45th Legislature LC 0892/01 LC 0892/01

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House BILL NO. 749

2 INTRODUCED BY Equileum Walker Frace

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A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT ESTABLISHING AN UNSATISFIED JUDGMENT ACCOUNT IN THE BARBARKET REVENUE FUND TO COMPENSATE THE VICTIES OF HOTOR VEHICLE ACCIDENTS CAUSED BY UNINSURED MOTORISTS WHO CANNOT PAY JULGMENTS AGAINST THEM AND PROVIDING FOR ADMINISTRATION OF THE ACCOUNT."

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

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Section 1. Additional registration fee. At the time of registering or reregistering a motor wehicle, the owner shall pay in addition to any other fees, a fee of \$2 for each motor wehicle registered.

Section 2. Unsatisfied judgment account established — administration of account — appropriation of account proceeds — suspension of fee collection. (1) Fees paid under [section 1] shall be deposited in an account to be known as the unsatisfied judgment account in the earmarked revenue fund. This account shall be administered by the commissioner of insurance.

(2) Judgments recovered under this act shall be paid from the unsatisfied judgment account, and the proceeds of the account are appropriated for that purpose and for the purpose of fund administration. Funds used to administer

this account may not exceed \$35,000 in a fiscal year.

Section 3. Recovery from account. If a resident of

Montana recovers a judgment in a Montana court in an action

for damages resulting from bodily injury to or the death of

a person arising in connection with the ownership,

maintenance, operation, or use of a motor webicle in Montana

by the judgment debtor, he may apply to the judge of the

district court in which the judgment was rendered for an

order directing payment of the judgment or a portion of the

judgment out of the unsatisfied judgment account under the

following conditions:

- (1) the judgment is final:
- 13 (2) the whole amount of the judgment has not been satisfied:
 - (3) an execution has been issued on the judgment;
 - (4) there was no property of the judgment debtor that could be found or the property sold under the execution was insufficient to satisfy the judgment debt;
- 19 (5) the judgment debtor has been examined with respect
 20 to whether he was insured against his legal liability in the
 21 case:
- 22 (6) an exhaustive search has been made to ascertain
 23 whether the judgment debtor is possessed of property liable
 24 to be sold or applied in satisfaction of the judgment and it
 25 has been found that either the debtor has no property or the

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walue of the property found is insufficient to satisfy the quagment.

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Section 4. Recovery from fund when liability cannot be determined. (1) When bodily injury to or the death of any person who is a resident of this state is occasioned by or arises out of an accident caused by the operation, maintenance, or use of a motor vehicle in this state and the identity of the person or persons against whom an action might be brought for the recovery of damages for the bodily injury or death resulting from the accident cannot be ascertained, a person who would be entitled to bring such action to recover damages may bring an action in the district court of the county in which the accident cccurred within 6 months from the date of the accident against the unsatisfied judgment account, by service upon the state insurance commissioner, for the recovery of such damages from such fund, provided notice of such accident was given to a police officer immediately after the accident occurred and the name of such officer is alleged in the complaint. No payment may be made from the fund in satisfaction of any judgment obtained in such action in excess of \$5,000. exclusive of costs, for bodily injury to or the death of any one person or in excess of \$10,000 for any one accident.

(2) This section does not limit the liabilities or remedies of any person on the cause of action growing out of

the accident for which suit was brought against the fund,
but the fund shall be subrogated pro tanto to the rights of
any person who has obtained judgment under the provisions of
this section to the extent that the fund has made payment in
satisfaction thereof.

Section 5. Appearance of attorney general. The 7 provisions of [section 4] do not apply in the case of any judgment entered by default unless the insurance commissioner and the attorney general have been given at 10 least 30 days' notice prior to the entry of such judgment, 11 to which notice is attached a copy of the summons and complaint. Upon receipt of such notice, the attorney general 13 may enter an appearance, file a defense, appear by counsel 14 at the trial, or take such other action as he considers 15 appropriate on behalf and in the name of the defendant and 16 may thereupon, on behalf and in the name of the defendant, 17 conduct his defense, and all acts done in accordance therewith are considered acts of the defendant. The attorney 19 general may appear and be heard on any application for 20 payment from the account and way show cause, if any there 21 be, why the order applied for should not be made.

special counsel. The attorney general at his discretion may appoint special counsel to defend the account. The trial fudge of the district court shall fix the amount of such

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special attorney's fees and expenditures and certify such
amount to the attorney general who, after approving, shall
certify same to the administrator of the unsatisfied
judgment account.

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- Section 7. Order on state treasury to pay judgment. If the court is satisfied of the truth of the matters shown by the judgment creditor to prove he has met the condition required by [section 3] and, if the applicant has taken all reasonable steps to enforce the collection of the judgment, that there is good reason for believing that the judgment debtor has no property liable to be sold or applied in satisfaction of the judgment or of the balance owing thereon and is not insured under a policy of automobile insurance by the terms of which the insurer is liable to pay the amount of the judgment in whole or in part, the court shall order, subject to [section 9], payment made from the account in the amount of the judgment or the balance owing thereon.
- Section 8. Appeal from order permissible. An order made under [section 7] is subject to appeal to the supreme court by the judgment creditor or by the attorney general in the manner provided by law for the taking of appeals from final orders in a civil action.
- 23 Section 9. Limitation on amount payable from fund -24 nonassignable. (1) Recovery from the fund is limited to
 25 payment of the following, exclusive of costs:

- 1 (a) \$10,000 for bodily injury, including death, of one 2 person in any one accident:
- 3 (b) \$20,000 for bodily injury, including death, of two
 4 or more persons in any one accident.
- 5 (2) The amount authorized to be paid shall be within 6 the limits provided by this section and shall be determined 7 as follows:
- (a) If the judgment creditor has effected collection 9 of a portion of the judgment from any source, except as 10 provided for in subsections (b) and (c) of this subsection. the fund is authorized to pay him the difference between the 11 amount collected and the ascunt of the judgment, or \$10,000. 12 whichever is smaller. However, if the judgment creditor or 13 creditors have collected an amount equal to the limits 15 payable from the fund from the insurance or nonereast assets of the judgment debtor, then they are precluded from 16 recovery from the fund.
- 18 (b) If the judgment creditor has effected collection
 19 of a portion of the judgment from payment from workers'
 20 compensation, then the amount collected from that source
 21 shall be subtracted from the judgment before the procedure
 22 outlined in subsection (a) of this subsection is followed.
- 23 (c) If the judgment creditor was covered by an 24 uninsured motorist insurance policy at the time of the 25 accident, then the maximum liability limit of that policy

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1 must first be subtracted from the judgment before the
2 procedure outlined in subsection (a) of this subsection is
3 followed. However, if the maximum liability limit of the
4 policy is equal to the limits payable from the fund, then no
5 recovery from the fund is allowed.

6 (3) The right of any person to recover from the
7 unsatisfied judgment fund is not assignable and subrogation
8 of that right is not allowed.

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Section 10. Judgment assigned to state. Before making any payment on a judgment from the account in compliance with an order, the judgment creditor shall assign such judgment to the state for the use and benefit of the account.

Section 11. Order of payment from account — pro rata distribution. In the event at the time of the filing of such order there is not sufficient money in the account to satisfy the order, the order shall be registered by the state and shall be paid when the money is available in the fund, and subsequent orders shall be paid therefrom in the order of registration. If more than two judgments are obtained against a judgment debtor upon causes of action arising out of one accident and the aggregate amount due thereon, after crediting collections, if any, exceeds \$20,000, the court in making its order shall direct that the state prorate the distribution from the fund in the

proportion which each judgment or the balance unpaid thereon bears to the sum of \$20,000.

3 Section 12. Amount to be repaid before privileges restored -- interest -- installment payments permissitle -compromise of amount due. (1) Whenever the driver's license or driving privileges of any person or the registration of a motor wehicle registered in his name has been suspended or 7 revoked pursuant to the laws of this state and the state bas paid from the account any amount toward the satisfaction of 10 a judgment and costs recovered against such person, the 11 suspension or revocation may not be removed, the driver's 12 license or driving privileges or registration restored, any 13 new license or driving privilege issued or granted, or 14 registration permitted to be made by such person until he 15 has repaid in full to the state the amount so paid from the 16 account, together with interest thereon at the rate of 6% a 17 year from the date of such payment, and has furnished proof 18 of financial responsibility as required by the laws of this 19 state; provided that the court in which such judgment was 20 rendered may, upon 10 days' notice to the attorney general, 21 make an order permitting payment of the amount which such 22 person is indebted to the fund to be paid in installments, 23 and in such case, such person's driver's license or his 24 driving privileges or registration privileges, if the same have been suspended or revoked or have expired, may be

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- restored and shall remain in effect until and unless such
 person defaults in making any installment payment specified
 in such order.
- (2) In the event of a default, the compissioner shall, upon notice of such default, notify the motor vehicle division, and such person's driver's license, driving privileges, or registration privileges shall be suspended until the amount of default has been paid in full and the additional sum of \$200 has been paid to the account to be applied to the judgment. The judgment debtor may petition 10 the court in which the judgment was rendered for a 11 12 compromise of the judgment. The court in its discretion, 13 upon notice to the attorney general, may order a compromise if the court is satisfied that such a compromise would be in 14 15 the interests of justice and that the fund would benefit therefrom. Upon payment in full of such compromised amount, 16 the attorney general shall issue a satisfaction of judgment 17 to the judgment debtor. In no case may a compromise be 18 ordered which is less than \$500 or 20% of the judgment, 19 whichever amount is greater. 20

-End-

STATE OF MONTANA

REQUEST NO. 506-77

FISCAL NOTE

Form BD-15

In compliance with a written request received <u>February 14</u> , 19.77, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal	Note
House Bill 749 pursuant to Chapter 53, Laws of Montana, 1965 - Thirty-Ninth Legislative Assembly	
Background information used in developing this Fiscal Note is available from the Office of Budget and Program Planning, to me	mbers
of the Legislature upon request.	

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

Establishes an unsatisfied judgment account in the Earmarked Revenue Fund to compensate the victims of motor vehicle accidents caused by uninsured motorists who cannot pay judgments against them and provides for administration of the account.

ASSUMPTIONS:

- 1. "Motor Vehicle" includes automobiles, trucks, trailers and motorcycles.
- 2. Presently there are 800,000 motor vehicles registered in Montana. The number will increase 4.8% each year.

FISCAL IMPACT:

FY 78 FY 79

Revenue

Collections to Unsatisfied Judgment Account

\$1,678,800

\$1,757,286

Expenditures

Provisions of the proposed legislation could require substantial expenditures in the Attorney General's office; however, no cost estimates can be provided at this time.

BUDGET DIRECTOR

Office of Budget and Program Planning

Date: 2 9 9 7