 A Bill for an act entitled: wan act authorizing Nickel-operated pinball machines, providing for licensure and oistribution of License revenue. and exempting such machines from the general gambling lams."
be it enacted by the legislature of the state of montana: section le Definitions. As used in this act, unless the context otherwise requires, the following definitions apply:
(1) Nickel-operated automatic cash payout pinball machinem means a machine of the so-called inline or bingo-type pinball game which. upon the insertion of one or more nickels, electrically displays odds on its face and causes the mechanism to release one or more balls for the use of the player to be propelled by means of a spring-type plunger device, and which provides for an automatic cash payout of nickels to the successful player. Successful phay of the machine depends in part upon the manual dexterity and skill of the player. The forejoing defined jame does not include any game commonly known as a mslot machine", an essential part of which is a drum or reel with insignia thereon or an electronic representation of a reel with

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insignia, mhich machine does not depend in part upon the
manual dexterity and skill of the player for a successful
play of the game.
    (2) Department" means the department of revenue
provided for in Titte.82A, chapter l8=
    Section 2. Pinball machines authorized.
Nickel-operated automatic cash payout pinball machines and
the operation thereof are hereby authorized. such games are
exempt from the provisions of 94-8-301 through 94-8-311 and
94-8-401 through 94-8-431.
Section 3. License fee. There is imposed on the
privilege of operating a nickel-operated autamatic cash
payout pinball machine in this state an annual icense fee
of $200 payable to the department.
Section 4. license to be issued before games may be displayede (1) Any person, firan or corporation desiring to obtain a license for a nickel-operated automatic cash payout pindall machine to be played or operated by the public at any place owned or leased by such persony firm, or corporation shall, before he displays such machine; file with the department a verified application for a license, setting forth his name and address* a briaf description of the machine to de displayed and the prenises where the machine will be located, and such other relevant data as the department may require.
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(2) The application for a license shall be accompanied by the required license fee, which shall be paid to the department. when applications for machines not previously ifensed are received by the department after January 1 of any year, the fee for that year shall be prorated at $\$ 16.67$ for each month or part thereof remaining in the year. All licenses are renewable annually conditioned upon the payment of the total annual fee, which shall be due on January 1 of each year, and compliance with other provisions of this act. All moneys received by the department under this act shall be paid into the general fund.
(3) The department shall supply and deliver to the person. firmp or corporation which displays any nickel-opersted sutomatir cash payout pinball machine, charges prepaid and without additional cost, one license tag for each machine for which an application is made and granted. No machine may be displayed to the public until a current iicense has been issued by the department.
(4) No license may be issued by the department to any applicant unless the governing body of the city, town, or county where the machine is to be displayed has authorized the issuance of licenses within the boundaries of the city, tawn, or county.

Section 5. Local fee for machines. (1) the local governing body of each city, town, or county may charge an
annual fee not in excess of $\$ 100$ for each licensed machine displayed in its jurisdiction. Such fee shall be proratec on a monrhly basis if the ilicense is issued for a fractional portion of a year.
(2) Within the incorporated cities or towns, the fee may be charged by tie city or town council or commission. Gutside the limits of any incorporated city or tom the fee may be charged by the county commissioners of the respective counties. When a fee has been required by any city, town or county, no nickel-operated automatic cash payout pinoall machine may be operated on any prewiseswithin tnat city, town, or county until the required fee has been paid.

Section 6. Rules. (1) Ine department may estaslisi rules governing the qualifications for and the issuance. renewal, suspension, and revocation of such licenses. these requlationsp in addition to other requirements, shall provide that no license may be issued when the owner:
(a) has been convicted of being the keeper or is keeping a house of prostitution;
(b) has been convicted of a crime involving moral turpitude under the laws of the federal governiment or any state of the United States;
(c) held a license issued under this act which has been revokea for cause:
(d) at the time of application for renewal of any
license issued hereunder would not be eligible for such license upon a first application:
(e) is not a citizen of the United States and has not been a resident of the state of Montana for at least 1 year immediately preceding the filing of the application for license;
(f) is not the owner or operator of the business where the licensed machine is located;
(g) has been convicted of violating this act.
(2) Additional regulations may be adopted to implement this act and to insure compliance with the intent of this act.

Section 7. License a revocadle privilege. A license issued pursuant to this act is a revocable privilege, and no holder thereof may acquire any vested rights therein.

Section 8. Shipment of pinball machines into Montana legal. All shipments of nickel-operated automatic casn payout pinball machines into this state which have been registered, recorded, and labeled by the manafacturer or dealer thereof in accordance with $15 \mathrm{~J} . \mathrm{Sof}_{\mathrm{o}} 1171$ through 1178 are legal shipments into this state.

