BILL NO. 342 WATHE

INTRODUCED BY LILLBOARD CONCEY BENGESON

WORLD CONCEY BENGESON

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED. "AN ACT TO REQUIRE THE STATE TO

PAY INDEMNITY OF FULL APPRAISED VALUE IF THE DEPARTMENT OF

LIVESTOCK REQUIRES DESTRUCTION OF A HERD BECAUSE OF

BRUCELLOSIS INFECTION, STATING THE CONDITIONS FOR PAYMENT OF

THE INDEMNITY, AND APPROPRIATING FUNDS FOR THE PAYMENT OF

THE INDEMNITY; AMENDING SECTIONS 46-218, 46-222, AND 46-228,

10 R.C.H. 1947."

45th Legislature

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12 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 46-218, R.C.M. 1947, is amended to read as follows:

#46-218. Classification of animals as to compensation for slaughter. Animals, slaughtered under the direction of the department by order of the board, under this act, are divided into two classes for the purposes of compensation:

(1) Animals determined by the department to be affected with an incurable disease, which are destroyed by order of the board, are designated as animals of class 1, and unless otherwise provided each of the animals shall be paid for on the basis of seventy five per sent (75%) of its appraised value. The county in which the animal was owned at the time it was determined to be affected with an incurable

disease, is liable in part, as later provided, for an indemnity to be paid for the animal. The ownership and county are determined by an affidavit of the owner of the animal or his agent. Each animal directed to be destroyed shall be appraised by a representative or an authorized agent of the department with the owner agreeing in writing 7 as to the value of the animal. When appraised, due consideration shall be given to its breeding value as well as its dairy or meat value and the condition of the animal 10 as to the disease and the present and probable effect of the disease on the animal. In the absence of an agreement, there 11 shall be appointed three (3) competent. disinterested 12 13 parties, one appointed by the department, one by the owner, 14 and a third by the first two, to appraise each animal, 15 taking into consideration its breeding value as well as its 16 dairy or meat value and the condition of the animal as to 17 the disease and the present probable effect of the disease 18 on the animal. The judgment of the majority is the judgment 19 of the appraisers and is binding on both parties as the 20 final determination of indemnity to be paid for each animal. The total compensation of each group of appraisers is limited to five -dellars -4\$5} for the group appraisal. 22 23 one-half (1/2) of which shall be paid by the department. The 24 total amount of indemnity paid by the state and a county for an animal may not exceed the actual sound value of an animal 25

1 of its class, and the total combined amount of indemnity 2 paid for the animal by the state and a county may not exceed 3 the sum of one hundred dellars 4\$100} for a registered purebred animal or the sum of fifty-dollars-4\$50} for a 5 grade animal. Animals presented for appraisal as purebreds 6 shall be accompanied by their registration papers at the 7 time of appraisal or they shall be appraised as grades. If purebreds are less than three-(3) years old and not 9 registered, the department may grant a reasonable time for 10 their registration and presentation of their registration 11 papers to the appraiser. Registration papers shall accompany 12 the claim for indemnity.

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- (2) Animals of class t shall be paid for on the basis of their full appraised value as determined in this section if no evidence of incurable disease is disclosed by autopsy, bacteriologic, serologic, microscopic, or other findings. The total combined amount of indemnity paid by the state and a county for an animal may not exceed the actual sound value of an animal of its class. The total combined amount of indemnity paid by the state and a county for the animal may not exceed one—hundred—dollars—(\$100) for a registered purebred animal or fifty dollars (\$50) for a grade animal.
- (3) Animals which are determined by the department to be affected with or exposed to foot—and—mouth disease, rinderpest, contagious pleura pneumonia, surra, brucellosis,

