1	Seaste SILL NO. 166
2	INTRODUCED BY LABOR & EMPLOYMENT RELATIONS COMMITTEE
3	BY REQUEST OF THE DIVISION OF WORKERS COMPENSATION
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: MAN ACT AMENDING SECTIONS
6	92-202.1, 92-204.1, 92-435, AND 92-614, R.C.M. 1947;
7	CREATING AN UNINSURED EMPLOYERS! FUND TO GRANT TO ALL
8	EMPLOYEES IN THIS STATE WORKERS! COMPENSATION BENEFITS EVEN
9	IF THEIR EMPLOYERS ARE NOT PROPERLY INSURED; PROVIDING FOR
10	FUNDING OF THE FUND; DEFINING INSURER; AND REPEALING
11	SECTIONS 92-201, 92-203, 92-205, 92-207.1, 92-209, 92-210,
12	92-211, AND 92-1102, R.C.M. 1947."
13	
14	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
15	Section 1. Section 92-202.1, R.C.N. 1947, is amended
16	to read as follows:
17	"92-202.1. Employments covered and employments
18	exempted from coverage. This-act-shall-not-apply-to-any-of
19	thefollowingemploymentsunlesstheemployerelects
20	coverage under this act+ (1) Except as provided in
21	subsection (2) of this section, the Workers' Compensation
22	Act applies to all employers as defined in 92-410-1 and to
23	all employees as defined in 92-411. An employer who has any
24	employee in service under any appointment or contract of
25	hire, expressed or implied, oral or written, shall elect to

be bound by the provisions of compensation plan No. 1, 2, or
3. Every employee whose employer is bound by the Workers'
Compensation Act is subject to and bound by the compensation
plan that has been elected by the employer.
(2) Unless the employer elects coverage for these
employments under the act and an insurer allows such an
election: the Workers! Compensation Act does not apply to
any of the following employments:
(1)(a) Household employment.
(2)(b) Casual employment as defined in 92-436.
(3)(c) Employment of members of an employer's family
dwelling in his the employer's household.
$\frac{(4)(d)}{(d)}$ Employment of sole proprietors or working
members of a partnership.
<pre>(5)(e) Employment for which a rule of liability for</pre>
injury, occupational disease, or death is provided under the
laws of the United States.
$\frac{(6)(f)}{(6)}$ Any person performing services in return for
aid or sustenance only.♥
Section 2. Section 92-204.1, R.C.M. 1947, is amended
to read as follows:
#92-204.1. Election of employer and employee to come
under act action against third party causing injury

right-to-subrogation. Where-bath-the-employer--and--employee have--elected-to-come <u>For all employments covered</u> under this

1 the ect Workers. Compensation Act or for which an election > has \_been\_made for coverage under the act, the provisions of 3 this the act shall-be are exclusivey, and-such-election 4 shall--be--held--to--be-a-surrender-by-such-employer-and-the 5 servantsy-and-employees-of-such-employer-and-such-employeev 6 as--among--themselvesy--of--their-right-to-sny-other-methody 7 form-or-kind-of-compensationy-or-determination--thereofy--or 3 to-any-other-compensationy-or-kind-of-determination-thereofy 9 or--cause--of-action-at-lawy-suit-in-equityy-or-statutory-or 10 common-law-right-or-remedyy-or-proceeding-whatevery--for--or 11 on--account--of--any--personal--injury--to--or-death-of-such 12 employeey--except--as--such--rights---may---be---hereinsfter 13 specifically-granted; and such election shall bind Except as 14 provided in 92-212 for uninsured employers and except as 15 otherwise provided in the Workers' Compensation Act: an 16 employer is not subject to any liability whatever for the 17 death or personal injury to any employees covered by the 18 Workers' Compensation Act. The Workers' Compensation Act. 19 binds the employee himself, and in case of death shall-bind 20 binds his personal representative, and all persons having 21 any right or claim to compensation for his injury or death; 22 as well as the employer, and the servants and employees of 23 such employer+ and those conducting his business during 24 liquidation, bankruptcy or insolvency. The right to compensation and medical benefits as provided by this act 25

1 shall is not be affected by the fact that the injury, occupational diseases or death is caused by the negligence 2 3 of a third party other than the employer, or the servants or employees of the employer. Whenever such event shall-occur occurs to an employee while performing the duties of his employment and such event shall-be is caused by the act or omission of some persons or corporations other than his 7 employer, or the servants or employees of his employer, then such the employee, or in case of his death his heirs or personal representative shall, in addition to the right to 10 receive compensation under this act, have a right to 11 12 prosecute any cause of action he may have for damages 13 against such persons or corporations. Further-provided 14 that-whenever-such However, if an employee shall--receive 15 receives an injury while performing the duties of his 16 employment and such the injury or injuries, so recaived by 17 such the employee, are caused by the intentional and 18 malicious act or omission of a servant or employee of his 19 employer, then such the employee, or in case of his death, 20 his heirs or personal representatives, shall, in addition to the right to receive compensation under the Workmen's 21 22 Workers! Compensation Act, have a right to prosecute any cause of action he may have for damages against such the 2.3 24 servants or employees of his employer, causing such the 25 injury. Providedy-that-the--employer--or--insurer--shall--be

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entitled--to--full--subrocation--for--all--compensation--and benefits-paid-or-to-be--paid--under--this--acty--except--as otherwise--provided--in--this--sections--The--employer\*s--or insurer^s-right-of-subrogation-shall-be-a-first-lien-on-such claimy-judgment-or-recoveryy--The-employee--shall--institute such-third-party-action-after-giving-the-employer-or-insurer reasonable--notice--of-his-intention-to-institute-such-third party-action--The-employee-may-request-that-such-insurer-pay a-proportionate-share--of--the--reasonable--costy--including attorneys\*-feesy-of-such-third-party-action\*-The-insurer-may elect--not--to--participate--in--the-cost-of-the-third-party actiony-but-as-such-election-is-made-the--insurer--shall--be deemed-to-have-waived-fifty-percent-(50%)-of-its-subrogation rights-granted-by-the-sections-Providedy-howevery-that-if-an employee--refuses--or--fails-to-institute-such-action-within one-fit-year-from-the--date--of--injuryy--the--employer--or insurer--may--institute--such-third-party-action-in-his-name and-for-his-benefit-or-that-of-his-sersonal--representatives if--the--employee--or-his-personal-representative-institutes such-third-party-actiony-ne-shall-be-entitled--to--at--least one-third--(1/3)--of--the--amount--recovered--by-judgment-or compromise-settlement-less-his-proportionate--share--of--the reasonable--costsy--including--attorneys\*-feesy-in-the-event the-amount-of-recovery-is-insufficient-to-provide--him--with that--amount--after-payment-of-subrogation\*-In-the-event-the

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employer-or-insurer-institutes-such-third-party--actiony--he shall--pay--to-the-employee-any-amount-recovered-by-judgment or-settlement-which-is-in-excess-of-the-amounts-paid--or--to be-maid-under-this-act-an-employer\*s-or-insurer\*s-reasonable costs-and-attorneys\*-fees.-Nothing-contained-in-this-section shall---prevent--the--employer--or--insurer---including--the division--of--workments--compensation--from--entering--into compromise--eqreements--in-settlement-of-subrogation-rights. if-death-results-from-the-injury--or--occupational--diseasey the--employer-shall-have-a-right-of-action-against-the-third porty-for-recovery-of-any-amount-paid-under--this--act---and such--right--of--action-shall-be-in-addition-to-any-cause-of action-by--the--heirs--or--personal--representative--of--the decessed=-In--the-event-that-the-amount-of-compensation-and benefits-payable-under-this-act-shall-not--have--been--fully determined--at--the--time--such--employee--or--his--heirs-or personal-representativey-or-the-employer-or--insurery--shall receive--settlement--of-his-actiony-prosecuted-as-aforesaidy them-the-division-shall-determine-what--proportion--of--such settlement--shall--be--allocated--under-subrogation-and-such determination-may-be-appealed-as-any-other-determination--of the-divisions"

92-204•2• Subrogation• (1) If an action is prosecuted

Section 3. There is a new R.C.M. section numbered

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- as provided for in 92-204.1 and except as otherwise provided
  in this section, the insurer is entitled to subrogation for
  all compensation and benefits paid or to be paid under the
  Workers' Compensation Act. The insurer's right of
  subrogation is a first lien on the claim, judgment, or
  recovery.
- 7 (2)(a) If the injured employee intends to institute 8 the third party action, he shall give the insurer reasonable 9 notice of his intention to institute the action.
- 10 (b) The injured employee may request that the insurer
  11 pay a proportionate share of the reasonable cost of the
  12 action, including attorneys fees.

