and the corporation license tax referred to in 11 15-1-501 and such additional amount of said taxes, if any, 12 as may at any time be needed to comply with the principal

and interest and reserve requirements stated in 17-5-405(4).

provided that no more than 11% of such tax collections shall

be deemed to be pledged for the purpose of 17-5-403(3). The

pledge and appropriation herein made shall be and remain at

all times a first and prior charge upon all money received

from the collection of said taxes.

toan--from--the--cash--value--of--the--shares--***

(2) The state pledges and appropriates and directs to be credited to the sinking fund account 15% of all money received from the collection of the 9-cent excise tax on cigarettes which is levied, imposed, and assessed by 16-11-111(1). The state also pledges and appropriates and directs to be credited as received to the sinking fund account all money received from the collection of each of

the excise taxes on cigarettes which are levied, imposed,
and assessed by subsection (2) and (3) of 16-11-111+ as
amended, after the payment and redemption in full of the
outstanding bonds for which said taxes have heretofore peen
pledged and appropriated or after the necessary funds have
been set aside for such payment and redemption as provided
in this part. The state also pledges and appropriates and
directs to be credited as received to the sinking fund
account all money received from the collection of the taxes
on other tobacco products which are or may hereafter be
levied, imposed, and assessed by law for that purpose,
including the tax levied, imposed, and assessed by
16-11-202. Nothing herein shall impair or otherwise affect
,
the provisions and covenants contained in the resolutions
,
the provisions and covenants contained in the resolutions
the provisions and covenants contained in the resolutions authorizing the presently outstanding long-range building
the provisions and covenants contained in the resolutions authorizing the presently outstanding long-range building program bonds. Subject to the provisions of the preceding
the provisions and covenants contained in the resolutions authorizing the presently outstanding long-range building program bonds. Subject to the provisions of the preceding sentence, the pledge and appropriation herein made shall be

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Section 15. Section 20-9-343. MCA, is amended to read:
"20-9-343. Definition of and revenue for state
equalization aid. (1) As used in this title, the term "state
equalization aid" means those moneys deposited in the
earmarked revenue fund as required in this section plus any

- legislative appropriation of moneys from other sources for distribution to the public schools for the purpose of equalization of the foundation program.
- 4 (2) The following shall be paid into the earmarked 5 revenue fund for state equalization aid to public schools of 6 the state:
 - (a) 25% of all moneys received from the collection of income taxes under chapter 30 of Title 15;
- 9 (b) 25% of all moneys. except as provided in [section 10 <u>6 of this act]s</u> received from the collection of corporation 11 license taxes under chapter 31 of Title 15, as provided by 12 '15-1-501;
- 13 (c) 10% of the moneys received from the collection of 14 the severance tax on coal under chapter 35 of Title 15;
- 15 (d) 62 1/2% of the moneys received from the treasurer
 16 of the United States as the state*s shares of oil, gas, and
 17 other mineral royalties under the federal Mineral Lands
 18 Leasing Act, as amended;
- 19 (e) interest and income moneys described in 20-9-341 20 and 20-9-342;
- 21 (f) income from the local impact and education trust
 22 fund account; and
- 23 (g) in addition to these revenues, the surplus
 24 revenues collected by the counties for foundation program
 25 support according to 20-9-331 and 20-9-333 shall be paid

into the same earmarked revenue fund.*

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Section 16. Section 32-1-413, MCA, is amended to read: #32-1-413. Borrowing money for capital purposes -status of capital. Notwithstanding any other provision of laws any commercial banks savings banks trust company, or investment company, now in existence or which may be hereafter formed, shall have the power to borrow money for capital purposes upon such terms and conditions as may be approved by the department and for this purpose may issue capital notes or debentures therefor, such notes or debentures to be subordinate in right of payment to the payment in full of all deposits of such bank, savings bank, trust company, or investment company. The amount of money so borrowed shall be considered as capital for the purpose of determining the maximum amount of money that may be loaned by such bank, savings bank, trust company, or investment company to any person, partnership, or corporation and for the purpose of determining the maximum amount of money which such bank may borrow and for all other purposes of bank capital as may be required by lawy-except-thot-the-money--so borrowed---shall---not---in---any--event--be--considered--in ascertaining-the-value-and-assessment-of-shares-of-any--bank for-the-purpose-of-texation."

24 Section 17. Repealer. Sections 15-6-106, 15-24-501 25 through 15-24-508, and 15-24-603, MCA, are repealed. 1 Section 18. Effective date. This act is effective for

2 taxable years beginning on or after December 31, 1978.

-End-

HB 150

STATE OF MONTANA

REQUEST NO. 56-79

FISCAL NOTE

Form BD-15

In compliance with a written request received January 19, 19, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note
for House Bill 150 pursuant to Chapter 53, Laws of Montana, 1965 - Thirty-Ninth Legislative Assembly.
Background information used in developing this Fiscal Note is available from the Office of Budget and Program Planning, to members
of the Legislature upon request.

DESCRIPTION

An act changing the method of taxing banks and savings and loan associations for local governments; removing the Corporation License Tax exemption for interest from state and local obligations; repealing the tax on moneyed capital and shares of banks; providing * for a different method of collecting and distributing Corporation License Taxes paid by banks and savings and loan associations; and providing an effective date.

- ASSUMPTIONS

- 1) The present method of valuing bank shares is effective through 1978; however, for purposes of comparison, it is assumed to continue throughout the biennium.
- 2) The historic growth in tax revenues from bank shares will continue throughout the biennium.
- 3) The historic growth in saving and loan association and bank income will continue throughout the biennium.
 - 4) All Corporation License Tax collected from saving and loan associations and banks will go to local governments.
- 5) The state levy is 6 mills for the university system.

F]	ISCAL IMPACT		
		FY80	FY81
` Co	orporation License Tax Collections		
	under current law	\$35.00 M	\$35.00 M
	under proposed law	33.15 M	33.00 M
*	Estimated Decrease	$(\frac{\$ 1.85 \text{ M}}{})$	(\$2.00 M)
6	Mill University Levy		
-	under current law	\$.14 M	\$.16 M
	under proposed law	0	0
	Estimated Decrease	(\$.14 M)	(\$.16 M)
To	otal Revenue		
	under current law	\$35.14 M	\$35.16 M
•	under proposed law	33.15 M	33.00 M
	Estimated Decrease	(\$ 1.99 M)	(\$2.16 M)
		*	

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 2)

BUDGET DIRECTOR

Office of Budget and Program Planning

Date: 1/2 5 / 79

Form BD-15

In compliance with a written request received	January 19 , 19 79 ,	there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Not
for House Bill 150 pursuant	t to Chapter 53, Laws of Montana, 1965	- Thirty-Ninth Legislative Assembly.
Background information used in developing this Fis	cal Note is available from the Office of	Budget and Program Planning, to membe
of the Legislature upon request.		<u> </u>
_ ^		
Page 2		
FUND INFORMATION		
	FY 80	<u>FY 81</u>
General Fund		
under current law	\$22.400 M	\$22.400 M
under proposed law	21.216 M	21.120 M
Estimated Decrease	(<u>\$ 1.184 M</u>)	(<u>1.280 M</u>)
Earmarked Revenue Fund		
(School Foundation Program)		
under current law	\$ 8.750 M	\$ 8.750 M
under proposed law	8.288 M	8.250 M
Estimated Decrease	(\$.463 M)	(\$.500 M)
Sinking Fund		
under current law	\$ 3.850 M	\$ 3.850 M
under proposed law	3.646 M	3.630 M
Estimated Decrease	(<u>\$.203 M</u>)	(\$.220 M)
6 Mill University Levy		
under current law	\$.140 M	\$.160 M
under proposed law	00	00
Estimated Decrease	(\$.140 M	(\$.160 M)

It is noted that revenues to the Public School Equalization Earmarked Revenue Account are used to support the Public School Foundation Program; therefore, any decrease in revenues to that accounting entity either (1) results in a decrease in the Foundation Program schedules, (2) requires additional support from other contributors to the Foundation Program (oil and gas royalties, corporation license tax, individual income tax, State General Fund appropriation, etc.), or (3) requires a state deficiency levy.

Also, for all practicable purposes, revenue decreases to the Long-Range Building Sinking Account are decreases to the General Fund since collections in excess of debt service requirements are transferred to the General Fund.

BUDGET DIRECTOR
Office of Budget and Program Planning
Date:

STATE OF MONTANA

REQUEST NO. 56-79

FISCAL NOTE

Form BD-15

	January 19 , 19 79 , there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note			
for House Bill 150 pursuant	to Chapter 53, Laws of Montana, 1965 - Thirty-Ninth Legislative Assembly,			
Background information used in developing this Fiscal Note is available from the Office of Budget and Program Planning, to members				
of the Legislature upon request.				

Page 3

EFFECT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENTS

Local governments would lose \$100,000 in FY80 and \$400,000 in FY81 if this proposal were to be enacted. Even though the total revenues to local governments are almost the same, the money will not necessarily go to the same taxing jurisdictions as under the bank shares tax. In addition there will be no first half payment for property tax on bank shares in November 1979. The new tax will all be due in May.

LONG-RANGE EFFECTS

The state will lose over \$2 M in Corporation License Tax from saving and loan associations and banks each year this bill is in effect.

TECHNICAL NOTE

Corporations may be granted one to six month extensions, which could delay some payments to local governments into the next fiscal year.

BUDGET DIRECTOR
Office of Budget and Program Planning
Date:

Form BD-15

In compliance with a written request received. March 14......, 19. 79., there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note the Amended Housig Bill 150. pursuant to Chapter 53, Laws of Montana, 1965 - Thirty-Ninth Legislative Assembly.

Background information used in developing this Fiscal Note is available from the Office of Budget and Program Planning, to members of the Legislature upon request.

DESCRIPTION

This proposed bill changes the method of taxing banks and savings and loan associations for local governments; removes the corporation license tax exemption for interest from state and local obligations; repeals the tax on moneyed capital and shares of banks; provides for a different method of collecting and distributing corporation license taxes paid by banks and savings and loan associations; and provides an effective date.

ASSUMPTIONS

- 1) The present method of valuing bank shares is effective through 1978; however, for purposes of comparison, it is assumed to continue throughout the biennium.
- 2) The historic growth in the revenues from bank shares will continue throughout the biennium.
- 3) The historic growth in saving and loan association and bank income will continue throughout the biennium.
- 4) The corporation license tax collected from saving and loan associations and banks will be split with 80% going to local governments and 20% going to the state.
- 5) The state levy is 6 mills for the university system.

FISCAL IMPACT

*	FY 80	FY 81
Corporation fidense Tax Collections		
under current law	\$35.000 M	\$35.000 M
under proposed law	34.330 M	34.217 M
Estimated Decrease	(<u>\$.670 M</u>)	(<u>\$.783 M</u>)
6 Mill University Levy		
under current law	\$.14 M	\$.16 M
under proposed law	0	0
Estimated Decrease	(\$.14 M)	(\$.16 M)
Potal Revenue		
under current law	\$35.140 M	\$35.160 M
under proposed law	34.330 M	34.217 M
Estimated Decrease	(\$.810 M)	(\$.943 M)

(Continued on Page 2)

Ruhand Linunger BUDGET DIRECTOR

Office of Budget and Program Planning

Date: 7/15/78

Form BD 15

In compliance with a written request received <u>March 14</u>, 19 79, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for <u>Amended House Bill 150</u>, pursuant to Chapter 53, Laws of Montana, 1965. Thirty-Ninth Legislative Assembly.

Background information used in developing this Fiscal Note is available from the Office of Budget and Program Planning, to members of the Legislature upon request.

Page 2		
FUND INFORMATION		
	FY 80	FY 81
General Fund		
under current law	\$22.400 M	\$22.400 M
under proposed law	21.971 M	21.899 M
Estimated Decrease	(\$.429 M)	(\$.501 M)
Earmarked Revenue Fund		
(School Foundation Program)		
under current law	\$ 8.750 M	\$ 8.750 M
under proposed law	8.583 M	8.554 M
Estimated Decrease	(\$.167 M)	(\$.196 M)
Sinking Fund		
under current law	\$ 3.850 M	\$ 3.850 M
under proposed law	3.776 M	3.764 M
Estimated Decrease	(\$.074 M)	(\$.086 M)
6 Mill University Levy		
under current law	\$.140 M	\$.160 M
under proposed law	0	0
Estimated Decrease	(\$.140 M)	(\$.160 M)

Revenues from the Earmarked Revenue Account are used to support the Public School Foundation Program. Therefore, any decrease in revenues to that program may necessitate additional support from other sources.

EFFECT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENTS

Local governments would lose \$1.280 M in FY80 and \$1.631 M in FY81 if this proposal were to be enacted. There will also be a redistribution of revenues amongst local governments as the monies will not necessarily go to the taxing jurisdictions in the same proportions as the bank shares tax. There will be no first half payment for property tax on bank shares in November 1979. The new tax will all be due in May. Corporations may be granted one to six month extensions, which could delay some payments to local governments into the next fiscal year.

LONG-RANGE EFFECTS

The state will lose over \$1 million in corporation license tax from saving and loan associations and banks each year this proposal is in effect after the 80-80 biennium.

BUDGE	T DIM	ect	OR			
Office o	f Budg	rt an	d Pro	gram	Plan	ming
Date:						

(Continued on page 3)

Form BD-15

In compliance with a written request received <u>March 14</u>, 19, 79, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for <u>Amended Bill 150</u> pursuant to Chapter 53, Laws of Montana, 1965 - Thirty-Ninth Legislative Assembly.

Background information used in developing this Fiscal Note is available from the Office of Budget and Program Planning, to members of the Legislature upon request.

