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INTRODUCED BY Martin Date.

BY REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

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A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT AMENDING SECTION 84-4914, R.C.M. 1947, TO INCREASE THE GROSS INCOME LIMITATIONS WHICH MUST BE MET BEFORE A TAXPAYER IS REQUIRED TO FILE A RETURN; TO REQUIRE THAT TAYPAYERS ADOPT THE SAME FILING STATUS FOR STATE PURPOSES AS THEY UTILIZE ON THEIR FEDERAL INCOME TAX RETURN; AMENDING SECTION 84-4910, R.C.M. 1947, TO PROVIDE FOR A CREDIT AGAINST INCOME TAX LIABILITY IN PLACE OF THE PERSUNAL EXEMPTION DEDUCTION; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE."

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 84-4914, R.C.M. 1947, is amended to read as follows:

\*84-4914. Returns and payment of tax — penalty and interest — refunds — credits. (1) Every single individual and every married individual not filing a joint return with his or her spouse and having a gross income for the taxable year of-more-than-six-hundred-sixty-five-dollars-(\$665)y in excess of \$1.750 and married individuals not filing separate returns and having a combined gross income for the taxable year of-more-than-one-thousand-three-hundred-thirty-dollars

t\$ty330ty in excess of \$2.900 shall be liable for a return to be filed on such forms and according to such rules and requiations as the department of revenue may prescribe. The preceding gross income amounts-referred-to-in-the--preceding sentence <u>limits</u> shall be increased by six-hundred-dollars 4\$600) \$900 for each additional personal exemption allowance 7 the taxpayer is entitled to claim for himself and his spouse under section 84-4910 (c)(3) and (d)(4). A monresident в 9 single individual or married individual not filing a joint 10 return with his spouse is required to file a return if his 11 gross\_income\_for\_the\_taxable\_year\_derived\_from\_sources 12 within Montana exceeds the amount allowed for such 13 <u>individuals, by this subsection, as prorated according to </u> 14 84-4910(9). A nonresident married couple making a joint 15 return shall--be is required to file a return if his their 16 gross income for the taxable year derived from sources 17 within Montana exceeds the amount of-the-exemption-deduction 18 allowed for such couples by this subsection he-is-entitled 19 to-claim-for-himself-and-his-spouse-under-the-provisions--of 20 section--84-4910--(b)v-(c)-end-(d), as prorated according to 21 paragraph-(i)-of-said-section 84-4910(9).

(2) In-accordance-with-instructions-set-forth-by-the departmenty-every Every taxpayer who is married and living with husband or wife and who is required to file a return mayy-at-his-or-her-optiony-file-a-joint-return-with-husband

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1 or-wife-even-though-one-of-the--spouses--has--neither--gross z income--nor--deductionsy--If-s-joint-return-is-madey-the-tox 3 shall-be-computed-on-the-aggregate-taxable--income--and--the liability-with-respect-to-the-tox-shell-be-ioint-and-several 5 must file in accordance with the manner in which he files returns to the federal government or in the event of an 7 adjustment thereto by the federal government, as finally 8 ascertained to be proper under the provisions of the 9 Internal Revenue Code in effect for the taxable year of the taxpayer. However, a taxpayer who is married and living 10 11 with a spouse who files a separate federal individual income tax return may file a joint state individual income tax 12 13 return with his or her spouse. If The tax on a joint return 14 has--been-filed-for-a-taxable-yeary-the-spouses-may-not-file 15 separate-returns-after-the-time-for--filing--the--return--of 16 either--has-expiredy-unless-the-department-so-consents shall 17 be computed on the aggregate taxable income reported and the 18 liability with respect to the tax shall be joint and 19 several.

(3) If any such taxpayer is unable to make his own return, the return shall be made by a duly authorized agent or by a guardian or other person charged with the care of the person or property of such taxpayer.

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24 (4) All taxpayers, including, but not limited to those 25 subject to the provisions of sections 84-4939 and 84-4943, shall compute the amount of income tax payable and shall at
the time of filing the return required by this act, pay to
the department any balance of income tax remaining unpaid
after crediting the amount withheld as provided by section
84-4943, and/or any payment made by reason of an estimated
tax return provided for in section 84-4939; provided
however, the tax so computed is greater by one-dollar-(\$1)
than the amount withheld and/or paid by estimated return as
provided in this act.

