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INTRODUCED BY Sordown Fobert Marks From Stephens Jour Hallow Zimme Olson Stephens Jour Hallow Zimme Olson of a Bill for an act entitled: "An act authorizing grocery for stores and others licensed for off-premises beer sales to sell wine for off-premises consumption; deleting wine from the definition of liquor; directing the department of the revenue to wholesale wine and to refrain from retailing wine: Imposing an excise tax on the wholesale transfer of

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

4-3-202, 4-3-208, 4-4-201, AND 4-6-105, R.C.M. 1947."

WINE: AMENDING SECTIONS 4-1-107, 4-1-201, 4-1-202, 4-3-201,

Section 1. Section 4-1-107, R.C.M. 1947, is amended to read as follows:

16 "4-1-107. Definitions. As used in this code the following definitions apply:

- (1) "Agency agreement" means an agreement between the department and a person appointed to sell liquor as a commission merchant, rather than as an employee.
- (2) "Alcohol" means ethyl alcohol, also called ethanol or the hydrated oxide of ethyl.
- 23 (3) "Alcoholic beverage" means a compound produced and
 24 sold for human consumption as a drink that contains more
 25 than one-half--of-one-percent-(0.5%) 1/2 of 1% of alcohol by

volume.

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- (4) *Beer* means a malt beverage containing not more than *seven-percent-+7%*) of alcohol by weight.
- (5) MBrewerM means a person who produces malt beverages.
- 6 (6) "Department" means the Montana department of revenue.
 - (7) "Immediate family" means a spouse, dependent children, or dependent parents.
 - (8) "Industrial use" means a use described as industrial use by the Federal Alcohol Administration Act and the federal rules and regulations of 27 CFR.
- 13 (9) "Liquor" means an alcoholic beverage except beer
 14 or wine.
- 15 (10) "Malt beverage" means an alcoholic beverage made 16 by the fermentation of an infusion or decoction, or a 17 combination of both, in potable brewing water, of malted 18 barley with or without hops or their partsy or their 19 products, and with or without other malted cereals and with 20 or without the addition of unmalted or prepared cereals, 21 other carbonydrates, or products prepared therefrom, and 22 with or without other wholesome products suitable for human 23 food consumption.
 - (11) "Package" means a container or receptacle used for holding an alcoholic beverage.

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- 1 (12) "Proof gallon" means a U. S. gallon of liquor at 2 sixty 60 degrees on the Fahrenheit scale that contains fifty percent-#50%+ of alcohol by volume. 3
- 4 (13) "Public place" means a place, ouilding, or 5 conveyance to which the public has or may be permitted to 6 have access and any place of public resort.

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- (14) "Residence" means a building, part of a building, or tent where a person resides, but does not include any part of a building that is not actually and exclusively used as a private residence.
- (15) "Rules and---regulations" means rules and 11 12 regulations published by the department pursuant to this 13 act.
 - (16) "State liquor facility" means a facility owned or under control of the department for the purpose of receiving, storing, transporting, or selling alcoholic beverages.
 - (17) "State liquor store" means a retail store operated by the department in accordance with this code for the purpose of selling distifled-spirits-and-wines liquor.
 - (18) "Storage depot" means a building or structure owned or operated by a brewer at any point in the state of Montana, off and away from the premises of a brewery, and which structure is equipped with refrigeration or cooling apparatus for the storage of beer, and from which a brewer

may sell or distribute beer as permitted by this code. 1

- 2 (19) "Warehouse" means a building or structure owned or operated by a licensed wholesalar for the receiving, storage, and distribution of beer as permitted by this code.
- 5 (20) "Wine" means an alcoholic beverage made from the 5 normal alcoholic fermentation of the juice of sound, ripey 7 fruit or other agricultural products without addition or 8 abstraction, except as may occur in the usual callar treatment of clarifying and aging and that contains not less 9 than seven-percent-47%)-nor or more than twenty-four-percent 10 †24%) of alcohol by volume. Wine may be ameliorated to 11 correct natural deficiencies, sweetened and fortified in 12 accordance with applicable federal regulations and the 13 customs and practices of the industry. Other alcoholic 14 15 beverages not defined as above but made in the manner of 16 wine, labeled and sold as wine in accordance with federal 17 regulations are also wine."
- 18 Section 2. Section 4-1-201, R.C.N. 1947, is amended to 19 read as follows:
- "4-1-201. Sale of-liquory or possession of liquory ____ 20 21 when unlawful. (1) Except as provided by this code, no 22 person shall may, within the state, by himself, his clerk, 23 servant, or agent, expose or keep for sale, or directly or indirectly or upon any pretensey or upon any devicey selly 25 or offer to selly or in consideration of the purchase or

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transfer of any property* or for any other consideration* or at the time of the transfer of any property* give to any other person any liquor*

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(2) No person shall may have or keep any liquor within the state which has not been purchased from the state of Montana: provided, however, that nothing in this code shall prohibit prohibits any person entering this state from any other states or from any foreign countrys from having in his possession not to exceed three-f3t wine gallons of atcoholic liquor wine or beery which liquor-or-beer-shall--have has been purchased in another state or foreign country, but no parson claiming to have so entered the statey--shall may at any timey have in his possession more than three-f37 wine gallons of intoxicating-liquor alcoholic beverages which shall has not have been purchased from a state liquor store. This subsection shall does not apply to the department or to the keeping or having of liquor alcoholic beverages by brewers, distillers, and other persons duly licensed by the United States for the manufacture of such liquory-nor beverages: or to the keeping or having of any proprietary or patent medicines or of any extracts, essences, tinctures, or preparations where such having and keeping is authorized by this code.