Page 3

TECHNICAL NOTES

- Section 5 starts on page 9 line 17. This section has the returns first coming to the state which transmits the liability to the counties. The counties send a notice to the banks and saving and loan associations. The payment is then made to the county. Section 6 starting on page 11 line 10 then has the county treasurer remit monies to the state. There are several lags and mailings in these two sections. Administration would be much easier if the return and payment came to the state, which is the current system under corporation license tax. The state would then remit 80% of the payment to the counties.
- 2) Section 6 paragraph (4) lines 5-9 page 12 has monies from branches in more than one county to be distributed by a Department of Revenue rule. This should be changed to branches in more than one location. There are several saving and loan associations with more than one branch in a county. This may cause a shortfall in revenues to these areas.

PREPARED BY DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

BUDGET DIRECTOR
Office of Budget and Program Planning
Date:

46th Legislature HB 0150/02

HOUSE BILL NO. 150

1

Approved by Committee on Texation

SIVERTSEN, VINCENT BY REQUEST OF THE REVENUE OVERSIGHT COMMITTED A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: MAN ACT CHANGING THE MI TAXING BANKS AND SAVINGS AND LUAN ASSOCIATIONS OF GOVERNMENTS; REMOVING THE CORPORATION LICENSE TAX OF TAX ON MONEYED CAPITAL AND SHARES OF BANKS; PROVIDED LICENSE TAXES PAID BY BANKS AND SAVINGS AND ASSOCIATIONS; AMENDING SECTIONS 7-6-206, 15-1-501, 11 15-8-11, 15-24-701, 15-24-801, 15-31-101, 15 15-31-502, 17-5-408, 20-9-343, AND 32-1-413, MCA; 5	
A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: MAN ACT CHANGING THE ME TAXING BANKS AND SAVINGS AND LUAN ASSOCIATIONS OF GOVERNMENTS; REMOVING THE CORPORATION LICENSE TAX OF TAX ON MONEYED CAPITAL AND SHARES OF BANKS; PROVIDE DIFFERENT METHOD OF COLLECTING AND DISTRIBUTING COR LICENSE TAXES PAID BY BANKS AND SAVINGS ASSOCIATIONS; AMENDING SECTIONS 7-6-206, 15-1-501, 15 ASSOCIATIONS; AMENDING SECTIONS 7-6-206, 15-1-501, 15	
A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: MAN ACT CHANGING THE MITTAXING BANKS AND SAVINGS AND LUAN ASSOCIATIONS OF GOVERNMENTS; REMOVING THE CORPORATION LICENSE TAX OF THE FOR INTEREST FROM STATE AND LOCAL OBLIGATIONS; REPER DISTANCE OF BANKS; PROVIDED DIFFERENT METHOD OF COLLECTING AND DISTRIBUTING CONTINUENCE TAXES PAID BY BANKS AND SAVINGS ASSOCIATIONS; AMENDING SECTIONS 7-6-206, 15-1-501, 15-15-111, 15-24-701, 15-24-801, 15-31-101, 15-15-111, 15-15-111, 15-15-111, 15-15-111, 15-15-111, 15-15-111, 15-15-111, 15-15-111, 15-15-111, 15-15-111, 15-15-111, 15-15-111, 15-15-111, 15-15-111, 15-15-111, 15-15-111, 15-15-111, 15-15-111, 15-15-111, 15-15-111, 15-15-111, 15-15-111, 15-15-111, 15-15-1111, 15-15-1111, 15-15-1111, 15-15-1111, 15-15-1111, 15-15-1111, 15-15-1111, 15-15-1111, 15-15-1111, 15-15-1111, 15-15-1111, 15-15-1111, 15-15-1111, 15-15-1111, 15-15-1111, 15-15-1111, 15-15-1111, 15-15-11111, 15-15-11111, 15-15-1111111111	5
TAXING BANKS AND SAVINGS AND LUAN ASSOCIATIONS OF GOVERNMENTS; REMOVING THE CORPORATION LICENSE TAX OF FOR INTEREST FROM STATE AND LOCAL OBLIGATIONS; REPEATED THAT ON MONEYED CAPITAL AND SHARES OF BANKS; PROVIDED LICENSE TAXES PAID BY BANKS AND SAVINGS AND SAVINGS ASSOCIATIONS; AMENDING SECTIONS 7-6-206, 15-1-501, 15-15-11, 15-24-701, 15-24-801, 15-31-101, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-11, 15-15-1	
B GOVERNMENTS; REMOVING THE CORPORATION LICENSE TAX 19 9 FOR INTEREST FROM STATE AND LOCAL OBLIGATIONS; REPER 10 TAX ON MONEYED CAPITAL AND SHARES OF BANKS; PROVIDE 11 DIFFERENT METHOD OF COLLECTING AND DISTRIBUTING COR 12 LICENSE TAXES PAID BY BANKS AND SAVINGS ASSOCIATIONS; AMENDING SECTIONS 7-6-206+ 15-1-501+ 11 14 15-8-111+ 15-24-701+ 15-24-801+ 15-31-101+ 15	ETHOD OF
9 FOR INTEREST FROM STATE AND LOCAL OBLIGATIONS; REPER 10 TAX ON MONEYED CAPITAL AND SHARES OF BANKS; PROVIOUS DIFFERENT METHOD OF COLLECTING AND DISTRIBUTING COELLICENSE TAXES PAID BY BANKS AND SAVINGS ASSOCIATIONS; AMENDING SECTIONS 7-6-206, 15-1-501, 15-8-111, 15-24-701, 15-24-801, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101, 15-31-101,	OR LOCAL
TAX ON MONEYED CAPITAL AND SHARES OF BANKS; PROVIDED 11 DIFFERENT METHOD OF COLLECTING AND DISTRIBUTING COR 12 LICENSE TAXES PAID BY BANKS AND SAVINGS ASSOCIATIONS; AMENDING SECTIONS 7-6-206, 15-1-501, 11 14 15-8-111, 15-24-701, 15-24-801, 15-31-101, 15	EXEMPTIO
DIFFERENT METHOD OF COLLECTING AND DISTRIBUTING COR LICENSE TAXES PAID BY BANKS AND SAVINGS A ASSOCIATIONS; AMENDING SECTIONS 7-6-206+ 15-1-501+ 1 14 15-8-111+ 15-24-701+ 15-24-801+ 15-31-101+ 15	LING THE
12 LICENSE TAXES PAID BY BANKS AND SAVINGS A 13 ASSOCIATIONS; AMENDING SECTIONS 7-6-206, 15-1-501, 1 14 15-8-111, 15-24-701, 15-24-801, 15-31-101, 15	ING FOR
13 ASSOCIATIONS; AMENDING SECTIONS 7-6-206, 15-1-501, 1 14 15-8-111, 15-24-701, 15-24-801, 15-31-101, 15	PORATION
14 15-8-111, 15-24-701, 15-24-801, 15-31-101, 15	IND LOAM
	5-8-104
15 15-31-502- 17-5-408- 20-9-343- AND 32-1-413- MCA: 5	-31-114
15-31 3024 11 3-4004 20-4-3434 MM 3E-1-4134 HCM1	REPEALING
16 SECTIONS 15-6-106, 15-24-501 THROUGH 15-24-50	384 AND
17 15-24-603, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.*	
is	
19 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MOR	TANA:
20 <u>NEW SECTION</u> Section 1. Purpose. The leg	gislature
21 recognizes that the property tax on moneyed capital	and bank
22 shares is an important element in the tax bases	of many
23 local governments. Since, however, the current	method of
24 valuing bank shares has legal defects, may be caus	sing the
25 undercapitalization of Montana's banks, and imp	ooses ar

inequitable tax burden on some financial institutions, the ì 2 legislature hereby repeals this tax. Banks and savings and loan associations will be taxed on a more equitable basis, 3 their net income. To make their basis for computing net income comparable to other businesses, the legislature repeals the corporation license tax deduction for interest 7 on public obligations. To replace the property tax revenue lost to local governments, all corporation license taxes В 9 paid by banks and savings and loan associations will be 10 collected by counties and distributed to the various local 11 governments, based on their current mill levies.

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HB 0150/02

Section 2. Section 15-31-101, MCA, is amended to read:

"15-31-101. Organizations subject to tax. (1) The term
"corporation" includes associations, joint-stock companies,
common-law trusts and business trusts which do business in
un organized capacity, and 311 other corporations whether
created, organized, or existing under and pursuant to the
laws, agreements, or declarations of trust of any state,
country, or the United States.

- 20 (2) The terms "engaged in business" and "doing business" both mean actively engaging in any transaction for 22 the purpose of financial or pecuniary gain or profit.
 - (3) Every corporation, except as hereinafter provided and except as provided in 33-2-705(5), engaged in business in the state of Montana shall annually pay to the state

-2- HB 150

treasurer as a license fee for the privilege of carrying on business in this state such percentage or percentages of its total net income for the preceding taxable year at the rate hereinafter set forth. In the case of corporations having income from business activity which is taxable both within and without this state, the license fee shall be measured by the net income derived from or attributable to Montana sources as determined under part 3. This tax is due and payable on the 15th day of the 5th month following the close of the taxable year of the corporation; however, the tax becomes a lien as provided in this chapter on the last day of the taxable year in which the income was earned and is for the privilege of carrying on business in this state for the taxable year in which the income was earned.

- of Montana₁ or of any other state₂ and or every-national bank-organized-under-the-laws of the United States and every savings and loan association organized under the laws of this state or of the United States are is subject to the Montana corporation license tax provided for under this chapter. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 1972, this subsection is effective in accordance with Public Law 91-156, section 2 (12 U-S-C- 548).**
- Section 3. Section 15-31-114. MCA+ is amended to read:

 #15-31-114. Deductions allowed in computing income. In

computing the net income. the following deductions shall be allowed from the gross income received by such corporation within the year from all sources:

- (1) All the ordinary and necessary expenses paid or incurred during the taxable year in the maintenance and operation of its business and properties, including reasonable allowance for salaries for personal services actually rendered, subject to the limitation hereinafter contained, rentals or other payments required to be made as a condition to the continued use or possession of property to which the corporation has not taken or is not taking title or in which it has no equity. No deduction shall be allowed for salaries paid upon which the recipient thereof has not paid Montana state income tax; provided, however, that where domestic corporations are taxed on income derived from without the state, salaries of officers paid in connection with securing such income shall be deductible.
- (2) (a) All losses actually sustained and charged off within the year and not compensated by insurance or otherwise, including a reasonable allowance for the wear and tear and obsolescence of property used in the trade or business, such allowance to be determined according to the provisions of section 167 of the Internal Revenue Code in effect with respect to the taxable year. All elections for depreciation shall be the same as the elections made for

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federal income tax purposes. No deduction shall be allowed for any amount paid out for any buildings, permanent improvements, or betterments made to increase the value of any property or estate, and no deduction shall be made for any amount of expense of restoring property or making good the exhaustion thereof for which an allowance is or has been made.

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(b) (i) There shall be allowed as a deduction for the taxable period a net operating loss deduction determined according to the provisions of this subsection. The net operating loss deduction is the aggregate of net operating loss carryovers to such taxable period plus the net operating loss carrybacks to such taxable period. The term "net operating loss" means the excess of the deductions allowed by this section, 15-31-114, over the gross income, with the modifications specified in (ii) of this subsection. If for any taxable period beginning after December 31, 1970, a net operating loss is sustained, such loss shall be a net operating loss carryback to each of the three taxable periods preceding the taxable period of such loss and shall be a net operating loss carryover to each of the five taxable periods following the taxable period of such loss. A net operating loss for any taxable period ending after December 31, 1975, in addition to being a net operating loss carryback to each of the three preceding taxable periods.

- shall be a net operating loss carryover to each of the seven taxable periods following the taxable period of such loss. The portion of such loss which shall be carried to each of the other taxable years shall be the excess, if any, of the amount of such loss over the sum of the net income for each of the prior taxable periods to which such loss was carried. For purposes of the preceding sentence, the net income for such prior taxable period shall be computed with the modifications specified in (ii)(B) of this subsection and by determining the amount of the net operating loss deduction without regard to the net operating loss for the loss period or any taxable period thereafter, and the net income so computed shall not be considered to be less than zero.
- (ii) The modifications referred to in (i) of this subsection shall be as follows:
 - (A) No net operating loss deduction shall be allowed.
- (B) The deduction for depletion shall not exceed the amount which would be allowable if computed under the cost method.
- (() Any net operating loss carried over to any taxable years beginning after December 31: 1978: must be calculated under the provisions of this section effective for the taxable year for which the return claiming the net operating loss carryover is filed:
- 25 (iii) A net operating loss deduction shall be allowed

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only with regard to losses attributable to the business
carried on within the state of Montana.

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- (iv) In the case of a merger of corporations, the surviving corporation shall not be allowed a net operating loss deduction for net operating losses sustained by the merged corporations prior to the date of merger. In the case of a consolidation of corporations, the new corporate entity shall not be allowed a deduction for net operating losses sustained by the consolidated corporations prior to the date of consolidation.
- (v) Notwithstanding the provisions of 15-31-531.

 interest shall not be paid with respect to a refund of tax resulting from a net operating loss carryback or carryover.
- (vi) The net operating loss deduction shall not be allowed with respect to taxable periods which ended on or before December 31. 1970. but shall be allowed only with respect to taxable periods beginning on or after January 1. 1971.
- and gas wells, and timber, a reasonable allowance for depletion and for depreciation of improvements; such reasonable allowance to be determined according to the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code in effect for the taxable year. All elections made under the Internal Revenue Code with respect to capitalizing or expensing exploration

and development costs and intangible drilling expenses for corporation license tax purposes shall be the same as the elections made for federal income tax purposes.