If the amount of tax withheld and/or payment of estimated tax exceeds by more than one--doller--(\$1) the amount of income tax as computed, the taxpayer shall be entitled to a refund of the excess.

(5) As soon as practicable after the return is filed, the department shall examine and verify the tax.

(6) If the amount of tax as verified is greater than 16 17 the amount theretofore paid, the excess shall be paid by the taxpayer to the department within thirty--(30) days after 18 19 notice of the amount of the tax as computed with interest 20 added at the rate of nine--per--centum--(9%) per annum or fraction thereof on the additional tax. In such case there 21 22 shall be no penalty because of such understatement, provided 23 the deficiency is paid within thirty--+(30) days after the first notice of the amount is mailed to the taxpayer. 24

25 If payment is not made within thirty-(30) days or if

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LC 1031/01

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LC 1031/01

the understatement is due to negligence on the part of the taxpayer, but without fraud, there shall be added to the 2 amount of the deficiency five--per--centum--+5%; thereof. 3 provided, however, that no deficiency penalty shall be less than two-dollars-(\$2). Interest will be computed at the rate of nine-per-centum-(9%) per annum or fraction thereof on the additional assessment. Except as otherwise expressly 7 provided in this subdivision, the interest shall in all cases be computed from the date the return and tax was originally due (as distinguished from the due date as it may 10 have been extended) to the date of payment.

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If the time for filing a return is extended, the taxpayer shall pay in addition, interest thereon at the rate of mine-ner-centum-19%) per annum from the time when the return was originally required to be filed to the time of payment.\*

Section 2. Section 84-4910, R.C.M. 1947, is amended to 17 read as follows: 18

#84-4910. Exemptions Dependency credits. tot(1) Allowance--of--Personal-Exemption: In the case of an individual, the exemptions---provided---by <u>dependency</u> relationships recognized under this section shall be allowed as deductions -- in -- computing -taxable - income credits against tax liability. Each credit to which the taxpayer is entitled shall reduce the final tax liability determined

under 84-4902 and 84-4902.1 by \$41. Total credits claimed 2 may not exceed income tax liability for the year as 3 determined prior to the credits allowed under 84-3514 and 84-4937.

tb1(2) faxpayer---and--Spousey--\*n--exemption--of--six hundred-fifty-dollars-f\$650; One credit shall be allowed for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1973 1976, for the taxpayer+, and an additional exemption-of-six-hundred fifty-dollars-(\$650) credit shall be allowed for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1976, for the spouse of the taxpayer if a separate return is made by the taxpayery and if the spouse, for the calendar year in which the taxable year of the taxpayer begins, has no gross income and is not the dependent of another taxpayer.

tc)[31 [a] Additional-Exemption-for-Texperer-or-Spouse Aged---Sixty-five---(65)--or--Morew--(1)--For--taxpayers An additional exemption-of-six-hundred-fifty--dollars--{%650} credit shall be allowed for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1973 1976, for the taxpayer if he has attained the age of sixty-five-(65) before the close of his taxable vear.

22 †2†1b) For-spousev An additional exemption--of--six 23 hundred--fifty--dollars--(\$650) credit shall be allowed for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1973, 1976, for 24 25 the spouse of the taxpayer if a separate return is made by

-6-

LC 1031/01 LC 1031/01

the taxpayer, and if the spouse has attained the age of sixty-five--- f65) before the close of such taxable year and, for the calendar year in which the taxable year of the taxpayer begins, has no gross income and is not the dependent of another taxpayer.

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(d) (4) (a) Additional -- exemption -- for -- Blindness -- of Taxpayer---or---Spouse---(1)--For--taxpayer- An additional exemption-of-six-hundred-fifty-dollars-(\$650) credit shall be allowed for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1973 1976, for the taxpayer if he is blind at the close of his taxable year.

(2)(b) For--spouse: An additional exemption--of-six hundred-fifty-dollars-(\$650) credit shall be allowed for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1973 1976: for the spouse of the taxpayer if a separate return is made by the taxpayer and if the spouse is blind and, for the calendar year in which the taxable year of the taxpayer begins, has no gross income and is not the dependent of another taxpayer. For the purposes of this paragraph subsection, the determination of whether the spouse is blind shall be made as of the close of the taxable year of the taxpayert, except that if the spouse dies during such taxable year such determination shall be made as of the time of such death.