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- (c) The insurer may elect not to participate in the cost of the action. If this election is made, the insurer waives 50% of its subrogation rights granted by this section.
- 17 (d) If the injured employee or the employee's personal
  18 representative institutes the action, the employee is
  19 entitled to at least one—third of the amount recovered by
  20 judgment or settlement less a proportionate share of
  21 reasonable costs, including attorneys' fees, if the amount
  22 of recovery is insufficient to provide the employee with
  23 that amount after payment of subrogation.
- 24 (3) If an injured employee refuses or fails to 25 institute the third party action within 1 year from the date

- of injury, the insurer may institute the action in the name

  the employee and for the employee's benefit or that of

  the employee's personal representative. If the insurer

  institutes the action, it shall pay to the employee any

  amount received by judgment or settlement which is in excess

  of the amounts paid or to be paid under the Workers'

  Compensation Act after the insurer's reasonable costs,

  including attorneys' fees for prosecuting the action, have

  been deducted from the recovery.
  - (4) An insurer may enter into compromise agreements in settlement of subrogation rights.
- (5) If the amount of compensation and other benefits 12 payable under the Workers' Compensation Act have not been 13 fully determined at the time the employee, the employee's 14 heirs or personal representatives, or the insurer have 15 settled in any manner the action as provided for in this 16 section, the division shall determine what proportion of the 17 settlement shall be allocated under subrogation. The 13 division's determination may be appealed to the workers' 19 20 compensation iudge.
- 21 Section 4. There is a new R.C.M. section numbered 22 92-212 that reads as follows:
- 23 92-212. Uninsured employers fund. (1) There is created
  24 an uninsured employers fund. The purpose of the fund is to
  25 pay to an injured employee of an uninsured employer the same

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benefits the employee would have received if the employer had been properly enrolled under compensation plan No. 1, 2, or 3. For the purposes of this section, the words "uninsured employer" mean an employer who has not properly complied with the provisions of 92.202.1. The division shall administer the fund and shall pay all proper benefits to injured employees of uninsured employers.

- (2) The fund shall be funded in the following manner:
- (a) The division shall require that the uninsured employer pay to the fund a penalty of either double the premium amount the employer would have paid on the payroll of the employer's workers in this state if the employer had been enrolled with compensation plan No. 3 or \$500, whichever is greater. In determining the premium amount for the calculation of the penalty under this subsection, the division shall make an assessment on how much premium would have been paid on the employer's past 3-year payroll for periods within the 3 years when the employer was uninsured. An assessment prior to July 1, 1977, may not be made.
- (b) The fund shall receive from an uninsured employer an amount equal to all benefits paid or to be paid to an injured employee of the uninsured employer.
- (c) In no event may an uninsured employer's combined liability under subsections (2){a} and (2)(b) of this section exceed \$30,000.

(d) The division may, at the beginning of each fiscal year, determine that the \$1,000 assessments that are charged against an insurer in each case of an industrial death under 92-709.1(13)(a) shall be paid to the uninsured employers fund rather than the subsequent injury fund.

- (e) The fund shall also be funded from the state general fund for payment of benefits as provided for in this section. However, any amounts collected under subsections (2)(a), (2)(b), or (2)(d) of this section shall be expended before any general fund appropriations are expended.
- (3) If, upon demand of the division, an uninsured employer refuses to make the payments to the fund that are provided for in subsections (2)(a) and (2)(b) above, the sums may be collected by the division through suit. The division may settle through compromise with an uninsured employer the amount due the fund under this section.
- (4) Proper surpluses and reserves shall be kept for the fund. The board of investments shall invest the moneys of the fund. The cost of administration of the fund shall be paid out of the money in the fund.
- 21 (5) All appropriate provisions in the Workers\*
  22 Compensation Act apply to the fund in the same manner as
  23 they apply to compensation plans No. 1, 2, and 3.
  - (6) When the division discovers an uninsured employer it shall order him to cease operations until he has elected

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appliances.

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to be bound by a compensation plan. An employer who does not comply with the division's order to cease operations is guilty of a misdemeanor.

4 Section 5. There is a new R.C.M. section that reads as follows:

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Effective date of uninsured employers' fund. Except as provided in this section, 92-212 is effective on July 1, 1977. Payouts for benefits may not be made from the uninsured employers' fund until the fund attains a level of \$150,000 or January 1, 1979, whichever occurs first. However, until payouts for benefits from the uninsured employers' fund begin, an uninsured employer, as defined in 92-212(1), is subject to suit by an employee who suffers an injury arising out of and in the course of employment. In any such action to recover damages for personal injuries sustained or for death resulting from personal injuries so sustained, it is not a defense that the:

- employee was negligent unless such negligence was wilful;
- 20 (2) injury was caused by the negligence of a fellow 21 employee; or
  - (3) employee had assumed the risks inherent inincident to, or arising out of his employment or arising
    from the failure of the employer to provide and maintain a
    reasonably safe place to work or reasonable safe tools or

2 Section 6. Section 92-435, R.C.M. 1947, is amended to read as follows: 3 defined. "Insurer" means any \*92~435. Insurer insurance-company-authorized-to-transact--business--in--this state--insuring--any--employer--under--this-act-and-includes 6 7 industrial-insurance-account-created-by-this-acty--known--as the---state-fund an employer bound by compensation plan No. 8 9 1. an insurance company transacting business under 10 compensation plan No. 2: the industrial insurance account 11 under compensation plan No. 3. or the uninsured employers. 12 fund provided for in 92-212." Section 7. Section 92-614, R.C.M. 1947, is amended to 13 14 read as follows: 15 "92-614. Who liable for injuries under the different płams--of act and in what amounts; == extraterritorial 16 application and reciprocity. (1) Every employer--who--shall 17 become---bound---by---and---subject--to--the--provisions--of 18 19 compensation-plan-number-one-flly--and--every--employer--and 20 insurer--who--shall--become--bound--by--and--subject--to-the 21 provisions-of-compensation-plan--number--two--{2}y--and--the 22 industrial--accident--fund-where-the-employer-of-the-injured 23 employee-has-become-bound-by-and-subject-to--the--provisions 24 of--compensation-plan-Now--By-shall-be insurer is liable for

the payment of compensation in the manner and to the extent

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hereinafter provided to an employee of an employer it 1 insures who has-elected-to-come--under--this--acty--and--who shall--receive receives an injury arising out of and in the course of his employmenty or, in the case of his death from such injury, to his beneficiaries, if any.

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- (2) If a worker employed in this state who is subject to the provisions of this act temporarily leaves the state incidental to that employment and receives an injury arising out of and in the course of such employment, the provisions of this act shall apply to such worker as though he were injured within this state.
- (3) If a worker from another state and his employer from another state are temporarily engaged in work within this state, this act shall not apply to them:
- (a) if the employer and employee are bound by the provisions of the Workers\* Compensation Law or similar law of such other state which applies to them while they are in the state of Montana, and
- (b) if the Workers Compensation Act of this state is recognized and given effect as the exclusive remedy for workers employed in this state who are injured while temporarily employed in such other state.
- 23 (4) A certificate from an authorized officer of the 24 workers\* compensation department or similar agency of 25 another state certifying that an employer of such other

- state is bound by the Workers\* Compensation Act of the state and that its act will be applied to employees of the employer while in the state of Montana shall be prima facie evidence of the application of the Workers' Compensation Law of the certifying state.
- (5) The division may, with the approval of 7 governor, enter into agreements with workers compensation agencies of other states for the purpose of promulgating regulations not inconsistent with the provisions of this act 10 to carry out the extraterritorial application of the 11 workers\* compensation laws of the agreeing states.\*
- 12 Section 8. Repealer. Sections 92-201, 92-203, 92-205, 13 92-207.1, 92-209, 92-210, 92-211, and 92-1102, R.C.M. 1947, 14 are repealed.

-End-

#### STATE OF MONTANA

REQUEST	NΩ	13 <b>5</b> 77

#### FISCAL NOTE

Form BD-15

		The state of the s		
for Backgrou	liance with a written request received January Senate Bill 166 pursuant to Chapter and information used in developing this Fiscal Note is a egislature upon request.	53, Laws of Montana, 19	65 - Thirty-Ninth Leg	islative Assembly.
DESCRI	PTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:			
	creating an uninsured employers' fund to grant to employers are not properly insured; providing for			nsation benefits even
ASSUMP	PTIONS:			
1. 2.	Benefit payments will become effective July 1, The state's General Fund will provide the initia			
FISCAL	IMPACT:			
		FY 78	FY 79	TOTAL
	General Fund appropriation required	<u>\$150,000</u>	<u>\$</u> 0	\$150,000