1 or other infectious contagious infectious, contagious, 2 communicable, or dangerous disease, which is not of its nature necessarily fatal, and are destroyed by order of the 3 ш department as a sanitary safequard, are designated as animals of class 2 and each animal shall be paid for on the 6 basis of its full appraised value. The appraised value shall be determined in the manner set out in subsection (1) of 7 this section. The appraisal of the animals shall be based on 8 9 the meat, dairy, or breeding value of the animal, but where appraisal is based on breeding value of the animal, no 10 11 appraisal may exceed three (3) times its meat or dairy 12 value. The total amount of indemnity paid by the state for 13 an animal may not exceed the actual sound value of an animal 14 in its class; and no indemnity for a class 2 animal may be 15 paid by a county, In the case of destruction of an animal 16 affligted with brugellagis - (Rangis disease) - no indemnity 17 shall-be-paid-for the-animal, -- unless-the-board, -in--its 18 discretion, determines the best interests of this state will 19 be served by payment of an indemnity. In this event, the In 20 the case of brucellosis-infected animals, the total amount 21 of indemnity payments may not exceed the amount appropriated 22 by the legislature for such purpose. The board shall set out standards of indemnity by rules, and except in the case of 23 24 <u>frucellosis</u> may not pay in excess of ene hundred dollars 25 +\$100+ for a registered purebred animal, or fifty-dollars

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(\$50) for a grade animal. In all cases where the federal government, or agency other than the state, compensates the owner in whole or in part for livestock destroyed as a sanitary safeguard, the amount of compensation from the state shall be determined under section 46-229.

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(4) Animals which are injured or killed while they are being inspected or tested under an order of the department or its agent, and if the animals do not come within either class 1 or class 2 may be paid for at their full appraised value, if the claim for the animal is recommended for payment at a meeting of the department board. Where it is shown that the injury or death of the animal was not proximately due to the negligence of the owner or his agent, the whole claim, when approved, shall be paid out of department funds. The limit of indemnity for an animal paid for by the state may not exceed that fixed by this act for animals of class 2."

18 Section 2. Section 46-228, R.C.H. 1947, is amended to 19 read as follows:

"46-228. Persons entitled to indemnity. (1) The owner of an animal or property destroyed under this act, is entitled to indemnity, except in the following cases:

(1)(a) Animals belonging to the United States.

24 (2) (b) Animals brought into this state which violate
25 this act, or rules of the department.

1 (3)(c) Animals which the owner or claimant knew to be
2 diseased, or had notice of the disease at the time they came
3 into his possession.

the they says the disease for which they were slaughtered, or which were destroyed because of exposure to the disease, at the time of their arrival in this state. However, an animal of the second class shipped into this state under department rules and accompanied by the proper certificate of health from a recognized state or federal veterinarian may be paid for when payment is authorized by the department.

(5)(e) Animals which have not been in this state for at least enc hundred and twenty (120) days before the discovery of the disease; however, animals of the second class which have not been in the state enc hundred and twenty (120) days may be paid for when payment is authorized by the department.

18 (6)(f) When the owner or agent has not used reasonable diligence to prevent disease or exposure to disease.

20 (7)(q) When the owner or agent has not complied with
21 the rules of the department with respect to animals
22 condemned.

23 (8)(h) No compensation or indemnity will be paid for 24 the destruction of livestock affected with tuberculosis, or 25 other infectious, contagious, communicable, or dangerous

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disease, unless the entire herd or band of affected livestock is under the supervision of the department for the eradication of the disease.

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and

4 (9)(i) When animals condemned are not destroyed within
5 sixty—(60) days after they are determined to be affected
6 with or exposed to a disease which requires them to be
7 destroyed by order of the department.

9 because of brucellosis, indemnification may not be made
10 unless:

11 (a) in one or more tests for brucellosis conducted

12 within a 90-day period, more than 20% of the herd are

13 determined to be brucellosis reactors; or

(b) the herd has remained under quarantine for a period of more than 1 year and has been made available to the department for retesting approximately every 30 days; or (c) the continued presence of the quarantined herd is

determined by the department to be a source of exposure presenting an unacceptable risk to surrounding herd owners;

21 (d) the herd owner and his agents have complied with
22 all applicable state and federal statutes, rules, and orders
23 related to the control of brucellosis."