(3) Nothing contained in this section shall-apply
applies to the possession by a sheriff or his bailiff of

7 Section 3. Section 4-1-202, R.C.M. 1947, is amended to 8 read as follows:

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*4-1-202. Application of code. (1) Nothing in this code shall prevent prevents any brewer, distiller, or other person duly licensedy under the provisions of any statute of the United States of American for the manufacture of liquory alcoholic beverages from having or keeping liquor an alcoholic beverage in a place and in the manner authorized by or under any such statute.

121 It is hereby declared to be the policy of the state of Montana that the manufacture of liquor alcoholic beverages: including the distillation, rectification, bottling: and processing as these terms are defined under the provisions of the laws of the United States: shall be authorized and permitted by any brewer, distiller, rectifier: or other person duly licensed under any provision of any statute of the United States of America in a place and in the manner authorized by or under any statute of the United States provided the Montana—state department of

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- I revenue may make such requisitions rules as the department
 - deems considers necessary with respect thereto, not
- 3 inconsistent with this codey or with the statutes of the
- 4 United States of America or regulations issued under the
- 5 provisions of the federal federal Alcohol Administration
 - Act, title 27, United States Codes sections 201
- 7 through 212 inclusives or regulations issued under the
- 8 provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, title-26 litle 26,
- 9 United States Code, sections 5001 through 5693, inclusive-
- 10 t2f(3) Nothing in this code shall-prevent- prevents:
- 11 (a) The the sale of liquor or wine by any person to
- 12 the department;

- 13 (b) The the purchase, importation, and sale of liquor
- 14 or wine by the department for the purposes of and in
- 15 accordance with this code.**
- 16 Section 4. Section 4-3-201, R.C.M. 1947, is amended to
- 17 read as follows:
- 18 #4-3-201. Possession, manufactures or disposal of beer
- 19 or wine in other manner than prescribed unlawful. It shall
- 20 be is unlawful to manufactures or sell, or dispose of, or
- 21 possess for the purpose of sale, beer or wine of any kind or
- 22 character of an alcoholic content greater than herein
- 23 prescribed \mathbf{y} or other than in the manner permitted by this
- 24 code."
- 25 Section 5. Section 4-3-202, R.C.N. 1947, is amended to

- l read as follows:
- 2 "4-3-202. Beer or wine sale by department prohibited.
- 3 The sale of beer or retail sale of wine by the department is
- 4 hereby prohibited."
- 5 Section 6. There is a new R.C.M. section that reads as
 - follows:
- 7 Purchase of wine for off-premises sale. Persons
- 8 licensed under 4-4-201, subsection (4) or 4-4-202 to sell
- 9 wine for off-premises or on-premises consumption may
- 10 purchase wine from the department in lots of one case or
- 11 more, upon payment of the department's purchase price, the
- 12 excise tax, and shipping costs from the department to the
- 13 purchaser. The department's purchase price includes
- 14 shipping costs from the winery to the department.
- 15 Section 7. There is a new R.C.M. section that reads as
- 16 follows:
- 17 Department to wholesale wine -- procedure. The
- 18 department shall purchase from wineries such types and
- 19 quantities of wine as licensed retailers of wine request or
- 20 as may further seem proper to the department.
- 21 Section 8. There is a new R.C.M. section that reads as
- 22 follows:
- 23 Excise tax on wine -- rate. The department shall charge
- 24 , and collect an excise tax on the wholesale transfer of wine
- 25 at the rate of 56% of the price of the wine f.o.b. winery.

- All tax collected under this section shall be paid into the general fund.
- 3 Section 9. Section 4-3-308, R.C.M. 1947, is amended to 4 read as follows:

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- 5 #4-3-308. Refilling of liquor or wine bottles
 6 prohibited. No person who sellsy or offers for saley liquor
 7 or wine, nor or the agent or employee of such persony may—:
- 8 (1) place in any liquor or wine bottle any liquor
 9 whatsoever type of alcoholic beverage other than those that
 10 contained in such bottle at the time of stamping by the
 11 federal government; or
- 12 (2) possess any liquor <u>or wine</u> bottle in which any
 13 liquor <u>or wine</u> has been placed in violation of subsection
 14 (1); or
 - (3) by the addition of any substance whatsoever to any liquor or wine bottle, in any manner alter or increase any portion of the original contents contained in such bottle at the time of stamping by the federal government; or
 - (4) possess any liquor or wine bottle, any portion of the contents of which has been altered or increased in violation of subsection (3); except that this section does not prohibit any reuse of liquor or wine bottles which is permitted under laws or regulations of the federal government."
- 25 Section 10. Section 4-4~201, R.C.M. 1947, is amended