BUDGET DIRECTOR

Office of Budget and Program Planning

Date: /- 24 - 77

\$8 166

SB 0166/03

Approved by Committee on Finance& Claims

1	SENATE BILL NO. 166
2	INTRODUCED BY LABOR AND EMPLOYMENT RELATIONS COMMITTEE
3	LEE, CHAIRMAN
4	BY REQUEST OF THE DIVISION OF WORKERS! COMPENSATION
5	
6	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: MAN ACT AMENDING SECTIONS
7	92-202.1, 92-204.1, 92-435, AND 92-614, R.C.N. 1947;
8	CREATING AN UNINSURED EMPLOYERS® FUND TO GRANT TO ALL
9	EMPLOYEES IN THIS STATE WORKERS' COMPENSATION BENEFITS EVEN
0	IF THEIR EMPLOYERS ARE NOT PROPERLY INSURED; PROVIDING FOR
1	FUNDING OF THE FUND; DEFINING INSURER; AND REPEALING
.2	SECTIONS 92-201, 92-203, 92-205, 92-207.1, 92-209, 92-210,
. 3	92-211, AND 92-1102, R.C.M. 1947.*
4	
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16	Section 1. Section 92-202.1. R.C.M. 1947, is amended
17	to read as follows:
8	*92-202.1. Employments covered and employments
19	exempted from coverage. <del>This act-shall-not-apply-to-any-of</del>
20	thefollowingemploymentsunlesstheemployerelects
21	coverageunderthisset+ (1) Except as provided in
22	subsection (2) of this section, the Workers' Compensation
23	Act applies to all employers as defined in 92-410-1 and to
24	all employees as defined in 92-411. An employer who has any
25	employee in service under any appointment or contract of
	SECOND READING

ı	hire expressed or implied oral or written shall elect to
2	be bound by the provisions of compensation plan No. 1. 2. or
3	3. Every employee whose employer is bound by the Workers*
4	Compensation Act is subject to and bound by the compensation
5	plan that has been elected by the employer.
6	(2) Unless the employer elects coverage for these
7	employments under the act and an insurer allows such an
8	election, the Workers' Compensation Act does not apply to
9	any of the following employments:
10	(1)(a) Household AND DOMESTIC employment.
11	(2)(h) Casual employment as defined in 92-436.
12	(3)(c) Employment of members of an employer's family
13	dwelling in his the employer's household.
14	(4)(d) Employment of sole proprietors or working
15	members of a partnership.
16	(5)(e) Employment for which a rule of liability for
17	injury, occupational disease, or death is provided under the
18	laws of the United States.
19	$\frac{(6)(f)}{(6)}$ Any person performing services in return for
20	aid or sustenance only."
21	Section 2. Section 92-204.1: R.C.M. 1947; is amended
22	to read as follows:
23	#92-204.1. Election of employer and employee to come
24	under act action against third party causing injury
25	right-to-subrogation. Where-both-the-employerandemployee

-2-

have--elected-to-come For all employments covered under this the act Workers! Compensation Act or for which an election has been made for coverage under the act. the provisions of this the act shall-be are exclusivey, and-such-election shell-be-held-to-be-surrender-by-such-employer-and-the servantsy-and-employees-of-such-employer-and-such-employees es--among--themselvesy--of--their-right-to-any-other-methody form-or-kind-of-compensationy-or-determination--thereofy--or to-any-other-compensationy-or-kind-of-determination-thereofy or--couse--of-action-at-lawy-swit-in-equityy-or-statutory-or common-law-right-or-remedyy-or-proceeding-whatevery--for--or on-account-of-any-personal-injury-to-or-death-of-such employeey--except--as--such--rights---may---be---hereinafter specifically-granted; and such election shall bind Except as provided in 92-212. 92-213. AND 92-214 for uninsured employers and except as otherwise provided in the Workers\* Compensation Act: an employer is not subject to any liability whatever for the death or personal injury to any employees covered by the Workers' Compensation Act. The Workers\* Compensation Act binds the employee himself, and in case of death shall bind binds his personal representative, and all persons having any right or claim to compensation for his injury or death, as well as the employer, and the servants and employees of such employer, and those conducting his business during liquic ion, bankruptcy or

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insolvency. The right to compensation and medical benefits 1 2 as provided by this act shall is not be affected by the fact 3 that the injury, occupational diseases or death is caused by the negligence of a third party other than the employer, or 4 5 the servants or employees of the employer. Whenever such event shall-occur occurs to an employee while performing the 6 7 duties of his employment and such event shall be is caused by the act or omission of some persons or corporations other than his employer, or the servants or employees of his 9 employer, then such the employee, or in case of his death 10 his heirs or personal representative shall, in addition to 11 the right to receive compensation under this act, have a 12 right to prosecute any cause of action he may have for 13 14 damages against such persons or corporations. Further providedy -- that -- whenever - such However, if an employee shall 15 receive receives an injury while performing the duties of 16 his employment and such the injury or injuries, so received 17 by such the employee, are caused by the intentional and 18 malicious act or omission of a servant or employee of his 19 20 employer, then such the employee, or in case of his death, his heirs or personal representatives, shall, in addition to 21 22 the right to receive compensation under the workmen\*s 23 Workers! Compensation Act, have a right to prosecute any cause of action he may have for damages against such the 24 servants or employees of his employer, Causing such the 25

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injury. Providedy--that--the--employer-or-insurer-shall-be entitled--to--full--subrogation--for--all--compensation--and benefits--paid--or--to--be--paid--under--this-acty-except-as otherwise--provided--in--this--section---fhe--employer\*s--or insurer\*s-right-of-subrogation-shall-be-a-first-lien-on-such claimy-judgment-or-recovery--The-employee-shall-institute such-third-party-action-after-giving-the-employer-or-insurer reasonable-notice-of-his-intention-to-institute--such--third party-actions-The-employee-may-request-that-such-insurer-pay a--proportionate--share--of--the--reasonable-costy-including ettorneys\*-feesy-of-such-third-party-action.-The-insurer-may elect-not-to-participate-in-the--cost--of--the--third--party ectiony-but-as-such election-is-made-the-insurer-shall-be deemed-to-have-waived-fifty-percent-(50%)-of-its-subrogation rights-granted-by-the-section--Providedy-howevery-that-if-an employee-refuses-or-fails-to-institute--such--action--within one--{1}--year--from--the--date--of--injuryy-the-employer-or insurer-may-institute-such-third-party-action--in--his--name and--for-his-benefit-or-that-of-his-personal-representative-If-the-employee-or-his-personal--representative--institutes such-third-party-actiony-he-shall-be-entitled-to-at-least one-third-t1/31-of--the--amount--recovered--by--iudament--or compromise--settlement--less--his-proportionate-share-of-the reasonable-costsy-including-attorneys\*-feesy--in--the--event the--amount--of-recovery-is-insufficient-to-provide-him-with

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24 25 that-amount-after-payment-of-subrogation-In-the-event-the employer--or--insurer-institutes-such-third-party-actiony-he shall-pay-to-the-employee-any-amount-recovered--by--judgment or-settlement-which-is-in-excess-of-the-amounts-paid-or-to be-paid-under-this-act-an-employer\*s-or-insurer\*s-reasonable costs-and-attorneys\*-feesv-Nothing-contained-in-this-section shall-prevent-the-employer-or-insurery-including--the division-of-workmen\*s-compensationy-from-entering-into compromise-ogreements-in-settlement-of--subrogation--rights-If-death-results-from the injury-or-occupational-diseasey the-employer-shall-have-a-right-of-action-against-the--third party--far--recovery--of-any-amount-paid-under-this-sety-and such-right-of-action-shall-be-in-addition-to-any--cause--of sction--by--the--heirs--or--personal--representative--af-the deceased.-In-the-event-that-the-amount-of--compensation--and benefits--payable--under--this-act-shall-not-have-been-fully determined-st--the--time--such--employee--or--his--heirs--or personal--representativey--or-the-employer-or-insurery-shall receive-settlement-of-his-actiony-prosecuted--as--aforesaigy then-the-division-shall-determine-what-proportion-of-such settlement-shall-be-allocated--under--subrogation--and--such determination--may-be-appealed-as-any-other-determination-of the-division" Section 3. There is a new R.C.M. section numbered

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92-204.2 that reads as follows:

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92-204.2. Subrogation. (1) If an action is prosecuted as provided for in 92-204.1 and except as otherwise provided in this section, the insurer is entitled to subrogation for all compensation and benefits paid or to be paid under the workers' Compensation Act. The insurer's right of subrogation is a first lien on the claim, judgment, or recovery.

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- (2)(a) If the injured employee intends to institute the third party action, he shall give the insurer reasonable notice of his intention to institute the action.
- (b) The injured employee may request that the insurer pay a proportionate share of the reasonable cost of the action. including attorneys\* fees.
- (c) The insurer may elect not to participate in the cost of the action. If this election is made, the insurer waives 50% of its subrogation rights granted by this section.
- (d) If the injured employee or the employee's personal representative institutes the action, the employee is entitled to at least one-third of the amount recovered by judgment or settlement less a proportionate share of reasonable costs, including attorneys' fees, if the amount of recovery is insufficient to provide the employee with that amount after payment of subrogation.
- 25 (3) If an injured employee refuses or fails to

-7-

institute the third party action within 1 year from the date
of injury, the insurer may institute the action in the name
of the employee and for the employee's benefit or that of
the employee's personal representative. If the insurer
institutes the action, it shall pay to the employee any
amount received by judgment or settlement which is in excess
of the amounts paid or to be paid under the Workers'
Compensation Act after the insurer's reasonable costs,
including attorneys' fees for prosecuting the action, have
been deducted from the recovery.