(3)(c) Blindness---defined For purposes of this

subsection, an individual is blind only if his central 1 visual acuity does not exceed 20/200 in the better eye with 2 correcting lenses, or if his visual acuity is greater than 3 20/200 but is accompanied by a limitation in the fields of vision such that the widest diameter of the visual field subtends an angle no greater than 20 degrees.

te)[5] [a] #dditional----Exemption---for---Bependents= (t)--in-general:--An-exemption-of-six-hundred-fifty--dollars (\$650) A credit shall be allowed for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1973 1976, for each dependent:

fA)(i) Whose whose gross income for the calendar year in which the taxable year of the taxpayer begins is less than six-hundred-fifty-dollars-(\$650) \$900; shall-be-allowed for-taxable-years-beginning-after-Becember-31y-1973y or

(B)(ii) Who who is a child of the taxpayer and who: 15 fit(A) has not attained the age of mineteen-(19) years 16 at the close of the calendar year in which the taxable year of the taxpayer begins vi or

fii)(B) is a student. 19

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+2+(b) Exemption-denied-in--case--of--certain--married dependents» No exemption-shall credit may be allowed under this subsection for any dependent who has made a joint return with his spouse for the taxable year beginning in the calendar year in which the taxable year of the taxpayer begins.

-7-

LC 1031/01

(3)(c) Child-defined\* For purposes of paragraph--(1)

(B) <u>subsection (5)(a)(ii)</u>, the term "child" means an individual who is a son\* stepson\* daughter\* or stepdaughter of the taxpayer\*

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(4)(d) Student--and--educational--institution-defineds

For purposes of paragraph---(1)---(B)---(ii) subsection

(5)(a)(ii)(B)\* the term "student" means an individual who during each of five-+5) calendar months during the calendar year in which the taxable year of the taxpayer begins\*:

(\*)(i) is is a full-time student at an educational institution; or

(8)(ii) is pursuing a full time course of institutional on-farm training under the supervision of an accredited agent of an educational institution or of a state or political subdivision of a state. For purposes of this paragraph subsection, the term "educational institution" means only an educational institution which normally maintains a regular faculty and curriculum and normally has a regularly organized body of students in attendance at the place where its educational activities are carried on.

tf)[6] General---Definition For purposes of this section, the term "dependent" means any of the following individuals over half of whose support, for the calendar year in which the taxable year of the taxpayer begins, was received from the taxpayer:

3 (2)(b) ★ a stepson or stepdaughter of the taxpayer+1

4 (3)(c) ↑ a brother, sister, stepbrother, or stepsister

5 of the taxpayer\*:

6 <u>f4)(d)</u> The <u>the</u> father or mother of the taxpayer, or an ancestor of either.

8 (5)(e) \* a stepfather or stepmother of the taxpayery;
9 (6)(f) \* a son or daughter of a brother or sister of
10 the taxpayery;

11 (7)(g) \* g brother or sister of the father or mother
12 of the taxpayery:

13 tel.(h) A a son-in-law, daughter-in-law, father-in-law,
14 mother-in-law, brother-in-law, or sister-in-law of the
15 taxpayervi

16 (9)(1) An an individual who, for the taxable year of
17 the taxpayer, has as his principal place of abode the home
18 of the taxpayer, and is a member of the taxpayer's
19 householdy: or

20 (19)(i) An an individual who:

21 (\*)(i) is a descendant of a brother or sister of the 22 father or mother of the taxpayer\*:

23 tel:(ii) for the taxable year of the taxpayer: received 24 institutional care required by reason of a physical or