- 1 to read as follows:
- 2 #4-4-201. Issuance of retail beer licenses -- limit on
 3 number of beer licenses -- wine license amendments -- retail
 4 license fee. (1) Except as otherwise provided by law, a
 5 license to sell beer at retaily or beer and wine at retail
 6 pursuant to subsection (2), in accordance with the
 7 provisions of this act code and the regulations rules of the
 8 department of-revenue, may be issued to any person, firms or
 9 corporation who shall-be is approved by the department as a
 10 fit and proper person, firms or corporation to sell beerts
 11 providedy that:
- 12 (a) the number of retail beer licenses that the 13 department may issue for premises situated within 14 incorporated cities and incorporated towns and within a 15 distance of five-(5) miles from the corporate limits of such 16 cities and towns shall be determined on the basis of 17 population as shown by the most recent official United 18 States census authorized by Congress, to-wit 19 namely: In in incorporated towns of five--hundred--(500) 20 inhabitants or less and within a distance of five-f5+ miles 21 from the corporate limits of such towns, not more than one (1) retail beer license, which shall may not be used in 22 23 conjunction with a retail liquor license; in incorporated cities or incorporated towns of more than five-hundred-(500) 24 25 inhabitants and not over two-thousand-f2±000} inhabitants

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and within a distance of five-f5t miles from the corporate limits of such cities or towns, one fit beer license for each five-hundred-f500+ inhabitants which said beer license shall may not be used in conjunction with retail liquor licenses; in incorporated cities of over two-thousand +2.000) inhabitants and within a distance of five-+5% miles from the corporate limits of such cities, two (2) additional retail beer licenses for the first two-thousand--+2,000+ inhabitants or major fraction thereof and one 111 additional retail beer license for each additional two-thousand-{2,000} inhabitants which shall may not be used in conjunction with retail liquor licenses. The number of the inhabitants in such cities and towns, exclusive of the number of inhabitants residing within a distance of five---(5) miles from the corporate limits thereof, shall govern the number of retail beer licenses that may be issued for use within such cities and towns and within a distance of five-(5) miles from the corporate limits thereoft--providedy--that where. Where two (2) or more incorporated municipalities are situated within a distance of five--f5 miles from each other, the total number of retail beer licenses that may be issued for use in both of such municipalities and within a distance of five-(5) miles from their respective corporate limitsy shall be determined on the basis of the combined populations of both of such municipalities and shall may not

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exceed the foregoing limitations. The said distance of five 1 2 #5% miles from the corporate limits of any incorporated city 3 or incorporated town shall be measured in a straight line from the nearest entrance of the premises proposed for 4 5 licensing to the nearest corporate boundary of such city or 6 town. Retail beer licenses of issue on the date of the 7 passage and approval of this act and which are in excess of 8 the foregoing limitations shall be renewable, but no new licenses shall may be issued in violation of limitations;-providedy-that-such, Such limitations shall may 10 11 prevent the issuance of a nontransferable and nonassignable retail beer license to any post of a 12 13 nationally chartered veterans organization or any lodge of a recognized national fraternal organization, if such 14 15 veterans* or fraternal organization has been in existence for a period of five-(5) years or more prior to January 1. 16 17 1949. No incorporated city or incorporated town may by 18 ordinance restrict the number of licenses that the 19 department may issuet, provided that no retail beer license 20 may be issued by the department for any premises situated 21 within any zone of such city or town wherein the sale of 22 beer is prohibited by ordinance, a certified copy of which 23 has been filed with the department. The department shall 24 have-discretion-to may deny the issuance of a retail beer 25 license if it shall-determine determines that the premises

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proposed for licensing are off regular police beats and cannot be properly policed by local authorities.

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- (b) The number of retail beer licenses that the department may issue for use at premises situated outside of any incorporated city or incorporated town and outside of the area within a distance of five--(5) miles from the corporated corporate limits thereofy or for use at premises situated within any unincorporated town shall be as determined by the department in the exercise of its sound discretion; providedy that no retail beer license shall may be issued for any premises so situated unless the department shall-determine determines that the issuance of such license is required by public convenience and necessity.
- (2) A person holding a license to sell beer for consumption on the premises at retail may apply to the department for an amendment to the license permitting the holder to sell wine as well as beer. The division may issue such amendment if it finds, on a satisfactory showing by the applicant, that the sale of wine for consumption on the premises would be supplementary to a restaurant or prepared food business. A person holding a beer-and-wine license may sell wine for consumption on the premises. He may buy wine only at retail from the department. Nonretention of the beer license, for whatever reason, shall mean automatic loss of the wine amendment license.

- 1 (3) The annual license fee for a license to sell 'wine
 2 on the premises, when issued as an amendment to a beer only
 3 license shall be two-hundred-dollars-f\$2001.
- (4) A retail license to sell beer and wine in the 5 original packages for off-premise consumption only may be 5 issued to any person, firm, or corporation who shall—be is approved by the department as a fit and proper person. firm. 8 or corporation to sell beer and wine and whose premises proposed for licensing are operated as a bona fide grocery 10 store or a drugstore licensed as a pharmacy. The number of such licenses that the department may issue shall is not be 11 12 limited by the provisions of subsection (1) of this section. 13 but shall be determined by the department in the exercise of 14 its sound discretion, and the department may in the exercise 15 of its sound discretion grant or deny any application for 15 any such license or suspend or revoke any such license for 17 cause. The annual license fee for a license to sell beer 18 and wine at retail for off-premises consumption shall be the 19 same as for a retail beer license."
- Section 11. Section 4-6-105, R.C.M. 1947, is amended to read as follows:

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"4-6-105. Bottle clubs prohibited. The operation of beer. wine: or liquor: or alcoholic beverage bottle clubs is hereby prohibited by any person, persons, partnership, firm, corporation: or association. A bottle club is hereby defined

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as any person, persons, partnership, firm, corporation, or
association maintaining premises, not licensed for the sale
of beer, wine, or liquor, for a fee or other consideration,
including the sale of food, mixes, ice, or any other fluids
for alcoholic tiquors beverages, or otherwise furnishing
premises for such purposes and from which they would derive
revenue.