- 11 (4) An insurer may enter into compromise agreements in 12 settlement of subrogation rights.
  - (5) If the amount of compensation and other benefits payable under the Workers' Compensation Act have not been fully determined at the time the employee, the employee's heirs or personal representatives, or the insurer have settled in any manner the action as provided for in this section, the division shall determine what proportion of the settlement shall be allocated under subrogation. The division's determination may be appealed to the workers' compensation judge.
- 22 Section 4. There is a new R.C.M. section numbered 23 92-212 that reads as follows:
- 24 92-212. Uninsured employers fund. (1) There is created 25 an uninsured employers fund. The purpose of the fund is to

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pay to an injured employee of an uninsured employer the same benefits the employee would have received if the employer had been properly enrolled under compensation plan No. 1: 2: or 3. For the purposes of this section, the words \*uninsured employer\* mean an employer who has not properly complied with the provisions of 92.202.1. The division shall administer the fund and shall pay all proper benefits to injured employees of uninsured employers.

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- (2) The fund shall be funded in the following manner:
- (a) The division shall require that the uninsured employer pay to the fund a penalty of either double the premium amount the employer would have paid on the payroll of the employer's workers in this state if the employer had been enrolled with compensation plan No. 3 or \$500. whichever is greater. In determining the premium amount for the calculation of the penalty under this subsection, the division shall make an assessment on how much premium would have been paid on the employer's past 3-year payroll for periods within the 3 years when the employer was uninsured. An assessment prior to July 1, 1977, may not be made.
- (b) The fund shall receive from an uninsured employer an amount equal to all benefits paid or to be paid EROM THE FUND to an injured employee of the uninsured employer.
- (c) In no event may an uninsured employer's combined liability under subsections (2)(a) and (2)(b) of this

section exceed \$30.000.

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- (d) The division may, at the beginning of each fiscal year, determine that the \$1,000 assessments that are charged against an insurer in each case of an industrial death under 92-709-1(13)(a) shall be paid to the uninsured employers\* fund rather than the subsequent injury fund.
- te)--The-fund-shall--also--be--funded--from--the--state qeneral-fund-for-payment-of-benefits-as-provided-for-in-this section--Howevery--any--amounts-collected-under-subsections 121(s)y-(2)(b)y-or-(2)(d)-of-this-section-shall-be-expended before-any-general-fund-appropriations-are-expended-
- (3) If, upon demand of the division, an uninsured employer refuses to make the payments to the fund that are provided for in subsections (2)(a) and (2)(b) above, the sums may be collected by the division through suit. The division may settle through compromise with an uninsured employer the amount due the fund under this section.
- (4) Proper surpluses and reserves shall be kept for the fund. The board of investments shall invest the moneys of the fund. The cost of administration of the fund shall be paid out of the money in the fund. 21
  - (5) All appropriate provisions in the Workers\* Compensation Act apply to the fund in the same manner as they apply to compensation plans No. 1: 2; and 3.
  - (6) When the division discovers an uninsured employer

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it shall order him to cease operations until he has elected to be bound by a compensation plan. An employer who does not comply with the division's order to cease operations is quilty of a misdemeanor.

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## SECTION 5. THERE IS A NEW R.C.M. SECTION NUMBERED 92-213 THAT READS AS FOLLOWS:

92-213. Election of uninsured employee to take under the fund or bring action against employer -- limitation on benefit entitlement under the fund. (1) An employee who suffers an injury arising out of and in the course of employment while working for an uninsured employer as defined in 92-212(1), or an employee's beneficiaries in injuries resulting in death, may elect to either receive benefits from the uninsured employers fund or pursue a damage action against the employer. However, once an election has been made to either take from the fund or pursue a damage action, the election is final and binding on the employee or the employee's beneficiaries, heirs, and personal representatives. An injured employee or the employee's beneficiaries may not receive both benefits from the fund and pursue a damage action. If an injured employee or the employee's beneficiaries elect to bring an action to recover damages for personal injuries sustained or for death resulting from personal injuries so sustained, it is not a defense for the employer that the:

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1 (a) employee was negligent unless such negligence was
2 willful:

- 3 (b) injury was caused by the negligence of a fellow 4 employee; or
- 5 (c) employee had assumed the risks inherent ine 6 incident to or arising out of his employment or arising 7 from the failure of the employer to provide and maintain a 8 reasonably safe place to work or reasonably safe tools or 9 appliances.
  - (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of 92-212 and 92-61; injured employees or an employee's beneficiaries who elect to receive benefits from the uninsured employers fund are not granted an entitlement by this state for full workers' compensation benefits from the fund. Benefits from the fund shall be paid in accordance with the sums in the fund. If the division determines at any time that the sums in the fund are not adequate to fully pay all claims, the division may make appropriate proportionate reductions in benefits to all claimants. The reductions to not entitle claimants to retroactive reimbursements in the future.
- 21 Section 6. There is a new R.C.M. section NUMBERED
  22 92-214 that reads as follows:
- 23 Effective date of uninsured employers\* fund. Except as 24 provided in this section, 92-212 is effective on July 1, 25 1977. Payouts for benefits may not be made from the

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uninsured employers' fund until the fund attains a level of \$150,000 or January 1, 1979, whichever occurs first. However, until payouts for benefits from the uninsured employers' fund begin, an uninsured employer, as defined in 92-212(1), is subject to suit by an employee who suffers an injury arising out of and in the course of employment. In any such action to recover damages for personal injuries sustained or for death resulting from personal injuries so sustained, it is not a defense that the:

- (1) employee was negligent unless such negligence was wilful NILLEUL;
- 12 (2) injury was caused by the negligence of a fellow
  13 employee; or

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- (3) employee had assumed the risks inherent inincident to, or arising out of his employment or arising from the failure of the employer to provide and maintain a reasonably safe place to work or reasonable safe tools or appliances.
- Section 7. Section 92-435, R.C.M. 1947, is amended to read as follows:
  - #92-435. Insurer defined. #Insurer\* means any insurance-compony-authorized-to-transact-business-in-this state-insuring-any-employer-under-this-act-and-includes industrial-insurance-account-created-by-this-acty-known-as the-"state-fund"-an employer bound by compensation plan No.

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1 1. an insurance company transacting business under
2 compensation plan No. 2. the industrial insurance account
3 under compensation plan No. 3. or the uninsured employers\*
4 fund provided for in 92-212.\*\*

5 Section 8. Section 92-614, R.C.M. 1947, is amended to 6 read as follows:

\*92-614. Who liable for injuries under the different plens-of act and in what amounts, - extraterritorial application and reciprocity. (1) Every employer-who-shall become--bound--by--end--subject---to---the---provisions---of compensation -plan-number--one--(1)--ond-every-employer-and insurer-who--shall--become--bound--by--and--subject--to--the provisions-of-compensation-plan-number-two (2)y-and-the industrial-accident-fund-where-the-employer-of--the-injured employee--has--become-bound-by-and-subject-to-the-provisions of-compensation-plan-Now--3y-shall-be insurer\_is liable for the payment of compensation in the manner and to the extent hereinafter provided to an employee of an employer it insures who has--elected--to--come-under-this-acty-and-who shall-receive receives an injury arising out of and in the course of his employment, or, in the case of his death from such injury, to his beneficiaries, if any.

23 (2) If a worker employed in this state who is subject
24 to the provisions of this act temporarily leaves the state
25 incidental to that employment and receives an injury arising

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out of and in the course of such employment, the provisions

this act shall apply to such worker as though he were

injured within this state.

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- (3) If a worker from another state and his employer from another state are temporarily engaged in work within this state, this act shall not apply to them:
- (a) if the employer and employee are bound by the provisions of the Workers' Compensation Law or similar law of such other state which applies to them while they are in the state of Montana. and
- (b) if the Workers' Compensation Act of this state is recognized and given effect as the exclusive remedy for workers employed in this state who are injured while temporarily employed in such other state.
- (4) A certificate from an authorized officer of the workers' compensation department or similar agency of another state certifying that an employer of such other state is bound by the Workers' Compensation Act of the state and that its act will be applied to employees of the employer while in the state of Montana shall be prima facie evidence of the application of the Workers' Compensation Law of the certifying state.
- (5) The division may, with the approval of the governor, enter into agreements with workers\* compensation agencies of other states for the propose of promulgating

- 1 regulations not inconsistent with the provisions of this act
- 2 to carry out the extraterritorial application of the
- 3 workers\* compensation laws of the agreeing states.\*
- Section 9. Repealer. Sections 92-201, 92-203, 92-205,
- 5 92-207.1, 92-209, 92-210, 92-211, and 92-1102, R.C.M. 1947,
- 6 are repealed.