Section 3. Section 46-222, R.C.E. 1947, is amended to read as follows:

1 "46-222. Indemnity for class 2 animals in state less
2 than one hundred and twenty (120) days. Indemnity for
3 animals of class 2, when the animals have not been in this
4 state for at least one-hundred and twenty-(120) days and the
5 payment is authorized by the department under section 46-228
6 (5), shall be paid out of department funds."

Section 4. Appropriation. There is appropriated the sum of \$1,200,000 for the biennium ending June 30, 1979, from the general fund to the state department of livestock for the purpose of making indemnity payments for brucellosis-infected livestock, as required by [section 1]

12 and 2 of this act l.

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STATE OF MONTANA

REQUEST	NΩ	497-77

FISCAL NOTE

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Form	BD-1	15

In compliance with a written request received <u>February 14</u> , 19 77, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note
for House Bill 342 pursuant to Chapter 53, Laws of Montana, 1965 - Thirty-Ninth Legislative Assembly.
Background information used in developing this Fiscal Note is available from the Office of Budget and Program Planning, to members
of the Legislature upon request.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

House Bill 342 requires the state to pay indemnity of full appraised value if the Department of Livestock requires destruction of herds or individual reactors because of brucellosis infection.

ASSUMPTIONS:

- A. Depopulation of Herds
 - 1. Registered herds (purebred) will not be depopulated.
 - 2. Only sexually mature bulls and cows (12 months old or older) will be ordered to slaughter and indemnified.
 - 3. Herds to be depopulated will average 160 cattle each.
 - 4. The appraised (replacement) value of adult beef cattle will be \$275 in FY 78 and \$375 in FY 79.
 - 5. The appraised value of adult dairy cattle will be \$550 in FY 78 and \$650 in FY 79.
 - 6. The salvage market (slaughter) price for cattle depopulated will be \$160 in FY 78 and \$210 in FY 79 (average weight 1,000 pounds).
 - 7. There will be 18 beef herds and 1 dairy herd eligible for depopulation in FY 78 and 10 beef herds in FY 79.
 - 8. Federal funds will not be available for indemnification of depopulated herds either year.
- B. Individual Reactors Ordered to Salughter
 - 1. No more than 5% of the brucellosis reactors will be registered.
 - 2. Federal indemnity will be paid on all reactors.
 - 3. There will be 1,500 cattle classed as reactors in FY 78 and 750 in FY 79.

FISCAL IMPACT:

	<u>FY 78</u>	<u>FY 79</u>
Indemnification payment — current law	\$ 37,500	\$ 18,750
Indemnification payment — proposed law	<u>517,090</u>	455,600
Increased indemnification payments due to		
proposed legislation	\$479,590	\$436,850

LONG-RANGE IMPACT:

The Department of Livestock indicates that if the proposed legislation is enacted and funded, brucellosis in Montana will be under complete control by June 30, 1979.

Ruchard & . Drug for BUDGET DIRECTOR

Office of Budget and Program Planning

Date: 3-16-77

Approved by Committee on Agriculture Livestock & Irrigation

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disease, is liable in part, as later provided, for an indemnity to be paid for the animal. The ownership and county are determined by an affidavit of the owner of the animal or his agent. Each animal directed to be destroyed 5 shall be appraised by a representative or an authorized agent of the department with the owner agreeing in writing 7 as to the value of the animal. When appraised, due 8 consideration shall be given to its breeding value as well 9 as its dairy or meat value and the condition of the animal as to the disease and the present and probable effect of the 10 11 disease on the animal. In the absence of an agreement, there 12 shall be appointed three 43+ competent. disinterested parties, one appointed by the department, one by the owner, 13 14 and a third by the first two, to appraise each animal, 15 taking into consideration its breeding value as well as its dairy or meat value and the condition of the animal as to 16 17 the disease and the present probable effect of the disease 18 on the animal. The judgment of the majority is the judgment 19 of the appraisers and is binding on both parties as the 20 final determination of indemnity to be paid for each animal. 21 The total compensation of each group of appraisers is limited to five-dollars-(\$5) for the group appraisal. 22 23 one-half (1/2) of which shall be paid by the department. The 24 total amount of indemnity paid by the state and a county for 25 an animal may not exceed the actual sound value of an animal