Section 9. playing on cash basis. In every game conducted under this act the consideration paid for the chance to play shall be strictly cash. Each participant must present the money with which he intends to play the game at
the time the game is played. No check, credit card, note, 10u* or other evidence of indebtedness may be offer?d or accepted as part of the price of participation in a game played under this act.

Section 10. Payout not to exceed one hundred dollars. No payment for any individual game may exceed the value of $\$ 100$.

Section ll. Minors not to participate. No person under the age of 18 years may be permitted to participate in any game held, operated, or conducted under this act.

Section 12. Peace officers to enforce act. It is the duty of all peace officers to enforce the provisions of this act.

Section 13. Penalty. Each person who willfully violates or who procuresp aids, or abets in the willful violation of this act or any ordinance, resolution, or rules adopted pursuant thereto is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction is punishable by a fine of not more than $\$ 1$, 000 or imprisonment in the county jail for not more than 3 months, or both.

Section 14. Cheating unlarful. It is unlawful to conduct or participate in the play of a nickel-operated automatic cash payout pinball machine authorized by this act in any anmer which results in cheating, misrepresentation, or other such disreputable tactics wich distract from a

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1 fair and equal chance for any participant or which otherwise offect the outcome of the game.

Section 15. Effective date. This act is effective
3
January 1, 1978.
-End-

In compliance with a written request revaived ___ February 2_, $19 \underline{77}$, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for $\qquad$ pursuant to Chapter 53, Laws of Montana, 1965 - Thirty-Ninth Legislative Assembly. Background information used in developing this Fiscal Note is available from the Office of Budget and Program Planning, to members of the Legislature upon request.

## DESCRIPTION

This bill authorizes nickel-operated pinball machines, providing for licensure and distribution of license revenue, and exempting such machines from the general gambling laws.

## ASSUMPTIONS

1. Each of the approximately 1750 establishments with on premise liquor, wine or beer licenses will have 1 to 2 nickel machines.
2. The state general fund revenue will be $\$ 200 /$ nickel machines .
3. Administrative costs to the department would be $\$ 6000 /$ year.

FISCAL IMPACT

|  | FY 78 | FY 79 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General Fund Revenue due to nickel machines - current law | \$0 | \$0 |
| General Fund Revenue due to nickel machines - proposed law | \$350,000-\$700,000 | \$350,000-\$700,000 |
| total increase - GF Revenue | \$350,000-\$700,000 | \$350,000-\$700,000 |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | \$6,000 | \$6,000 |
| NET EFFECT | \$344,000-\$694,000 | \$344,000-\$694,000 |

EFFECT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENT REVENUE
Local government cost could increase as enforcement is up to local peace officers. However, local governments are allowed to add an additional license fee of up to $\$ 100$ per machine.

PREPARED BY DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE


In compliance with a written request reseived February $16 \ldots, 19 \ldots 7$, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for House Bill 555 pursuant to Chapter 53, Laws of Montana, 1965 - Thirty-Ninth Legislative Assembly.
Background information used in developing this Fiscal Note is available from the Office of Budget and Program Planning, to members of the Legislature upon request.

## DESCRIPTION

This bill authorizes nickel-operated pinball machines, providing for licensure and distribution of license revenue, and exempting such machines from the general gambling laws.

## ASSUMPTIONS

1. Each of the approximately 1750 establishments with on premise liquor, wine or beer licenses will have 1 to 2 nickel machines.
2. The state general fund revenue will be $\$ 200 /$ nickel machines.
3. Administrative costs to the department would be $\$ 6000 /$ year.

FISCAL IMPACT
General Fund Revenue due to nickel machines - current law
General Fund Revenue due to nickel machines - proposed law

TOTAL INCREASE - GF REVENUE
TOTAL EXPENDITURES
NET EFFECT
The assumption of no more than 3500 machines may appear to be conservative. It may be the case that, as the citizens of the state become accustomed to the sort of device legalized by this bill, there may be a further increase in the number of machines. In any event, it appears that, because of Montana's population and the nature of its economy, there is a definite upper limit on the number of machines which could be placed in the state.

## LOCAL IMPACT

Assuming that each machine has an assessed value of $\$ 2,000$, is placed in Class 11 ( $40 \%$ ) for tax purposes, and is located in taxing jurisdictions where the total average levy is 225 mills, there could be as much as $\$ 630,000(=\$ 3500 \times 2000 \times .4 \times 225)$ in additional property tax revenue generated for local government purposes. This sum would be allocated to local governments roughly in proportion to the number of devices within their respective boundaries.

| FY 78 |  | FY 79 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | $\$ 0$ |
| $\$ 350,000-\$ 700,000$ |  |  |
| $\$ 350,000-\$ 700,000$ |  | $\$ 350,000-\$ 700,000$ |
| $\$ 6,000$ |  | $\$ 350,000-\$ 700,000$ |
| $\$ 344,000-\$ 694,000$ |  | $\$ 344,000-\$ 694,000$ |