-End-

1	SENATE BILL NO. 166
2	INTRODUCED BY LABOR AND EMPLOYMENT RELATIONS COMMITTEE
3	LEE, CHAIRMAN
4	BY REQUEST OF THE DIVISION OF WORKERS* COMPENSATION
5	
6	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: MAN ACT AMENDING SECTIONS
7	92-202.1. 92-204.1, 92-435, AND 92-614, R.C.M. 1947;
а	CREATING AN UNINSURED EMPLOYERS* FUND TO GRANT TO ALL
9	EMPLOYEES IN THIS STATE WORKERS' COMPENSATION BENEFITS EVEN
10	IF THEIR EMPLOYERS ARE NOT PROPERLY INSURED; PROVIDING FOR
11	FUNDING OF THE FUND; DEFINING INSURER; AND REPEALING
12	SECTIONS 92-201, 92-203, 92-205, 92-207.1, 92-209, 92-210,
13	92-211, AND 92-1102, R.C.H. 1947."
14	
15	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
16	Section 1. Section 92-202.1, R.C.H. 1947, is amended
17	to read as follows:
18	#92-202-1. Employments <u>covered and employments</u>
19	exempted from coverage. <del>This-act-shall-not-apply-to-any-of</del>
20	thefollowingemploymentsunlesstheemployerelects
21	coverageunderthisact+ (1) Except as provided in
22	subsection (2) of this section, the Workers* Compensation
23	Act applies to all employers as defined in 92-410-1 and to
24	all employees as defined in 92-411. An employer who has any
25	employee in service under any appointment or contract of

hire, expressed or implied, oral or written, shall elect to
be bound by the provisions of compensation plan No. 1. 2. or
3. Every employee whose employer is bound by the Horkers
Compensation Act is subject to and bound by the compensation
plan that has been elected by the employer.
(2) Unless the employer elects coverage for these
employments under the act and an insurer allows such a
election: the Workers' Compensation Act does not apply to
any of the following employments:
(1)(a) Household AND DOMESTIC employment.
(2)(b) Casual employment as defined in 92-436.
(3)(C) Employment of members of an employer's famil
dwelling in his the employer's household.
(4)(d) Employment of sole proprietors or working
members of a partnership.
(5)(e) Employment for which a rule of liability fo
injury, occupational disease, or death is provided under th
laws of the United States.
(6)(f) Any person performing services in return fo
aid or sustenance only."
Section 2. Section 92-204.1, R.C.M. 1947, is amende
to read as follows:
#92-204.1. Election of employer and employee to com

under act -- action against third party causing injury --

right-to-subrogation. Where-both-the-employee

have--elected-to-come For\_all\_employments\_covered under this the act Workers' Compensation Act or for which an election has been made for coverage under the act: the provisions of this the act shall-be are exclusivey, and-such-election shall--be--held--to--be-a-surrender-by-such-employer-and-the servantsy-and-employees-of-such-employer-and-such-employees as--among--themselvesy--of--their-right-to-any-other-methody form-or-kind-of-compensationy-or-determination--thereofy--or to-any-other-compensationy-or-kind-of-determination-thereofy or--couse--of-action-at-lawy-suit-in-equityy-or-statutory-or common-law-right-or-remedyy-or-proceeding-whatevery--for--or on-account-of-any-personal--injury--to--or-death-c^-such employeey--except--os--such--rights---may---be---hereinofter specifically granted; and such election shall-bind Except as provided in 92-212. 92-213. AND 92-214 for uninsured employers and except as otherwise provided in the Morkers' Compensation Act. an employer is not subject to any liability whatever for the death or personal injury to any employees covered by the Workers' Compensation Act. The Horkers Compensation Act binds the employee himself, and in case of death shall-bind binds his personal representative, and all persons having any right or claim to compensation for his injury or death, as well as the employer, and the servants and employees of such employer, and those conducting his business during liquidation, bankruptcy or

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insolvency. The right to compensation and medical benefits as provided by this act shall is not be affected by the fact that the injury, occupational diseases or death is caused by the negligence of a third party other than the employer, or the servants or employees of the employer. Whenever such event shall-occur occurs to an employee while performing the 7 duties of his employment and such event shall-be is caused by the act or omission of some persons or corporations other than his employer, or the servants or employees of his 10 employer. then such the employee. or in case of his death 11 his heirs or personal representative shall, in addition to 12 the right to receive compensation under this act, have a 13 right to prosecute any cause of action he may have for 14 damages against such persons or corporations. Further 15 providedy -- that -- whenever - such However, if an employee shall 16 receive receives an injury while performing the duties of 17 his employment and such the injury or injuries, so received 18 by such the employee, are caused by the intentional and 19 malicious act or omission of a servant or employee of his 20 employer, then such the employee, or in case of his death, 21 his heirs or personal representatives, shall, in addition to 22 the right to receive compensation under the workmen\*s 23 <u>Workers</u> Compensation Act, have a right to prosecute any 24 cause of action he may have for damages against such the servants or employees of his employer, causing such the

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injury. Providedy--thet--the--employer--or-insurer-shall-be entitled-to-full-subrogation-for-all-compensation-and benefits--paid--or--to--be--paid--under--this-actv-except-as otherwise-provided-in-this-section--- The--employer\*s--or insurer's right of subrocation-shall-be-a-first-lien-on-such claimy -- judgment -- or - recoveryy -- The -employee - shall - institute such-third-party-action-after-giving-the-employer-or-insurer reasonable-notice-of-his-intention-to-institute--such--third party octions The employee may request that such insurer pay a--proportionate--share--of--the--reasonable-costy-including ettorneys\*-feesy-of-such-third-party-actions-The-insurer-may elect-not-to-participate-in-the-cost--of--the--third--porty actiony -- but -- as -- such election - is - made - the - insurer - shall -be deemed-to-have-waived-fifty-percent-(50%)-of-its-subrogation rights-granted-by-the-sections-Providedy-howevery-that-if-an employee-refuses-or-fails-to-institute--such--action--within one--(1)--year--from-the--date--of--injuryy-the-employer-or insurer-may-institute-such-third-party-action--in--his--name and-for-his-benefit-or-that-of-his-personal-representatives If-the-employee-or-his-personal--representative--institutes such-third-party-actiony-he-shall-be-entitled-to-at-least one-third-11/31-of--the--amount--recovered--by--judgment--or compromise--settlement--less--his-proportionate-share-of-the reasonable-costsy-including-attorneys\*-feesy--in--the--event the -- amount -- of -recovery - is -insufficient - to - provide - him - with

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that-amount-after-payment-of-subrogations-in-the-event--the employer--or--insurer-institutes such third-party-actiony-he sholl-pay-to-the-employee-any-amount-recovered--by--judgment or-settlement-which-is-in-excess-of-the-accusts-poid-or-to be-paid-under-this-act-an-employer's-or-insurer's-reasonable costs-and-attorneys\*-fease-Nothing-contained-in-this-section shall--prevent--the--employer--or--insurery--including---the division of worksen's compensationy from entering into compromise-egregants-in-settlement-of--subrogation--rights-If--death--results--from-the-injury-or-occupational-diseasey the-employer-shall-have-a-right-of-action-against-the--third party--for--recovery--of-any-amount-paid-under-this-acty-and such-right-of-action-shall-be-in-addition-to--any--cause--of action-by-the-heirs-or-personal-representative-of-the deceased. In the event that the amount of -compensation - and benefits-payable-under-this-act-shall-not-have-been-fully determined-at--the--time--such--employee--or--his--heirs--or personal--representativey--or-the-employer-or-insurery-shall receive-settlement-of-his-actiony-prosecuted-as--aforesaidy then--the--division--shall-determine-what-propertion-of-such settlement-shall-be-allocated--under--subrogation--and--such determination--may-be-appealed-as-any-ather-determination-of the-division\*

Section 3. There is a new R.C.M. section numbered 92-204.2 that reads as follows:

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92-204-2. Subrogation. (1) If an action is prosecuted as provided for in 92-204-1 and except as otherwise provided in this section, the insurer is entitled to subrogation for all compensation and benefits paid or to be paid under the Workers' Compensation Act. The insurer's right of subrogation is a first lien on the claim, judgment, or recovery.

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- (2)(a) If the injured employee intends to institute
   the third party action, he shall give the insurer reasonable
   notice of his intention to institute the action.
- (b) The injured employee may request that the insurer pay a proportionate share of the reasonable cost o the action, including attorneys' fees.
  - (c) The insurer may elect not to participate in the cost of the action. If this election is made, the insurer waives 50% of its subrogation rights granted by this section.
  - (d) If the injured employee or the employee's personal representative institutes the action, the employee is entitled to at least one-third of the amount recovered by judgment or settlement less a proportionate share of reasonable costs, including attorneys' fees, if the amount of recovery is insufficient to provide the employee with that amount after payment of subrogation.
- 25 (3) If an injured employee refuses or fails to

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institute the third party action within 1 year from the date

of injury, the insurer may institute the action in the name

of the employee and for the employee's benefit or that of

the employee's personal representative. If the insurer

institutes the action, it shall pay to the employee any

amount received by judgment or settlement which is in excess

of the amounts paid or to be paid under the Workers'

Compensation Act after the insurer's reasonable costs,

including attorneys' fees for prosecuting the action, have

been deducted from the recovery.

11 (4) An insurer may enter into compromise agreements in 12 settlement of subrogation rights.

