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Servete BILL NO. 323 1 INTRODUCED BY 3 2 3

4 A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO REGULATE THE 5 ESTABLISHMENT, OPERATION, AND USE OF ELECTRONIC PUNDS 6 TRANSFER SYSTEMS."

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B BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

9 Section 1. Short title. This act shall be known and
10 may be cited as the "Electronic Funds Transfer Systems Act".
11 Section 2. Policy. It is the public policy of this
12 state that:

13 (1) for the protection of consumers and institutions,
14 the installation and operation of electronic funds transfer
15 systems in this state should be subject to regulation and
16 supervision by the department of business regulation as
17 provided in this act;

18 (2) electronic funds transfer systems should protect
19 the privacy of information and transactions transmitted by
20 or through such systems;

(3) competition be preserved, monopoly prevented, and
innovation encouraged in the establishment, operation, and
use of electronic funds transfer systems which should offer
their services at a fair price in a nondiscriminatory
manner; and

1 (4) electronic funds transfer services should be 2 provided in such manner and to such extent as to not impair 3 the safe and sound operation of the financial structure of 4 this state.

5 Section 3. Definitions. As used in this act, the 6 following definitions apply:

7 (1) "Department" means the department of business8 regulation.

9 (2) "Person" means a natural person, a corporation 10 (and its wholly owned subsidiaries), a partnership, an 11 association, a trust, a cooperative, or an instrumentality 12 of the federal government.

13 (3) "Electronic funds transfer transaction" or
14 "transaction" means the transfer of funds from one person to
15 another by a third person by use of an electronic device or
16 facility.

17 (4) "Electronic funds transfer system" or "system"
18 means any electronic device or facility when used for an
19 electronic funds transfer transaction. The term includes but
20 is not limited to a point-of-sale terminal, a remote service
21 unit, or an automated clearinghouse.

(5) "Funds transfer institution" or "institution"
means any person who establishes, operates, or utilizes an
electronic funds transfer system pursuant to this act.

25 (6) "Automated clearinghouse" or "ACH" means any

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electronic information processing device or facility when used to receive, retransmit, clear, or post financial transactions which originated from a point-of-sale terminal, remote service unit, or another ACH and which results in either transferring funds to or from one or more accounts in institutions or segregating funds in an account in an institution for future transfer, or both.

8 (7) "Transaction terminal" or "terminal" means an
 9 electronic information processing device when used by an
 10 institution for the purpose of effecting transactions.

Section 4. Prohibition. Except as provided in this act, no person shall establish, operate, or utilize an electronic funds transfer system in this state; provided, however, that nothing in this act shall be considered to limit or affect the functions or activities of the federal government or its instrumentalities.

Section 5. Authorization. Any institution may itself
or in conjunction with other institutions establish,
operate, or utilize one or more electronic funds transfer
systems in this state subject to the following limitations
and conditions:

(1) An automated clearinghouse may be established,
operated, and used for the purpose of facilitating
transactions between and among institutions in this state or
other states. Every ACH's operation and use shall be

1 conditioned on:

2 (a) its availability for use for similar transactions
3 by any institution on a nondiscriminatory basis upon payment
4 of reasonable fees by such institution;

5 (b) the safe, sound, fair, and nondiscriminatory
6 conduct of its business; and

7 (c) its continued ownership, operation, and use in
8 such manner as not to tend to restrict competition or
9 restrain trade.

10 (2) One or more transaction terminals may be located
11 anywhere in this state.

12 (3) To the extent any institution establishes or 13 operates any terminal to effect any electronic funds 14 transfer transaction, it shall permit any other institution 15 or customers of such other institution to share the use of 16 any such terminal to effect similar transactions upon request of such other institution and its agreement to pay a 17 18 fair and reasonable fee for such sharing; provided, however, 19 that nothing herein shall be considered to require the modification or enlargement of any such terminal or system 20 21 to which it is connected to accommodate such sharing.

(4) Upon written request of any institution, the department shall determine whether any fee for sharing of an electronic funds transfer system as provided in [sections 5(1) (a) and 5(3) of this act] is fair and reasonable and if

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he finds such fee not to be fair and reasonable to 1 promulgate a fair and reasonable fee schedule. In 2 determining whether the fees charged by an institution or 3 progulgated by the department for the use of such an ġ, electronic funds transfer system by another institution are 5 fair and reasonable, the department shall consider whether 6 7 such fees require the sharing institution to pay a reasonable proportion of all costs properly allocable to the A installation and operation of such system (to the extent 9 such system is used for electronic funds transfer 10 transactions), including a reasonable return on investment. 11 12 All determinations by the department shall be made pursuant to notice and hearing and shall be in writing setting forth 13 10 the reasons for its determination.

15 (5) As a condition precedent to the establishment or
16 operation of any electronic funds transfer system, an
17 institution shall file with the department in such form as
18 it shall prescribe:

(a) a written notice specifying the locations of each
such system and the components and nature thereof and the
types of transactions effected;

(b) its agreement to share such system in accordance
with the provisions of [sections 5(1)(a) and 5(3) of this
act];

25 (c) its agreement to make available to the department

upon request such financial information as the department
 considers appropriate to determine the reasonableness of
 fees for sharing as provided in this act; and

4 (d) on January 1 of each year hereafter a list identifying each electronic funds transfer system and 5 6 component it owns or operates for its sole use and each 7 system and component it owns or operates on a sharing basis, identifying each other institution sharing each such device 8 4 and specifying the fees charged for such sharing. Such list 10 shall specify the types of transactions effected by such 11 system and its components.