- (4) The amount of interest paid within the year on its indebtedness incurred in the operation of the business from which its income is derived; but no interest shall be allowed as a deduction if paid on an indebtedness created for the purchase, maintenance, or improvement of property or for the conduct of business unless the income from such property or business would be taxable under this part.
- {5}--interest-income-from-obligations-of-the--state--or any-political-subdivision-or-municipality-of-the-state
- 13 (6)151 (a) Taxes paid within the year except the 14 following:
 - (i) Taxes imposed by this part.
 - (ii) Taxes assessed against local benefits of a kind tending to increase the value of the property assessed.
- 18 (iii) Taxes on or according to or measured by net 19 income or profits imposed by authority of the government of 20 the United States.
- 21 (iv) Taxes imposed by any other state or country upon
 22 or measured by net income or profits.
- 23 (b) Taxes deductible under this part shall be 24 construed to include taxes imposed by any county, school 25 district, or municipality of this state.

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1 (7)(6) That portion of an energy-related investment
2 allowed as a deduction under 15-32-103.**

Section 4. Section 15-31-502, MCA, is amended to read:

#15-31-502. Assessment and payment of tax, penalty,
and interest. All taxpayers shall compute the amount of tax
payable under this chapter and shall remit such amount to
the department of revenue, except as provided in [section
5]; on or before the 15th day of the 5th month following the
close of the taxable period. If the tax is not paid on or
before the due date, there shall be assessed a penalty of
10% of the amount of the tax unless it is shown that the
failure was due to reasonable cause and not due to neglect.

If any tax due under this chapter is not paid when due, by
reason of extension granted or otherwise, interest shall be
added thereto at the rate of 9% per annum from the due date
until paid.**

NEW_SECTION: Section 5. Banks and savings and loan associations -- special provisions for filing returns and payment of taxes. (1) County treasurers shall collect corporation license taxes paid by banks and savings and loan associations.

22 (2) Within 10 days after receiving a corporation
23 license tax return from a bank or savings and loan
24 association, the department of revenue shall transmit to the
25 county treasurer of the county in which the business is

located a statement showing its tax liability. To insure the confidentiality of the return, as required under 15-31-507, the statement sent to the treasurer shall show only the name and address of the bank or savings and loan association and its tax liability.

- 6 (3) Within 5 days after receiving a corporation
 7 license tax statement, a county treasurer shall send to the
 8 business a demand for payment in the amount shown on the
 9 statement.
 - (4) The bank or savings and loan association shall make payment to the county treasurer within 5 days after receiving a demand for payment.
 - (5) If the department of revenue determines, under the provisions of 15-31-503 and 15-31-531, that a bank or savings and loan association owes more taxes than shown on the original return or has paid more than the tax, penalty, or interest due in any year, it shall notify the bank or savings and loan association and the county treasurer of the county in which the business is located. Additional payment is due within 10 days after receipt of the final determination of taxes due. County treasurers shall issue warrants for overpayment and interest, as provided in 15-31-531.
- (6) The department shall continue to exercise all its
 duties and powers outlined in this title with respect to

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- auditing returns and enforcing payment of the corporation 1 license taxes owed by banks and savings and loan 2 3 associations. Any delinquent taxes collected from the sale of property of a bank or savings and loan association under the provisions of 15-31-525 shall be transmitted to the 5 county in which the corporation owing the delinquent taxes 7 is located. The only duties of the county treasurers in this 8 regard are collecting the taxes, issuing refunds, and 9 distributing the taxes to local taxing jurisdictions.
- 10 <u>MEW SECTION</u> Section 6. Distribution of corporation
 11 license taxes collected by county treasurers. (1) All
 12 corporation license taxes collected by county treasurers
 13 shall be distributed IN THE FOLLOWING MANNER:
- 14 1A) 203 MUSI BE REMITTED TO THE STATE TREASURER TO BE
 15 ALLOCATED AS PROVIDED IN 15-1-501(2); AND

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- IB) 80% MUSI BE ALLOCATED to the various taxing jurisdictions within the county in which the bank or savings and loan association is located.
- (2) The corporation license taxes coffeeted DISTRIBUTED_UNDER_SUBSECTION_(1)[B] shall be allocated to each taxing jurisdiction in the proportion that its mill levy for that fiscal year bears to the total mill levy of the taxing authorities of the district in which the bank or savings and loan association is located.
- 25 (3) "Taxing jurisdictions" means, for the purposes of

this section. all taxing authorities within a county permitted under state law to levy mills against the taxable value of property in the taxing district in which the bank or savings and loan association is located.

- (4) If a return filed by a bank or savings and loan association involves branches or offices in multiple-taxing jurisdictions HORE THAN ONE COUNTY: the department of revenue shall provide a method by rule for equitable distribution AMONG THOSE COUNTIES.
- NEW_SECTION. Section 7. Moneyed capital and shares of banks exempt. (1) Moneyed capital and shares of banks are exempt from taxation.
- 13 (2) "Moneyed capital" means money, bonds, notes, and
 14 other evidence of indebtedness, including evidence of
 15 indebtedness secured by a mortgage on real or personal
 16 property, in the hands of individual citizens and
 17 corporations coming into competition with the business of
 18 national banks or employed in conducting a banking or
 19 investment business.
 - Section 8. Section 7-6-206. MCA, is amended to read:

 #7-6-206. Time deposits. (1) Such public money not necessary for immediate use by such county. city. or town which is not invested in direct obligations of the United States government as authorized in 7-6-202 may be placed in time or savings deposits with any banky--building--and--loon

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association or savings and loan association in the county.

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- (2) when more than one banky-building-end--loom association or savings and loan association is available in any county for the deposit of such county funds or in any city or town for the deposit of such city or town funds, such funds may be distributed ratably among all of such banksy-building-end-loom-associations and loan associations qualifying therefor and substantially in proportion to the total property taxes paid during the preceding year in such county or the county in which such city or town is locatedy-including-taxes-on-shares--of--bank stocky and the corporation license taxes paid by each such banky-building-end-loan-associationy or savings and loan association willing to receive such time or savings deposits under the terms of this part.
- (3) In lieu of a ratable distribution among banksy building—and—loan—associations within the county, city, or town, the local governing body may solicit bids without advertising from any banky—building—and—loan—association, or savings and loan association in a county having at least two such financial institutions. Such institutions may request in writing that they he listed for solicitation on bids for public money not necessary for immediate use by the unit of local government.

- ı In counties having less than two such institutions, the 2 local governing body may solicit bids from and deposit 3 public money in such institutions in neighboring counties unless the local financial institution agrees to pay the same rate of interest bid by the neighboring financial institutions. The governing body may solicit bids by notice 7 sent by mail to the investment institutions whose names are listed as provided herein. The provisions of this 9 subsection shall be considered as meeting the requirements 10 of subsection (2).*
 - Section 9. Section 15-1-501. MCA. is amended to read:

 #15-1-501. Disposition of moneys from certain
 designated license and other taxes. (1) The state treasurer
 shall deposit to the credit of the state general fund all
 moneys received by him from the collection of:
- (a) automobile driver's license fees under subsections(1) through (6) of 61-5-111;
- 18 (b) electric energy producer's license taxes under 19 chapter 51;
- 20 (c) metalliferous mines license taxes under chapter
 21 37;
 - (d) oil producer's license taxes under chapter 36;
- 23 (e) liquor license taxes under Title 16;
- 24 (f) telephone license taxes under chapter 53; and
 - (q) inheritance and estate taxes under Title 72.

chapter 16.

- the collection of income taxes under chapter 30 and corporation license and income taxes under chapter 31.

 except as provided in [section b]. shall be deposited in the general fund subject to the prior pledge and appropriation of such income tax and corporation license tax collections for the payment of long-range building program bonds. The remaining 25% of the proceeds of the corporation license tax. excluding that collected ALLOCATED ID THE COUNTIES under [section 6]. corporation income tax. and income tax shall be deposited to the credit of the earmarked revenue fund for state equalization aid to the public schools of Montana.
- (3) The state treasurer shall also deposit to the credit of the state general fund all moneys received by him from the collection of license taxes, fees, and all net revenues and receipts from all other sources under the operation of the Montana Alcoholic Beverage Code.**
- Section 10. Section 15-8-104, MCA, is amended to read:

 "15-8-104. Department audit of taxable value -- costs
 of audit paid by county -- penalty for underreporting. (1)
 When in the judgment of the director of revenue it is
 necessary, audits may be made for the purpose of determining
 the taxable value of net proceeds of mines and oil and gas

- wells, bank-shares, business inventories, and all other types of property subject to ad valorem taxation. The costs incurred by the department, including per diem and mileage expense as well as salaries and benefits, shall be reimbursed from the amount collected as a result of the audit. In the event the property subject to audit is assessed within two or more counties, the department shall allocate the cost among the collections due each of the counties. Reimbursement shall be made solely for audit expense and not for other services provided to the counties by the department and may not exceed the amounts collected.
 - (2) The taxable value of any underreported portion of any business inventory found as a result of an audit to have been underreported by the owner shall be increased by 25% as a penalty for underreporting.
- (3) The 25% penalty may be waived by the department if reasonable cause for failure to report the total value of a business inventory is provided to the department.
- 19 (4) The cost of the audit shall be paid to the state
 20 treasurer for credit to the general fund.**
- Section 11. Section 15-8-111. MCA, is amended to read:

 #15-8-111. Assessment -- market value standard -
 exceptions. (1) All taxable property must be assessed at

 100% of its market value except as provided in subsection

 (5) of this section and in 15-7-111 through 15-7-114.

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1 (2) Market value is the value at which property would 2 change hands between a willing buyer and a willing seller: 3 neither being under any compulsion to buy or to sell and 4 both having reasonable knowledge of relevant facts:

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- (3) The department of revenue or its agents may not adopt a lower or different standard of value from market value in making the official assessment and appraisal of the value of property in class one and classes seven through eighteen. For purposes of taxation, assessed value is the same as appraised value.
- (4) The taxable value for all property in class one and classes seven through eighteen is the percentage of market value established for each class of property in 15-6-102 and 15-6-108 through 15-6-119.
- (5) The assessed value of properties in 15-6-103₂

 15-6-104₃₋₁5-6-105₃ through 15-6-107₃ and 15-6-120 is as follows:
- {a}--Property---in---15-6-186y--under--class--fivey--is
 assessed-at-188%-of-book-value-by-the-method-established--in
 15-6-186-and-the-sections-cited-thereins
- the expenses specified and allowed by 15-23-503.
- tells Properties in 15-6-104, 15-6-105, and 15-6-120, under classes three, four, and nineteen are assessed at 100%

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l of the annual gross proceeds.

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- thick Properties in 15-6-107, under class six, are assessed at 100% of the productive capacity of the lands when valued for agricultural purposes. All lands that meet the qualifications of 15-7-202 are valued as agricultural lands for tax purposes.
 - (6) Land and the improvements thereon are separately assessed when any of the following conditions occur:
- 9 (a) ownership of the improvements is different from 10 ownership of the land;
- (b) the taxpayer makes a written request; or
 - (c) the land is outside an incorporated city or town.
 - (7) The taxable value of all property in classes two through <u>four_and_class</u> six is the percentage of assessed value established in 15-6-103, <u>15-6-104</u>, <u>15-6-105</u>, through <u>and 15-6-107</u>, and <u>15-6-120</u> for each class of property.*
- 17 Section 12. Section 15-24-701, MCA, is amended to 18 read:
 - #15-24-701. Production credit associations —
 assessment and payment. <code>flj Every production credit</code>
 association organized under the provisions of section 1131d
 of Title 12. United States Codes Annotated, shall be
 assessed for and pay taxes upon all real and personal
 property owned by such association—and—alao—upon—the—moneyed
 capital—employed—in-such—businesss—such—moneyed—capital—to

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be-ascertained--by--deducting--from--the--amount--of--loansy including--loans--secured--by--mortgage--on--real--estate-or personal-propertyy-the-amount-of-such-loans--discounted--nnd any--indebtedness--representing--money--borrowed--for-use-os moneyed-capital---5aid-moneyed-capital-shall-be-taxed-at-the same-rate-and-take-the--same---classification--as--shares--of stock--in--a--national--bank--or-moneyed-capital-coming-into substantial-competition-therewith.