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- (5) If the amount of compensation and other benefits payable under the Workers' Compensation Act have not been fully determined at the time the employee, the employee's heirs or personal representatives, or the insurer have settled in any manner the action as provided for in this section, the division shall determine what proportion of the settlement shall be allocated under subrogation. The division's determination may be appealed to the workers' compensation judge.
- 22 Section 4. There is a new R.C.M. section numbered 23 92-212 that reads as follows:
- 24 92-212. Uninsured employers fund. (1) There is created 25 an uninsured employers fund. The purpose of the fund is to

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pay to an injured employee of an uninsured employer the same benefits the employee would have received if the employer had been properly enrolled under compensation plan No. 1, 2, or 3. For the purposes of this section, the words "uninsured employer" mean an employer who has not properly complied with the provisions of 92.202.1. The division shall administer the fund and shall pay all proper benefits to injured employees of uninsured employers.

- (2) The fund shall be funded in the following manner:
- employer pay to the fund a penalty of either double the premium amount the employer would have paid on the payroll of the employer's workers in this state if the employer had been enrolled with compensation plan No. 3 or \$500, whichever is greater. In determining the premium amount for the calculation of the penalty under this subsection, the division shall make an assessment on how much premium would have been paid on the employer's past 3-year payroll for periods within the 3 years when the employer was uninsured. An assessment prior to July 1, 1977, may not be made.
- (b) The fund shall receive from an uninsured employer an amount equal to all benefits paid or to be paid <u>FROM THE</u>

  FUND to an injured employee of the uninsured employer.
- (c) In no event may an uninsured employer's combined liability under subsections (2)(a) and (2)(b) of this

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section exceed \$30.000.

- (d) The division may, at the beginning of each fiscal year, determine that the \$1,000 assessments that are charged against an insurer in each case of an industrial death under 92-709.1(13)(a) shall be paid to the uninsured employers\* fund rather than the subsequent injury fund.
- (e)--The-fund-shall--also--be--funded--from--the--state
  general-fund-for-payment-of-benefits-as-provided-for-in-this
  section---Howevery--ony--amounts-callected-under-subsections
  (2)(9)v-(2)(b)v-or-(2)(d)-of-this-section-shall-be--expended
  before-any-general-fund-appropriations-are-expended
- employer refuses to make the payments to the fund that are provided for in subsections (2)(a) and (2)(b) above, the sums may be collected by the division through suit. The division may settle through compromise with an uninsured employer the amount due the fund under this section.
- (4) Proper surpluses and reserves shall be kept for the fund. The board of investments shall invest the moneys of the fund. The cost of administration of the fund shall be paid out of the money in the fund.
- 22 (5) All appropriate provisions in the Workers\*
  23 Compensation Act apply to the fund in the same manner as
  24 they apply to compensation plans No. 1, 2, and 3.
  - (6) When the division discovers an uninsured employer

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it shall order him to cease operations until he has elected to be bound by a compensation plan. An employer who does not comply with the division's order to cease operations is guilty of a misdemeanor.

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# SECTION 5. THERE IS A NEW R.C.M. SECTION NUMBERED 92-213 THAT READS AS FOLLOWS:

92-213. Election of uninsured employee to take under the fund or bring action against employer -- limitation on benefit entitlement under the fund. (1) An employee who suffers an injury arising out of and in the course of employment while working for an uninsured employer as defined in 92-212(1), or an employee's beneficiaris in injuries resulting in death, may elect to either receive benefits from the uninsured employers fund or pursue a damage action against the employer. However, once an election has been made to either take from the fund or pursue a damage action, the election is final and binding on the employee or the employee's beneficiaries, heirs, and personal representatives. An injured employee or the employee's beneficiaries may not receive both benefits from the fund and pursue a damage action. If an injured employee or the employee's beneficiaries elect to bring an action to recover damages for personal injuries sustained or for death resulting from personal injuries so sustained, it is not a defense for the employer that the:

- 1 (a) employee was negligent unless such negligence was
  2 willful:
- 3 (b) injury was caused by the negligence of a fellow 4 employee; or
  - (c) employee had assumed the risks inherent inincident to, or arising out of his employment or arising from the failure of the employer to provide and maintain a reasonably safe place to work or reasonably safe tools or appliances.
    - (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of 92-212 and 92-614, injured employees or an employee's beneficiaries who elect to receive benefits from the uninsured employers fund are not granted an entitlement by this state for full workers' compensation benefits from the fund. Benefits from the fund shall be paid in accordance with the sums in the fund. If the division determines at any time that the sums in the fund are not adequate to fully pay all claims, the division may make appropriate proportionate reductions in benefits to all claimants. The reductions to not entitle claimants to retroactive reimbursements in the future.
  - Section 6. There is a new R.C.M. section <u>NUMBERED</u>

    92-214 that reads as follows:
  - Effective date of uninsured employers\* fund. Except as provided in this section, 92-212 is effective on July 1, 1977. Payouts for benefits may not be made from the

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uninsured employers' fund until the fund attains a level of \$150,000 or January 1, 1979, whichever occurs first. However, until payouts for benefits from the uninsured employers' fund begin, an uninsured employer, as defined in 92-212(1), is subject to suit by an employee who suffers an injury arising out of and in the course of employment. In any such action to recover damages for personal injuries sustained or for death resulting from personal injuries so sustained, it is not a defense that the:

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- 10 (1) employee was negligent unless such negligence was
  11 wilful WILLEUL;
  - (2) injury was caused by the negligence of a fellow employee; or
  - (3) employee had assumed the risks inherent inincident to- or arising out of his employment or arising
    from the failure of the employer to provide and maintain a
    reasonably safe place to work or reasonable safe tools or
    appliances.
  - Section 7. Section 92-435, R.C.H. 1947, is amended to read as follows:
    - #92-435. Insurer defined. "Insurer" means ony insurance-company-outhorized-to-transact-business-in-this state-insuring-any-employer-under-this-act-and-includes industrial-insurance-account-created-by-this-acty-known-us the-"state-fund"-an employer bound by compensation plan. No.

1. an insurance company transacting business under compensation plan No. 2. the industrial insurance account under compensation plan No. 3. or the uninsured employers. fund provided for in 92-212.

Section 8. Section 92-614, R.C.M. 1947, is amended to read as follows:

\*92-614. Who liable for injuries under the different plans-of act and in what amountsy == extraterritorial application and reciprocity. (1) Every captover-who-shall become -- bound -- by -- and -- subject --- to --- the --- provisions --- of compensation -plan-number--one--fity-and-every-employer-and insurer-who--shall--become--bound--by--and--subject--te--the provisions -- of -- compensation -- plan -- number -- two (2)y-and-the industrial-accident-fund-where the employer-of-the -injured employee--has--become-bound-by-and-subject-te-the-provisions of-compensation-plan-Nos--3y-shall-be insurer is liable for the payment of compensation in the manner and to the extent hereinafter provided to an employee of an employer it insures who has--elected--to--come-under-this-acty-and-who shall-receive receives an injury arising out of and in the course of his employmenty or, in the case of his death from such injury, to his beneficiaries, if any.

(2) If a worker employed in this state who is subject to the provisions of this act temporarily leaves the state incidental to that employment and receives an injury arising \$8 0166/03

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out of and in the course of such employment, the provisions of this act shall apply to such worker as though he were injured within this state.

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- 4 (3) If a worker from another state and his employer
  5 from another state are temporarily engaged in work within
  6 this state, this act shall not apply to them:
  - (a) if the employer and employee are bound by the provisions of the Workers' Compensation Law or similar law of such other state which applies to them while they are in the state of Montana, and
  - (b) if the Workers' Compensation Act of this state is recognized and given effect as the exclusive remedy for workers employed in this state who are injured while temporarily employed in such other state.
  - (4) A certificate from an authorized officer of the workers' compensation department or similar agency of another state certifying that an employer of such other state is bound by the Morkers' Compensation Act of the state and that its act will be applied to employees of the employer while in the state of Montana shall be prima facie evidence of the application of the Workers' Compensation Law of the certifying state.
  - (5) The division may, with the approval of the governor, enter into agreements with workers compensation agencies of other states for the purpose of promulgating

- regulations not inconsistent with the provisions of this act
- 2 to carry out the extraterritorial application of the
- 3 workers' compensation laws of the agreeing states.\*
- Section 9. Repealer. Sections 92-201, 92-203, 92-205,
- 92-207.1, 92-209, 92-210, 92-211, and 92-1102, R.C.M. 1947,
- 6 are repealed.