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Section 12. Severability. If a part of this act is invalid, all valid parts that are severable from the invalid part remain in effect. If a part of this act is invalid in one or more of its applications, the part remains in effect in all valid applications that are severable from the invalid applications.

-End-

REQUEST	NO	6 6-77

FISCAL NOTE

Form	RD-	i	4

In compliance with a written request received
for Senate Bill 85 pursuant to Chapter 53, Laws of Montana, 1965 - Thirty-Ninth Legislative Assembly.
Background information used in developing this Fiscal Note is available from the Office of Budget and Program Planning, to members
of the Legislature upon request.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION

This bill authorizes grocery stores and others licensed for off premises beer sales to sell wine for off-premises consumption; deleting wine from the definition of liquor; directing the Department of Revenue to wholesale wine and to refrain from retailing wine; imposing an excise tax on the wholesale transfer of wine.

ASSUMPTIONS

Assume sales and expenditure data as given in Table 14 of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst's report entitled "Fiscal Impacts of Altering Montana's Liquor Distribution System" and Department of Revenue records.

Assume that 670 off-premises wine licenses are issued. There are four alternative scenarios:

- I. No change in wine sales volume, direct shipment from warehouse to retailer (with no increase in transportation costs).
- II. No change in wine sales volume, shipments from warehouse to state liquor stores, state liquor stores sell wine at wholesale to retailers.
- III. 100% increase in wine sales volume, direct shipments from warehouse to retailer (with no increase in warehouse costs, and proportional increases in transportation costs).
- IV. 100% increase in wine sales volume, shipments from warehouse to state liquor stores, state liquor stores sell wine at wholesale to retailers (no increase in Department of Revenue costs, except for proportional increases in transportation costs).

FISCAL IMPACT

Depending upon the assumptions used, the net effect of this bill will be as follows:

<u>FY 78</u> <u>FY 79</u> 1.646 to \$+61.271 \$-2.333.635 to \$+58.39

-2,201,646 to \$+61,271 \$-2,333,635 to \$+58,391

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 2)

BUDGET DIRECTOR
Office of Budget and Program Planning
Date:

REQUEST	MΩ	66-77

FISCAL NOTE

Form BD-15

'n.	compliance with a written request received <u>January 13</u> , 19 77, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note
for	Senate Bill 85 pursuant to Chapter 53, Laws of Montana, 1965 - Thirty-Ninth Legislative Assembly.
Ba	ekground information used in developing this Fiscal Note is available from the Office of Budget and Program Planning, to members
of	the Legislature upon request.

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FISCAL IMPACT (Cont.)

In particular,

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Current Law	Scenario I	Scenario II	Scenario III	Scenario IV
Total Net Revenue FY 78	\$3,631,287	\$1,854,894	\$1,429,641	\$3,692,558	\$3,267,305
Total Net Revenue FY 79	\$3,815,070	\$1,942,834	\$1,481,435	\$3,873,461	\$3,412,062

EFFECT ON COUNTY OR OTHER LOCAL REVENUE

Under the proposed law, wine would no longer be classified as "liquor", and therefore the 5% liquor license tax would no longer be applicable. 80% of revenues from liquor license tax are currently allocated to local governments (60% to cities & towns, 20% to counties).

Therefore, approximately \$248,000 in FY 78, and \$260,000 in FY 79, would not be distributed commatically to local jurisdictions.

LONG-RANGE EFFECTS

Depending upon distribution method employed by Department of Revenue, and upon the amount of hypothetical increase in wine sales attributable to retail sales in grocery stores and pharmacies, the impact on total net wine revenue will either be negligible or cause net revenues to decrease by up to 60%.

TECHNICAL NOTE

Department of Revenue would need to substantially modify warehouse operations and inventory management methods under scenarios I & III -- contrary to assumption of no increase in departmental operational expenditures.

The proposed law does not permit the Department of Revenue to change retailers for the Department's handling costs associated with wine, whereas the markup on liquor does include operational costs.

PREPARED BY DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

BUDGET DIRECTOR

Office of Budget and Brosson Blooming

Office of Budget and Program Planning

Date: ________

FISCAL NOTE

REQUEST NO. 66-77 Amended (2nd Amendment)

Form	BD-15	
rom	רו-עומ	

In compliance with a written request received <u>January 18</u> , 19 77, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal	Note
for Senate Bill 85 pursuant to Chapter 53, Laws of Montana, 1965 - Thirty-Ninth Legislative Assembly,	•
Background information used in developing this Fiscal Note is available from the Office of Budget and Program Planning, to me	mbers
of the Legislature upon request.	•

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION

This bill authorizes grocery stores and others licensed for off-premises beer sales to sell wine for off-premises consumption; deleting wine from the definition of liquor; directing the Department of Revenue to wholesale wine and prohibiting the Department from retailing wine; imposing an excise tax on the wholesale transfer of wine.

ASSUMPTIONS

Assume sales and expenditure data as given in Table 14 of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst's report entitled "Fiscal Impacts of Altering Montana's Liquor Distribution System", p. 27.