25 mental disabilityv: and

- 3 (g)171 Rules---Relating--to--General--Definitions for 4 purposes of this section:
- 5 (1)(a) The the terms "brother" and "sister" include a
  6 brother or sister by the half bloodw:
- 7 (2)(b) In-determining-whether-any-of-the-relationships
  8 specified-in-subsection-(a)-or-paragraph-(l)-of-this
  9 subsection-exists a legally adopted child of an individual
  10 shall be treated as a child of such individual by blood-
- 11 th) (8) Determination—of—Maritol—Status For purposes
  12 of this part chapter:
- 13 <u>fth(a)</u> The the determination of whether an individual
  14 is married shall be made as of the close of his taxable
  15 yeart except that if his spouse dies during his taxable
  16 year such determination shall be made as of the time of such
  17 death; and
- 18 <u>+2+(b)</u> An <u>an</u> individual legally separated from his 19 spouse under a decree of divorce or of separate maintenance 20 shall not be considered as married.
- 21 (i)(9) Proration of exemption deduction in In the case
  22 of a nonresident taxpayer, (1)—The exemption deduction the
  23 credit shall be prorated according to the ratio the
  24 taxpayer's Montana adjusted gross income bears to his
  25 federal adjusted gross income.\*\*

- Section 3. Effective date and application. This act is 2 effective on passage and approval and applies to all taxable
- 3 years beginning after December 31, 1976.

-End-

## STATE OF MONTANA

REQUEST NO. 249-77

## FISCAL NOTE

Form BD-15

n compliance with a written request received <u>January 26</u> , 19 77	, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note					
or Senate Bill 266 pursuant to Chapter 53, Laws of Montana	, 1965 - Thirty-Ninth Legislative Assembly.					
Background information used in developing this Fiscal Note is available from the Office of Budget and Program Planning, to members						
of the Legislature upon request.						

## DESCRIPTION

This bill is an act to increase the gross income limitations which must be met before a taxpayer is required to file a return; to require that taxpayers adopt the same filing status for state purposes as they utilize on their Federal income tax return; to provide for a credit against income tax liability in place of the personal exemption deduction; and providing an immediate effective date.

#### **ASSUMPTIONS**

- 1. Individual income tax collections FY 78: \$123.732M; FY 79: \$140.093M.
- 2. 70% to 90% of married couples who previously filed separate state income tax returns will, in order to maintain the tax advantage inherent in the ability to file a joint Federal return, file joint state returns.
- 3. If all married couples who filed separate returns for 1975 had instead filed joint returns, income tax collections would have increased by about \$6 million. The same magnitude increase is assumed for FY 78 and FY 79. In addition the same distribution of joint incomes will hold for FY 78 and FY 79 as for FY 76 (calendar 1975 returns).
- 4. In 1975: married couples filing joint returns paid \$41.033M in income tax; single persons paid \$19.950M; and married couples filing separately paid \$37.268M. For purposes of this note it is assumed that if the current law were in effect in FY 78 and FY 79 the proportion of total tax paid by each of the three groups would remain approximately the same and that the division of Montana taxable income among the three categories remains constant. The average number of exemptions per return in each group will remain constant.
- 5. Married couples who would have filed separately under current law but who would file jointly under the proposed law would exhibit approximately the same average effective tax rate (= tax paid by group ) as those who continue to file jointly. taxable income of group
- 6. The percentage changes exhibited in 1975 income tax collections in response to the proposed legislation would be mimicked in FY 78 and FY 79.

(Continued on page 2)

BUDGET DIRECTOR
Office of Budget and Program Planning
Date:

# STATE OF MONTANA

FISCAL NOTE

REQUEST	MΩ	249-77
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Form BD-15

	· ·	-	January 26				
or	Senate Bill	266 pursua	nt to Chapter 53, Laws of	Montana, 1965	5 - Thirty-Ninth I	Legislative Assem	ıbly.
Background information used in developing this Fiscal Note is available from the Office of Budget and Program Planning, to members							
of	the Legislature upon	equest.					

Page 2

# FISCAL IMPACT

Income tax collections under current law Income tax collections under proposed law FY 78

FY 79

\$123.732M

\$140.093M

\$127.196M-\$128.681M

\$144.016M-\$145.697M

Increased Tax Collections under Proposed Law \$3.484M - \$4.949M

\$3.923M - \$5.604M

# LONG-RANGE EFFECTS

Income tax revenues could be up to 4% higher in each year of the biennium than those estimated under current law.

PREPARED BY DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

BUDGET DIRECTOR

Office of Budget and Program Planning

Date: 2-1-77