-End-

45th Legislature

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i	SENATE BILL NO. 166
2	INTRODUCED BY LABOR AND EMPLOYMENT RELATIONS COMMITTEE
3	LEE. CHAIRMAN
4	BY REQUEST OF THE DIVISION OF WORKERS* COMPENSATION
5	
6	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT AMENDING SECTIONS
7	92-202.1, 92-204.1, 92-435, AND 92-614, R.C.M. 1947;
8	CREATING AN UNINSURED EMPLOYERS' FUND TO GRANT TO ALL
9	EMPLOYEES IN THIS STATE WORKERS COMPENSATION BENEFITS EVEN
o	IF THEIR EMPLOYERS ARE NOT PROPERLY INSURED; PROVIDING FOR
1	FUNDING OF THE FUND; DEFINING INSURER; AND REPEALING
. 2	SECTIONS 92-201, 92-203, 92-205, 92-207-1, .92-209, 92-210,
.3	92-211, AND 92-1102, R.C.M. 1947.M
4	
.5	BE II ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
6	Section 1. Section 92-202.1. R.C.M. 1947. is amended
.7	to read as follows:
. ė	"92-202.1. Employments <u>covered</u> and <u>employments</u>
ÿ	exempted from coverage. <del>Inis-act-shall-not-apply-to-any-of</del>
0	thefollowingemploymentsunlesstheemployerelects
1	coverageunderthisact: (1) Except as provided in
2	subsection (2) of this section: the Workers' Compensation
!3	Act applies to all employers as defined in 92-410*1 and to
4	all employees as defined in 92-411. An employer who has any

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1	hire, expressed or implied, oral or written, shall elect t
2	be bound by the provisions of compensation plan No. 1. 2. o
3	3. Every employee whose employer is bound by the workers
4	Compensation Act is subject to and bound by the compensation
5	plan that has been elected by the employer.
6	(2) Unless the employer elects coverage for thes
7	employments under the act and an insurer allows such a
8	election, the Workers. Compensation Act does not apply t
9	any of the following employments:
0	<pre>f1+(a) Household AND DOMESTIC employment.</pre>
1	(2)(b) Casual employment as defined in 92-436.
2	<del>(3)(c)</del> Employment of members of an employer's famil
3	dwelling in his the employer's household.
4	(4)(d) Employment of sole proprietors or working
5	members of a partnership.
6	<pre>(5)(e) Employment for which a rule of liability fo</pre>
7	injury, occupational disease, or death is provided under th
8	laws of the United States.
9	$\{6\}\{f\}$ Any person performing services in return fo
0	aid or sustenance only."
1	section 2. Section 92-204.1, R.C.M. 1947, is amende
2	to read as follows:
3	$^{19}2-204 \cdot 1 \cdot$ Election of employer and employee to com-
4	under act action against third party causing injury -

right-to-subrogation. Where-both-the-employer--and--employee

REFERENCE BILL

employee in service under any appointment or contract of

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have--elected-to-come For all employments covered under this 1 , the ect Norkers! Compensation Acty or for which an election 3 has been made for coverage under the act, the provisions of this the act shall-be are exclusive, and-such-election shall--be--held--to--be-a-surrender-by-such-employer-and-the servantsy-and-employees-of-such-employer-and-such-employeev 7 as--among--themselvesy--of--their-right-to-any-other-methody form-or-kind-of-compensation--or-determination--thereofy--or to-any-other-compensationy-or-kind-of-determination-thereofy 10 or--couse--of-action-at-lawy-suit-in-equityy-or-statutory-or 11 common-law-right-or-remedyy-or-proceeding-whatevery--for--or 12 on-account-of-any-personal-injury-to-or-death-of-such 13 employeev--except--as--such--rights---may---be---hereinafter 14 specifically-granted;-and-such-election-shall-bind Except as 15 provided in 92-212, 92-213, AND 92-214 for uninsured 16 employers and except as otherwise provided in the Workers' 17 Compensation Act. an employer is not subject to any 18 liability whatever for the death or personal injury to any 19 employees covered by the Workers Compensation Act. The 20 Workers! Compensation Act binds the employee himself, and in 21 case of death shall-bind binds his personal representative, 22 and all persons having any right or claim to compensation 23 for his injury or death, as well as the employer, and the 24 servants and employees of such employer, and those 25 conducting his business during liquidation, bankruptcy or

insolvency. The right to compensation and medical benefits as provided by this act shall is not be affected by the fact that the injury, occupational disease, or death is caused by the negligence of a third party other than the employer, or the servants or employees of the employer. Whenever such event shall-occur occurs to an employee while performing the duties of his employment and such event shall-be is caused by the act or omission of some persons or corporations other than his employer, or the servants or employees of his employer. then-such the employee, or in case of his death his heirs, or personal representative shall, in addition to the right to receive compensation under this act, have a right to prosecute any cause of action he may have for damages against such persons or corporations. Further provided -- that -- whenever - such However - if an employee shall receive receives an injury while performing the duties of his employment and such the injury or injuries, so received by such the employee, are caused by the intentional and malicious act or omission of a servant or employee of his employer, then such the employee, or in case of his death, his heirs or personal representatives, shall, in addition to the right to receive compensation under the Workmen's Workers' Compensation Act, have a right to prosecute any cause of action he may have for damages against such the servants or employees of his employer, causing such the

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injury. Providedy-that-the-employer-or-insurer-shall-be entitled--to--full--subrogation--for--all--compensation--and benefits--payd--or--to--be--paid--under--this-acty-except-as otherwise--provided--in--this--section--The--employer\*s--or insurer\*s-right-of-subrocation-shall-be-s-first-lien-on-such claimy--judgment--or-recoveryw--The-employee-shall-institute such-third-party-action-after-qiving-the-employer-or-insurer reasonable-notice-of-his-intention-to-institute--such--third porty-actions-The-employee-may-request-that-such-insurer-pay a--proportionate--share--of--the--reasonable-costy-including attorneys\*-feesy-of-such-third-party-actions-The-insurer-may elect-not-to-participate-in-the--cost--of--the--third--party actiony--but--as--such-election-is-made-the-insurer-shall-be deemed-to-have-waived-fifty-percent-(50%)-of-its-subrogation rights-granted-by-the-sections-Providedy-howevery-that-if-an employee-refuses-or-fails-to-institute--such--action--within insurer-may-institute-such-third-party-action--in--his--name and--for-his-benefit-or-that-of-his-personal-representative\* If-the-employee-or-his--personal--representative--institutes such--third--party--actiony-he-shall-be-entitled-to-at-least one-third-fl/3)-of--the--amount--recovered--by--judgment--or compromise--settlement--less--his-proportionate-shore-of-the reasonable-costsy-including-attorneys\*-fersy--in--the--event the--amount--of-recovery-is-insufficient-to-provine-him-with

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that-pmount-after-payment-of-subrogationIn-theeventthe
employerorinsurer-institutes-such-third-party-actiony-he
sna++-pay-to-the-employee-any-amount-recoveredbyjudgment
orsettlementwhich-is-in-excess-of-the-amounts-paid-or-to
be-poid-under-this-act-an-employer*s-or-insurer*s-reasonable
costs-and-attorneys*-feesw-Nothing-contained-in-this-section
shallpreventtheemployerorinsureryincludingthe
divisionofworkmen'scompensationyfromenteringinto
compromise-agreements-in-settlement-ofsubrogationrights*
Ifdeathresultsfrom-the-injury-or-occupational-diseasev
the-employer-shall-have-s-right-of-action-against-thethird
partyforrecoveryof-any-amount-paid-under-this-acty-and
such-right-of-action-shall-be-in-addition-toanycauseof
actionbytheheirsorpersonalrepresentativeof-the
deceased-in-the-event-that-the-amount-ofcompensationand
benefitspayableunderthis-act-shall-not-have-been-fully
determined-atthetimesuchemployeeorhisheirsor
personalrepresentativeyor-the-employer-or-insurery-shall
receive-settlement-of-his-actiony-prosecutedosaforesaidy
thenthedivisionshall-determine-what-proportion-of-such
settlement-snall-be-allocatedundersubrogationandsuch
determinationmay-be-appealed-as-any-other-determination-of
the-division*

Section 3. There is a new R.C.M. section numbered

92-204-2 that reads as follows:

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92-204.2. Subrogation. (1) If an action is prosecuted as provided for in 92-204.1 and except as otherwise provided in this section, the insurer is entitled to subrogation for all compensation and benefits paid or to be paid under the Workers\* Compensation Act. The insurer\*s right of subrogation is a first lien on the claim, judgment, or recovery.

(2)(a) If the injured employee intends to institute the third party action, he shall give the insurer reasonable notice of his intention to institute the action.

- (b) The injured employee may request that the insurer pay a proportionate share of the reasonable cost of the action, including attorneys\* fees.
- (c) The insurer may elect not to participate in the cost of the action. If this election is made, the insurer waives 50% of its subrogation rights granted by this section.
- (d) If the injured employee or the employee's personal representative institutes the action, the employee is entitled to at least one—third of the amount recovered by judgment or settlement less a proportionate share of reasonable costs, including attorneys' fees, if the amount of recovery is insufficient to provide the employee with that amount after payment of subrogation.
  - (3) If an injured employee refuses or fails to

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institute the third party action within 1 year from the date
of injury, the insurer may institute the action in the name
of the employee and for the employee's benefit or that of
the employee's personal representative. If the insurer
institutes the action, it shall pay to the employee any
amount received by judgment or settlement which is in excess
of the amounts paid or to be paid under the workers'
Compensation Act after the insurer's reasonable costs,
including attorneys' fees for prosecuting the action, have
been deducted from the recovery.