Assume that 670 off-premises wine licenses are issued. There are four alternative scenarios:

- I. No change in wine sales volume, direct shipment from warehouse to retailer (with no increase in transportation costs).
- II. No change in wine sales volume, shipments from warehouse to state liquor stores, state liquor stores sell wine at wholesale to retailers. (No transportation cost from state liquor stores to retailers.)
- III. 100% increase in wine sales volume, direct shipments from warehouse to retailer (with no increase in warehouse costs, and proportional increases in transportation costs).
- IV. 100% increase in wine sales volume, shipments from warehouse to state liquor stores, state liquor stores sell wine at wholesale to retailers (no increase in Department of Revenue costs, except for proportional increases in transportation costs).

FISCAL IMPACT

Depending upon the assumptions used, the net effect of this bill will be as follows:

FY 78 FY 79 \$-1,716,120 to \$+546,797 \$-1,809,886 to \$+582,140

(Continued on page 2)

BUDGET DIRECTOR
Office of Budget and Program Planning
Date:

FISCAL NOTE

REQUEST NO. 66-77 Amende (2nd Amendment)

Form BD-15

for Senate Bill 85 pursuant to Chapter 53, Laws of Montana, 1965 - Thirty-Ninth Legislative Assembly. Background information used in developing this Fiscal Note is available from the Office of Budget and Pragram Planning, to members of the Legislature upon request.	in com	pliance with	a written	request recaived	January 18	<u> </u>	9 <u>77</u> ,	there is here	by submitte d a	Fiscal Note
	for	Senate Bill	85	pursu	ant to Chapter 53,	Laws of Mor	ntana, 196	5 - Thirty-Nint	th Legislative A	ssembly.
of the Legislature upon request.	Backgre	ound information	tion used in	developing this	Fiscal Note is availe	able from the	Office of	Budget and Pi	rogram Plannin	g, to members
	of the I	_egislature up	on request	<u> </u>	and the second s	San		Section to the state of the section	Manager (Samura Maraya a Samura a La	i vy

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FISCAL IMPACT (Cont.)

	Current Law	Scenario I	Scenario 11	Scenario III	Scenario IV
Total net revenue FY 78	\$3,145,761	\$1,854,894	\$1,429,641	\$3,692,558	\$3,2 67,305
Total net revenue FY 79	\$3,291,321	\$1,942,834	\$1,481,435	\$3,873,461	\$3,412,062

NOTE: The various scenarios are presented in order to present a fiscal impact "range" since it is unknown at this time the effect of the proposed legislation on wine sales volume. It is generally agreed that enactment of such legislation will increase sales volume. A report by the Legislative Fiscal Analyst indicates that, based on the experience in four other states (Idaho, Maine, Virginia, and Washington), a doubling of sales may be conservative.

EFFECT ON COUNTY OR OTHER LOCAL REVENUE

Under the proposed law, wine would no longer be classified as "liquor", and therefore the 5% liquor license tax would no longer be applicable. 80% of revenues from liquor license tax are currently allocated to local governments (60% to cities and towns, 20% to counties). Therefore, approximately \$248,000 in FY 78, and \$260,000 in FY 79, would not be distributed automatically to local jurisdictions.

LONG-RANGE EFFECTS

Depending upon distribution method employed by Department of Revenue, and upon the amount of hypothetical increase in wine sales attributable to retail sales in grocery stores and pharmacies, the impact on total net wine revenue will be in the range -55% to +17%.

TECHNICAL NOTE

Department of Revenue would need to substantially modify warehouse operations and inventory management methods under scenarios 1 & III - - contrary to assumption of no increase in departmental operational expenditures.

The proposed law does not permit the Department of Revenue to charge retailers for the Department's handling costs associated with wine, whereas the markup on liquor does include operational costs.

PREPARED BY DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

Suitant 2. France

Office of Budget and Program Planning

Date: 2 -/- 77

45th Legislature

Approved by Committee on Business and Industry

\$2 0035/02

i	SENATE BILL NO. 35
2	INTRODUCED BY GUDDOVER, ROBERTS,
3	MATHERS, REGAN, STEPHENS, LOWE, HAZELBAKER,
4	GRAHAM, HIMSL, OLSON, MURRAY, BERGREN, MANLEY,
ċ	HAGERA CLAYLOCK, KOLSTAD, TOME, ROSKIE, FASBENDER, STURY
ò	
7	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT AUTHORIZING GROCERY
8	STORES AND OTHERS LICENSED FOR OFF-PREMISES BEER SALES TO
9	SELL WINE FOR OFF-PREMISES CONSUMPTION; BELETINGWINEFROM
10	THEBEFINITIONOFEIQUOR; DIRECTING THE DEPARTMENT OF
11	REVENUE TO WHOLESALE WINE AND TO REFRAIN-FROM-RETAILING-WINE
17	PROVIDING ALIERNATIVE WHOLESALING PROCEDURES: REVISING
13	CONTROL AND MARKETING POLICIES WITH RESPECT TO WINE:
14	INPUSING AN EXCISE TAX ON THE WHOLESALE TRANSFER OF MINE;
15	AMENDING SECTIONS 4-1-1074-1-2014-1-2024-3-201-
15	4-3-2024-3-208 4-1-401. 4-1-403. 4-2-102. 4-2-204.
1?	4-3-102: 4-3-307: AND: 4-4-201: AND-4-6-185+ R.C.M. 1947:
18	AND PROVIDING A DELAYED EFFECTIVE DATE."
19	
20	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
21	Refer to Introduced Bill
22	(Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert:)
23	Section 1. There is a new section in Title 4, R.C.M.
24	1947, that reads as follows:
25	Policy as to the sales of wine. The public policy of