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{2}--The-secretary-or--menaging--agent--of--every--such association--shail--furnish-to-the-assessor-of-the-county-in which-the-principal-office-of-such-association--is--locatedy within--5--days--after--demond-therefory-a-statement-in-such detari-as--the--department--of--revenue--or--its--agent--may requirey---verified--by--his--oathy--of--the--resources--and liabilities-of-such-essociation-as-disclosed-by-its-books-at the-close-of-business-on-Becember-31-of-the-preceding--years if--such--secretory-or-managing-agent-shall-fail-to-make-the statement-hereby-requiredy-the-department-or-its-agent-shall forthwith-obtain-such-information-from-any--other--available sourcey--and--for--this--purpose-it-shall-have-access-to-the books-of-such-associations-The-department-or-its-sgent-shall thereupon-make-an-assessment-of-the-real-estate-and-personal property-awned--by--such--association--and--of--the--moneyed capital--employed-in-the-business-of-such-association--which assessment-shall-be-as-fair-and-equitable-as-it-may-be--able

to--make--from--the--best--information--availablev--or--said
assessor-may-for-the-purpose-of-said--assessment--adopt--the
figures---disclosed---by--any--prior--report--made--by--such
association-to-any-state-or-federal-officer-pursuant-to--any
state-or-federal-law--Any-person-required-by-this-saction-to
make--the--statement--hereinabove-provided-who-shall-fail-ta
furnish-the-same-shall-be-guilty-of-a-misdemeanor-and--shall
be-punished-accordingly="

9 Section 13. Section 15-24-801, MCA, is amended to 10 read:

#15-24-801. Building Savings and loan associations —
taxation. (!!) Every building-and-loan-or savings and loan
association subject to regulation under Title 32, chapter 2,
shall be assessed for and pay taxes upon all real and
personal property owned by the association-and-olso-upon-the
moneyed—capital—employed—in—the—business. The-moneyed
capital-shall-be-ascertained-by-deducting-from-the-amount-of
bondsy-notesy-and-other-evidences—of-indebtedness—secured-by
mortgage-on-real-estate-or—personal—propertyy—the—amount
standing-to-the-cradit-of-the-members—of-on-association-upon
its--books—and-any-indebtedness—representing-money-borrowed
for-use-os--moneyed—capital»—The--moneyed—capital—as—so
ascertained—shall—be—taxed—ot-the-same—rate-and-take—the
same—classification-as-shares-of-stock-in-a-national-bank—or

moneyedcapitalcomingintosubstantialcompetition
therewith* The secretary of an association shall furnish to
the department of revenue or its agent in the county in
which the principal office of the association is located.
within 5 days after demand, a condensed statement verified
by his oath of the resources and liabilities of the
association as disclosed by its books at noon on $\ensuremath{January}$
in each year. If the secretary fails to make the statement
hereby required. the department or its agent shall
immediately obtain the information from any other available
source, and for this purpose it shall have access to the
books of the association. The department or its agent shall
thereupon make an assessment of the real estate and personal
property owned by the association-and-of-the-moneyed-capital
employedin-thebusinessoftheassociation: which
assessment shall be as fair and equitable as it way be able
to make from the best information available, or the assessor
may, for the purpose of the assessment, adopt the figures
disclosed by any prior report made by the association to any
state or federal officer under a state or federal law. A
person required by this section to make the statement
provided for in this section who fails to furnish it is
guilty of a misdemeanor.
#2}The-amount-standing-upon-its-books-tothecredit

held-as-the-individual-credit-of-each-membery--Ench-member shall-list-the-shares-held-by-him-for-taxation-at-their-real value--in-moneyy-in-the-county-of-his-residencey-the-same-as other-credits-are-listedy-except--shares--from--which--loans have--been-made-or-money-advanced-by-the-associationy-and-as to-such-shares-they-shall-be-listed-for-taxation-at-the--net cash--value-of-the-stocky-to-be-ascertained-by-deducting-the loan--from--the--cash--value--of--the--sharesy--Associations organized--under--or--controlled-by-Title-32y-chapter-2y-are subject-to-taxation-in-no-other-wayy"

Section 14. Section 17-5-408, MCA, is amended to read:

#17-5-408. Percentage of income, corporation license, and cigarette tax pledged. (1) The state pledges and appropriates and directs to be credited as received to the sinking fund account 11% of all money, except as provided in [section & of this act]; received from the collection of the income tax and the corporation license tax referred to in 15-1-501 and such additional amount of said taxes, if any, as may at any time be needed to comply with the principal and interest and reserve requirements stated in 17-5-405(4), provided that no more than 11% of such tax collections shall be deemed to be pledged for the purpose of 17-5-403(2). The pledge and appropriation herein made shall be and remain at all times a first and prior charge upon all money received from the collection of said taxes.

of--each--member--of--an-association-shall-be-considered-and

(2) The state pledges and appropriates and directs to
be credited to the sinking fund account 15% of all money
received from the collection of the 9-cent excise tax on
cigarettes which is levied, imposed, and assessed by
16-11-111(1). The state also pledges and appropriates and
directs to be credited as received to the sinking fund
account all money received from the collection of each of
the excise taxes on cigarettes which are levied, imposed,
and assessed by subsection (2) and (3) of 16-11-111, as
amended, after the payment and redemption in full of the
outstanding bonds for which said taxes have heretofore been
pledged and appropriated or after the necessary funds have
been set aside for such payment and redemption as provided
in this part. The state also pledges and appropriates and
directs to be credited as received to the sinking fund
account all money received from the collection of the taxes
on other tobacco products which are or may hereafter be
levied+ imposed+ and assessed by law for that purpose+
including the tax levied, imposed, and assessed by
16-11-202. Nothing herein shall impair or otherwise affect
the provisions and covenants contained in the resolutions
authorizing the presently outstanding long-range building
program bonds. Subject to the provisions of the preceding
sentence, the pledge and appropriation herein made shall—be
and remain at all times a first and prior charge upon all

money received from the collection of all taxes referred to in this subsection (2). $^{\circ}$

Section 15. Section 20-9-343, MCA+ is amended to read:

"20-9-343. Definition of and revenue for state
equalization aid. (1) As used in this title, the term "state
equalization aid" means those moneys deposited in the
earmarked revenue fund as required in this section plus any
legislative appropriation of moneys from other sources for
distribution to the public schools for the purpose of
equalization of the foundation program.

- (2) The following shall be paid into the earmarked revenue fund for state equalization aid to public schools of the state:
- (a) 25% of all moneys received from the collection of income taxes under chapter 30 of Title 15;
- (b) 25% of all moneys, except as provided in [section 6 of this act], received from the collection of corporation license taxes under chapter 31 of Title 15, as provided by 15-1-501;
- (c) 10% of the moneys received from the collection of the severance tax on coal under chapter 35 of Title 15;
- (d) 62 1/2% of the moneys received from the treasurer of the United States as the state's shares of oil, gas, and other mineral royalties under the federal Mineral Lands Leasing Act, as amended;

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1	(e)	interest	and	i nc ome	moneys	described	in	20-9-341
2	and 20-9-	342;						

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- (f) income from the local impact and education trust fund account; and
- (y) in addition to these revenues, the surplus revenues collected by the counties for foundation program support according to 20-9-331 and 20-9-333 shall be paid into the same earmarked revenue fund.

Section 16. Section 32-1-413, MCA, is amended to read: *32-1-413. Borrowing money for capital purposes -status of capital. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any commercial bank, savings bank, trust company, or investment company, now in existence or which may be hereafter formed, shall have the power to borrow money for capital purposes upon such terms and conditions as may be approved by the department and for this purpose may issue capital notes or debentures therefor, such notes or dependures to be subordinate in right of payment to the payment in full of all deposits of such bank, savings bank, trust company, or investment company. The amount of money so borrowed shall be considered as capital for the purpose of determining the maximum amount of money that may be loaned by such bank, savings bank, trust company, or investment company to any person, partnership, or corporation and for the purpose of determining the maximum amount of money which

ŧ	such bank may borrow and for all other purposes of bank
?	capital as may be required by laws-except-that-the-money-so
3	borrowedshaffnotinanyeventbeconsideredin
•	oscortoiningthe-volue-and-assessment-of-shares-of-any-bank
,	for-the-purpose-of-taxetion.*
,	Section 17. Repealer. Sections 15-6-106, 15-24-501

through 15-24-508, and 15-24-603, MCA, are repeated.

Section 18. Effective date. This act is effective for taxable years beginning on or after December 31, 1978.

-End-

STATEMENT OF INTENT RE: HB 150

In granting the Department of Revenue rule-making authority in section 6(4). the Senate Taxation Committee intends that the distribution be based on a comparison of total assets or total resources attributable to the branch as opposed to total resources of the main office or according to some other equitable means of determining the distribution.

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1	HOUSE BILL NO. 150
,	INTRODUCED BY FABREGA. HUENNEKENS. WILLIAMS. FAGG.
3	SIVERTSEN. VINCENT
4	BY REQUEST OF THE REVENUE OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT CHANGING THE METHOD OF TAXING BANKS AND SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENTS; REMOVING THE CORPORATION LICENSE TAX EXEMPTION FOR INTEREST FROM STATE AND LOCAL OBLIGATIONS; REPEALING THE TAX ON MONEYED CAPITAL AND SHARES OF BANKS; PROVIDING FOR A DIFFERENT METHOD OF COLLECTING AND DISTRIBUTING CORPORATION LICENSE TAXES PAID BY BANKS AND SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS; AMENDING SECTIONS 7-6-206, 15-1-501, 15-8-104, 15-8-111, 15-24-701, 15-24-801, 15-31-101, 15-31-114, 15-31-502, 17-5-408, 20-9-343, AND 32-1-413, MCA; REPEALING SECTIONS 15-6-106, 15-24-501 THROUGH 15-24-508, AND 15-24-603, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

NEW_SECTION. Section 1. Purpose. The legislature recognizes that the property tax on moneyed capital and bank shares is an important element in the tax bases of many local governments. Since, however, the current method of valuing bank shares has legal defects, may be causing the undercapitalization of Montana's banks, and imposes an

legislature hereby repeals this tax. Banks and savings and loan associations will be taxed on a more equitable basis, their net income. To make their basis for computing net income comparable to other businesses, the legislature repeals the corporation license tax deduction for interest on public obligations. To replace the property tax revenue lost to local governments, all corporation license taxes paid by banks and savings and loan associations will be collected by counties and distributed to the various local governments, based on their current mill levies.

Section 2. Section 15-31-101, MCA, is amended to read:

"15-31-101. Organizations subject to tax. (1) The term

"corporation" includes associations, joint-stock companies,
common-law trusts and business trusts which do business in
an organized capacity, and all other corporations whether
created, organized, or existing under and pursuant to the
laws, agreements, or declarations of trust of any state,
country, or the United States.

- (2) The terms "engaged in business" and "doing business" both mean actively engaging in any transaction for the purpose of financial or pecuniary gain or profit.
- 23 (a) Every corporation, except as hereinafter provided 24 and except as provided in 33-2-705(5), engaged in business 25 in the state of Montana shall annually pay to the state

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treasurer as a license fee for the privilege of carrying on business in this state such percentage or percentages of its total net income for the preceding taxable year at the rate hereinafter set forth. In the case of corporations having income from business activity which is taxable both within and without this state, the license fee shall be measured by the net income derived from or attributable to Nontana sources as determined under part 3. This tax is due and payable on the 15th day of the 5th month following the close of the taxable year of the corporation; however, the tax becomes a lien as provided in this, chapter on the last day of the taxable year in which the income was earned and is for the privilege of carrying on business in this state for the taxable year in which the income was earned.

(4) Every bank organized under the laws of the state of Montana, or of any other state, and or every-netional bank-organized-under-the-laws of the United States and every savings and loan association organized under the laws of this state or of the United States are is subject to the Montana corporation license tax provided for under this chapter. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 1972, this subsection is effective in accordance with Public Law 91-156, section 2 (12 U-S-C- 548).**

Section 3. Section 15-31-114, MCA, is amended to read:
#15-31-114. Deductions allowed in computing income. In

computing the net income: the following deductions shall be allowed from the gross income received by such corporation within the year from all sources:

(1) All the ordinary and necessary expenses paid or incurred during the taxable year in the maintenance and operation of its business and properties, including reasonable allowance for salaries for parsonal services actually rendered, subject to the limitation hereinafter contained, rentals or other payments required to be made as a condition to the continued use or possession of property to which the corporation has not taken or is not taking title or in which it has no equity. No deduction shall be allowed for salaries paid upon which the recipient thereof has not paid Montana state income tax; provided, however, that where domestic corporations are taxed on income derived from without the state, salaries of officers paid in connection with securing such income shall be deductible.

(2) (a) All losses actually sustained and charged off within the year and not compensated by insurance or otherwise, including a reasonable allowance for the wear and tear and obsolescence of property used in the trade or business, such allowance to be determined according to the provisions of section 167 of the Internal Revenue Code in effect with respect to the taxable year. All elections for depreciation shall be the same as the elections made for

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federal income tax purposes. No deduction shall be allowed for any amount paid out for any buildings, permanent improvements, or betterments made to increase the value of any property or estate, and no deduction shall be made for any amount of expense of restoring property or making good the exhaustion thereof for which an allowance is or has been made.

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(b) (i) There shall be allowed as a deduction for the taxable period a net operating loss deduction determined according to the provisions of this subsection. The net operating loss deduction is the aggregate of net operating loss carryovers to such taxable period plus the net operating loss carrybacks to such taxable period. The term "net operating loss" means the excess of the deductions allowed by this section: 15-31-114, over the gross income: with the modifications specified in (ii) of this subsection. If for any taxable period beginning after December 31, 1970, a net operating loss is sustained, such loss shall be a net operating loss carryback to each of the three taxable periods preceding the taxable period of such loss and shall be a net operating loss carryover to each of the five taxable periods following the taxable period of such loss. A net operating loss for any taxable period ending after December 31, 1975, in addition to being a net operating loss carryback to each of the three preceding taxable periods. shall be a net operating loss carryover to each of the seven taxable periods following the taxable period of such loss. The portion of such loss which shall be carried to each of the other taxable years shall be the excess, if any, of the amount of such loss over the sum of the net income for each of the prior taxable periods to which such loss was carried. For purposes of the preceding sentence, the net income for such prior taxable period shall be computed with the modifications specified in (ii)(B) of this subsection and by determining the amount of the net operating loss deduction without regard to the net operating loss for the loss period or any taxable period thereafter, and the net income so computed shall not be considered to be less than zero.

- (ii) The modifications referred to in (i) of this subsection shall be as follows:
 - (A) No net operating loss deduction shall be allowed.
- (3) The deduction for depletion shall not exceed the amount which would be allowable if computed under the cost method.
- (C)_Any_ost_operating_loss_carried_over_to_any_taxable years_beginning_after_Oecember_31._1978:_must_be__calculated under_the_provisions_of_this_section_effective_for_the taxable_year_fur_which_the_return_claiming_the_net_operating loss_carryover_is_filed.
- 25 (iii) A net operating loss deduction shall be allowed

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only with regard to losses attributable to the business carried on within the state of Montana.