- (4) An insurer may enter into compromise agreements in settlement of subrogation rights.
- (5) If the amount of compensation and other benefits payable under the Workers' Compensation Act have not been fully determined at the time the employee, the employee's heirs or personal representatives, or the insurer have settled in any manner the action as provided for in this section, the division shall determine what proportion of the settlement shall be allocated under subrogation. The division's determination may be appealed to the workers' compensation judge.
- 22 Section 4. There is a new R.C.M. section numbered 23 92-212 that reads as follows:
- 24 92-212. Uninsured employers fund. (1) There is created 25 an uninsured employers fund. The purpose of the fund is to

-8-661 62 pay to an injured employee of an uninsured employer the same benefits the employee would have received if the employer had been properly enrolled under compensation plan No. 1, 2, or 3. For the purposes of this section, the words "uninsured employer" mean an employer who has not properly complied with the provisions of 92.202.1. The division shall administer the fund and shall pay all proper benefits to injured employees of uninsured employers.

(2) The fund shall be funded in the following manner:

- (a) The division shall require that the uninsured employer pay to the fund a penalty of either double the premium amount the employer would have paid on the payroll of the employer's workers in this state if the employer had been enrolled with compensation plan No. 3 or \$500, whichever is greater. In determining the premium amount for the calculation of the penalty under this subsection, the division shall make an assessment on how much premium would have been paid on the employer's past 3-year payroll for periods within the 3 years when the employer was uninsured. An assessment prior to July 1, 1977, may not be made.
- (b) The fund shall receive from an uninsured employer an amount equal to all benefits paid or to be paid <u>FRUM THE</u>

  <u>EUND</u> to an injured employee of the uninsured employer.
- (c) In no event may an uninsured employer's combined liability under subsections (2)(a) and (2)(b) of this

section exceed \$30,000.

- 2 (d) The division may, at the beginning of each fiscal
  3 year, determine that the \$1,000 assessments that are charged
  4 against an insurer in each case of an industrial death under
  5 92-709.1(13)(a) shall be paid to the uninsured employers;
  6 fund rather than the subsequent injury fund.
  - te)--The-fund-shell--also--be--funded--from--the--state

    general-fund-for-payment-of-benefits-as-provided-for-in-this

    section\*--However\*--any--amounts-collected-under-subsections

    t2)(a)\*-(2)(b)\*-or-(2)(d)-of-this-section-shall-be--expended

    before-any-general-fund-appropriations-are-expended\*
  - (3) If, upon demand of the division, an uninsured employer refuses to make the payments to the fund that are provided for in subsections (2)(a) and (2)(b) above, the sums may be collected by the division through suit. The division may settle through compromise with an uninsured employer the amount due the fund under this section.
  - (4) Proper surpluses and reserves shall be kept for the fund. The board of investments shall invest the moneys of the fund. The cost of administration of the fund shall be paid out of the money in the fund.
  - (5) All appropriate provisions in the Workers\*

    Compensation Act apply to the fund in the same manner as
    they apply to compensation plans No. 1, 2, and 3.
    - (5) When the division discovers an uninsured employer

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it shall order him to cease operations until he has elected to be bound by a compensation plan. An employer who does not comply with the division's order to cease operations is quilty of a misdemeanor.

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## SECTION 5. THERE IS A NEW 8.C.M. SECTION NUMBERED 92-213 THAT READS AS FOLLOWS:

92-213. Election of uninsured employee to take under the fund or bring action against employer -- limitation on benefit entitlement under the fund. (1) An employee who suffers an injury arising out of and in the course of employment while working for an uninsured employer as defined in 92-212(1), or an employee's beneficiaries in injuries resulting in death, may elect to either receive benefits from the uninsured employers fund or pursue a damage action against the employer. However, once an election has been made to either take from the fund or pursue a damage action, the election is final and binding on the employee or the employee's beneficiaries, heirs, and personal representatives. An injured employee or the employee's beneficiaries may not receive both benefits from the fund and pursue a damage action. If an injured employee or the employee's beneficiaries elect to bring an action to recover damages for personal injuries sustained or for death resulting from personal injuries so sustained, it is not a defense for the employer that the:

- 1 (a) employee was negligent unless such negligence was 2 willful:
- 3 (b) injury was caused by the negligence of a fellow4 employee; or
  - (c) employee had assumed the risks inherent inincident to, or arising out of his employment or arising
    from the failure of the employer to provide and maintain a
    reasonably safe place to work or reasonably safe tools or
    appliances.
- (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of 92-212 and 10 11 92-614, injured employees or an employee's beneficiaries who 12 elect to receive benefits from the uninsured employers fund are not granted an entitlement by this state for full 13 workers' compensation benefits from the fund. Benefits from 14 the fund shall be paid in accordance with the sums in the 15 fund. If the division determines at any time that the sums 16 17 in the fund are not adequate to fully pay all claims, the division may make appropriate proportionate reductions in 18 benefits to all claimants. The reductions to not entitle 19 claimants to retroactive reimbursements in the future. 20
  - Section 6. There is a new R.C.M. section <u>NUMBERED</u>
    92-214 that reads as follows:
- 23 Effective date of uninsured employers fund. Except as 24 provided in this section, 92-212 is effective on July 1, 25 1977. Payouts for benefits may not be made from the

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uninsured employers' fund until the fund attains a level of \$150,000 or January 1, 1979, whichever occurs first. However, until payouts for benefits from the uninsured employers' fund begin, an uninsured employer, as defined in 92-212(1), is subject to suit by an employee who suffers an injury arising out of and in the course of employment. In any such action to recover damages for personal injuries sustained or for death resulting from personal injuries so sustained, it is not a defense that the:

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- (1) employee was negligent unless such negligence was wilful WILLEUL;
- 12 (2) injury was caused by the negligence of a fellow employee; or
  - (3) employee had assumed the risks inherent inincident to, or arising out of his employment or arising from the failure of the employer to provide and maintain a reasonably safe place to work or reasonable safe tools or appliances.
- Section 7. Section 92-435, R.C.M. 1947, is amended to read as follows:
- 21 "92-435. Insurer defined. "Insurer" means any
  22 insurance--company--authorized--to-transact-business-in-this
  23 state-insuring-any-employer--under--this--act--and--includes
  24 industrial--insurance--account-created-by-this-actv-known-as
  25 the-"state-fund"-an employer bound by compensation plan. No.

- l. an insurance company transacting business under
  compensation plan No. 2. the industrial insurance account
  under compensation plan No. 3. or the uninsured employers\*
  fund provided for in 92-212."
- 5 Section 8. Section 92-614, R.C.M. 1947, is amended to 6 read as follows:
- 7 #92-614. Who liable for injuries under the different Я plens-of act and in what amountsy - extraterritorial application and reciprocity. (1) Every employer-who-shall 10 become--bound--by--and--subject---to---the---orayisions---of 11 compensation--plan--number--one--(1)y-and-every-employer-and insurer-who--shall--become--bound--by--and--subject--to--the 12 provisions-of--compensation--plan--number--two-(2),-and-the 13 industrial-accident-fund-where-the-employer-of--the--injured 14 15 employee--has--become-bound-by-ond-subject-to-the-provisions 16 of-compensation-plan-Now--3v-shall-be insurer is liable for 17 the payment of compensation in the manner and to the extent hereinafter provided to an employee of an employer it 18 19 insures who has--elected--to--come-under-this-acty-and-who shall-receive receives an injury arising out of and in the 20 21 course of his employment+ or+ in the case of his death from 22 such injury, to his beneficiaries, if any.
- 23 (2) If a worker employed in this state who is subject 24 to the provisions of this act temporarily leaves the state 25 incidental to that employment and receives an injury arising

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out of and in the course of such employment, the provisions

of this act shall apply to such worker as though he were

injured within this state.

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- (3) If a worker from another state and his employer from another state are temporarily engaged in work within this state, this act shall not apply to them:
- (a) if the employer and employee are bound by the provisions of the Workers' Compensation Law or similar law of such other state which applies to them while they are in the state of Montana, and
- (b) if the Workers Compensation Act of this state is recognized and given effect as the exclusive remedy for workers employed in this State who are injured while temporarily employed in such other state.
- (4) A certificate from an authorized officer of the workers' compensation department or similar agency of another state certifying that an employer of such other state is bound by the Workers' Compensation Act of the state and that its act will be applied to employees of the employer while in the state of Montana shall be prime facile evidence of the application of the Workers' Compensation Law of the certifying state.
- (5) The division may, with the approval of the governor, enter into agreements with workers, compensation agencies of other states for the purpose of promulgating

- 1 regulations not inconsistent with the provisions of this act
- 2 to carry out the extraterritorial application of the
- 3 workers\* compensation laws of the agreeing states.\*\*
- Section 9. Repealer. Sections 92-201, 92-203, 92-205,
- 5 92-207-1, 92-209, 92-210, 92-211, and 92-1102, R.C.M. 1947,
- 6 are repealed.

-End-