ı	the state of Montana on sales of wine is to retain a
2	complete monopoly by the state over the importation and
3	acquisition of wine from wineries, making an agency of the
4	state the sole wine wholesaler of first instance. This
5	policy permits the state wine wholesaling agency to delegate
6	certain wholesaling functions to distributors under strict
7	licensing controls. These functions of handling and
8	distributing wine to approved wine retailers may also be
9	exercised by the state agency through the state warehouse
10	and state liquor stores.
11	Section 2. There is a new section in Title 4. R.C.M.

1947, that reads as follows:

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13 Department to wholesale wine -- procedures --14 penalties. (1) The department of revenue shall purchase from 15 wineries such types and quantities of wine as licensed 16 distributors or retailers of wine request or as may further 17 seem proper to the department. Orders shall be shipped to 18 the department's warehouse in Helena, or in the discretion 19 of the department, to the warehouse of a wine distributor. 20 In the latter case, the winery shall send a copy of the 21 invoice to the department. Shipment may be made by any 2.2 common carrier or by a wine distributor's own private 23 carrier. The department may, upon immediate notice, inspect the records of a distributor or winery at any time during 24 25 regular business hours.

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(2) (a) If a licensed distributor of wine knowingly fails to report or in any manner knowingly falsifies a direct shipment of wine from a winery, the department shall suspend his privilege to sell wine for 30 days upon a first violation and for 60 days upon a second violation, and shall revoke his privilege to sell wine upon a third violation.

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(b) If a winery knowingly fails to report a direct purchase of wine or knowingly misrepresents any matter concerning invoicing, pricing, shipping, and the like, the department shall revoke its privilege to sell wine in the state of Montana.

(c) The foregoing violations are civil violations, provable by a mere preponderance of the evidence.

14 Section 3. There is a new section in Title 4. R.C.M.
15 1947. that reads as follows:

wine distributor's license — application and issuance — records — sanctions. (1) Any person desiring to sell and distribute wine to retailers under the provisions of this code shall apply to the department for a license to do so and tender with his application the license fee of \$400 and the department may issue licenses to qualified applicants in accordance with the provisions of this code. The license shall be at all times prominently displayed in the place of pusiness of such distributor.

(2) Any individual or partnership which has been

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licensed as a wine distributor may, upon incorporation in 1 accordance with the laws of the state of Montane, transfer 2 such license to the corporation if a majority of the capital 3 stock thereof if held by the individual or the members of 4 the partnership; or if applicant is a foreign corporation the corporation must be authorized to do business in 6 Montana. Each applicant shall have a fixed place of 7 3 business, sufficient capital, the facilities, storehouse, 9 receiving house or warehouse for the receiving of, storage, 10 handling and moving of wine in large and lobbing quantities 11 for distribution and sale in original packages to other licensed distributors or licensed retailers. Each wine 12 13 distributor shall be entitled to only one distributor's license, which license shall be issued for his principal 14 15 place of business in Montana. However, a wine distributor may also hold a license to wholesale beer under 4-4-103, or 16 17 a license to sell beer and wine at retail for consumption 18 off the premises of one or more bona fide procery stores 1 ≯ under 4-4-201(4).

(3) All wine manufactured outside of the state of Montana and shipped into Montana shall, when such shipment is authorized by the department, be consigned to and shipped to a licensed wine distributor, and by him unloaded into his warehouse in Montana. The wine distributor shall distribute the wine from this warehouse. The wine distributor shall

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read as follows:

1 keep records at his principal place of business of all wine 2 including the name or kind received, on hand, sold and 3 distributed; these records may at all times during regular 4 business hours be inspected by any member or representative 5 of the department. Any wine which has been shipped into Montana and has not been shipped to and distributed from the 6 7 department's warehouse or, under authority of the department, from a warehouse of a licensed wine distributor 4 shall be seized by any peace officer or representative of the department and may be confiscated in the matter as 10 provided for the confiscation of liquor. 11

12 Section 4.There is a new section in Title 4. R.C.M.
13 1947, that reads as follows:

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Purchase of wine for off-premises sale. Persons licensed under 4-4-201, or 4-4-202 to sell wine for off-premises or on-premises consumption may purchase wine from the warehouse of the department or from a licensed wine distributor in lots of one case or more. The purchase price shall include the f.o.b. winery price, the excise tax thereon, shipping and handling costs, and such additional prices as a licensed wine distributor may impose if he handles the wine.