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- (iv) In the case of a merger of corporations, the surviving corporation shall not be allowed a net operating loss deduction for net operating losses sustained by the merged corporations prior to the date of merger. In the case of a consolidation of corporations, the new corporate entity shall not be allowed a deduction for net operating losses sustained by the consolidated corporations prior to the date of consolidation.
- (v) Notwithstanding the provisions of 15-31-531.

 interest shall not be paid with respect to a refund of tax
 resulting from a net operating loss carryback or carryover.
- (vi) The net operating loss deduction shall not be allowed with respect to taxable periods which ended on or before December 31. 1970. but shall be allowed only with respect to taxable periods beginning on or after January 1. 1971.
- (3) In the case of mines, other natural deposits, oil and gas wells, and timber, a reasonable allowance for depletion and for depreciation of improvements; such reasonable allowance to be determined according to the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code in effect for the taxable year. All elections made under the Internal Revenue Code with respect to capitalizing or expensing exploration

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and development costs and intangible drilling expenses for corporation license tax purposes shall be the same as the elections made for federal income tax purposes.

- (4) The amount of interest paid within the year on its indebtedness incurred in the operation of the business from which its income is derived; but no interest shall be allowed as a deduction if paid on an indebtedness created for the purchase, maintenance, or improvement of property or for the conduct of business unless the income from such property or business would be taxable under this part.
- (5)--Interest-income-from-obligations-of-the--state--or
 ony-political-subdivision-or-municipality-of-the-states
- 13 (6)(5) (a) Taxes paid within the year except the 14 following:
 - (i) Taxes imposed by this part.
 - (ii) Taxes assessed against local benefits of a kind tending to increase the value of the property assessed.
- 18 (iii) Taxes on or according to or measured by net
 19 income or profits imposed by authority of the government of
 20 the United States.
- 21 (iv) Taxes imposed by any other state or country upon 22 or measured by net income or profits.
 - (b) Taxes deductible under this part shall be construed to include taxes imposed by any county, school district, or municipality of this state.

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(7)(6) That portion of an energy-related investment allowed as a deduction under 15-32-103.**

Section 4. Section 15-31-502. MCA, is amended to read:

#15-31-502. Assessment and payment of tax. penalty.

and interest. All taxpayers shall compute the amount of tax

payable under this chapter and shall remit such amount to

the department of revenue. except as provided in [section

2]: on or before the 15th day of the 5th month following the

close of the taxable period. If the tax is not paid on or

before the due date, there shall be assessed a penalty of

10% of the amount of the tax unless it is shown that the

failure was due to reasonable cause and not due to neglect.

If any tax due under this chapter is not paid when due, by

reason of extension granted or otherwise, interest shall be

added thereto at the rate of 9% per annum from the due date

until paid."

NEM_SECTIONs Section 5. Banks and savings and loan associations -- special provisions for filing returns and payment of taxes. (1) County treasurers shall collect corporation license taxes paid by banks and savings and loan associations.

(2) Within 10 days after receiving a corporation license tax return from a bank or savings and loan association, the department of revenue shall transmit to the county treasurer of the county in which the business is

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located a statement showing its tax liability. To insure the confidentiality of the return, as required under 15-31-507, the statement sent to the treasurer shall show only the name and address of the bank or savings and loan association and its tax liability.

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- (3) Within 5 days after receiving a corporation license tax statement, a county treasurer shall send to the business a demand for payment in the amount shown on the statement.
- (4) The bank or savings and loan association shall make payment to the county treasurer within 5 days after receiving a demand for payment.
- (5) If the department of revenue determines, under the provisions of 15-31-503 and 15-31-531, that a bank or savings and loan association owes more taxes than shown on the original return or has paid more than the tax, penalty, or interest due in any year, it shall notify the bank or savings and loan association and the county treasurer of the county in which the business is located. Additional payment is due within 10 days after receipt of the final determination of taxes due. County treasurers shall issue warrants for overpayment and interest, as provided in 15-31-531.
- (6) The department shall continue to exercise all its duties and powers outlined in this title with respect to

auditing returns and enforcing payment of the corporation license taxes owed by banks and savings and loan associations. Any delinquent taxes collected from the sale of property of a bank or savings and loan association under the provisions of 15-31-525 shall be transmitted to the county in which the corporation owing the delinquent taxes is located. The only duties of the county treasurers in this regard are collecting the taxes, issuing refunds, and distributing the taxes to local taxing jurisdictions.

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<u>NEW SECTIONs</u> Section 6. Distribution of corporation license taxes collected by county treasurers. {1} All corporation license taxes collected by county treasurers shall be distributed IN THE FOLLOWING MANNER:

(A) 20% MUST BE REMITTED TO THE STATE TREASURES TO BE ALLOCATED AS PROVIDED IN 15-1-501(2); AND

IB1 BOX MUSI BE ALLOCATED to the various taxing jurisdictions within the county in which the bank or savings and loan association is located.

- OISTRIBUTED UNDER SUBSECTION (11(8) shall be allocated to each taxing jurisdiction in the proportion that its mill levy for that fiscal year bears to the total mill levy of the taxing authorities of the district in which the bank or savings and loan association is located.
- (3) "Taxing jurisdictions" means, for the purposes of

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this section, all taxing authorities within a county
permitted under state law to levy mills against the taxable
value of property in the taxing district in which the bank
or savings and loan association is located.

- (4) If a return filed by a bank or savings and loan association involves branches or offices in multiple-texing jurisdictions HORE IMAN ONE COUNTY: the department of revenue shall provide a method by rule for equitable distribution AMONG THOSE COUNTIES.
- NEW_SECTION. Section 7. Moneyed capital and shares of banks exempt. (1) Moneyed capital and shares of banks are exempt from taxation.
 - (2) "Moneyed capital" means money, bonds, notes, and other evidence of indebtedness, including evidence of indebtedness secured by a mortgage on real or personal property, in the hands of individual citizens and corporations coming into competition with the business of national banks or employed in conducting a banking or investment business.
 - Section 8. Section 7-6-206. MCA. is amended to read:

 #7-6-206. Time deposits. (1) Such public money not necessary for immediate use by such county. city. or town which is not invested in direct obligations of the United States government as authorized in 7-6-202 may be placed in time or savings deposits with any bank.--building--and--loon

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of subsection (2)."

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essociation or savings and loan association in the county.

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- association or savings and loan association is available in any county for the deposit of such county funds or in any city or town for the deposit of such city or town funds, such funds may be distributed ratably among all of such banksy-building-and-loan-associationsy and loan associations qualifying therefor and substantially in proportion to the total property taxes paid during the preceding year in such county or the county in which such city or town is locatedy-including-taxes-on-shares--of--bank stocky and the corporation license taxes paid by each such banky-building-and-loan-associationy or savings and loan association willing to receive such time or savings deposits under the terms of this part.
- (3) In lieu of a ratable distribution among banks+building--end--loan--associations and savings and loan associations within the county+ city+ or town+ the local governing body may solicit bids without advertising from any bank+-building-end-loan-association* or savings and loan association in a county having at least two such financial institutions. Such institutions may request in writing that they he listed for solicitation on bids for public money not necessary for immediate use by the unit of local government+

local governing body may solicit bids from and deposit public money in such institutions in neighboring counties unless the local financial institution agrees to pay the same rate of interest bid by the neighboring financial institutions. The governing body may solicit bids by notice sent by mail to the investment institutions whose names are listed as provided herein. The provisions of this subsection shall be considered as meeting the requirements

In counties having less than two such institutions, the

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- Section 9. Section 15-1-501. MCA, is amended to read:

 #15-1-501. Disposition of moneys from certain

 designated license and other taxes. (1) The state treasurer

 shall deposit to the credit of the state general fund all

 moneys received by him from the collection of:
- (a) automobile driver*s license fees under subsections(l) through (6) of 61-5-111;
- (b) electric energy producer's license taxes under chapter 51;
- 20 (c) metalliferous mines license taxes under chapter
 21 37;
- 22 (d) oil producer's license taxes under chapter 36;
- 23 (e) liquor license taxes under Title 16;
- 24 (f) telephone license taxes under chapter 53; and
- 25 (g) inheritance and estate taxes under Title 72,

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- the collection of income taxes under chapter 30 and corporation license and income taxes under chapter 31₂ except as provided in [section 6]₁ shall be deposited in the general fund subject to the prior pledge and appropriation of such income tax and corporation license tax collections for the payment of long-range building program bonds. The remaining 252 of the proceeds of the corporation license tax. excluding that entireted ALLOCATED ID THE COUNTIES under [section 6]₂ corporation income tax, and income tax shall be deposited to the credit of the earmarked revenue fund for state equalization aid to the public schools of Montanae.
- (3) The state treasurer—shall also deposit to the credit of the state general fund all moneys received by him from the collection of license—taxes, fees, and all net revenues—and receipts from all other sources under the operation of the Montana Alcoholic Reverage Code.**
- Section 10. Section 15-8-104, MCA, is amended to read:
 #15-8-104. Department audit of taxable value -- costs

 of audit paid by county -- penalty for underreporting. (1)
 When in the judgment of the director of revenue it is
 necessary, audits may be made for the purpose of determining
 the taxable value of net proceeds of mines and oil and gas

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wells, bank-shares, business inventories, and all other types of property subject to ad valorem taxation. The costs incurred by the department, including per diem and mileage expense as well as salaries and benefits, shall be reimbursed from the amount collected as a result of the audit. In the event the property subject to audit is assessed within two or more counties, the department shall allocate the cost among the collections due each of the counties. Reimbursement shall be made solely for audit expense and not for other services provided to the counties by the department and may not exceed the amounts collected.

- (2) The taxable value of any underreported portion of any business inventory found as a result of an audit to have been underreported by the owner shall be increased by 25% as a penalty for underreporting.
- (3) The 25% penalty may be waived by the department if reasonable cause for failure to report the total value of a business inventory is provided to the department.
- (4) The cost of the audit shall be paid to the state treasurer for credit to the general fund."
- Section 11. Section 15-8-111, MCA, is amended to read:

 #15-8-111. Assessment -- market value standard -exceptions. (1) All taxable property must be assessed at
 100% of its market value except as provided in subsection
 (5) of this section and in 15-7-111 through 15-7-114.

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(2) Harket value is the value at which property would
change hands between a willing buyer and a willing seller.
neither being under any compulsion to buy or to sell and
both having reasonable knowledge of relevant facts.

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- (3) The department of revenue or its agents may not adopt a lower or different standard of value from market value in making the official assessment and appraisal of the value of property in class one and classes seven through eighteen. For purposes of taxation, assessed value is the same as appraised value.
- (4) The taxable value for all property in class one and classes seven through eighteen is the percentage of market value established for each class of property in 15-6-102 and 15-6-108 through 15-6-119.
- (5) The assessed value of properties in $15-6-103_{\pm}$ $15-6-104_{\pm}$ $15-6-105_{\pm}$ through $15-6-107_{\pm}$ and 15-6-120 is as follows:
- tat--Property---in---15-6-106v--under--ctass--fivev--is

 assessed-at-100%-of-book-value-by-the-method-established--in

 15-6-106-and-the-sections-cited-thereinv
- tbt(a) Properties in 15-6-103, under class two, are assessed at 100% of the annual net proceeds after deducting the expenses specified and allowed by 15-23-503.
- (c)(b) Properties in 15-6-104. 15-6-105. and 15-6-120.
 under classes three, four, and nineteen are assessed at 100%

1 of the annual gross	proceeds
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- tdic1 Properties in 15-6-107, under class six, are assessed at 100% of the productive capacity of the lands when valued for agricultural purposes. All lands that meet the qualifications of 15-7-202 are valued as agricultural lands for tax purposes.
- 7 (6) Land and the improvements thereon are separately
 8 assessed when any of the following conditions occur:
- 9 (a) ownership of the improvements is different from ownership of the land;
- 11 (b) the taxpayer makes a written request; or
 - (c) the land is outside an incorporated city or town.
- 13 (7) The taxable value of all property in classes two
 14 through <u>four_and_class</u> six is the percentage of assessed
 15 value established in 15-6-103, <u>15-6-104</u>, <u>15-6-105</u>; through
 16 and 15-6-107, and <u>15-6-120</u> for each class of property.**
- 17 Section 12. Section 15-24-701, MCA, is amended to 18 read:
- 19 #15-24-701. Production credit associations assessment and payment. (1) Every production credit 20 association organized under the provisions of section 1131d 21 22 of Title 12, United States Codes Annotated, shall be assessed for and pay taxes upon all real and personal 23 property owned by such association-and-also-upon-the-moneyed 24 capital--employed--in-such-businessy-such-moneyed-capital-to

be-ascertained-by--deducting--from-the--amount--of--toanswinctuding--toans--secured--by--mortgage--on--reat--estata-or personat-propertyw-the-amount-of-such-toans--discounted--and any--indebtedness--representing--money--borrowed--for-use-as moneyed-capitatw--5aid-moneyed-capitat-shait-be-taxed-at-the same-rate-and-take-the--same--ctassification--as--shares--of stock--in--a--national--bank--or-moneyed-capitat-coming-inta substantiat-competition-therewith.