12 (6) Any transaction originating at any transaction
13 terminal shall be considered to have occurred at premises of
14 the institution to which such transaction is transmitted.

15 (7) An institution establishing, operating, or using
16 an electronic funds transfer system in this state may
17 connect such system with a regional or mational electronic
18 funds transfer system.

19 Section 6. Privacy. To protect the privacy of 20 consumers using an electronic funds transfer system, no 21 institution, except as permitted by law, shall provide any 22 information about a consumer's transactions nor shall it use 23 any such information except as required for operation of the 24 system or as otherwise permitted by law. Nothing in this 25 section shall be considered to prohibit an otherwise lawful 1 disclosure, exchange, or use of credit information.

Section 7. Enforcement. (1) The department shall
 enforce the provisions of this act.

a (2) (a) If the department has probable cause to 5 believe that a person has engaged in an act which is subject 6 to action by the department, it may investigate to determine 7 if the act has been committed and, to the extent necessary 8 for this purpose, may administer oaths or affirmations and, 9 upon its own motion or upon request of any party, may 10 subpoena witnesses, compel their attendance, adduce 11 evidence, and require the production of any matter which is 12 relevant to the investigation, including the existence, 13 description, nature, custody, condition, and location of any 14 books, documents, or other tangible things and the identity 15 and location of persons having knowledge of relevant facts 16 or any other matter reasonably calculated to lead to 17 discovery of admissible evidence.

18 (b) If, in the opinion of the department, any person 19 is violating any provision of this act or any lawful order of the department issued pursuant to this act, it shall 20 21 serve upon such person a notice specifying the nature of 22 such violation and fixing a time and place for hearing to 23 determine whether a cease-and-desist order should be issued 24 against such person. Such hearing shall be fixed for a date 25 not less than 20 or more than 30 days after service of such 1 notice.

2 (c) If, upon the record made at such hearing, the 3 department finds that any violation as specified in such 4 notice has been established, it shall issue and serve upon 5 such person an order to cease and desist from such 6 violation.

(d) If any person shall fail to comply with such 7 8 cease-and-desist order, the department may apply to any 9 court of competent jurisdiction for an injunction to enforce such order. If the court shall determine upon review of the 10 11 record made before the department that the cease-and-desist 12 order was based upon substantial evidence, it shall issue 13 such injunction. If the court finds that violation of the 14 cease-and-desist order was willful. it shall impose a penalty of not to exceed \$1,000 a day for each day such 15 16 person has failed to comply with the order after service 17 thereof.

(e) Nothing in this section shall be considered to
preclude any person from bringing an action for damages or
injunctive relief by reason of violation of any provision of
this act.

(f) Any person aggrieved by any decision or order of
the department under this act may seek judicial review
thereof as provided under the Montana Administrative
Procedure Act,

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(3) The department may adopt, amend, or repeal
 substantive rules when specifically authorized by this act
 and adopt, amend, or repeal procedural rules to carry out
 the provisions of this act.

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5 Section 8. Severability. If a part of this act is 6 invalid, all valid parts that are severable from the invalid 7 part remain in effect. If a part of this act is invalid in 8 one or more of its applications, the part remains in effect 9 in all valid applications that are severable from the 10 invalid applications.

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STATE OF MONTANA

REQUEST NO.298-77

FISCAL NOTE

Form BD-15

In compliance with a written request received ______ February 1_____, 19 __77__, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for ______Senate Bill 323 ______ pursuant to Chapter 53, Laws of Montana, 1965 - Thirty-Ninth Legislative Assembly.

Background information used in developing this Fiscal Note is available from the Office of Budget and Program Planning, to members of the Legislature upon request.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

Senate Bill 323 is an act to regulate the establishment, operation, and use of electronic funds transfer systems.

ASSUMPTIONS:

- 1. Immediately after the effective date of this act, the Department of Business Regulation must hold hearings to establish rules and reporting procedures to implement the act.
- 2. One (1) employee with technical expertise in electronics will be necessary to monitor and supervise the introduction, installation and regulation of satellite installations throughout the state.
- 3. An electronic funds transfer technician will be required to travel extensively to insure compliance of the estimated 34 automated teller machines and 73 point of sale (P.O.S.) terminals.
- 4. The staff of the financial division of the Department of Business Regulation would increase by 1.00 FTE in FY 78 and 1.50 FTE in FY 79.

FISCAL IMPACT:

	<u>FY 78</u>	FY 79
Personal services	\$17,559	\$24,180
Operating expenses	8,400	7,400
Increased expenditures under proposed law	<u>\$25,959</u>	<u>\$31,580</u>

TECHNICAL NOTE:

Senate Bill 323 strongly parallels proposed Senate Bill 170 which has an effective date of January 1, 1978 as opposed to Senate Bill 323 which has an effective date of July 1, 1977.

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BUDGET DIRECTOR Office of Budget and Program Planning Date: <u>2 - 2 - 77</u>