23 Section 5. There is a new section in Title 4, R.C.M.
24 1947, that reads as follows:

Excise tax on wine -- rate. The department small charge

and collect an excise tax on the sale of wine using the 1 2 basic formula of 30% of the price of the wine f.o.b. winery plus il per dallon, provided that the total excise tax 3 calculated from the basic formula shall not exceed \$2.50 per 4 5 gallon. The excise tax on wine sold in bottles containing less than 64 ounces is 100 percent of the basic formula. 6 7 The excise tax on wine sold in bottles containing 64 or more ounces but less than 128 ounces is 85% of the basic formula. The excise tax on wine sold in bottles containing 128 ounces and over is 62 percent of the basic formula. Ten percent of 10 all taxes collected under this section shall be distributed 11 to local governments in accordance with the formula set 12 forth in 4-1-401. The balance shall be paid into the 13 general fund. 14

"4-1-401. License tax on liquor — amount — distribution of proceeds. The department of revenue is hereby authorized and directed to charge, receive and collect at the time of sale and delivery of any liquor except wine under any provisions of the laws of the state of Montana a license tax of five percent (5%) of the retail selling price on all liquor except wine so sold and delivered. Said tax shall be charged and collected on all liquor brought into the state and taxed by the department of

Section 6. Section 4-1-401, R.C.M. 1947, is amended to

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revenue. The retail selling price shall be computed by adding to the cost of said liquor the state markup as 2 designated by the department. Said five percent (5%) license tax shall be figured in the same manner as the state excise tax and shall be in addition to said state excise The department of revenue shall retain the amount of such five percent (5%) license tax so received in a separate account. Four-fifths (4/5) of these revenues shall be distributed to the counties according to the amount of liquor purchased in each county. One-fifth (1/5) of these revenues shall be deposited in the general fund. Provided, however, in the case of purchases of liquor by a retail liquor licensee for use in his business, the department shall make such regulations as are necessary to apportion that proportion of license tax so generated to the county where the licensed establishment is located, for use as provided in section 4-1-402, R.C.M. 1947. The department of revenue shall pay quarterly to each county treasurer the proportion of the license tax due each county.

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The county treasurer of each county shall retain one-fourth (1/4) of said license tax, and shall, within thirty (30) days after receipt thereof, apportion the remaining three-fourths (3/4) thereof to the treasurers of the incorporated cities and towns within his county, said apportionment to be based in each instance upon the

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proportion which the gross sale of liquor in such 1 2 incorporated city or town bears to the gross sale of liquor in all of the incorporated cities and towns in his said county."

5 Section 7. Section 4-1-403, R.C.M. 1947, is amended to 6 read as follows:

7 *4-1-403. Excise liquor tax -- collection. The 8 department of revenue is hereby authorized and directed to 9 charge, receive and collect at the time of the sale and 10 delivery of any liquor except wine as authorized under any 11 provision of the laws of the state of Montana an excise tax 12 at the rate of sixteen per centum (16%) of the retail 13 selling price on all liquor except wine so sold and 14 delivered. The Montana department of revenue shall retain 15 the amount of such excise tax received in a separate account 16 and shall deposit with the state treasurer, to the credit of 17 the general fund, such sums so collected and received not 18 later than the tenth (10th) day of each and every month."

19 Section 8. Section 4-2-102, R.C.M. 1947, is amended to 20 read as follows:

#4-2-102. Containers to be sealed with official seal -- opening package on liquor store premises forbidden. No distilled spirits or-wine shall be sold to any ourchaser. except in a package, sealed with the official seal prescribed by this act, which package shall not be opened on

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the premises of a state store."

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2 Section 9. Section 4-2-204. R.C.M. 1947, is amended to read as follows:

m4-2-204. Department to sell to licensees — posted
price. The department is hereby authorized to sell through
its stores all kinds of liquory wine and cordials <u>distilled</u>

<u>spirits</u> kept in stock to licensees licensed under this code
at the posted price thereof in the store in which said
liquor is sold. All sales shall be upon a cash basis. The
posted price as used herein shall mean the retail price of
such liquor as fixed and determined by the department of
revenue and in addition thereto an excise tax as in this act
provided.**

14 Section 10. Section 4-3-102, ReC.M. 1947, is amended 15 to read as follows:

16 #4-3-102. Liquor container must have been sealed with
17 official seal. Except in the case of--

- 18 (3) liquor imported by the state, or by the 19 department; or
- 20 (b) liquor had and kept by a person, and in a place
 21 and manner referred to in section 4-1-202; or
- (c) wine lawfully had or kept under this code: or
- 23 (c)(d) beer and malt liquor, lawfully had or kept
 24 under this code; or
- 25 (d)(e) any liquor kept for sale by a druogist under

this code no liquor shall be kept or had by any person
within the state unless the package, not including a
decanter or other receptable containing the liquor for
immediate consumption, in which the liquor is contained has,
while containing that liquor, been sealed with the official
seal prescribed under this code.

7 Section 11. Section 4-3-307, R.C.M. 1947, is amended 8 to read as follows:

"4-3-307. Sale of liquor distilled spirits at less than posted price forbidden. It shall be unlawful for any licensee under the provisions of this code to resell any liquor distilled spirits purchased by such licensee from a state liquor store or the state of Montana for a sum less than the posted price established by the said store and paid by the licensee therefor."