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121--The-secretary-or--monoging--sgent--of--every--such association--shall--furnish-to-the-assessor-of-the-county-in which-the-principol-office-of-such-association--is--locatedy within--5--days--after--demand-therefory-a-statement-in-such detail-ag--the--deportment--of--revenue--or--itg--agent--may requirer---verified--by--his--gathy--of--the--resources--ond timbilities-of-such-association-as-disclosed-by-its-backs-at the-close-of-business-on-Becember-31-of-the-preceding--years if--such--secretary-or-monaging-sect-shall-fail-to-make-the statement-hereby-requiredy-the-department-or-its-agent-shell forthwith-obtain-such-information-from-any--other--ayailable sourcey--and--for--this--purpose-it-shall-have-access-to-the books-of-such-association=-The-department-or-its-agent-shall thereupon-make-on-assessment-of-the-real-estate-and-personal property-owned-by--such--association--and--of--the--moneyed capital--employed-in-the-business-of-such-associationv-which ossessment-shall-be-as-fair-and-equitable-as-it-may-be--able

to--make--from--the--best--information--availablev--or--said essessor-may-for-the-purpose-of-said--assessment--adopt--the 2 figures---disclosed---by--ony--prior--report--mnde--by--such 3 association-to-any-state-or-federal-officer-pursuant-to--any state-or-federal-laws-kny-person-required-by-this-section-to make--the--statement--hereinabove-provided-who-shaff-faif-to furnish-the-same-shall-he-quilty-of-s-misdemeanor-and--shall 8 be-punished-accordingly=" Section 13. Section 15-24-801, MCA, is amended to Q 10 read: 11 #15-24-801. Building Savings and loan associations --12 taxation. (1) Every building-and-loan-or savings and loan 13 association subject to regulation under Title 32, chapter 2, shall be assessed for and pay taxes upon all real and 14 personal property owned by the association-and-also-upon-the 15 moneyed--capital--employed--in--the--business. The-moneyed 16 capital-shall-be-ascertained-by-deducting-from-the-amount-of 17 bondsy-notesy-and-other-evidences--of--indebtedness--of--the 18 association--including-evidences-of-indebtedness-secured-by 19 mortgage-on-real-estate-or--personal--propertyv--the--amount 20 standing-to-the-credit-of-the-members-of-an-association-upon 21 its--books--and-any-indebtedness-representing-money-borrowed 22 for-use-as--moneyed--capitaly--The--moneyed--capital--as--so 23

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ascertained--shall--be--taxed--at-the-same-rate-and-take-the

same-elassification-as-shares-af-stock-in-a-national-bank-or

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moneyed--capital---coming---into---substantipl---competition therewith. The secretary of an association shall furnish to the department of revenue or its agent in the county in which the principal office of the association is located, within 5 days after demand, a condensed statement verified by his oath of the resources and liabilities of the association as disclosed by its books at noon on January 1 in each year. If the secretary fails to make the statement hereby required, the department or its agent shall immediately obtain the information from any other available source, and for this purpose it shall have access to the books of the association. The department or its agent shall thereupon make an assessment of the real estate and personal property owned by the association-and-of-the-moneyed-capital employed--in--the--business--of---the---association, which assessment shall be as fair and equitable as it may be able to make from the best information available, or the assessor may, for the purpose of the assessment, adopt the figures disclosed by any prior report made by the association to any state or federal officer under a state or federal law. A person required by this section to make the statement provided for in this section who fails to furnish it is quilty of a misdemeanor.

+2}--The-amount-standing-upon-its-books-to--the--credit of--each--member--of--an-association-shall-ba-considered-and

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1 held-as-the-individual-credit-of-each--member---Each--member shall-list-tne-snares-held-by-him-for-taxation-st-their-real 3 value--in-moneyy-in-the-county-of-his-residencey-the-same-as other-credits-pre-listedy-except--shares--from--which--loans 5 have--been-made-or-money-advanced-by-the-associationy-and-as to-such-shares-they-shall-be-listed-for-taxation-at-the--net 7 cash--value-of-the-stocky-to-be-ascertained-by-deducting-the toon--from--the--cosh--volue--of--the--shoresy--Associations organized--under--or--controlled-by-Title-32y-chapter-2y-are subject-to-taxation-in-no-other-way**

Section 14. Section 17-5-408, MCA, is amended to read: *17-5-408. Percentage of income. corporation license. and cigarette tax pledged. (1) The state pledges and appropriates and directs to be credited as received to the sinking fund account 11% of all money: except as provided in <u>[section 6 of this actle</u> received from the collection of the income tax and the corporation license tax referred to in 15-1-501 and such additional amount of said taxes, if any, as may at any time be needed to comply with the principal and interest and reserve requirements stated in 17-5-405(4). provided that no more than 11% of such tax collections shall be deemed to be pledged for the purpose of 17-5-403(2). The pledge and appropriation herein made shall be and remain at all times a first and prior charge upon all money received from the collection of said taxes.

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(2) The state pledges and appropriates and directs to be credited to the sinking fund account 15% of all money received from the collection of the 9-cent excise tax on cigarettes which is levied, imposed, and assessed by 16-11-111(1). The state also pledges and appropriates and directs to be credited as received to the sinking fund account all money received from the collection of each of the excise taxes on cigarettes which are levied, imposed, and assessed by subsection (2) and (3) of 16-11-111, as amended, after the payment and redemption in full of the outstanding bonds for which said taxes have heretofore been pledged and appropriated or after the necessary funds have been set aside for such payment and redemption as provided in this part. The state also pledges and appropriates and directs to be credited as received to the sinking fund account all money received from the collection of the taxes on other tobacco products which are or may hereafter be levied, imposed, and assessed by law for that purpose, including the tax levied, imposed, and assessed by 16-11-202. Nothing herein shall impair or otherwise affect the provisions and covenants contained in the resolutions authorizing the presently outstanding long-range building program bonds. Subject to the provisions of the preceding sentence, the pledge and appropriation herein made shall be and remain at all times a first and prior charge upon all

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money received from the collection of all taxes referred to in this subsection (2)." 2

Section 15. Section 20-9-343, MCA, is amended to read: 3 #20-9-343. Definition of and revenue for state equalization aid. (1) As used in this title, the term "state equalization aid* means those moneys deposited in the earmarked revenue fund as required in this section plus any legislative appropriation of moneys from other sources for distribution to the public schools for the purpose of equalization of the foundation program. 10

- (2) The following shall be paid into the earmarked revenue fund for state equalization aid to public schools of the state:
- (a) 25% of all moneys received from the collection of income taxes under chapter 30 of Title 15;
- (b) 25% of all moneys, except as provided in [section 6 of this act] received from the collection of corporation license taxes under chapter 31 of Title 15, as provided by 15-1-501: 19
 - (c) 10% of the moneys received from the collection of the severance tax on coal under chapter 35 of Title 15;
 - (d) 62 1/2% of the moneys received from the treasurer of the United States as the state's shares of oil, gas, and other mineral royalties under the federal Mineral Lands Leasing Act as amended;

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(e) interest and income moneys described in 20-9-341 and 20-9-342;

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- 3 (f) income from the local impact and education trust
 4 fund account; and
 - (g) in addition to these revenues, the surplus revenues collected by the counties for foundation program support according to 20-9-331 and 20-9-333 shall be paid into the same earmarked revenue fund.
 - Section 16. Section 32-1-413, MCA, is amended to read: #32-1-413. Borrowing money for capital purposes -status of capital. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any commercial bank, savings bank, trust company, or investment company, now in existence or which may be hereafter formed, shall have the power to borrow money for capital purposes upon such terms and conditions as may be approved by the department and for this purpose may issue capital notes or debentures therefor, such notes or debentures to be subordinate in right of payment to the payment in full of all deposits of such bank, savings hank, trust company, or investment company. The amount of money so porrowed shall be considered as capital for the purpose of determining the maximum amount of money that may be loaned by such pank, savings bank, trust company, or investment company to any person, partnership, or corporation and for the purpose of determining the maximum amount of money which

- such bank may borrow and for all other purposes of bank
 capital as may be required by lawy-except-thet-the-money-so
 borrowed--shoft--not--in--any---event---be---considered---in
 ascertaining--the-value-and-assessment-of-shares-of-any-bank
 for-the-purpose-of-taxation.**

 Section 17. Repealer. Sections 15-6-106, 15-24-501
 through 15-24-508, and 15-24-603, MCA, are repealed.
- 8 Section 18. Effective date. This act is effective for
 9 taxable years beginning on or after December 31, 1978.

-End-

STATEMENT OF INTENT RE: HB 150

In granting the Department of Revenue rule-making authority in section 6(4), the Senate Taxation Committee intends that the distribution be based on a comparison of total assets or total resources attributable to the branch as opposed to total resources of the main office or according to some other equitable means of determining the distribution.

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46th Legislature HB 0150/03

1	HOUSE BILL NO. 150
2	INTRODUCED BY FABREGA, HUENNEKENS, WILLIAMS, FAGG,
3	SIVERTSEN, VINCENT
4	BY REDUEST OF THE REVENUE OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE
5	
6	A SILE FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT CHANGING THE METHOD OF
7	TAXING BANKS AND SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS FOR LOCAL
8	GOVERNMENTS; REMOVING THE CORPORATION LICENSE TAX EXEMPTION
9	FOR INTEREST FROM STATE AND LOCAL OBLIGATIONS; REPEALING THE
10	TAX ON MONEYED CAPITAL AND SHARES OF BANKS; PROVIDING FOR A
11	DIFFERENT METHOD OF EGELEGFING-AND DISTRIBUTING CORPORATION
12	LICENSE TAXES PAID BY BANKS AND SAVINGS AND LOAN
13	ASSOCIATIONS; AMENDING SECTIONS 7-6-206, 15-1-501, 15-8-104,
14	15-3-111, 15-24-701, 15-24-801, 15-31-101, 15-31-114,
15	15-31-502, 17-5-408, 20-9-343, AND 32-1-413, MCA; REPEALING
16	SECTIONS 15-6-106. 15-24-501 THROUGH 15-24-508. AND
17	15-24-603+ MCA; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.*
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19	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
20	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Purpose. The legislature
21	recognizes that the property tax on moneyed capital and bank
22	shares is an important element in the tax bases of many
23	local governments. Since, however, the current method of

valuing bank shares has legal defects, may be causing the

undercapitalization of Montana's banks, and imposes an

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inequitable tax burden on some financial institutions, the legislature hereby repeals this tax. Banks and savings and loan associations will be taxed on a more equitable basis. their net income. To make their basis for computing net income comparable to other businesses, the legislature repeals the corporation license tax deduction for interest on public obligations. To replace the property tax revenue lost to local governments, ell A PORTION OF THE corporation license taxes paid by banks and savings and loan 10 associations will be collected RECEIVED by counties and 11 distributed to the various local governments, based on their current mill levies. 12 Section 2. Section 15-31-101, MCA, is amended to read: 13 14 *15-31-101. Organizations subject to tax. (1) The term 15 "corporation" includes associations, joint-stock companies, 16 common-law trusts and business trusts which do business in 17 an organized capacity, and all other corporations whether 18 created, organized, or existing under and pursuant to the 19 laws, agreements, or declarations of trust of any state,

country, or the United States.

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and except as provided in 33-2-705(5), engaged in business

(2) The terms "engaged in business" and "doing

(3) Every corporation, except as hereinafter provided

business* both mean actively engaging in any transaction for

the purpose of financial or pecuniary gain or profit.

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in the state of Montana shall annually pay to the state treasurer as a license fee for the privilege of carrying on business in this state such percentage or percentages of its total net income for the preceding taxable year at the rate hereinafter set forth. In the case of corporations having income from business activity which is taxable both within and without this state, the license fee shall be measured by the net income derived from or attributable to Montana sources as determined under part 3. This tax is due and payable on the 15th day of the 5th month following the close of the taxable year of the corporation; however, the tax becomes a lien as provided in this chapter on the last day of the taxable year in which the income was earned and is for the privilege of carrying on business in this state for the taxable year in which the income was earned.

(4) Every bank organized under the laws of the state of Montana, or of any other state, and or every-netional bank-organized under-the-laws of the United States and every savings and loan association organized under the laws of this state or of the United States are is subject to the Montana corporation license tax provided for under this chapter. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 1972, this subsection is effective in accordance with Public Law 91-156, section 2 (12 U.S.C. 548).**

25 Section 3. Section 15-31-114, MCA, is amended to read:

*15-31-114. Deductions allowed in computing income. In computing the net income, the following deductions shall be allowed from the gross income received by such corporation within the year from all sources:

(1) All the ordinary and necessary expenses paid or incurred during the taxable year in the maintenance and operation of its business and properties, including reasonable allowance for salaries for personal services actually rendered, subject to the limitation hereinafter contained, rentals or other payments required to be made as a condition to the continued use or possession of property to which the corporation has not taken or is not taking title or in which it has no equity. No deduction shall be allowed for salaries paid upon which the recipient thereof has not paid Montana state income tax; provided, however, that where domestic corporations are taxed on income derived from without the state, salaries of officers paid in connection with securing such income shall be deductible.

(2) (a) All losses actually sustained and charged off within the year and not compensated by insurance or otherwise, including a reasonable allowance for the wear and tear and obsolescence of property used in the trade or business, such allowance to be determined according to the provisions of section 167 of the Internal Revenue Code in effect with respect to the taxable year. All elections for

depreciation shall be the same as the elections made for federal income tax purposes. No deduction shall be allowed for any amount paid out for any buildings, permanent improvements, or betterments made to increase the value of any property or estate, and no deduction shall be made for any amount of expense of restoring property or making good the exhaustion thereof for which an allowance is or has been made.