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(3) Animals which are determined by the department to be affected with or exposed to foot-and-mouth disease, rinderpest, contagious pleura pneumonia, surra, <u>brucellosis</u>,

1 or other infectious contagious infectious, contagious, 2 communicable, or dangerous disease, which is not of its nature necessarily fatal, and are destroyed by order of the department as a sanitary safeguard, are designated as animals of class 2 and each animal shall be paid for on the basis of its full appraised value. The appraised value shall 7 be determined in the manner set out in subsection (1) of this section. The appraisal of the animals shall be based on 8 9 the meat, dairy, or breeding value of the animal, but where appraisal is based on breeding value of the animal. no 10 11 appraisal may exceed three (3) times its meat or dairy 12 value. The total amount of indemnity paid by the state for an animal may not exceed the actual sound value of an animal 13 14 in its class; and no indemnity for a class 2 animal may be 15 paid by a county. In the case of destruction of an animal afflicted-with-brucellosis-(Bang's-disease), no-indeanity 16 17 shall be paid for the animal, unless the board, in its 18 discretion, determines the best-interests of this state will 19 be-served by payment of an indemnity. In this event, the In 20 the case of brucellosis-infected animals, the total amount 21 of indemnity payments may not exceed the amount appropriated 22 by the legislature for such purpose. The board shall set out 23 standards of indemnity by rules, and except in the case of brucellosis may not pay in excess of ene hundred dollars 24 (\$100) for a registered purebred animal, or fifty-dollars 25

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25 this act, or rules of the department.

1 (3)(c) Animals which the owner or claimant knew to be
2 diseased, or had notice of the disease at the time they came
3 into his possession.

(4) (d) Animals which had the disease for which they were slaughtered, or which were destroyed because of exposure to the disease, at the time of their arrival in this state. However, an animal of the second class shipped into this state under department rules and accompanied by the proper certificate of health from a recognized state or federal veterinarian may be paid for when payment is authorized by the department.

12 (5)(e) Animals which have not been in this state for
13 at least one hundred and twenty (120) days before the
14 discovery of the disease; however, animals of the second
15 class which have not been in the state one hundred and
16 twenty (120) days may be paid for when payment is authorized
17 by the department.

18 (6)(f) When the owner or agent has not used reasonable
 19 diligence to prevent disease or exposure to disease.

20 (7)(q) When the owner or agent has not complied with
21 the rules of the department with respect to animals
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23 (8)(h) No compensation or indemnity will be paid for 24 the destruction of livestock affected with tuberculosis, or 25 other infectious, contagious, communicable, or dangerous

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disease, unless the entire herd or band of affected livestock is under the supervision of the department for the eradication of the disease.

(9)(i) When animals condemned are not destroyed within sixty (60) days after they are determined to be affected with or exposed to a disease which requires them to be destroyed by order of the department.

(2) In the case of destruction of an entire herd because of brucellosis, indemnification may not be made unless:

11 (a) in one or more tests for brucellosis conducted

12 within a 90-day period, more than 20% of the herd are

13 determined to be brucellosis reactors; or

(b) the herd has remained under quarantine for a period of more than 1 year and has been made available to the department for retesting approximately every 30 days; or (c) the continued presence of the quarantined herd is

determined by the department to be a source of exposure

presenting an unacceptable risk to surrounding herd owners:

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3 animals of class 2, when the animals have not been in this
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5 payment is authorized by the department under section 46-228
6 (5), shall be paid out of department funds."
7 Section 4. Appropriation. There is appropriated the

sum of \$1,200,000 for the biennium ending June 30, 1979,
from the general fund to the state department of livestock
for the purpose of making indemnity payments for
brucellosis-infected livestock, as required by [section 1
and 2 of this act].

-End-