Section 12. Section 4-4-201, R.C.M. 1947, is amended to read as follows:

18 "4-4-201. Issuance of retail beer licenses -- limit on 19 number of beer licenses -- wine license amendments -- retail 20 license fee. (1) Except as otherwise provided by law, a 21 license to sell beer at retail, or beer and wine at retail 22 pursuant to subsection subsection (2) or (4), in accordance 23 with the provisions of this act code and the requiretions 24 rules of the department of-revenue, may be issued to any 25 person, firm, or corporation who shall-be is approved by the

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department as a fit and proper person, firms or corporation
to sell beerts provided, that:

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(a) the number of retail beer licenses that the department may issue for premises situated within incorporated cities and incorporated towns and within a distance of five-(5) miles from the corporate limits of such cities and towns shall be determined on the basis of population as shown by the most recent official United States census authorized by Congress, to-wit namely: In incorporated towns of five-hundred-f500% inhabitants or less and within a distance of five-f5t miles from the corporate limits of such towns, not more than one the retail beer license, which shall may not be used in conjunction with a retail liquor license; in incorporated cities or incorporated towns of more than five-hundred-{500} inhabitants and not over two--thousand--f2.0001 inhabitants and within a distance of five-(5) miles from the corporate limits of such cities or towns, one fth beer license for each five hundred (500) inhabitants which said beer license shall may not be used in conjunction with retail liquor licenses; in incorporated cities of over two-thousand +?±000+ inhabitants and within a distance of five-f5+ miles from the corporate limits of such cities, two (2) additional retail beer licenses for the first two-thousand-f2.000) inhabitants or major fraction thereof and one (1) additional

retail beer license for each additional two-thousand-f2:000t 1 inhabitants which shall may not be used in conjunction with 2 retail liquor licenses. The number of the inhabitants in 3 such cities and towns, exclusive of the number of inhabitants residing within a distance of five-f5 miles 5 from the corporate limits thereof, shall govern the number 6 7 of ratail been licenses that may be issued for use within 3 such cities and towns and within a distance of five--+15} 9 miles from the corporate limits thereofy-providedy-that 10 where Where two (2) or more incorporated municipalities are 11 situated within a distance of 'five--- (5) miles from each 12 other, the total number of retail beer licenses that may be 13 issued for use in both of such municipalities and within a distance of five-t5) miles from their respective corporate 14 15 limits, shall be determined on the basis of the combined 16 populations of both of such municipalities and shall not 17 exceed the foregoing limitations. The said distance of five 18 45) miles from the corporate limits of any incorporated city 19 or incorporated town shall be measured in a straight line 20 from the nearest entrance of the premises proposed for licensing to the nearest corporate boundary of such city or 21 22 town. Retail beer licenses of issue on the date of the passage and approval of this act and which are in excess of 23 the foregoing limitations shall be renewable, but no new 24 25 licenses shell may be issued in violation of such

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1 limitations1-providedy-that-such_Such_limitations shall may 2 not prevent the issuance of a nontransferable and 3 nonassignable retail beer license to any post of a nationally chartered vaterans* organization or any lodge of a recognized national fraternal organization, if such veterans' or fraternal organization has been in existence for a period of five-t5) years or more prior to January 1, 1949. No incorporated city or incorporated town may by 4 ordinance restrict the number of licenses that the 10 department may issue; provided that no retail beer license 11 may be issued by the department for any premises situated 12 within any zone of such city or town wherein the sale of 13 beer is prohibited by ordinance, a certified copy of which 14 has been filed with the department. The department shall 15 have-siscretion-to may deny the issuance of a retail been 16 license if it shall-determine determines that the premises 17 proposed for licensing are off regular police beats and 18 cannot be properly policed by local authorities.

(b) The number of retail beer licenses that the department may issue for use at premises situated outside of any incorporated city or incorporated town and outside of the area within a distance of five--(5) miles from the corporate limits thereofy or for use at premises situated within any unincorporated town shall be as determined by the department in the exercise of its sound

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discretion 12 provided that no retail beer license that may be issued for any premises so situated unless the department that the issuance of such license is required by public convenience and necessity.

- (2) A person holding a license to sell beer for consumption on the premises at retail may apply to the department for an amendment to the license permitting the holder to sell wine as well as beer. The division may issue such amendment if it finds, on a satisfactory showing by the applicant, that the sale of wine for consumption on the premises would be supplementary to a restaurant or prepared food business. A person holding a beer-and-wine license may sell wine for consumption on the premises. He-may-buy-wine only-ot-retail-from-the-department. Nonretention of the beer license, for whatever reason, shall mean automatic loss of the wine amendment license.
- (3) The annual license fee for a license to sell wine on the premises, when issued as an amendment to a beer only license shall be two-hundred-dollars-(\$200).
- (4) A retail license to sell beer and wine in the original packages for off-premise consumption only may be issued to any person, firm or corporation who shall—be is approved by the department as a fit and proper person, firms or corporation to sell beer and wine and whose premises proposed for licensing are operated as a bona fide grocery

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store or a drugstore licensed as a pharmacy. A bona fide ı Z grocery store means either a ratail establishment where 3 articles of stable foodstuffs, household supplies, meats. 4 products are kept in sufficient inventories for general trade and are sold for consumption 6 off the orenises, or a specialty wine and cheese shop which 7 selis imported cheeses and wines at least 30% of its d inventory by value. The number of such licenses that the 9 department may issue shall is not be limited by the provisions of subsection (1) of this section, but shall be 10 11 determined by the department in the exercise of its sound 12 discretion, and the department may in the exercise of its 13 sound discretion grant or deny any application for any such 14 license or suspend or revoke any such license for cause. 15 The annual license fee for a license to sell beer and wine 16 at retail for off-premises consumption shall be the same as 17 for a retail beer license." 18 Section 13. Effective date. This act is effective February 1. 1978. 19

-End-