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(b) (i) There shall be allowed as a deduction for the taxable period a net operating loss deduction determined according to the provisions of this subsection. The net operating loss deduction is the aggregate of net operating loss carryovers to such taxable period plus the net operating loss carrybacks to such taxable period. The term "net operating loss" means the excess of the deductions allowed by this section, 15-31-114, over the gross income, with the modifications specified in (ii) of this subsection. If for any taxable period beginning after December 31, 1970, a net operating loss is sustained, such loss shall be a net operating loss carryback to each of the three taxable periods preceding the taxable period of such loss and shall be a net operating loss carryover to each of the five taxable periods following the taxable period of such loss. A net operating loss for any taxable period ending after December 31, 1975, in addition to being a net operating loss

carryback to each of the three preceding taxable periods, shall be a net operating loss carryover to each of the seven 4 taxable periods following the taxable period of such loss. The portion of such loss which shall be carried to each of the other taxable years shall be the excess, if any, of the amount of such loss over the sum of the net income for each of the prior taxable periods to which such loss was carried. For purposes of the preceding sentence, the net income for such prior taxable period shall be computed with the 10 modifications specified in (ii)(B) of this subsection and by 11 determining the amount of the net operating loss deduction without regard to the net operating loss for the loss period 12 13 or any taxable period thereafter, and the net income so 14 computed shall not be considered to be less than zero.

- 15 (ii) The modifications referred to in (i) of this 16 subsection shall be as follows:
 - (A) No net operating loss deduction shall be allowed.
 - (8) The deduction for depletion shall not exceed the amount which would be allowable if computed under the cost method.
- 21 (C1 Any net operating loss carried over to any taxable
 22 years beginning after December 31: 1976: must be calculated
 23 under the provisions of this section effective for the
 24' taxable year for which the return claiming the net operating
 25 loss carryover is filed.

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(iii) A net operating loss deduction shall be allowed only with regard to losses attributable to the business carried on within the state of Montana.

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- (iv) In the case of a merger of corporations, the surviving corporation shall not be allowed a net operating loss deduction for net operating losses sustained by the merged corporations prior to the date of merger. In the case of a consolidation of corporations, the new corporate entity shall not be allowed a deduction for net operating losses sustained by the consolidated corporations prior to the date of consolidation.
- (v) Notwithstanding the provisions of 15-31-531, interest shall not be paid with respect to a refund of tax resulting from a net operating loss carryback or carryover.
 (vi) The net operating loss deduction shall not be
- allowed with respect to taxable periods which ended on or before December 31. 1970. but shall be allowed only with respect to taxable periods beginning on or after January 1. 1971.
- (3) In the case of mines, other natural deposits, oil and gas wells, and timber, a reasonable allowance for depletion and for depreciation of improvements; such reasonable allowance to be determined according to the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code in effect for the taxable year. All elections made under the Internal Revenue

- Code with respect to capitalizing or expensing exploration and development costs and intangible drilling expenses for corporation license tax purposes shall be the same as the elections made for federal income tax purposes.
- (4) The amount of interest paid within the year on its indebtedness incurred in the operation of the business from which its income is derived; but no interest shall be allowed as a deduction if paid on an indebtedness created for the purchase, maintenance, or improvement of property or for the conduct of business unless the income from such property or business would be taxable under this part.
- 12 (5)--Interest-income-from-obligations-of-the--state--or
 13 eny-political-subdivision-or-municipality-of-the-state*
- 14 (6)(5) (a) Taxes paid within the year except the 15 following:
 - (i) Taxes imposed by this part.

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- 17 (ii) Taxes assessed against local benefits of a kind 18 tending to increase the value of the property assessed.
- 19 (iii) Taxes on or according to or measured by net 20 income or profits imposed by authority of the government of 21 the United States.
- 22 (iv) Taxes imposed by any other state or country upon
 23 or measured by net income or profits.
- 24 (b) Taxes deductible under this part shall be
 25 construed to include taxes imposed by any county, school

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2 47+(6) That portion of an energy-related investment 3 allowed as a deduction under 15-32-103.** Section 4. Section 15-31-502. MCA. is amended to read: *15-31-502. Assessment and payment of tax: penalty: and interest. All taxpayers shall compute the amount of tax 6 payable under this chapter and shall remit such amount to 7 the department of revenue - except-as -- provided -- in -- faction 8 9 51: on or before the 15th day of the 5th month following the close of the taxable period. If the tax is not paid on or 10 11 before the due date, there shall be assessed a penalty of 10% of the amount of the tax unless it is shown that the 12 13 failure was due to reasonable cause and not due to neglect. 14 If any tax due under this chapter is not paid when due, by reason of extension granted or otherwise, interest shall be 15 16 added thereto at the rate of 9% per annum from the due date until paid.* 17 NEW SECTION. Section 5. Banks-and-savings--and--loan 18 essociations-----special--provisions-for-filing-returns-and 19 20 poyment-of-toxes- DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE -- SPECIAL DULIES 21 FOR TRANSMITTING CORPORATION LICENSE TAX REVENUES COLLECTED 22 FROM BANKS OR SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS TO COUNTIES - +++ 23 County-treasurers-shall-collect--corporation--license--taxes paid-by-banks-and-savings-and-loan-associations. 24 25 12}--Within--18--days--after--receiving--a--corporation

district. or municipality of this state.

1	licansetaxreturnfromebankorsavingsandloss
2	ossociationy-the-department-of-revenue-shall-transmit-to-the
3	countytreasurerofthecountyin-which-the-business-is
4	located-a-statement-showing-its-tax-liability-fa-insure-the
5	confidentiality-of-the-returny-as-required-under15-31-507;
6	the-statement-sent-to-the-treasurer-shall-show-only-the-name
7	endeddress-of-the-bank-or-savings-and-loan-essociation-and
8	its-tox-liability.
9	(3) Within5doysafter receivingacorporatio
10	++consetox-statementy-a-county-treesurer-shall-send-to-the
11	business-a-demand-for-payment-in-theamountshownonthe
12	statement
13	(4)Thebankorsavingsand-toon-association-shall
14	moke-payment-to-the-county-treasurerwithin5daysafter
15	receivingademandforpayment* (11 WITHIN 30 DAYS AFTER
16	BECEIVING CORPORATION LICENSE TAX RETURNS AND PAYMENTS FROM
17	BANKS OR SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS. THE DEPARTMENT OF
18	BEVENUE SHALL TRANSMIT TO THE COUNTY TREASURER OF THE COUNTY
19	IN WHICH THE BUSINESS IS LOCATED THE REVENUES CALCULATED
20	UNDER [SECTION 6(1)181].
21	†5 <u>†121</u> If the department of revenue determines, under
22	the provisions of 15-31-503 and 15-31-531+ that a bank or
23	savings and loan association owes more taxes than shown or
24	the original return or has paid more than the tax, penalty,

or interest due in any year, it shall notify the bank or

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1	savings and loan association and-the-county-treasurer-of-the
2	county-in-which-the-business-is-located. Additional payment
3	is due within 10 days after receipt of the final
4	determination of taxes due. County treasurers shall issue
5	warrants for IHEIR PORTION OF THE overpayment RECEIVED and
6	interest, as provided in 15-31-531.

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its duties and powers outlined in this title with respect to auditing returns and enforcing payment of the corporation license taxes owed by banks and savings and loan associations. Any delinquent taxes collected from the sale of property of a bank or savings and loan association under the provisions of 15-31-525 shall be transmitted to the county in which the corporation owing the delinquent taxes is located. The only duties of the county treasurers in this regard are collecting—the—taxes issuing refunds and distributing the taxes to local taxing jurisdictions.

NEW SECTION. Section 6. Distribution of corporation license taxes collected by-county-treesurers EROM BANKS OR SAYINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS. (1) All corporation license taxes collected by-county-treesurers EROM BANKS AND SAYINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS shall be distributed IN THE FOLLOWING MANNER:

(A) 20% MUST BE REMITTED TO THE STATE TREASURER TO BE
ALLOCATED AS PROVIDED IN 15-1-501(2); AND

1	[8] 80% HUST BE ALLOCATED to the various taxin
2	jurisdictions within the county in which the bank or saving
3	and loam association is located.

- 4 (2) The corporation license taxes coffected
 5 <u>DISTRIBUTED UNDER SUBSECTION (11(8)</u> shall be allocated to
 6 each taxing jurisdiction in the proportion that its mill
 7 levy for that fiscal year bears to the total mill levy of
 8 the taxing authorities of the district in which the bank or
 9 savings and loan association is located.
 - (3) "Taxing jurisdictions" means, for the purposes of this section, all taxing authorities within a county permitted under state law to levy mills against the taxable value of property in the taxing district in which the bank or savings and loan association is located.
- 15 (4) If a return filed by a bank or savings and loan
 16 association involves branches or offices in multiple--taxing
 17 jurisdictions MORE THAN ONE COUNTY TAXING JURISDICTION: the
 18 department of revenue shall provide a method by rule for
 19 equitable distribution AMONG THOSE COUNTIES TAXING
 20 JURISDICTIONS.
- NEW SECTION. Section 7. Moneyed capital and shares of banks exempt. (1) Moneyed capital and shares of banks are exempt from taxation.
- 24 (2) "Moneyed capital" means money, bonds, notes, and
 25 other evidence of indebtedness, including evidence of

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indebtedness secured by a mortgage on real or personal property, in the hands of individual citizens and corporations coming into competition with the business of national banks or employed in conducting a banking or investment business.

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Section 8. Section 7-6-206. MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-206. Time deposits. (1) Such public money not
necessary for immediate use by such county, city, or town
which is not invested in direct obligations of the United
States government as authorized in 7-6-202 may be placed in
time or savings deposits with any banky--building--end--loon
ossociation or savings and loan association in the county,
city, or town.

essociations or savings and loan association is available in any county for the deposit of such county funds or in any city or town for the deposit of such city or town funds, such funds may be distributed ratably among all of such banks, building-end-loan-associations, and savings and loan associations qualifying therefor and substantially in proportion to the total property taxes paid during the preceding year in such county or the county in which such city or town is located, including-taxes—on—shares—of—bank stocky and the corporation license taxes paid by each such banky—building-end-loan-essociations, or savings and loan

association willing to receive such time or savings deposits
under the terms of this part.

(3) In lieu of a ratable distribution among banksy building-end-lean-esseciations, and savings and lean associations within the county, city, or town, the local governing body may solicit bids without advertising from any banky-building-and-loan-associationy or savings and loan association in a county having at least two such financial institutions. Such institutions way request in writing that they be listed for solicitation on bids for public money not necessary for immediate use by the unit of local government. In counties having less than two such institutions, the local governing body may solicit bids from and deposit public money in such institutions in neighboring counties unless the local financial institution agrees to pay the same rate of interest bid by the neighboring financial institutions. The governing body may solicit bids by notice sent by mail to the investment institutions whose names are listed as provided herein. The provisions of this subsection shall be considered as meeting the requirements of subsection (2)."

Section 9. Section 15-1-501. MCA, is amended to read:
#15-1-501. Disposition of moneys from certain
designated license and other taxes. (1) The state treasurer
shall deposit to the credit of the state general fund all

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moneys received by him from the collection of:

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- (a) automobile driver's license fees under subsections
 (1) through (6) of 61-5-111;
- 4 (b) electric energy producer's license taxes under 5 chapter 51;
- 6 (c) metalliferous wines license taxes under chapter
 7 37:
 - (d) oil producer's license taxes under chapter 36:
- (e) liquor license taxes under Title 16:
- 10 (f) telephone license taxes under chapter 53; and
- 11 (g) inheritance and estate taxes under Title 72.

 12 chapter 16.
 - the collection of income taxes under chapter 30 and corporation license and income taxes under chapter 31₂ except as provided in [section 6]₂ shall be deposited in the general fund subject to the prior pledge and appropriation of such income tax and corporation license tax collections for the payment of long-range building program bonds. The remaining 25% of the proceeds of the corporation license tax. excluding that enlected ALLOCATED ID THE COUNTIES under [section 6]₂ corporation income tax, and income tax shall be deposited to the credit of the earmarked revenue fund for state equalization aid to the public schools of Montana.

- 1 (3) The state treasurer shall also deposit to the
 2 credit of the state general fund all moneys received by him
 3 from the collection of license taxes, fees, and all net
 4 revenues and receipts from all other sources under the
 5 operation of the Montana Alcoholic Beverage Code.**
 - Section 10. Section 15-8-104. MCA. is amended to read: *15-8-104. Department audit of taxable value -- costs of audit paid by county -- penalty for underreporting. (1) When in the judgment of the director of revenue it is necessary, audits may be made for the purpose of determining the taxable value of net proceeds of mines and oil and gas wells, bank-shares, business inventories, and all other types of property subject to ad valorem taxation. The costs incurred by the department, including per diem, and, mileage expense as well as salaries and benefits, shall be reimbursed from the amount collected as a result of the audit. In the event the property subject to audit is assessed within two or more counties, the department shall allocate the cost among the collections due each of the counties. Reimbursement shall be made solely for audit expense and not for other services provided to the counties by the department and may not exceed the amounts collected.
 - (2) The taxable value of any underreported portion of any business inventory found as a result of an audit to have been underreported by the owner shall be increased by 25% as

1 a penalty for underreporting.

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- (3) The 25% penalty may be waived by the department if reasonable cause for failure to report the total value of a business inventory is provided to the department.
- 5 (4) The cost of the audit shall be paid to the state 6 treasurer for credit to the general fund.**
- 7 Section 11. Section 15-8-111, MCA, is amended to read:
 8 *15-8-111. Assessment -- market value standard -9 exceptions. (1) All taxable property must be assessed at
 10 100% of its market value except as provided in subsection
 11 (5) of this section and in 15-7-111 through 15-7-114.
 - (2) Harket value is the value at which property would change hands between a willing buyer and a willing seller.

 neither being under any compulsion to buy or to sell and both having reasonable knowledge of relevant facts.
 - (3) The department of revenue or its agents may not adopt a lower or different standard of value from market value in making the official assessment and appraisal of the value of property in class one and classes seven through eighteen. For purposes of taxation, assessed value is the same as appraised value.
- 22 (4) The taxable value for all property in class one 23 and classes seven through eighteen is the nercentage of 24 market value established for each class of property in 25 15-6-102 and 15-6-108 through 15-6-119.

