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LC 1134/01

1 House BILL NC. 639 2 INTRODUCED BY Boodley July

4 A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO BEQUIRE, IN ACTIONS 5 IN DISTRICT COURT FOR PERSONAL INJURY OF DEATH, THE ENTRY OF 6 JUDGMENTS THAT PROVIDE FOR THE PAYMENT OF FUTURE DAMAGES 7 THROUGH PERIODIC PAYMENTS RATHER THAN LUME-SOM PAYMENTS."

9 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
10 Section 1. Definitions. Unless the context requires
11 otherwise, the following definitions apply in this act:

12 (1) "Puture damages" includes but is not limited to
13 damages for future medical treatment, care, or custody, loss
14 of future earnings, loss of bodily function, and future pain
15 and suffering of the plaintiff.

16 (2) "Periodic payments" Beans the payment of money or
17 delivery of other property to the plaintiff at regular
18 intervals.

19 Section 2. Purpose, It is the intent of the 20 legislature in adopting this act to require that district 21 court judgments which provide for the payment of future 22 damages also provide for periodic payments rather than 23 lump-sum payments. It is the further intent of the 24 legislature that such judgments provide compensation 25 sufficient to meet the needs of an injured plaintiff and

1 those persons who are dependent on the plaintiff for 2 whatever period is necessary, while eliminating the ٦ potential windfall from a lump-sum recovery when the 4 plaintiff dies shortly after the judgment is paid and the 5 balance of the judgment award is left to persons other than those dependent upon the claintiff for support. It is also 6 7 the intent of the legislature that all elements of the 8 periodic payment program be specified with certainty in the judgment ordering such payments and that the judgment not be 9 10 subject at some future time to modification that might alter 11 the specifications of the original judgment.

12 Section 3. Actions for personal injury or death --13 form of judgment. (1) In any action in a district court for 14 damages arising from bodily injury, sickness, disease, or 15 death in which future damages are awarded, the court shall enter a judgment ordering that the award for future damages 16 17 be paid in whole or in part by periodic rayments rather than 18 by a lump-sum payment. In such actions the jury or the 19 court, if the trial is without a jury, shall make special findings as to the dollar value of periodic rayments that 20 will compensate the plaintiff for his future damages. 21 22 including but not limited to a specific finding as to the 23 dollar value of an award for loss of future earnings, if 24 anv.

25 (2) The judgment shall specify the recipients of the

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periodic payments, the dollar value of the payments, the
 interval between payments, and the number of payments or the
 period of time over which the payments are to be made. The
 period of time may be measured by the occurrence of a
 contingency, such as the death of the plaintiff.

6 (3) The judgment may also provide that the recipients, 7 dollar value, interval, and number of payments or pericd cf time over which the payments are to be made are subject to 8 9 modification or termination on the cccurrence of a contingency specified in the judgment. Such a provision may 10 not include termination upon the death of the plaintiff of 11 12 that portion of the periodic payments attributable to an award for loss of future earnings. The dollar value of the 13 modified periodic payments shall be specified in the 14 15 judgment so that it is certain at the time judgment is 16 entered.

17 Section 4. Exclusions. This act does not apply to any18 action for damages in which:

19 (1) the defendant fails, prior to trial, tc make20 application for the periodic gayment of future damages;

(2) the amount of future damages set forth in thejudgment is less than \$5,000;

(3) the defendant, upon application of the plaintiff,
fails to file with the court an undertaking, bond, or proof
of purchase of an annuity or other insurance mechanism in

the amount of the future damages specified in the judgment, guaranteeing the prompt payment of the periodic payments pursuant to the judgment. The undertaking, fond, or insurance mechanism may be modified or terminated according to the terms of any modification or termination of the periodic payments that occurs pursuant to the judgment.

7 (4) the court, upon application of the plaintiff for
8 good cause shown, orders that a lump-sum payment be made.

9 Section 5. Application. This act applies to claims for
10 which a right of action has accrued and trial has not begun
11 prior to [the effective date hereof].

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