1	(5)	The	assessed	value	of	propert	ies	in 15	-6-1	.03±
2	15-6-104.	15-6	<u>=105.</u> thro	ugh 15-	6-10	7 ₂ and	15~	6-120	is	as
3	fallows									

- fat--Property---in---15-6-186v--under--class--fivev--is
 ssscssed-at-188%-of-book-value-by-the-method-established--in
 f5-6-186-and-the-sections-cited-therein
- 7 tbf(a) Properties in 15-6-103, under class two, are 8 assessed at 100% of the annual net proceeds after deducting 9 the expenses specified and allowed by 15-23-503.
- 10 tellbl Properties in 15-6-104, 15-6-105, and 15-6-120,
 11 under classes three, four, and nineteen are assessed at 100%
 12 of the annual gross proceeds.
- 13 (d)(c) Properties in 15-6-107, under class six, are
 14 assessed at 100% of the productive capacity of the lands
 15 when valued for agricultural purposes. All lands that meet
 16 the qualifications of 15-7-202 are valued as agricultural
 17 lands for tax purposes.
- 18 (6) Land and the improvements thereon are separately
 19 assessed when any of the following conditions occur:
- 20 (a) ownership of the improvements is different from 21 ownership of the land:
 - (b) the taxpayer makes a written request; or
- 23 (c) the land is outside an incorporated city or town.
- (7) The taxable value of all property in classes two
 through four and class six is the percentage of assessed

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value established in 15-6-103: 15-6-104: 15-6-105: through and 15-6-107. and 15-6-120 for each class of property." Section 12. Section 15-24-701. MCA. is amended to read: #15-24-701. Production credit associations assessment and payment. fit Every production credit association organized under the provisions of section 1131d of Title 12, United States Codes Annotated, shall be assessed for and pay taxes upon all real and personal property owned by such association-and-also-upon-the-moneyed copital--employed--in-such-businessy-such-moneyed-capital-to be-ascertained-by--deducting--from--the--amount--of--loansy including--loans--secured--by--mortquge--on--real--estate-or personal-propertyy-the-amount-of-such-locas--discounted--and ony--indebtedness--representing--money--borrowed--for-use-as moneyed-capital---Said-moneyed-capital-shall-be-taxed-at-the same-rate-and-take-the--same--classification--as--shares--of stock--in--a--national--bank--ar-maneved-capital-coming-into substantial-competition-therewith. {2}--The-secretory-or--managing--agent--of--every--such association--shall--furnish-to-the-assessor-of-the-county-in which-the-principal-office-of-such-association--is--locatedy within--5--days--after--demand-therefory-a-statement-in-such

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liabilities-of-such-essociation-as-disclosed-by-its-books-at 2 the-close-of-business-on-Becember-31-of-the-preceding--yearw 3 if--such--secretary-or-managing-agent-shall-fail-to-make-the statement-hereby-requiredy-the-department-or-its-acent-shall 5 forthwith-obtain-such-information-from-env--other--evailable sourcev--and--for--this--purpose-it-shall-have-access-to-the 7 books-of-such-association*-The-department-or-its-agent-shall 8 thereupon-maka-an-assessment-of-the-real-estate-and-personal 9 property-owned--by--such--association--and--af--the--moneyed 10 capital--employed-in-the-business-of-such-associationy-which 11 ossessment-shall-be-as-fair-and-equitable-as-it-may-be--able 12 to--make--from--the--best--information--availablev--ar--said 13 assessor-may-for-the-purpose-of-said--assessment--adopt--the figures---disclosed---by--any--prior--report--made--by--such 14 15 essociation-to-any-state-or-federal-afficer-pursuant-to-any 16 state-or-federal-laww-Any-person-required-by-this-section-to 17 make--the--statement--hereinabove-provided-who-shall-fail-to 18 furnish-the-same-shall-be-quilty-of-e-misdemeanor-and-shall 19 be-punished-accordinglyw" 20 Section 13. Section 15-24-801, MCA, is amended to 21 read: 22 "15-24-801. Building Savings and loan associations --23 taxation. (1) Every building-and-loan-or savings and loan

detail-as--the--department--of--revenue--or--its--agent--may

requirey---verified--by--his--oathy--of--the--resources--and

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association subject to regulation under Title 32, chapter 2,

shall be assessed for and pay taxes upon all real and

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personal property owned by the association-end-else-upon-the moneyed--copital--employed--in-the--business. The-moneyed eapital-shall-be-ascertained-by-deducting-from-the-amount-of bondsy-notesy-and-other-evidences--of--indebtedness--of--the associationy--including-evidences-of-indebtedness-secured-by mortgage-on-real-estate-or--personal--propertyy--the--ewount standing-to-the-credit-of-the-members-of-an-association-upon its--books--and-any-indebtedness-representing-money-borrowed for-use-as--moneyed--capitaly--The--moneyed--capital--as--so ascertained--shall--be--taxed--at-the-same-rate-and-take-the same-classification-as-shares-of-stock-in-a-national-bank-or moneyed--capital---coming---into---substantial---competition therewith: The secretary of an association shall furnish to the department of revenue or its agent in the county in which the principal office of the association is located, within 5 days after demand, a condensed statement verified by his oath of the resources and liabilities of the association as disclosed by its books at noon on January 1 in each year. If the secretary fails to make the statement hereby required, the department or its agent shall immediately obtain the information from any other available source, and for this purpose it shall have occess to the books of the association. The department or its agent shall thereupon make an assessment of the real estate and personal property owned by the association-and-of-the-moneyed-capital

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amployed—in—the—business—of—the—association, which assessment shall be as fair and equitable as it may be able to make from the best information available, or the assessor may, for the purpose of the assessment, adopt the figures disclosed by any prior report made by the association to any state or federal officer under a state or federal law. A person required by this section to make the statement provided for in this section who fails to furnish it is quilty of a misdemeanor.

t2)--The-arount-standing-upon-its-books-to-the-credit

of-coch-member--of--an-association-shall-be-considered-and

held-as-the-individual-credit-of-each-members--Each-member

shall-list-the-shales-held-by-him-for-taxation-at-their-real

value--in-moneyy-in-the-county-of-his-residencey-the-same-as

other-credits-are-listedy-except--shares--from--which--loans

have--been-made-or-money-advanced-by-the-associationy-and-as

to-such-shares-they-shall-be-listed-for-taxation-at-the--net

cash--value-of-the-stocky-to-be-ascertained-by-deducting-the

loan--from--the--cash--value--of--the--shares---Associations

organized--under--or--controlled-by-Title-32y-chapter-2y-are

subject-to-taxation-in-no-other-way*

Section 14. Section 17-5-408, MCA, is amended to read:

"17-5-408. Percentage of income, corporation license,

and cigarette tax pledged. (1) The state pledges and
appropriates and directs to be credited as received to the

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1 sinking fund account 11% of all money, except as provided in 2 [section 6 of this actle received from the collection of the 3 income tax and the corporation license tax referred to in 15-1-501 and such additional amount of said taxes, if any, 5 as may at any time be needed to comply with the principal and interest and reserve requirements stated in 17-5-405(4), provided that no more than 11% of such tax collections shall 7 be deemed to be pledged for the purpose of 17-5-403(2). The 9 pledge and appropriation herein made shall be and remain at 10 all times a first and prior charge upon all money received 11 from the collection of said taxes.

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the state pledges and appropriates and directs to be credited to the sinking fund account 15% of all money received from the collection of the 9-cent excise tax on cigarettes which is levied, imposed, and assessed by 16-11-111(1). The state also pledges and appropriates and directs to be credited as received to the sinking fund account all money received from the collection of each of the excise taxes on cigarettes which are levied, imposed, and assessed by subsection (2) and (3) of 16-11-111, as amended, after the payment and redemption in full of the outstanding bonds for which said taxes have heretofore been pledged and appropriated or after the necessary funds have been set aside for such payment and redemption as provided in this part. The state also pledges and appropriates and

directs to be credited as received to the sinking func-2 account all money received from the collection of the taxes on other tobacco products which are or may hereafter be levied, imposed, and assessed by law for that purpose, including the tax levied, imposed, and assessed by 5 16-11-202. Nothing herein shall impair or otherwise affect 6 the provisions and covenants contained in the resolutions 7 authorizing the presently outstanding long-range building program bonds. Subject to the provisions of the preceding 9 sentence, the pledge and appropriation herein made shall be 10 11 and remain at all times a first and prior charge upon all 12 money received from the collection of all taxes referred to 13 in this subsection (2)."

Section 15. Section 20-9-343, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-9-343. Definition of and revenue for state
equalization aid. (1) As used in this title, the term "state
equalization aid" means those moneys deposited in the
earmarked revenue fund as required in this section plus any
legislative appropriation of moneys from other sources for
distribution to the public schools for the purpose of
equalization of the foundation program.

- (2) The following shall be paid into the earmarked revenue fund for state equalization aid to public schools of the state:
- 25 (a) 25% of all moneys received from the collection of

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income taxes under chapter 30 of Title 15;

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- (b) 25% of all moneys except as provided in <u>[section 6 of this act]</u> received from the collection of corporation license taxes under chapter 31 of Title 15, as provided by 15-1-501;
- 6 (c) 10% of the moneys received from the collection of 7 the severance tax on coal under chapter 35 of Title 15:
- (d) 62 1/2% of the moneys received from the treasurer of the United States as the state's shares of oil, gas, and other mineral royalties under the federal Mineral Lands Leasing Act, as amended;
- 12 (e) interest and income moneys described in 20-9-341
 13 and 20-9-342;
- 14 (f) income from the local impact and education trust
 15 fund account; and
- 16 (g) in addition to these revenues, the surplus
 17 revenues collected by the counties for foundation program
 18 support according to 20-9-331 and 20-9-333 shall be paid
 19 into the same earmarked revenue fund.**

capital purposes upon such terms and conditions as may be approved by the department and for this purpose may issue capital notes or debentures therefor, such notes or 3 debentures to be subordinate in right of payment to the payment in full of all deposits of such bank, savings bank, trust company, or investment company. The amount of money so 7 borrowed shall be considered as capital for the ourgose of 8 determining the maximum amount of money that may be loaned 9 by such bank, savings bank, trust company, or investment 10 company to any person, partnership, or corporation and for 11 the purpose of determining the maximum amount of money which 12 such bank may borrow and for all other purposes of bank 13 capital as may be required by lawy-except-thot-the-money-so 14 borrowed--shall--not--in--any---event---be---considered---in 15 oscertoining--the-volue-and-assessment-of-shores-of-any-bank 16 for-the-purpose-of-taxation."

17 Section 17. Repealer. Sections 15-6-106. 15-24-501
18 through 15-24-508, and 15-24-603, MCA, are repealed.

19 Section 18. Effective date. This act is effective for 20 taxable years beginning on or after December 31. 1978.

-End-

SENATE STANDING COMMITTEE REPORT (Taxation)

That House Bill No. 150, third reading bill, be amended as follows:

1. Title, line 11.

Strike: "COLLECTING AND"

2. Page 2, line 8.
Following: "governments,"

Strike: "all"

Insert: "a portion of the"

3. Page 2.

Following: line 9 Strike: "collected" Insert: "received"

4. Page 9, lines 7 and 8.

Strike: ", except as provided in [section 5],

5. Page 9, line 17.

Following: "Section 5."

Strike: remainder of line 17 through line 12 on page 10

Insert: "Department of Revenue - special duties for transmitting corporation license tax revenues collected from banks or savings and loan associations to counties. (1) Within 30 days after receiving corporation license tax returns and payments from banks or savings and loan associations, the department of revenue shall transmit to the county treasurer in which the business is located the revenues calculated under [section 6 (b)]."

6. Page 10, lines 18 and 19.

Strike: "and the county treasurer of the county in which the business is located"

7. Page 10, line 22.
Following: "for"

Insert: "their portion of the"

Following: "overpayment"

Insert: "received"

8. Page 11, line 8.

Strike: "collecting the taxes,"

Following: "refunds" Strike: ","

9. Page 11, line 11.
Following: "collected"

Strike: "by county treasurers" Insert: "from banks or savings and loan associations"

10. Page 11, line 12.

Following: "taxes"

Strike: remainder of line 12 in its entirety

Insert: "collected from banks and savings and loan associations"

SENATE COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE

That House Bill No. 150, third reading bill, be amended as follows:

- 1. Amendment #5 is to read as follows:
- 5. Page 9, line 17.

Following: "Section 5."

Strike: remainder of line 17 through line 12 on page 10

Insert: "Department of revenue--special duties for transmitting corporation license tax revenues collected from banks or savings and loan associations to counties. (1) Within 30 days after receiving corporation license tax returns and payments from banks or savings and loan associations, the department of revenue shall transmit to the county treasurer of the county in which the business is located the revenues calculated under [section 6(1) (b)]."

Renumber: subsequent subsections

- 2. Amendment #10 is to read as follows:
- 10. Page 11, line 12.

Following: "collected"

Strike: "by county treasurers"

Insert: "from banks and savings and loan associations"

3. Page 12, line 7.

Following: "ONE"

Strike: "COUNTY"

Insert: "taxing jurisdiction"

4. Page 12, line 9.

Following: "THOSE"

Strike: "COUNTY"

Insert: "taxing jurisdiction"